A Dictionary of Moroccan Arabic: Moroccan-English

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The Richard Slade Harrell Arabic Series General Editor: Richard S. Harrell Georgetown University Press, Washington, D.C. 20007

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As is usual, the authors or editors of the individual books bear final scholarly responsibility for the contents, but there has been a large amount of informal cooperation in our work. Criticism, consultation, and discussion have gone on constantly among the senior professional members of the staff. The contribution of more junior research assistants, both Arab and American, is also not to be underestimated. Their painstaking assembling and ordering of raw data, often in manners requiring considerable creative intelligence, has been the necessary prerequisite for further progress.

In most cases the books prepared by the Arabic Research Program are the first of their kind in English, and in some cases the first in any language. The preparation of them has been a rewarding experience. It is hoped that the public use of them will be equally so. The undersigned, on behalf of the entire staff, would like to ask the same indulgence of the reader as Samuel Johnson requested in his first English

dictionary: To remember that although much has been left out, much has been included.

Richard S. Harrell Professor of Linguistics Georgetown University

Director, Arabic Research Program

Before his death in late 1964, Dr. Harrell had done the major part of the work of general editor for the last five books of the Arabic Series, and to him is due the credit for all that may be found of value in that work. It remained for me only to make some minor editing decisions, and to see these books through the process of proofreading and printing; for any errors or inadequacies in the final editing, the responsibility is mine alone.

Wallace M. Erwin Assistant Professor of Linguistics and Arabic Georgetown University

INTRODUCTION

This dictionary is designed to serve the practical needs of Americans whose lives bring them into contact with Morocco and Moroccans. The aim of the compilers has been to present the core vocabulary of everyday life. No attempt has been made to cover dialect variations or specialized vocabularies, as for example the detailed terminology of the various handicrafts, of commerce, or of industry. The average Moroccan is no more familiar with such terms himself than is the average American with similar terms in English. The entries are based on the speech of educated Moroccans from the cities of Fez, Rabat, and Casablanca. Except for minor variations, their usage may be taken as typical of urban speech in general. This standard urban usage is understood throughout Morocco, including the villages and the countryside.

Although a variety of reference works were consulted in the compilation of this dictionary, the material presented is wholly primary.* No single entry is a simple reworking or translation of previously published material. Every entry is a critically evaluated reflection of a native Moroccan's judgment as to the meaning of his own speech. In a few rare cases secondary reference works have been relied on for limited terminological purposes. An example is the entry argan, which is translated as 'argan tree'. The Moroccan members of our staff were familiar with the word argan as well as the plant which it represents, but none of them knew the English equivalent. None of the American members of our staff were familiar with the plant. A comparison of various French and English dictionaries convinced the editor that 'argan tree' was the proper entry. No other use has been made of secondary sources.

The word list of Ferré's Lexique Marocain-Français ** was taken as a point of departure. Entries not directly familiar to our Moroccan staff members were deleted and various additions were made from their own knowledge. In no case were Ferré's

^{*}Constantly in use for matters of detail were such standard works as: Webster's Third New International Dictionary (Springfield: G. and C. Merriam Company, 1961), Le Petit Larousse (Paris: Librairie Larousse, 1959), J. E. Mansion, ed., Mansion's Shorter French and English Dictionary (D. C. Heath and Company, no date). The French reference works were indispensable in view of the French education of our Moroccan staff members and the consultation of various French language works on Moroccan Arabic. Particularly useful among the latter were: Louis Brunot, Textes arabes de Rabat (Paris: Librairie Orientaliste Paul Geuthner, Vol. I Textes 1931, Vol. II Glossaire 1952); Daniel Ferré, Lexique Marocain-Français and Lexique Français-Marocain (Editions Nejma, Imprimerie de Fédala, Maroc, no date or place); Henry Mercier, Dictionnaire Arabe-Français (Rabat: Les éditions la porte, 1951) and Dictionnaire Français-Arabe (Rabat: Les éditions la porte, 1959).

^{*} Cf. the preceding footnote.

definitions used otherwise than as a stimulus for arriving at our own definitions. In the process of criticism and revision each of the entries finally arrived at has been read at least four times.

The use of the dictionary presupposes a familiarity with the basic grammatical structure of Moroccan Arabic.* Except for a sprinkling of illustrative items, regularly predictable forms have been omitted. For example, it was considered unnecessary to enter regular diminutives such as ktiyyeb from ktab 'book' or regular participles such as meṣnuɛ from ṣnāɛ 'to make, to manufacture'. Participles, diminutives, and other such derived words are, however, entered if they are irregular in form or specialized in meaning. Entered participles are listed alphabetically but referred back to the parent verb for definition. For example, ṣaneɛ is regular both in form and meaning as the active participle of ṣnāɛ, but it has the additional specialized meaning 'craftsman, artisan'. The information 'a.p. of ṣnāɛ' given for the alphabetically entered ṣaneɛ is a signal that the word should be looked up as a sub-entry under the parent verb ṣnāɛ. The same is true of the participles beginning with m-, irregular diminutives, and in general all other semantically or formally irregular or unpredictable items.

A large number of Fe & aL pattern adjectives and nouns as well as medio-passive verbs (i.e. Measures Ia, IIa(V), IIIa(VI), and the derived quadriliteral measure) were found to be fully predictable in meaning and have been cross referenced rather than translated independently. For example, the entry for wezza& is simply 'ag. n. of wezza&' since its meaning is totally predictable from the meaning of wezza&' to distribute, to hand out'. For similar reasons nebba& is entered as 'ag. n. and adj. of nbe&', ttekteb is entered as 'm.p. of kteb', etc.

Necessary grammatical information (e.g. irregular plurals) is given with the entries. Verbs are entered in the third person singular masculine of the perfect. The imperfect form is written immediately after the perfect form for those verbs which are irregular or which have an unpredictable imperfect vowel. The verbal noun is given for Measure I verbs and elsewhere if irregular. In idioms and expressions which require a variable pronoun (cf. 'I—my', 'he—his', etc. in 'I ate my fill', 'He ate his fill', etc.), the pronoun, like the verb, has been entered in the third person singular masculine with the symbol ϕ after it to indicate that the pronoun varies according to meaning. For example, the entry fda deqqtu ϕ 'to get revenge' is conjugated fdit deqqti 'I got (my) revenge', fditi deqqtek 'you got (your) revenge', etc. The symbol \sim after a pronoun indicates it is invariable, e.g. bih \sim fih \sim 'immediately'.

^{*} Cf. Richard S. Harrell, A Short Reference Grammar of Moroccan Arabic (Washington: Georgetown University Press, 1962), A Basic Course in Moroccan Arabic (Washington: Georgetown University Press, 1965), and Harvey Sobelman, ed., A Dictionary of Moroccan Arabic: English-Moroccan (Washington: Georgetown University Press, 1963).

There are numerous cases where Moroccan and English meanings correspond precisely but with differing constructions in the two languages. This circumstance is indicated by the symbol \neq placed directly after the English definition, followed by an example which shows the construction. For example, under $m\check{s}a$ 'to go', the sub-entry $m\check{s}a$ l- is translated 'to lose \neq ', with the illustration $m\check{s}a$ -li sebbati 'I lost my shoes'. The illustration shows that the thing lost is the subject of the verb in Moroccan while the person losing the object in question is placed as the object of the preposition l-.

In those cases where the Moroccan usage or structure is not immediately clear from the English definition, supplementary information such as 'v.i.' for 'intransitive verb' or 'v.t.' for 'transitive verb' is given. An indented paragraph mark, \P , is used to set off sub-entries, e.g. the sub-entry $m\check{s}a$ f- $\nabla alu\phi$ 'to go away' under the main entry $m\check{s}a$ 'to go'. An indented double asterisk, **, preceding a sentence or a group of sentences at the end of an entry or a sub-entry indicates idiomatic uses, e.g. under ras 'head' the sentence $\mathcal{E}ad$ faq b-rasu 'He's finally realized what's going on'.

In order to be as clear as possible and to give a wider range of information about the entries, numerous illustrative sentences have been included. For example, one of the equivalents given for the verb bqa is 'to keep on, to continue, to remain, to persevere (in)', which is then clarified by the appended illustrative sentence bqa ka-ikteb-lu modda twila 'He kept on writing him (regularly) for quite a while'.

The transcription differs in only two respects from that given in the works cited in the footnote referred to immediately above. The e and the short \check{a} are consistently distinguished, and a new symbol, the short \check{i} , has been added. There is considerable variation between e and \check{a} from speaker to speaker. Some speakers almost exclusively have \check{a} rather than e in the neighborhood of c and c. Other speakers reverse this pattern. Other speakers have \check{a} in some words and e in others in the neighborhood of c and c. The transcription adopted represents an attempted consensus of our Moroccan staff. In the final analysis, however, there is no escaping the fact that some speakers say c e f a while others say $c \check{a} f a$ 'ceremony, party', and as might be expected each speaker prefers his own pronunciation.

The symbol \tilde{i} represents a shorter version of the i, which represents a sound similar to the 'i' of English 'machine'. The short \tilde{i} occurs in relatively few words, mostly classicisms. Less well educated people usually use i instead of \tilde{i} , but there are a few words in which \tilde{i} is apparently the only acceptable educated usage, e.g. \mathcal{E} amil 'governor'.

The entries are arranged alphabetically according to the following sequence:

 $a\ b(b)\ d\ d\ f\ g\ \dot{g}\ h\ i\ k\ l(l)\ m(m)\ n\ q\ r(r)\ s\ \underline{s}\ \check{s}\ t\ \underline{t}\ u\ w\ x\ y\ z(z)\ \check{z}\ \subset\ Because of the limited and variable role they play in word formation, the glottal stop, <math>^{q}$, and the variable vowels \check{a} , e, \check{i} , and o have been disregarded in the alpha-

betization. Thus such a word as xobz 'bread' is alphabetized as x-b-z, $\angle awd$ 'horse' is alphabetized as $\angle -w-d$, and $\angle eddeb$ 'to educate' is alphabetized as d-d-b, etc. The secondary emphatic consonants b, l, m, r, and z have likewise been disregarded for purposes of alphabetization, for similar reasons. This scheme of arrangement is essentially that of Ferré, and familiarity has convinced the editor of its practical usefulness.

In those cases where differing pronunciations of a word require different alphabetizations, both have been listed, usually with a cross reference. There are five generalized variations which require attention:

- (1) The alternation between q and g. In various dialects of Moroccan, the q is regularly replaced by g. For example, many speakers say gal instead of qal 'to say'. For words in which q is the standard pronunciation, the alternatives with g have not been listed. For words where the alternate with g is the more widely accepted pronunciation, the word is entered twice, the translation under the form with g and a cross reference under the form with q. For example, under the entry bqer one finds the note 'same as bger', and under the entry bger the translation 'cattle' is given.
- (2) The change of initial s (or s) to s under the influence of a s or z further on in the word. The procedure has been to list both forms with cross references. For example, entry serzem gives the information 'same as serzem', and the entry serzem gives the meaning 'window'.
- (3) The change of initial z to ž, parallel to the alternation between s and š discussed in (2) above. The alternation is handled similarly, e.g. žellež is entered 'same as zellež', and zellež is translated 'to cover with mosaic'.
- (4) The variation between $\check{a}y$ and i after \subset and \mathcal{E} . Where this variation occurs the meaning is usually given under the form with i and a cross reference is given under the form with $\check{a}y$. For example, the entry under $\subset \check{a}yt$ is 'same as $\subset it'$ and the entry under $\subset it$ is 'wall'.
- (5) The variation between $\check{a}w$ and u after \subset and \subset . The variation is exactly parallel to the variation between $\check{a}y$ and i discussed in (4) above, e.g. $\subset \check{a}wma$ 'same $as \subset uma'$ and $\subset uma$ 'quarter, section (of a city)'.

In closing the editor would like to express his gratitude and warm feelings to all those who participated in the production of this dictionary. Ernest Ligon deserves a final salute for undertaking the proofreading.

Richard S. Harrell Washington, D. C. August, 1964

PRONUNCIATION

1. Table of Sounds: Moroccan Arabic has thirty-one consonants and six vowels.* The symbols for them are listed in the table below. Most of the consonants are classified according to the kinds of movements and positions of the lips, tongue, throat, and nasal passages which produce them.

CONSONANTS						
	Labial	Dental	Palatal	Velar	Pharyngeal	Glottal
Stops	b b	t ț d d		k g q		9
Fricatives	f	s ș z z	šž	хġ	عع	h
Nasals	m m	n			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Resonants	l ļ r ŗ w y					
		<u> </u>	VOWELS			
			a ă e i o u			

Stops are those sounds which involve, momentarily, a complete blocking of the air stream in speech. For example, notice the complete closure of the lips in the pronunciation of the 'b' in English 'bed'. A fricative is a sound in which the air stream is partly blocked but not completely stopped, with a resulting noisy effect. For example, in the 'f' of English 'foot' note the way the air stream escapes through the partial closure of the lower lip against the upper front teeth. Nasals are sounds which involve a flow of air through the nasal passage, e.g. 'm' as in 'mad'.

The terms 'labial', 'dental', 'palatal', 'velar', 'pharyngeal', and 'glottal' refer, in going from front to back, to the parts of the mouth in which sounds are formed.

'Labial' refers to sounds which involve the lips, e.g. m.

'Dental' refers to sounds which involve the tip of the tongue in the area around the back of the upper front teeth, e.g., d.

^{*} No account is taken of the vowel i in this description.

'Palatal' refers to sounds formed with the upper surface of the tongue against the roof of the mouth, e.g. š.

'Velar' refers to sounds involving the rear part of the tongue against the rear portions of the roof of the mouth, e.g. \dot{g} .

'Pharyngeal' refers to sounds formed in the area of the throat above the larynx ('adam's apple'), e.g. \(\mathcal{Z} \).

'Glottal' refers to sounds formed in the larynx, e.g. ?.

For practical teaching and learning purposes, the sounds listed as 'resonants' are not usefully classifiable according to the system described above. The sounds represented by letters with dots under them, e.g. t, are referred to as 'emphatics'. They are discussed below.

There are six vowels, represented by the symbols a, \check{a} , e, i, o, and u. Each one of these vowels has various pronunciations depending on the consonants they occur with. There is no single isolated pronunciation which can be learned for them. They are discussed individually in relation to the consonants in the following sections.

2. Consonants Similar to English: Fifteen of the thirty-one Moroccan consonants are, for practical purposes, identical with consonants which occur in English. These are b, f, m, t, d, s, z, n, \check{s} (like the 'sh' in 'ship'), \check{z} (like the 's' in 'pleasure'), k, g, w, y, and h.

For the student who wishes to be fully accurate, there is a small difference of detail to be noted between the Moroccan t, d, and n as opposed to the corresponding English sounds. In Moroccan these sounds are formed with the tip of the tongue against the back of the upper front teeth instead of against the gum ridge immediately above them. Note the tip of the tongue against the gum ridge above the teeth for English 't', 'd', and 'n', as in 'tea', 'day', 'no'.

A word about w and y is also necessary. The English speaker is familiar with them before vowels, as in words like 'well' and 'yes'. Moroccan w and y occur after vowels as well as before them. After vowels, the Moroccan w sounds to the English speaker somewhat like the vowel in 'who' and the y sounds somewhat like the vowel in 'he'. The occurrence of h in the middle and at the end of words may also cause the student some difficulty.

3. Vowel Sounds with Familiar Consonants: This section has to do with the pronunciation of some of the Moroccan vowels in combination with the consonants listed in 2 above. The descriptions below are accurate only for the vowels in combination with those Moroccan consonants which are similar to English. Elsewhere the vowels are pronounced differently.

- (1) The e: Like the 'e' in English 'glasses', but always very short.
- (2) The o: Like the 'u' in English 'put', but always very short.
- (3) The a: Like the 'a' in English 'mad' except at the end of words. At the end of words, Moroccan a is pronounced about half-way between the 'a' of 'mad' and the 'a' of 'father'.
- (4) The i: Similar to the vowel of 'be' but without any gliding effect. By listening carefully the English speaker will note that from the beginning to the end of the vowel of 'be' there is a sort of gliding change in vowel quality. This gliding effect must be avoided in Moroccan. For the student who knows French, Italian, or Spanish, it may be helpful to point out that the 'i' in these languages is exactly equivalent to the Moroccan i, as in French vite 'quickly', Spanish mi 'my', or Italian vino 'wine'.
- (5) The u: Similar to the vowel of 'do' but without any gliding effect. Compare the discussion of the i immediately above. The Moroccan u is like the French 'ou', as in fou 'insane', or Spanish and Italian 'u', as in Spanish luna 'moon', Italian luce 'light'.
- 4. The Emphatic Consonants: The easiest way for the English speaker to distinguish the emphatic consonants from the corresponding non-emphatic consonants is by the great difference in the sound of the vowels when they occur next to these consonants (see the discussion of the emphatic vowels below). By paying careful attention to the vowel differences, which he hears relatively easily, the English speaker will arrive at an acceptable pronunciation of the difference between the plain and emphatic consonants, even if he feels that he can hear no difference between them.

The emphatic consonants are written with a subscript dot under the symbol for the corresponding plain consonants. There are eight emphatic consonants, b, m, t, d, s, z, l, and r. The first seven are discussed here, while the r is considered in section δ below. These sounds are lower in pitch than their non-emphatic counterparts. They are pronounced with greater muscular tension in the mouth and throat and with a raising of the back and root of the tongue toward the roof of the mouth. The English speaker can notice this contraction of the throat very easily by prolonging the 'l' in 'full', since this English 'l' is exactly like the Moroccan l except that in the Moroccan sound the tip of the tongue is against the back of the upper front teeth instead of against the gum ridge above the teeth. After having acquired conscious control of the movement of the back and root of the tongue with l, the English speaker can proceed to practice combining it with the other articulatory features of l, m, l, d, s, z, and r. In addition to lower pitch and the contraction of the throat, l differs from l by being released without any friction noise whereas the l usually has some, as in English.

The emphatics t, d, and s are quite common, with or without other emphatic consonants in the words in which they occur. The r also occurs widely in words without the presence of any other emphatic consonants, but it is limited to the neighborhood of the vowels e and a unless a t, d, or s also occurs in the word. The occurrence of b, m, z, or l in words where no t, d, s, or r occurs is quite rare. Contrariwise, there is no occurrence of a plain b or m in a word in which one of the other emphatics occurs. In order to avoid the repetition of subscript dots, the transcription employed here is to write b and b only if no other emphatic occurs in the word. Otherwise only b and b are written although they are to be interpreted as b and b if another emphatic consonant occurs in the word where they are found.

- 5. The Emphatic Vowels: The Moroccan vowels have special pronunciations in the neighborhood of the emphatic consonants. The emphatic pronunciations are:
- (1) The e: Like the 'u' in English 'nut', but always very short.
- (2) The a: Like the 'a' in 'father'.
- (3) The i: Similar to the vowel of 'they', but without any gliding effect.
- (4) The u: Similar to the vowel of 'blow', but without any gliding effect.
- (5) The o: Like the emphatic u, but always very short.
- 6. The Sounds l, r, and r: A minor difference between English 'l' and Moroccan l is that, like the other Moroccan dentals, it is pronounced with the tip of the tongue against the upper front teeth instead of against the gum ridge above them. A more serious difference is that the usual American English 'l' is like the Moroccan emphatic !. The Moroccan plain l is like the French, Spanish, or Italian l in that it is pronounced with the tongue further forward in the mouth and without the back part of the tongue being raised toward the roof of the mouth.

The plain r is a flap of the tongue past the gum ridge above the upper front teeth, like the 'r' in Spanish para 'for' or the 't' in the usual American pronunciation of such words as 'water' and 'butter'. Emphatic r bears exactly the same relation to plain r as the other emphatic consonants to the corresponding plain consonants. See the discussion of the emphatic consonants above.

The vowels next to r are pronounced the same as around the other emphatic consonants. Around plain l and r the vowels are pronounced the same as in the neighborhood of the various consonants which are similar to English, such as m, f, etc.

7. The Consonants q, x, and \dot{g} : The q is similar to the k but is pronounced further back in the mouth. English 'k' ranges over a fairly wide area in the back

of the mouth, and the English speaker must be careful to keep k more to the front part and q more to the back part of the rear of the mouth in order not to confuse them and pronounce q when he means k or vice versa.

The x and \dot{y} are fricatives pronounced in approximately the same position as the q, with the rear of the tongue raised toward the roof of the mouth in the neighborhood of the uvula. The \dot{y} is similar to the French 'r' and the x is the same sound as the 'ch' of German Bach or Scotch loch. If these sounds seem difficult to the English speaker he can approximate them by gargling gently. The \dot{y} is similar to a light gargle accompanied by a musical buzz from the adam's apple ('voice' is the technical term for this musical buzz) whereas the x is the same sound without the musical buzz.

The vowels in the neighborhood of the consonants q, x, and \dot{g} are pronounced approximately the same as the vowels in the neighborhood of the emphatic consonants. This equivalence is only approximate, and the student's prime concern should be with exact imitation of native speakers of Moroccan Arabic.

8. The consonants \subset and \in : The \subset and \in are different from anything in English. Careful practice with a native speaker or with recordings is necessary for the English speaker to acquire a proper pronunciation of these consonants. These sounds are articulated by a simultaneous raising of the larynx and a movement of the root of the tongue toward the back wall of the throat. The compression of the throat in this way gives rise to the particular sound quality of these two consonants.

The C is somewhat similar to an English 'h' pronounced in a loud stage whisper, as opposed to Moroccan h, which is more like an English 'h' in ordinary conversation. The English speaker must exercise extreme care in learning to distinguish h and C from each other, both in hearing and in pronunciation.

The & is unlike any English sound, and a proper pronunciation of it can be acquired only by careful imitation. A useful articulatory description of the way to pronounce & is difficult to give briefly in simple terms. The student may approximate it by practicing a loud, prolonged stage whisper English 'h', as for Z. He should note the tension in his throat and the exact position of the adam's apple during the stage whisper 'h'. Then, with his adam's apple and throat in the exact position as for the stage whisper 'h', the student should try pronouncing the 'a' of 'father'. The result should be an acceptable approximation of &. The student may contrast it with the normal pronunciation of the 'a' in 'father'.

9. The Vowels with \subset and &: In the neighborhood of \subset and &, the vowels a, i, u, and o are approximately the same as in the neighborhood of the emphatic consonants. The vowel \check{a} is almost never found anywhere except next to \subset or &.

It is pronounced about halfway between the 'a' of 'mad' and the 'a' of 'father', but always very short. It is especially important to note the shortness of \check{a} . If it is lengthened, it will be confused with a. The only difference between a and \check{a} is that a is held longer than \check{a} . The vowel e next to z and z is similar to the 'e' of English 'bet'.

- 10. The Glottal Stop: The glottal stop is represented by the symbol ?. This sound is as rare in Moroccan as it is in English. It is the break between vowels as heard in the exclamation 'uh oh'. The 'tt' in such a word as 'bottle' is also commonly pronounced as a glottal stop in some varieties of New York English ('Brooklynese') or Scotch English. This sound offers no difficulties for the English speaker. The vowels around the glottal stop are pronounced the same as in the neighborhood of such plain consonants as f, š, n, etc.
- 11. The Diphthongs $\check{a}y$ and $\check{a}w$: These two diphthongs occur almost exclusively after c or c. The English speaker's principal difficulty in pronouncing them is to remember that they are always very short. Except for being pronounced much more quickly, the $\check{a}y$ is similar to the 'i' in English 'night' and the $\check{a}w$ is similar to the 'ou' in English 'about'.
- 12. The Sequences ay and aw: The a in these sequences is pronounced as usual, i.e. similar to the 'a' of 'father' after the emphatics and the consonants q, x, \dot{g} , ζ , and ξ , and similar to the 'a' of 'mad' after other consonants. In these sequences, the y is similar to the 'ee' of 'feed' and the w is similar to the 'oo' of 'food'. The sequences aye and awe, i.e. with an e after the ay and aw, are very common. The pronunciation of the e in these sequences is very fleeting, similar to the 'e' of 'towel' or the 'a' of 'trial'. An exception is that before ζ or ξ the e is fully pronounced.
- 13. Double Consonants: Double consonants are an important feature of Moroccan pronunciation. In English the double writing of a consonant, as the 'dd' in 'middle', is simply a meaningless piece of spelling. In Moroccan, such a writing as mm as opposed to m or dd as opposed to d indicates an important difference in pronunciation. The writing of a consonant symbol twice indicates that the consonant is to be held twice as long as a single consonant. Genuine double consonants never occur in English in the middle of words, but they are very common from the end of one word to the beginning of another. Compare the difference between the single 'd' in 'lay down' and the double "dd' in 'laid down'. Many similar examples for other consonants can be found in English.

Medial double consonants are not particularly difficult for the English speaking student. More difficult is the occurrence of double consonants both at the beginning and the end of words. Careful attention and practice are necessary for the mastery of initial and final double consonants.

- 14. Triple Consonants: Double consonants are held twice as long as single consonants. There are also cases of triple consonants, which are held even longer than double consonants. If the student has exercised the pronunciation of double consonants properly, learning to contrast them with triple consonants should not be difficult.
- 15. Sequences and Clusters: The preceding sections have discussed the various consonant and vowel sounds of Moroccan Arabic. Some of them are very similar to sounds which occur in English, others are quite different. Mastering the new sounds is only a first step for the student. There remains the task of learning to pronounce unfamiliar sequences. Sequences such at bt- at the beginning of of a word or -hd at the end of a word strike the English speaking student as quite strange. Moroccan has a large number of such clusters, and the student must be prepared to deal with them, especially at the beginning and in the middle of words. Such sequences are actually not at all difficult, and they are easily mastered with attention and practice. As a matter of fact, similar clusters occur in rapid conversational English, for example the 'gb' in rapid pronunciations of 'good-bye'; the spelling 'g'bye' is sometimes used to represent this initial cluster in writing. A further example is the initial cluster 'tm' in casual pronunciations of 'tomorrow.' A close examination of spoken English at ordinary conversational speed reveals many such clusters. These can serve as a basis on which the student can build in mastering the pronunciation of seemingly unfamiliar Moroccan clusters.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

adj.	adjective
adv.	adverb
ag. adj.	agentive adjective
ag. n.	agentive noun
a.p.	active participle
art.	(the definite) article
coll.	collective
comp.	comparative
conj.	conjunction
cons.	construct (form, state)
cpl.	collective plural
def. art.	definite article
dept.	department
dim.	diminutive
du.	dual
e.g.	for example
esp.	especially
etc.	et cetera
expr.	expression(s)
f.	feminine
gm.	gram
i.e.	that is
impf.	imperfect
imp v.	imperative
inh. pos.	inherently possessed
lit.	literal(ly)
m.	masculi ne
math.	mathematics
min.	minute(s)
m.p.	medio-passive
n.	noun
n.i.	noun of instance
n.u.	noun of unity
part.	participle
pl.	plural
p.p.	passive participle
prep.	preposition
pron.	pronoun
sg.	singular

s.o.	someone
s.th.	something
U.S.	United States
usu.	usual(ly)
v.	verb
v.i.	intransitive verb
v.n.	verbal noun
v.t.	transitive verb
φ	Indicates a variable pronoun ending.
~	Indicates an invariable pro- noun ending.
≠	Signals a structural differ- ence between Moroccan
	and English.
•	Indicates a sub-entry.
**	Indicates idiomatic usage.

The above symbols are explained further in the Introduction.

A

a vocative particle fayn gadi a ¿ ăbbas? Where are you going, Abbas? -mse-l-xir, a sidi. Good evening, sir. —a lalla! Madam! Lady! -a d-drari, sektu! Children, be quiet! -a had l-weld xlas u-ma thessel Eliya. Stop pestering me, boy! ?ab pl. ?aba? (classicism but fairly common; does not usually take pron. endings) father ?aba? pl. of ?ab Pabadan never, not at all Pabad (usually with art.) eternity ¶ l-l-?abăd forever, eternally abluz n.u. -a unripe date (at yellow stage) abraz see braz @abril April Pabu-l-hawl (the) Sphinx Pabe at pl. of beet Pada v.t. (v.n. m adya) to hurt, to harm ma-baği-ši idir ši-z aža lli teadiha. He doesn't want to do anything to hurt her. Pada? 1. v.n. of Pedda 2. pl. -at payment adam Adam (biblical first man) ¶ bani ?adam the human race ^aadami pl. -yen 1. human being 2. courteous, well-mannered Padăb 1. (no pl.) politeness, courtesy 2. pl. ^Qadab literature waš ka-i čažbek l-Qadab l-mu asir? Do you like contemporary literature? @adilla pl. of dalil ²adiya pl. -t 1. evil, harm ma-imken-lek-ši ttsuwwer l-2adiya f-aš žra l-žiranu. You have no idea how much harm he caused his neighbors. 2. nuisance walayenni Padiya dak l-bent! What a nuisance that girl is! ⁹aden b-(s.th.) l-(s.o.) to allow, to permit škun lli ? aden-lek b-le-mši? Who permitted you to go? ?aden (no pl.) permission ²adwiya pl. of dwa Padyan pl. of din Padwar pl. of dur Pafat pl. -at accident ¶ qrib l-l-?afat fragile Pafkar pl. of fekra and fikr afrag pl. -at partition agwal pl. -at kind of long, large drum, open at one end Pagbiya? pl. of gabiy ağlal same as ğlal Paglat pl. of galat and gelta Pagniya pl. of gani (a.p. of gna) Pahali pl. of Pahl ⁹ahl (used as pl.) pl. ⁹ahali, ⁹ahliya 1. parents 2. family 3. relatives

country) Pahliya 1. pl. of Pahl 2. pl. -t aptitude, qualification ⁹ahlen wa-sehlen, ⁹ahlän wa-sahlän welcome (interjectional usage) ?ahemmiya pl. -t importance Pala pl. -t 1. musical instrument (any kind) 2. Moroccan Andalusian music 3. machine Palaf pl. of Palef Palef du. Palfayn pl. Palaf, Puluf, Pulufat thousand Palfad pl. of lefda algam pl. of legm, logm ⁹ali musician, instrumentalist ^qalif-el-ba the abc's, alphabet Paliha pl. of Pilah allah same as llah allah ¶ allahu ?ekber God is great (religious formula used in prayers and as an interjection in various social circumstances). ^Qalz an pl. of lăz n ama, ? ama what, which ama zen-lek? What do you prefer? -- ama huwa? Which one? gamakin pl. of makan amal (no pl.) hope, wish, desire Eăndi amal baš nešri ši-siyara l-Eam l-maži. I hope to buy a car next year. amalus, ?amalus mud, mire (e.g., in a river when water is low) aman, ?aman 1. peace, security 2. trust, confidence ** Elik l-aman! You don't have to be afraid! You're perfectly safe! ¶ $f_i h^{\phi} l$ -aman to be trustworthy \neq ¶ ma-fih aman to be dishonest, untrustworthy = ¶ tleb l-aman 1. to capitulate, to surrender 2. to request asylum ¶ Emel (or dar) l-aman f- to trust (s.o.) amana, gamana pl. -t, amayen s.th. delivered (to s.o.) in trust, s.th. entrusted (to s.o.) amayen pl. of amana ²amin so be it, amen amin, ?amin 1. pl. ?umana administrator, executor (court-appointed) 2. pl. -at syndic (agent of a corporation) ¶ gamin s-sendug treasurer Tražel gamin trustworthy man amir pl. gumara emir, prince ¶amir l-muminin Leader of the Faithful (title applied to the king in Muslim countries) *amiral* pl. -at admiral ² amkina pl. of makan

¶ ? ahl le-blad natives (of some city,

gamma, wa-gamma as for gamma d-dirasa dvalu ma-bga-ši ihtemm biha. As for his studies, he doesn't care about them any longer.

¶ gamma-ma kan men as for gamma-ma kan men čămmtek ma-zal ka-dži tšufna. As for your aunt, she still comes to visit us. @amn same as aman 1

gamen b- 1, to believe in b-as ka-tgamen? What do you believe in? 2. to trust ma-bga-li ma-n@amen biha. I can't trust

her anymore.

gamr 1. pl. gumur, gumurat thing, question, matter 2. pl. ? awamir order, command

Ttezt ?amr at (s.o.'s) disposal ana tezt Pamrek. I'm at your disposal.

gamer v.t. 1. to order, to command, to give (an) order to ? amruh baš ixwi le-blad. They ordered him to leave the country. 2. to allow, to give permission to ?amerha r-ra?is dyalha baš taxod l-8 otla. Her boss has given her the permission to take a vacation.

amred (coll.) crickets amrad pl. of merd a-messab see messab

ana (sg. disjunctive pron.) 1. I ana ktebt le-bra. I wrote the letter. 2. me ža išufni ana. He came to see me (not you).

anašid pl. of našid anbiva pl. of nbi

andalus (with art.) Andalusia

andalusi pl. -yen Andalusian

andima pl. of nidam

eanisa pl. -t, eawanis 1. Miss l-eanisa bahiya ma-zala ka-tegra. Miss Bahia is still studying. 2. young lady šeftu m & a wazed l-? anisa mziwna. I saw him with a beautiful young lady.

Pagarib pl. of qrib (relative)

@agell less

¶?aqell men less than

The-l-Pagell, Eal 1-Pagell at least

?aqelliya pl. -t minority agrab same as grab

ara pl. araw (impv.) give, pass, hand over ara-li dak le-ktab ||ah ixellik. Give me that book, please.

¶ ara-lna (daba) 1. as for (to indicate a change of topic in discourse) ara-lna daba r-ražel l-axor, melli hreb ma-wella. Now as for the other man, he's never come back since he ran away. 2. suppose that (followed with ila or kun) ara-lna ila mša zetta ža Ela ģefla, še-ndiru? Suppose he should come unexpectedly. What would we do? —ara kun ma-kanu-š Eăndu le-flus, ma-ka-ddenn-ši u-kan ža čăndek tsellfu? Suppose he didn't have the money, don't you think he would've come to you to lend him some?

Para P pl. of reyy 2

Paradi pl. of Pard, Perd, lerd

arba (with art.) Wednesday was gedda l-arbă ? Is tomorrow Wednesday?

Inhar l-arbă (on) Wednesday arb & a four (less common than reb & a) arb Ein forty (less common than reb Ein) ard same as erd

argan argan tree arkan pl. of rukn

arz n.u. erza cedar (tree or wood) asami pl. of asem, ism, and sem

Pasatida pl. of Pustad ع pl. of subu

Pasdas pl. of sudus

asăf regret Eăbbret-lu Eăl l-asăf dyalha E ăl l-Zadita lli weg E et-lu. She expressed her regret to him about the accident he had.

¶ be-l-@asăf, m €a l-@asăf unfortunately be-l-? asăf ma-ža-š. Unfortunately he didn't come. It's a pity he didn't come.

** be-l-? asaf! That's too bad!

asfi Safi (Moroccan city)

PasPila pl. of suPal

Pasem pl. asami name ¶ ? asem (plus pron. ending or n.) what's

. . . name? ≠ ?asmek? What's name? - easem bbak? What's your father's name?

easmae pl. of eism, ism

PasEar, PasEar pl. of sEar, saEr asdiga, Pasdiga P pl. of sdig

^easfar pl. of safăr 1

asili pure, of good quality had l-keswa le-zrir dyalha ? asili. This dress is of pure silk.

Pașel pl. Pusul origin, lineage

 $\P^{\varphi}aslu^{\varphi}$ men to be originally from \neq , to originate from \neq ? aslu men tunes. He is originally from Tunis.

^Qasļi pl. -yen original xellit n-nosxa l-Qasļiya E ăndi. I kept the original copy.

^qaşnam pl. of sanam aš (often abbreviated to š-) 1. what aš

ka-ikteb? What is he writing? -b-as gettat le-gtar? What did she cover the dish with? 2. relative pron. used with other particles (usually prepositional) l-mus b-aš qettă t l-lzăm madi. The knife I cut the meat with is sharp (i.e., with which I cut . . .). -l-uțil f-aš betna ma-ši gali. The hotel where we spent the night is not expensive. —nsa ș-soxța l-aš safțettu. He forgot the errand she sent him for. -ha š-šelya Ela-š kanet galsa. Here's the chair she was sitting on. —le-blad l-aš şafţuh Eažbah. He likes the country where they sent him.

¶aš-emma anything, whatever aš-emma daret dayez. Anything she does is all right.

—bicha b-aš-emma kan. Sell it for whatever you can get. —qda b-aš-emma şab.

He managed with what he could find.

¶ aš-men which, what aš-men dar kritiw? Which house did you rent? —f-aš-men baxira žitiw? What ship did you come on? ¶ l-aš why, what for l-aš qolti-lha dak

š-ši? What did you tell her that for?

** ma-kayen l-aš. There is no use. It's not necessary.

¶ w-a \check{s} what . . . then w-a \check{s}

gad-yaemel? What's he going to do then? asbar pl. -at battlement

ašnu same as šnu

aštattu same as štattu

^qatar pl. -at 1. trace, evidence ma-bqa zetta ^qatar de-d-demm. No trace of blood was left, 2. historical monument

¶ dar l-? atar museum

Patat (coll., no n.u., no pl.) furniture

atay (no art.) tea

*ati pl. -yen (often f. sg. with pl. n.) 1. next, coming (year, week, etc.) 2. following ketbu l-kelmat l-?atiya. Write the following words.

Patrak pl. of torki 2

atles, fatles (with art.) the Atlas (mountains)

aw or

Pawamir pl. of Pamr 2

Pawan used in the expr. f-had l-Pawan at present, at this time, right now

aw-la (also u-la) 1. or ne ăyyeț-lu aw-la nem și Eăndu? Shall I call him or go and see him? —xrož aw-la nšedd Elik. Come out or I'll lock you in. 2. (also aw-la-la, u-la-la) or not šriti dik s-siyara aw-la? Did you buy that car or not?

awla, ? awla same as wla

? awliya pl. of wali

aweq pl. of wqiya

? awsiya pl. of wasi

*awwalan 1. first, firstly awwalan ža

meăttel, taniyen ma-kan-š zafed d-ders.

First, he came late; second, he didn't know
the lesson. 2. first of all, above all

Pawwalan xessek tšuf l-mudir. First of all, you should see the director.

Paxir, Paxir 1. pl. -in last gedda l-lila l-Paxira dyalu hna. Tomorrow is his last night here. 2. (no pl.) end hada Paxir t-triq. This is the end of the road.

¶l-?axira the other world, life after

death

eaxiren finally, ultimately, in the end eaxlag (f.) morals, ethics

axor f. \$\frac{2}{ra}\$ pl. \$\frac{2}{rin}\$ 1. other, another. \$\frac{1}{rin}\$ ktab axor. Give me another book. —xellini nšufek ši-nhar axor. Let me see you some other day. —fayn l-weld l-axor? Where is the other boy? 2. next, another imken nebqa hna \(\frac{1}{ran} \) axor. I may stay here next year. 3. last \(l-\frac{1}{ran} \) l-axor ma-safert-\(\frac{1}{ran} \). I didn't take any trips last year. 4. used to emphasize pejorative expr. \(dak \) ben \(le-\frac{1}{ran} \) meq \(l-axor! \) That damned fool!

eaxess used in expr. be-l-eaxess especially, mainly

axur same as axor

⁹ aya pl. -t 1. verse (Koran) 2. miracle, wonder

¶ ? aya men l-? ayat wonderful, excellent, out of this world

^eaydan also, too, as well huwa ¿ăndu siyara, u-wladu ^eaydan ¿ăndhom siyara l-l-wazed. He has a car, and his sons also each have a car.

ayna (see ina) which ayna bab? Which door?

azaglu (no art.) pl. -wat, -yat yoke eazaliya pl. -t legend, story azfel pl. zfula whip, cat-o'-nine-tails

¶ & ta azfel to whip, to lash

I kla azfel to be lashed, to be flogged

azlag see zlag

?ažanib pl. of ?ažnabi 2

?ažarakom !!ah expr. of condolence, said upon s.o.'s death

aži pl. ažiw impv. of ža

 *ažăl (period of) time šzal de-l-ažăl ¿tawek? How much time were you allowed?

¶ axir azăl deadline

¶ wfa $^{\varrho}$ ažālu $^{\varphi}$ 1. to expire \neq had t-te $^{\varrho}$ šira gad-iwfa $^{\varrho}$ ažālha ģedda. This visa will expire tomorrow. 2. to pass away \neq $^{\varrho}$ $^{\varrho}$

ažnabi 1. pl. -yen foreign 2. pl. ažanib
 foreigner

ažer compensation, reward (spiritual)

** ![ah i&ăddem l-ažer. said to express one's condolences

azadit pl. of zadit and zdit

az fir pl. -at ditch

a Eudu-bi-llah God forbid!; also used with men, e.g., a Eudu-bi-llah men dak r-ražel!
God preserve us from that man!

?a wam (rare use) pl. of am

b (be- before consonant clusters, bi- before pron. endings) 1. with waš tebgi takol l-lzām be-s-sferžel? Would you like meat with quince? —dbezt d-džaža be-l-mus. I killed the chicken with a knife. —mwellef ka-nakol b-yeddi. I usually eat with my hands. —mša ka-ižri le-z-zenga

hands.—msa ka-izri le-z-zenga
be-mkzăltu. He ran into the street with his
rifle. 2. by tṣaffu žuž b-žuž. They lined up
two by two. —xti faytani b-telt snin. My
sister is older than I am by three years.
—saken b-wezdu. He lives by himself.
—had š-ši msaweb be-l-yedd. This was
made by hand. 3. for šritha b-žuž derhem.
I bought it for two dirhams. —ka-nexdem
hna b-walu. I'm working here for nothing.
—beddlu b-wazed axor! Change it for
another one! 4. on nemši mzak walayenni
b-šerţ wazed. I'll go with you on one
condition.

** be Ethom tlata be-tlata. I sold them three at a time. —žit qbel š-šuruq b-sa & a. I arrived one hour before sunrise. —koll žamā & be-smā & tu. Every mosque has a minaret. —zekmu & lih b-& am de-l-zābs. He was sentenced to one year in prison. ¶bih-fih~ immediately, at once mša bih

fih. He left immediately.

¶ $b-\check{z}u\check{z}$ both, together $\check{z}aw$ $b-\check{z}u\check{z}$. They came together.

¶ b-xemsa, b-setta, etc. all five, the five of them; all six, the six of them, etc. žau b-xemsa. All five of them came.

¶ biha baš that's why, that's the reason (that) biha baš ma-ža-š. That's why he didn't come.

bab 1. (m. or f.) pl. biban (dim. buiba) door, gate 2. (m.) pl. bwab chapter (book)

¶ bab d-dar pl. biban d-dyur (front) door of a house, main entrance (house)

¶ bab le-fstl door between the vestibule and the inside of a house

baba (inh. pos.) (my) father, daddy (when used as first term of cons, state it reverts to forms of bba, which see)

** bezzaf Ela babak tă Etini bunya! The hell you're going to hit me! —wellah ya babak u-nqebtek! There'll be hell to pay if I catch you! —hada meq, ddiw babah! This guy's nuts, take him away!

bahbur pl. -at, bwaher (dim. bwiher) 1. (ste am) ship, (ste am) boat 2. samovar

habgiyu pl. -yat parrot

babnuz kind of herb which is prepared as a tea and drunk for upset stomach

babur same as babbur

badan pl. bdan (human) body (relatively uncommon synonym of dat)

badawi pl. -yen n. pl. badw rural, rustic, from the country

baddaz kind of couscous made from corn meal

badiya pl. -at, bawadi country ana Eayeš fe-l-badiya. I live in the country (not the city).

bader b- to start doing (s.th.) immediately (not used with v.) bader be-l-makla! Start eating right now!

badw n. pl. of badawi

bad ibid same as biyyed 2

baġbaġ n.u. -a catfish (considered inedible) bagi a.p. of bġa

bagi pl. bugat 1. pervert, debauchee, one who is dissolute 2. one who exercises unjust dominion over others, oppressor

bagiya pl. -t prostitute

bahi f. bahya pl. bahyen beautiful, pretty, magnificent

baher v.t. (v.n. mbahra) to contradict, to
refute (s.o.)

bakit pl. -at, bwaket (dim. bwiket) package, parcel, pack (cigarettes)

bakur n.u. -a first fig of the season

bal ibul v.i. (v.n. bul) to urinate

bal used primarily in certain expr. with the meaning of idea, mind, attention, etc.

¶ balak pl. balaku 1. type of interjection: Watch out! Look out! 2. about, approximately balak men daba yumayn nži. I'll come in about two days.

¶ f-balu ϕ to think \neq , to be in one's way of thinking $\neq f$ -bali hiya gzala bezzaf. I think she's quite pretty.

¶ \mathcal{L} la bal alert, on one's toes, attentive ¶ lahu (laha, lak, etc.) bal to be important, esteemed $\neq \mathcal{L}$ ammu lahu bal \mathcal{L} and $l-\mathcal{L}$ ukuma. His uncle is esteemed by the government.

¶ redd balu\$\phi\$ to pay attention, to be careful redd balek! Be careful!

¶ Ela bal men aware of huwa Ela bal men dak š-ši. He's aware of that.

bala v.t. to wear out balat ksewtha bă a. She has already worn her dress out.

The has already worn her dress out.

I bala b- to pay attention to hiya

ma-ka-tbali b-zădd. She pays attention to no one.

bala pl. -wat ace, whiz (at some job or activity) walayenni bala hada! This guy is really a whiz!

bala pl. -t 1. spade, shovel 2. bale (cotton, hay, etc.), large shipping package

baladiya pl. -t 1. municipal administrator and services, municipality 2. city hall

balaġ pl. -at (special) announcement, notice, (press) release, (news) dispatch, bulletin, communiqué

balak see bal (n.)

baleg f- to exaggerate balegti bezzaf f-dak le-z kaya. You sure exaggerated that story. baleg a.p. of bleg

bali f. balya pl. balyen 1. used, worn (out), old (things) siyyeb wayžu l-balyen. He threw out his old clothes. 2. second-hand, used šra siyara balya. He bought a second-hand car.

baliza pl. -t suitcase

ban iban v.i. (no v.n.) 1. to look, to appear, to seem konti bayen mṛiḍ l-bareZ. You looked sick yesterday. 2. (l-) to seem (to s.o.), to think ≠ ban-li bin konti mṛiḍ l-bareZ. I thought you were sick yesterday (when 1 saw you). 3. to appear, to show up, to come, to arrive ma-zal ma-ban-š. He hasn't shown up yet.

bandira pl. -t flag, banner, standard

banefsež same as bellefžuž

banka pl. -t bank mša xerrež le-flus men l-banka. He went and got the money from the bank.

banyu pl. -yat, -wat bathtub
baqa pl. -t bouquet (flowers)

baqa? used in the expr. baqa? u li-llah said interjectionally upon hearing of the death of s.o. (implying a "that's-the-way-it-goes" idea)

baqi a.p. of bqa

bagiya pl. -t rest, remainder

bar ibur v.i. 1. to be left over had s-sel a baret-lna. We have this merchandise left over. 2. to be or become an old maid dak l-bent gadi thur tul zayatha. That girl is going to be an old maid all her life.

¶ Eateq bayra pl. Ewateq bayrin spinster baraka pl. -t 1. blessing, beneficial effect (from a religious viewpoint) had-l-ma fih l-baraka. This water is blessed. 2. monetary gift, tip (said when donor does not wish to divulge amount given)

** baraka! Enough! That's enough!
—baraka men l-makla. Stop eating!

¶ baraka Ela (to be) enough for baraka Eliya had t-terf de-l-xobz. This piece of bread is enough for me.

Tši-baraka (d-) a little (bit) (of) Etini ši-baraka d-le-flus. Give me a little money. baramiž pl. of bernamež

barba (sg. and coll.) pl. -t beet

bared pl. -in (comp. bred) 1. cool, fresh (air) had l-ma bared. This water is cool. 2. cold ?ah, yeddik bardin! My, your hands are cold! 3. calm-natured, composed 4. indiffer-

ent, unconcerned 5. cold, frigid (woman), impotent (man)

barda (with art.) fever (with chills or ague) fih l-barda. He has a fever.

bari pl. barven innocent ana bari,

ma-qteltu-šay! I'm innocent, I didn't kill him!

** ana bari mennek. I won't have anything to do with it (and you better not either); I'll take no responsibility (if you do that).

barixa pl. -t fishing boat

barek (with r rather than r in certain expr. and forms, as listed) v.i. 1. (f-) to bless, to favor (mostly used in set expr.) !!ah ibarek fik! God bless you! Thank you! 2. (l-) to present one's good wishes or compliments, to congratulate barek-lu fe-l-Eid. He wished him a happy holiday.

** barek !!ahu fik! 1. Thank you! 2.

please . . .

I llah ibarek fik please llah ibarek fik sellefni ktabek. Please lend me your book.

¶ p.p. mbarek used in the set expr. mbarek mes \(\) ud! Congratulations!

-mbarek l-Eid or Eidek mbarek mes Eud! Happy Holiday!

barud pl. bwared (pl. of intensity) 1. gunpowder 2. war (local), combat 3. fusillade barez (with art.) yesterday

¶ wel-l-bare day before yesterday
¶ wel-l-bar ayn three days ago

bas ibus v.t. (v.n. bus, busan) to kiss, to give a kiss to

bas harm, evil (limited mostly to set expr.)

** ma-fiha bas. It's all right (with me);
sure, why not; I have no objection; that's
all right (in response to an apology).

-ma-ikun bas. Don't worry; everything
will be all right. -ma-mša m akom bas.
said by s.o. who has just lost s.o. in death
to the person offering condolences

¶ la-bas (1'm he's, etc.) fine, all right kif-en hiya mmek?—la-bas. How's your mother?—Fine. —la-bas Elih. 1 hope he gets better; he's all right (health); he's well-to-do, rich. —yak la-bas? Is everything all right? Is anything wrong?

basel pl. -in 1. flat, insipid, tasteless (food)
2. flat, not funny (jokes)
3. pestering, irksome, vexatious

başar (eye) sight dak r-ražel fqed l-başar dyalu. That man has lost his sight.

¶ Ela medd l-basar as far as the eye can (could) see

basira same as bsira

baset pl. bwaset counter zett le-flus čăl l-baset u-mša. He put the money on the counter and left.

baš 1. in order to, in order that ka-nexdem

baš nčiš. I work in order to live (in order that I may live). 2. since (time expr.)

šī al hadi baš ža? How long has it been since he came?

since he came?

baša (m.) pl. -wat pasha, type of town mayor

bašar human being(s), mankind ana bašar

ma-ši malak! I'm only human (and not an

angel) 1 — xeşşna kollna nxedmu l-meşlaz t l-bašar. We should all work for the benefit of mankind.

bašaša geniality, affability qabelna b-wazed l-bašaša kbira. He welcomed us with great geniality.

bašir same as beššar

baser v.t. 1. to take care of with patience and understanding (as a sick person) 2. to take it easy with, to take care of (as one's car)

¶ bašer b- (or m a) same as bašer bat ibat v.i. (v.n. mbata) to spend the night, to pass the night, to stay overnight

** batet š-šta xeddama. It rained all night long.

¶a.p. bayet pl. -in stale (bread, cake), leftover

bat pl. bitan armpit

bațața (sg. and coll.) pl. -t same as btata

batel 1. free (of charge), gratis, for nothing l-barez dxelt batel le-s-sinima. I got into the movies free yesterday. 2. injustice, false accusation 3. groundless klamek batel. Your statement is groundless.

¶ be-l-batel unjustly, unfairly \(\tilde{k}em\)
\(\tilde{lina}\) be-l-batel. He judged us unfairly.
\(\tilde{liny}e\) (or nezzel) l-batel \(\tilde{la}\) to accuse unjustly, to bring false accusation against

haxennu n.u. haxennuya arbutus berry bayan pl. -at I. public announcement 2. clarity, clearness, lucidity

bayn same as bin (prep.)

bayra f.a.p. of bar

bayet see bat

bayta flannel (cotton)

baye l- (v.n. bi a, mbay a) 1. to greet or salute with a bow (e.g., a king) 2. to pledge allegiance to, to recognize the authority of

baz pl. bizan 1. falcon, hawk, buzzard 2. large bowl (of china or metal)

baz 1. expr. of amazement and approval: Amazing! Marvelous! 2. expr. of disbelief: Ah, go on! Come off it! You expect me to believe that!

** baz-lek! How could you! You ought to be ashamed of yourself. (expr. of disapproval)

bazar pl. -at bazaar, shop of native handicraft

baz ibuz b- to disclose, to reveal bazu-lu be-s-serr dyalu. They disclosed his secret. bač ibič v.t. (v.n. bič) to sell

¶ ba & b- to denounce, to report, to inform against, to turn in (has a rather derogatory connotation) žaru ba & bih le-š-šorta. His neighbor reported him to the police.

¶ ba & u-šra (impf. ibi & u-išri) to do business

bac (no pl.) arch (of the foot)

ba ir (coll. dim. b iyyer) young camel
bba (inh. pos.) pl. bbawat (my) father fayn
bbaba l fatima. When he Fatima's father?

bbaha l-fatima Where's Fatima's father?

** darbu z-zelt u-bba Eăllal. He hasn't
a penny to his name.

¶ bbah sidu (first pers. bba, inh. pos.),

or bba siduφ (his) grandfather

 $\widehat{b}\widehat{\widehat{p}}$ andi, bwandi pl. $\widehat{\widehat{p}}\widehat{\widehat{p}}$ andiya bandit, highwayman

bbaxennu same as baxennu bebbuš n.u. -a, bibuša snail

bbandiya pl. of bbandi

bda ibda v.t. or v.i. (v.n. bidaya, bdu) to begin, to start, (usually used with other verbs) men-ba d-ma xrež bdat š-šta ttiz. After he went out it started to rain.

bdan pl. of badan, bden, and bdin

bdaEi pl. of bedEiya

bda Eiya same as bed Eiya

bedda, bodda (used only in set expr.)

¶la-bedda, la-bodda, or wa-la-bodda it is (absolutely) necessary (that), without fail, to definitely have to (do s.th.) wa-la-bodda nšufu gedda. I definitely have to see him tomorrow.

** wa-la-bodda men xlas d-dariba.

There's no way of getting out of paying taxes.

beddar adj. pl. -in n. pl. -a spendthrift, improvident spender

beddel v.t. 1. to change ila theddel ra? yek qulha-li. If you change your mind, tell me. 2. to change (for), to exchange, to replace heddel had t-tebla b-tebla zen mennha. Change this table for a better one. —beddel zwayžu b-sebga u-mša l-l-zefla. He quickly changed his clothes and left for the natty.

¶ p.p. mbeddel pl. -in drawn, distorted (one's face with pain, emotion)

bedder v.t. to waste, squander, or throw away (money, time)

bdin pl. bdan (comp. bden) fat, corpulent, stout

bdie v.n. of bdae

bdi pl. -in, bda (comp. bda) beautifully made or done, beautiful, splendid t-tabica f-eeyyam r-rbi ka-tkun bdi a. In the spring, nature is quite beautiful.

bden comp. of bdin

bden pl. bdan (human) body bdenha bši . Her body is hideous.

bdenžal n.u. -a eggplant

bdu (no pl.) I. beginning hada gir le-bdu. That's only the beginning. 2. v.n. of bda bedwi pl. -yen bedouin, peasant

bdă v.i. (v.n. bdi v) to innovate, to come out with a new style

¶ bdă € f- to assault (no sexual connotation) zetta bda fiha Ead qebțuh. They arrested him only after he assaulted her. bdă comp. of bdic

bed Ea pl. -t I. n.i. of bda E 2. something contrary to the traditions of the Prophet (sonna) but not necessarily against the Koran.

bed Eiya pl. -t, bda Ei bolero (loose, waistlength jacket open at the front)

bda&i pl. of bed&a

bedea pl. -t, bdaei I. flesh (of fruit), pulp 2. soft part of bread or cake (as opposed to crust) 3. harmless, quiet person of weak body; weakling (also adj. usage)

beggar pl. -a cattle raiser, cattleman bgira dim. of begra (n.u. of bger)

bger n.u. begra (dim. bgiyra, bgira) cattle, cow (as n.u.)

begra n.u. of bger

begri 1. beef (meat) ka-nfeddel l-begri & al l-genmi. I prefer beef to mutton. 2. cattle bġa ibġi v.t. 1. to want, to desire, to feel like bģit nešri ši-keswa. I want to buy a suit. 2. to like had r-ražel ka-ibģiweh n-nas bezzaf. People like this man very much. 3. to try (to do s.th.), to attempt, to make an attempt bġaw iqetluni. They tried to kill me. 4. to be about to, to be on the point of, to be going to, to almost (have done s.th.) bja itiz! He's going to fall! —dfă Eni etta bgit nțiz. He pushed me until I almost fell.

** bgit mne-llah u-mennek tsa& edni f-had l-qadiya. I'd be (very much) obliged if you'd help in this matter. -lli bgiti, or lli bga xatrek. As you wish, whatever you

¶ a.p. baġi pl. baġyen (I, he, etc.) would like (to) bagi nšufha. I'd like to see her (now).

baal pl. of bael

bġed v.t. (v.n. boġd) to hate, to loathe, to

bogd I. v.n. of bged 2. hatred, aversion, animosity ma-baa binothom boad. There's no more hatred between them.

bgel pl. bgal 1. (he-) mule 2. strong, husky man with few brains, "big ox"

begla pl. -t (she-) mule beğli mortar (masonry)

begrir n.u. -a kind of pancake

begta in the expr. Ela begta suddenly, unexpectedly, without warning

bha (m.) beauty

bhawat pl. of bhu

bhayem pl. of bhima

behdel b- to degrade, to debase, to humiliate, to make fun of behdlu bih szabu Ela-lli ža b-serwalu metqub. His friends humiliated him because he came with a hole in his pants.

bhed v.t. (v.n. bhid) to amaze, to astound, to astonish

behhat adj. pl. -in, n. pl. -a 1. teller of barefaced lies 2. sly, tricky person

bhid v.n. of bhed

bhima pl. -t, bhayem (dim. bhiyyma) 1. pack animal, beast of burden (usually horse, donkey, mule), mule 2. stupid or doltish person

bhel f. behla pl. buhel innocent, naïve, guileless, simple-minded

behlan stupidity, simple-mindedness, idiocy, moronity

behlul pl. buhala same as bhel

bhet v.i. (v.n. bhut) to speak ill (of), to say nasty things (about) ma-tebqa-š tebhet fe-n-nas! Stop saying nasty things about people!

bhu pl. bhawat alcove of a large room or off a patio

bhut v.n. of bhet

bi classicization of b- used in such fixed expr. as bi-xir! (I'm) fine!

biban pl. of bab 1

bibbuš same as bebbuš

bibi (no art.) sg. and coll. f. -ya, pl. -yat turkey

bidava v.n. of bda

bid-ma, bid-emma bid-man, bid-manat until gra had le-ktab bid-manat iržač. Read this book until he returns.

bidu pl. -yat, -wat type of can with a handle used to transport oil, gasoline, water, etc. (especially in military service); jerry-can

bidun pl. -at, byaden see bidu

bid n.u. -a (dim. bwida) egg

bida 1. f. of byed 2. n.u. of bid

bidawa n. pl. of bidawi

bidawi adj. pl. -yen n. pl. bidawa native of Casablanca

bideg pl. byadeq 1. one of the pieces or "men" used in checkers 2. nimble person

biha baš see b-

bin that galu-lu bin ma-imken-lu-s ibga f-had le-blad. They told him that he couldn't stay in this country.

bin between (used with both elements if at least one is a pronoun ending) weggef t-tumubil dyalu bin s-sinima we-l-banka. He parked his car between the theater and

the bank. —ma-binu u-bin l-zămmam ģir l-zăy! There's nothing between him and the bath (place) but the wall.

** tazu bin režlih. They fell at his feet (in supplication, etc.). —ma-bini u-binhom šay. I have nothing to do with them.

—š-binek u-bin had š-ši? It's not your place to do that. What business is this of yours?

I binat* same as bin (used with pl. pron.)

endings) ferguha binatkom! Divide it among yourselves!

** binatkom. That's your (pl.) problem, figure it out for yourselves.

¶ bin u-bin so-so, fair(ly), mediocre kif-en huwa had t-tub?—bin u-bin. How's this material?—So-so.

¶ bin le-Eyad eleventh month of the Muslim lunar year

¶ ma-bin, men-bin between (same as bin) bina? pl. -at building, structure, edifice binat see bin (prep.)

bir pl. byar (dim. bwiyyer) well (water, oil) bisklit pl. -at bicycle

bisar, bisara dish of mashed fava beans or potatoes served with olive oil, cumin, and paprika

biškļit same as bisklit

bit 1. pl. byut (dim. bwiyyet) room, chamber, compartment (train) 2. square on a checker board 3. pl. byat line (of poetry)

¶ bit d-dyaf guest room

¶ bit ||ah |-zaram the Kaada (in Mecca) ¶ bit ||-ma bathroom (toilet only), rest room, water-closet

¶ bit l-mal (public) treasury (building and dept.)

¶ bit l-makla dining room

¶ bit n-nar chamber of a baker's oven

¶ bit n-n as bedroom

¶ bit s-sabun laundry room

bitala same as btala
bitan pl. of bat
bitar, bitari pl. -yen veterinary, veterinarian
biyyad pl. -a 1. egg seller 2. whitewasher

biyyada pl. -t 1. f. of biyyad 2. a good layer (hen)

biyyar pl. -a well-digger biyyat pl. -a night watchman

biyya Epl. -a 1. informer, "stool-pigeon"

2. spy
¶ biyya & šerray pl. biyya & a šerraya
merchant, businessman

biyyed 1. v.t., to whitewash, to make white 2. v.i., to lay eggs

biyyen v.t. or v.i. 1. to show, to expose, to make manifest 2. to prove, to show ana gadi nbiyyen-lkom belli had š-ši lli

ka-nqul-lkom sziz. I'm going to prove to you that what I'm telling you is true.

** had ž-žaž ma-ka-ibiyyen-š. You can't see through this glass.

¶ biyyen ṛasuφ to make oneself known dak l-bent ξăndha seut mezyan, xessha tbiyyen rasha. That girl has a beautiful voice, she should make herself known.

biyyna pl. -t proof & ăndhom ši-biyyna & ăl l-xiyana dyalu? Do they have any proof of his treason?

biyyet v.t. to have or make spend the night, to put up (for the night), to lodge (for the night) biyyet saz bu čándu. He had his friend spend the night with him.

bizagra pl. -t hinge

bizan pl. of baz

bi 2. v.n. of ba 2. sale, selling

¶ l-bi & u-š-šra business, commerce bi & a pl. -t 1. n.i. of ba & 2. v.n. of baye & 3. (act of) informing (against s.o.) l-bare wesletna bih l-bi & a. We received information against him yesterday. 4. recognition of superior authority (as a King)

¶ biça de-š-šgal a specific number or lot of one item of manufacture (by hand) by which the craftsman is paid.

¶ $bi \ a \ u$ -šerya (both words take art. and pl.) (business) deal, transaction

Teta l-biea l- to pledge allegiance to, to proclaim (i.e., announce publicly the accession of a sovereign)

bka ibki v.i. (v.n. bka) to cry, to weep, to sob bka 1. v.n. of bka 2. crying, weeping, sobbing bekka v.t. to make or cause to cry, to move to tears dreb xah s-sgir u-bekkah. He hit his little brother and made him cry. —dak l-qissa getter Cliha zetta bekkaha. That story impressed her to the point of moving her to tears.

bekkay adj. pl. -in, n. pl. -a one who cries frequently and with little provocation, a "cry baby"

bekker v.i. to get up early (in the morning)

** bekkret b-weld. Her first child was a
bov.

bkem f. bekma pl. bukem mute, unable to speak

bker f. bekra pl. bkura first-born

bekra pl. -t virgin (still in possession of the hymen)

bekri 1. early ka-nnud dima bekri. I always get up early. 2. a long time ago, in days gone by, in the old days, in days past, formerly bekri kanu n-nas mdiyynin kter men l-yum. In the old days there were more religious people than there are today.

bkura pl. of bker

bla ibla v.i. to get old (things), to become used, to wear out mnin ka-iblaw wayži ka-nešri wayež ždad. When my clothes wear out I buy new clothes.

bla ibli v.t. (v.n. belya, bliya) to teach, show, cause, or allow s.o. to take up bad habits or vices; to corrupt la-txalet-š le-bla la-iblik. Stay away from vice so that it won't corrupt you.

** lli bla ya fu. may he who has allowed all this (some vice) have mercy (expr. showing pity for s.o. who is victim of some

vice or bad habit)

¶ bla b- to teach (s.o.) (some vice) blatni b-le-Egez. She taught me lazy habits.

bla (m.) calamity, misfortune, catastrophe

** Eăndu wa ed l-weld bla. He has a
son that's a little devil.

bla (bla b- before personal pron. endings)
1. without şafet le-bra bla tenber. He sent the letter without a stamp —mša bla-biya. He went without me.

¶ bla-ma (conj.) without bqa gales bla-ma yă mel zetta ši-zaža. He sat there without doing a thing.

¶ bla-š 1. for nothing, free, gratis waš bģiti nā tih-lek bla-š? Do you want me to give it to you for nothing? 2. without (it) ža be-ṭ-ṭeṛbuš wella bla-š? Did he come with or without his hat (fez)?

blabel pl. of belbula

blabez pl. of belbuza

blad (f.) pl. -at, beldan, boldan 1. country mn-ana blad nta? What country are you from? 2. country ža men le-blad baš iduwwer E ăl l-xedma f-le-mdina. He came from the country to find work in the city.

region, area, locality blad r-rif kollha žbal. The region of the Rif is all mountains.
 city, town d-dar l-bida blad was a u-Erida. Casablanca is an expansive,

sprawling city.

¶ mul le-blad pl. mwalin le-blad 1. landowner 2. (pl.) native people, people of a country or city in which one happens to be

¶riz le-blad homesickness qaşu riz le-blad. He's homesick (i.e., touched by homesickness)

¶ weld le-blad fellow citizen, compatriot blaġi pl. of belġa

bļaļļi pl. -ya 1. carpenter 2. drunkard

blan pl. -at 1. plan, blueprint 2. plan, project blasa pl. -t, blayes 1. place, spot, location, site

2. room, space, area 3. position, post (as in the government) 4. seat (theater, bus, etc.) bla-š see bla

blaya pl. -t beach

blayes pl. of blasa

blayez pl. of bluza

belbel v.i. to prattle, to speak unintelligibly belbel fluently ka-ihder l-Eărbiya belbel. He speaks (Moroccan) Arabic fluently.

belbel v.i. 1. to mumble, to mutter, to chatter

(in some foreign language) 2. to bleat (goat)

belbula pl. blabel couscous with buttermilk belbuza pl. -t, blabez eyeball

beldan, boldan pl. of blad

beldi pl. -yen 1. native, indigenous, homegrown was had t-teffar rumi wella beldi? Are these apples imported or homegrown? 2. unsophisticated, naive 3. unprogressive, old-fashioned

bleg (v.n. blug, bulug) 1. v.t. to attain, to reach, to arrive at bleg l-murad dyalu. He attained his goal. 2. v.i. to reach puberty, to become marriageable

¶ a.p. baleg pl. -in marriageable, pubescent

belga pl. -t, blagi (dim. bliga) a pair of a type of North African slippers used as general footwear (one slipper: ferda de-l-belga)

bliga dim. of belga

blilta dim. of belluta (n.u. of bellut)

bliya pl. -t 1. v.n. of bla 2. bad habit, vice bliz v.n. of blez

blie v.n. of blae

bell v.t. (v.n. bellan) to wet, to get wet

bellan v.n. of bell

bellar 1. crystal l-bellar kollu lli kan fuq t-tebla taz u-therres. The (whole set of) crystal which was on the table fell off and broke. 2. crystal had l-kas msuwweb men l-bellar This glass is made of crystal.

bellarež (no art., sg. and coll.) f. bellarža stork

bellati 1. slowly men-lli qerreb le-d-dar bda ixellef bellati. As he neared the house he began to walk slowly. 2. low, in a low voice, in an aside

** bellati! Wait a minute! Just a minute! bellač l-bid (sg. and pl.) white jellyfish bellefžuž (no art.) n.u. -a violet belleg v.t. to deliver, to take

¶ belleġ s-slam to say hello belleġ-li s-slam l-Eămmek! Say hello to your uncle for me.

belli that qolt-lu belli ma-Eăndi flus. I told him that I don't have any money.

bellina pl. -t whale

bellel same as bell

bellet 1. v.t. to mess up, to smear belleti wayžek be-ş-şbaya. You've smeared your clothes with paint. 2. v.i. to get drunk

bellut n.u. -a (dim. blilta) acorn(s)

T belluta pl. -t 1. tassel (of the selham)

2. eyeball

bellez f-, bellez Eăynih^{\$\phi\$} f- to stare at bellă man (no art.) n.u. -a poppy

bleq f. belqa pl. buleq 1. very white (skin)
2. piebald (horse, cow)

¶ bz al tur bleq sticking out like a sore thumb blug 1. v.n. of bleg 2. puberty, marriageability blul gravy for couscous bluza pl. -t, blavez blouse belva v.n. of bla blez v.t. and v.i. (v.n. bliz) to make a faux pas, to botch belza pl. -t faux pas, blunder bel uz a pl. -t Adam's apple bla v.t. (v.n. bli 2) 1. to swallow, to swallow up (also metaphorical) 2. to absorb (as a sponge) bel a 1. n.i. of bla 2. many, a lot, quite a few bel a d-le-flus mšaw-lu. He lost a lot ben pl. bni 1. son (used in names) waš ka-tă Eref muzămmed ben Eli? Do you know Mohammed Ben Ali? 2. pl. bnayn term used in insulting expr. and epithets ma-Eămmri nelEăb mEak l-karta a ben l-geššaš l-axor! I'll never play cards with you again, you damn cheat! ¶ ben €ămmu\$ (one's) m. cousin bna ibni v.t. (v.n. bni) to build, to construct, to erect (also metaphorical) bnadem (no art. or pl.) human being(s), people Eămmrek šefti ši-bnadem be al dak xiyyi? Have you ever seen anyone (a human being) like that guy? -kan bnadem bezzaf fe-l-zefla. There were a lot of people at the party. bnader pl. of bendir bnadri pl. -va 1. player of the bendir 2. maker of the bendir bnak pl. of benk (same as banka) bnan pl. of bnin and benna bnat pl. of bent bnayn pl. of ben 2 bnayeq pl. of bniga bendir pl. bnader a flat, round North African drum with one head bendira same as bandira bender v.i. to play the bendir bendeq l- to greet with a bow, to bow respectfully before bni (no pl.) 1. v.n. of bna 2. pl. of ben 1 3. building, structure, edifice 4. construction (work), (action of) building bnin pl. -in, bnan delicious bniqa pl. -t, bnayeq 1. closet (clothes, linen), cupboard 2. cell (jail) 3. cabin (ship) bnita, bniva dim. of bent benk pl. bnak same as banka benna pl. -t, bnan toe (foot)

bennara pl. -t comb (fleshy crest on the head

bennež v.t. 1. to drug, to administer a drug to

of certain kinds of fowl)

bennefžuž same as bellefžuž

bennay pl. -a mason, bricklayer

(s.o.) (said only of sleep inducing drugs) 2. to anesthetize bent pl. bnat (dim. bnita, bniva) 1. girl, daughter 2. term used in insulting expr. and epithets a bent l-z ămga l-oxra! You're (f.) out of your mind! ¶ bent €ămmu¢ (one's) f. cousin ¶ bent n-nas girl of good stock, of fine family background benter v.t. to paint (houses, tables, etc.) bnu pl. -wat tire (automobile, etc.) benyan (no pl.) building, structure, edifice benž anesthetic (e.g. ether, chloroform) bqa ibqa v.i. 1. to stay, to remain bqat be-wzădha fe-d-dar. She stayed home alone. 2. to keep on, to continue, to remain, to persevere (in) bqa ka-ikteb-lu modda twila. He kept on writing him (regularly) for quite a while. -bgat ka-thessel Eliva zetta tar-li. She kept bothering me until I got mad. ** bga f-gelbi, or bga fiva. I feel sorry for him. ** tebqa Ela xir. Good-bye (take care of vourself)! ¶ bqa-lu ϕ to have left \neq , to still have \neq bqaw-lu žuž de-l-garruwat. He has two ciga rettes left. T bqa Ela to prevail upon, to work on (s.o.) bqit Elih zetta Etani Eăšr iyyam de-r-raz a. I worked on him until he gave me ten days' vacation. ¶ ma-bqa-lu ϕ gir 1. to be about to \neq ma-bqa-lu gir iži. He's about to come. 2. to have only . . . left \(\neq \ma - bqa - li \, gir \, žuž rval. I only have two ryals left. ¶ ma-baa-š to not . . . any more ma-bqa-š iži. He doesn't come any more. ¶ ma-bqa Elaš (plus impf.) to no longer have any reason for or to \(\neq\) ma-bqa \(\xi\)las tebki. You no longer have any reason to ¶ bagi, f. bagya, baga, pl. bagyen, bagin still, yet baqya š-šems ma-teļ et. The sun hasn't come out yet. bgarež pl. of begrež, begraž bgaEi pl. of begEa, bogEa begbeg v.i. to gurgle (as water poured from a jug) beqq n.u. -a bed-bug(s) beqqal pl. -a grocer (except meat, vegetables) beggaš pl. -in inquisitive, prying, curious begges v.i. to look for s.th. or s.o. (from curiosity), to rummage around (looking into things that do not concern one), to snoop around baraka ma-tbeqqeš-š fe-zwayži! Quit snooping around in my clothes! beggula (coll.) kind of round-leafed plant (used as a food) bger same as bger

begra same as begra (n.u. of bger) begraž, begrež pl. bgarež (tea) kettle beg & a, bog & a pl. -t, bga & i piece, lot, section (of land) bra ibra v.i. (v.n. beryan) to recover (from an illness), to get well bra ibri v.i. to glitter, to sparkle bra pl. -wat (cons. brat, dim. briya) letter, written message braber pl. of berbri brade E pl. of berd Ea brad i pl. -ya manufacturer of pack saddles braga pl. of bergi bramel pl. of bermil bramli pl. -ya barrel-maker braniya eggplant branes pl. of bernus brared pl. of berrad brarek pl. of berraka brarem pl. of berrima brat cons. of bra bratel pl. of bertal brawet pl. of berwita brayeg pl. of brig 2 braz ceremony in which the bride is exhibited to the wedding guests who have come to congratulate her and bring her presents braž pl. of berž bra Eed pl. of ber Eud berbri pl. braber Berber (person) or cool, to cool off men-lli ka-tebred drink coffee when it gets cold. 2. to become discouraged, to give up bred mnin

bred v.i. (v.n. bruda) 1. to become or get cold l-qehwa ma-ka-nqedd-š nešrobha. I can't ma-stațe E-š izessel Eăl š-šahada. He became discouraged when he couldn't get his diploma.

** bred-lu l-ma fe-rkabih. He was paralyzed (with fear). -berdu ktafu. He got discouraged.

bred comp. of bared

berd 1. cold (ness) matu be-l-berd. They died from the cold. 2. wind bda isut l-berd. It's getting windy. 3. used for various illnesses attributed to the cold, e.g., colds, flu, bronchitis, etc.

** gad ikun l-berd had l-lila. It's going to be cold tonight. -žani l-berd. I'm cold. ¶ berd le-mfasel arthritis, rheumatism (of joints)

¶ dreb l-berd to catch cold ≠ drebni l-berd. I've caught cold.

berda v.t. to leak, to lose (as air from a tire) berdan pl. -in cold (persons) ana berdan! I'm cold!

berda v.t. to put the packsaddle (berd a) on an animal

berd a pl. brade (dim. brid a) packsaddle bred v.t. (v.n. brid) to file (with a file)

bergi adj. pl. -yen, n. pl. braga brown, brownskinned (person)

bergem v.t. I. to mumble, to mutter 2. to speak like a negro (i.e., with a typical accent) bergaz pl. -a secondhand peddler (mostly

clothes, but possibly anything)

bridea dim. of berdea

brid v.n. of bred

brik v.n. of brek

brim v.n. of brem

briq 1. v.n. of breq 2. pl. brayeq coffeepot

brigga dim. of bergug

brirda dim. of berrada

briwa pl. -t a pastry made of almond paste wrapped in a thin crust and dipped in honey

briya dim. of bra

briz I. v.n. of berrez 2. announcement (of the berra (

¶*tḷeq le-bri*∠ I. to make an announcement (the berraz) 2. to hire a town crier (to make an announcement)

brek v.i. (v.n. brik) 1. to sit (down), to squat (down) 2. to stay, to remain (in one place) brek hna zetta nži! Stay here until I come

¶ brek f- to attack (physically)

¶ brek Ela 1. to exert pressure on or against 2. to push (a switch or button)

brek n.u. berka duck

berka slave market or stand

berkukeš a dish made of sweetened hominy grits with milk

brem v.t. (v.n. brim) to cord, to braid (hair, rope), to twist together (as two pieces of string)

brem pl. of berma

berma pl. -t, brem 1. hot water storage receptacle for the public bath 2. water heater bermil pl. bramel barrel

bernamež pl. baramiž 1. schedule (radio), program (entertainment) 2. plan Emelti ši-bernamež l-had l-lila? Have you made any plans for tonight?

berniz varnish

bernus pl. branes burnoose

bernez v.t. to varnish

breq v.i. (v.n. -briq, bruq) to shine (sun, moon, etc.), to glitter, to sparkle, to scintil-

bergeg v.t. to bruise with a blow and cause a bump or swelling

I bergeq f- to stare at, to gawk at berguq n.u. -a (dim. brigga) plum, prune

¶ berquqa pl. -t swelling, lump, bump (as from a blow)

berr land (in contrast to sea)

berr b- to have pity or mercy on, to help berra v.t. to acquit (of guilt)

* berra f- to disown (as a son)

berra v.t. to cure, to heal

berra (no art.) 1. country (in contrast to city) ana msafer l-berra. I'm going to the country, 2, outside galsin berra. They're sitting outside.

I berra men outside (of) galsin berra men d-dar. They're sitting outside (of) the house.

¶ Ela berra same as berra 2 berrad pl, brared (dim. brired) teapot berrada pl. -t (dim. brirda) small jug of

porous, unglazed clay used for cooling water

berraka pl. brarek 1. barracks 2. hovel, hut (e.g. in a slum) 3. cabin (beach, etc.) berrani pl. -yen 1. stranger 2. strange, not

from the local area 3. foreigner 4. outside, outer nsiti tšedd l-bab l-berraniya. You forgot to close the outside door.

¶ l-berrani the first room one encounters on entering the public bath

berraz pl. -a town crier

¶ tleq l-berraz to hire a public crier (to make some announcement)

berred 1. v.t. to cool (off), to let cool (off) 2. v.i. to refresh oneself (as with a cool drink) 3. v.t. to calm (down) berredtu b-žuž de-l-kelmat. I calmed him down with a few words. 4. v.t. to discourage, to dishearten 5. v.t. to hush up (an affair), to keep quiet

** berred Eliya šwiyeš! Lay off me (for a while)! -berred gelbu fiha (or le-gdayed fiha). He got his revenge on her. —le-xbar berred-li l-ma fe-rkabiya. The news scared me to death (paralyzed me with fear, etc.). -ka-iberred Ela qelbu. He's just making excuses (for his failure in doing s.th.). berri pl. -yen pertaining to land (in contrast

berrima pl. -t, brarem 1. pencil sharpener 2. brace and bit (carpenter)

berrek v.t. to make sit down (animals)

berriw dung

berrem v.t. to move (over), to pull over berrem sivartek l-had ž-žih. Pull your car over to this side. —berrem t-tebla l-dak l-gent. Move the table to that corner.

berren by land (in contrast to sea)

berreq v.t. to prove false, to give the lie to, to belie, to refute (person or thing)

¶ berreq f- to stare at

¶ berreg l-Eaynin to stare, to gawk

berrez v.t. (v.n. briz) to exhibit the bride in the braz

berrez v.i. to make announcements in public (in streets, etc.)

¶ berrez b- to spread (around) or divulge (s.th. that should not be told), to blab bers, bres white blotches on the skin, vitiligo berslana cement, mortar

beršem v.t. to ornament the edge or fringe of, to decorate with a fringe or border (a garment)

bersman fringe or edge of a garment

bertal pl. bratel 1. bird (small, e.g. a robin) 2. sparrow 3. alcove off the patio of a Moroccan house

bruda, brudiya 1. v.n. of bred 2. cold (ness), cool(ness) (also as a personal trait) 3. humidity, dampness 4. lack of vigor, slackness, laziness 5. banality, platitude

bruk 1. v.n. of brek 2. fight(ing) baraka men le-bruk! Stop fighting!

bruq v.n. of breq

bruž, bruža pl. of berž, borž

berwag (coll. and n.u.) asphodel

berwita pl. brawet 1. wheelbarrow 2. a very

beryan 1. v.n. of bra 2. pl. -in healthy, in good health

brez v.i. 1. to protrude, to stick out 2. to participate in the braz

berž, borž pl. bruž, bruža, braž fort, citadel ber ¿ ăd v.t. to roll, to give (s.th.) the shape of a roll (e.g., cake)

ber Eud pl. bra Eed roll (of dough)

bsal v.i. (v.n. bsala) 1. to become flat or tasteless (food) 2. to become a nuisance or obnoxious

bsala pl. -t 1. v.n. of bessel and bsal 2. dullness, vapidity, insipidity (figurative sense) stupidity, nonsense

besbas fennel

bsibsa mace (spice)

besmala v.n. of besmel

besmel v.i. (v.n. besmala) to say be-sme-llah bessel v.i. (v.n. bsala) 1. to say silly things, to talk nonsense

I bessel Ela to annoy, to bother bessem v.t. to make or cause to smile

bessă men to get or go away from bessă menni! Go away (from me)!

bsar adj. pl. of bsir

bșaseț pl. of bessița

bsat pl, -at 1. large rectangular room on any floor above the first 2. big paper lantern carried in the Easura procession, especially in Salé

bsatel pl. of bestila

bsila dim. of bsel, besla

bşir adj. pl. bşar n. pl. beşra blind, blind man bsira perspicacity

bsit 1. pl. -in simple, easy 2. (no pl.) one of the different rhythms of Moroccan Andalusian music

bsel, besla n.u. besla (dim. bsila) onion

besra n. pl. of bsir

beşşila pl. -t 1. leek 2. wild onion (for animal consumption)

bessita pl. -t, bsaset peseta (Spanish money)
besset v.t. 1. to flatten, to squash 2. to amuse
bset (v.n. best) 1. v.i. to joke gir ka-nebset
m ak. I'm only joking with you. 2. v.i. to
have a good time, to enjoy oneself

¶ p.p. mebsut pl. -in gay, jovial

best 1. v.n. of bset 2. joke

bestila pl. -t, bsatel a pastry made with almond paste and chicken or pigeon giblet baked in a thin crust

bsuți adj. pl. -yen jolly, having a sense of humor

bšara 1. gift given to the mother of a newborn baby 2. reward (e.g., for finding s.o.'s lost object) 3. good news

bša bl. of bši b

bša a 1. meanness, rudeness, despicableness 2. ugliness (appearance)

bšir v.n. of bšer

bšič pl. -in, bšač 1. rude, mean, despicable 2. ugly (appearance)

bešnixa kind of plant whose flower is composed of various needle-like parts which, when dried, are used as toothpicks; also, toothpick of this type

bšer v.t. (v.n. bšir) 1. to rub (as with sandpaper) 2. to scale (fish)

bešra pl. -t look, countenance

** bšertu meṭļuqa. He's affable (i.e., always smiling).

beššar pl. -a bearer of good news or tidings

¶ beššar l-xir butterfly

besser v.t. to announce (good news or tidings)

¶ beššer b- (s.th.) $\geq la$ (s.o.) to make a present of (s.th.) to (s.o.) (specifically to the mother of a newborn baby)

btir v.n. of bter

bter v.t. (v.n. btir) 1. to omit, to leave out 2. to cancel

¶ bter men l-bal to forget about, to not think about bter had š-ši men balek! Don't think about it!

bettix n.u. -a melon (except watermelon)

hta ihta vi (v.p. htv. hetvan) to be late i

bia ibia v.i. (v.n. biu, beiyan) to be late, to take a long time

¶ bta Ela to make wait, to let wait Elaš bṭiti Eliya. Why did you make me wait (for you)?

btala 1. unemployment 2. absence (from work, school) 3. v.n. of btel

¶ bla bţala unceasingly

biana pl. biayen (dim. biiyyna) sheepskin

** ntef-lek btantek. He spoke ill of you. btaqa pl. -t, btayeq 1. ticket (admission, travel) 2. card (filing, etc.) 3. bond, coupon

¶ bṭaqa de-ṭ-ṭbib prescription (medicine) bṭaṭa (sg. and coll.) potato

¶ btata qeşbiya Jerusalem artichoke

¶ biaia rumiya potato (usual meaning)
¶ biaia zluwa sweet potato

bța yen pl. of bțana

btayni pl. -ya 1. seller of sheepskin 2. backbiter, slanderer

biayeq pl. of biaqa

btay i Andalusian meter or time used in Moroccan music

betbetha~ to stuff oneself, to gorge oneself
with food)

btel (v.n. betlan, btul, btala) 1. to be called off, to be cancelled 2. to be omitted, to be left out 3. to expire, to become invalid

beilan v.n. of biel

bten pl. btuna belly, abdomen

beţniya bellyful

¶ dreb betniya to stuff or gorge oneself (with food)

bter v.i. (v.n. bter) to hurry (up), to hasten
** bter bih! Make it fast!

bter 1. v.n. of bter 2. rapidity, swiftness, hurry \$\ \bar{1}b-le-bter\$ quickly, rapidly, fast, in a

betta v.t. 1. to make late, to keep (s.o.), to delay 2. to drag out, to make drag on

Tbetta b- same as betta

betta pl. -t, btet 1. large bottle, usually covered with a reed matting or sack cloth and with one or two handles 2. oil can (i.e., used in oiling machinery)

bettal adj. pl. -in n. pl. -a (person) out of work, without employment

bettaniya pl. -t blanket, cover (bedclothes)

bettix same as bettix

bettel v.t. 1. to be absent from, to not go to or report for bettel l-xedma. He didn't go to work. 2. to cancel, to call off 3. to leave out, to omit 4. v.i. to change one's mind la, bettelt, ma-maši-š. No, I've changed my mind, I'm not going.

betten v.t. 1. to line, to put lining in (clothing)
2. to beat (rug, blanket) 3. to beat up, to give a beating to (s.o.)

bļu v.n. of bļa

bțul v.n. of bțel

btuna pl. of bten

betyan v.n. of bta

bet & a same as bed & a

bu pl. -wat father (usually used to emphasize certain expr. and threats) wellah ya buh!

Let him try it! I dare him!

bubal (no pl.) top part of either the ferula or fennel plant before it blooms, used in making a dish similar to couscous.

bubbuš same as bebbuš

bubbut (no pl., no art.) expr. used to frighten or intimidate small children, similar to English "bogey man"

bu-bris (sg. and coll., no art.) gecko (small lizard)

hudi pl. -ven Buddhist hu-denžal same as hdenžal bu-dră? rancid (butter) bu-der ras (no art.) whitlow bu-delfa (no pl., no art.) cobra bu-fertitu pl. -vat (no art.) butterfly bu-fessiw pl. -at (no art.) 1. golden-crested or fire-crested wren 2. one who speaks queerly, indistinctly 3, child who goes around velling and shouting bugadu pl. -wat, -yat lawyer bu-alib (no art.) cholera bugat pl. of bagi budaz pl. -at 1. narrow passage, strait 2. isthmus buhala pl. of behlul and buhali buhali pl. -ven, buhala simple-minded (person), idiot buhel pl. of bhel bu-herras, bu-herrus (no art,) that which seems to make one break things (especially dishes) veddih fihom bu-herrus. He breaks everything. buhtan 1. sarcasm 2. hypocrisy (often connoting a betrayal of confidence) bu-hezhaz, bu-hezzaz (no art.) (the) shakes, Parkinson's disease bu-kebbar pl. -at (no art.) a swelling in the armpit or groin bukem pl. of bkem bu-kraĉ, bu-krăĉ (no art.) one-legged man bul 1. v.n. of bal 2. urine bula 1. n.i. of bal 2. urine bula pl. -t light bulb bu-lfaf (no pl., no art.) a type of shish kebab made of liver wrapped in caul bulis 1. pl. of bulisi 2. police (force) bulisi pl. bulis, bwales policeman buleg pl. of bleg bulug v.n. of bleg bulun, bulun pl. -at bolt (for fastening together) bu-le-žlayeb same as bu-žlayeb bumba pl. -t 1. pump (oil, water, etc.) 2. (fly) sprayer 3. bomb (explosive) bumbi pl. -ya fireman, fire-fighter bu-mengaš (sg. and coll., no art.) snipe (bird) bu-mqiyyes, bu-mqes, pl. bu-mqusat earwig bu-mqusa pl. -t (no art.) lobster bu-mwaret (no pl., no art.,) trustee or administrator of vacant successions bu-mexyet (sg. and coll., no art.) oystercatcher (bird) bu-mezwi (no pl., no art.) sharp stomach-ache bun pl. -at, bwan 1. voucher 2. coupon (e.g. in rationing food) bunta pl.-t (dim. bwinta) cigaret butt bunya pl. -t 1. fist 2. blow with the fist 3. fight involving fisticuffs

an oblong head bugala pl. -t wen (on the head) burbu powder (face, baby, etc.) burda poem or hymn in honor of the Prophet burdu pl. -wat cane with a metal head bu-rgiba (coll., no art.) type of pear buri used in the expr. zut buri n.u. zuta buriva grav mullet bu-rkabi (no pl., no art.) 1. large, clumsy person; blockhead, bumpkin 2. ruffian, roughneck bureš v.i. to shiver ** le mu ka-ibures. He's got goose pimples. bus v.n. of bas busa pl. -t (dim, bwisa) kiss busan v.n. of bas bu-sekka (no pl., no art.) rattlesnake bu-sellat (no art.) elephantiasis bus indolence, sloth bus-d-dar pl. -at patio, court bu-seffar, bu-seffir (no art.) (yellow) iaundice bu-siyvar pl. -at (art. possible) large sieve with big holes (for seeds) bu-siz a (no pl., no art.) tarantula busla pl. -t compass (magnetic directional) busta pl. -t post office (building and department) buš pl. bwaš 1. marble (as used in a game of marbles) 2, type of (water) jug bu-šfer (no pl., no art.) a muzzle-loading musket ** had š-ši d-bu-šfer. This (thing) is of bad quality. bu-šegrag (sg. and coll., no art.) jay bušra pl. -t (item of) good news bu-šwika (no art.) scarlet fever bu-teftaf palsy (as commonly accompanying senility) bbah sidu fih bu-teftaf. His grandfather has palsy. butika pl. -t pharmacy (store) bu-tellis (no pl., no art.) nightmare but (sg. and pl.) pair of boots (sg. ferda de-l-but) buta pl. -t, bwet 1. metal barrel, drum 2. bottle (for gas, e.g. butane) butel Ela to be unjust toward (s.o.), to make false accusations against (s.o.) buwwab pl. -a doorman, doorkeeper buwwaq pl. -a one who spreads news or reveals secrets buwwaz pl. -in not able to keep secrets. buwwel v.t. or v.i. to make or cause to urinate, to be diuretic

bug pl. bwag 1. loudspeaker 2. megaphone

¶ dar l-bug b- to tell everyone about

bugal pl. bwagel 1. one of the scoops or

buckets on a water wheel 2. (person) with

buwweq b- to spread news about, to disclose a secret about buwwes v.t. 1. to give (s.o.) the cold shoulder, to ignore (s.o.) 2. to fire (an employe) ¶ part. mbuwwes pl. -in lazy, indolent buwwex v.i. to puff, to blow smoke from the mouth (often in a showy manner) buxala pl. of bxil 2 buxara pl. of buxari buyed pl. of byed bu-zekri used in the expr. tmer bu-zekri variety of dry dates ¶ muzunt bu-zekri sequin, spangle, paillette bu-ză ran (no pl., no art.) tumblebug bužada pl. of bužadi bužadi adj. pl. -yen n. pl. bužada, bwažda inexperienced, ignorant buži pl. -yat, bwaža 1. crane (machine) -2. spark plug bu-žlayeb (no art.) eleventh month of the Muslim lunar calendar bu-žniba pl. -t (no art.) crab bu-žă Eran same as bu-ză Eran bu-z bel (no pl., no art.) windpipe, trachea bu-zefra (no pl., no art.) a kind of musket bu-zămṛun (no art.) measles bu-てšiša pl. -t (no art.) gullet, esophagus buzut pl. of bezt bu-Ebula same as ba Ebula, n.u. of ba Ebul bu-Emira pl. -t (no art.) sparrow hawk, kestrel bu-Eătțu (no pl., no art.) grasshopper (small variety) bu-Ewida (sg. and coll., no pl., no art) 1. pear 2. pear tree bwab pl. of bab 2 bwaber pl. of babbur bwaket pl. of bakit bwales pl. of bulisi bwan pl. of bun bwandi same as bbandi bwaq pl. of buq bwagel pl. of bugal bwared pl. of barud bwaser (pl.) hemorrhoids bwașeț pl. of bașeț bwaš pl. of buš bwax 1. vapor (usually steam) 2. smoke baraža pl. of buži baražda pl. of bužadi bwiba dim. of bab bwiber dim. of babbur, babur bwida dim. of bida (n.u. of bid) baiket dim. of bakit bwinta dim. of bunta baisa dim. of busa bwet pl. of buta

bxal pl. of bxil 1

bxil 1. pl. -in, bxal stingy, miserly 2. pl. buxala miser, stingy person, skinflint bxis pl. -in dirt cheap, very inexpensive bxel v.i. (v.n. boxl, bxel) to be or act stingy ma-tebxel-š Eliva! Don't be so stingy (with . boxl, bxel 1. v.n. of bxel 2. stinginess, miserlibxes, bxes v.i. to become cheap (in price) bxur pl. -at incense bexx v.i. to sprinkle (š-šta) ka-tbexx. It's sprinkling. ¶ bexx Ela to sprinkle with water (by spraying from the mouth, as Moroccan shoemakers softening leather) bexxer 1. v.t. to steam (s.th.) was ma-zal ma-bexxerti seksu? Haven't you steamed the couscous yet? 2. v.t. to perfume (with incense, etc.) 3. v.t. to fumigate 4. v.i. to steam, to give off steam or vapors (often used in perfect) t-tenžra bexxret. The pot's steaming. bexxuš n.u. -a bug, beetle (especially those found in grain, beans, etc.) byaden pl. of bidun byad v.i. to get or become white byad 1. whiteness 2. the white spot(s) on the cornea of the eye (characteristic of a certain eye disease) ¶ byad le-wžeh whiting (powder) ¶ byad l-€ ăyn white of the eye byadeq pl. of bideq byar pl. of bir byanu pl. -wat piano, pianoforte byat pl. of bit 3 byed f. bida pl. buyed white byuda whiteness byut pl. of bit 1 and 2 beyyina pl. -t proof, evidence bzabez pl. of bezbuz bzaq v.n. of bzeq bzar same as ibzar bzatem pl. of beztam bzayem pl. of bzim *bzazel* pl. of *bezzula* bezbuz pl. bzabez faucet, tap bezbez v.i. to be amazed (with or without expressing it) mnin šeftu hezz myatayn kilu, bqit gir ka-nbezbez. When he lifted two hundred kilos I was amazed. bezgel v.t. 1. to neglect 2. to botch bzim pl. bzayem buckle (as on a belt) bzig v.n. of bzeg bziz (sg. and coll.) cricket (insect) bzeq v.i. (v.n. bzaq, bziq, bzeq) 1. to spit 2. to void excrement (birds) bzeq 1. v.n. of bzeq 2. n.u. bezqa spit, saliva beziam pl. bzaiem wallet, billfold, pocketbook

bexbex v.i. to foam at the mouth (as a dying

bezzaf 1. much, a lot, a great deal, too much, very much; many, too many, very many, numerous. had r-ražel ka-ımlek bezzaf d-le-wanet. That man has many (too many, numerous) stores. 2. very Eăndha bent mezyana bezzaf. She has a very pretty girl.—huwa mṛiḍ bezzaf. He's seriously ill. 3. too had l-kas d-atay sxun bezzaf. This glass of tea is too hot. 4. much, many, a lot of kayn l-zut bezzaf f-had l-wad. There are a lot of fish in this river. 5. very much, a lot ka-nzebbek bezzaf. I love you very much.

** had s-ii bezzaf Elik It's too much for

** had š-ši bezzaf Elih. It's too much for him; he's incapable of doing it.

¶ bezzaf d- much, many, a lot of kaynin bezzaf de-n-nas fe-z-zenqa. There are a lot of people in the street.

bezz men in spite of, unwillingly \neq , against the wishes of d-drari bqaw fe-d-day bezz mennhom. The children stayed home unwillingly.

bezzer v.t. 1. to season with ibzar 2. to give color to (a story, a tale)

bezzula pl. bzazel breast, teat

bezzez (be-z-zez) by force

¶ bezzez men same as bezz men

bezzez Ela v.t. to force (s.o.), to oblige (s.o.)
ma-tbezzez-š Eliya! Don't force me!

bžeg v.t. (v.n. bžig) to crush, to mash, to squash

bžig v.n. of bžeg

bežģeţ v.i. to babble, to prattle, to chatter senselessly (as a baby attempting to talk; also some metaphorical use in speaking of adults)

bežmat n.u. -a 1. small, sweet, hard cake(s), resembling a biscuit in consistency 2. long, narrow tile(s) used for flooring

bežmet v.t. to toast until hard (the bežmat)
bal 1. like, as, similar to, the same as

Eăndi keswa be al dyalek. I have a suit like yours. — zetta wazed ma-ka-yă eref idreb l-Eud be alu. No one knows how to play the lute like him. 2. such as ka-yă enel si-qumur qbie a, be al d-dbaz me a ž-žiran. He has some bad faults, such as his fighting with the neighbors.

** bz ali bz alu. We're (he and I are) both in the same situation; He and I are the same. —bz alu bz al bhah. He's a chip off the old block (just like his father). —bz alu bz al l-bermil. He looks just like a barrel.

¶ bzal bzal 1. alike huma bzal bzal
They're (very much) alike. 2. it's all the
same (to me), it doesn't make any difference waš takol daba wella ttsenna zetta
iži?—bzal bzal! Do you want to eat now

or wait until he comes?—It's all the same

¶ bz al-lli as though, as if ban-li bz al-lli ma-Eăndu ġaraḍ imši ixdem. It seemed as though he didn't want to go to work.

¶ tamam or tamamen bzal, bzal . . . tamam or tamamen just like had l-kebbut bzal dyali tamamen. This coat is just like mine.

¶ u-b z al had \check{s} - $\check{s}i$ and so forth, and so on, and the like

bzar pl. of bzăr

bzayer pl. of bzira

bzayri pl. -ya truck farmer, one who takes care of a truck garden

bez bez v.t. to make hoarse or husky (voice)
bzira pl. bzayer (dim. bziyyra) vegetable
garden

bezlet same as bezses

bzar pl. bzur, bzura, bzar (dim. bziyyer)
ocean, sea

¶ šra l-zut f-qa E le-bzăr to buy a pig in a poke

be-zra 1. just be-zra ža. He just arrived.

2. hardly, barely be-zra şab l-weqt baš išiyyet snanu. He hardly had time to brush his teeth. 3. so (that) xeşsna nrež zu bekri be-zra ntşuwwqu. We've got to get back early so we can go shopping.

bez rar n.u. -a (sea) shell mšaw d-drari l-le-bz ăr ileqqtu l-bez rar. The children have gone to the ocean to pick up some shells.

be ri 1. pl. -yen maritime, sea-going, of the sea 2. pl.-ya sailor, seaman, mariner

be ses (f-) to stare (at), to gaze fixedly (at) be et f- (v.n. be t) to investigate, to look into, to inquire into bdina nbe tu f-had l-qadiya ž-žem alli fatet. We began investigating this case last week.

¶ bzet Ela to search for, to look for bezt pl. abzat, buzut 1. v.n. of bzet 2. investigation, inquest 3. research

b z u r, b z u r a pl. of $b z \tilde{a} r$

bEad v.i. to become or get farther (away)
s-siyara bqat tebEad tebEad zetta jabet
Ela Eăyniya. The car got further and
further away until it disappeared from
sight.

bEad pl. of bEid

bā bul n.u. -a 1. slug (gastropod) 2. (adj.) very fat, obese (person)

bă bă v.i. to bleat (sheep)

bă Ed after bă Ed le-žtima E gadi thun

wazed l-zefla. After the meeting there will be a reception. —băzd naklu nemšiw le-s-sinima. After we eat we're going to the show.

¶ men bă&d 1. after (as bă&d) 2. afterwards, later ġad nekteb-lu men bă&d. I'll

write him later. 3. then aži naklu daba u-men bā & d nemšiw le-s-sinima. Let's eat now and then go to the show.

¶ bă Ed-ma after (conj.) bă Ed-ma naklu nă Emel-lu tilifun. After we eat l'll call him,

¶ bă E d-emma, bă E d-ella although, even though bă E d-emma E ăyyan ža l-l-xedma. Even though he's sick, he came to work.

be ad comp. of beid

bold distance, state of being far (away)

\$\tilde{c}al \, de-l-bold \, (kayen) \, ma-bin \, fas

u-r-pbat? What's the distance between Fez

and Rabat?

¶ bla bo\(\xi\)d not long ago, very recently ¶ men l-bo\(\xi\)d from afar, a long way off, from a distance šeftu men l-bo\(\xi\)d. I saw him from a distance.

¶ Ela bo Ed at a distance of žat meknas Ela bo Ed settin kilumitr men fas. Meknes lies at a distance of sixty kilometers from Fez.

bă da 1. already mša bă da. He's already left. 2. first aži naklu bă da, ead nšerbu atay. Let's eat first then have some tea. 3. at least qul-lna bă da gir šnu emelti l-barez. Tell us at least what you did yesterday. —u-kan gir qalha-li bă da. He could at least have told me. 4. as for bă da hiya e ammerha ma-kanet hna. As

for her, she's never been here.

bă E d some bă E d le-mgarba ka-te E žebhom l-qehwa. Some Moroccans like coffee.

Thă E dhom to bă E d (nl) each other one

¶ $b\check{a} \xi dhom\phi$ $b\check{a} \xi d$ (pl.) each other, one another ddarbu $b\check{a} \xi dhom$ $b\check{a} \xi d$. They fought one another.

¶ bă Ed l-merrat sometimes ¶ l-bă Ed f- (or men) some of l-bă Ed fe-t-talaba labsin mer. Some of the students are wearing red.

bă Ediyat (with pl. pron. endings) each other, one another ma-qessru Ela bă Ediyathom be-d-derb. They didn't spare the blows with each other. —tgamzu bă Ediyathom. They winked at each other.

b id pl. b ad (comp. b ad) far, distant, a long way (from) l-busta b ida men (or ala) had l-ma all. The post office is a long way from this place.

** bEid baš ikun ržeE men d-dar l-bida

l-barez, Ela-zegq-aš Eămmru

ma-mša-lha. It's quite impossible that he returned yesterday from Casablanca, because he's never been there. —ma-ši bčid. It's quite possible.

bEir camels (in general)

bčăr v.i. to defecate, to void excrement (animals)

bčăr n.u. bčră dung, droppings (excrement)

bčăt v.t. 1. (no v.n.) to send 2. (v.n. băčt) to resurrect

bă t 1. v.n. of b t at 2 2. resurrection ¶ yum l-bă t final Judgment Day

b ¿ ăž v.t. 1. to beat, to give a beating to bă ¿ žuh u-men bă ¿ d ddaw-lu flusu. They gave him a beating and then took his money away from him. 2. to castrate (domestic fowl)

bă E čăd 1. v.t., to get, take, or move away bă E čăd dik l-buța men l-E afya! Get that (oil, gas) drum away from the fire! 2. v.i., to get or move away bă E čăd menni! Get away from me!

¶ bă E E ăd men to avoid

D

d- (de- before consonant cluster) 1. of Etini senduq d-le-wqid. Give me a box of matches. —tebģi ši-kas de-l-ma? Would you like a glass of water? —kanu bezzaf de-n-nas fe-l-zefla. There were a lot of people at the party. —nsit l-Zonwan d-dak le-ktab. I forgot the title of that book.

2. used to indicate possessive s-siyara l-Zāmmi ma-zala ždida. My uncle's car is still new. 3. used in counting with certain numbers (especially three through ten)
Zāndu tlata d-le-wlad u-rebZa d-le-bnat. He has three sons and four daughters.

¶šzal d- how much, how many šzal d-atay ka-tešrob? How much tea do you drink?

da used in the set expr.: men da u-ždid anew, all over again

¶ ma da bihø 1. to like (very much) to ≠ ma da biya nešriha mennek be-l-zăqq daba ma-imken-li-š. I would like very much to buy it from you but I can't now. 2. indicates the appropriateness or necessity of s.o.'s action ma da bik temši daba. You'd better go now.

dab idub v.i. (v.n. duban) to melt, to dissolve daba 1. now, at the present time 2. used as a particle before verbs to express the (immediate) future daba ngulha-lu mnayn iži. I'll tell him when he comes.

¶ daba daba immediately

¶ daba Ead just daba Ead mšat. She has just left.

¶ men daba in men daba Eamayn iržă E. He will return in two years.

Imen daba l-fuq, men daba l-qoddam from now on

dabed pl. dwabed compasses, dividers dada (no art.; inh. poss.) nurse, nanny dafuniya pl. -t punch or blow with the fist

dafe Ela (v.n. difa E) to defend dağur pl. -in one who lacks the normal ability

to use his deductive powers or to learn easily (pejorative)

da@imăn same as daymăn

dak m. (often f.) f. dik pl. duk that dak l-weld rasu qaşez, ma-bga-š ittesmā.

That boy is stubborn, he won't listen.

—be-šzal šriti dak l-magana? How much did you pay for that watch?

¶f-dak l-wegt, f-dak s-sa & a at that time,

then

dakăr pl. dkura penis dala pl. -t surf

dalil pl. ? adilla 1. guide (person) 2. guidebook 3. proof, evidence 4. v.n. of dell

dalya pl. -t, dwali grapevine

dam idum v.i. (v.n. mdawma, dwam) to last, to continue zetta zaža ma-ka-ddum f-had d-dunya. Nothing lasts in this world.

¶ ma-dam as long as ≠ ma-demti ka-teqra mezyan, ma-čăndek mn-aš txaf. As long as you keep studying hard, you'll be all right.

damawi pl. -yen gay, jovial (characteristic of

personality)

damim pl. -in contemptible, despicable daq iduq v.t. (v.n. duqan) to taste & ămmri ma-deqt makelthom. I've never tasted their food.

dar idir v.t. (v.n. diran) 1. to do aš kan ka-idir temma? What was he doing there?
2. to put derti zwayžek fe-š-šanta? Did you put your things in the suitcase?

** kif dayrin (a.p.) xutek? How are your

brothers?

¶ dar bzal to be or act like, to resemble ¶ dar f- to settle aš derti f-dak l-qaḍiya

m a žarek? How did you settle that matter with your neighbor?

¶ darha~ b- to trick, to play a trick on daruha bih Eawed. They tricked him again.

daraža pl. -t (dim. driža) 1. rank, position Etaweh daraža d-safir. He was given the rank of ambassador. 2. degree l-zarara teļ Eet žuž de-d-daražat. The temperature has gone up two degrees.

¶ men d-daraža l-luwwla first-rate, firstclass had atay men d-daraža l-luwwla. This is first-rate tea.

¶ dṛiža be-dṛiža (dim.) little by little, step by step

dariž, dariži used in the expr.:

¶ l-lisan d-dariž or l-luġa d-dariža the spoken language (i.e., colloquial as opposed to Modern Standard Arabic)

¶ (l-Eărbiya) d-dariža colloquial (Moroccan) Arabic (as opposed to Modern Standard Arabic)

dasayes pl. of dasisa

dasisa pl. -t, dasayes, dsayes conspiracy, intrigue

daser a.p. of dser (same as dser)
dat (f., no pl.) (human) body

¶ be-d-dat, b-datu ϕ exactly dak š-ši lli qal-lek be-d-dat. That's exactly what he told you.

dawa v.t. to cure, to heal, to remedy

dawam same as dwam

dawawin pl. of diwan

dawem v.t. 1. to perpetuate, to bestow perpetually, to do (s.th.) forever *llah idawem* Elik s-sezza! May you always enjoy good health! 2. to do (s.th.) steadily, regularly kollna dawemna l-xedma Zam luwwel. We all worked regularly last year.

¶ part. mdawem pl. -in 1. persistent huwa ražel mdawem ¿ăl ș-sļa. He's persistent in his praying. 2. permanent, perpetual s-syam ma-ši mdawem. The Fast isn't a perpetual thing.

dax idux v.i. (v.n. duxa) to get dizzy, to get seasick daxet b-quwt š-šţiz u-tazet. She got dizzy from all the dancing and fell down.

daxili pl. -yen 1. internal 2. boarder (in a school)

daxel l- or Ela (s.o.) b- (s.th.) to beg or beseech (s.o.) for the sake of (s.th.) daxelt Elik be-s-sez ba lli binatna ila ma tebqa mEana. For the sake of our friendship I beg you to stay with us.

daxel 1. inside, inner part 2. (pl. dwaxel) intimate and secret matters

¶ l-daxel inside, within

daxlani same as dexlani

dayman always, forever

dayra pl. -t, dwayer 1. circle 2. surroundings 3. entourage

¶ dwayer (pl.) z-zman ups and downs, vicissitudes

dayt used in the expr. men daytuφ l-γaşuφ on one's own (responsibility), without asking permission or consulting anyone

daz iduz (v.n. dwaz) 1. v.t. and v.i. to pass (by), to go by ¿ad dazet (men hna). She just passed by. —dak s-siyara dazetna b-sor ¿a kbira. That car passed us at great speed. 2. v.i. to pass dezti f-le-mtizan

dyalek? Did you pass your exam?

** dezna Elihom. We went by for them

—dazet! Agreed! O.K.

¶ dayzu~ (a.p.) le-klam excellent, perfect dar es same as dz es

da idi v.i. (v.n. di a) 1. to spread

le-xbar bda idi & f-le-mdina. The news has begun to spread through the town. 2. to wander, to roam

da ama pl. -t support, prop (also metaphorical)

dbab n.u. -a horsefly dbaben pl. of debban

dbabez pl. of debbuz

dbal v.i. 1. to fade l-werda lli Etaha bdat tedbal. The flower he gave her is fading. 2. to turn pale, to become pale wežhu dbal men qellt š-šems. His face has become pale from lack of sun.

dbali pl. of debla

dbalež pl. of debliž

dbari pl. of debra

dbayer pl. of dbiza dbaz pl. -at quarrel, dispute

debbag pl. -a tanner

debban n.u. -a cpl. dbaben fly

debbar adj. pl. -in n. pl. -a resourceful, knowing how to get what one wants

debbeb to walk with pain or laborious difficulty, to drag along Ead nad men l-merda dyalu u-daba rah ka-idebbeb. He's just gotten up from being sick and now he's just dragging along.

debbel v.i. to fade l-werd bda idebbel. The flowers are fading.

debber f- to find, to (manage to) get ba Eda debbret f-ši-zaža ma tă&mel. At least she's found something to do.

¶ debber l-rasu ϕ to shift for oneself

¶ debber m a to handle (s.th. or s.o.) oneself, to take care of ana gad-ndebber mea had l-weld. I'm going to handle this boy myself.

debbuz pl. dbabez cudgel, club

debbez v.t. 1. to give a beating to (s.o.) 2. to

¶ debbez f- same as debbez above dbir v.n. of dber (same as dber)

dbiz v.n. of dbcz

dbiz v.n. of dbez

dbiz a pl. -t, dbayez 1. v.n. of dbez 2. slaughter 3. slaughtered animal

4. sacrificial sheep of Greater Bairam

debla pl. -t, dbali 1. gnat 2. the part of the wick exposed for burning (candle, lamp) debliž pl. dbalež bracelet

dber same as dber

dbez (v.n. dbiz) 1. v.t. (v.n. also debz) to botch 2. v.i. to talk nonsense 3. v.t. to cram, to fill to repletion, to crowd

I dbez f- to give a beating to

debz v.n. of dbez 1

debza pl. -t 1. n.i. of dbez 2. blow of the fist 3. brawl

dbez v.t. (v.n. dbiz, dbiza) to slaughter deb a 1. n.i. of dbez 2. pl. -t slaughter

dda (a.p. meddi, dday) 1. to take, to carry flusha kollhom ddathom m& aha. She took all her money with her.—ddina s-snadeq Eal le-bhayem. We carried the boxes on the mules. 2. to take (time) had l-xedma

gad-teddi bezzaf de-l-weqt. This work is going to take a lot of time. 3. to take (away) šzal d-le-flus dda-lek dak š-šeffar? How much money did that thief take from you? —weld & ămmi dda-li l-makina

de-t-teswir dyali. My cousin took my

camera away from me. 4. to take, to buy ma-ddit zetta zaža men dak l-zanut. I didn't buy anything from that shop. 5. to receive, to get, to obtain xti ddat l-ža@iza l-luwwla. My sister received the first prize. 6. to gain, to get, to benefit snu dditi men dak l-bi a u-šerya? What did you get out of that deal?

¶ $dda(ha\sim)$ f- to pay attention to Eămmṛi ma-dditha fe-klamu. I never paid any attention to what he said.

¶ $ddah^{\phi}$ n-n \mathcal{E} as to fall asleep $\neq bda$ iddih n-n & as. He's falling asleep.

¶ dda Ela to pay attention to ila ddina Eliha & ămmerna la-mšına men hna. If we pay attention to her we'll never leave here. $^{\varrho}edda$ v t. (v.n. $^{\varrho}ada^{\varrho}$) 1. to pay (s.th. or s.o.) 2. to pay for (s.th.) 3. to carry out, to fulfil (duty, obligation)

ddabez v.i. to fight, to have a fight (verbal or physical)

ddaker v.i. to have a discussion, to talk things over

ddar same as tdar (m.p. of dar)

ddawa v.i. 1. (in impf. tense) to be treated (for illness) 2. (in perfect tense) to be cured (of illness) 3. to be curable (disease) 4. to be solvable (problem)

ddaxel (f-) 1. to get involved (in) (willingly or otherwise) 2. to interfere (in, with), to stick one's nose (into)

ddaxer same as dexxer

dday a.p. of dda

ddazes v.i. to jostle or crowd one another ¶ ddazes mEa to jostle, to crowd (s.o.) dda a v.i. 1. to sue one another, to bring suit against each other 2. to claim

ka-idda iw bin hiya benthom. They claim

she's their daughter.

¶ dda&a m&a (same as dda&a) dda&a meaha. He and she have brought suit against each other.

geddeb v.t. 1. to bring up, to educate waldih ma-Eărfu-š igeddbuh. His parents didn't know how to bring him up. 2. to correct

ma-teeddbu gir l-quwwa. Only force can ma-def Eu-li s-sel Ea lli žat. They still haven't delivered to me the merchandise ¶ part. m? eddeb pl. -in polite, courteous, which has arrived 4. to pay dfa & t-lu lli kan well-bred ka-1salni. I paid him what I owed him. ddfu same as ttfu ** ka-1 E ežbu idfă E sidi E ăzzuz. He ddegdeg v.i. to break into (many) pieces likes to be coaxed. ddegg same as tdegg (m.p. of degg) ¶ dfă& le-kdub to tell lies ddekk same as tdekk (m.p. of dekk) def&a 1. n.i. of dfa 2. payment saftet-lu ddell same as tdell (m.p. of dell) d-def a l-luwwla. She sent him the first ddellel m.p. of dellel payment. dden, ?edden 1. v.t. to announce (prayer), degdeg v.t. 1. to smash degdgu-lu z-zaža de-s-siyara. They smashed his car window. to make the call to (prayer) le-mwedden edden le-fžer. The muezzin has made the 2. to crush, to reduce to fine particles, to call to the dawn prayer. 2. v.i. to be called pulverize (prayer) dden d-dhur aw ma-zal? Has the ¶ degdeg Ela (or fuq) to stamp on, to noon prayer been called yet? trample (on) ddegg same as tdegg (m p. of degg) degg idogg v.t. (v.n. deggan) 1. to crush, to dderbel v.i. to get old or worn out (clothes) pulverize 2. to drive (nail, peg) dderdeb v.i. to roll (as a ball; usually down ** bagi ka-idegg w-idegdeg. He is still a grade) vigorous. dderra m.p. of derra degg cpl. dgug, dgugat jewelry dderreg same as dderreg deggag pl. -a jeweler dduwwez m.p. of duwwez deggan v.n. of degg ddexxem v.i. to live high, to live in luxury daia flour (wheat) and pleasure dgug, dgugat cpl. of degg ¶ ddexxem b- to get the most advantage, degdeg v.t. to tickle (usually a baby) degdeg (no pl.) used in the expr. Emel use, or profit from or out of (usually degdeg l- to tickle money) ddezz same as tdezz (m.p. of dezz) dogri pl. -yen 1. serious-minded 2. industrious dfa idfa v.i. (v.n. dfawa) to get warm 3. straight Eăndak tewqef f-ši-maz ăll, sir (water, weather) l-zal bda idfa. It's dogri le-d-dar! Don't stop anywhere, go getting warm. straight home! dfal 1. v.n. of dfel 2. spit, saliva degya quickly, immediately, rapidly dfali pl. of defla dha idhi v.t. (v.n. mdahya) to distract dfawa 1. v.n. of dfa 2. warmth ¶ p.p. medhi pl. -yen 1. busy, occupied dfaven pl. of dfina (person) 2. distracted, day-dreaming deff pl. dfuf kind of square tambourine withdhales pl. of dehlis out jingles dhani pl. of dhen and dehna dfef pl. of deffa dhaz pl. -at trousseau deffa pl. -t, dfef leaf of a double door dheb gold ¶ deffa de-š-šeržem (window) shutter dehbi golden dehdenni (no pl.) heavy, obese, fat (implies deffeg v.t, to spill (liquids only) deffen v.i. to give a beating bqaw ideffnu-lu slow, difficult movements; no insult zetta Elayen mat. They gave him such a implied) beating he nearly died. dehhab pl. -a gilder, one who gilds dfin v.n. of dfen dehheb v.t. to gild dfina pl. -t, dfayen over-garment of thin madehhen v.t. 1. to stroke, to pet (animal, child) terial worn by women 2. to put grease or oil on (hair, chicken to عdfie v.n. of dfă dfel (v.n. dfal) 1. v.t. to spit out 2. v.i. to spit ¶ dehhen Ela to bribe, to grease the palm defla pl. -t, dfali 1. n.i. of dfel 2. spit, saliva dfen v.t. (v.n. dfin) to bury dehheš v.t. to astonish dhin v.n. of dhen dfuf pl. of deff v.n. of dfaق dhiš v.n. of dheš dfae v.t. (v.n. dfie, dfue) 1. to push ila dehlis pl. dhales 1. basement, cellar ma-baat-ši temši had s-siyara ndef Euha. 2. labyrinth If this car won't start we'll push it. 2. to dhem f. dehma pl. duhem pitch-black (horse) spend le-flus llı kanu & ăndha kollhom dhen v.t. (v.n. dhin) to grease, to anoint def E athom. She spent all the money she ¶dhen l-zălq l- to bribe dehnet-lhom had. 3. to give, to deliver ma-zal Zălqhom. She bribed them.

dhen pl. dhani greasy substance

dehna pl. -t, dhani any greasy or oily substance (lubricating oil, grease, ointment, etc.)

I dehna de-ṛ-ṛaş hair oil

dehri pl. -yen atheist

dheš v.i. (v.n. dhiš) 1. to be astonished, to be amazed dehšu melli šafuh neqqez Ela s-sur u-ma-wqāE-lu-šay. They were amazed to see him jump over the wall without getting hurt. 2. to hesitate, to be afraid to ka-idheš itkellem m£a bbah f-had l-muwduE. He hesitates to talk with his father on this subject.

dehša n.i. of dheš

dehšan pl. -in 1. frightened 2. amazed

3. hesitant

di same as lli

dib pl. dyab, dyuba wolf

didban (no art.) large piles or stacks of s.th. (emphatic; also metaphorical; often more emphatic with adj. kzāl) Eăndu didban le-kzāl d-le-flus! He's filthy rich!

didi pl. -yen purplish

difa 2 1. v.n. of dafe 2. defense

dik pl. dyuk, dyuka rooster

dik f. of dak

dikr v.n. of dker

diktatur pl. -iyen dictator

diktaturi pl. -yen dictatorial

dil pl. dyul, dyula 1. tail 2. end, extremity dima always, constantly

men dima all the time

dimašą Damascus

dimuqrați pl. -yen 1. democratic

2. Democratic (American political party)

dimuqrațiya democracy

din pl. dyan, adyan religion

Sqlil d-din pl. qlalin d-din 1. irreligious

2. morally untrustworthy, rascal

din pl. dyun, dyunat debt

¶ be-d-din on credit koll-ši šraweh

be-d-din. They bought everything on credit.

¶ be-d-din, be-d-dyunat in debt rah gareq

be-d-din. He's up to his ears in debt.

" mul d-din pl. mwalin d-din creditor

 $\{\ell\}$ lih ϕ d-din to be in debt \neq

dini pl. -yen religious

dign pl. eedgan same as dgen

diraya pl. -t knowledge, know-how

dis n.u. -a rush had le-erd Eamya be-d-dis.

This field is full of rushes.

diwan pl. dawawin 1. council, cabinet 2. collection of poems

diwana 1. (no pl.) customs, import duties xelleşt d-diwana fe-l-merşa. I paid the customs at the harbor. 2. pl. -t customshouse

diwani pl. -yen customs officer

diya pl. -t 1. amount of money paid to the

family or relatives of a dead or injured person by the one who has caused the death or injury 2. imprisonment or other sentence suffered for the crime described in 1 above

diyana pl. -t 1. piety 2. religious doctrine

diyyen pl. -in religious, pious

diyyă v.t. 1. to spread (news) 2. to broadcast (radio)

dižla used in the expr. năhṛ dižla the Tigris River

di&a v.n. of da&

di aya pl. -t 1. (bit of) propaganda 2. advertisement (of a product) 3. rumor

dkaken pl. of dokkana

dekk (v.n. dekkan) 1. v.t. to tamp down 2. v.t. to fill up, to stuff 3. v.i. to take a sip of tea (while smoking) ma-ka-yă ξ-ref-š ikmi bla-ma idekk. He can't smoke without taking a sip of tea.

¶ p.p. medkuk pl. -in small and young-looking (for one's age)

dekka 1. n.i. of dekk 2. pl. -t sip or quantity of tea (taken while smoking)

dekkan v.n. of dekk

dokkana pl. -t, dkaken stone bench

dokkima pl. -t blow of the fist

dekken v.t. to stuff ma-kan Elaš ddekken s-senduq b-had l-belEa d-le-zwayež. You didn't have to stuff the box with so many things.

¶ dekkenha~ to stuff oneself with food ¶ dekken l- to give a beating to

¶ dekken Ela to stamp on (e.g., ground)
dekker v.i. to chant prayers or religious
poetry, either formally or informally

dekker v.t. 1. to pollenize, to fecundate, to fertilize 2. (f-) to remind (of) daba nz awel ndekkru fiha. I'll try to remind him of it.

dekkes v.t. 1. to press, to tamp 2. to stuff dekkset-li š-šanţa b-le-zwayež l-balyen. She stuffed my suitcase with old clothes.

dker v.t. (v.n. dikr) to mention, to cite dker-li had l-qadiya be-l-Zăqq ma-fesserha-li-š. He mentioned the matter to me but he didn't explain it.

¶ dker llah to praise God, to say liturgical prayers

dker pl. dkura 1. male had l-bertal dker wella nta? Is this bird a male or a female?

2. penis

dkura pl. of dakar and dker

dlal pl. of dlil

dlala pl. -t 1. v.n. of dellel 2. auction

¶ xerrež le-d-dlala to put up for auction dlalez cpl. of dellaz dlagem pl. of delqum

dlawi pl. of dlu

delga pl. -t 1. minor scandal, flap 2. predicament, tight spot

dlik v.n. of dlek dlil pl. -in, dlal (comp. dell) 1. vile, base 2. cowardly 3. lazy dlek v.t. (v.n. dlik) to rub, to massage mnavn temši l-l-z ammam qul l-l-kiyyas idlek-lek dehrek. When you go to the (public) bath ask the masseur to rub your back. 2. to knead (dough) dell v.i. (v.n. dellan) 1. to mean, to indicate, to show had š-ši ka-idell bi-gennahom ma-gad-iqeblu-š. This shows that they won't accept. 2. to humiliate ¶ dell b- (v.n. doll, dell) to humiliate ¶ dell Ela (v.n. dalil, dellan) to prove, to show, to indicate, to demonstrate dell, doll v.n. of dell (in dell b-) dell comp. of dlil della v.t. 1. to hang, to suspend 2. to stick out (arm, head, etc.) della v.n. of ndell dellal pl. -a auctioneer dellan v.n. of dell dellas pl. -a, -in fraudulent, deceitful (person) dellaz n.u. -a cpl. dlalez watermelon della same as dellaz dellel (v.n. dlala) 1. v.t. to sell at auction, to auction off 2. v.i. to be an auctioneer delles v.i. to cheat, to use fraud delgima pl. -t uppercut (blow of the fist) delgem v.t. 1. to strike with an uppercut 2. to rein in (horse) delqum pl. dlagem muzzle, snout (animal) dlu pl. delwan, dlawi leather bucket (for drawing water) delwan pl. of dlu dmag pl. -at brain, mind ¶ $dmaqu^{\phi}$ tqil. to be slow-minded. dense ≠ ¶ $dmagu\phi$ xfif. to be quick-minded \neq dmalež pl. of demliž dmamel pl. of demmala dman pl. -at 1. rudder 2. steering wheel dmanži pl. -ya 1. quartermaster 2. helmsman, stee rsm an dmayat pl. of demm demģi mental, done in the head (said of calculations) hada gir z sab demgi. I just figured it out in my head. dmingu f. -ya pl. -yat little man, peewee dmir v.n. of dmer demliž pl. dmalež bracelet demm f- (v.n. demman) to slander, to backdemm pl. dmayat (of intensity) blood gir huwa duwwez Eăl l-kebš u-d-dmayat bdat ka-tsil. As soon as he cut the lamb's throat, the blood began to flow ** šarkin d-demm. They are related by

blood.

¶ binathom ϕ (pl.) d-demm (to be) blood relatives ≠ ¶ demm le-wžeh honor, dignity ¶ demm s-snan pet aversion ¶ \dot{g} la d-demm f- to be extremely angry \neq , to see the with anger $\neq gla$ fiha d-demm. She was mad as a hornet. Txerrež d-demm, zuwwel d-demm to have blood let, to bleed glal n-nas lli ma-zalin ka-ixerržu d-demm fe-l-megrib. In Morocco, very few people still have their blood let. demma Ela to accuse (s.o.) of being ressponsible for a mishap or some damage demma pl. -t 1. protection huwa tezt d-demma dyali. He is under my protection. 2. responsibility dak š-ši f-demmtu. That's his responsibility. demmala pl. -t, dmamel abscess, boil demman v.n. of demm demmiya pl. -t responsibility gal-lek dak š-ši f-demmiytu. He says that's his responsibility. demmä & v.i. to snivel dmer v.i. (v.n. dmir) to rush, to hurry ma-kayen Elaš ddmer, ma-zal l-z al. You don't need to rush, you still have time. dmes same as dmes dmu E pl. of dem Ea dem & a pl. -t, dmu & tear (from eyes) eden same as eidn dnaden pl. of dendna dnadni pl. -ya musician dnafel pl. of denfil dnaya same as dnaya denb pl. dnub sin I dar d-dnub to sin ¶ dda d-dnub to commit sins denba tail (of small animals) ** šafet fiva be-d-denba d- ¿ ayniha. She looked at me out of the corner of her eye. ¶ denba de-l-garru cigaret butt denden v.i. to play a musical instrument (casually or informally) ka-idenden & ăl 1-Eud dyalu. He's strumming on his lute. dendna pl. -t, dnaden music dendul pl. dnadel pendulum denfil pl. dnafel porpoise dnub pl. of denb denya, donya pl. -t 1. world, universe 2. life d-denya hadi. That's life. 3. wealth, fortune ** tele et-lha d-denya f-rasha. She is sick and tired of living. denžal same as bdenžal dga veg pl. of dgiga dqiq 1. (no pl.) flour 2. pl. -in (comp. deqq) fine, minute dqiqa pl. -t, dqayeq minute (of time) dgen pl. dqun chin deqq v.t. or v.i. (v.n. deqq, doqq, deqqan)

1. to knock ši-wazed ka-idegą fe-l-bab. Somebody is knocking at the door. 2. to crush, to pound, to pulverize 3. to grind up, to hash (meat for kefta) 4. to drive (nail) ¶ deqq Ela to call at (s.o.'s) door by knocking deqqina בliha l-bare u-ma-lqinaha-š. We knocked on her door yesterday, but we didn't find her. degg, dogg v.n. of degg ¶ Eta d-deqq 1. to work unceasingly 2. to eat a great deal degg comp. of dgiq deqqa pl. -t 1. blow, knock 2. beat d-deqqa de-t-tbel ma-ši bz al de-t-terr. The beat of the drum is different from that of the tambourine. ¶ fda deqqtu ϕ to avenge oneself, to get revenge deggan v.n. of degg deqqaq pl. -a 1. one who hashes meat with a hatchet 2. a man who awakens the people during Ramadan for the dawn meal, by knocking on their doors with a hammer. deggeg v.t. to specify dra rust drabek pl. of derbuka drabki pl. -ya derbuka player drabel pl. of derbala drahem, drahem pl. of derhem, derhem drari pl. of derri dras v.n. of dres draweš pl. of derwiš draz pl. -at workshop (shoemaker and weaver) dra & same as dra & derb pl. druba (dim. driba, driyyeb) alley, small street derbala pl. -t, drabel old, worn-out piece of clothing derba 1. aptitude, skill 2. experience, training derbuka pl. -t, drabek oblong tambourine without jingles derd coarse sediment derdar (no pl.) ash (tree) derdeb v.t. to cause to tumble down, to cause to roll down ¶ p.p. mderdeb pl. -in rough, rugged (terrain, road) derder Ela to powder, to dust derderti s-sokkar Eăl l-zălwa? Did you powder the cake with sugar? dreg n.u. derga cactus derhem, derhem pl. drahem, drahem dirham (basic unit of Moroccan currency) driba dim. of derb drik v.n. of drek driri dim. of derri dris v.n. of dres drisi pl. -yen descendant of Moulay Idris driža dim. of daraža

drek v.t. (v.n. drik) 1. to obtain, to get ila Emelti žehdek kollu, lli bgitiha ddrekha. 1f you put forth all your efforts, you'll get anything you want. 2. to reach, to arrive at l-murad dyalha derkettu. She reached her drer pl. of derra derra 1. v.i. to rust 2. v.t. to winnow 3. v.t. to sprinkle (powder) derra pl. -t, drer handkerchief ¶ derra de-l-ĕănq shawl, cashmere ¶ derra de-ṛ-ṛaş scarf derraga same as derraga derras pl. -a thresher (person) derrasa pl. -t threshing-machine derraz pl. -a weaver (usually of blankets) derra & pl. -a good swimmer derreb Ela or f- to train derreg same as derreg derri pl. drari, derriya (dim. driri) little boy derriya 1. pl. -t little girl 2. pl. of derri dorriya pl. -t offspring, posterity derrem f- to run into derrem fiya be-l-bišklita dyalu. He ran into me with his bicycle. derreg same as derreg derres v.t. to teach (s.o. s.th.), to instruct (s.o.) in (s.th.) derra 2 1. v.t. to embrace, to take in one's arms 2. to take (s.th.) by the armful 3. v.i. to swim with a breast stroke dres v.t. (v.n. dras, dris) to thresh druba pl. of derb druk now drue pl. of drae 2 and 3 druとa pl. of drăと 3 derwa pl. -t hump (camel) derwis pl. drawes 1. poor, needy 2. harmless (person) dră 2 1. pl. der Ean forearm 2. pl. dru E, der Ean beam of a pair of scales 3. du. der Eayn pl. dru E, dru Ea cubit ¶ be-d-dră E by force der an pl. of dra 2 1 and 2 der ¿i n.u. -ya sea perch dsam grease (machinery) dsara same as dsara dsayes pl. of dasisa dessem v.t. to smear (with a greasy substance) desser same as desser desses v.i. to grope hebtet ka-ddesses fe-d-druž. She groped her way down the stairs. dsara pl. -t 1. v.n. of dser 2. impertinence, dser (Ela) v.i. (v.n. dsara) to be impertinent (toward) dak l-weld bda idser Ela waldih. That boy is becoming impertinent toward

his parents.

dsuri pl. -yen impertinent, insolent

dšiš 34 dšiš, dšiša wheat partly ground, used for a duwwex v.t. to make dizzy duwwez 1. to accept bgana nduwwzu-lu kind of soup š-šurut kollha. He wants us to accept all dšer pl. dšur, dšura village deššen v.t. to inaugurate, to open wazir his conditions. 2. to pass ma-duwwzuha-š t-tă Elim deššen tlata de-l-madaris l-barez. zit ma-kanu-š Eăndha n-nuqaț mezyanin. The Minister of Education inaugurated They didn't pass her because she didn't have good grades. —duwwzu-lu t-twal three schools yesterday. dšur, dšura pl. of dšer Ela Eănqu. They passed the rope around his neck. —l-mežlis duwwez l-multamas lli duban v.n. of dab dubur anus (often extended to include the qeddem ra@is l-zukuma. The Council buttocks) passed the motion made by the Premier. dud n.u. -a worm 3. to let pass, to allow ma-ka-iduwwzu-š l-Eăfyun fe-d-diwana. They don't let duda 1. n.u. of dud 2. passion, great appetite, great desire fih duda kbira de-l-kura. He opium pass at the customs. 4. to consume has a great passion for football. (a main beverage or food, with s.th. else) duhem pl. of dhem žul l-Qurubbiyen ka-iduwwzu makelthom dula 1. pl. -t, dwel herd, flock 2. pl. duwwăl be-š-šrab. Most Europeans drink wine with nation 3. government ru? asa? d-duwwăl their meals. -duwwezna ? atay be-n-nwa kollhom jad-idžem u ž-žem a ž-žayya. meqli. We had toasted almonds with tea. All government heads are going to convene 5. to take (an examination) next week. I duwwez Ela 1. to review gad-nduwwez du-l-qă Eda eleventh month of the Muslim Eăl d-duruș dyali qbel le-mtizan. I'm lunar calendar going to review my lessons before the exam. 2. to slaughter, to slit the throat of (sheep, du-l-zižža twelfth month of the Muslim lunar etc.) calendar dum n.u. -a 1. dwarf palm-tree 2. bunch of duwwăε (f-) to stare (at) leaves of a dwarf palm-tree duxa v.n. of dax duza 1. n.i. of daz 2. stroke l-gezzar daz Eăl dumali pl. -yen rich l-kebš duza wezda be-ž-ženwi. The butcher duminu dominoes (game) slaughtered the sheep with a single stroke dun without (prep.) ** ma-gad-ndir-ši men dun dak š-ši dun. of the knife. That's all I'm going to busy myself with. ** žabettu d-duza dak n-nhay u-Eyedt ¶ b-dun without (prep.) Elih itgedda mEaya. He happened to pass ¶ b-dun-ma without (conj.) by the other day, and I invited him to have lunch with me. ¶ dun-ma without (conj.) mša dun-ma itleb t-tesriz. He left without asking perduzan pl. -at set of tools dužanbir December mission. duz pl. dwaz bower, arbor I men-dun besides škun kan temma men du Ea pl. -t 1. prayer 2. wish dun bbak? Who was there besides your dwa idwi v.i. 1. to talk, to chatter 2. to refather? Imen dun-ma without (conj.) verberate duni pl. -yen 1. vile 2. of inferior quality ¶ dwa f- to slander

dunya same as denya

duq pl. dwaq, edwaq 1. taste, savor 2. taste, inclination

dugan v.n. of dag

duwla same as dula

duwwa v.t. 1. to speak to hadi šzal

ma-duwwatu zit țiyyru-lha dak n-nhar. She hasn't spoken to him for some time because he offended her the other day. 2. to make talk ma-qder zădd iduwwi had babgiyu. Nobody could make this parrot

duwway pl. -a talkative

duwweb v.t. 1. to melt 2. to liquefy

duwwed 1. to get wormy, to be full of worms

2. to rot, to decay

duwwăl pl. of dula 2 and 3

duwwem v.t. to prolong, to perpetuate

dwa (m.) pl. -yat, ? adwiya, ? edwiya 1. medicine (drug) 2. remedy, cure

dwabed pl. of dabed

dwali pl. of dalya

dwam 1. v.n. of dam 2. perseverance l-xedma s-sEiba ma-ka-ttsuwweb gir be-s-sber u-d-dwam. Hard work is completed only through patience and perseverance.

3. eternity

¶ dar d-dwam the other world

¶ & ăl d-dwam constantly, always, for-

dwaq, ?edwaq pl. of duq dwaxel pl. of daxel 2 dwaya pl. -t ink-well

dwayer pl. of dayra

dwaz 1. v.n. of daz 2. anything, such as food or drink, served with bread

dwaz pl. of duz

dwida pl. -t 1. passion (sexual) 2. vermicelli dwira pl. -t 1. small house, cottage 2. apartment

dwiriya pl. -t 1. small apartment 2. kitchen in

a large house *edwiya pl. of dwa

dwel pl. of dula 1

dxali pl. of dexla

dxašeš pl. of dexšuša

dxaxen pl. of doxxan

dxayer pl. of dxira

dxira pl. -t, dxayer 1. reserve, stock, supply tsabet Eăndhom dxira kbira d-le-mwakel. They happened to have a good supply of food. 2. treasure had l-metzef Eamer be-d-dxayer. This museum is full of treasures.

dxel idxol v.i. (v.n. dxul) 1. to enter (go in, come in) 2. to go back dxel l-l-meġrib. He's gone back to Morocco. 3. to get married

** dxol suq rasek! Mind your own business!

¶ dxel bin to mediate, to intervene škun dxel binatkom? Who intervened between you?

¶ dxel f- to intervene zetta wazed ma-dxel f-qadiythom. Nobody intervened in their affair.

dxel l- to enter (to go or come into) hadi šz al ma-dxelt l-dak l-bit. I haven't gone into that room for some time.

¶ dxel u-xrež fe-l-hedra to wander (in talking), to talk inconsistently or incoherently

dexla 1. n.i. of dxel 2. pl. -t, dxali entry 3. pl. -t, dxali reception or dinner given in honor of s.o. returning from a long journey

dexlani pl. -yen 1. inner part, that which is inside 2. internal

dexšuša pl. -t, dxašeš bride's chamber dxul v.n. of dxel

¶ lilt d-dxul wedding day doxxan pl. dxaxen 1. smoke 2. cigarets

dexxel v.t. 1. to include, to enter dak š-ši lli dfā ti dexxlu m a s-sayer le-kbir. Enter whatever you spend under general expenses. 2. to take in, to get in dexxelti t-tesbin? Did you take the laundry in? 3. to bring in, to yield l-molk dyalu ka-idexxel-lu xems alaf derhem fe-š-šher. His property brings in 5,000 dirhams a month for him.

** aš dexxlu fiha? Why is he meddling in her affairs?

¶ dexxel $rasu^{\phi}$ f- to stick one's nose in (to) dexxen v.i. to smoke (tobacco)

dexxer v.t. to accumulate (goods, money) dyab pl. of dib

ayab pi. or aib

dyal f. dyalt pl. dyawel (f. and pl. not standard among some urban speakers) 1. shows possessive relationship s-siyara dyal & ammi ma-zala ždida. My uncle's car is still new. —herres le-krž dyal š-šelya. He broke the leg of the table. 2. possessive adj. (with pron. endings) le-ktuba dyalek kollhom žebthom. I brought all your books. 3. possessive pron. had š-ši dyalek wella dyalhom? Is this yours or theirs? 4. introduces constitutive terms dyal-aš had l-xatem? What is this ring made of? —ka-ibi d-dmalež dyal d-heb u-dyal n-neqra. He sells gold and silver bracelets. 5. that of le-mtizan had l-&am kan s&āb men dyal dak l-&am. This year's exam was more difficult than that of last year.

¶ be-dyalu ϕ well-off \neq

¶ dyal men whose dyal men had d-dar? Whose house is this?

¶ dyal $rasu\phi$ 1. independent, working independently huma dyal rashom. They work independently. 2. bachelor ma-zal gales dyal rasu. He is still a bachelor.

dyan pl. of din dyawel pl. of dyal

dyuba pl. of dib

dyuk, dyuka pl. of dik

dyul, dyula pl. of dil dyun, dyunat pl. of din

dzad v.i. 1. m.p. of zad 2. to be born f-ayna Eam dzadet bentek? What year was your daughter born? 3. to increase

¶ dzad l- \subset al \subset lih ϕ to get worse (health) \neq

dzagel v.i. 1. to miss each other (trying to meet, shooting at each other, etc.) 2. to forgive one another, to not hold a grudge 3. to get or become loose (s.th. that should be tight) 4. to lose one's mind, to crack up

dzayed v.i. 1. to bid higher (and higher) 2. to rise, to go higher (price)

** dzaydu fe-l-hedra (or f-le-klam).

They had a heated discussion.

dzayer pl. of dzira

dzayer (no art.) Algeria

dzazem v.i. 1. to crowd, to crowd together 2. to shove and elbow one's way (in a crowd)

dzefzif v.n. of zefzef

dzegnin 1. v.n. of zegnen 2. monotonous noise dzegrit v.n. of zegret

dzehza v.i. 1. to wait imken-lek ddzehza šwiya? daba u-huwa ržač. Can you wait a little while? He'll be right back. 2. to procrastinate, to put things off

dzira pl. -t, dzayer 1. island 2. peninsula dziri pl. -yen Algerian, native of Algiers dzizin v.n. of dzizen

dzizen v.i. to become mute, speechless

dzellef m.p. of zellef

dzellă & m.p. of zellă &

26 dzenzin dzenzin 1. v.n. of zenzen 2. buzz, buzzing sound dzerwit v.n. of zerwet dzuwwed m.p. of zuwwed dzuwwel m.p. of zuwwel dzuwweg m.p. of zuwweg dzuwwer m.p. of zuwwer dzuwwež (b-) to get married (to) dezz v.t. (v.n. dezzan) to shear (sheep) dzez pl. of dezza dezza pl. -t, dzez fleece dezzan v.n. of dezz dezzaz pl. -a shearer dză Erit v.n. of ză Ereț dză Erița caper, gambol dză zi v.n. of ză ză ză dză Eză E m.p. of ză Eză E džadel v.i. to argue, to have a heated discussion (usually with some purpose) džar pl. of tažer I džara v.i. to race, to have a race (foot, car, political campaign, etc.) džara same as tižara džaweb v.i. 1. to answer each other (by letter, i.e., when one writes the other always answers) 2. to have a mutual understanding or rapport džawer v.i. to be neighbors džayži pl. -ya poulterer, poultry dealer džaž coll. 1. chicken tgeddina be-d-džaž l-yum. We had chicken for dinner today. 2. chickens šzal de-d-džaž šriti l-l-zefla? How many chickens did you buy for the party? džaža pl. -t (dim. džiyža) hen ¶ džaža z abašiya guinea hen džazed v.i. to argue, to dispute (often for the sake of argument) džebbed v.i. 1. m.p. of žebbed 2. to stretch (relaxing the muscles) 3. to stretch out (as on a bed) 4. to become sophisticated (person) džebber m.p. of žebber ¶ džebber Ela to oppress, to tyrannize džehhed m.p. of žehhed džiyfa pl. -t n.i. of žiyyef dži yža dim. of džaža dželled m.p. of želled

He lent me some money, and he made sure I knew where it came from. džemmer v.i. 1. m.p. of žemmer 2. to suffer from grief and mental anguish džemmä & same as žemmä & dženneb v.t. to avoid, to stay away from (s.o., džennen v.i. to get angry, furious džennes v.i. to become naturalized džerr same as ttžerr (m p. of žerr) džeržer m.p. of žeržer džuwweg to gather together, to form a crowd (people) džuwwež same as dzuwwež dza idzi v.t. (v.n. dzi, dezyan) 1. to dismiss, to fire 2. to put in (to) Elaš dima ka-idzi yeddih fe-žyabu. Why does he always put his hands in his pockets? 3. to drive (nail) dzadez pl. of dezduz das v.n. of daes and daes dezduz pl. dzadez person of small physical stature (adult) (not pejorative) d z i v.n. of d z adzes v.t. (v.n. dzas, madazsa) to jostle dezš pl. dzuša young donkey dzuša pl. of dezš der yan v.n. of dra dea idei v.t. (v.n. dάewa, mdaeya) to prosecute, to file suit against ¶ d&a f- to slander I dea mea, dea be-l-xir l- to pray for dとadeと pl. of dăとduと dEawi pl. of dăEwa dăe due pl. de ade kind of large tambourine without jingles dEira same as dEira dă Ewa pl. -t, d Eawi 1. v.n. and n.i. of d Ea 2. lawsuit 3. prayer, invocation 4. benediction, blessing 5. curse, malediction ¶dEa be-dEăwt l-xir l- to wish (s.o.) well I mul d-dă E wa pl. mwalin d-dă Ewa or mwalin d-d awi plaintiff ¶qeyyed dăEwa Ela or b- to file suit against ¶ şaz eb d-dăEwa pl. şz ab d-dăEwa or sz ab d-dEawi same as mul d-dăEwa dă E am v.t. 1. to support ma-žber zădd lli idă Emu fe-ṛ-ṛă ^qy dyalu. He couldn't find anybody to support him in his opinion. 2. to wedge, to prop

daded, dadd v.t. 1. to oppose 2. to compete dadus pl. -at, dwades die (pl. dice)

džemmel Ela to remind (s.o.) boastfully that

sellef-li ši-flus u-bda ka-idžemmel Eliya.

one has done him a favor or service

dahir pl. dwaher, dawahir decree (royal) dala b- 1. to start doing (s.th.) (persistently) gir šafuh dalaw Elih be-l-lhib zetta beddel re?yu. As soon as they saw him they started flattering him till he changed his mind. 2. (also Ela) to indulge in šeftha dalat Eăl le-kdub had l-iyyam. I notice she's been indulging in telling lies recently.

dalem a.p. of dlem

dama pl. -t 1. checkers 2. checkerboard damana same as dmana (v.n. of dmen) damen a.p. of dmen

daq idiq v.i. (v.n. diq) to get bored, to become restless fuq-emma ka-ikun meahom ka-ibiji imši f-zalu zit ka-idiq. Whenever he is with them he wants to leave because he gets bored.

¶ daq $bih\phi$ l-z al 1. to be in a bad condition le-mrid daq bih l-z al bezz af. The patient in a very bad condition. 2. to be

in difficulty (e.g. financial)

dar idur v.i. (v.n. duran) 1. to turn sir ţul u-dur Eăl l-imin. Go straight ahead and then turn right. —le-mwara de-l-magana de-s-sersar ma-bqaw-š iduru. The hands of the alarm clock stopped turning. 2. to take a walk, to go for a walk dima ka-nexroz ndur świya men băEd le-Eša. I always go out for a little walk after supper. 3. to take a ride, to go for a ride mšaw mEah iduru fe-s-siyara dyalu. They've gone out with him for a ride in his car. 4. to wander, to roam n-nhar kollu u-huwa ka-idur fe-l-yaba. He's been wandering all day

long through the forest.

If dar b- to surround

¶ dar f- to turn to daret fiva u-qalt-li...
She turned to me and said . . .

¶ dar Ela 1. to look for 2. to turn against, to betray

¶a.p. dayer pl. -in 1. round 2. circular ¶dayea bih t-tekmila to be in financial straits

dar pl. dyar, dyur 1. house had d-dar xawya. This house is vacant. 2. home, residence ila ma-lqitih-š fe-l-mekteb ¿āyyet-lu le-d-dar. If you don't find him in the office call him at his home. 3. (often pl. force in sg.) wife (polite euphemism) d-dar dyalek qalu-li ma-maži-š. Your wife told me you're not coming. —ma-žabu-š darhom meahom l-l-cefa. They didn't bring their wives

along to the party. 4. firm (business)

5. square (of a checkerboard)

** daba džibu d-dar u-nefdiwha fih. We'll run into him some day and get even with him.

¶ *ḍaṛ ḍ-ḍbeġ* tannery ¶ *ḍ-daṛ l-biḍa* Casablanca

¶ dar l-mexzen seat of the Moroccan government, royal palace

¶ dar le-wdu toilet

¶ dar m Eăllma workshop (in a private home) for little girls

¶ dar Erifa detention home (for women) ¶ mul d-dar pl. mwalin d-dar 1. head of the house (hold) 2. landlord

I mulat d-dar pl. mwalin d-dar

1. mistress of the house (hold) 2. landlady I mwalin d-dar wife kif kanu mwalin d-dar? How is your wife feeling?

dara pl. -t 1. circle setter wazed d-dara spira b-le-glam le-zmer Eal l-werga.

Draw a small circle on the paper with the red pencil. 2. circumference, periphery

3. disc 4. halo

¶ dreb d-dara to form a circle

darar 1. v.n. of derr 2. harm yak ma-kayen darar ila selleftha men & andek? Will there be any harm if 1 borrow it from you?

3. damage ma-imken-lek-ši ttsuwwer d-darar lli xella ž-žrad. You can't imagine the damage caused by the locusts. 4. pain

5. inconvenience darayeb pl. of dariba

dareb v.i. to fight l-Easker mšaw idarbu. The soldiers have gone to fight.

¶ dareb Ela 1. to stand up for, to defend xeşşu idareb Eăl l-z uquq dyalu. He'll have to stand up for his rights. 2. to fight for lli darbu Eăl l-istiqlal de-bladhom kollhom banu. All those who fought for the independence of their country have been recognized.

dari usually

This dari as is the custom
dariba pl. -t, darayeb tax
darir pl. -in blind, sightless (in both eyes,
partially or completely)

dariz pl. drayez mausoleum darura pl. -t necessity daruri pl. -yen necessary

dawahir pl. of dahir

dawi pl. -yen bright, shiny

daxama pl. -t monstrous or huge object or person (usually substituted for actual object in question) wazed t-tlata de-d-daxama žaw l-l-mekteb l-barez.

Three enormous fellows came to the office yesterday.

daya pl. -t 1. lake 2. pond

dayef v.t. (v.n. dyafa) to offer hospitality to

dayer a.p. of dar

dayra pl. -t 1. circle Eamlu dayra f-qelb dayra u-bdaw išetzu. They formed one circle within the other and started dancing.

2. perimeter d-dayra d-had s-sehriž fiha xemsa u-rebEin miter. The perimeter of this pool is forty-five meters. 3. circumference izal fe-d-dayra d-dak n-naEura? What's the circumference of that noria?

4. frame (door, window, etc.) 5. entourage

da e idi e v.i. (v.n. di e a) to be lost, to be wasted gad-idie-lhom bezzaf de-l-wegt. They are going to lose a lot of time. ¶ da e f- to lose de eli f-wazed l-forșa Eažiba. You lost a wonderful opportunity. da Eif pl. du Eafa poor *dbab* n.u. *dbaba* mist dbari pl. of debra *dobb* pl. *dbuba* bear debbeb v.i. to get misty debber same as debber dbeg v.t. (v.n. dbig, dbeg) to tan dbeğ v.n. of dbeğ ¶ dar d-dbeg pl. dyur d-dbeg tannery dbig v.n. of dbeg dbir v.n. of dber dbit v.n. of dbet dber v.t. (v.n. dbir) to rub raw, to abrade, to bruise debra 1. n.i. of dber 2. pl. -t dbari bruise dbet v.t. (v.n. debt, dbit) 1. to organize 2. to specify, to say or do (s.th.) precisely 3. to vocalize (text) debt v.n. of dbet ¶ be-d-debi precisely, exactly dak š-ši lli bgit ngul-lu be-d-debt. That's precisely what I wanted to tell him. *dbuba* pl. of *dobb* dbuea pl. of dbae dbă و pl. dbu و a hyena ddad pl. of dedd ddamen v.i. to unite, to join forces ddareb v.i. to fight, to have a fight (fisticuffs) ddayef v.i. to be a guest, to be received as a guest (usually for a few days) ddazek v.i. to laugh (as when having a good time) ddebbeb v.i. to become misty, foggy dedd against dedd pl. ddad contrariness Trfed d-dedd mEa, Emel d-dedd mEa, dar d-dedd m & a to have s.th. against (s.o.) ddellel v.i. to be or get in the shade ddellem v.i. to get dark (a room) dderr m.p. of derr dderreg v.i. 1. to take shelter (as from rain) 2. to hide dderrae v.i. to moan, to groan (from pain) l- to ask mercy of (s.o.) (playing heavily on s.o.'s sentimentality) dduwwer m.p. of duwwer dda da v.i. 1. to become loose or less solid (fence post, etc.) 2. to become less strong, to weaken (also metaphorical) ddăととăf m.p. of dăととăf dda E ar m.p. of da E ar dfar pl. of dfer dfayer pl. of dfira dfir v.n. of dfer

dfira pl. -t, dfayer plait, braid

dfer v.t. (v.n. dfir) to plait ¶ dfer b- to obtain, to succeed in getting dfer pl. dfar, dfura (pejorative) 1. nail (finger, toe) 2. claw *defṛa* same as *dfiṛa* dfura pl. of dfer dgit v.n. of dget dogri same as dogri dget Ela (v.n. degt, dgit) to make, to compel, to exert pressure on degtet Elih baš yă tiha le-flus kollhom. She compelled him to give her all the money. degt 1. v.n. of dget 2. pressure dehher v.t. 1. to show, to manifest, to reveal ka-idehher-lha wazed l-mazibba kbira. He manifests a great affection toward her. 2. to prove, to show gad-ndehher-lha bi-gennaha kanet galta. I'm going to prove to her that she was wrong. 3. to issue wizart l-barid dehhret Eadad de-t-tnaber ždad. The Post Office Department has issued many new stamps. dher v.i. (v.n. dhur) 1. to seem ka-idher (-li) ma-ġad-iži-š. It seems (to me) he is not coming. 2. to appear, to show up melli xwa le-blad ma-Eawed dher. He left the country and hasn't shown up since. 3. to come into season d-dellaz ma-zal ma-dher. Watermelon hasn't come into season yet. dher pl. dhur, dhura back ¶ & ta be-d-dher to turn one's back on na glesna zdaha u-hiya Etatna be-d-dher. She turned her back on us as we sat near her. dhur 1. v.n. of dher 2. pl. -a noon prayer 3. pl. -a time of the noon prayer 4. pl. of dhura pl. of dher dif pl. dyaf, difan guest ¶*tḷeb ḍif ḷḷah* to ask to be taken in as a guest difan pl. of dif dileq v.i. to wander around, to roam about dim 1. worry, worries ma-gad-nxelli z etta zaža ddir-lek d-dim. I won't let anything bring you worries. 2. oppression, injustice ma-imken-š itsuwwer l-wazed d-dim lli šafet dak le-blad tezt le-stiemar. One can't imagine the oppression suffered by that country under colonialism. ** taz Elih ši-dim. Some misfortune happened to him. dig 1. v.n. of dag 2. v.n. of dyag 3. narrowness 4. distress ¶ fe-d-diq in financial straits diga n.i. of dag diyy daylight diyyeg v.t. to make narrow I diyyeq l-xater l- to annoy, to irritate

¶ part, mdivveq pl. -in low on funds, in financial straits

I mdiyyeg l-xater annoyed, irritated divveg pl. -in (comp. dveg) 1. narrow dak z-zenga divyga, ma-ngedru-š nduzu fiha be-s-sivara. That street is narrow, we can't get through it with the car. - Fămmri ma-šeft ši-war ed fekru divveg br al xaha. I've never seen such a narrow-minded person as her brother. 2. tight, close-fitting had s-sebbat divveg bezzaf Eliva. These shoes are too tight for me. 3. difficult, delicate situation, position) 4. short, limited (time)

I divyeg l-xater irritable, bad-tempered

divva v.t. 1. to lose 2. to waste

die a v.n. of dae

dlam v.i. to be dark, to become dark z-zenga dvalna dlamet, xessha d-duw. Our street is dark, it needs a light.

¶ dļam l-zal to get dark bda idļam l-zal bă&da. It's getting dark already.

dlim v.n. of dlem dlef pl. of delfa

delfa pl. -t. dlef cactus leaf

dli&a dim. of del&a

dell (v.n. dellan) 1. v.i. to spend the day l-r ădd lli fat dellina f-le-Ezib d-E ămmi, u-fe-l-lil rža na le-d-dar. Last Sunday we spent the day on my uncle's farm, then we returned home in the evening. 2. v.t. to stay, to spend (time) mnayn kanu hna dellu Eăndna telt ivvam. When they were here they stayed three days at our house.

dell pl. dlul 1. shadow 2. shade dollam pl. of dalem (a.p. of dlem)

dellan v.n. of dell

dellel v.t. to shade dellelna mazăll n-nzaha b-waz ed t-terf d-le-glag kbir. We shaded our picnic place with a large piece of canvas. - dellelt Ela Eăyniya be-l-žarida. I shaded my eyes with the newspaper.

dellem v.t. to darken, to make dark la-tšedd-ši s-sražeb kollhom, daba ddellem l-bit. Don't close all the windows, that'll darken the room.

dlem v.t. (v.n. dlim, dolm) 1. to oppress 2. to be unjust to

¶ a.p. dalem 1. pl. -in unjust, oppressive

pl. dollam oppressor, tyrant

dolm v.n. of dlem

dlem pl. (of intensity) dlumat darkness

delma pl. -t darkness

dlul pl. of dell

dlumat pl. of dlem

dlue pl. of dele a

delea pl. -t, dlue (dim. dliea) rib

dmana v.n. of dmen

dmin v.n. of dmen

dmis v.n. of dmes

** mšat čla čăvnu dmis. He's been thwarted.

demm v.t. (v.n. demm) to hug, to embrace demm v.n. of demm

domman pl. of damen (a.p. of dmen)

dmen v.t. (v.n. dmin, dmana) to guarantee, to promise ma-negder-ši ndmen-lek ?ožra kter men hadi. I can't guarantee vou a higher salary. - oalu-li huma qad-idemnuh r etta iredd-li flusi lli selleftu. They told me they would guarantee that he'd return the money I lent him. - r na ndemnuh r etta iredd-lek le-flus. We can guarantee

that he'll give the money back to you.

¶ a.p. damen bail, bond

I damen le-wžeh pl. domman le-wžeh

guarantor, bondsman

¶ E ta d-damen 1. to provide bail for oneself, to have s.o. go bail for oneself 1-mer kama imken-lha ttelgu ila E ta

d-damen. The court may let him go if he has someone go bail for him. 2, to give a reference mul d-dar tleb mennhom vă tiw d-damen baš ikri-lhom l-maz all. The landlord asked them for a reference in order to rent them the place. 3. to have or provide a guarantor ma-byaw isellfuh le-flus zetta Etahom d-damen. They didn't want to lend him the money until he had someone serve as a guarantor (that he will return it).

dmes v.t. (v.n. dmis) to shuffle (cards)

dnaya pl. -t offspring, progeny

denn v.i. (v.n. denn) to believe, to think, to suppose ma-ka-ndenn-š imken-lu išriha. I don't think he can buy it.

¶ p.p. mednun s.th. thought or supposed ma-kan-š l-mednun fik gadi tač mel had š-ši. I don't think you'd do that.

denn 1. v.n. of denn 2. pl. dnun opinion, idea, supposition

dnun pl. of denn 2

dra corn, maize ¶ dra bida sorghum

¶ dra zămra corn, maize draben cpl. of derban

drabez pl. of derbuz draf pl. of drif

drafa gentleness, affability

drahem (pl.) money fayn d-drahem lli kanu f-le-mžer? Where's the money which was

in the drawer? drareg pl. of derraga

drarež pl. of derraža

dras pl. of dersa drawa n.pl. of drawi

drawi adj. pl. -yen, n.pl. drawa native to the

Dra River area drayer pl. of derra drayez pl. of dariz dra ב pl. dru ב, dru a udder (of cow) driba dim. of derba

dreb (v.n. derb, drib) 1. v.t. to hit, to strike, to beat Elas ka-ddreb l-kura m Ea l-bab? Why are you hitting the ball against the door? -r-ana gad-ndreb dak l-weld ila ma-hden-š. I'm going to hit that boy if he doesn't keep quiet. 2. v.t. to ring gad-idreb n-nagus l-le-gda. He's going to ring the lunch bell. 3. v.t. to play ka-ya ref idreb kamanža. He knows how to play the violin. -Eămmri ma-drebt had l-git a. I've never played this piece (of music). 4. v.t. to shoot derbuh be-mkozla. They shot him with a rifle. 5. v.t. to coin, to mint (money) 6. v.t. to multiply dreb had l-Eadad fe-tmenya. Multiply this number by eight. 7. v.i. to ring s-sersar d-bab d-dar ka-idreb. The doorbell is ringing. 8. v.i. to beat (heart)

¶ dreb l-Éănd to drop by qul-lu idreb l-Éăndi ġedda. Tell him to drop by my place tomorrow.

¶ dreb nă Esa, drebha~ b-nă Esa to fall sound asleep

sound asieep

¶ dreb t-triq to tramp, to walk a long distance

¶ $derbu\phi$ l-berd, $derbu\phi$ r-rwaz to catch cold \neq

 $\P derbu\phi llah$ to become ill-fated or unlucky \neq

 \P dreb yeddu ϕ l-žibu ϕ to reach into one's

pocket
¶ dṛeb Ela 1. to stand up for, to defend,
to fight for la-bodd idṛeb Ela zăqqu. He
has to stand up for his rights. 2. to remove,
to cross out ġir idṛeb Ela dak š-ši daba.
He can just cross that out now. 3. to play

(an instrument)
¶p.p. medrub pl. -in full Etani wazed l-xabya medruba b-le-Esel. He gave me a jar full of honey.

** Eăndu wazed l-weld medrub Eăl l-makla. He has a boy that's just crazy about food. —huwa medrub f-Eăqlu. He's touched in the head.

derb v.n. of dreb

derba pl. -t (dim. driba) 1. n.i. of dreb
2. blow, hit, lash, etc. Leah tlata
de-d-derbat b-le-msuta. He gave him three
lashes with the whip. 3. shot gir derba
wez da u-huwa itiyyez l-z ăăla. It took
him only one shot to bring the partridge
down.

¶ derbet l-Eăyn hex derban (sg. and coll.) cpl. draben porcupine derbuz pl. drabez railing, balustrade dreg n.u. derga cactus drib v.n. of dreb drif pl. draf 1. gentle, affable 2. courteous driž v.n. of drež druža dim. of derža dergawa n.pl. of dergawi dergawi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. dergawa member of a certain Moroccan religious fraternity derr v.t. (v.n. darar, maderra) 1. to hurt, to cause pain to rasi ka-iderrni. I have a headache. 2. to cause harm or damage to l-zămla derret s-saba bezzaf. The storm has caused a lot of harm to the crops. 3. to inconvenience ila kan had š-ši gad-iderrek la-tčămlu-š. Don't do it if it's going to inconvenience you

derr, dorr 1. illness 2. pain (physical)

¶ d-derr le-qbiz tuberculosis derra pl. -t, drayer n.i. of derr

derraga pl. -t, drareq 1. curtain 2. shield 3. porch roof

derraža pl. -t, drarež 1. bicycle 2. hoop (toy)

¶ derraža nariya motor bike

derref v.t. 1. to trim, to clip (hedge, tree, fingernails, etc.) 2. to shave

derreg, derreq, v.t. 1. to hide, to put away kif sem et d-drari derret l-Zilwa. As soon as she heard the children she hid the cake. 2. to give shelter to

derrež to show, to display lemma kan hna l-mufettiš s-sel a kollha derrežnaha qbaltu. When the inspector was here we showed him all the merchandise.

ders pl. durus 1. lesson ma-zalin ma-zefdu d-durus dyalhom. They haven't learned their lessons yet. 2. course sqet fe-tlata de-d-durus & am iuwwel. He failed three courses last year.

dersa pl. -t, dras molar (tooth)

If $h^{\phi} d$ -dersa, $h^{\phi} \subset q d$ -dersa to have a toothache \neq

¶ derşa d-le-Eqel wisdom tooth druba pl. -t heifer drura pl. -t same as derr

druž 1. pl. of derža 2. (pl.) staircase, stairs

drue, drue a pl. of drae

drež v.i. (v.n. driž) 1. to walk ndrež mčak wazed š-šwiya l-le-mdina. I'll walk with you a while toward town. 2. to step out, to leave gir hiya deržet men d-dar u-raželha ža. Her husband arrived just as she stepped out of the house.

derža pl. -t, druž (dim. driža) 1. step (stair, ladder) 2. rank, degree, classification dsara same as dsara

dser same as dser

dess 1. mortar 2. pavement

dessas pl. -a rammer, ramming instrument desser v.t. to let (s.o.) get out of hand desses v.t. 1. to ram (earth) 2. to pave (road)

dsuri same as dsuri dur pl. dwar, eedwar (dim. dwiyyer) 1. band, ring (finger) 2. hoop 3. turn fe-mmen d-dur de-gsil le-mwa en l-yum? Whose turn is it to do the dishes today? 4. frame d-dur de-ndadri therres. The frame of my glasses is broken. 5. role, part š al de-l-? edwar kaynin f-had r-riwaya? How many roles are there in this play? 6. cycle l-gemra kemmlet d-dur dyalha. The moon has completed its cycle. ¶ lEăb dur Ela, Emel (or dar) dur l- to play a trick on (s.o.) dura 1. n.i. of dar, duwwer 2. pl. -t (dim. dwira) turn xellik gadi tul zetta tuwsel le-d-dura t-tanya Eăl l-imin. Keep going straight till you get to the second turn on the right. 3. tour gedda gad-ne amlu ši-dura f-le-mdina. Tomorrow we're going to take a tour of the city. 4. rotation 5. curve, bend (road) 6. round(s) l-Eăssas ka-ibda d-dura dyalu fe-t-tnaš de-l-lil. The watchman begins making his rounds at midnight. duran v.n. of dar durus pl. of ders duw pl. dwaw (dim. dwiyyew) 1. light 2. electricity duwwa v.t. to illuminate ¶ duwwa Ela to give light to zid duwwi Eliya šwiyeš l-had ž-žih. Give me some more light over here. ¶ duwwa Eăl s-salĭ to light a candle ment on the tomb of a saint duwwar pl. dwawer village duwwara pl.-t, dwawer 1. circle kayna wazed d-duwwara kbira Eăl l-gițun. There's a big circle around the tent. 2. circumference, periphery 3. tripe (either organs or a dish) duwwaya pl. -t skylight duwwer 1. to turn la-dduwwer-si s-sef a daba. Don't turn the page yet. 2. to round, to make round 3. to cause to rotate, to turn around ¶ duwwer b- to surround ¶ duwwer n-na Eura Ela to cheat, to ¶ duwwer Ela to look for Ela-š kanu ka-iduwwru? What were they looking for? due afa pl. of dae if dwa idwi v.i. 1. to shine 2. to get bright, light dwa l-bit men bă Ed zăllet š-šražeb. The room got light after she opened the win-

dows.

dwades pl. of dadus

dwadsi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. -ya 1. dice player 2. crook dwaher pl. of dahir dwar pl. of dur dwaw pl. of duw dwawer pl. of duwwara and duwwar dwira dim. of dura dwiyyef dim, of dif dwiyyeq pl. -in (dim. of diyyeq) very narrow dwiyyew dim. of duw dewr same as dur dya (m.) daylight dyaf pl. of dif dyafa pl. -t 1. v.n. of dayef 2. hospitality, hospitable treatment (including food and lodging) dyaq v.i. (v.n. diq) to become narrow dyar pl. of dar dyeq comp. of divyeq dyur pl. of dar da time of the morning when the sun is already high above the horizon (about 10 a.m.) dz ayek pl. of dez ka dzika dim. of dezka dziya pl. -t 1. v.n. of dezza 1 2. blood sacrifice 3. victim, prey 4. sacrificial lamb of l-Eid le-kbir (see Eid) dzăk v.i. (v.n. dezk) to laugh ¶ dzāk Ela 1. to laugh at 2. to trick, to lead astray $de \subset k$ 1. v.n. of $d \subset ek$ 2. laughter 3. amusedezka pl. -t, dz ayek (dim. dzika) 1. laugh 2. joke ¶redd . . . dezka to ridicule, to make a fool of reddet raželha dez ka. She made a fool of her husband. dezza 1. (v.n. dziya) to sacrifice (animal) 2. (v.n. ted iva) to sacrifice, to give up qbel idez zi b-Eămru Ela ºžel wladu. He accepted to sacrifice his life for his children. dez Zăk v.t. to amuse, to make laugh dez zuki pl. -yen jovial, gay, amusing $d \in af$ v.i. (v.n. $do \in f$) 1. to become weak 2. to lose weight 3. to become poor deaf pl. of deif deayer pl. of deira dă E di E v.n. of ddă E dă E do ef v.n. of de af de af comp. of de if deif pl. deaf (comp. deaf) 1. weak, feeble 2. poor deira pl. -t, deayer fine, penalty dă E čăf v.t. to weaken

F

(fe- before consonant clusters; f- before pron. endings) 1. in zetta r-riša raha f-le-mžer. The pen is in the drawer too. -kemmlet xdemtha f-sactayn. She finished her work in two hours. -lexxest-lu l-muwgif dyali f-ness sefz a. I outlined my position for him in half a page. -fe-šmen tiyara rkebtiw? Which plane did you take (i.e., in which plane . . .)? 2. into, in Emel had le-flus f-žibek. Put this money in your pocket, 3. at xay ma-zal fe-l-medrasa. My brother is still at school. - qad-nemšiw fe-t-tlata. We are going to leave at three. -- šefthom f-wazed l-zefla dak n-nhar. I saw them at a party the other day, 4. on ka-iseknu f-war ed z-zenga mešhura. They live on a famous street. - š-kayen

fe-l-bernamež had l-lila? What's on the program tonight? 5. among had le-wlad fihom ši-tlamed mezvanin. There are some good pupils among these boys. 6. about, on tkellemt meah f-muškiltek. I've talked to him about your problem. 7. by, by means of mša l-bariz fe-t-tiyara. He went to Paris by plane. —f-aš safertiw Eam l-uwwel? By what means did you travel last year? 8. by (multiplication) drebna l-žami& f-xemsa. We multiplied the total by five, 9, used immediately between a verb and its direct object to denote excess, persistence u-bda ka-yakol fe-l-xobz. Then he began to eat bread (greedily). -bga ižbed fiya zetta fe-t-tali hrebt mennu. He kept provoking me until I finally ran away from him.

** ma-fih ma imši. He doesn't feel like going.—had s-sebbat ma-bqa fih ma ittelbes. These shoes can't be worn anymore.—d-dar ma-bqa-ši fiha ma ikun. The house is in a terrible condition.

¶ f-aš-ma wherever f-aš-ma Emel flusu ka-inžez. Wherever he invests his money he succeeds.

¶ fih^{ϕ} ... (plus n.) to be ... \neq (common construction representing English adj. usage) $fiya n-n \xi as$. I'm sleepy.

fabrika pl. -t factory

fabur pl. -at 1. favor & ămmru ma-insa l-fabur lli & melti fih. He'll never forget the favor you did him. 2. tip, gratuity 3. gratis,

free xellitu yaxod r-radyu s-sgir fabur. I let him have the small radio gratis.

fad ifid v.t. (v.n. fayda) 1. to be useful to, to help had s-sefra ġad-tfidu bezzaf. This trip is going to help him a lot. 2. to transmit (information) to, to give information to fad ifid v.i. (v.n. fidan) 1. to overflow (river,

etc.) 2. to boil (water) 3. to grow up fast (as a person in height)

I fad Ela to flood (also metaphorical) fadu Eliha le-hdiyat. She was flooded with gifts.

fadă[®] same as fda fadila same as fdila fadel pl. -in polite, respectful faged v.t. (v.n. fged, mfagda) to remind fagu pl. -wat car (train) faharis pl. of fihris, fihrisa

fahi pl. fahyen astonished, (looking) bewildered

fakya dried fruits (such as dates, figs, raisins;
includes walnuts)

fal omen

¶ dṛeb l-fal l- 1, to tell (s.o.'s) fortune hadik le-mṛa lli derbet-lu l-fal. That's the woman who told him his fortune. 2, to have one's fortune told mšat tedṛeb l-fal čănd dak l-hindiya. She's gone to that Indian woman to have her fortune told.

¶ drib l-fal fortune-telling, divination ¶ derrab l-fal f. derrabt l-fal fortuneteller

falaqa pl. -t 1. stick with a loop of rope used for binding together the ankles of s.o. who is to be punished by being beaten on the soles of his feet 2. bastinado, the punishment of being beaten on the soles of the feet

¶Eta falaqa l- 1. to administer a bastinado to 2. to reprimand, to reprove falas 1. v.n. of fles 2. ruin, bankruptcy 3. inferior quality nezzlu-lna makla de-l-falas. They served us a food of inferior quality.

-kif kanet l-muzadara?-l-falas! How was the lecture?-Terrible!

falet v.i. to make a blunder, to make a mistake falta pl. -t fault, mistake, malapropism

fanid n.u. fanida (dim. fwinda) 1. candy (chocolate, nut, fruit, etc.) 2. pill (medicine) fanidi pl. -yen pink

faq ifiq v.i. (v.n. fyaq, fyaqa) 1. to wake up 2. to come to

** faq Elih wez š bladu. He's homesick.

¶ faq b- to become aware of, to notice, to realize E ad faqu be-l-xiyana dyalu.

They've just become aware of his treason.

—degya faqu bih bga ihreb. They suddenly became aware that he wanted to run away.

Ta.p. fayeq pl. -in alert Tayeq Eayeq shrewd

faqir pl. fuqara 1. poor, miserable, indigent
2. poor elderly man

far ifur v.i. (v.n. fwar) 1. to boil 2. to steam 3. to spring up (jet of water)

far pl. firan (dim. fwiyyer) 1. mouse 2. rat ¶ far blilti pl. firan bliltiyen mouse ¶ far d-& ăttara rat

fara eid, farayed pl. of farida

faraž relief, succor (after some ordeal)

faražiya pl. -t, fwarež long tunic of lightweight material worn by men

farid pl. -in, frad unique, unlike anything (or anybody) else

farida pl. -t, fara@id, farayed obligation, duty (religious)

farina 1. wheat 2. (wheat) flour

farisi adj. pl. -yen n. pl. fors Persian

fareq v.t. (v.n. fraq, mfarqa) to leave, to stay away from

fares pl. forsan horseman

farăz joy, pleasure

¶ bi-kolli farăz gladly, with pleasure

fas pl. fisan pickaxe

fas Fez

fasi pl. -yen native of Fez

faseq a.p. of fseq

fașaza eloquence

fasiz adj. pl. -in n. pl. fusaz a eloquent

¶ be-l-lsan l-fasiz explicitly

fasel (bin) (v.n. fsal, mfasla) to settle an affair or mediate (between)

fasma pl. -t bandage

fasux kind of fumigating substance

fašal 1. v.n. of fšel 2. failure (as opposed to success)

fat ifut to pass l-wegt ka-ifut. Time is passing. —Ead fetnah fe-trigna le-d-dar. We just passed him on our way home. —fatet f-le-mtiz anat kollha. She passed all her exams.

** fat l-zal, or fat l-weqt. It's late. —fat l-fut. It's too late.

¶ fat Ela to pass by l-bare fatu Ela darna u-ma-weqfu-š išufuna. They passed by our house yesterday but didn't stop to see us.

¶ a.p. fayet pl. -in last, past l-Eam l-fayet kanu hna. They were here last year.

** faytani b-Eamayn. She's two years older than me.

fatan v.n. of ften

fatic 1. pl. -in conquerer 2. first (of the month)

fatica (with art.) first chapter (sura) of the
Koran

fat a pl. -t, fwate 1. prayer said with palms up 2. pl. -t bethrothal ceremony

¶rfed fat a to say prayers with palms

¶ reffad fat a pl. reffadin fat a yes-man faten a.p. of ften

fawa?id pl. of fayda

fayda pl. -t, fawa@id 1. v.n. of fad 2. use, usefulness šni hiya l-fayda d-le-mši dyalha mEahom? What's the use of her going with them? —dak s-siyara ma-qdat-lna zetta ši-fayda. That car wasn't of any use to us. 3. result duwwez xems snin fe-l-xar'iž u-ržãE bla fayda. He spent five years abroad and returned without any result. 4. idea, inspiration xdit fawa?id ktira men dak le-ktab. I got many ideas from that book. 5. conclusion, inference, understanding men l-fayda d-le-klam dyalu dher-li ma-baġi ixdem-šay. From (the conclusion of) what he said I don't think he wants to work.

fayel Ela to say or do s.th. engendering an evil portent for

fayn 1. where fayn mšat l-barez? Where did she go yesterday? —d-dar fayn kanu

saknin ttba et. The house where they used to live has been sold. 2. some place, a place jad-nšuf-lu fayn ibat. I'll find him a place to stay overnight. 3. any place, no place, anywhere, nowhere ma-sabet fayn tegles. She couldn't find any place to sit.

-ma-gad-nemšiw fayn. We're not going anywhere.

** faynek u-fayn d-dar! You're a long way from home.

Tfaynek Ela as for, meanwhile (transitional expr. used in telling a story or reporting an event) faynek Ela weld le-wzir . . . As for the minister's son . . .

¶ fayn-ma, fayn-emma wherever, anywhere fayn-ma mšat ka-itbă E ha. Wherever she goes he follows her. — jir gles fayn-emma kan. Just sit anywhere.

¶ra-fayn right there, over there qolt-lek ttsennani ra-fayn. I told you to wait for me right there.

 $\P rah \phi \ fayn$ to be over there $\neq rahom$ fayn. They're over there.

fayeq a.p. of faq

fayet a.p. of fat fayez a.p. of faz

faxer n.u. faxra charcoal

faxer pl. -in (comp. fxer) big and healthy-

looking
faz ifuz (v.n. fuzan) to succeed, to pass šzal

de-d-drari fazu f-le-mtizan? How many boys passed (in) the examination?

¶ faz b- to take advantage of u-kan kont mennek u-kan nfuz bă da b-had l-forsa. If I were you I would first take advantage of this opportunity.

¶ a.p. fayez pl. -in excellent, superior fazeg a.p. of fzeg

faža Ela to console, to comfort fažira pl. -t prostitute

fac ifuc v.i. (v.n. fucan) 1. to spread, to diffuse gir hiya dexlet l-l-bit u-rict le-Eter dyalha facet. As soon as she stepped into

the room the odor of her perfume spread around. —le-xbar d-le-mži dyalha kan bda ifuz The news about her coming had begun to spread. 2. to boast, to brag

fda ifdi v.t. (v.n. fedya) 1. to replace, to give in compensation for, to make (s.th.) up (to s.o.) 2. to pay a ransom for (s.o.) fdaw weldhom be-myat ? alef derhem. They paid a ten thousand dirham ransom for their son.

** xessek tefdi-lna had l-mežya. You'll have to come and see us again. —daba nefdi fih zayel u-ždid. I'll get even with him once and for all.

 $\P f daha \sim f$ - (or men) to take revenge on, to get even with

¶ fda t-tar, fda taru ϕ , fda deqqtu ϕ to get revenge, to revenge oneself

¶fda t-tar l- to avenge fdaw t-tar le-bbahom. They avenged their father. fdaden pl. of feddan

fdawi pl. -ya public storyteller who gathers people around him and expects remuneration

fdawiya pl. -t folktale, fable, yarn

fdaweš vermicelli

feddan pl. fdaden field, farm land had l-Eam gad-izertu had l-feddan. They are going to cultivate this field this year.

fdie v.n. of fdăe fedya v.n. of fda

fdă v.t. (v.n. fdă e, fdi e) to dislocate (joint)

fdă & v.n. of fdă &

fda ifda v.i. 1. (v.n. fda) to be vacated, to be vacant gir ifda had l-mazăll, xudu. As soon as this seat is vacant, you may have it.—bdat t\int um zetta fda s-sehri\int. She started swimming only when the pool was not so crowded. 2. (v.n. fedya) to finish dima ka-ifda bekri. He always finishes early. 3. (v.n. tfedya) to be settled qadiytu fdat had s-sb\int fe-l-mez kama. His case was settled this morning in court.

fda 1. v.n. of fda 1 2. (no pl.) empty space fdal pl. of fdil

fdayel pl. of fdila

fdayez pl. of fdiza

fedda v.t. (v.n. tfedya) to finish, to complete Ifedda m&a I. to settle (s.th.) with (s.o.), to be through with ma-xrežt zetta feddit m&ah le-zsabat kollhom. I didn't leave until I settled all the accounts with him. —smä&t fedda m&a mratu. I hear he's through with his wife. 2. to kill š-šrab ĝad-ifeddi m&ah. Drinking is going to kill him.

fedda silver (metal)

fedda adj. pl. -in n. pl. -a one who talks too much and cannot keep a secret

fedded v.t. to silver feddel v.t. to prefer

fedfed v.t. and v.i. 1. to beat l-fellus bda ifedfed (žwanzu). The young bird started beating its wings. 2. to flounder

fdil pl. fdal (comp. fdel) 1. distinguished, highly regarded bhah sidu kan wazed r-ražel fdil. His grandfather was a highly regarded man. 2. holy (saint, place, period) fdila pl. fdayel virtue, moral quality

fdiz v.n. of fdez

fdiza pl. -t, fdayez 1. n.i. of fdez 2. scandalous behavior 3. infamy, public disgrace fdel (no pl.) 1. profit, gain šzal d-le-fdel !!ăz-lu men dak l-xedma? How much profit did he make from that job? 2. extra, in addition xellsu-lu s-sfer u-wekkluh

u-sekknuh u-Etaweh xems myat derhem fdel. They paid his transportation, gave him room and board and five hundred dirhams extra. 3. left, left over tsara

eurubba kollha u-šra Eadad de-le-wayež u-bqat-lu telt myat derhem fdel. He traveled all over Europe, bought a lot of things, and had three hundred dirhams left.

The-fdel thanks to ma-huwa hna gir be-fdel i-mežhud dyalek. He's here thanks only to your effort.

"I fdel !!ah 1. God's grace, divine assistance žmă na le-flus lli xeşsuna baš nebniw l-medrașa be-fdel !!ah. We collected the necessary funds to build the school with God's grace. 2. much, many, a great deal zăndu fdel !!ah d-le-zwanet He owns many shops. 3. a long time, quite a while, quite some time fdel !!ah hadi u-zna hna. We've been here for quite some time.

Imen fedlek, b-le-fdel mennek please, would you please . . .

fdel (comp. of fdil) 1. better, preferable d-dar fdel men s-siyara. A house is better (more important) than a car. —E adad de-n-nas ka-iqulu bin Palat Palmanya fdel men Palat Pifalya. Many people think that German machines are preferable to Italian ones. 2. it's better (to), had better fdel-lek tebqa mEah, rah isaEdek. It's better for you to stay with him, he'll help you.

fdul prying, indiscretion, meddling

fduli pl. -yen 1. nosy, very inquisitive 2. eager beaver

fedya v.n. of fda 2

fdez v.t. (v.n. fdiz, fdiza) 1. to reveal, to divulge 2. to inform on, to turn in

ma-Eărfu-si škun lli fdezhom l-l-bulis. They don't know who turned them in to the police. 3. to harass fdezni be-t-tilifunat u-b-le-brawat. He harassed me with telephone calls and letters.

I fdez b- to denounce, to turn in

glass house) ffad same as fwad fged v.n. of faged fged used in the expr. dreb le-fged f- 1. to watch over, to take care of, to look after ž-žiran kanu ka-iderbu-lna le-fged fe-d-drari mnayn konna msafrin. The neighbors looked after the children for us while we were away, -magantek ma-fesdet gir 7 it ma-ka-ddreb fiha fged. Your watch stopped working only because you don't take any care of it. 2. to inspect sa & a sa & a kan l-mudir ka-idreb le-fged fe-l-? asatida. The principal used to inspect the teachers every once in a while. 3. to find out about, to inquire about hadi šehrayn u-huwa mrid u-ma-dreb fih Zădd le-fged. He's been sick for two months and nobody's inquired about him. 4. (with gal) to remind (s.o.) xess lli idreb fiha le-faed w-iqul-lha fuq-aš gad-nemšiw. Someone must remind her when we are supposed to leave. foggae, foggie n.u. -a mushroom ¶ foggiča nabta bla šta lit., a mushroom which has sprung up without rain (used in reference to a nosy person) fegged v.t. to remind ma-ztažet lli ifeggedha f-dak š-ši She didn't need to be reminded of that. foggie same as foggae feggus n.u. -a variety of cucumber fgis v.n. of fges fgi & v.n. of fgă & fges v.t. (v.n. fgis) 1. to break (an egg) 2. to open up, to lance (e.g. a boil) $fg\check{a}$ v.t. (v.n. fgi) 1. to afflict, to cause pain or sadness 2. to irritate, to make angry, to excite fegとa n.i. of fgăと fhama pl. -t, fhayem 1. v.n. of fhem 2. understanding, comprehension, quick-wittedness 3. presumption, effrontery, overconfidence fhayem pl. of fhama fehd pl. fhud leopard fehhem v.t. to explain, to make understand, to demonstrate le-fqi Emel žehdu kollu baš ifehhem-lna d-ders. The teacher did all he could to explain the lesson to us. fhim v.n. of fhem fhem v.t. (v.n. fhim, fhama, fehm) to understand ¶ p.p. mefhum significance, meaning fehm v.n. of fhem fhud pl. of fehd fidaza pl. -t slut, slattern

fiḍa n.i. of faḍ

fidan v.n. of fad

fihris, fihrisa pl. faharis table of contents

¶ p.p. mefduz pl. -in open to view (as a

fikr pl. ? afkar mind fikra same as fekra fil f. -a pl. fyal elephant filala n. pl. of filali filali adj. pl. -yen n.pl. filala native of Tafilalet filar a same as flar a filazi pl. -yen 1. agricultural 2. farmer filil, filila pl. -at, fyalel safety-pin fileștin Palestine filestini pl. -yen Palestinian fin same as fayn finu (invariable) excellent, of superior quality figa n.i. of fag ¶ derbettu ϕ l-fiqa 1. to wake up \neq , to get up ≠ ma-derbettu l-fiqa z etta le-t-tlata d-le-Ešiya. He didn't wake up until three in the afternoon. 2. to wake up to (s.th.), to realize men bă Ed sinin Ead derbethom l-figa bin-la kanu mestă? mrin. It took them years to realize that they were victims of colonialism. figh 1. jurisprudence 2. Muslim law ¶ figh l-luga philology fighi pl. -yen related to Muslim law firan pl. of far firma pl. -t farm fire awn pl. frae na pharoah fisan pl. of fas fisa & immediately, right away fiš boastfulness fišta pl. -t festivity fitur sediment remaining from olive oil fitura pl. -t, fyater bill weşluni tlata d-le-fyater men ¿ and š-šarika had s-sbar. I got three bills from the firm this morning. fiweq when fiweq žaw? When did they come? I fiweg-mma whenever fiyyed v.t. to make or cause to overflow or flood (river, etc.) fiyyeq v.t. 1. to wake up, to awaken (s.o.) 2. to revive (as from a faint) fiyyeš v.i. to boast fižel n.u. fižla rue (plant) fiel pl. efeal verb ¶ be-l-fi&l in fact, really fiElen in fact, really fkak 1. v.n. of fekk 2. pl. of fekk 2 fkaka pl. -t n.i. of fekk fkaren, fkaren pl. of fekrun, fekrun fkir v.n. of fker fekk v.t. (v.n. fekk, fekkan, fkak) 1. to untie 2. to unravel, to separate the threads of 3. to decipher, to decode 4. to solve (problem, puzzle) 5. (v.n. fekk) to sprain, to dislocate 6. to liberate, to free huwa r-ra? is lli fekk le-Ebid. He is the president who freed the slaves. 7. to get out, to bail out (of a difficult situation) אַ abu džem בי

u-bġaw ifekkuh men l-zăbs. His friends got together and tried to bail him out of jail. 8. to get rid of \(\neq \text{bga ibic s-siyara} \) u-ma-sab-ši lli ifekku mennha. He wants to sell his car but he can't get rid of it. 9. to stop from, to make stop (fight, argument) kanu ka-iddabzu u-ma-bga z ădd ifekkhom. They were fighting and no one cared to make them stop. fekk 1. v.n. of fekk 2. jaw (lower) fekkan v.n. of fekk fekker 1. (f-) (v.n. tefkir) to think (about), to meditate (on) f-as ka-ifekker? What is he thinking about? 2. v.t. (v.n. tefkar) to remind fker f- (v.n. fkir) to devise, to conceive ¶ fker (s.th.) (or fker f-) \mathcal{E} la (s.o.) to help (s.o.) get (s.th.), to help (s.o.) obtain (s.th.) fekra pl. -t, ? afkar 1. idea, thought 2. suggestion fekrun, fekrun pl. fkaren, fkaren turtle fla ifli v.t. (v.n. fli) 1. to delouse 2. to scrutinize, to peruse flafel pl. of felfel, felfla flales pl. of fellus flan f. -a so-and-so nferdu genna weld flan ža Eăndek. Let's suppose that so-and-so's son came to see you. flani used in the expr. flan le-flani so-and-so (people) flayek pl. of fluka flayki pl. -ya boatman, ferryman flayel pl. of flil flaysi pl. -ya, -yen venal flaz a 1. v.n. of fellez 2 2. agriculture flazi pl. of felza felfel v.t. 1. to season with red pepper 2. to add color to (e.g., story) felfel (f.), felfla (coll. and sg.) pl. felflat, flafel (dim. flifla) red pepper ¶ felfel xedra green pepper ¶ felfel zarra, felfel sudaniya hot pepper ¶ felfel Zămra, felfel Zluwa paprika fli v.n. of fla flifla dim. of felfel, felfla flil pl. flayel safety pin fliles dim. of fellus flisat, fliysat (pl. of fliyyes) money flit v.n. of flet fliyya pennyroyal (type of wild mint) fellar pl. -a farmer, peasant

fellel v.t. to pin, to fasten with a pin felleq v.t. to hit or injure the head (with a

felles v.t. 1. to ruin (financially), to make or

cause to become poor, to impoverish 2. to

corrupt (morally) 3. to ruin, to destroy

4. v.i. to collect things from a junk yard,

blow)

dump, etc. to sell to others, i.e., to scavenge Tpart, mfelles pl. -in 1. bad, no good, stupid dak l-film lli šeft mfelles. That movie I saw was no good. —huwa talib mfelles. He's a very bad student. 2. good for nothing, ne'er-do-well 3. unfortunate, unlucky, jinxed fellet v.t. 1. to let escape or get away (opportunity, prisoner, etc.) 2. to help escape or get away, to save 3. to make or cause to lose or miss out on had sar bi fellet-li waz ed l-bi&a u-šerya mezyana. This friend of mine made me lose out on a good business deal. fellus pl. flales (dim. fliles) chick fellez 1. v.t., (v.n. teflaz) to cut, to slash 2. v.i. (v.n. flar a) to farm felq pl. flaq, fluqa piece of cut material to be sewn into some piece of clothing (refers only to one of symmetrical right or left pieces) fles v.i. (v. n. falas) to become ruined (financially), to go bankrupt (person or company) fels pl. flus (dim. fliyyes pl. flisat, fliysat) penny, sou, ma-čăndi zetta fels. I haven't a penny (to my name). felsa pl. -t ruin, bankruptcy (of person or organization) flet v.i. (v.n. flit) 1. to escape (jail, injury, etc.) 2. to run or get away ** flet b-xemsa de-d-dular. He at least got five dollars out of it. ¶ falet-luφ (a.p.) ε ăgluφ, falet-luφ s-selk, falta-lu¢ n-negša to have a screw loose ≠, to be off one's rocker + felta pl. -t n.i. of flet fluka pl. flayek rowboat, motor boat, launch flus (pl.) money ** flan be-flusu. so-and-so has money, is rich I flus rgag change (money returned) felža pl. -t space (between front teeth) fel a pl. -t, flat i cut, slash, gash fel čăs v.t. to twist (e.g. s.o.'s arm, leg; may also take person as object) fmam pl. of fomm fmiyyem dim. of fomm fomm pl. fmam (dim. fmiyyem) 1. mouth (bottle, well, cannon, river, person, etc.) 2. spout (teakettle) I fomm rumi false teeth ¶ zetta l-l-fomm to the top (glass, bottle), to capacity (room) kanet s-sinima Eamra Zetta l-l-fomm. The theater was filled to capacity. fna ifna v.i. (v.n. fna) 1. to come to an end, to perish, to be destroyed (nation, people) 2. to have just about had it, to be about "shot" (person, machine)

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(eggs) (grasshopper) 3. v.t. to open, to
fna ifni v.t. (v.n. fna) to destroy, to make
  perish, to exterminate (nation, people)
                                                    lance (abscess) 4. v.i. to hatch
fna (m.) v.n. of fna
                                                  feqqus same as feggus
fnadeq pl. of fendeq
                                                  feqr poverty, misery
fnadqi pl. -ya manager of a fendeq
                                                  fger comp. of fagir, fgir
fnaneš pl. of fennuš
                                                  fogra pl. of fgir
fnar pl. -at, fnayer 1. flashlight 2. lamp (oil,
                                                  fqes v.t. (v.n. fqis) 1. to cause to worry or
                                                    despair 2. to irritate, to bother
fnayeg pl. of fnig
                                                  feqsa pl. fqayes sorrow, grief, affliction
                                                       ** ka-imut b-le-fqayeş u-le-gdayed. He's
fnayer pl. of fnar
fendeg pl. fnadeg 1, combination of a livery
                                                    getting extremely irritated.
  stable and a place to stay overnight 2. ware-
                                                  feqya, foqya pl. of fqi
  house, building for storage
                                                  fra ifra v.i. to be or become settled or de-
fniq pl. fnayeq kind of metal container for
                                                    cided frat l-gadiya. The matter's been
                                                    settled.
  sugar, usually with an accompanying plate
  on which it rests
                                                  fra ifri v.t. to settle, to decide
fnita dim. of fent
                                                  frad pl. of frid, farid
fenn pl. funun 1, field of study 2. art 3. tech-
                                                  frada pl. of ferdi 2
                                                  fradi pl. of ferda
  nique, skill
                                                  fṛaḍ pl. of feṛḍ 5
    ¶ fe-l-fenn just right, expertly, perfectly
fennan adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a artist (of any of
                                                  frafer pl. of ferfar and ferfara
  the arts)
                                                  frag pl. of ferg
                                                  fraget pl. of fergata
fenned v.t. to cover with sugar (pastry), to
                                                  fṛaġ used in the expr. weqt le-fṛaġ leisure
fenni pl. -yen of or pertaining to art
                                                    time
                                                  frami pl. of ferma
fenniš same as fennuš
fennet v.t. to pin, to fasten with a pin
                                                  fran pl. -at brake (refers to the pedal or
fennuš pl. fnaneš hinny (hybrid between a
                                                    lever as well as the mechanism in the
  stallion and a she-ass)
                                                    wheel).
fneš f. fenša pl. fenšin, funeš flat-nosed
                                                  fransa France
fentaziya 1. part of a celebration in which a
                                                  franşawi pl. -yen 1. French 2. Frenchman
  number of men ride horses at great speed
                                                  franșiș (coll.) (the) French
  and fire long-rifles into the air simultan-
                                                  fraq 1. v.n. of fareq and freq 2. separation,
  eously 2. airs had r-ražel fih l-fentaziya
                                                    state of being separated le-frag $\int ib$. Being
  bezzaf. That man puts on airs a lot.
                                                    separated is hard (to take).
                                                  frageš pl. of fergeš, ferguš
fgaves pl. of fegsa
fqed v.t. (v.n. fqid) to lose fqed & ăqlu. He's
                                                  frara pl. -t milk scum
  lost his mind (gone insane).
                                                  fraren pl. of ferran
                                                  frami pl. -ya one who runs the public ovens
feqda n.i. of fqed
fqi pl. feqya, foqya, fuqaha 1. teacher (in
                                                    for baking
  general) 2. adviser or expert in Islamic
                                                  frareš pl. of ferraša
  law 3. learned, erudite
                                                  frarež pl. of ferruž
                                                  frased pl. of fersada
fqid v.n. of fqed
fqih same as fqi
                                                  fraš pl. -at bed (i.e., s.th. to sleep on)
                                                  frašet pl. of feršita
fqiha pl. -t f. of fqi in 1 and 2
    ¶ dar fqiha Koranic school for little girls
                                                  fratel pl. of fertala
                                                  fratet pl, of fertuta
fqir pl. foqra, fuqara (comp. fqer) poor
                                                  frates pl. of fertas
fqiş v.n. of fqeş
                                                  frax pl. of ferx
feqqas n.u. -a small, elliptical, thin, toasted
                                                  fraxi pl. of ferxa
  biscuit made of flour, sesame seeds, and
                                                  frayed pl. of frida
                                                  frayes pl. of frisa
fegged v.t. to make or cause to disappear
                                                  frayež pl. of fraža
feggeh v.t. to teach, to instruct, to explain
                                                  fraža pl. -t, frayež show, spectacle, entertain-
  (usually about the things of life rather than
                                                    ment (quite general)
  scholarly subjects)
                                                  frat, frat at pl. of fert 2.
                                                  fraena pl. of fire awn
fegger v.t. to impoverish, to reduce to poverty,
  to take everything away from (personal
                                                  ferd f. ferdiya one (of a pair, as pigeons)
                                                      ¶ ferd aw žuž odd or even
fegges 1. v.t. to break open (egg) 2. v.t. to lay
                                                  ferda pl. -t, fradi one (of a pair of things),
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unit fayn l-ferda l-oxra de-ş-şebbat dyali?
  Where's my other shoe?
ferdi 1. pl. -yen alone, solitary (i.e., without
  its mate) 2. pl. frada revolver, pistol
    ¶ ferdi men & ăyn pl. ferdiyen men & ăyn
  one-eyed
ferdiva f. of ferd
fred v.i. (v.n. ferd) to suppose, to imagine
  fred gennana šrina had l-7 anut daba,
  ma-gad-ibqaw-lna-š le-flus baš nbi u
  u-nešriw. Suppose we buy the store now;
  then we won't have the money for doing
  business.
    ¶ fred Ela to impose upon ma-tefred-š
  Eliva Piradtek! Don't impose your will on
ferd pl. frud, furud 1. v.n. of fred 2. obliga-
  tion, duty (religious) 3. alimony (divorce
  cases) 4. supposition, hypothesis 5. pl.
  fruda, frad beam, rafter
ferfar pl. frafer propeller (airplane)
ferfara pl. -t, frafer (dim. frifra) pinwheel
ferfer v.i. 1. to flap wings (repetitive) 2. to
  flutter (as a butterfly) 3. to flit, to fly (as a
  bird from tree to tree) 4. to take off (bird)
  5. to flap, to wave (as a flag) 6. to rustle
  (leaves, cloth), to swish (cloth)
    ¶ ferfer be-ḍ-ḍez k to giggle
ferfet v.t. and v.i. to flap, to flutter (e.g., bird,
  butterfly, etc.)
ferg pl. frag 1. flock (birds) 2. herd (horses)
  3. swarm (bees)
fergața pl. -t, fraget warship, naval vessel
fergă v.t. 1. to detonate, to explode, to set
  off (bomb, etc.) 2. to cause to burst (as a
  balloon)
fre\dot{g} (v.n. fri\dot{g}) 1. v.t. to empty 2. v.i. to be-
  come empty
frid pl. frad 1. same as farid 2. alone, soli-
  tary (without a mate)
    ¶ frid f-nuEu (the) only one of its kind
frida pl. frayed 1. obligation, duty (religious)
  2. alimony (divorce cases)
frifra dim. of ferfara
frig v.n. of freg
frik 1. v.n. of frek 2. n.u. -a small, green,
  sour fruit
frim v.n. of frem
frina pl. -t kiln
fris v.n. of fres
frisa pl. frayes 1. prey, quarry (already
  caught) 2. carrion
frišk fresh (perishable foods)
frizi a haircut or hairdo in the European
friž pl. -in in pleasant surroundings, with a
  beautiful view, beautifully situated (e.g. a
  cottage)
rie v.n. of fṛae
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frek v.t. (v.n. frik) to rub or scrub (clothes
  by hand)
ferkel v.i. 1. to struggle or squirm (in an
  effort to escape) 2. to twitch or jerk (as in
  the throes of death, or a fit)
ferket v.t. 1. to crumble (up) (bread, etc.)
  2. to tear or make into little pieces (paper,
  etc.)
frem v.t. (v.n. frim) 1. to notch, to chip
  (glass, wood) 2. to snag (cloth)
ferma pl. -t, frami 1. lump (sugar) 2. cut,
  notch, chipped place (in wood, porcelain,
  etc.) 3. harelip
fermasyan pl. -at pharmacist
fermli pl. -ya, f. fermliya pl. -t nurse (medi-
fernatši 1. place where water is heated for
  the public bath 2. pl. -ya one who tends the
  fernatši, 1 above
frenk pl. -at (pl. used to denote the coins)
  1. franc 2. one-hundredth of a derhem
fernes v.i. to grin
freq (v.n. fraq) 1. v.t. to separate 2. v.t. to
  share 3. to change, to give change for (e.g.
  a ten-dollar bill for ones)
    I freq bin 1. to distinguish between 2. to
  decide (s.th. for two parties) fleb men
  bhah ifreq ma binu u-bin xah. He asked
  his father to decide the issue between him
  and his brother.
fera difference, distinction šnuwa l-fera ma
  bin had ž-žuž de-s-sinivat? What's the dif-
  ference between these two trays?
ferga pl. -t 1. team (sports) 2. gang (work)
  3. group (people) 4. detachment (military)
  5. part (hair) 6. troupe, cast (actors)
fergeš, ferguš pl. frageš hoof
ferradi pl. -yen alone, solitary (without its
  mate)
    ¶ be-l-ferradi retail ka-ibi& be-l-žumla
  u-be-l-ferradi. He sells wholesale and re-
  tail.
ferran pl. fraren 1. public oven where people
  bring their bread to be baked 2. oven
ferraq pl. -a ag. n. of ferreq
    ¶ ferraq le-brawat postman
ferraša pl. -t, frareš insole (shoe)
ferred v.t. to change (money) ferred-li had
  1-Eăsra de-d-drahem, barek llahu fik.
  Please change this ten-dirham bill for me.
    ¶ p.p. mferred alone, by oneself
ferreg v.t. 1. to empty, to take everything out
  of 2. to pour (s.th.)
ferrek v.t. to shell (peas)
ferreq v.t. 1. to spread (apart) 2. to dis-
  tribute, to hand out 3. to divide (up) 4. to
  break up, to disperse, to scatter (as a
  crowd) 5. to distinguish (between), to
  separate (mentally) ma-neqder-s
  nferreqhom (or nferreq binathom). I can't
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fruxa pl. of ferx separate them (in my mind); I can't distinguish between them. 6. to change, to fruž, fruža pl. of ferž frue pl. of fere 1 give change for (as a ten-dollar bill for ferx f. ferxa pl. frax, fruxa 1. young of an ones) ** ferrqu had l-musem! All right, break animal or fowl 2. young man, adolescent 3. type of round, tall basket used in carryit up! ferres 1. to furnish (a room) 2. to lay down, ing figs, mulberries, etc. ferxa pl. -t, fraxi 1. lock (door) 2. young girl to spread out (s.th. to sit or sleep on) 3. to (implies strong and healthy) make the bed ¶ ferreš (s.th.) b- to pave (s.th.) with, frez v.t. 1. (bin) to distinguish (between), to to lay (s.th.) with tell (apart) 2. to sort (out) ferret f- to neglect ferz used in the expr. Emel 1-ferz, fiho ferruž pl. frarež rooster, cock *l-ferz* to be partial (\neq latter) ferrex v.i. 1. to hatch 2. to have or hatch ferziva pl. -t same as ferz young ferrez v.t. 1. to make out, to distinguish (as handwriting) 2. to explain, to clarify glad ¶ ferrez bin to distinguish between ferrež v.t. to entertain, to give a show for ¶ ferrež Ela to relieve (of pain, etc.) had d-dwa ferrež Eliya men le-zriq lli kan fiya. This medicine relieved me of my pain. ** !!ah iferrež Elik! I hope things get ferてa n.i. of freて better soon (for you). —rebbi iferrež Elih men l-zăbs. I hope he gets out of prison. ferrez v.t. to cheer up, to make happy fres v.t. (v.n. fris) to devour (animal or like an animal) fors n.pl. of farisi or in (box, door, etc.) ¶ blad l-fors Persia forsan pl. of fares branch (bank, agency) fersada pl. -t, frased 1. front, façade (of a building) 2. blanket (as a wool army (tree, agency, etc.) blanket) ferša pl. -t layer (of mortar, tile, bricks, eggs, lessly fsad v.n. of fsed ferši cork (material) feršita pl. -t, frašet (table) fork feršiya pl. -t cork (bottle, etc.) feršex v.t. 1. to break up or crush with blows 2. to give a beating to spoil, to rot (food) fertala pl. -t, fratel round cushion made of esparto, used as a seat (a girl) ferteq v.t. to rip apart at the seams, to unseam forcefully (clothing) fsix v.n. of fsex fertšex same as feršex fertuta pl. fratet 1. crumb (bread, etc.) bauched life 2. small piece (of food) fertas pl. frates (adj. and n.) 1. (one) with praved the sides of his head shaven 2. having no horns (sheep, goat, etc.) ** huwa qṛã E fertas. He's infested with fsu v.n. of fsa ringworm (or similar disease of the scalp). fsuq v.n. of fseq fertitu pl. -yat butterfly fsuxa pl. of fsex fertet v.i. 1. to struggle and flutter (as a butterfly trying to escape captivity) 2. to shake itself (as a dog drying itself) frud pl. of ferd

fruda pl. of ferd 5

ferž pl. fruž, fruža female genitals (external) frez v.i. (v.n. ferz) to be happy, content, or ¶ frez b- 1. to be happy or glad about (s.th.) 2. to give a warm welcome to, to receive warmly 3. to show happiness on seeing (s.o.) 4. to play with (as with a baby) fer 1. v.n. of fre 2. joy, cheerfulness 3. pl. fraz, frazat celebration (usually family) ¶ be-l-fer a gladly, willingly fer an pl. -in happy, glad, content ana fer an bezzaf b-dari ž-ždida. I'm quite happy with my new house. frac v.t. (v.n. fric) to smash, to break up fer 2. pl. fru & branch (tree) 2. pl. furu & ¶ tleq le-fru € (or l-furu €) to branch out fsa ifsi v.i. (v.n. fsu) to break wind noisefsed (v.n. fsad) 1. v.t. to spoil, to ruin (machine, business, relations, etc.) 2. v.t. to corrupt, to pervert, to debase 3. v.i. to break down (car, business, etc.) 4. v.i. to ¶ fsed f- to have sexual intercourse with ¶ f. a.p. fasda pl. -t prostitute fseq v.i. (v.n. fsuq) to lead a sensual, de-¶a.p. faseq adj. pl. -in n.pl. fossaq defesser v.t. 1. to explain 2. to define festeq n.u. -a pistachio (nut or plant) fsex v.t. (v.n. fesx, fsix) 1. to untie, to undo 2. to annul, to make void (contract) 3. to repeal, to revoke (law) 4. to skin (an animal) fesx 1. v.n. of fsex 2. annulment, revocation

ftayen pl. of fetna

ftayet pl. of ftata

good deal (to buyers)

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ftil v.n. of ftel
fsex pl. fsuxa snake skin (shed)
fesya pl. -t n.i. of fsa
                                                   ftila pl. ftayel wick (candle, etc.)
                                                   ftin v.n. of ften
fesyan pl. -at 1. lieutenant (rank) 2. officer
  (military)
                                                   ftiq v.n. of fteq
fsal v.n. of fasel and fsel 1. v.n. of fessel
  2. pl. -t, fsayel plan (architecture) 3. pl. -t,
  fsavel form, shape
    Ibla fsala poorly designed, in bad taste
fsayel pl. of fsala 2 and 3
fsiz pl. -in (comp. fsez) eloquent
fsel v.t. (v.n. fsal) to separate, to take apart
    ¶ fsel (s.th.) bin to settle (s.th.) between
  (as an argument)
fest, fsel pl. fsul 1. season (yearly, hunting,
  etc.) 2. article (e.g., in a written constitu-
  tion) 3. chapter (book) 4. act (play)
fess pl. fsus yolk (egg)
fessa alfalfa, lucern
fessel v.t. (v.n. fsala) 1. to cut (out) (e.g.
  material for a dress) 2. to cut up, to divide
  into sections (meat by a butcher)
fsul pl. of fest, fsel
fsus pl. of fess
                                                   fteq hernia
fsez comp. of fsiz
fosza (with art.) classical Arabic
fšil v.n. of fšel
fšel v.i. (v.n. fašal, fšil) 1. to fail, to be a
  failure, to not succeed 2. to become dis-
  heartened or discouraged
fešš v.t. (v.n. feššan) 1. to deflate (e.g. a
                                                     hand
  balloon) 2. to relieve (s.o. of some anxiety)
teššan v.n. of tešš
feššel v.t. to dishearten, to discourage
feššeš v.t. (v.n. fšuš) to spoil, to pamper
                                                     help of God
fšuš v.n. of feššeš
     ¶ fih\phi le-fšuš to be spoiled \neq (s.o.)
                                                     inspect
fta ifta v.i. (v.n. ftawa) to become tender
  (food)
fta ifti v.t. (v.n. ftu, fetyan) to dictate (as a
  letter)
     I fta reyy Ela to advise, to give counsel
                                                      (bread)
     ¶ fta Ela to judge between, to render a
  judgment between mšaw Eand l-qadi ifti
  Elihom. They went to receive the judge's
  opinion.
fta comp. of fti
ftaqi pl. of fetqiya
                                                     beginning!
ftata pl. -t, ftayet crumb (bread, cake)
ftawa v.n. of fta
ftawi pl. of fetwa
ftaxer (b-) to be proud (of), to have pride
  (in)
ftayel pl. of ftila
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ftir v.n. of fter
                                                 ftel v.t. (v.n. ftil) 1. to roll (e.g. a cigaret,
                                                    small piece of dough for seksu, etc.) 2. to
                                                    braid, to plait, to cord (string, thread)
                                                 ften v.t. (v.n. fatăn, ftin) 1. to pester, to
                                                    bother, to disturb 2, to incite, to agitate (to
                                                    riot, revolt, etc.) 3. to bewitch, to dazzle
                                                    (as one's beauty) l-žamal dyalha ka-iften
                                                    Eibad llah. Her beauty has dazzled every-
                                                  fetna pl. -t, ftayen 1. n.i. of ften 2. state of
                                                    agitation, rioting 3. brawl, free-for-all
                                                    4. revolution, revolt
                                                      I nuwwed fetna to raise a commotion, "to
                                                    raise the roof"
                                                      I nuwwed l-fetna 1. to agitate, to incite a
                                                    riot 2. to incite or foment revolt
                                                  fteg v.t. (v.n. ftig) to unsew, to unseam, to
                                                    rip apart at the seam
                                                  tetgiya pl. -t, ftagi 1. s.th. used to patch a hole
                                                     (usually wooden) 2. board used in board-
                                                    ing up a door (permanently)
                                                  fter v.i. (v.n. fetran) to stop (rain)
                                                  fter pl. ftura measurement from the tip of the
                                                    index finger to tip of the thumb of the open
                                                  fetran v.n. of fter
                                                  fettaz used in the expr. ya-fettaz said at the
                                                    beginning of some action to invoke the
                                                  fetteš v.t. to search, to make a search of, to
                                                      ¶ fetteš f- same as fetteš above
                                                      I fette's Ela to look for, to be in search of
                                                  fettet v.t. to crumb, to break into tiny pieces
                                                  fette v.i. 1. to recite the fatiza 2. to blossom,
                                                    to bloom (flowers)
                                                  ftu v.n. of fta ifti
                                                  ftura pl. of fter
                                                  ftuz pl. -at 1. kind of down payment given to
                                                    a fqi for providing a zerz
                                                      ** hada gir le-ftuz! This is only the
                                                  fetwa pl. -t, ftawi 1. authoritative opinion or
                                                    decision on matters judicial or religious
                                                  fetya n.i. of fta (in fta Ela; see fta ifti)
                                                  fetvan v.n. of fta ifti
                                                  ftez (v.n. ftiz) 1. v.t. to open (usually when
                                                    what is opened is connected as a door)
                                                    2. v.i. to open (as a flower) 3. v.t. to start,
                                                    to open, to go into (business, etc.) 4. v.t. to
fti pl. -yen (comp. fta) 1. tender (meat,
                                                    start, to initiate (ceremony) fter l-zefla
  bread) 2. reasonable in selling, giving a
                                                    b-wazed l-xotba. He opened the proceed-
                                                    ings with a speech. 5. v.t. to operate on
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(surgery) 6. v.t. to conquer (country, city, furud pl. of ferd etc.) 7. v.i. to recite the fatiza furusiya horseback riding, equitation ** l-begrež ftez. The kettle's boiling. furu \in \text{pl. of } fer \in 2 -ftez خlih llah He's had some good luck furyan pl. -at pound (dog, etc.) (after having bad luck). fusaza n.pl, of fasiz ¶ p.p. meftuz pl. -in light (in color) fuța pl. -t, fwet towel (often used as napkin) fet a pl. -t 1. n.i. of ftez 2. opening, hole fuwwaqa (coll. and sg.) pl. -t hiccup(s) (e.g. in a wall, fence, armhole in a robe) žatu l-fuwwaga. He has the hiccups. fta used in the expr. bin fta u-hwa in the air, fuwwara pl. -t geyser (natural) in mid-air fuwwed v.t. to delegate (authority, power) ftana intelligence, quick-wittedness fuwweh v.t. to cause or make yawn ftar pl. of ftir furwwer 1. v.t. to steam (food) 2. v.i. to fetfet same as ferfet steam, to give off steam or vapor ftim v.n. of ftem fuwwež v.i. to relax, to divert oneself (by ftin v.n. of ften taking a walk, etc.) ftir pl. ftar said of bread that has not risen in I fuwwež Ela to entertain, to amuse, to the baking for some reason or other divert (s.o.) ftem (v.n. ftim) to wean fuyaq when, at what time (rare usage) fien b- (v.n. fin) to find out about, to learn fuzan v.n. of faz of, to become aware of fužur dissoluteness ¶ a.p. faten pl. -in intelligent, alert fuzan v.n. of faz fter v.i. (v.n. ftur) 1. to break (the) fast fwad viscera to have breakfast, to breakfast fwaga pl. of fugi 1 fetra alms of grain distributed to the poor on fwar 1. v.n. of far 2. steam, vapor l-Eid s-sgir fwarež pl. of faražiya fetter v.t. 1. to feed or give (s.o.) breakfast fwatez pl. of fatz a 2. to cause to break s-syam fwinda dim. of fanida (n.u. of fanid) ftur 1. v.n. of fter 2. pl. -at breakfast fwiyyer dim. of far ful n.u. -a fava bean, horsebean fwet pl. of futa funun pl. of fenn fxad pl. of fexd funeš pl. of fneš fxax pl. of fexx fuq 1. on, upon zetį had s-senduq fuq į-jebļa! fexd pl. fxad thigh Put this box on the table! - fayn konnaši? fxer v.i. (v.n. fexr) to boast, to brag -fuq l-merfă E. Where's my notebook?fxer comp. of faxer On the shelf. 2. above, over l-qertaşa dazet fext v.n. of fxer fuq rasi. The bullet passed over my head. fexx pl. fxax 1. trap 2. ambush -Eălleq z-zaža fuq ţ-ţebļa! Hang the lamp fexxar 1. (no pl.) ceramic ware, pottery 2. pl. over the table! -a potter fexxem v.t. to velarize, to render emphatic ¶ fuq-as when (interrogative), at what (i.e., pronounce t as t, s as s, etc.) ¶ fuq-aš-emma every time (that), each fyal pl. of fil time (that), whenever fyalel pl. of filil, filila ¶ fuq men over, above (especially with fyaq 1. v.n. of faq 2. wakefulness verbs of motion) fyaqa 1. v.n. of faq 2. intelligence, quick-¶ l-fuq 1. upstairs rah l-fuq. He's up wittedness stairs. 2. on top, at the top fyater pl. of fitura I men fug from, off rfedt le-ktab men fug fzag wetness, dampness fzeg v.i. (v.n. fzig) to get or be wet, damp t-tebla. I took the book off the table. I men fug had š-ši moreover, besides ¶a.p. fazeg pl. -in wet, damp ¶ men l-fuq 1. from above 2. in addition fzig v.n. of fzeg to fzie v.n. of fzăe fuqaha pl. of fqi fezzeg v.t. to wet, to dampen fugani pl. -yen upper (room, etc.) fză v.t. (v.n. fzi) to frighten, to scare fugara pl. of fagir, fgir fezea n.i. of fzăe fuqi 1. pl. fwaqa second floor (building) fžir v.n. of fžer 2. pl. -yen upper (room, etc.) fžel n.u. fežla cpl. fžulat radish fugiya pl. -t a sheer, usually white, over-¶ fžel le-xla horse-radish ¶ klam le-fžel 1. sarcastic remark furat (with art.) Euphrates (river) 2. flattery, soft-soap

fžey v.i. (v.n. fžir) 1. to open up, to burst open d-demmala fežret. The boil has opened up. 2. to corrupt, to become corrupt (morally)

fžer 1. dawn 2. dawn prayer

¶ şlat le-fžer dawn prayer

fžulat cpl. of fžel

fežwa pl. -t patch or area of blue sky (sometimes extended to the entire unclouded sky) fežžel l- 1. to make sarcastic remarks to 2. to

flatter, to soft-soap fežžer v.t. 1. to open, to lance (boil, blister)

2. to detonate (bomb, dynamite charge, etc.)

fežžež v.t. to take for a walk or on a tour, to show around, to take for a ride gedda ġad-nfežžež d-dyaf dyali f-le-mdina zit ma-xeddam-š. Tomorrow I'll take my guests around town since I'm not going to be working.

¶ part. mfežžež pl. -in having a nice view had l-mazăll mfežžež. This place has a nice view.

f-zal see zal

fal pl. fal, fall 1. stallion 2. vígorous fam n.u. feama cpl. falmat charcoal

foz \tilde{s} immorality, debauchery fzul, fzula pl. of $fz\tilde{a}l$

fzula, fzuliya virility, manly vigor

fzumat cpl. of fzam

fezzam pl. -a coal-merchant

feal pl. of făel

₽efをal pl. of fiをl

f ayel pl. of facla
f al used in the expr.:

¶f&ăl f- to rape, to molest sexually

¶fEăl u-trek to do great harm

¶ fa el (a.p.) tarek pl. fa elin tarkin excellent, first-class, tops

fă l pl. f al 1. action, act 2. (in pl.) conduct, behavior

** daba ilqa fă Elu. He'll get his just deserts.

 $f\check{a} \succeq la$ pl. $f \succeq ayel$ foul act or action, dirty trick $f\check{a} \succeq f\check{a} \succeq v$ t. to shake, to jiggle (e.g., a table)

G

gabel v.t. 1. to take care of, to take or be in charge of, to attend, to tend to gabel d-dyaf! Take care of the guests. 2. to face, to be in front of darna mgabla ž-žame . Our house faces the mosque.

gabel (with art.) refers to the next or coming Ramadan

gadd pl. -in capable, able, resourceful

 \mathbb{T} gadd b-rasu ϕ capable or able to take care of oneself

gadum pl. gwadem same as qadum

gafla pl. -*t, gwafel* caravan

gal same as qal

gala same as gala

gales a.p. of gles

gama same as qama

gamila pl. -t, gwamel 1. small sauce pan

2. mess kit, mess tin (military)

gamus pl. gwames (water) buffalo

gana patience, good humor ma-Eăndu gana ma d-drari. He has no patience with children.

¶ ξ la gantu ϕ in a good mood or humor l-yum huwa ξ la gantu. He's in a good mood today.

** kollha u-gantu. To each his own (way, manner, disposition). Everybody to his own

gara pl. -t large vacant area or yard,

esplanade

garantiya pl. -t guarantee (commercial)
garaž pl. -at garage (parking and repair)

gaṛfu pl. -wat (table) fork gaṛṛu pl. -wat, -yat cigaret

garşun pl. graşen 1. waiter 2. shorts (underwear)

gaṛṣuna pl. -t waitress

gare pl. -in (dim. gwire) decrepit, old and infirm

gațe e pl. -in adult (sheep)

gayla 1. burning noontime sun (summer)

2. siesta time 3. same as qayla

gayza pl. -t, gwayez beam (construction), timber, (sometimes a kind of supporting plank)

gaz same as daz

gaz 1. (also zit l-gaz) kerosene 2. gas (e.g., natural gas)

gazita pl. -t, gwazet newspaper

gazuza pl. -t soft drink (carbonated)

gaža f- to join, to sign up for (army) gaža fe-l-&ăsker. He joined the army.

ga 1. all ga 2 le-zwayež lli E ăndi balyen.
All my clothes are worn out. 2. at all (with negative phrase) ga 2 ma-ka-nebġih. I don't like him at all.

¶ ga & lli all (those) who, everyone who, anybody that, whoever ga & lli žaw fe-l-mašina weşlu m & ăttlin. All those who

came on the train arrived late.

¶ ga & waz ed the same, alike huma ga & waz ed. They're alike.

** ga& wazed! It's all the same (to me). ga&a pl. -t, gyă& threshing area (wheat) glas 1. v.n. of gles 2. idleness

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gbadi pl. of gebda
qbala same as qbala
qebbas pl. -a plasterer
gebbazi, gobbazi (no pl.) 1. a rhythmic
  clapping of the hands 2. a volley of oaths
gebbel Ela to appear before, to come near, to
  come to (generally used in statements of
  warning) ila Eawed gebblet Eliya r-ana
  nxerrežha. If she come to me again I'll
  throw her out.
gebbes v.t. to plaster
gbed same as qbed
gebda same as gebda
gbila same as qbayla
gebs pl. gbusat (pl. of intensity) 1. plaster
  2. chalk, gypsum
abusat pl. of aebs
gda igdi v.i. (v.n. gdi) 1. to become in-
  candescent from burning (as coal) 2. v.t.
  to light (a fire)
adam pl. of adem
gdawer pl. of gedwar
gedd same as gedd
gedd shallow place or spot (as in a river)
  that can be crossed on foot; ford
goddam, geddam same as goddam
goddami pl. -ven foreword, placed in front
gedded v.t. 1. to cut into strips (meat) 2. to
  prepare geddid 3. to gnaw on (as a bone)
geddid a type of meat preserves in strips.
  smoked meat
geddem v.t. 1. to step on, to stomp 2. to run
  over (car, bicycle, etc.)
gdi v.n. of gda
gdem pl. gdam heel (shoe and foot)
gedmiya pl. -t heel (shoe)
gedra pl. -t, gdur 1. type of clay pot used in
  cooking 2. folk dance of southern Morocco
gdur pl. of gedra
gedwar pl. gdawer old piece of cloth, rag
gfa same as qfa
geffet v.t. to roll up (sleeves, etc.)
ghim v.n. of ghem
ghem v.t. (v.n. ghim) to fill (up), to cloy,
  to surfeit, to take away the appetite (e.g.,
  rich food)
gid pl. gyad guide (tourist)
gidun pl. -at 1. handle bar (bicycle, motor-
  cycle, etc.) 2. handle, grip (e.g., lawn
  mower, bicycle)
gitun pl. -at, qyaten tent
giyyed v.t. to lure, to entice (with some de-
  ception as to purpose)
giyyel v.i. to rest or nap during hottest time
  of day (country folk)
giyyez same as qiyyez
giz same as qiz
gla same as qla
glales pl. of gellas 2
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glasi pl. of gelsa
glati pl. of gelta
gleb v.t. (v.n. glib) 1. same as gleb 2. to turn
  over, to upset, to turn upside down 3. to
  loosen, to break up (the ground)
    ** leh-la igleb bik! I couldn't care less
  (what you do); To hell with you then!;
  I wash my hands of the whole thing
  (expr. used after attempting to give help or
  advice to s.o. who refuses it).
gelb pl. glub same as gelb
gelba 1. n.i. of gleb
    I fag men l-gelba to wake up, to become
  aware
gelgel v.t. to gargle with
glib v.n. of gleb
glie v.n. of glae (same as qellae) and
  gellă E
glel pl. of golla (same as golla)
golla pl. glel same as golla
gellas 1. pl. -a manager or superintendent
  of a public bath (for men) 2. pl. glales
  chamber pot
gellasa pl. -t manager or superintendent (f.)
  of a public bath (for women).
gellasiya pl. -t kind of clay jug
gellay adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a ag. adj. and n. of
  qla
gelleb same as gleb
gelles v.t. 1. to cause or make to sit 2. to show
  to a seat, to have (s.o.) sit 3. to have or
  make stay gellesnah Candna rebe iyyam.
  We had him stay with us for four days.
  4. to have or make sit up (in bed, etc.)
  5. to straighten up, to set up straight, to put
  on end
gellet v.i. to stagnate (water)
gellă v.t. (v.n. gli ) to pull out, to extri-
  cate, to uproot (same as qellă)
gles v.i. (v.n. glas) 1. to sit (down) 2. to stay
  gles & ăndi telt iyyam. He stayed three days
  with me.
    ¶ a.p. gales pl. -in 1. living, staying hadi
  seb iyyam w-ana gales Eand Eammi.
  I've been staying with my uncle for a week
  now. 2. idle, out of work
gelsa, golsa pl. -t, glasi 1. n.i. of gles 2. dress-
  ing room of the public bath 3. session
  (court, conference, etc.) 4. sitting posture
  or position 5, kind of cushion used as a seat
gelta pl. -t, glati pond, puddle (usually of
  rain water)
glub pl. of gelb (same as qclb)
gelya same as qelya
glă (v.n. gli E) same as qellă E
gmagem pl. of gemgum, gemguma
gmari pl. of gemra
gmat pl. gmayet diaper
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amayet pl. of gmat
gemgam pl. -in one who grumbles, complains
gemgem 1, v.i., to grumble, to complain 2, v.t.,
  to mumble (s.th.) 3. v.t. and v.i. to stutter
gemgum, gemguma pl. gmagem snout, muzzle,
gmim lead (metal)
amira dim. of gemra
qmel same as qmel
gemmel v.i. to become infested or covered
  with lice (same as gemmel)
gemmet v.t. to put diapers on, to wrap in
  swaddling clothes
gomna pl. -t cable
gemra pl. gmari (dim. gmira) 1. moon
  2. moonlight
    ** amari hadi! What beautiful moon-
  light! -le-gmari našra fe-z-znaqi. Moon-
  light is flooding the streets.
gnaber pl. of genbri and genbura
gnafed pl. of genfud
gnater pl. of gentra (same as gentra)
gnawa pl. of gnawi
gnawi pl. gnawa 1. member (negro) of the
  gnawa brotherhood 2. used in describing
  one in a rage or temper tantrum.
    ¶ ful qnawa black-eyed peas
qnavez pl. of qnaza
gnaza pl. gnayez funeral
genbri pl. gnaber small, banjo-like instrument
  of two and sometimes three strings
genbura pl. -t, gnaber jug
gondaya pl. -t 1. crest or tuft of hair 2. crest
  (of rooster)
gnef v.i. (v.n. gnif) to get angry, to get upset
  gnef Eliya Ela zeqq-aš ma-xdemt-š
  l-barez. He got angry with me because I
  didn't work yesterday.
genfud pl. gnafed hedgehog (Erinaceus)
    ¶ genfud le-b č ăr sea urchin, sea hedge-
geng pl. gnug, gnuga blow with the head,
  butt
gnif v.n. of gnef
gnitra same as qnitra
gnen pl. of gonna
gonna pl. -t, gnen 1. summit (mountain)
  2. crown of the head
gennef v.t. to provoke, to pester
gens pl. gnus 1. race, people, nation 2. breed
   (animal)
gentra pl. gnater same as qentra
gnug, gnuga pl. of geng
gnus pl. of gens
gradi pl. of gerda
gram pl. -at gram
gramet pl. of germat and germata
gran pl. of grin
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grasen pl. of garşun
gratet pl. of gertit
grawet pl. of gerwat
graye pl. of griza (same as griza)
grave i pl. -va type of singer of simple tunes,
  often extemporaneously invented
gražem pl. of geržuma
gražet pl. of geržuta (same as geržuma)
areb pl. of gerba
gerba pl. -t, greb goatskin for carrying water
gerda & v.t. to knock down (s.o.)
gord kind of pasture grass
gerda pl. -t, gradi 1. chopping block
  (butcher) 2. piece (bread, meat, cloth, etc.)
gergae n.u. -a 1. walnut 2. walnut tree
geraef v.t. to guzzle down all in one draught
grig n.pl. of grigi
grigi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. grig Greek
    ¶ blad le-grig Greece
griz a pl. gravez same as griz a
grin v.n. of gren
grişa (dim. of gerşa) pl. -t 1. small loaf of
  bread (about the size of a bun)
    ¶grișa de-l-zălwa piece or tablet of
  candy (as a mint)
germat pl. gramet short-eared
germața pl. -t, gramet wooden or metal basin
  for mortar or plaster
germel v.t. to make crisp, to brown (as in an
  oven, frying pan, etc.)
germet v.t. to shorten, to cut off
gren v.t. (v.n. grin) to join, to attach gren
  hada mea hadak. Attach this to that.
    ¶ gren ¿ aynu¢ f- to stare at
gern pl. grun 1. horn (cow, antelope, etc.)
  2. powder horn 3. tuft of hair left after
  shaving part of the head (custom of certain
  North African country people) 4. tress
  which hangs down on the bosom (women)
qorna pl. -t slaughterhouse
gernin n.u. -a thistle
gerr v.i. (v.n. gerran) to confess, to admit
  guilt
     ¶ gerr be-l-xir to be grateful
gerrab pl. -a one who carries and sells water
   (in a gerba) in the street to passers-by, and
  also to houses
gerran v.n. of gerr
    ¶ gerran be-l-xir gratitude
gerred v.t. to cut into pieces
gerres v.t. to flatten (as bread before baking)
gerrež v.t. to cut a little off, to shorten (e.g.
  a sleeve)
    ** gerržu-lu deb a. They slit his throat.
gerra v.t. to cause to belch (food, drink)
gers, gors, n.u. gersa, gorsa small loaf of
  bread
gerš pl. gruš, grušat old coin worth one-
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quarter franc

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gertit pl. gratet (n. and adj.) animal whose
  tail has been cut off
gertet v.t. to cut off, to lop off, to shorten (e.g.
  sleeves, hair, animal's tail)
grun pl. of gern
gruš, grušat pl. of gerš
gerwat pl. grawet (n. and adj.) one with a
  speech defect
gerwaža pl. -t sheep's ear (from the gastro-
  nomic viewpoint)
gerwet v.i. to speak with some impediment
gorža, be-l-gorža wholesale šritha be-l-gorža.
  I bought it wholesale.
geržuma pl. gražem 1. throat (internal and
  external aspect) 2. Adam's apple
geržuta pl. gražet same as geržuma
gṛa n.u. geṛ Ea squash (including pumpkin)
    ¶gră& slawi kind of long, green squash
    ¶gṛă& tixrifin (or taxrifin) zucchini
  squash
    ¶gṛăと ĕmṛa pumpkin
gsa&i pl. of ges&a
gseb, gesba same as qseb, qesba
gess pl. gsus floor of tamped earth or concrete
gessas pl. -a ag. n. of gesses
gessasa pl. -t tool or machine for tamping
  earth
gesses v.t. 1. to make flat or level by tamping
  (in preparation for laying a floor) 2. to lay
  (a concrete floor), to pave (with concrete
  or asphalt)
gsus pl. of gess
ges & a pl. -t, gsa & i large bowl or dish in
  which couscous is served and often eaten
gešgaš twigs, branches and dried cow dung
  used for lighting fires
gtati pl. of gettaya
gta&i pl. of get&a
getran tar, pitch
gettaya pl. -t, gtati tuft of hair on the crown
  of the head (custom of some Northwest
  African country folk)
get & a pl. -t, gta & i same as qet & a
gud straight (ahead) sir gud! Go straight
  ahead! -aži qud le-d-dar! Come straight
  home!
quma pl. -t eraser (rubber)
gurara pl. -t stain, spot
guses v.i. to spy, to engage in espionage
    ¶ guses Ela to spy on
guwwad pl. -a guide (tourist, expedition,
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guwwed v.t. 1. to lead, to conduct, to show (s.o. to some place), to take (somewhere) 2. to drive (cattle, sheep, etc.) guwwez same as duwwez guz n.u. -a 1. walnut 2. walnut tree ¶ guza de-t-tenfiz a snuff container (pear-shaped) gwadem pl. of gadum (same as qadum) gwafel pl. of gafla gwamel pl. of gamila gwames pl. of gamus guayez pl. of gayza gwazet pl. of gazita gwirez dim. of garez gyad pl. of gid qyaten pl. of qitun a عgyă و pl, of ga gzami pl. of gezma gezz v.t. (v.n. gezzan) to shear (sheep) gezzan v.n. of gezz qezzar pl. -a butcher gezzer v.t. to cut (up) (as does a butcher in preparing meat) gežder used in expr. e.g., aš ka-tgežder? What the hell are you doing? —aš gežderti l-yum? What have you done today? (implying nothing worthwhile was done) gežgež v.i. to swarm (insects) $g \in ad$ 1. v.n. of $g \in ad$ 2. idleness, inaction gとadi pl. of găとda 2 $g \in \check{a}d$ v.i. (v.n. $g \in ad$) 1. to sit (down) 2. to stay gă Edet Eăndna telt iyyam. She stayed with us three days. 3. to stop work (ing), to retire, to be retired 4. to be unemployed or out of work găEda 1. n.i. of gEăd 2. pl. -t, gEadi sitting position gă gă v.i. to make the sound of a camel

 $g\check{a}\xi g\check{a}\xi$ v.i. to make the sound of a camel $g\xi ir$ v.n. of $g\xi \check{a}r$

 $g \in \check{a}r$ v.t. (v.n. $g \in ir$) to throw violently (so as to break or smash)

gă & ¿ ăd v.t. 1. to raise (the head from a a bowed position) 2. to cause or make sit (down), to seat 3. to cause or make sit up (as in bed) 4. to set up, to straighten (up) (s.th. that has been overturned or knocked down) 5. to make or have stay (as overnight) 6. to retire (s.o.) 7. to support, to back (up)

** !lah igă E čád milu. I hope everything works out for him.



ġa abbreviation of ġadi (as auxiliary before the imperfect) ġab igib v.i. (v.n. ġiba) 1. to be away, to be

etc.)

absent 2. to disappear *ġabet š-šemš*. The sun's disappeared (e.g., behind a cloud). 3. to set (sun)

 $\P \dot{g}ab \ \mathcal{E}la \ \mathcal{E} \ddot{a}glu^{\phi}$ to faint, to pass out gareb pl. gwareb corner where three sides ¶ a.p. gayeb pl. -in absent come together ¶ $\dot{g}ayeb$ ξla $\xi \ddot{a}qlu\phi$ (to be) unconscious, gariba same as griba to be out garaq 1. v.n. of graq 2. flood, deluge (exġaba pl. -t, ġyeb forest, woods tended to a heavy rain) ¶ aba de-z-zitun olive grove, orchard gareg a.p. of greg ¶ mul l-gaba, bu-gaba forester, forest gasul fuller's earth (used for shampooing the hair) gabawa 1. stupidity, denseness 2. stubborngaş igiş v.i. to submerge, to go under ** huwa gayes f-demmu. He's lying in a gabiy pl. ?agbiya? 1. stupid, dense 2. stubborn puddle of (his) blood. gadi f. gadya or gada pl. gadyen going fayn *qaša* v.t. to cause to be oblivious to what is gadi? Where are you going? - (ana) gadi going on, (e.g. by plying with liquor to gain some advantage) le-d-dar. I'm going home. ¶ ġadi, ġad, ġa (invariable) auxiliary ġaši (with art.) somebody, something used before the imperfect to indicate future (vague) smačt l-gaši l-fuq. 1 heard somebody (i.e., a noise) upstairs. time jad-tțiz š-šta. It's going to rain. -- ja-nšufha jedda. I'm going to see her gat igit v.t. (v.n. git, igata) to come to the aid of, to save (especially from impending tomorrow. gad igid v.t. (v.n., gid) to offend, to hurt ġadni dak š-ši lli qolti had s-sbaz. What *ġaya* goal, aim you said this morning offended me. ¶ fe-l-gaya, fe-l-gaya u-n-nihaya, ** ġaḍu l-zal. He's angry, peeved. fi-gayati ma yakun very good, excellent, gadab wrath, anger perfect gafel a.p. of gfel ¶ ġaytu~ in short, in a word ġalĭb used in the expr. fe-l-ġalĭb, ġalĭb š-ši gayeb a.p. of gab gayel v.i. (v.n. gil, gyal) to nurse (suckle) 1. most of the time, in general f-fas ka-ikun l-zal fe-ș-șif sxun fe-l-galib. In Fez the one's child during a succeeding pregnancy weather is hot most of the summer. 2. most (considered unhealthy for the unborn child) likely, probably fe-l-galib ttiz š-šta had gazw v.n. of gza l-lila. It'll most likely rain tonight. *gbaber* pl. of *gobra* gali a.p. of gla igla àbar manure galat pl. aglat 1. v.n. of glet 2. mistake, gbayen pl. of gbina gebbar pl. -a one who collects the combustierror ble materials used in heating water for the galet a.p. of glet gameq pl. -in profound, hard to understand public bath gamer v.i. to venture forth (to seek advengebben v.t. to make sad or disconsolate, to grieve ture) ganayim pl. of ganima (same as gnima) gebber v.t. to hide (s.th.) gebber v.t. 1. to get dust on or all over (s.th.) ġani a.p. of ġna 2. to spread or dust (e.g., sugar or cinganima pl. ganayim same as gnima namon on a cake) 3. to powder (e.g., one's ganen v.t. (v.n. gnan) to contradict, to disface) 4. to spread fertilizer on or over (a agree with (s.o.) field) ganžu f. -ya pl. gwanež gullible, easily duped gbina pl. gbayen disconsolation, dejection, (rather slangy) sadness žatha le-gbina. She's down in the gar igir (men) (v.n. gira) to be jealous (of) mouth (i.e., sadness came to her). ¶ gar Ela to defend, to take the side of, to gben gloominess, moroseness nzel Eliha back up (s.o., as in an argument) le-gben. She's become gloomy. gar pl. giran 1. cave, cavern 2. hole (mouse, gber v.i. to disappear (with whereabouts rabbit, ant, etc.) 3. tunnel unknown) gara pl. -t act of aggression, attack (military) garad, garad aim, goal, desire gebra pl. -t, gbur n.i. of gber gobra pl. gbaber (pl. of intensity) 1. dust ¶ Eăndu∮ l-ġarad b- to need Eăndi l-garad bik. I need you (to help me). 2. (pl.) clouds of dust (as on a windy day) -E ăndi l-garad b-ši-šwiya d-le-flus. I need 3. powder (general term) a little money. *gbur* pl. of *gebra* gara?ib pl. of griba gda pl. -wat lunch, dinner (just after the ġarama pl. -t ġarayim same as ġrama noon hour)

ġdayed pl. of ġodda, ġedda

garayim pl. of garama (same as grama)

gdayer pl. of gdir

gedd anger, fury !!ă fih l-gedd. He became furious.

¶ jedd lih~ the day after (some previously mentioned day)

gedda tomorrow

¶ bă&d ġedda (the) day after tomorrow ¶ ġedda men ġedda one of these days, some day

Illa ġedda the next day, the following day ržāčt men l-coṭla u-lla ġedda sbect nexdem. I came back from my vacation and the following day I started back to work.

godda, gedda pl. gdayed 1. grief, sorrow 2. resentment ma-berdet-lu-š dik l-godda. He's still resentful (and is planning to get even).

** a gdayed qelbi!, or a gdaydi! Oh, I wish I'd never been born! Oh, woe is me!

¶ berred le-ydayed f- to take out one's anger on, to cool off by venting one's spleen on

gedded v.t. to irritate (by pestering)

ġdir pl. ġdayer stream, rill (small enough to be jumped)

ģedwa same as *ģedda*

ġdeb v.i. (v.n. ġdib) to get angry, to get mad ġedba n.i. of ġdeb

ġeḍban pl. -in 1. angry 2. in a bad mood or humor

ġeddab pl. -in irascible, touchy, cross (character trait)

geddar 1. pl. -in deceitful, unfaithful 2. pl. -in misleading, fraudulent 3. pl. -a deceiver, unfaithful person

ġeḍḍeb v.t. to make angry or mad

gdib v.n. of gdeb

gder v.t. (v.n. gder) 1. to deceive, to mislead2. to be unfaithful to, to betray

ġḍeŗ v.n. of ġḍeŗ

¶ b-le-yder with intentions of deceiving or betraying

geffel v.t. to wait for (s.o., in order to take advantage of his inattention or absence in order to do s.th. that cannot be done in his presence) geffeltu zetta duwwer wežhu u-xdit fanida &ra. I waited until he turned his head, then I took another piece of candy.

gfil v.n. of gfel

ġfir (no pl., no comp.) used in the expr. #ah
ġfir. God is forgiving.

gfir v.n. of gfer

ifel Ela (v.n. ifil) 1. not to give due attention to, to neglect (things) 2. to have patience with, to wait for or on ifel Eliya wazed š-šwiya. Wait a little while (e.g., and I'll pay you).

¶a.p. *gafel* pl. -in 1. inattentive, distracted 2. careless, negligent

gefla n.i. of gfel

¶ Ela gefla all of a sudden, suddenly, without warning, unexpectedly

ġfer l- (v.n. ġofran, ġfir, meġfara) to forgive
 (religious sense)

gofran 1. v.n. of gfer 2. remission of sin(s)
gib used in the expr. fe-l-gib not known,
secret kif kan le-mtiz an dyalek?—

fe-l-gib. How did you come out in the exam?—I don't know.

giba pl. -t, gwayeb, gyub 1. v.n. of gab 2. absence hedru Elih f-gibtu. They talked about him in his absence.

** fayn had le-gwayed? or fayn gyubek? Where have you been (all this time)?

gibta joy, gladness, elation

giḍ v.n. of ġaḍ

ģil v.n. of *ġayel*

gina riches, wealth

ġir 1. only, nothing but, just (often with ma-preceding the verb) ka-nšuf ġir

d-dem or ma-ka-nšuf ģir d-dem. I see only darkness. 2. minus, less (implied in telling time) hadi z-zuž ģir tulut. It's twenty to (before, of) two. 3. as soon as, when ģir iži qulha-li. As soon as he comes, tell me. 4. other than, (an)other, others, (used with pron. endings) taxod had le-ktab? la, Ețini ģiru. Do you want (to take) this book? No, give me another (a different) one. —telleft flusek u-flus ģirek. I lost your money as well as the others'. 5. used with impv. to show lack of objection to the act ģir sir! Go ahead and go! You can go (if you want). —ģir kul! Go ahead and eat!

** la-hada wa-la ġiru wa-la ġiru! Not this (one) or any other (one)!

¶ gir kif as soon as, when gir kif tuwsel aži šufni. As soon as you arrive come and see me.

¶men gir (with ma- before verbs)

1. instead of, other than, besides sifet ši-wazed men giru. Send someone instead of him. 2. without sir men gir xewf (or men gir-ma txaf) Go and don't be afraid!

3. except šefthom kollhom men gir xak. I saw all of them except your brother.

¶ l-gir other people, others ka-ixelli šġalu baš ičawen l-gir. He leaves his own

work to help others.

ġiṛa 1. v.n. of ġar 2. jealousy, envy 3. indignation žatu l-ġiṛa ¿la xtu. He's really riled about his sister (her being treated improperly, etc.)

giran pl. of gar

git 1. v.n. of gat 2. rain (as a relief from

yııu

drought) mšaw iteļbu l-ģit. They went (to the mosque) to pray for rain.

gita pl. -t, gyet type of Moroccan oboe with holes in place of keys

** Tălgha rgig br al l-gita. She has a shrill, piercing voice. -ža be-t-tbeļ u-l-ģita. He arrived with a great display of pomp. giyabiyen in absentia z ekmu Elih giyabiyen.

They sentenced him in absentia.

aivvat pl. -a one who plays the gita

yiyyeb 1. v.i. to be away for a long time 2. v.t., to cause to be absent, away

** la-tgiyyeb-š b-le-bra Elina. Don't wait forever to write us.

givyed v.t. 1. to hurt (i.e., one's feelings) 2. to anger, to make indignant

giyyem v.i. to get cloudy, overcast l-zal bda ka-igiyyem. It began to get cloudy.

givyer v.t. 1. to change, to alter, to modify 2. to transform 3. to anger, to upset

givyes v.t. 1. to get muddy, to muddy, to get mud on 2. to make muddy, to cause (the ground) to get muddy

gla igla v.i. (v.n. gla) to become expensive, to go up (in price)

¶ a.p. ġali f. ġalya pl. ġalyen (comp. ġla) expensive, high (price)

gla igli v.i. (v.n. gli) 1. to boil 2. to crowd, to throng s-saza de-s-sug kanet ka-tegli

b-le-gnem. The market place was crowded with sheep. 3. to swarm (bees, flies, etc) ** gla d-demm f-rasu. He became furious.

ala (m.) v.n. of ala igla

¶ b-le-gla high, at a high price ka-ibi€u b-le-gla w-išriw b-le-gla. They sell at a high price as well as buy at a high price. gla comp. of gali (a.p. of gla igla)

glad v.i. (v.n. geld, gold) 1. to get fat (person, animal) 2. to become blunted (as a sharp point)

glaf pl. -at 1. scabbard, sheath 2. case (eyeglasses, camera, etc.) 3. envelope 4. cover (book) 5. pod, shell (pea, bean)

glal n.u. -a snail

glaleq pl. of gellaga

glaq, glaqa pl. glaqat wooden or metal blind used to close the front of a shop or store *ġḷaṭ* pl. of *ġeḷṭa*

glayli pl. -ya fruit and vegetable wholesale dealer

gleb v.t. (v.n. golb) to beat, to be victorious

¶ gleb Ela 1. to harm (sadistically) 2. to overpower, to overcome gleb Elih t-tgel. The weight overpowered him.

golb v.n. of gleb

gelba pl. -t 1. n.i. of gleb 2. victory

geld, gold 1. v.n. of glad 2. thickness 3. fatness, obesity

aled comp. of alid ġli v.n. of ġla iġli

glid pl. glad (comp. gled) 1. thick (not liquids) 2. dull, blunt (a point) 3. fat, obese, heavy 4. deep and gruff (voice)

gliq v.n. of gleq goll, gell rancor, resentment

qlel pl. of qella

gella v.t. 1. to boil (water) 2. to raise the price of 3. to sell at a high price, to charge a lot for

gella pl. -t. glel 1. crop, harvest 2. fruit

gellal pl. -a seller of fruit

gellaga pl. -t, glaleg bottle-stopper (includes caps, corks, etc.)

gellay pl. -a tea-kettle

gelleb Ela to help, cause, or make (s.o.) win (over s.o. else) gellbuh Eliha. They helped him beat her (in the contest, etc.)

gelled v.t. 1, to thicken, to make thick(er) (as a wall) 2. to cause to put on weight, to make fat(ter) 3. to make deep(er) and gruff(er) (voice)

gellef v.t. 1. to cover (book, wall) 2. to wrap (package)

gelleg v.t. to darken (color)

¶ gellegha~ or gelleg babaha~ to gorge oneself (with food)

aelles v.i. to do (derogatory usage) aš

ka-tgelles? What the hell are you doing? gellet v.t. to cause or make (s.o.) commit an error xlas, gellettini! Blast it, you made me make a mistake!

glem (f., coll.) sheep

gelmi mutton, lamb (meat)

aleg v.t. (v.n. *alia*) to close or shut (door, room, etc.)

** gelquha. They stuffed themselves (with food)

¶ gleq Ela 1. to shut in, to lock in gelqu Elih. They locked him in. 2. to talk over the head of (s.o.) 3. to tell tall stories to ġelqa pl. -t n.i. of ġleq

** derbuha b-gelqa. They stuffed them-

selves (with food).

glet v.i. (v.n. gaļāt) to make a mistake, to err ¶a.p. jalet pl. -in wrong, mistaken nta galet. You're mistaken.

ģeļļa pl. -t, ģlaļ, Paģlaļ mistake, error yludiya 1. thickness 2. fatness, obesity gelya n.i. of gla

**Ela ġelya ka-itib. It only takes a minute to cook.

gelyan pl. -in (adj.) boiling

gmal 1. v.n. of gmel 2. mold (e.g. on bread) gmam n.u. -a dark, low clouds

gmamed pl. of gommada

gmaq v.i. 1. to deepen, to become deep 2. to go deep (er) (e.g. s.o. digging)

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gmayem pl. of gemm
gemda pl. -t (dim. gmida) nap, snooze, light
    ¶ Emel gemea to take a nap or snooze
amida dim. of aemda
ġmiz v.n. of ġmez
gmel v.i. (v.n. gmel, gmal) to get moldy
ġmel v.n. of ġmel
gemm v.t. to smother, to asphyxiate (other
  than by gas; not necessarily fatal)
    I pp. megmum pl. -in sad, low (in spirit)
gemm pl. gmum, gmayem (pl. of intensity)
  dejection, despondency
gemma 1. n.i. of gemm 2. same as gemm pl.
  ġmum, ġmayem
gommada pl. -t. gmamed blinder (for horse's
  bridle)
ġommayḍa hide-and-seek (children's game)
gemmed v.t. to sheathe (sword, knife)
gemmed v.t. 1. to close (the eyes) 2. to cover
  the eyes of, to blindfold gemmed-lu Eaynih
  Zetta nexrož! Cover his eyes until I leave!
    ¶ gemmed wazed t-tegmida to take a
  (little) nap, to snooze (a while)
gemmem v.i. to become overcast, to cloud up
  gemmmet s-sma. The sky's clouded up.
gemmeq v.t. 1. to hide, to conceal (by remov-
  ing the object rather than covering it with
  s.th. else). 2. to make deep (er) (as a hole)
gemmes v.t. to dip (in a sauce, as a piece of
 bread)
gomg depth, deepness (physical quality)
gmum pl. of gemm
gmez v.t. (v.n. gmiz) to wink at
ġna iġni v.t. (v.n. ġna) to make rich or
  wealthy
    ** gnah llah Ela giru. He's pretty well
  off (and needs no financial help).
    ¶a.p. ġani f. -ya pl. aġniya 1. rich,
  wealthy 2. self-sufficient (financially)
gna comp. of gani (see gna)
gna (m.) v.n. of gna
gnaber pl. of genbur
gnabež pl. of genbaž
gnan 1. v.n. of ganen and tganen
  2. contrariness
gnayem pl. of gnima
genbaž, gonbaž pl. gnabež kind of žellaba
  worn by mountain folk.
genber v.i. to pull a hood (e.g., of the
  žellaba) over the head in such a way as to
  hide the face
genbur pl. gnaber type of veil, used mostly by
  country women, which encircles the head as
  well as the face
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gnima pl. -t, gnayem 1. trophy (war) 2. (pl.)

gnem v.t. 1. to take advantage of, to profit by

booty, spoil 3. game (i.e., animals taken in

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sir u-šuf kan tegnem ši-č ašra de-d-drahem
  mennu. Go and see if you can get ten
  dirhams or so out of him.
gnem (f., coll.) sheep
    ¶ qet E a d-le-gnem flock of sheep
ģenmi same as ģelmi
genna v.t. and v.i. 1. to sing 2. to repeat or
  say again and again (insistently) bqa
  ka-tgenni temmaya! You can keep repeat-
  ing that until doomsday (I'm not changing
  my mind)!
\dot{g}onya pl. -t (a) song
gra paste, glue
grab pl. of grib 1 and 2
grab pl. -at, gorban, grobba crow, raven
ġṛabi pl. -yen raven black, pitch black
grabel pl. of gerbal, gorbal
grabli pl. -va one who makes and sells the
  gerbal
grafi pl. of gorfa
grama pl. -t, grayem 1. v.n. of grem 2. gift,
  usually money, given to the bride by rela-
  tives and friends 3. security, collateral ila
  bgiti le-flus Etini ši-grama. If you want the
  loan give me some security. 4. compensa-
  tion, remuneration (for some loss)
graq v.i. (v.n. gorg, garaq) 1. to go under, to
  sink (but not quite drown) 2. to drown
  3. to sink, to founder (ship) 4. to get deeper
  (as a well)
graref pl. of gorraf
grasi pl. of gersa
grayeb pl. of griba
grayem pl. of grama
ġraz pl. of ġerza, ġorza
grazi pl. of gerza
greb (v.n. grub, gurub) to set, to go down
  (sun)
gerb 1. west 2. (with art.) name of a fertile
  valley on the sbu river
ġoṛba pl. of ġrib 3
gorba 1. state of feeling out of place, loneli-
  ness 2. homesickness
    ** ka-ičiš hna f-gorba. He feels all alone
  living here.
gerbal, gorbal pl. grabel kind of sieve or
  sifter used in grading sand and wheat
gorban pl. of grab
ģerbawa pl. of ģerbawi
ģerbawi pl. ģerbawa inhabitant of l-ģerb
  (see gerb 2)
grobba pl. of grab
gerbi 1. pl. -yen western, occidental 2. cool
  breeze from the west
gerbel v.t. to sift (flour, sand)
gref to dip, to serve with a spoon
gṛef pl. of goṛfa
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(opportunity) 2. to get (s.th. out of s.o.)

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ġorfa pl. -t, ġrafi, ġref 1. n.i. of ġref 2. room
                                                   2. to dunk (s.o.), to drown or almost drown
                                                   3. to submerge, to immerse (s.th.) 4. to sink,
  above the ground floor
    ¶ gorfa de-l-Eăwla pantry
                                                   to scuttle (ship) 5. to make deep(er) (as a
    ¶ l-gorfa l-filaziya Chamber of
                                                   hole) 6. to prosecute
  Agriculture
                                                     I gerreq fe-d-din to cause or make go
    ¶ l-gorfa t-tižariya Chamber of
                                                   into debt
  Commerce
                                                 gerres v.t. to make go deep, to drive in deep
gerger v.t. to gargle with xessek tgerger
                                                 gerrez v.t. 1. to baste, to tack 2. to stitch
  l-ma šwiya. You should gargle a little bit
                                                   (surgery)
  with some water.
                                                 gres, gres v.t. (v.n. gris, gres, gers) to plant
grib 1. pl. grab strange, weird, odd 2. pl. grab
                                                   (a plant or area)
  marvelous, amazing 3. pl. gorba one away
                                                 gres v.n. of gres, gres
  from home (and somewhat alone), stranger
                                                 gers (no pl.) 1. garden (vegetable, flower)
                                                   2. group of potted plants 3. v.n. of gres
griba pl. grayeb, gara@ib very unusual thing;
  s.th. very much out of the ordinary
                                                 gersa n.i. of gres, gres
                                                 grub v.n. of greb
grim v.n. of grem
ģris v.n. of ģres
                                                 grur v.n. of gerr
ġriyba pl. -t type of teacake made of semolina
                                                 grez (v.n. griz) same as gerrez
  or flour, sugar, and butter
                                                 gorza pl. -t, graz, grazi stitch (sewing,
gṛiz v.n. of gṛez
                                                   surgery)
ġŗem v.t. (v.n. ġŗim, ġŗama) 1. to give grama
                                                 ġsil v.n. of ġsel
  to (the bride) 2. to make restitution or
                                                 gsel v.t. and v.i. (v.n. gsil) to wash (up), to
  compensation for, to pay (back) for
                                                   clean (up) (usually with water)
  xessek tegrem-li ktabi. You've got to pay
                                                 gesla pl. -t n.i. of gsel
  me back for my book.
                                                 gessal pl. -a kind of mortician who washes
gernața Granada (Spain)
                                                   and wraps the dead before burial
                                                 gessel v.t. to wash and wrap (the dead be-
greq same as graq
    Ta.p. gareg pl. -in (comp. greq) 1. deep
                                                   fore burial)
  (as a well, hole, dish, etc.) 2. sunk, sub-
                                                 gsan pl. of gsen
                                                 gseb v.t. (v.n. gsib, gseb, gesb) 1. to pick
  merged (as a ship)
                                                   (fruit, etc.) before ripening 2. to deprive
    ¶ gareq fe-d-din deep in debt
    ¶ gareq fe-n-n Eas fast asleep
                                                   (of s.th. due) bhah gesbu fe-graytu. His
greq comp. of gareq (a.p. of greq)
                                                   father took him out of school (deprived him
gorg 1. v.n. of graq 2. depth, deepness 3. deep
                                                   of his studies). 3. to take away (by force or
                                                   intimidation) gsebni f-flusi. He took my
  place (as in a river)
gerga 1. n.i. of grag 2. complete failure, fiasco
                                                   money away. - gesbuha f-z ayatha. They
                                                   took away her life (implies in one's prime).
  (business project)
gerr v.t. (v.n. grur, gurur, gerran 1. (some-
                                                 ġseb, ġesb v.n. of ġseb
                                                 gsib v.n. of gseb
  times with b-) to tempt (to do wrong), to
  lead into error or astray 2. to lead (s.o.) on,
                                                 gsen pl. gsan branch (tree)
                                                 gessab pl. -a ag.n. of gseb
  to deceive
                                                 ġša (cons. ġšat) pl. -wat, ġši 1. envelope
gerra v.t. to apply gra to (for gluing
                                                   (letter) 2. case, cover (as for a pillow)
  purposes)
gerrada used in the expr. Ela gerrada with-
                                                 ġšam pl. of gšim
                                                 ġšat cons. of ġša
  out warning, unexpectedly
gorraf pl. graref 1. type of clay jar for stor-
                                                 gši pl. of gša
                                                 gšim pl. gšam 1. inexperienced, naive, rustic
  ing drinking water 2. Kind of clay drinking
                                                   2. beginner, tyro, novice
  mug 3. pitcher
                                                     ** kont gšim fik! I didn't know you could
gerran v.n. of gerr
                                                   do that, or were like that (favorable
gerrar pl. -a tempter, one who leads astray
                                                   surprise); I didn't think you'd ever do a
gerreb v.t. 1. to exile, to banish 2. to make
                                                   thing like that (disappointment).
  (s.th.) face west (as in building a house)
                                                 gešš v.t. (v.n. ġešš) to cheat, to deceive (e.g.
  3. v.i. to go or bear west
                                                   in a game, sale)
    ¶ part. mgerrcb pl. -in away from one's
                                                     ** ka-tgešš rasek. You can do better than
  own country, in a foreign land
                                                   that (i.e., you're not matching up to your
gerred v.i. to chirp, to warble (bird)
                                                   potential).
gerrem v.t. to make pay for, to make (s.o.)
                                                 ģešš v.n. of ģešš
  make restitution or compensation for
                                                     ¶ be-l-gešš fraudulently, through
gerreq v.t. 1. to drive deep (as a nail, drill)
                                                   deception
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ģešša same as ģellef
ġeššaš pl. -a cheat (person)
    ** nta ġeššaš! You know you can do
  better! (i.e., have greater potential)
geššem v.t. to take advantage of (an ingenu-
  ous and naive person), to dupe
gošt August (month)
gtari pl. of getra
ätir v.n. of äter
iter v.i. (v.n. itir) to go away (somewhere)
  and not return at the expected time gterti
  Eliya! Where have you been! (i.e., you
  went out and didn't come back when you
  were supposed to)
getra pl. -t, ġtari n.i. of ġter
detter v.t. to hide (by removal of the object
  rather than covering it up)
gta pl. -wat gti (dim. gtiya) 1. blanket, cover
  (bed) 2. lid (box, pot, jar, etc.)
gtar pl. gotran (said mainly in Fez) plate,
  dish
ġţi pl. of ġţa
gtis v.n. of gtes
gtiya dim. of gta
gotran pl. of gtar
gies (v.n. giis) 1. v.t. to put under, to immerse
  (as in water) 2. v.i. to go under, to sub-
  merge (voluntarily) 3. v.i. to disappear
  fayn gtes med? Where did Ahmed dis-
  appear to?
    ¶ ġţeş Ela to make (s.o.) wait, to be
  away from (s.o. who is waiting) yak,
  ma-gtesna Elik? Well, we were gone (from
  you) quite a while, weren't we?
ģețșa pl. -t n.i. of ģțeș
gett muggy weather; heavy, close atmosphere
getta v.t. to cover (with a blanket, lid, etc.)
gettaya, gottaya pl. -t lid, top
gettes v.t. to immerse, to put under (water,
  etc.)
gubaša frown, scowl
    ¶qbet ġubaša to frown, to scowl
gubeš v.i. to frown, to scowl
    gubes f- to give a dirty or mean look to
aufala mop (of hair), long hair (in need of
  cutting) šuf Ela ģufala Eăndu! He sure
  needs a haircut!
gufel v.i. to let the hair grow (until it needs
  cutting) gufelti! You need a hair cut! (i.e.,
  you've let it get too long)
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ğul pl. gwal, f. gula pl. -t 1. imaginary evil

gurur 1. v.n. of gerr 2. delusion (of grandeur,

2. glutton, "pig"

qurub 1. v.n. of areb 2. sunset

being, as an ogre, that eats people, etc.

** f-keršu l-gula. He eats like a horse.

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a few (e.g., pig latin)
guta pl. -t 1. scream, cry (either of pain or
  happiness) 2. heated argument, dispute
guwwat pl. -a one given to shouting or
  vociferousness
guwweg Ela to attack (by surprise)
guwwet v.i. to shout, to yell, to scream
    ¶ guwwet Ela 1. to scold, to reprimand
  2. to call (e.g. with a shout)
ġwa iġwi v.t. (v.n. ġwa) 1. to tempt, to (try
  to) induce (s.o. to do s.th.) gwatu baš
  yă melha. She tempted him to do it. 2. to
  lead astray
ġwa (m.) v.n. of ġwa
awal pl. of aul
ġwanež pl. of ġanžu
gwareb pl. of gareb
gwat 1. shouting, yelling, screaming 2. noisy
  conversation or talk 3. dispute, heated
  argument
gwayeb pl. of giba
ģews same as ģus
ġewt same as ġut
ģewwaşa pl. -t submarine, sub
ayal v.n. of gayel
gyam (coll.) clouds
qvar 1. misunderstanding, quarrel 2. grief,
  distress
qveb pl. of qaba
geyş pl. gyuşat (of intensity) mud
ġeyşa pl. -t muddy place, mire
gyet pl. of gita
ġyub pl. of ġiba
ġyuşat pl. of ġeyş
ġza iġzi v.t. (v.n. ġazw) to conquer (a
  country)
gzal pl. gezlan, gozlan; f. gzala pl. -t
  1. gazelle 2. (m.) handsome boy; nice, con-
  genial boy 3. (f.) pretty, beautiful girl
    ¶ ġezlan l-lil thieves, burglars
gzil v.n. of gzel
gzir (no pl.) abundant, plentiful (e.g., rain,
gzel (v.n. gzil) 1. v.t. to spin (wool, cotton,
  and silk into thread) 2. v.i. to shiver, to
  shake, to tremble (from cold, fear)
gezlan, gozlan pl. of gzal
gezwa pl. -t military expedition (especially
  as carried out by the Prophet Mohammed)
qezzala pl. -t woman who spins (wool, silk,
  and cotton into thread)
gezzez v.t. 1. to gnaw on 2. to bite, to crack
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(with the teeth) 3. to nibble on

teeth

Tigezzez s-snan to gnash or grind the

qus "little language" known and used by only

ha here, here is, here are (used before n. and pron. as an interjection and demonstrative) ha-l-baxira f-aš gad-nrekbu! Here's the ship we're going on! —ha-le-ktub lli šrit mennu! Here are the books I bought from him! —ha-&āmmek, ha-huwa! Here's your uncle, here he is! —ha-huma žaw! Here they are! Here they come! —ha-\na mašyen nšufuhom. We are going to see them. —h-ana gad-nekteb-lu daba. I'm going to write him now. —ha-lli qolt-lek qbel-ma nxeržu! Here's what I told you before we left! (Do you see?)

had (invariable) 1. demonstrative adj. denoting nearness, proximity (art. required before following n. if admissible) had l-weld dki. This boy is clever. —had le-bra & ad weslet had s-sba\(\tau\). This letter has just arrived this morning. —had n-nas kollhom ka-iqellbu & \tilde{all} l-xedma. All these people are looking for work. —had atay sxun & liya bezzaf. This tea is too hot for me.

2. used in certain exclamatory remarks a had le-fduli, dxol suq rasek! Hey nosey, why don't you mind your own business?

hada f. hadi pl. hadu (near demonstrative pron.) this, this one, the one hada

l-met Eam lli qoll-lek Elih. This is the restaurant I told you about. —hadi hiya le-mṛa lli qalt-li xrežti. This is the woman who told me you'd gone out. —hada gir le-bdu. This is just the beginning. —hada be-d-debt lli fekkert fih zett-ana. It's exactly what I thought, too. —hada

gad-ibiEuh gedda. They're going to sell this one tomorrow. —hadu Eămmerhom ma-kanu Eăndna fe-d-dar. These people have never been at our house. —u-dyal men hadi? And who does this belong to?

** hada ma kan. That's all (there is).

—fdic a hadi Eămlu! What a riot they've caused! —walayenni serraqa hadu! Why, these people are thieves!

¶ hadi . . . baš it has been . . . since, . . . ago hadi sett snin baš matet. She died six years ago.

¶ hadi . . . u . . . (time expr.) . . . for . . . hadi Zamayn u-huwa ġiyyab. He's been away for two years.

** šzal hadi (fe-s-sa&a)? What time is it? —hadi l-xemsa u-ness. It's half past five.

¶ hadi xir rebbi, hadi xir llah, xir rebbi hadi, xir llah hadi, hadi šzal, šzal hadi a long time ago, for quite some time hadi š al ma-šefthom. I haven't seen them for a long time.

hadaf pl. ?ehdaf 1. goal, aim, purpose 2. goal (e.g., in soccer)

hadak f. hadik pl. haduk demonstrative pron. and adj. (as adj., art. required before following n. if admissible) referring to remote persons, objects, ideas, etc.; (ha-usu. omitted as adj.; see dak.) hadik hiya l-bent lli šeft. That's the girl I saw. —tebģi haduk? Would you like those (ones)?

** huwa hadak. It's the same. (It makes no difference.) —dak s-sebbat žaha huwa hadak. The shoes fit her just right. —hadak nta! Perfect! Just right!

hadana tranquility, calmness

hadi f. of hada

hadik f. of hadak

hadu pl. of hada

haduk pl. of hadak

ha*il pl. -in excellent, splendid, marvelous hak pl. haku here, take (when handing s.th. to s.o.) hak had le-flus! Take this money! —hak! Here (it is, take it)!

hakda like this, this is the way, this way, in this manner, this is how hakda kanet ka-txeyyet ksawiha. This is the way she used to have her dresses made (sewn).

—ma-ši hakda bỳat had l-bit meettet. This is not how she wants this room furnished.
—sir hakda u-lwi čăl š-šmal. Go this way and make a left turn.

hakdak 1. like that, that's the way, in that manner, that's how 2. about, approximately jad-nebqa hna ši-šher hakdak. I'm going to stay here about a month.

** hakdak! That's the way!

hakka same as hakda

hakkak same as hakdak

haku pl. of hak

halak catastrophe, disaster

ham ihim v.i. (v.n. himan) to wander, to walk aimlessly

hamaži adj. pl. -yen n.pl. himaž savage, barbarian

hamažiya savagery, barbarism

han ihin v.t. to despise, to have a low opinion of

haraž (no pl.) noise, uproar

hayažan v.n. of haž

hayhay interjection expressing doubt, unlikelihood, and astonishment hayhay waš imši meana! I doubt if he'd go with us. —hayhay! u-ka-ddenn ma-ieamluha-š! Well, you think they wouldn't do it! havet v.i. (v.n. hyat) to yell, to shout hda ihda v.i. to be quiet qul le-d-drari ihdaw I havet Ela to call, to yell at (s.o.) haž ihiž v.i. (v.n. hižan, hayažan) 1. to be agitated, to be troubled hada l-weat f-as ka-ihiž le-bzăr. This is the time when the sea is agitated. 2. to get excited, to become furious 3. to show sexual excitement hažer v.t. or v.i. (v.n. hižra, hežran) 1. to emigrate & adad de-l-lubnaniyen hažru bladhom baš igelsu f-@amirika. Many Lebanese emigrated from their country to settle in America, 2. to immigrate -lli ka-ihažru l-had le-blad kollhom ka-is ab Elihom ittsansu biha. All those who immigrate to this country find it hard to get adjusted. 3. to leave, to go (be) away from hadi telt snin baš hažru z babhom. They've been away from their families for three years. 4. to flee n-nbi, selle-llah Elih wa-sellem, hažer men mekka l-l-madina. The Prophet (may God's blessing be upon him) fled from Mecca to Medina. hbal 1, v.n. of hbel 2, madness, folly (lack of critical judgment) hebb v.i. (v.n. hebban) to blow (wind) hebbal, hobbal pl. of hbil hebban v.n. of hebb hebbaz pl. -in, -a, ag. adj. and n. of hbez hebbel v.t. to madden, to make angry or crazy hebbet v.t. to lower; to put, take, or bring down ka-nz ăvviw r-rava mnavn ka-nțell uha aw nhebbțuha. We salute the flag when raising or lowering it. —la-bodda neržă le-d-dar cit nsit ma-hebbett-š le-ġļaqat. I have to go back home because I forgot to put the blinds down. -men bă&d ş-şif l-uțilat le-kbar ka-ihebbțu l-? atmina dyalhom. After summer the big hotels lower their rates. I hebbet b- to degrade, to humiliate hbil pl. hebbal, hobbal fool, idiot (lacking critical judgment) hbiš v.n. of hbeš hbit v.n. of hbet hbiz v.n. of hbez hbel v.i. (v.n. hbal) to go mad, to lose one's mind hber pl. of hebra hebra pl. -t, hber boneless meat hbeš v.t. (v.n. hbiš) to dig up (e.g. ground) hbet v.i. (v.n. hbut, hbit) to come down, to go down, to descend ¶ hbet Ela to assault, to attack mnayn kanu ražein hebtu Elihom qettaein t-triq. On their way back they were attacked by highwaymen.

hebta 1. n.i. of hbet 2. pl. -t width

hbez v.i. (v.n. hbiz) to digress, to talk non-

hbut v.n. of hbet

sense

be-l-z ăgg la-ddrebhom-š. Tell the kids to be quiet, but don't hit them. hda ihdi v.t. 1. (v.n. hdiva) to give (as a present) hdaw-lu ala de-t-tesžil. They gave him a tape recorder. 2. (v.n. hidaya) to show the right way to, to guide (God) ehdaf pl. of hadaf hdana same as hadana hedba pl. -t. hdub fringe (dress) hedd v.t. (v.n. heddan) to tire out heddam ag. n. of heddem heddan v.n. of hedd heddawa n.pl. of heddawi heddawi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. heddawa member of a religious group called Heddawa heddeb v.t. to teach proper behavior or good manners to (s.o.) hedded v.t. to menace, to threaten (s.o.) heddem v.t. to destroy, to demolish hedden v.t. to calm, to appease, to quiet hdef Ela (v.n. hdif) to see or pay a visit to (s.o.) unexpectedly ž-žem a lli dazet hedfu Elina bezzaf de-d-dyaf. Last week we had many unexpected visitors. hedhud (sg. and coll.) hoopoe hdif v.n. of hdef hdim v.n. of hdem hdin v.n. of hden hdir v.n. of hder hdiva 1. v.n. of hda 1 2. pl. -t present, gift hdem v.t. (v.n. hdim) to destroy, to demolish hden v.i. (v.n. hdin) to calm down, to cease, to stop, to end ma-qder in E as zetta hden le-zriq. He couldn't sleep until the pain stopped. —f-ayna blad konti men bă Ed-ma hednet 1-7 arb? What country were you in after the war ended? hedna, hodna 1. n.i. of hden 2. pl, -t truce hder v.i. (v.n. hdir) 1. to rattle on, to speak continuously and incoherently 2. to coo (dove, etc.) hedref v.i. to talk nonsense, to wander, to babble hedrez v.i. 1. to talk nonsense, to wander, to babble 2. to roar (sea) hdub pl. of hedba hdader pl. of hdur 3 hdari pl. of hedra heddar pl. -a 1. talkative 2. boastful hedder v.t. 1. to make talk, to cause to talk l-bulis xeddmu žmič l-wasa?il baš iheddruh. The police used all methods to make him talk. 2. to talk to, to speak to (contemptuously) hdim v.n. of hdem hdem v.t. (v.n. hdim, hedm) to digest hedm v.n. of hdem hder (v.n. hdur) 1. v.i. to talk, to chat l-barez u-hiya ka-tehder m Eah fe-t-tilifun.

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She was talking to him on the phone only yesterday. —n-nas kollhom kanu ihedru Eliha. Everybody was talking about her. 2. v.t. to speak ka-ihder bel a de-l-lugat. He speaks several languages.

¶ hder f- to slander

hedra pl. -t, hdari, hdur 1. talk, chat, conversation 2. language, speech

** walayenni šzal fih de-l-hedra! He's such a talkative person!

¶ dxel u-xrež fe-l-hedra. 1. to talk incoherently, to wander 2. to contradict oneself

hdur 1. pl. of hedra 2. v.n. of hder 3. pl. hdader gossip, chatter

hi?a pl. -t 1. shape l-hi?a d-had le-bni

ma-ξažbani-š. I don't like the shape of this building. 2. appearance (physical, dress) 3. body, corps, bureau (government, military, diplomatic, etc.)

hiba dignified appearance (inspiring fear and respect)

¶ $fih^{\phi}l$ -hiba, $\mathcal{E}lih^{\phi}l$ -hiba to look imposing, dignified \neq ; to inspire fear and respect \neq

hidaya v.n. of hda 2

hidura pl. -t, hyader sheepskin (with the fleece)

hif 1. starvation l-quluf de-n-nas qtelhom l-hif. Thousands of people died from starvation. 2. voracious appetite, gluttony kan fih wazed l-hif dyal lli modda ma-kla. He showed a voracious appetite as if he hadn't eaten for some time. 3. greediness, cupidity

hilal same as hlal

himan v.n. of ham

himaž pl, of hamaži

hiša pl. -t, hyuš, hwayeš animal, beast

¶ fih^{ϕ} le-hwayes to be epileptic \neq , to have epilepsy \neq

¶ hiša d-le-bz ăr whale

¶ hiša d-le-xla wild animal, beast

¶ le-hwayeš epilepsy

hiya (f. sg. disjunctive pron.) 1. she zna xrežna u-hiya bqat fe-d-dar. We went out while she stayed home. 2. it fayn ksuwtek?—ha-hiya. Where is your dress?—Here it is. 3. so, that means (used in connected discourse) hiya bqit ka-nsalek settin derhem. So you still owe me fifty dirhams. 4. used as question marker (see huwa) hiya mšat mzakom? Did she go with you?—škun hiya dak le-mra? Who's that woman?—fayn hiya l-magana lli šra-lek bbak? Where's the watch your father bought you?

Thiya lli she, it (emphatic), she's the one who (see huwa lli)

I hiya daba so, that means hiya daba

imken iwelliw deddu. That means they might turn against him.

** hiya hadik (see huwa hadak). That's her (That's the one); That's it (That's the one); It comes out the same.

hiyyen pl. -in easy, simple

hiyyež v.t. to excite, to arouse

hiža n.i. of haž

hiža? v.n. of hža

hižan v.n. of haž

hižra 1. v.n. of hažer 2. Hegira

hižri pl. -yen of or pertaining to the hižra hel (used in combination with other n.)

1. family, relatives hel le-mra dyalu

mažyen ģedda. His wife's family is coming tomorrow. 2. people, inhabitants, natives (of city, etc.) e.g. hel fas the people of Fez ¶ hel l-z ărfa, hel s-sen E a experts

hlak v.n. of hlek hlal pl. -at crescent (moon)

hlika v.n. of hlek

hliya same as ? ahliya

hlek v.t. (v.n. hlak, hlika) 1. to cause much harm to 2. to endanger 3. to ruin, to reduce to nothing

¶ hlek raşu ϕ to put oneself in a dangerous situation

hellel v.i. 1. to recite litanies containing the formula la-?ilaha ?illa !!ah 2. to talk nonsense

hmames pl. of hemsa 2

hmed v.i. (v.n. hmid) to calm down (e.g., pain)

hemda n.i. of hmed

hmid v.n. of hmed

hmiz v.n. of hmez

hmel v.t. (v.n. *ihmal) 1. to neglect 2. to give the cold shoulder to

hemm v.t. to concern, to involve smae had š-ši, rah ka-ihemmek. Listen to this, it concerns you. —š-ka-ihemmni ana f-had š-ši kollu? What do I care about all this?

hemm pl. hmum, humum trouble, worry

hemma pl. -t dignity, self-respect, nobility of spirit

¶ tazet hemm tu^{ϕ} to lose prestige \neq , to be disgraced \neq

Itiyyez b-hemma to dishonor, to disgrace tiyyzu be-l-hemma d-raželha. They disgraced her husband.

hemmeş v.i. to track up a surface by walking on it with dirty feet

hemses v.i. and v.t. to whisper

hemşa 1. n.i. of hemmeş 2. pl. -t, hmameş dirty footprint

hmum pl. of hemm

hmuz pl. of hemza 2

hmez v.i. (v.n. hmiz) 1. to make a big deal, to make a good haul 2. to spur (horse) hemza 1. n.i. of hmez 2. pl. -t letter of the Arabic alphabet (glottal stop) 3. pl. -t, hmuz big deal, good deal, good haul

hemziya (with art.) elegy on the Prophet composed by the poet al-busiri

hna ihna v.i. (v.n. hna) 1. to become peaceful, to calm down (condition) 2. to live in peace

hna (m.) 1. v.n. of hna 2. peace, tranquility kanu ¿äyyšin f-le-hna qbel ma-iži. They lived in peace before he came.

hna here xellik hna zetta nemšiw žmič. Stay here till we can go together.

¶ hna u-hna here and there

¶ le-hna, lle-hna here, hither fuq-aš žat lle-hna? When did she come here?

¶ma-hna...ha (hadi or hadu) expr. used in a statement of disapproval or resentment ma-hna klam hada qal-lha. He shouldn't have said that to her (i.e. he shouldn't have talked to her the way he did) —ma-hna makla hadi. This is no food. —ma-hna ktub hadu. These books aren't worth much.

¶ men hna l-l-fuq, men hna l-l-qoddam from now on

hnak there, over there

hnaker pl. of henkara

hnaya same as hna

hend steel

¶ (blad)l-hend India

¶ br al l-hend very strong, hard

¶ras l-hend pl. ryus l-hend hardheaded, stubborn walayenni dak l-weld ras l-hend. That boy is so stubborn.

hendasa 1. geometry 2. architecture 3. engineering (science)

hendi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. hnud Indian (of India)

hendi, hendiya pl. hnud (of intensity) prickly pear (fruit or cactus)

hendez v.t. to scrutinize, to look at very closely

hniya Ela 1. congratulatory expr. addressed to a person to whom a baby has just been born: to the mother, hniya Elik; to the father or other relative, hniya Ela followed by the mother's name or relationship, e.g., hniya Ela lalla fatma, or hniya Ela mṛat xak. 2. sarcastic remark made about or to s.o. doing s.th. late or arriving late iwa hniya Elik! Here you are, at last! (You finally made it!)

henkara pl. hnaker old shoe

henna v.t. 1. to leave alone, to leave in peace sir wezdek u-hennina. Go by yourself and leave us alone (i.e. don't bother us any more). — Elaš had d-duwāl le-khar ma-ittawaw-š bā ¿diyathom w-ihenniw d-denya? Why can't these big nations get

along together and leave the world in peace? 2, to congratulate henningh

be-n-nažaz dyalu. We congratulated him on his success. 3. to deliver, to rescue, to save xessu ši-tbib mexyan lli gad-ihennih men had l-merd. He needs a good doctor to deliver him from this illness. 4. to save (s.o.) the trouble rak tā mel fiya xir kbir ila hennitini men s-sfer l-merrakeš. You'll do me a big favor if you save me the trouble of making a trip to Marrakesh.

** llah ihennik! Good-by!

¶ henna bal, henna dmag to assure, to give confidence to hennina-lhom balhom u-qolna-lhom šrina d-dar. We assured them that we bought the house.—gir henni balek (or dmagek) men had l-qadiya. Just don't worry about this matter.

henned v.t. to strengthen, to fortify (door, fort, etc.)

hnud 1. n.pl. of hendi 2. pl. (of intensity) of hendi, hendiya

hra ihra v.i. 1. to be or become overripe 2. to be or become overcooked 3. to be or become spoiled (person)

hragem pl. of hergma

hrarez pl. of herrazi

hrawa pl. -t club, cudgel

hreb v.i. (v.n. hrib, hrub; a.p. hareb, herban)
1. to run away, to flee 2. to play hooky
herba n.i. of hreb

herban 1. a.p. of hreb 2. pl. -in fugitive, run-away

hred v.t. (v.n. hrid) 1. to crush 2. to scrub 3. to eat a great deal of 4. to cram (lesson)

¶ hred n-nab to chat, to beat one's gums hergma pl. -t, hragem 1. feet of sheep or cattle 2. meal of sheep or cattle feet

herhuri pl. -yen 1. turbulent (of river) 2. noisy, boisterous

** duz Eăl l-herhuri la-dduz Eăl

s-sakuti. saying implying that a person who appears to be quiet and easy-going might turn out to be very hard to handle or deal with

hri pl. herya, heryan 1. storehouse, warehouse2. large store 3. granary

hrib v.n. of hreb

hrid v.n. of hred

hrim v.n. of hrem

hriq v.n. of hreq

hrem v.i. (v.n. hrim) to get old, to be broken down by old age (people, things)

hermes v.t. to partly crush or grind

hernan pl. -in grumbler, one who grumbles hernen v.i. to grumble

hernet v.i. 1. to bray (donkey) 2. to bawl, to scream violently

hreq v.t. (v.n. hriq) to spill (liquid)

Threg l-ma to urinate

herr v.t. (v.n. herran) to tickle waxxa ka-nherruh ma-ka-id č ăk-š. Even when we

tickle him he doesn't laugh.

herr (no pl.) sensitivity to being tickled $\P fh\phi l$ -herr to be ticklish \neq

herra v.t. 1. to overcook 2. to spoil (s.o.) herrab adi, pl. -in n.pl. -a 1. deserter, run-

away 2. one given to running away 3. one given to playing hooky

herran v.n. of herr

herraga pl. -t urinal

herrazi pl. -yat, hrarez cylindrical clay drum open at one end

herreb v.t. 1. to cause or help to run away, escape l-Eăssas b-rasu lli herrebhom men l-Zăbs. It was the guard himself who helped them escape from jail. 2. to cause to stay away, to keep away from Eămmerha ma-ka-tEăllem wladha ši-Zaža lli ġad-therrebhom men l-medrasa. She never teaches her children anything that might keep them away from school. 3. to smuggle out f-weqt l-Zărb kanu ka-iherrbu s-sel a le-qlila. During the war rare goods were smuggled out. 4. to banish, to deport

herrbel kind of sweet gruel made of corn and milk

horrma pl. -t obese or very fat person (derisive)

herreq v.t. to spill (intentionally), to pour (out)

herres v.t. (v.n. tehras, hers) 1. to break škun herres had l-kas? Who broke this glass?

—tazet men fuq l-Zāwd u-herrset rželha. She fell off the horse and broke her leg.

2. to cut up herrsu r-rkiza u-gdaw t-traf kollhom. They cut the log up and burned all the pieces. 3. to ruin dak l-biZa u-šerya herrsettu. That business deal ruined him.

herrus see bu-herrus

hers v.n. of herres

hrub v.n. of hreb

herwal pl. -in ambler, one that goes at an amble (horse, person)

herwi (sg. and coll.) bull (bovine)

herwel v.i. to go at an amble (horse, person)
herya pl. of hri

heryan pl. of hri

hšaš v.i. (v.n. hšaša) 1. to become tender (e.g., cooked meat) 2. to become crumbly (e.g., construction)

hšaš pl. of hšiš

hšaša v.n. of hšaš

hšiš pl. hšaš 1. tender (e.g., cooked meat)
2. crumbly

htef b- (v.n. htif) 1. to acclaim (s.o.) 2. to praise incessantly

htif v.n. of htef

htik v.n. of htek

htir v.n. of hter

htek v.t. (v.n. htik) 1. to tear up, to make a hole in (by beating hard on s.th., e.g., a drum) 2. to deflower, to deprive of virginity (pejorative)

Thtek l-zorma dyal, htek zormt to cast aspersions on the honor of (s.o.), to dishonor, to disgrace

htemm b-1. to take care of Eammerha

ma-htemmet b-sez tha. She never took care of her health. 2. to be interested in, to give importance to, to pay attention to kan ka-ihtemm be-l-muz adarat. He used to be interested in lectures. 3. to worry about, to be concerned about ka-ihtemmu bezzaf be-l-musteqbal dyalu. They are very much concerned about his career.

hter v.i. (v.n. htir) 1. to talk nonsense, to wander 2. to get out of hand (as a spoiled child)

hetref v.i. to rave, to talk deliriously

hudhud same as hedhud

hul pl. hwal calamity, trouble, disaster huma they (pl. disjunctive pron.)

humum pl. of hemm

huwa (m. sg. disjunctive pron.) 1. he huwa ma-8 ăndu flus. He has no money.

—ṛa-huwa maži ģedda. He's coming tomorrow. 2. it ha le-ktab Ela-š ka-ddur. —fayn huwa? Here's the book you're looking for.—Where is it? 3. used as a question marker huwa lli tlaqat? Was he the one she met? —škun huwa had l-weld? Who's this boy? —fayn huwa t-tbib? Where's the doctor?

¶ huwa lli he, it (emphatic), he's the one who huwa lli bda had d-dbaz. He's the one who started this fight.

** huwa hadak. That's him (That's the one); That's it (That's the one); It's the same (it comes out the same). —huwa huwa. It's the same (there's no difference).

huwwa v.t. 1. to air, to ventilate (a place)
2. to make cool 3. to fan

huwwas pl. -in bothersome, annoying

huwwed v.i. to go down, to come down, to descend

huwwel v.t. to worry, to alarm bqit mhuwwel mnin ma-¿äyyetti-š. I was worried when you didn't call. —huwwlu n-nas b-le-xbar lli žabu. They alarmed the people with the news they brought.

huwwen v.t. to facilitate, to make easy waldih
huwwnu Elih koll-si mnin Etaweh le-flus
lli xessuh. His parents made everything
easy for him by giving him all the money
he needed

huwwes v.t. to bother, to annoy

hužum v.n. of hžem

hwa ihwa v.t. (v.n. hwa) 1. to love, to fall in love with ka-ihwa l-musiqa. He loves music. 2. to please, to be agreeable to hwatni t-tabiča d-had le blad. I like the scenery in this town.

hwa (m.) 1. v.n. of hwa 2. air zell s-seržem baš idxolna šwiya d-le-hwa. Open the window so we can have some air. 3. climate, weather le-hwa de-bladkom sčib. Your country has a rough climate. 4. capriciousness

hwal pl. of hul

hwas annoyance, bother

¶ fih ϕ le-hwas to be annoying, bother-some \neq had d-drari $\delta \subset$ al fihom d-le-hwas! These children are so annoying!

hwayeš pl. of hiša

hàwl same as hul

hewya pl. -t ditch, large hole in the ground

hay? a same as hi? a

hyader pl. of hidura
hyat v.n. of havet

hyuš pl. of hiša

hzal pl. of hzil

hil pl. -in, hzal (comp. hzel) thin, skinny, slender, lean l-begrat lli Eăndu kollhom hzal. All the cows he has are skinny. —šrat wazed l-lzăm hzil. She bought lean meat. hziza (a) little while bqa mɛana ĝir hziza u-mša. He stayed just a little while with us and then left.

hzel v.i. to become thin, to become skinny hzel comp. of hzil

hezz (v.n. hezzan) 1. to take, to pick up ra-\(\tau\) na hezzina-lkom men makeltkom. We took some of your food. —hezz dak le-ktab qbel ma-izdem \(\text{lih}\) ii-wazed. Pick up that book before somebody steps on it. 2. to shake, to move bqa ihezz t-tebla zetta therrsu ker\(\text{Zanha}\). He shook the table so hard that the legs broke. 3. to lift hezz

režlik baš nšetteb tezthom. Lift your feet so I can sweep under them.

I hezz nifu ϕ Ela to look with disdain upon

hezza pl. -t n.i. of hezz

¶ *hezza ^ęaṛḍiya* earthquake

hezzan v.n. of hezz

hža ihži v.t. (v.n. hiža?) to attack or malign (s.o.) through poetry, to lampoon in poetry hžažel pl. of hežžal and hežžala

hžim v.n. of hžem

hžem v.i. (v.n. hžim, hžum, hužum) to attack, to assault fayna žāyš lli hžem l-luwwel? Which army attacked first? —l-žarida de-l-mu arada hežmet bezzaf Ela ra? is l-zukuma. The Prime Minister was bitterly attacked by the opposition newspaper.

hežma 1. n.i. of hžem 2. pl. -t aggressive act hžer v.t. 1. to emigrate from 2. to stop sleep-

ing with (one's wife)
hežran v.n. of hažer

hžuliya widowhood

hžum v.n. of hžem

hežžal pl. hžažel widower

hežžala pl. -t, hžažel widow

hežžer v.t. to cause to emigrate

Thežžer l- to make (s.o.) feel sorry or sad after having done s.th. pleasant, to spoil (s.th.) for (s.o.) qalt-lek ġad-thežžer-lhom nzahthom. She said she's

going to make them feel sorry for (ever) having gone picknicking.

¶ $he\check{z}\check{z}erha\sim l$ - to change the happiness of (s.o.) into sadness

hežžež v.t. 1. to disturb f-ness l-lil nadu ka-iddabzu u-hežžžu ž-žiran. They started fighting in the middle of the night and disturbed the neighbors. 2. to displace, to force to move nfaweh u-hežžžu ¿aºiltu kollha men darhom. They exiled him and forced all his family to move out of their home.

ibari pl. of ibra

ibas v.n. of ibes *ibban (no pl.) 1. season (of th

*ibban (no pl.) 1. season (of the year, hunting, opera, etc.) 2. time, epoch, era

*tbham pl. -at 1. ambiguity, vagueness ka-tkellem b-*ibham. You're speaking ambiguously. 2. thumb

Pibil (coll.) camel(s) ka-tewžeb z-zka z etta čăl l-Pibil. The zka must be paid even on camels.

ibis v.n. of ibes

eiblis (no art.) Satan, the Devil

ibra pl. -t, ibari 1. needle (sewing, hypodermic) 2. shot (hypodermic)

¶ dreb l-ibra l- to give a shot to

Pibril same as Pabril

ibes iybes v.i. (1st person impf. sg. nibes pl. nibsu or nyebsu, 3rd person f. sg. impf. yebsat or yebset, 3rd person pl. impf. and perfect yebsu; v.n. ibas, ibis, ibus, ibusa) to dry (out or up) nšert t-tesbin baš iybes. I've hung the wash out to dry. —had l-xobz ibes men s-sbaz l-daba. This bread has dried out just since this morning.

58 ibus ** ibest f-mazălli. I froze on the spot (from fear.) ¶ a.p. yabes pl. -in dry ibus v.n. of ibes ibusa v.n. of ibes ibzar black pepper ida same as ila idam pl. (of intensity) idumat grease (as used in cooking) idida pl. -t dim. of yedd Pidn (no pl.) authorization, permission idumat pl. of idam gidara pl. -t 1. administration l-žami a dyalna Eăndha Pidara deifa. Our university has a weak administration. 2. management l-?idara d-had l-mă mel žatu sciba bezzaf. He found the management of this factory very difficult. 3. office 1-2 idarat kollhom ka-išeddu f-le-Eyad. All offices are closed during the holidays. 4. principalship, office of principal hadak ^qustad istazeqq ši-^qidara. He is a teacher fit for principalship. igara pl. -t (usually with art.) ruckus, big to-do givvem Elina l-igara. He really raised a ruckus (about it) with us. igata 1. v.n. of gat 2. help, assistance, aid mšaw l-l-igata dyalu. They went to his aid. Pihmal v.n. of hmel ihud pl. of ihudi ihudi pl. ihud, f. ihudiya pl. -t Jew (person) Piklil (no. pl.) bouquet (of flowers) gikram generosity ila 1. if, in case (that) (not used in contraryto-fact cases) ila taz et š-šta ma-nexrož-š. If it rains I won't go out. -nemši meak ila gad-tteăšša meana gedda. I'll go with you if you have supper with us tomorrow. - xessek teba hna zetta ila ža ižebrek. You should stay here so that if he

comes he'll find you. 2. used in various expr. we-llah ila E ăyb Elikom ma-žitiw-š l-& ersna. I'm a little mad at you for not coming to our wedding, -!!ah ixellik ila ma tnub Eliya. Would you please see if you

¶ ila @axirih~ and so forth, et cetera Pilah, ilah pl. -at, Paliha god, deity

** la-?ilaha illa | lah, muzămmed rașul llah. There is no god but God and Mohammed is the prophet of God.

¶ l-@ilah same as !!ah

gilham inspiration

can replace me?

illa except, but koll-ši ža illa zmed. Everyone came but Ahmed.

imam, gimam pl. -at 1. one who leads the prayer in the mosque, imam 2. n.u. -a turtle-dove

iman, @iman faith, belief (religion) imara pl. -t, imayer 1. trace, sign, clue š-šeffar

ma-xella zetta imara fe-d-dar. The thief didn't leave a single clue in the house. 2. track, print (as left by an animal or man) 3. password, countersign 4. proof, evidence ma-taq biya Zetta rewwitu l-imara. He didn't believe me until I showed him proof. 5. description, particulars (for purposes of identification) imayer pl. of imara

eimdae pl. -at signature baš š-šak ikun عراح xessek to ett fih l-@imda@ dyalek. In order for this check to be valid you'll have to put your signature on it.

imin right, right side ka-nakol dima b-yeddi d-l-imin. I always eat with my right hand.

آخ l-imin 1. on the right dari إِمَّا اللَّمِّ اللَّمِّةِ اللَّمِّةِ اللَّمِّةِ اللَّمِّةِ اللَّمِّةِ اللَّمِ l-min. My house is on the right. 2. right, to the right sir ¿ăl l-imin! Go to the right! ¶ _lef b-l-imin same as _lef b-le-zram

(see zram) eimkan 1. v.n. of mken 2. means, possibility safet-lhom ?iEana Ela zasab l-?imkan dyalu. He sent them a contribution according to his means. -f-?imkanu ixelles le-qder kamel. He can pay all the amount. 2. possibility, ability f-qimkani nsafer fuq-emma bgit. I can take the trip any time I want. -f-?imkanek dži had l-lila? Could you come over tonight?

gimma used in the expr. gimma . . . aw, or Pimma . . . wa Pilla either . . . or imken-lek gimma te ayyet-lu aw temši l-Eăndu le-d-dar. You can either call him or go to his home.

imen same as imin

imni f. imna, imniya pl. -yen 1. right, on the right 2. right-handed (person)

Pimta when (interrogative) Pimta maži? When are you coming?

ina which (interrogative) ina keswa baiti telbes? Which dress do you want to put on? inbaği used in the expr. ka-ma inbaği suitably, correctly, properly, in due form, right ka-ixeşşek teamer l-werga ka-ma inbaği. You must fill out the form correctly, -ila ma-sketti nşawbek m e a raşek ka-ma inbagi. If you don't be quiet, I'm going to fix you up right,

gindar pl. -at ultimatum

Pinsan, insan 1. man, human (being) l-Pinsan siyyed l-zayawan. Man is lord over the animals. 2. pl. nas person (pl. people)

¶wazed l-?insan, ši-?insan somebody, someone

Pinsaniya mankind, humanity

** ma-fih @insaniya. He's cruel, inhuman. ginsaf fairness, impartiality intaž v.n. of ntež Pinžil (usually with art.) 1. gospel

(Christian) 2. Bible

igala v.n. of gal igil

iqama pl. (of intensity) iqayem 1. mint (plant) 2. necessary accessories (for doing s.th.) xeyyetti-li l-qeftan?—la, ma-zal, xeṣṣek tešri-li l-iqama bã ¿da. Have you made that caftan for me?—No, not yet; you'll have to buy me the stuff first. 3. ingredients (as in preparing a meal)

¶ l-iqama de-ş-şiniya tea set (i.e., all the necessary utensils for making and serving)

iqayem pl. of iqama

?iqbal clientele

gigrar approval, ratification

iršadat (pl.) instructions (to be carried out)
*islam (with art.) 1. Islam, Muslim religion
2. v.n. of slem 2

eislami pl. -yen Islamic

fism, ism pl. fasmaf, asami, smiyat (usually sem or sm in cons.) name smek? What's your name?

¶ b-ismi llah, or be-sme-llah 1. in the name of God 2. let's get started (eating,

working, etc.)

*israfil archangel who is to announce the

Final Judgment

PisraPil Israel

isri same as isri

istidEa same as stidEa

istiglal same as stiglal istinaf same as stinaf

isti Emal same as sti Emal

isaba pl. -t goal, score (soccer, hockey)

isar, iser left ka-ikteb b-yeddu d-l-isar. He writes with his left hand.

¶ Eăl l-işar, Eăl l-işer 1. left, to the left dur Eăl l-isar hna. Turn left here. 2. on the left — šritha men l-zanut lli Eăl l-işer. I bought it from the shop which is on the left. Pislaz pl. -at v.n. of şlez

isri f. isra, isriya pl. -yen 1. left, on the left žerzet yeddha l-isriya. She cut her left hand. 2. left-handed (person)

išafi pl. of išfa

išara pl. -i 1. signal, sign Etini l-išara mnin tebģini nxerrež le-Emara. Give me the signal when you want me to fire. 2. sign, direction (e.g. street sign) 3. gesture (as with the hand) 4. mark, scar 5. landmark 6. omen, presage, sign 7. target ¶ dreb l-išara to play at throwing rocks (or similar item) at a target (as old cans); to indulge in target-shooting

iša a pl. -t rumor išfa pl. -t, išafi awl

iššir (pl. drari) little boy itama pl. of itim

itbat v.n. of thet

itim pl. itama, f. itima pl. -t orphan (either parent or both dead)

Pitgan v.n. of tgen

¶ be-l-?itqan to perfection, with great pains

ițali pl. -yen Italian

iṭalya Italy

ițra pl.-t, ițari payment (by installment plan)
ma-zalin-li reb a d-l-ițari u-nkemmel
le-xlaș de-d-dar. I still have four more
payments to make on the house.

ițru pl. -yat, -wat liter

iwa interjection of various usages iwa! Hey!
(i.e., you kids be quiet); Well, go on! (i.e.,
what happened then?). —iwa sir! Well,
go on! —iwa, nemšiw? Well, shall we go?
i-we-llahi expr. of emphasis i-we-llahi biča
u-šerya hadi! My God, what a problem
(i.e., situation)!

ixiya bleach

eixwan pl. of xu

ixx expr. of disgust or repugnance at an offensive odor or filth

iyeh yes iyyam, iyyamat pl. of yum iyyas same as ye²s

izar pl. izur (bed) sheet

izur pl. of izar

ižara pl. -t, ižayer 1. pay, salary (regular)

2. remuneration ižaver pl. of ižara

gižaza pl. -t 1. vacation, leave 2. degree, diploma

eizsan kindness, benevolence

وزح şa و v.n. of ع

eiztilal v.n. of z tell

ičana help, aid, assistance

*iEdam 1. v.n. of Edem 2. capital punishment *iElam pl. -at announcement, notice (written or spoken)

K

*Labab pieces or cutlets of meat (usually lamb) broiled on a skewer

¶ kahah meġḍur dish of lamb cutlets cooked with onions, parsley, spices, and sometimes eggs

habina pl. -t bathroom (usually with toilet only)

kaber v.i. to stick with it, to not give up, to persevere

¶ kaber $m \in a$ to be tolerant of (s.o.), to not give up on (s.o.)

kabran pl. -at 1. corporal 2. foreman kabus pl. kwabes pistol, revolver

kada used in the expr. kada wa-kada such

and such qolt-lu xellest kada wa-kada. I told him I paid such an such.

kadalık 1. too, also ana kadalik gemt

fe-s-setta de-s-sbaz. I got up at six in the morning too. 2. either (with negative sentence) kadalik ana ma-zāndi flus. I don't have any money either. 3. exactly,

right (in affirmative replies) ma-qolt-lu-ši imken-lu yaxodha?—kadalik. Didn't I tell him he could have it?—Right.

kadăr grief, sadness

kaf pl. kifan cave, cavern, grotto

kafa v.t. (v.n. mkafya) to reward kafana čăl l-xedma lli xdemna. He rewarded us for the work that we did.

kafatira pl. -t type of hot-water heater (e.g. used in a café)

kaffa all le-mỳarba kaffa ka-ifeddlu atay Eăl l-qehwa. All Moroccans prefer tea to coffee. kafi a.p. of kfa

kafur camphor

każit, każet pl. kważet 1. paper (in general) kaka v.i. to laugh out loud, to guffaw

kal yakol same as kla

kala v.t. 1. to chock, to wedge (as to immobilize a vehicle or door) 2. to cause or make stall (an engine)

kala pl. -t chock, wedge (for immobilizing s.th.)

kama, ka-ma as, like seqqem kama qolt-lek!
Do as I told you!

** xellih kama huwa! Leave it like it is!
--s-safar kan kama inbaği. The trip was
just right.

kamal perfection

kamanža pl. -t violin

kamanži pl. - ya violinist

kamiyu pl. -yat, -wat truck waš kamiyu dyal seb a tun iqeddek baš tneqqel s-sel a? Will a seven-ton truck be enough for you to haul the merchandise?

kamel a.p. of kmel

kamun cumin

kamuni pl. -yen brownish-green (i.e., color of cumin)

kan ikun 1. to be (not expressed in equational sentences) l-muzadara kanet muhimma. The lecture was interesting. —ma-txellizetta wazed idxol Eăndi waxxa ikun bḥa!

Don't let anyone in here, even if it's my father! —şuq Eam d-duwăli ka-ikun

Eadatan fe-d-dar l-bida. The Annual International Fair is usually in Casablanca.

—kun driyyef! Be nice! 2. to exist, there to be ila ma-kan-š llah škun xleq had

l-Ealăm? If God doesn't exist (or, there is no God), who created this world? —kanu bezzaf d-le-qbayel d-le-hnud f-?amirika. There were many Indian tribes in America.

3. various auxiliary uses kanet dima

ka-tqul-lu iži bekri. She always used to tell him to come early. — Elaš ma-kanet-š ka-tehder m Eah?—kan qal-lha ši-klam qbic. Why wasn't she talking to him?—He had said something to her she didn't like.
—iedda f-had l-gweat thun gwelti. By this

abic. Why wasn't she talking to him?—He had said something to her she didn't like.

—gedda f-had l-weqt tkun wselti. By this time tomorrow you will have arrived.

—kun dži bekri koll nhar. Come early every day.

*** sir tqelleb Elih kan Eăl !!ah telqah. Go look for him to see if you can find him. —w-ila kan! So what! What of it! —hada ma kan. That's all (there is). —dak š-ši lli kan. (Do, Say, Give, etc.) whatever you can; something, anything. —u-kan? Is that all? No more?

Nikun maybe, perhaps ikun Etaha-lhom. Maybe he gave it to them.

¶u-kan if u-kan ma-konti-š čăndi čziza ma-nqul-lek-š had le-klam. If you weren't such a good friend I wouldn't tell you this. kanar pl. -at canary (bird)

kantina pl. -t canteen, cantina, cabaret

kanun pl. kwanen type of brazier (for cooking and heat)

kar pl. -at, kiran bus (cross-country)

kara pl. -t trick, wile

karama pl. -t s.th. good, good fortune, gift (from God)

karbun carbide (used in generating acetylene)

kari a.p. of kra

karim pl. kuṛama generous, beneficent, munificent.

¶ l-karim The Beneficent (God)

karem a.p. of krem

karăm generosity, munificence

karta pl. -t, kwaret 1. card (membership, credit, playing, etc.) 2. (coll., with above pl. as cpl.; sg. werqa de-l-karta) (deck of) cards

karyan pl. -at quarry (rock)

kas pl. kisan 1. (drinking) glass 2. cup (trophy)

kasăl laziness

kasăr used in the expr. ma-Eăndi kasăr. I don't care one way or the other.

kašša pl. -t, kwaš type of light blanket, cover kateb v.t. to correspond with, to write to (regularly)

katib pl. kottab 1. secretary 2. writer (as in a newspaper)

katir same as ktir

kaṭṛi pl. -yat wooden shelf built just below the ceiling, used for storage, and often a hed

kawakib pl. of kewkeb

kawatšu rubber (especially of tires)

kawkaw n.u. -a peanut(s)

kawya pl. -t, kwawi 1. solder 2. welding metal

kayas 1. gravel (large gauge) 2. n.u. -a rock, stone (e.g., which one might throw)

kayen, kayn pl. -in there is, there are (pl. used mostly with persons) was kayen

ši-wazed fe-d-dar? Is there anyone at home? —kaynin ši-nas temma? Are there any people there?

** ma-kayen Elaš temši l-temma. There's no reason for you to go there. —fayn kayna darkom? Where is your house?

kayenn (with pron. endings) as if ka-ta\[epsilon]ref l-megrib kayennek konti temma. You know (about) Morocco as if you had been there.

kbabet pl. of kebbut

kbad pl. of kebda

kbal pl. of kbel

kbal n.u. -a ear of corn

kbar pl. of kbir

kbaš pl. of kebš

kbaybi pl. -ya one who makes, cooks, and sells kabab

kebb ikobb (v.n. kebban, kobban) 1. v.t. to pour (liquids) kobb-li šwiya d-atay f-had l-kas! Pour me a little tea in this glass. 2. v.i. to come unexpectedly in large numbers (e.g., guests)

¶ kebb Ela 1. to concentrate on, to take great pains with 2. to crowd around (s.o. or s.th.) l-xeddama kollhom kebbu Eăl l-mekteb de-l-mudir. All the workers crowded around the manager's office.

kobba pl. -t, kbeb (dim. kbiba) ball, skein

(of yarn, etc.)

T kobba men šib (or d-šib) area of grey or white hair (on s.o.'s head)

kebban, kobban v.n. of kebb

kobbaniya pl. -t 1. company, firm 2. group (of people)

kebbeb v.t. to twine or roll into a kobba (yarn, etc.)

kebbed v.i. (some v.t. use) to coagulate (blood)

kebbel v.t. to fetter, to put handcuffs or shackles on (s.o.'s hands, feet; may extend to rope used in tying s.o.)

kebber v.t. 1. to grow, to raise (flowers, crops, etc.) 2. to raise, to rear (child) 3. to enlarge, to make bigger

¶ kebber b- 1. to do (s.o.) an honor žiti l-&ăndi u-kebberti biya. You do me an honor by coming to my house. 2. to receive cordially, warmly 3. to build up (s.o.)

¶ kebber keršu¢ to be or act greedy kebber to say the expr. Pellahu Pekbar kebbut pl. kbabet 1. coat, jacket 2. pullover, sweater 3. overcoat

kebda pl. -t, kbad, kbud (dim. kbida) 1. liver
2. courage kbedtu gas a, ga ma-ka-ixaf.
He has great courage and fears nothing.
3. love, affection l-yemm Eăndha l-kebda

Ela wladha. A mother has love for her children.

¶rebba l-kebda Ela to develop the habit of or fondness for bubker rebba l-kebda Ela šrib l-qehwa. Bubker has developed the habit of drinking coffee.

** aži, ya kbidti! Come, my dear! (with

children)

kbiber pl. -in not very old but older than certain others (as a twelve-year-old among seven- or eight-year-olds).

¶ kbiber Ela a little bigger than

kbida dim. of kebda

kbir pl. kbar (comp. kber) 1. big, large had s-sebbat kbir Eliya. These shoes are (too) big for me. 2. old, aged (person) 3. grave, serious (matter)

kbel pl. kbal leg irons, fetters

kber v.i. 1. to get big (ger), to enlarge

2. to get or become old or aged (person)
3. to grow (up) (person, plant, animal)
kber comp. of kbir
kbor old age (of person)

kebrata pl. -t reed basket-like device placed over a brazier, used to dry certain clothes (usually diapers)

kebrit sulfur

kebriti pl. -yen light or pale yellow

kebret v.t. to treat with sulfur

kebš pl. kbaš male sheep, ram

kbud pl. of kebda

kda u- odd xellest kda u- ešrin derhem. I paid twenty-odd dirhams.

kdeb v.i. (v.n. kdub) to lie, to tell a lie Elaš kdebti Eliya? Why did you lie to me?

kedba pl. -t lie, untruth

keddab adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a 1. liar 2. one who frequently breaks his word

keddeb v.t. 1. not to believe, to give the lie to (s.o.) 2. to deny (a fact)

kedder v.t. 1. to irritate, to peeve 2. to cause to be saddened or grieved

keddes v.t. 1. to put into a pile or heap, to pile or heap 2. to cram, to stuff (s.th. into s.th.) kdi pl. of kodya

kdub v.n. of kdeb

¶ b-le-kdub used to express the pretending or faking of some action gadi nderbek b-le-kdub. I'm going to pretend to hit you. kodya pl. -t, kdi 1. hill, knoll 2. mound, bump (on the ground)

kedder same as kedder

kfa ikfi (v.n. kfaya) to be enough, to suffice Etitu žuž kilu de-l-limun u-kfaweh. The two kilos of oranges I gave him were enough (for him).

** ikfik men le-qraya. You've done enough studying.

¶ a.p. kafi pl. kafven enough waš had š-ši

lli žebt-lek kafi wella la? Is what I brought you enough (or not)?

kfaf pl. of kfif

kfafes pl. of keffus

kfaya 1. v.n. of kfa 2. sufficiency

kfayti pl. -ya one who sells hamburger or ground beef, i.e. kefta (sometimes cooked) kfef pl. of keffa

keff pl. kfuf palm (hand)

keffa pl. -t, kfef pan (of balance or scales) koffar pl. of kafer (a.p. of kfer)

keffef v.i. 1. to clap (hands) 2. to applaud

¶ keffef Ela 1. to clap for (as in calling a servant) 2. to applaud for (s.o.)

keffen v.t. to put the shroud or winding sheet on (the dead)

keffes v.t. to ruin, (meal, work, watch, etc.) keffus pl. kfafes 1. soot, lampblack 2. hideous, ugly, deformed (expr. used by women)

kfif pl. -in, kfaf blind, sightless

kfir v.n. of kfer

kfen pl. kfuna shroud, winding sheet (for the dead)

kfer v.i. (v.n. kfir) 1. to renounce or apostatize from Islam 2. to get irritated or furious (as from losing one's patience, or from frustration)

¶a.p. kafer pl. koffar unbeliever (in Islam), non-Muslim, infidel

kfes (men) worse (than) huwa kfes menni f-le-zsab. He's worse than me in arithmetic.

kefta ground meat (usually beef)

kfuf pl. of keff

kfuna pl. of kfen

kehhan pl. -a 1. sorcerer, magician 2. fortuneteller

kehhen v.i. 1. to indulge in or practice sorcery 2. to practice fortune-telling

ki abbreviated form of kif (the adv.)

kib pl. kyab type of overhanging roof covering a door or window

kidar pl. kyader (he-) mule

kif marijuana (prepared for smoking)

kif (usually ki before consonants) 1. how (with -en before hiya, huwa, huma; often with -as when equivalent to "in what manner") kif-en huwa bbak? How's your father? -kif (or kif-aš) ka-tzell had s-sendug? How do you open this box? -werri-li kif-aš nestă Emel had l-makina. Show me how to use this machine. 2. as, like zmed kif xah. Ahmed is like his brother. - Emel kif qolt-lek! Do as I told you! 3. as soon as, when kif dxel mša it Zămmem. As soon as he came in he went to take a bath.

Thezra kif, yallah kif just bezra kif wsel had s-sbaz. He just arrived this morning.

¶ kif kif just alike, the same huma kif kif. They're just alike.

** kif kif! Makes no difference (to me). ¶ $kifu^{\phi}$ kif (to be) just like \neq kifu kifbbah. He's just like his father.

T kif-ma, kif-emma as kif-emma bģiti. As you wish.

kifan pl. of kaf kifaya sufficiency

kifayaš same as kif-aš (variation of kif, how) kifiya 1. way, manner ana qadi nrewwik l-kifiya baš txeddem had l-? ala. I'll show you the way to run this machine. 2. method, procedure šniya l-kifiya lli stă melti baš txerrež had l-muškila l-zisabiya? What procedure did you follow to solve this arithmetic problem?

kil pl. kyal (amount of) two liters (wet or dry)

kilu pl. -wat, -yat kilogram

ki-ma same as kif-ma (see kif, how) kimiya 1. chemistry 2. s.th. outstanding or marvelous, a wonder

ki-mma same as kif-ma (see kif, how)

kina quinine

kir pl. kyar 1. bellows 2. accordion, concertina kiran pl. of kar

kis pl. kyas, kyus pouch, bag (for money)

¶ kis de-l-Zămmam bag-like mitten used for washing in the bath

kisan pl. of kas

kitaba same as ktaba

kitabatan by or in writing

kitabi pl. -yen written (i.e., not oral)

kitab-llah the Koran

kiyy n.u. -a n.i. of kwa 2, 3, and 4 "

** kiyytek! Now you're in for it! You'll get hell for doing that! (said by women) kiyyal pl. -a one who measures out cereal grains

TE!a wden l-kiyyal to pretend not to hear Etani wden l-kiyyal. He pretended he

didn't hear me.

kiyyas pl. -a masseur (in the public bath) kiyyef v.t. to give (s.o.) kif to smoke

kiyyel v.t. to measure (out) (cereal grains) kiyyes v.t. to wash (s.o.) with the kis

de-l-z ămmam

kiyyes pl. -in 1. refined, having finesse (in one's manner) 2. intelligent

ekked v.t. to confirm, to make sure of (information, etc.)

¶ ?ekked Ela to make sure (s.o.) knows or is aware ?ekked Elih baš iži Eăndna l-yum fe-l-lil. Make sure he knows he's to come to our house tonight.

kel same as kla

kla yakol (impv. kul pl. kulu; a.p. wakel; p.p. mukul) 1. to eat men s-sbaz ma-klit. I haven't eaten since morning. -le-mselmin ma-ka-yaklu-š l-zălluf. Muslims don't eat pork. —l-zăwd ma-ka-yakol-š l-lzăm. A horse doesn't eat meat. 2. to itch dehri ka-yakolni. My back itches (i.e., is itching me). 3. to take (a trick in cards, or a man in chess)

** klani f-flusi. He didn't pay me what he owes me. —kla le-¿sa. He got a beating, a whipping. —le mek ka-yaklek! You're asking for it! (a beating or whipping)

¶ a.p. wakel pl. -in

** ana Eayes wakel sareb, l-Zămdu-llah.
Thank God I have plenty to eat and drink.
klab pl. of kelb
klaleb pl. of kellab, kollab

klam 1. what is said or told klamha dima mezyan. She always says nice things.

—ka-tqul-lu ši-klam. She's telling him something. —ma-ka-ismā \(\)- š klam bhah. He doesn't pay any attention to what his father says. 2. language ka-ifhem klam \(\)!-tyur. He understands the language of birds. —ka-tā \(\) ref le-klam de-š-šlu \(\)? Do you know the language of the Berbers? 3. saying, maxim tṣennet l-had le-klam dyal \(\) aflatun! Listen to this saying of Plato's. klaṭa pl. -t, klayet rifle

klawi pl. of kelwa

klayet pl. of klata

kelb pl. klab 1. dog (canine) 2. kind of seaperch

kelfa, kolfa pl. -t 1. gift or group of gifts (as at a reception or shower) 2. family gettogether, party

kelfet v.t. 1. to throw down or to the ground 2. to throw kelftet-lu l-kura. She threw him the ball.

kell v.i. to get tired, to become exhausted

¶ kell u-mell (men) to be fed up (with) koll I. every, each ¿āndak yezsabek koll ktab rah mezyan. Don't think that every book is good. 2. all (of) kla t-teffaza kollha. He ate all (of) the apple. —ṭ-ṭaṭaba kollhom heḍru f-dak l-muzaḍara. All the students talked about that lecture. —had le-klam rah metwežžeh lilkom kollkom. This (i.e., these words) is directed to all of you.

¶ be-l-koll at all be-l-koll ma-¿ămmṛu ža lle-hna. He never came here at all.

¶ koll-ma, or koll-emma 1. whenever, every time (that) koll-emma ža žab m ah hdiya. Every time he came he brought a present with him. 2. whatever, everything that, all that taha koll-emma tandu. He gave her everything he had.

¶ koll-men whoever, anyone or anybody who koll-men xalef l-qanun it aqeb. Anyone who disobeys the law will be punished.

¶ koll-ši 1. everything 2. everybody, everyone koll-ši fer an lli žiti. Everyone's happy that you came.

¶ koll wazed everybody, everyone kellab, kollab pl. klaleb dental forceps or tongs

kellef v.t. (v.n. takelluf) to put in charge, to charge škun lli kellfek b-had š-šģal? Who put you in charge of this job? —škun lli kellfek tā mel had š-šģal? Who put you in charge of doing this work?

¶ kellef Ela to try to constrain or compel (more insisting than forcing) ma-tkellef-š Eliya rani šbăEt. Don't insist (i.e., don't compel me to eat more), I'm full.

kellem v.t. 1. to speak to or with 2. to call, to tell (to come), to summon kellmu-li! Tell him to come here (i.e., call him for me)!

3. to shoot, to fire (rifle, cannon, for the loud report) kellmu le-mdafe degremdan. They have fired the cannons announcing the beginning of Ramadan. 4. to make a sound or noise with ma-tkellem-i s-sebbat!

Don't make any noise with those shoes!

kelma pl. -t word ma-Eămmri smăEt had l-kelma. I've never heard this word before.
—Etani l-kelma. He gave me his word.
** xellini nqul-lek gir kelma wezda. Let me talk to you for just a second.

kluf nosiness, inordinate curiosity klufi pl. -yen nosy, overly curious kelwa pl. -t, klawi kidney

kelxa used in the expr. Ela kelxa! What a numbskull!

kma ikmi (v.n. kemyan) to smoke šnu ka-tekmi?—ma-ka-nekmi-š. What do you smoke?—I don't smoke.

kmal, kmala (cons. kmalt) I. completion (v.n. of kmel) f-le-z siya z andna wazed d-dyafa dyal kmalt d-dar. In the evening we're having a reception to celebrate the completion of our house. 2. rest, remainder fayn le-kmala d-le-flus lli ka-nsalek? Where's the rest of the money you owe me? 3. end, ending (as of a story)

The malt le-Etiya final answer, with attendant ceremony, of the parents of the girl whose hand has been asked in marriage

¶ kmalt r-reb a, le-mya, etc. the fourth (one), the hundredth (one), etc.

kmam pl. of kemm, komm

kmama pl. -t muzzle (as used on a dog)

kmamer pl. of kemmara

kmandar pl. -at major (officer)

kmaš 1. (coll.) wrinkles (in cloth, face, etc.)

2. fight (hand to hand)

kmaši pl. of kemša

kmel v.i. (v.n. kmal, kmala) to end, to come to an end, to be finished

Ta.p. kamel pl. -in 1. complete, entire had l-karta ma-kamla-š. This deck of cards isn't complete. 2. (with art.) God 3. all Etani le-flus kamlin. He gave me all the money. -žaw kamlin. They all came. kemm, komm pl. kmam sleeve (clothes) kemma v.t. 1. to make (s.o.) smoke (cigarettes, etc.) kemmawni l-kif. They made me smoke marijuana. 2. to give to smoke kemmini, !lah ixellik! Give me something to smoke, please! kemmara pl. -t, kmamer face (pejorative; human and animal) kemmay pl. -a habitual smoker, one who smokes a great deal kemmed v.t. 1. to warm (body, feet, etc., usually with hot water) 2. to press (on), to exert pressure on (a bruise with the hand, compress) 3. to heal, to help heal (an open cut) ** kemmedha u-sket. He maintained his composure (through the crisis). kommiva pl. -t kind of curved knife or dagger (worn slung around the shoulder) kemmel v.t. to finish, to complete ** kemmel men rasek! You can just imagine the rest! -kemmlu fiha. They've set the marriage up (i.e., both parents have agreed on the match). ¶ kemmel b- to be through with kemmelti b-had le-ktab? Are you through with this book? ¶ kemmel Ela to finish off (kill, and also metaphorical sense) kemmem v.t. 1. to muzzle (dog) 2. to gag (s.o.)kemmes v.t. to wrap (up) (not necessarily neatly) kemmeš v.t. 1. to wrinkle (face, cloth, etc.) 2. to grab, to grasp (with a wide-open hand) 3. to double (up) (fist, toes) 4. to pucker, to cause to pucker (mouth) kemmuša pl. -t make-shift bag or sack (as s.th. wadded up in a handkerchief) kmeš pl. of kemša kemša pl. -t, kmaši, kmeš handful kemya pl. -t n.i. of kma kemyan v.n. of kma knaneš pl. of konnaš, kennaš knaves pl. of knisa kninir pl. -at colonel knis v.n. of knes knisa pl. knayes church knisiya pl. -t same as knisa kniya pl. -t nickname kniz v.n. of knez kenna v.t. to call, to nickname, to give (s.o.) the nickname (of) ka-ikenniweh dambu.

They call him dambu.

kennas pl. -a 1. sweeper, one who sweeps 2. raker, one who rakes (as leaves on a lawn) kennasa pl. -t broom (for sweeping) konnaš, kennaš pl. knaneš 1. notebook 2. writkenneš v.t. to record (as in a notebook) knes v.t. (v.n. knis) to sweep (floor, etc.) knuz pl. of kenz kenwa pl. -t same as kniya knez v.t. (v.n. kniz) to treasure, to hoard (s.th. valuable) kenz pl. knuz treasure, valuable or treasured object kra ikri (v.n. kra) to rent l-barez kra dak d-dar l-xay. Yesterday he rented that house to my brother. - krit mennu s-siyara dyalu b-Eešrin derhem. I rented his car from him for twenty dirhams. ¶ a.p. kari pl. korray 1. renter, lessee 2. lessor, landlord kra 1. v.n. of kra 2. pl. -wat rent (payment) krafes celery krakeb pl. of kerkuba kraker pl. of kerkur krares pl. of kerrusa krarsi pl. -ya one who hires himself and his cart out for various transporting jobs krasa pl. of korsi kerballu pl. -yat sifter, sieve kerbel v.t. to sift, to strain (with the kerballu). kord n.u. -a stone, rock (small enough to throw) kordas n.u. -a tripe (mostly of sheep) kerdeg v.t. to crunch, to crumple (s.th. stiff, but ultimately pliable) kref (v.n. krif) 1. v.t. to tighten, to make tight (a knot, belt, etc.) 2. v.i. to shrink T kref Ela to grab, to take hold of (s.o., by the collar, sleeve, belt, etc.) kerfa pl. -t 1. that which is strained or sifted out 2. s.th. cheap, of poor quality (also used for persons) kerfas pl. -a one who does things in a slipshod manner kerfes v.t. 1. to botch (up), to do in a slipshod manner 2. to maltreat, to beat (s.o.) unnecessarily kerfet same as kelfet kreh v.t. (v.n. krih) to hate, to dislike, to ¶ ma-kṛch-š to not mind if, to be glad to ma-nkṛeh-š nešṛob šwiya d-atay. I don't mind if I do have some tea. korh, korhaniya hate or hatred, dislike, aversion krif v.n. of kref krih v.n. of kreh

krim 1. v.n. of krem 2. same as karim kriša dim. of kerš

kerkeb v.t. to roll, to make roll (as a ball, log)

korkdan, kerkdan pl. -at rhinoceros

kerker 1. to throw together, to pack up (hurriedly) 2. to dump, to unload in a quick, noisy fashion 2. to have a noisy, diarrhetic bowel movement

kerkuba pl. -t, krakeb bump (as from a blow)
¶ kerkuba de-l-Zăyn eyeball

kerkur pl. kraker pile of rocks, stones

krem v.i. (v.n. krim) 1. to get hard and dry (as bread) 2. to freeze, to become frostbitten

Ta.p. karem pl. -in hard and dry

krem v.t. 1. to receive and entertain cordially and generously (often for days) 2. to be generous to or with (s.o., as in giving money)

krem n.u. kerma fig tree

bromb 1. cabbage 2. cauliflower

kermus n.u. -a fig

I kermus n-nsara prickly pear (fruit)

kornita pl. -a bugle

korras type of notebook formed from folded pages accumulatively placed one within another

kerrata pl. -t rake (type used for leveling or breaking up clods)

kerray pl. -a lessor, one who rents (to s.o.)

¶ kerray zănku nosy, meddlesome person
kerreh v.t. to make or cause to dislike
kerrehha f-xaha. He's caused her to dislike
her (own) brother.

kerrer v.t. to repeat, to say again

kerrem 1. v.t. to dry (out) and harden (mostly bread) 2. v.i. to squat (down)

kerret v.t. 1. to scratch, to mark by scratching 2. to scrape (off) kerret s-sbaga men z-zaž! Scrape the paint off the window pane! 3. to shave (head, face, leg, etc.) 4. to rake kerret l-erd men le-zžer! Rake the rocks out of the soil!

herrusa pl. -t, krares 1. cart (usually animaldrawn) 2. baby carriage, perambulator

* kerrusa d-le-wqid pack of match boxes (with matches)

kerruš large belly or abdomen, paunch

borsi pl. krasa 1. stool (for sitting) 2. bench (for sitting) 3. chair

kerš (f.) pl. kruš (dim. kriša) stomach, belly, abdomen (area)

** ma-tkun-š keršek kbira! Don't be so greedy!

S bu-ker's pl. $\widehat{m}\widehat{m}$ alin le-kru's man with a paunch

herša pl. -t stomach (organ)

beršawi pl. -yen gluttonous, given to eating like a pig

kruš pl. of kerš

kerwila pl. -t one-horse carriage

kerwiya caraway

krae pl. kerean, kerein lower part of a hoofed animal's leg

ker Ean, ker Ein pl. of krae

ksa iksi v.t. to clothe, to provide with clothes ksa pl. -wat, ksi (dim. ksiya) type of overgarment

ksab same as kseb

ksad fall-off, slack, slow period (business) ksakes pl. of keskas and kesksu (same as seksu)

ksari pl. of kesra

ksawi pl. of keswa

kseb v.t. 1. to get or gain possession of, to acquire fuq-aš ksebti had le-ġnem? When did you acquire these sheep? 2. to have, to possess, to own

ksed v.i. to not sell, to become unsalable had s-sel a kesdet. This merchandise won't

kesda pl. -t 1. body (human) 2. trunk (of the body), torso ksi pl. of ksa

ksiba livestock (specifically sheep, cattle, and goats)

ksir v.n. of kser

ksiwa dim. of keswa

ksiya dim. of ksa

keskas pl. ksakes pot with holes in the bottom used in steaming couscous

keskes v.i. 1. to make couscous 2. to eat couscous

kesksu pl. (intensity) ksakes same as seksu keslan pl. -in lazy, indolent

kser v.i. (v.n. ksir) to relapse, to have a relapse (s.o. ill)

¶ kser d-denya to raise Cain

kesra pl. -t, ksari, ksur piece of bread kosran same as kusur

kessab pl. -a dealer in livestock (i.e., breeder and seller)

kessal pl. -a masseur (at the public bath)

kessel v.t. to massage (as in the public bath) kesser v.t. to break (in two, into pieces, etc.) ksur pl. of kesra

keswa pl. -t, ksawi (dim. ksiwa) 1. suit (men's or women's) 2. dress (girl's)

3. covering placed over the tomb of a saint kser, keṣra, kesser same as kser, kesra, kesser kšafi pl. of kešfa

kšakeš pl. of keškuša

kšayej pl. of kešfa

kšef v.i. (v.n. kšif) to fade, to become discolored

kešfa pl. -t, kšafi, kšayef 1. difficulty 2. embarrassment, embarrassing situation (pl. used for emphasis). kanet le-kšafi habṭa Eliya. I was awfully embarrassed (i.e., embarrassment fell on me).

kešfiya scouting (as boy scouts)

kšif v.n. of kšef

keškeš I. v.t. to scare (off), to drive away, to shoo 2. v.i., to foam, to become foamy 3. v.i., to foam at the mouth

keškuša pl. (of intensity) -t, kšakeš foam keššaf pl. -a I. scout 2. bov scout

keššef v.t. to make or cause to fade (color) keššina pl. -t kitchen

keššet I. v.t. to rob (s.o. of everything, including clothes) 2. v.i. to dress up, to doll up

¶ keššet l- to dress (s.o.) up (in nice, clean clothes)

ktab v.i. to be written (as in the Book of Destiny), to be fated ktab Elih imut f-dak lzadita. It was fated that he should die in that accident.

ktab pl. -at, ktub, ktuba book (any kind)

ktaba I. v.n. of kteb 2. writing takeref tegra had le-ktaba? Can you read this writing? 3. s.th. written and used as an amulet

¶ b-le-ktaba in writing, by letter

ktaf pl. of ktef

ktar pl. of ktir

ktatbi pl. -ya secretary (also acts as records keeper and accountant)

kteb (v.n. ktaba) I. v.t. to write (letter, book, music, etc.) 2. v.i. to get or acquire a written amulet (for protective purposes)

¶ kteb l- to leave or bequeath to (by will) kteb-lu d-dar. He bequeathed the house to him.

ketba pl. -t same as ktaba

kotbi pl. -ya bookseller

ktef pl. ktaf shoulder ketfi ka-iderrni. My shoulder hurts.

** h-ana fe-ktafek! I'll stand ready to help you.

ktir pl. -in, ktar (comp. kter) much, a lot of (pl. many) kaynin ši-nas ktar temma? Are there a lot of people there? —le-flus lli Eăndek kter men lli Eăndu. You have more money than he does.

¶ le-ktir most, the majority le-ktir fe-n-nas ka-iz ebbu kurat l-qadam. Most people like soccer.

¶ ktir ši, ktir š-ši 1. most of the time, usually ktir š-ši ka-iži m a 1-inaš. Most of the time he comes around twelve. 2. mostly ka-yakol ktir š-ši l-xudăr. He eats mostly vegetables.

** ka-nzebb l-musiqa l-? andalusiya.
—ktir š-ši ana! I like Andalusian music.—
Not as much as I do!

ktirt used in the expr. ktirt š-ši same as ktir ši (see ktir)

** ktirtu mrid He's sick most of the time.

ktem v.t. to keep (a secret)

kter v.i. I. to increase (in numbers, amount)2. to multiply, to become (more) abundant

kter comp. of ktir

ketra 1. abundance, excessive amount 2. especially, particularly f-fas ka-ikun l-berd u-ketra mnin ka-dži š-šetua. It's cold in Fez, particularly when winter comes.

¶ be-l-ketra a great deal, a lot n-nas ka-ižiw be-l-ketra l-had s-suq baš išriw d-džaž. People come to this market a lot to buy chickens.

¶l-ketra most, the majority žaw Eăndna n-nas le-d-dar u-l-ketra fihom kanu

fransawiyen. Some people came to our house, most of whom were French.

¶ men ktert because of, by dint of men ktert le-\(\xi\)tes sreb l-qer\(\xi\)a kollha. He was so thirsty he drank the whole bottle. (i.e., because of the thirst . . .)

¶ men ktert lli to . . . so much that men ktert lli žra taz sexfan. He ran so much he fainted.

kottab pl. of katib

kettan material, cloth

kettani pl. -yen member of a Moroccan religious fraternity (also family name)

ketteb v.t. 1. to make (s.o.) write kettbetni dak š-ši. She made me write that. 2. to decree, to predestine (God) rebbi ketteb Elih dak š-ši. It was in the cards for that to happen to him.

kettef v.t. to tie up, to truss up (s.o., with a rope, chain, etc.)

ketter, ketter men 1. to add (more) ketter świya men s-sokkar fe-l-gehwa dyali. Add a little sugar to my coffee. 2. to increase ketter men l-ma! More water! (i.e., increase the water)

** !!ah iketter xirek. Thank you; Please.

ktub, ktuba pl. of ktab

ktaber October

ktar pl. -at hectare

ku same as kun

kudši pl. kwadša surrey

kufer v.t. to preserve (as in alcohol, formaldehyde)

kufri pl. kwafer chest for storing clothes and jewelry (usually with a round top)

kul pl. kulu impy. of kla

kuliya pl. -t (postal) package, parcel

kumir n.u. -a French-type bread

kumisir pl. -at police chief

kun (also ku) if (in contrary to fact phrases; also used in the conclusion) kun ma-kanet-š š-šta kun xrežt men d-dar. If it wasn't raining l'd leave the house; also: If it hadn't been for the rain I would have left the house. —kun ža kun mšit ana wiyah.

If he came we'd go together; also: If he had come we'd have gone together.

¶ kun gir if only kun gir qoltiha-li! If

only you had told me!

kuntrada pl. -t 1. contract Eăndi kuntrada dyal xems snin m a l-zukuma. I have a five-year contract with the government. 2. franchise (monopolizing type)

kur n.u. -a 1. charcoal briquet 2. bomb (aerial) 3. projectile (cannon)

kura pl. -t, kwer (dim. kwira) 1. ball (especially in sports) 2. padlock

kurama pl. of karim, krim

kurba pl. -t type of open basket (used especially in the food market)

kuri pl. -yat stable (for horses)

kuriya rage, fury

¶ tel ξ at l-kuriya fih^{ϕ} to become furious \neq , to have a fit of rage \neq

kuša pl. -t kiln (pottery)

kutši pl. kwatša same as kudši

kuwwar n.u. -a watermelon

hawway pl. -a one who does soldering

kwwwaya pl. -t soldering iron

** kuwwen Elih zetta iržáč le-d-dar. You just wait and see what I'll do to him when he gets home! (i.e., for revenge)

turner v.t. 1. to form into a ball, to make a ball out of 2. to roll, to make roll (as a ball)

wyan v.n. of kwa

zina pl. -t kitchen

ima ikwi v.t. (v.n. kuwyan) 1. to solder imken-lek tekwi had r-ržel de-s-siniya? Can you solder this leg to the tray? 2. to cauterize, to sear 3. to burn (with s.th. hot)

** kwatni f-qelbi. I've fallen for her.

-l-mut kwatu f-weldu. Death has taken
his son. —lsanu ka-ikwi. He has a sharp
tongue.

_abes pl. of kabus

adša pl. of kudši

afer pl. of kufri

-aget pl. of kagit, kaget

keanen pl. of kanun

hearet pl. of karta

Amerti pl. -ya card player

kaš pl. of kašša

Leatša pl. of kutši (same as kudši)

keatši pl. -ya driver of a kudši, kutši

heawi pl. of kawya

heart and liver (usually lamb) cutlets cooked on a skewer

kwira dim. of kura

kewkeb pl. kawakib 1. star (in sky, movie)
2. planet

kewn 1. universe (i.e., everything that exists)
2. outer space

** kewn mulana hada. expr. used in remarking about s.o.'s good fortune, or s.th. near perfection

¶ Ela kewn because ma-imken-lek-š ddzuwwež Ela kewnek ma-zal şġir. You can't get married because you're still too young.

kwer pl. of kura (n.u. of kur)

kyab pl. of kib

kyader pl. of kidar

kyal pl. of kil

kyar pl. of kir

kyas pl. of kis

kyasa 1. gentleness 2. scrupulousness

¶ b-le-kyasa gently Eamelha b-le-kyasa!
Treat her gently!

kyus pl. of kis

kezz, kezz v.i. to become numb (from cold)
** ka-ikezz & ăl le-flus. He's an old skin-

flint.

kal v.i. to get or turn black or dark kab ikab v.i. (v.n. kaib) to cough

kozba pl. -t cough

ketfar pl. -a ag. n. of ketfer

kezfer v.i. to walk or wander around a great deal (for fun)

kzib v.n. of kzob

k z iz v.n. of k z ăz

kăzk n.u. -a kind of ring-shaped pastry stuffed with almonds

kez kez v.i. to cough in a series of relatively weak coughs

kzăl f. kezla pl. kuzel black

kez ! 1. drought 2. famine

ktul black eye make-up (used by Moroccan women)

kzula, kzuliya blackness, black

kzăz ikzoz v.i. (v.n. kziz) to move (usually persons) kzoz le-š-šmal! Move to the left!

** kzoz menni! Leave me alone!

koフフ ikoフフ (v.n. koフフan) to cough

koててa pl. -t cough

koててan v.n. of koてて

kez zăl v.t. 1. to blacken, to make black
2. (also v.i.) to apply kzul (a kind of eye make-up) to (eyes)

** kezzăl-lha qelbha Eliya. He's turned

her against me.

kez z v.t. to move kez z az had t-teb!a le-š-šma!! Move this table to the left!

—kez z azha Eliya! Move it away from me!

—kez z azha l-E andi! Move it toward me!

kとab pl. of kăとba

kとaba n. pl. of koとbi

kă E ba pl. -t, k E ab 1. ankle 2. bad luck dima fih l-kă Eba. He always has bad luck.

¶rfedha be-l-ka ba to take to one's heels, to take off like a scared rabbit ¶ l-kă E ba the Kaaba (in Mecca)

kă b-o gzal type of crescent-shaped cookie made with almonds

L

l- (le- before consonant clusters except those beginning with l; often li- or lil- before pron. endings) 1. to mšat l-merrakeš š-šher lli daz. She went to Marrakesh last month. -ma-gal-li zădd šay. Nobody told me anything. 2. for hadi magana šritha le-xti. This is a watch I bought for my sister. -had l-zanut raha l-l-bi. This store is for sale. —l-aš ka-teşļaz had l-? ala? What's this machine for? - 3rathom-lek. She bought them for you.

l- (le- before consonant clusters except those beginning with l) definite art. ra le-mdell da l-bab. The umbrella's by the door.

la 1. no šraha mennek? -la. Did he buy it from you?-No. 2. negation used with impv. la-tqulu-lha-š šeftiwni. Don't tell her you saw me. 3. negation used in subordinate clauses of the conditional we-llah la-ža u-kan ma-kanet l-qadiya fiha le-flus. I swear he wouldn't have come if money weren't involved in this affair, 4, so that ... not, before sir & andhom daba la-iduz l-weat. Go and see them now before it's too late. - rbet d-džaža la-temši tehreb! Tie up the chicken so it won't get away!

¶la . . . wa-la 1. as well as koll-ši kan temma, la l-? asatida wa-la t-tlamed. Everybody was there, the teachers as well as the students. 2. neither . . . nor ma-mšaw ixedmu la le-wlad wa-la le-bnat. Neither the boys nor the girls went to work.

la-bedda see bedda

la-dini pl. -yen 1. atheistic 2. atheist

lagar pl. -at railroad station

laga Ela to call lagi Eliha, raha fe-l-fuqi. Call her, she's upstairs.

lakin but, however, yet ma-wesletha Eărda lakin gad-temši. She didn't get any invitation, but she's going.

lalla pl. lalliyat 1. used in addressing a lady šnu xessek a-lalla? What would you like, Madam (or Miss)? 2. (inh. pos.; used in cons.) grandmother mšaw išufu lallahom. They went to see their grandmother.

I lalla u-mali easy life kanu galsin Ela

ko Ebi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. k Eaba jinxed, afflicted with constant bad luck

kă E kă E v.i. to laugh loudly, to guffaw

ko Elal n.u. -a small clump of dirt attached to the wool of a sheep

kă wer v.t. 1. to knock down or over, to upset 2. to roll, to make roll

lalla u-mali. They were leading an easy life.

¶ m̂ m̂uφ lallahφ (one's) grandmother lalliyat pl. of lalla

lam ilum v.t. (v.n. luman) to blame (s.o.) lamuh Ela lli ma-kemmel-š xdemtu. They blamed him for not finishing his work. lamba pl. -t 1. lamp (oil, kerosene) 2. bulb

(electric)

lamin pl. -at 1. syndic, guild master, head of a corporation of craftsmen or businessmen

2. (hired) water carrier (same as gerrab) lan ilin v.i. (v.n. lyana, lyuna) 1. to get more lenient, more understanding l-qustad bda ka-ilin mea t-tlamed dyalu. The teacher is getting more lenient with his pupils. 2. to become more obedient, to cooperate, to give in bqina mEahom b-le-klam zetta lanu-lna. We kept talking to them until they agreed to cooperate.

laq iliq b- or l- (v.n. lyaqa) to suit, to be suitable for had l-xedma ma-gad-tliq-š bih. This work won't be suitable for him.

laga v.t. 1. to join, to put together daba nlagi t-traf kollhom. I'll put all the pieces together. 2. to get together, to gather together kif laqiti had n-nas? How did you get these people together? 3. to encounter, to meet with lagaw sugubat kbira fe-l-bezt dyalhom. They encountered great difficulties in their research.

¶ laga s-sluk (or s-sluka) to cause trouble, to cause dissension dima ka-ilagi s-sluka bin sabu. He's always causing dissension among his friends.

laqab pl. eelqab nickname (excluding traditional shortened forms of names)

laqit pl. luqatae foundling

lašuniya Hebrew (language)

latef v.t. to treat gently

latif good, merciful (God)

** ya-latif! God help us! (used in a situation of sorrow, disaster)

¶ tleb or (xerrež) !-latif to say prayers containing the formula ya-latif (in a situation of great danger or disaster)

lawah no lawah, ma-txellih-š ka-isayen. No,

don't keep him waiting. - ka-ndenn ma-Eežbu l-zal hna.—lawah! I don't think he likes it here.—No (really?)! l-axra same as l-@axira (see axir) layn where (directional) layn nemšiw? Where shall we go?

¶layn-ma, layn-emma, lay-emma wherever (directional) layn-emma mšat ka-iteb Euha. Wherever she goes they fol-

¶ ma- $\xi and u \phi layn \xi la$ (n.) to have to (v.) ma-Eăndha layn Eăl le-xļas. She has to pay.

** waš hiya fe-d-dar?—ma-Eăndha layn. Is she home?—I don't see how she could be anyplace else.

¶ zetta layn 1. very late, quite late, until late l-barez xedmu zetta layn. Yesterday they worked quite late. 2. how late Zetta layn baitiw sahrin? How late did you stay up? —ma-Eref-ši zetta layn bqina fayqin. He doesn't know how late we stayed up. 3. very far, quite far zetta layn mšit m Eahom. I walked quite far with them. 4. how far xessek tšuf zetta layn mšina Ela režlina. You should see how far we walked. — zetta layn weslu? How far did they get?

lazem v.t. 1. to be or associate regularly with xay ma-ka-ilazem gir d-drari lli qeddu. My brother is always with kids his age. 2. to frequent, to be at or go to frequently Eam luwwel kanu ka-ilazmu dak l-gehwa. Last year they used to go to that café all the time. 3. to do (s.th.) regularly Eandu mā Elumat qwiya zit ka-ilazem

l-muțala & a. He's well informed because he reads regularly.

Slazem le-fraš to keep to one's bed lezem a.p. of lzem

lažur same as yažur

ležež v.i. to split hairs, to make oversubtle distinctions

iluz v.t. 1. to throw lazet ktubha čăl I-fers. She threw her books on the bed. 2. to throw away or out

lazed 1. v.t. to remark, to notice ma-laz edti-š l-ferg? Didn't you notice the difference? 2. v.i. to make remarks dima ka-ilazed čăl l-oxrin. He's always making remarks about others.

La-E ălla see E ălla

ug jam, marmalade

Badi pl. of lebda

1-barez see barez

Was 1. v.n. of *lbes* 2. dress style 3. clothing, clothes

asi pl. of lebsa zyex pl. of lbixa lebba v.t. 1. to answer, to yield to (a request) Eămmru ma-lebba-lhom ši-țalab. He's never yielded to any of their requests. 2. to fill (an order) š-šarika lebbat-lna t-ţalab. The company filled our order.

** lebbayk !lahumma lebbayk! invocation said by Muslim pilgrims while circling the Kaaba during the Pilgrimage ceremony in

Mecca

lebbad pl. -a one who deals in felt (material) lebbas used in the expr. lebbas le-xwatem ring finger

lebbeq v.t. 1. to patch, to darn !!ah ixellik lebbeq-li had t-tqašer. Would you please patch these socks for me. 2. to botch, to do (s.th.) clumsily

lebbes v.t. 1. to make (s.o.) wear lebbsettu dak s-sebbat waxxa ma-ka-ibgih-š. She made him wear those shoes even though he doesn't like them. 2. to put (clothes) on (s.o.), to dress (s.o.) with (s.th.) lebbset-lu le-zwayež ž-ždad. She put the new clothes on him.

lbed v.i. to crouch, to cower (from fright)

lbed pl. of lebda

lebda pl. -t, lbadi, lbed small felt rug used for praying

lbina dim. of lben

lbixa pl. -t, lbayex plaster cast kan Eamel lbixa Ela režlu d-l-imin. He had a plaster cast on his right leg.

lbiya pl. -t lioness

lben (dim. lbina) buttermilk

lbes v.t. (v.n. lbas) 1. to wear & ămmri

ma-lbest r-rezza. I've never worn a turban. 2. to put on kont ka-nelbes zwayži mnin Eăyyețti-li. I was putting on my clothes when you called me.

lebsa pl. -t, lbasi 1. n.i. of lbes 2. dress, gown 3. complete set of clothes, suit

ldad pl. of ldid

ledd v.i. (v.n. ledda) to taste good had l-makla koll-ma berdet ka-tledd. The colder this food is the better it tastes.

ledd comp. of ldid

ledda v.n. of ledd

¶ fih l-ledda to be delicious $\neq had$ l-Zălwa fiha l-ledda. This cake is delicious. ldeg v.t. (v.n. ldig) 1. to sting ledgettu nez la. He's been stung by a bee. 2. to bite (insects, snakes) ledgu zenš. He's been bitten by a snake.

ledģa pl. -t n.i. of ldeģ

ldid pl. ldad (comp. ledd) 1. delicious, tasty l-makla lli tiyybet kanet ldida. The food she prepared was delicious. 2. pleasant klamu ldid. He has a pleasant way of talking,

ldig v.n. of ldeg Idie v.n. of Idae ldă v.t. (v.n. ldi e) to bite (said of a reptile) led a n.i. of lda lfati pl. of lefta lfayef pl. of leffa lfa&i pl. of lef&a lefda pl. -t, ? alfad word lefda wez da ma-xerržetha-š. She didn't utter a single leff v.t. (v.n. leffan) to wrap leffa pl. -t, lfayef (dim. lfifa) 1. n.i. of leff 2. package, parcel 3. turn (of a turban) leff rezztu xemsa de-l-leffat Ela rasu. It took him five turns to wrap his turban around his head. leffan v.n. of leff leffef v.t. to wrap lfifa pl. -t dim. of leffa left n.u. -a turnip lefta pl. -t, lfati plug, peg šeddina l-qadus b-wazed l-lefta. We stopped the drain with a plug. lef & pl. -t, lfa & i viper *lga ilga* same as *lqa* legget same as legget lģa ilģi v.i. (v.n. lģa) 1. to talk, to babble (baby) 2. to chirp ¶lga Ela to call rah fe-l-bit dyalu, lgi Elih! He's in his room, call him! ** koll țir ka-ilgi lgah. Every bird sings his (own) song. (proverb indicating that differences of opinion are to be expected among people) lġa v.n. of lġa I ferreq l-lga to chat legm, logm pl. algam mine (explosive) lha ilhi v.t. 1. to distract, to divert the attention of (s.o.) dak l-bent ka-telhih Ela šģalu. That girl distracts him from his work. 2. to keep busy, to keep amused, to entertain lhat t-terbya b-le-qšawš baš ma-ibki-š. She kept the baby busy with the toys so it wouldn't cry. lheb v.i. (v.n. lhib) to blaze Theb Ela to flatter, to soft-soap, to curry favor with (s.o.) by being extremely agreeable lehba n.i. of lheb lehfa 1. gluttony, voracity 2. starvation, act of starving lehfan pl. -in voracious, gluttonous lehhet v.i. to pant, to gasp (for breath) lhib v.n. of lheb lhih there, over there lhit v.n. of lhet lehla used in wishes made to the contrary of what might happen lehla iž čalhom kif iziw. I do hope they don't come. ** lehla irewwik bas reply of a sick person to la-bas Elik

lhem v.t. to inspire, to give inspiration to, to guide (God) rebbi lehmu r etta daz men had ž-žih. God gave him the inspiration to come this way. lhet v.i. (v.n. lhit) to pant, to gasp (for breath) lehta I. starvation, act of starving 2. gluttony lehža pl. -t 1. dialect šzal de-l-lehžat ka-itkellmu fe-bladek? How many dialects are spoken in your country? 2. accent ma-zal ka-itkellem l-Eărbiya b-lehža negliziya. He still speaks Arabic with an English accent. 3. tone ma-wažeb-š Elik ttkellem m Eaha b-dak l-lehža. You shouldn't speak to her in such a tone. li- see lliga 1. pl. -t glove 2. pl. -t, lyeg same as liqa lil- see lilil (no. pl.) night, night-time ¶ be-l-lil, fe-l-lil at night, nights dima ka-ičăyyet-lna be-l-lil. He always calls us at night, -ma-zalin ka-ixedmu be-l-lil? Do they still work nights? ¶ l-barez fe-l-lil last night ¶ l-yum fe-l-lil tonight ¶ neşş l-lil midnight ¶ tir l-lil bat (mammal) ¶ mar l-lil nightmare drebha mar l-lil. She had a nightmare. lila du. liltayn pl. -t, lyali (dim. lwila) 1. night bqaw Eăndna tlata de-l-lyali. They spent three nights at our place. 2. eve, night before mat lilt l-Eid le-kbir. He died on the eve of Greater Bairam. 3. party men bă Ed le-mtiz anat ne ămlu ši-lila. We'll have a party after exams. I lilt l-qadr the 27th night of Ramadan, celebrated by Muslims as the date of the revelation of the Koran ¶pl. l-lyali the forty-day period from December 24th to February 2nd, generally considered the coldest part of the year *lim* n.u. -a lime (the citrus fruit) limun n.u. -a 1. lemon 2. orange (in Rabat and environs) 3. lemon tree 4. orange tree (in Rabat and environs) limuni pl. -yen 1. pale yellow 2. orangecolored (around Rabat) lingas n.u. -a pear liga pl. -t, lyeq 1. tuft or ball (of wool or cotton 2. (snow) flake lira pl. -t 1. recorder, type of flute 2. lira (Italian money) lişar, lişer see işar lisri see isri litra same as itra litru same as itru liyen same as liyyen (adj.)

liyyah why liyyah ma-Elemtihom-3? Wby didn't you notify them?

liyyen pl. -in 1. soft, flexible 2. lenient liyyen v.t. to soften, to make flexible

liyyer v.i. to play the flute

ližan pl. of ležna

lekk sealing wax

lekkek v.t. to seal, to fasten with sealing wax llah (often lla in normal conversation; llah after b- or l-) God yă lem llah fuq-aš ġad-ixellsuna. God knows when they're

going to pay us.

** be-llah Eliya ma-kont mEahom. I swear I wasn't with them. —||a ihennik (pl. ihennikom)! Good-by! —||la ihennih b-dak š-ši kollu. Let him have all of that; He can have all of it, I don't need it.

-be-sme-llah! said as a form of grace before meals, or before performing any act

The-Ilah Iladi la-ilaha illa huwa, ...; we-Ilah ... By God, ... we-Ilah u-bqa ka-ibettel l-medrasa zetta idziweh. By God, if he keeps skipping classes he'll be expelled.

¶![a (or !!ah) ixellik (pl. ixellikom) please !!a(h) ixellik tčăšša mčana. Please have supper with us.

T!!ahomma it is preferable, (I, you, he, etc.) would rather !!ahomma nesmae ha men fommu baeda. I'd rather hear it from his own mouth.

I !!ahomma . . . wa-la (I, you, he, etc.) bad better . . . rather than !!ahomma temši meana wa-la tebqa weedek. You had better come with us rather than stay by yourself.

** !!ahomma hakda wa-la bla-š. It's better than nothing. —!!ahomma hakdak \(\sigma sen.\) It's better that way.

** llahomma ila unless xeşşu iži ixdem koll nhar llahomma ila kan mrid. He has to come to work every day unless he's sick.

¶ le-llah, l-llah for God's sake (when asking s.o. a favor)

¶l-zămdu li-llah (or l-llah), llahumma-lak l-zămd see zămd

¶ yallah pl. yallahu (used affirmatively)

1. Come (on) . . . yallah m aya le-d-dar nwerrik šnu šrit. Come on home with me and I'll show you what I bought. —yallahu m ana. Come along with us. 2. Let's . . . yallah ntmeššaw šwiya. Let's go for a little walk. 3. (invariable) only, just tatu fiha yallah sett myat derhem. She offered him only six hundred dirhams for it. 4. (invariable) shows the immediate past yallah kif wselt hadi ši-šwiya. I just arrived a little while ago.

¶ Ela llah, Eăl llah expr. of hope, pos-

sibility, taking a chance, etc. Eăl ḷḷah ibqa l-žuw mezyan l-yum. I hope the weather will stay fine today. —šuf kan Eăl ḷḷah ibġi iži mEak. See if he would like to come with you. —šrit had l-fala ġir Eăl ḷḷah. I took a chance on buying this machine.

llareb, llarob a quarter to ≠ hadi t-tlata llareb. It's a quarter to three.

eellef v.t. to compose, to write eellfet rebea de-l-mesraziyat. She wrote four plays.

llehla same as lehla

lli I. who, that n-nas lli kanu hna. The people who were here. -hada l-weld lli qolt-lek Elih. This is the boy I told you about. 2. that, which t-telž lli taz kollu dab. All the snow that fell has melted. -hadik l-qehwa lli kont ka-nemši-lha. That's the café (that) I used to go to. —le-qniya lli siyyed matet. The rabbit (that) he caught is dead. 3. whoever lli xalef l-qanun it ageb. Whoever breaks the law will be punished. 4. whichever (one) xud lli Cežbettek fihom. Take whichever one of them you like. 5. whatever lli galt-lkom diruh. Do whatever she tells you. 6. that (conj.) zen lli ma-ža-š. It's better (that) he didn't come. —ana ferzan lli žat. I'm happy she came.

Inen-lli (or me-lli) I. since, ever since men-lli mša ma-kteb-lna. We haven't heard from him since he left. 2. than (before clauses) wellat kfes men-lli kanet. She has become worse than she was.

lmaye Epl. of lem Ea

v.n. of lmae

lemm v.t. (v.n. lemman) to assemble, to bring together

lemma when lemma iži qolha-lu. Tell him when he comes.

lemman v.n. of lemm

lemmă v.t. to shine, to make shine

lmă v.i. (v.n. lmi e) to shine, to glisten

lem & a pl. lmaye En.i. of lma &

lqa ilqa v.t. 1. to find lqiti le-ktab Ela-š konti ka-tqelleb? Did you find the book you were looking for? 2. to meet ġad-nemšiw

nelqaweh fe-l-mersa. We're going to go meet him at the harbor. 3. to see, to encounter lqithom fe-l-zefla. I saw them at the party. 4. to encounter, to meet with, to find lqat suzubat kbira. She encountered great difficulties. 5. to receive ma-lqahom-š mezyan. He didn't receive them well.

¶ lga Ela to protect kun ma-lqat-š Elih š-šežra u-kan derbettu l-qertaşa. If he hadn't been protected by the tree the bullet would have struck him.

^Pelqab pl. of laqab lqaqet pl. of leqqat 2 lqef v.t. (v.n. lqif) to catch (in the air) huwa siyyeb l-kura w-ana lqeftha. He threw the ball and I caught it.

leqfa n.i. of lqef lqif v.n. of lqef

lqim n.u. -a small variety of quince

leqma, loqma pl. -t 1. mouthful kla koll-ši fe-tlata de-l-leqmat. He ate everything in three mouthfuls. 2. bite, s.th. to eat Emelt wazed l-leqma fe-d-dar qbel ma-nži. I had a bite at home before I came.

legqa v.t. 1. to put legqi ši-stel l-l-qetra lli fe-s-sqef. Put a pail under the leak in the roof. 2. to put out, to stick out legqa-li režlu u-čăkkelni. He stuck his foot out and tripped me.

** !!ah ileqqik l-xir u-r-rbez. The best of

luck to you.

leggam pl. -a ag. n. of leggem

leqqat 1. pl. -a ag. n. of leqqet 2 2. pl. lqaqet pincers, (pair of) pliers

leggaz pl. -a ag. n. of leggez

leqqeb v.t. to give a nickname to, to nickname leqqebnaha le-qniya. We nicknamed her "Rabbit."

leggef v.i. 1. to gasp for breath tel Eet

ka-džri fe-d-druž zetta bdat tleqqef. She ran up the stairs until she began gasping for breath. 2. to be badly in need of žberthom ka-ileqqfu zla lli ixdem

m Eahom. I found them badly in need of someone to work for them.

leggem v.t. same as legge 1 and 2

¶ leggem l-berrad to add fresh tea, mint leaves, sugar, and boiling water to the teapot in order to prepare another serving of tea

legget v.t. 1. to pick up leggtet t-traf de-z-zaž lli kanu fuq l-erd. She picked up the pieces of glass that were on the floor. 2. to glean ma-zal ma-leggtu z-zrāč men l-feddan. They haven't gleaned the wheat from the field yet.

leqqe 1. v.t. to graft 2. v.t. to cross-pollinate 3. v.i. to blossom (tree)

lerd same as erd

lerwi wild ram with large, curved horns lsan pl. lsun 1. tongue 2. language

** lsanu mteqqef. He's tongue-tied.

—Isanu qasez. He's rude (when talking).
—Isanha rteb me a koll-si. She talks softly with everybody. —Isanu twil. He talks too much. —sbegni Isani. It slipped my tongue.
—dak š-ši ela terf Isani. I have it on the tip of my tongue.

¶ Isan wazed all together, unanimously ¶ tserrez $tsanu\phi$, ntleq $tsanu\phi$ 1. to become fluent $\neq tserrez$ tsanhom

fe-n-negliza. They've become fluent in

English. 2. to find one's tongue \neq tserrez-lha l-lsan, ma-bqat-ši z eššumiya.

She found her tongue; she's no longer shy.

lsaq same as lsaq

lsas pl. -at foundation bdaw itell u l-lsas l-le-bni. They have started laying down the foundation for the building.

lsači pl. of lesča lsič v.n. of lsăč

lseq same as lseq

lesseq same as lesseq

lsun pl. of Isan

lsă v.t. (v.n. lsi v) to sting, to bite les u waz ed z-zenbur. A wasp stung him.

les Ea pl. -t, lsa Ei n.i. of lsă E

lsaq pl. -at 1. glue 2. cellophane adhesive tape (e.g., Scotch tape)

¶ kagit l-lşaq masking tape

lsiq v.n. of lseq

lseq v.i. (v.n. lsiq) 1. to stick fezzeg t-tenber baš ilseq f-le-glaf. Wet the stamp so it'll stick to the envelope. 2. to be communicable or contagious had l-merd ma-ka-ilseq-š. This disease is not contagious.

¶ lseq f- to bother, to be obnoxious toward ana dayez u-huwa lṣeq fiya. I was just passing by and he started bothering me.

¶ lseq fih ϕ to contract, to get (disease) \neq ma- ξ reft fuq-aš lṣeq fiha dak l-merd. I don't know when she contracted that disease.

lesga n.i. of lseg

lesseq v.t. to stick, to glue nta lli lesseqti dak l-?iElan fe-l-Zăyt? Did you stick that poster on the wall?

"lesseq f- to give to, to cause (s.o.) to get (disease) lessqet fih bu-zămrun. She gave him the measles.

ltam pl. -at, ltum veil ma-bqat-š texrož be-l-ltam. She doesn't go out with a veil any more.

letšin n.u. -a 1. orange (fruit) 2. orange tree
lettem v.t. and v.i. to put on (a veil, i.e.
ltam)

ltum pl. of ltam

lțaf pl. of lțif

ltafa gentleness dima ka-ihder meaha be-l-ltafa. He always talks to her with gentleness.

ltef b- (v.n. lotf) to be kind and gentle
toward

ltef comp. of ltif

lotf v.n. of ltef

ltif pl. ltaf (comp. ltef) gentle, nice ka-tebģi n-nas ikunu ltaf m aha. She likes people to be nice to her.

lțim v.n. of lțem

ltem v.t. (v.n. ltim) to slap, to strike (s.o.) letma n.i. of ltem

luba pl. -t doorknob lubva kidney bean

luġa pl. -t language ka-itkellem ¿ adad de-l-luġat. He speaks many languages. luġawi pl. -yen 1. linguistic 2. linguist lu-kan see kun

lula pl. -i 1. defect ba uh-lu rxis li-eenna kan fih wazed l-lula. They sold it to him cheap because it had a defect. 2. bad habit fiha l-lula d-tafdulit. She has a bad habit of being nosy.

luleb pl. lwaleb (dim. lwileb) screw rekkebt ker an t-tebla be-l-lwaleb. I fastened the legs to the table with screws.

lum, luma pl. -t blame, reproach ma-Eliha luma. She is not to blame.

Jaman v.n. of lam

tun pl. lwan, eelwan 1. color ka-yee žebni lun siyartek. I like the color of your car. — gir hiya šafettu u-l-eelwan theddlu fiha. The minute she saw him she changed color. 2. complexion lunha zămrani. She has a dark complexion.

lugata? pl. of lagit

lur, lura (no pl.) back, rear l-lur de-l-bab xessu ittesbeg. The back of the door needs painting.—hežmu Elihom men l-lur. They attacked them from the rear.

¶ be-!-lur backwards dext melli bdit nemši be-!-lur. I got dizzy when I started walking backwards.

¶!-!ur, !-!ura 1. in the back, in the rear huma gelsu !-qeddam u-hiya !-!ur. They sat in the front and she sat in the back. 2. behind wqefna ntsennawhom zit kanu ma-zalin !-!ur. We stopped and waited for them because they were still behind.

3. backwards taret l-lura. She fell backwards.

larani see wrani

**I leri, |urani pl. -yen last, (the one) at the end ** be-l-|uri same as be-l-|ur (see |ur)

lus pl. lwas, lwayes brother-in-law (husband's brother)

lusa pl. -t, lwayes sister-in-law (husband's sister)

luwla f. of luwli

luwlani pl. -yen same as luwwel

luwli f. luwla pl. -yen, kwala 1. same as luwwel 2. midday prayer

luwwa v.t. 1. to roll up luwwa kmamu u-bda ixdem. He rolled up his sleeves and started working. 2. to wind luwwat l-xey! ¿ăl l-qennuṭ. She wound the thread around the spool.

luwwaya pl. -t ivy

luwwek v.t. to chew, to chew on (gum, candy)

luwwel 1. (no pl.) beginning šrawha f-luwwel

l-Eam. They bought it at the beginning of the year. 2. f. luwla pl. luwlin, lwala first semma weldu l-luwwel žamal. He named his first son Jamal —men l-luwwel Ereftu ražel mezyan. From the first, I knew he was a good man.

¶ Eam luwlayn two years ago, year before last

TE am lugwevel last year

luwwen v.t. to color in a multicolored fashion luya pl. -i 1. n.i. of lwa and luwwa 2. turn, turn-off kayna wa ed l-luya qeddam d-dar. There's a turn by the house. 3. curve (in a road)

luvan v.n. of lava

luz n.u. -a (dim. lwiza) 1. almond 2. almond

¶ luz mfenned candied almonds

luzum v.n. of lzem

luz n.u. -a pl. -t, lwez, lwaz (dim. lwiza)
1. wood 2. board, plank 3. wooden tablet used for writing

lwa ilwa v.i. (v.n. luyan) to wither xessek tesqi had l-gers qbel-ma ilwa. You need to water this plant before it withers.

¶ lwa be-n-n as to fall asleep

lwa ilwi v.i. (v.n. luyan) to turn, to make a turn telfu Elina mnayn lwina Eăl š-šmal. We lost them when we turned left.

Tlwa Ela 1. to arrest l-bulis lwaw Elih kif xrež men daru. The police arrested him just as he left his house. 2. to grab by the collar ma-trešha zetta lwat Elih. He didn't slap her till she grabbed him by the collar. 3. to take by force tĕarrdu-lu tlata

de-š-šeffara u-lwaw-lu Ela šwantu. Three thieves stopped him and took his suitcases by force.

lwala pl. of luwli and luwwel lwale pl. of luleb lwan, elwan pl. of lun lwani (pl.) dishes, utensils lwas pl. of lus lwayes pl. of lus and lusa lwayez pl. of lwiz (n.u. of luz)

Iwila dim. of lila

lwiz pl. -at, lwayez gold coin (some romantic attachment, as with English "doubloon") lwiza 1. dim. of luza (n.u. of luz) 2. vervain lwiza dim. of luza (n.u. of luz)

lewya same as luya

lwer pl. of lur a (n.u. of lur)

lexxer pl. -in last, last one l-merra l-lexxra lli šefthom hiya l-barez. The last time I saw them was yesterday. —huma l-lexxrin lli xeržu. They were the last ones to leave.

I f-lexxer, m a lexxer finally, in the end

lexxṛani pl. -yen last, last one dima ka-dži hiya l-lexxṛaniya. She's always the last one to come.

lexxes v.t. to sum up, to summarize lyali pl. of lila

lyan v.i. (v.n. lyana, lyuna) 1. to soften, to become softer 2. to become co-operative lyan pl. -at kind of homemade liquid soap,

prepared from ashes, lye, and potassium

carbonate

lyana v.n. of lan and lyan

lyaqa v.n. of laq

lyeg pl. of liga 2 (same as liqa)

lyeq pl. of liqa

lyuna v.n. of lan and lyan

lzaz pl. -at 1. wedge 2. prop, support

lzem v.t. (v.n. luzum) 1. to owe \neq $\tilde{s} \in al$ lezmu Ela had l-xedma? How much does he owe for this work? 2. to have to \neq \dot{g} ad-ilezmek $t \in ammer \tilde{s}i$ -wraq. You'll have to fill out some forms.

¶ a.p. lazem (may take pron. endings) denotes obligation, necessity, or incumbency lazem zetta huma ixedmu. They must work too. —lazem nqulha le-bbah. I have to tell his father. —kan lazemhom iketbu-lu. They should have written him.

lezzem v.t. to force bġaw ilezzmuh (baš)
imši m ahom. They wanted to force him to
go with them. —ma-lezzem zădd Eliya
had l-xedma. Nobody forced this work on
me.

lezzez v.t. 1. to wedge 2. to prop (up), to support

lžam pl. -at rein(s)

ležna pl. -t, ližan committee

ležžem v.t. to bridle, to put a bridle on

l af pl. l של, l ufa same as l ifa

lzayef pl. of lzifa

lezd pl. lzud, lzuda large stone slab placed in a grave over the dead body before it is covered with dirt

lzeg same as lzeq

lz i pl. of lez ya

lzifa pl. -t, lzayef long, narrow mattress shaped somewhat like a couch

lziq v.n. of lzeq

lz is v.n. of lzes

lziwa dim. of lez ya

lezlaz pl. -a flatterer

lezlez Ela to flatter ma-Eăndek l-aš
tlezlez Eliha. There's no need for you to
flatter her.

lzăm pl. (intensity) lzum, lzumat 1. meat had l-lzăm ma-zal ma-țab. This meat hasn't cooked yet. 2. flesh s-sbu a ka-i eišu Ela makelt l-lzăm. Lions are flesh-eating animals.

They left him with nothing but his shirt on his back.

I šuwwek l-lzăm l- to give goose flesh to lăzn pl. * alzan tune, (piece of) music (excluding any attendant lyrics)

lzeq v.t. (v.n. lziq) 1. to obtain, to get ma-qder-š ilzeq ši-xedma z sen men hadi. He wasn't able to get a better job. 2. to reach gir ka-ihezz yeddu ka-ilzeq s-sqef. He reaches the ceiling just by lifting his arm. 3. to catch xessek tebler baš tlezqu fe-d-dar. You have to hurry so you can catch him at home. 4. to catch up with or to daba rahom sabginna, be-l-zăqq gad-ndiru žehdna baš nlezquhom. They're ahead of us now, but we'll try our best to catch up with them.

¶ lz eq be-d-dbiz a to slaughter (a dying animal) in order to make its flesh acceptable for food according to Muslim law lz es v.t. (v.n. lz is) to lick l-kelb

ka-ilz es-lha yeddha. The dog is licking her hand.

lzud, lzuda pl. of lezd lzuf, lzufa pl. of lzaf

 $l \subset um$, $l \subset um$ at pl. of intensity of $l \subset am$ $l \in \mathcal{L}$ ya pl. -t, $l \subset i$ (dim. $l \subset iwa$) 1. chin

2. beard

lezzăf 1. v.t. to wrap (s.o.) in a zayek
2. v.i. to put on a zayek

leてこeq v.t. to take, to carry škun

gad-ilezzeq had le-ktub l-l-xizana? Who's going to take these books to the library?

Tlezzeq b- to make reach, to help at-

tain, to help find ma-lezzeqni zădd b-had l-minza, žebtha b-mubara. Nobody helped me obtain this scholarship; I won it in a contest.

l Eaybi pl. -ya player xah l Eaybi de-l-kura mezyan. His brother is a good ball player. l E ab v.t. or v.i. (v.n. l a E b) 1. to play

le abna terz de-s-sentrez qbel ma-te assina. We played a game of chess before we had supper, —ka-ya eref ile ab l-Eud. He

knows how to play the lute. 2. to trifle, to fool or play around, to waste time

ma-dazet-š f-le-mtiz an li-?enna kanet ģir ka-tel žāb. She didn't pass her exam because she was just fooling around.

¶l&ăb b- (or Ela) to dupe, to mislead, to take advantage of mnin şabuh ma-ka-yă Eref-š !-luġa lă Ebu bih. When

they found out he didn't know the language, they took advantage of him.

Tle ăb f- 1. to play (around) with, to fool (around) with ma-txelli-š d-drari ilă bu fe-!-țumubil. Don't let the kids fool around with the car. 2. to misuse, to misappropriate de aw quin ș-șendug ela lli

^{**} xellaweh b-qamižžtu Eăl l-lzăm.

kan ka-il E ăb f-le-flus de-l-mu essasa. The treasurer was sued for misappropriating the society's funds.

¶ $l \in ab$ le-qmer to gamble, to play for money

lă & b v.n. of le ăb

¶ lă&b l-xil horse race

¶ lă&b l-kura ball game

lă ba n.i. of le ăb

le in v.n. of le an

leig v.n. of le ăg

leăn v.t. (v.n. lein) to curse, to swear at

lă na n.i. of le ăn

l\(\tilde{a}q\) v.t. (v.n. l\(\tilde{e}iq\)) to lick l\(\tilde{a}\)\(\tilde{e}qet\) z-zlafa \(\tilde{e}ad\)\(\tilde{g}esletha\). She licked the bowl and then washed it.

¶p.p. mel uq pl. mla eq ill-fated person, one always having bad luck

lăEq pl. of lăEqa 2

lă Eqa 1. n.i. of l E ăq 2. pl. -t, lă Eq leech,

bloodsucker

lä Eab pl. -a player šz al de-l-lä Eaba fe-l-ferqa dyalkom? How many players are there in your team?

lă E E ab v.t. to make play lă E buni l-karța bezz menni. They made me play cards in

spite of myself.

M

ma (m.) pl. myah 1. water 2. juice (of fruit, vegetables, etc.) 3. sap (plant)

¶ ma de-z-zher or ma zher orange blossom perfume

¶ ma wred or ma de-l-werd rose water ¶ ma ∠ya a relatively weak alcoholic beverage resembling aquavit or brandy ma 1. used as a type of relative pron.

ma-čăndi ma nqul. I have nothing to say.

(** What can I do? I'm caught.) -ma-xellit ma qellebt. I looked everywhere (i.e., I didn't leave out inspecting anything). -ma-bqa-li ma nemši. There's no longer any reason for me to go. -ma-fiva ma nemši. I don't feel like going. 2. used with various other words to form a type of compound conj. (often in the form of -emma): bă&d-ma t&ăššina xrežna ntsaraw. After we ate supper we went to take a walk. -ma-Eăndi suq, aš-emma kanet gir werriha-li! I don't care; whatever it is, show it to me! -fayn-ma ikun čăndek l-wegt, aži šufna. Whenever you have time, come and see us. -weqt-emma weždu-lek le-flus Etini lli ka-nsalek. Pay me what you owe me whenever you get the money. (see aš, baš, bzal, bin, bla, bă&d, f-, fayn, fuq, gae, gir, zit, zsen, zetta,

škun, wa, wayn, weqt, Ela, Elaš, Eănd)

ma used in certain interrogative terms with
the preposition l-: ma-lek tEățţelti? Why
were you late? —ma l-had š-šelya
mherrsa? Why is this chair broken?

kif, layn, men, mnayn, qedd, sa ea, šzal,

—ma-lek? What's the matter with you?
—aš žabek fiya ma-li? What do you care what's the matter with me?

ma particle of negation (usually used with -š or -ši) l-barez ma-kont-š fe-d-dar. I wasn't home yesterday. —ma-čăndi zetta zaža. I don't have a thing.

¶ ma-ši term of negation (in equational sentences) hiya ma-ši mezyana! She's not pretty!

ma used to express amazement or admiration:
ma zlaha! How nice she is! —ma bennu!
How good this tastes! —!!ah Ela had l-bent
ma zinha! God, she's a beautiful girl!

mabadi? pl. of mebde? ma da bih p see da

madad used in the expr. madad, ya rasul !!ah! prayerful invocation for assistance upon undertaking s.th. that one feels he cannot do without help

madahib pl. of medheb

madani pl. -yen civil, civilian (in contrast to military)

madaniva civilization

madaq taste had l-Eineb fih waz ed l-madaq moEtabar. These grapes have an excellent taste.

madar pl. -at orbit (of planet, etc.)

madda 1. pl. mawadd element (chemical)
2. pl. mawadd field, area (profession, of study) 3. (no pl.) finances, funds 4. pl. -t distance (from one point to another)

madina (with art.) Medina (near Mecca)
madic (no pl.) 1. eulogy (especially to a
saint or the Prophet) 2. eulogist, panegyrist
madella humiliation, degradation

madriya pl. -t beam, timber

m? adya v.n. of ? ada

madi a.p. of mda

maderra harm, detriment (v.n. of derr)
l-garru lli ka-tekmi rah fih gir l-maderra.
Those cigarettes you smoke are nothing but
harmful.

magana pl. -t, mwagen 1. watch (time-piece)
2. clock

¶magana de-ḍ-ḍuw electric or light meter

I magana de-l-ma water meter

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....y we
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¶ magana de-s-sersar alarm clock I magana de-s-semta (or de-l-yedd) wrist watch

¶ magana de-š-šems sun dial

I magana de-š-šun (or de-t-tuq) pocket watch

mağul n.pl. of mağuli

mağuli adj. pl. -yen n.pl. mağul Mongolian, Tatar (referring mainly to the savage

hordes of the late middle ages)

mahana same as Pihana (v.n. of han ihin)

mahara skill, dexterity maher pl. -in skillful, dextrous, adroit

makan pl. ?amkina, ?amakin classicism for

maz ăll makaved pl. of makida

makida pl. makayed trap, snare

(also metaphorical)

¶ debber makida l- to lay or set a trap for (s.o., animal)

makina pl. -at, mwaken machine, apparatus

¶ makina de-d-duw generator

¶makina d-le-zsana razor (electric and safety)

¶ makina de-le-zsad harvester, combine ¶ makina de-t-thasel phonograph, record

¶ makina de-t-tz in grain mill (electric)

¶ makina d-le-xvata sewing machine

makla 1. v.n. of kla 2. pl. -at, mwakel food (in general) 3. pl. -at, mwakel meal (dinner, supper, etc.)

makul pl. -at food (in general; usually pl.) mal imil v.i. (v.n. milan, muyul) 1. to lean, to tilt, to be inclined or at an angle š-šežra mayla le-š-šerq. The tree is leaning to the east. -ka-imil le-š-šuvučiva. He leans toward Communism. 2. to tend -lun l-qamižža ka-imil l-le-zreq. The color of the shirt tends toward blue. 3. to roll, to rock (as a ship)

mal pl. mwal money, capital

malak pl. malayka, mlayka angel (e.g., Gabriel)

malal 1. satiety, quality of being fed up 2. s.th. wrong or amiss Eăndu ši-malal f-keršu. He has something wrong with his stomach.

malayka pl. of malak

malik pl. muluk king, monarch

malika pl. -t queen

maliya 1. same as mal 2. finance (dept.)

¶ wazir l-maliya Minister of Finance

¶wizart l-maliya Ministry of Finance male pl. -in salty mamat death men qbel l-mamat dyalu kteb-lha risala. He wrote her a letter before his

mamun pl. -in 1. safe, without danger (place) 2. loyal, trustworthy

mamuni pl. -ven trellis

mamuriya pl. -t mission (diplomatic, religious, etc.)

man imun same as muwwen manadir pl, of mender manafie pl. of menfaea 2 manakir pl. of munkar manam same as mnam manama same as mnama

manasik (treated as f.sg.) used in the expr. manasik l-Zăžž prescribed attire, standard of appearance, rites, etc., to be observed during the pilgrimage at Mecca

manazil pl. of menzila manda pl. -t salary, pay

mandulina pl. -t mandolin

manira pl. -t 1. manner, way xeşşni nšuf ši-manira baš ne ell had le-qfel. I have to find some way to open this lock. 2. trick, ruse dda le-flus mennu b-wazed l-manira. He got the money from him by trickery. mani E pl. mawani E obstacle, hindrance

¶ma-Eănduø maniE to have no objection, to be all right with (s.o.) =

manta type of wild mint magadir destiny, fate

maqal pl. -at article (magazine, newspaper)

magala pl. -t same as magal

magam pl. -at 1. tomb of the Prophet Mohammed or a Muslim saint 2. position, rank, grade

magama pl. -t type of Arabic poetry maqayis pl. of meqyas

marakiz pl. of merkez marăd s-sell same as sell, soll

mariya tide (sea)

** xellih Zetta džibu l-mariya. Leave it until a better opportunity comes.

¶ mariya tal Ea high tide I mariya habta low tide

mariyu pl. -yat, -wat wardrobe, portable closet

marka pl. -t brand, make šmen marka

t-tumubil dyalek? What make is your car? mars March (month)

masafa same as msafa masa?il pl. of mes?ala masakin pl. of meskin

masaza pl. -t area, surface l-ma da f-war ed l-masaza kbira. The water spread over a large area.

masiz (with art.) (the) Messiah, (the)

Christ masaliz pl. of meşlaza maser (f.) Egypt

mașsa pl. -t sledge hammer

massu pl. -wat, -yat 1. pile (of coins, jewels, gold) 2. nugget (gold)

ma-ši see ma (negation) maši a.p. of mša

mašina pl. -t train şafert l-merrakeš fe-l-mašina. I went to Marrakesh by train. mašiya cpl. mawaši livestock (pl. implies more emphasis on the various kinds) mašegga pl. -t difficulty ma-wselt gir b-mašeqqa. I arrived only after some difficulty. -f-had š-šģol kayna mašeqqa. This work is difficult to do. mat imut v.i. to die l-barez mat bbah llah irez mu. His father died yesterday, God rest his soul. - Etini nakol, ka-nmut be-ž-žuč! Give me something to eat, I'm dying of hunger. I mat Ela to be crazy or mad about (s.o.) ka-izebb mratu u-ka-imut Eliha. He's just crazy about his wife. matabagi (no art.) the rest, what is left ana Etiwni gir had l-xatem, u-matabaqi llah irebbez kom bih. Just give me this ring and you can have the rest. matal same as mtel 2 matalan for example, for instance, such as mațar pl. -at airport, air field matiša (coll. and sg) pl. -t, mwateš (no art.) 1. tomato 2. swing kanet ka-tel \(\text{ab}\) f-mațiša u-hiya țtiz u-herrset yeddiha. She was playing on the swing when she fell and broke her arm. matel b- to put (s.o.) off hadi modda u-nta ka-tmațel biya, Etini flusi, !lah ibarek fik! You've been putting me off long enough, now please give me my money! mațăr pl. mțar, eemțar rain (pl. for intensity) mawadd pl. of madda 1 and 2 mawadie pl. of mudue mawaši cpl. of mašiya mawi pl. mawyen 1. (too) watery, thin had le-mdad mawi. This ink is too watery. 2. (extra) juicy (of citrus) maya pl. -t melody, tune waš ka-tă? ref l-maya dyal had l-gonya? Do you know the melody of this song? mayu May (month) ma-zal see zal mazid used in the expr. l-Zămdu li-llahi wa-mazid š-šokr used to express one's satisfaction as to how s.th. is (e.g., one's business, a good meal) mazuzi pl. -yen late (e.g., a crop) had z-zră lli f-had l-mentaqa kollu mazuzi. The wheat in this region has all come in late. mazez v.t. 1. to joke or kid around with (s.o.) 2. to play or fool around with, to be playful with (s.o.) maž imuž v.i. to be wavy, to undulate (sea) maži a.p. of ža mažella pl. -t magazine, journal mažus pl. of mažusi mažusi pl. mažus pagan, heathen (also often

said of any non-believer in a one-and-only God) mazăll pl. -at place šnu had l-mazăll? What's this place (here)? —aži l-mazălli had l-lila! Come over to my place tonight! —fayn ža mazăllek de-l-xedma? Where's your place of business? -škun lli čămlu f-maz ăllu? Who did they put in his place? mazălli pl. -yen local, of or pertaining to a particular place ma-z ya see ma ma Ead-llah usually in the expr. z aša ma ad-llah expresses some disbelief in or unacceptance of s.o.'s remark šeftu ka-išeffer — zaša mačad-llah! I've seen him steal.—Impossible! ma earid pl. of ma erid mačarif pl. of măčrifa 2 me ¿ida pl. -t stomach (organ) ma en pl. mwa en I. dish (includes pots and pans) Eawenni fe-gsil le-mwa en. Help me wash the dishes. 2. musical instrument 3. tool (of any kind) mbadla pl. -t trade, barter mbaleg pl. of mebleg mbared, mbared pl. of mebred, mebred mbarek part. of barek mbarka pl. -t n.i. of barek and tbarek mbata v.n. of bat mbawsa pl. -t n.i. of thawes mbaxer pl. of mbexra mbay a pl. -t bow, obeisance, curtsy mebde? pl. mabadi? principle huwa ma-čăndu z etta mebde?. He has no principles at all. mbixra dim. of mbexra mebleg pl. mbaleg amount, sum wret men bbah wazed l-mebleg dyal le-flus kbir bezzaf. He inherited a very large sum of money from his father. mebrad pl. -in (one) sensitive to cold mebras pl. -in (one) afflicted with vitiligo mebred, mebred pl. mbared, mbared file, rasp (tool) mebruk usually used in set expr. e.g., Ewašrek mebruka, or Eidek mebruk! Happy holiday! -sbar ek mebruk! Good morning! —hadi sa a mebruka f-aš šefnak. It's (been) good to see you again. mbexra pl. mbaxer (dim. mbixra) censer, thurible mebyuと p.p. of baと mdabez part. of ddabez mdabza pl. -t fight, scrap mdabez pl. of medbez mdad 1. pl. of modd 2. ink mdadi pl. -yen blue (basically color of blue ink) mdade pl. of medda mdafe& pl. of medfa&

mdagga pl. -t n.i. of tdagg mdaheb pl. of medheb mdahya v.n. of dha mdakk pl. of mdekka mdaker (pl.) testicles mdaqqa same as mdagga (n.i. of tdagg) mdari pl. of medra mdarya v.n. of dara mdawem part. of dawem mdawma v.n. of dam mdawez pl. of medwez mdaxel pl. of medxel mdavni pl. -ya creditor mdayež, mdažž pl. of mdežža mdazsa v.n. of dzes and dazes mda ya v.n. of dea medbal pl. -in wilted, withered (as a flower; also a person) medbez pl. mdabez part of animal's throat which is cut or slit when it is slaughtered medd v.t. (v.n. meddan) 1. to hold out, to extend medd-li yeddik nšuf aš fiha! Hold out your hand so I can see what's in it! 2. to pass, to reach, to hand medd-li hadak le-ktab !lah ixellik! Hand me that book, please! 3. to lay out or down (s.o.) hak, medd had l-weld fug le-fras. Here, lay the boy down on the bed. medd, modd du. -ayn pl. mdud, mdad container used for measuring grain modda pl. -t 1. (long) time, a while fayn had l-giba, hadi modda ma-šefnak. Where have you been, it's been a long time since we've seen you. 2. period Etaha modda dyal Eăšr iyyam. He gave her a period of ten days. ¶ modda madida a long time, ages meddan v.n. of medd meddaz pl. -a, mdadez 1. kind of street singer, minstrel 2. kind of public storymeeddeb part. of eeddeb meddi pl. -yen a.p. of dda medden v.t. to civilize medfae pl. mdafee cannon ¶ dreb (or tleq, or kellem) medfă to fire or discharge a cannon ¶ teklima (or derba) de-l-medfă& cannon shot medheb pl. mdaheb, madahib 1. doctrine, school (of thought) 2. sect, denomination medhi p.p. of dha mo?di (l-) pl. mo?dyen harmful, injurious, noxious (to) mdina pl. -t, mdun city, town (often referring to the old, original city rather than the newer, more modern city next to the old) mdini pl. -yen city-dweller, urbanite mdir v.n. of mder

guns) medkuk p.p. of dekk mdeldel pl. -in dangling, hanging loose (as shirt tail, loose wires hanging from ceiling, loose vine) medra pl. -t, mdari pitchfork medrasa same as medrasa mderbel pl. -in ragged, torn and tattered (clothes or person) mderdeb p.p. of derdeb mdud pl. of medd, modd mdun pl. of mdina mduwwed part. of duwwed medwez pl. mdawez 1. corridor, hallway 2. passageway, pass 3. path, trail 4. aqueduct, ditch medxel pl. mdaxel 1. way in, entrance 2. definition (of a word), lexicographical entry 3. introduction, preface mdexna pl. -t chimney, flue medxul 1. income, revenue 2. pl. -in sickly, in mdexxem pl. -in same as mdexxem *medyan* pl. -*ìn* debtor mdežža pl. -t, mdažž, mdayež pearl necklace $mde \subset v.t.$ (v.n. $med \subset mdi \subset l$) 1. to praise in song (the Prophet Mohammed) 2. to praise, to speak well of (s.o.) med v.n. of mdez mde zes pl. -in (over) packed, crammed, (over)crowded mdă wi pl. -yen unfortunate, wretched (person) mda imda v.i. 1. to get or become sharp (knife) 2. to become mentally keen, to develop one's personality 3. to get lost mdat fe-l-gaba l-bare. She got lost in the forest yesterday. mda imdi 1. v.t. to sign (object may be signature or the paper) 2. v.i. to get lost mda-li sebbati. My shoes have gotten lost. ¶a.p. madi pl. madyen (comp. mda) 1. sharp, keen ma-kan-š ka-vez sab-li had ž-ženwi madya hakda. I wasn't aware that this knife was so sharp. - E andu wazed l-weld madi me a rasu. He has a boy with a sharp mind. 2. (with art.) the past fe-l-madi le-mgarba kanu ka-ilebsu t-trabes bezzaf. In the past, Moroccans wore the fez a great deal. mda comp. of madi (a.p. of mda) mdabe pl. of medbu (same as mdebba) mdadeģ pl. of meddaga mdall pl. of mdell mdamm pl. of mdemma mdareb pl. of mderrba mdares pl. of medrasa and mdersa mdawa intelligence, sharpness (of mind) mdayeq pl. of medyeq

mdekka pl. -t, mdakk ramrod (for loading

mdebbă pl. -in stupid, dense medbu E pl. -in, mdabe E same as mdebba E medda v.t. to sharpen, to hone (a blade) meddaga pl. mdadeg temple (of head) medday pl. -a one who sharpens knives, etc. mdeg v.t. (v.n. mdig) to chew, to masticate ¶ mdeg l-hedra (or le-klam) 1. to swallow one's words, to mumble 2. to think carefully before speaking, to measure one's words medga pl. -t n.i. of mdeg mdig v.n. of mdeg mdiyyeg part. of diyyeg medlam pl. -in dark, unlit had l-bit medlam bezzaf. This room is too dark. mdell pl. mdall, mdula 1. umbrella, parasol 2. parachute medmed v.t. to rinse (out) (the mouth) mdemma pl. -t, mdamm type of embroidered woman's belt (usually of silk) mednun p.p. of denn medrasa pl. -t, mdares school Ead zadu tlata d-le-byut fe-l-medrasa dyalna. They've just added three rooms to our school. medrasi pl. -yen of or pertaining to school mderrba pl. -t, mdareb mattress mdersa pl. mdares kind of student dormitory medrub p.p. of dreb mdula pl. of mdell mdexxem pl. -in excellent, magnificent, outstanding medyeq pl. mdayeq gorge, pass, gap (mountain) modzika pl. -t most anything that causes laughter mfareq pl. of mefreq mfașel 1. a.p. of tfașel 2. pl. of mefșel mfater pl. of meftar mfatel pl. of meftel mfawet pl. -in unequal, not the same had l-xut mfawtin fe-s-senn. These brothers are not the same age. mefduz p.p. of fdez mefhum p.p. of fhem mfelles part, of felles and a.p. of tfelles mefreq pl. mfareq fork(ing), bifurcation I mefreq t-tergan 1. junction, fork (road) 2. intersection (road) mferred p.p. of ferred mferrek pl. -in knock-kneed mefsel pl. mfasel joint, articulation (bone) meftaz pl. mfatez key (which opens some lock; also metaphorical) meftel pl. mfatel joint, articulation (bone) meftuz p.p. of ftez mfežžež part. of fežžež mgada pl. of megdi mgadd pl. -in 1. straight (i.e., not curved or crooked) 2. straightforward, frank (person)

mgader pl. of megder maaa pl. of moaa megdi pl. mgada type of chisel used on concrete, bricks, etc. megder pl. -in, magader large and strong, big and husky mogg pl. mgag nasal junction of upper and lower eyelids. mgemmer pl. -in 1. moonlit 2. glowing, beaming (face; attributed to pious living) mgezra pl. -t slaughterhouse mege ăd same as mege ăd mganna pl. -t v.n. of tganen, tgann mgarba n.pl. of mgerbi, megribi, megribi mgaref pl. of mogref, mgerfa, mgorfa mgasel pl. of megsel mgawta pl. -t quarrel, argument maazel pl, of megzel megbun pl. -in 1. sad, low (in spirit) 2. depressing, sad (situation, problem) mgedded pl. -in a.p. of tgedded and part. of gedded megfara v.n. of gfer megfira absolution, forgiveness (of God) l-megfira ka-tkun gir men Eand !lah. Forgiveness comes only from God. megget v.t. to lay down (usually a child) meggetha baš tenčas! Lay her down so she can go to sleep! megmum p.p. of gemm mogref, mgerfa, mgorfa pl. -t, mgaref 1. wooden spoon (for eating soup, etc.) 2. ladle megrib (with art.) Morocco megribi, megribi, mgerbi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. *mgarba* Moroccan mgerreb part, of gerreb megsel pl. mgasel wooden slab or table with short legs on which the dead are washed megtut muggy (weather) megyar pl. -in jealous, envious huwa megyar men xah. He's jealous of his brother. megzel pl. mgazel 1. spindle (in spinning wool) 2. axle mhabel pl. of mehbul mhadd pl. of mhedd mhal pl. of mhil mhara 1. same as mahara 2. pl. of mehri mharez pl. of mehraz mehbul pl. -in, mhabel crazy, mad (literal and loose sense) mehd pl. mhud same as mhedd mhedd pl. mhadd cradle (baby) mehhed v.t. to facilitate, to make easy or easier mehhel 1. v.t. to slow down, to take easy or easier (work, speed) 2. v.i. to slow up or down, to take it easy ¶ mehhel Ela 1. to give extra time to (s.o.) (as for paying a debt) 2. to not rush

(s.o.) mehhel Eliha! Don't rush her! 3. to give a breather or respite to (s.o.)

mhil pl. mhal (comp. mhel) 1. slow, not capable of fast action (as a poor runner, worker) 2. low (flame)

mhel 1. comp. of mhil 2. patience

¶ b-le-mhel patiently

mohl same as mhel 2

mehmum pl. -in worried, anxious, preoccupied mehr, mohr dowry

mehrar pl. -in ticklish (sensitive to touch)

mehraz pl. mharez mortar (and pestle)

mehri pl. mhara dromedary, one-humped

mhud pl. of mehd (same as mhedd)

mehvab pl. -in 1. scary, frightening (as a haunted house, cemetery) 2. inspiring a kind of shy fear, apprehension (as fear of talking to a pretty girl, important personality)

mida pl. -t, myadi 1. board used in transporting unbaked bread to the public oven 2. table (furniture) 3. low, round serving table with a raised edge or rim

midum pl. -in having fat, fatty (meat)

¶ luz midum almonds used for their oil mida pl. -t, myadi bathroom, rest room, latrine

mikrub pl. -at microbe, germ

mil 1. taste, penchant xay & ăndu mil

l-l-musiqa. My brother has a taste for music. 2. slope, incline, inclination l-mil dyal had d-druž šgir. These stairs have (only) a slight slope. 3. pl. myal mile

milad l-masiz Christ's birth, the Nativity,

Christmas

milan v.n. of mal

milud same as mulud

miludiya same as muludiya

mim the Arabic and Moroccan letter m

** sebbeq l-mim tertaz. Always say "no" and you won't have any problems (i.e., you won't be responsible for anything).

mimun luck, good fortune

mina pl. -t mine (explosive)

migat about, around nšufek gedda migat l-Eăsra de-s-sbaz. I'll see you tomorrow about ten in the morning.

miqdar amount, quantity (usually of money) mirat 1. inheritance, bequest 2. succession,

inheritance (as to the crown)

missel same as myessel

mital pl. ? emtila 1. example 2. proverb, saying mitin (country usage) same as myatayn

miter, mitru pl. mitruwat, -yat meter (metric system)

miyyal pl. -in (l-) tending (to, toward) lunu miyyal l-le-\(\tau\) mer. Its color tends toward the red.

** ana lih miyyal. I like him; I'm for him; I'm on his side.

miyyaz pl. -in observant, perspicacious

miyyel v.t. 1. to tilt, to incline ila bgiti teammer s-stilu miyyel d-dwaya! Tilt the ink bottle if you want to fill the pen. 2. to get (s.o.) to come over to one's side or way of thinking

miyyeq v.t. to give a dirty look to (s.o.), to grimace at (s.o.) disgustedly or

disapprovingly

 $m^{\varphi}iyyes$ pl. -in having given up in desperation miyyet 1. pl. in dead mmu miyyta be-l-Zăqq bhah ma-zal Eayes. His mother is dead but his father is still living. 2. pl. -in sterile, infertile (soil) 3. pl. muta dead person

miyyez v.t. 1. to distinguish, to discern, to tell (the difference between) imken-lek tmiyyez le-xder men le-zreq? Can you tell green from blue? -ma-imken-lek-š tmiyyez bin l-begla u-l-Eawd? Can't you distinguish between a mule and a horse? 2. to think, to reflect dima ka-imiyyez qbel-ma idwi. He always thinks before he speaks.

miz discrimination, differentiation

¶ be-l-miz by a rough estimation or guess Emelt z-zit fe-t-tawa gir be-l-miz. I poured the oil into the pot, merely estimating the amount (and not measuring exactly).

mizan pl. myazen 1. balance, scale (s) 2. equilibrium, balance (usually involving one side in respect to another) 3. meter, rhythm 4. check, proof (as of a mathematical problem)

¶ mizan l-ma (carpenter's) level

¶ mizan l-xit plumb line

¶ mizan lzal barometer

¶ mizan l-z arara thermometer

mizaniya pl. -t budget

mizaž same as mzaž

mižur pl. -in hired, employed (especially irregularly)

mit ad pl. of mar d

mi ad pl. -at 1. date, appointment 2. at (time expr.) ġadi nexrož mi¿ad l-xemsa. I'm leaving at five o'clock. 3. correlative of gir taking pron. endings in such expr. as gir ža mičadi xrežt. As soon as he came I left.

¶miEad ş-şbaz, miEad gedda fe-ş-şbaz (by) tomorrow morning mi ad gedda fe-s-sbaz Ead negder nwežžedha-lek. I can have it ready for you by tomorrow morning.

¶ z etta l-mi Z ad until (time expr.)

ma-imken-lek texrož z etta l-mi Ead le-Eša. You can't leave until evening.

mi ara pl. -t Jewish cemetery

mkabb pl. of mkebb mkafya v.n. of kafa

mkan pl. -at same as makan mkateb pl. of mekteb and mektub mkazel pl. of mkezla, mkozla mkebb pl. mkabb 1. reflector for an overhead light bulb 2. conical lid for a kind of bread basket (for keeping bread) mekka Mecca mekkar adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a subtly evil and malicious mekken v.t. to make it possible for (s.o.) mekkenha men l-zuşul Eăl l-mă Elumat lli bgat. He made it possible for her to get the information she wanted. mekker b- to mistreat, to be mean to, to do mekmul pl. -in perfect, faultless (person) mken v.i. (v.n. ?imkan) to be possible imken iži. It's possible he'll come. ** imken! Could be! Maybe! Imken l- to be able ≠ was mken-lek temši l-dak l-muzadara? Were you able to go to that lecture? -imken-lek dži? Can you come? mektab f. sg, used as pl., destined, fated l-mut mektaba Elina kollna. Death is destined for all of us. mektaba pl. -t 1. library 2. bookstore mekteb pl. mkateb 1. office (place of work) dreb-li t-tilifun l-l-mekteb dyali. Call me at my office. 2. office, bureau, department 3. desk (as in an office) mketba pl. -t desk mektub pl. mkateb pocket (clothing) me?kul same as makul mkezla, mkozla pl. mkazel 1. rifle 2. container for storing kz ul mkāčlel pl. -in 1. disheveled, messed up (hair) 2. full of ko Elal (wool) mla imli v.t. (v.n. melyan, mli) to dictate, to read off (so one can write) aži llah ixellik mli Eliya had l-qit Ea. Please dictate this excerpt to me. mlaga 1. v.n. of tmelleg 2. pl. -t joke, jest mlak engagement (for marriage) mlak, mlakat pl. of melk mlales pl. of mellasa mlalet pl. of mellati mlaleて pl. of mellaて mlalzi pl. -ya one who extracts and refines salt (from sea water) mlas v.i. to get or become smooth, polished (as a sanded piece of wood) mlasi pl. of melsa (same as mellasa) mla Eeb pl. of mel E ăb mlaとeq pl. of melとuq (pp. of lとăq) mlaxi pl. of melxa mlayka pl. of malak

mlayen pl. of melyun

mlayer pl. of melyar

mlaz v.i. (v.n. mlaz a) to turn out all right, to turn into a good person (said of formerly mischievous or unruly children) mlaz pl. of mliz 1 mlaza v.n. of mlaz melf pl. (intensity) mluf, mlufa felt (cloth) melhuf pl. -in gluttonous, voracious melhut pl. -in same as lahet (a.p. of lhet) melhut pl. -in gluttonous, voracious mli v.n. of mla mlik v.n. of mlek mliş v.n. of mleş mliz 1. pl. mlaz (comp. mlez) good, excellent 2. well ka-nă Eref nekteb b-l-ingliza mliz. I know how to write well in English. ** mliz! All right! O.K.! mlek v.t. (v.n. mlik, melk 1. to possess, to own 2. to master (language, job) 3. to conquer (country, etc.) ¶ mlek nefsu ϕ to have control of one's emotions, to have a good grip on oneself ¶p.p. memluk pl. -in (living) in slavery, in bondage melk pl. mlak, mlakat 1. v.n. of mlek 2. property, that which is owned ¶ f-melku ϕ in one's possession, belonging to (s.o.) had s-siyara f-melki. This car belongs to me. molk state or office of being king, kingship melkiya pl. -t 1. deed (to property) 2. ownership, title škun lli Eăndu Eliha l-melkiya? Who has (legal) title to it? mell (v.n. mellan) to be tired of, to be fed up with mellit (or mellit men) had š-šgol. I'm fed up with this job. mella pl. -t religious doctrine, religion mellak pl. -a proprietor, owner (usually with landlord implications) mellan v.n. of mell mellasa pl. -t, mlales 1. plane (tool) 2. trowel (mortar) mellati pl. mlalet (adj.) bare-back, without a saddle (horse) mellaz pl. mlalez Jewish quarter, ghetto melli contraction of men-lli mellek v.t. to betroth, to affiance, to promise in marriage mellek weldu b-bent žiranhom. He betrothed his son to their neighbors' mellel v.t. to tire, to cause (s.o.) to get fed up le-qraya dyal had le-ktab melletni. I'm getting tired of reading this book. melles v.t. 1. to make smooth, to give a smooth finish to 2. to stroke, to pet

melle v.t. (v.n. mlu a, mlu iya) 1. to salt,

with colorful words or phrases

salt

to preserve in salt 2. to overseason with

¶ mellez le-klam to imbue one's speech

¶ mellez b-le-&sa to beat (s.o.) (as punishment) melmel v.t. to shake, to move baraka ma-tmelmel t-tebla! Stop shaking the table! melga (m.) meeting (approximately n.i. of lga) ¶ melga (pl. mlagi) t-turug (or t-torgan) intersection, junction mles f. melsa pl. mules smooth, polished (in texture) melsa pl. mlasi same as mellasa mles v.t. (v.n. mlis) 1. to unsheathe, to pull off (sheath, gloves, pillow case, etc.) 2. to wipe or scrape off (e.g., excess cream from hands) mlu (state of) high tide mluf, mlufa pl. of melf mluk used in the expr. Zăbb le-mluk n.u. Zăbb le-mluka 1. cherry 2. cherry tree mlusa, mlusiya smoothness, polish (of texture) mluxiya okra mluz a, mluz iva 1. v.n. of mellez 2. oversaltiness 3. congeniality (of character) melxa pl. mlaxi 1. laceration, scrape (skin) 2. half-sole melva pl. -t (occasion of) high tide melvan v.n. of mla melyar pl. mlayer billion (U.S.) kaynin ši-tlata d-le-mļayer de-s-sokkan fe-l-Ealăm. There are about three billion inhabitants in the world. melyun pl. mlayen million fe-l-megrib kayen inaš-er melyun de-s-sokkan. There are twelve million inhabitants in Morocco. melž leg of lamb (meat) mez, mlez, melza salt ¶ melza de-l-barud saltpeter ¶ melza zeyya rock salt mlez comp. of mliz 1 mel un (no pl.) poetry (of the ballad type) sung in dialect mel E ăb pl. mla E eb 1. playground 2. stadium, arena 3. court (tennis, basketball) 4. track (race)

mel Lug p.p. of l Zag

@omm (mm- before pron. endings) pl.

gommahat, mmawat (dim. mmima, mwima, mmima) 1. mother 2. (with first person pron. ending) used with proper name to indicate an elderly woman without regard to kinship mmi Eisa ka-tă Eref ddawi had l-merd. Ma Isha knows how to cure this illness. 3. polite term of address to elderly woman a mini xaduž qalt-lek mini aži tčăšša mčana l-lila. Mrs. (mother) Khaduj, my mother would like you to have dinner with us this evening.

 $\P \widehat{m}\widehat{m}u^{\phi} lallah^{\phi}$ (inh. pos.) (one's)

grandmother (paternal) l-yum mariya mšat tšuf mmha lallaha z it mrida, Todav Maria went to see her sick grandmother.

¶ omm s-swalef (no pl.) weeping willow tree

¶omm š-škawi (no pl.) carbuncle Tomm Eziza (or le-Eziza) grandmother (maternal) l-@omm le-Eziza ka-tsa Eed fe-t-terbiya dyal d-drari s-sgar. The grandmother helps out in educating little children. — mmi le-Eziza Eăndha tmanin Eam. My (maternal) grandmother is eighty years old.

gomma pl. gumam nation, people mmagni same as mwagni gommahat pl. of gomm mmalin pl. of mula mmawat pl. of gomm mmima, mmima dim. of fomm memlaka pl. -t kingdom memluk p.p. of mlek mommu pl. -yat 1. pupil (eye) 2. small baby,

emmen v.t. to entrust fuq-emma ka-nsafru ka-neemmnu zwayežna čăndhom, When-

ever we go away we entrust our belongings

to them.

mmur, mmura (pron, endings used only with -a form) 1. behind txebbā mmur l-zăyt. He hid behind the wall. 2. up from behind, up behind ža mmuraha u-šedd-lha

Eăyniha. He came up behind her and covered her eyes (with his hands). 3. after ža mmuraya. He came after me (i.e., either to pick me up, or arrived after I did). -sir mmur le-zlib. Go after the milk.

I mmura l-axor one at a time, one after the other mekkel-li ktab mmura l-axor. Hand me the books one at a time.

I mmur d-dhur (this) (in the) afternoon aži čăndi mmur d-dhur. Come over to

my place this afternoon.

men (-mmen after fe-, be-, le-, de-, mne-) who, whom (some interrogative and relative pron. use; usu. used only after prep. and as second part of cons.) le-mmen Etitiha? Whom did you give it to? —l-weld l-emmen Etaha ma-zal şgir. The boy to whom he gave her (in marriage) is still quite young. -weld men hada? Whose boy is this?

** benti džuwwžet b-weld men u-z fid men. My daughter has married into high society.

T škun-men kan anybody, anyone le-mmen nă Eți hada? - škun-men kan! Whom should I give this to?—Anybody! men (menn- before -ek, -u, with some speakers also before -ha, -hom, -kom, -na; in some contexts mne-, me-) I. from Ead ža men fas had s-sbar. He just came from Fez this morning. -txebbă&t mennu baš ma-išufni-š. I hid from him so he wouldn't see me. -xditha mennu be-d-dra . I took it from him by force. 2. since men n-nhar lli žiti u-hiya tayer-lha. She's been angry since the day you arrived. 3. through dxel men l-bab !-!uraniya. He came through the back door. -r-riz a lli daxla men š-šeržem qbiza. The odor coming through the window is horrible. 4. by dazet men hna (or menn hna). She passed by here. 5. used in certain possessive cases had l-qelta mennek. This mistake is yours. 6. than (with comp.) imken huwa kber mennha fe-s-senn,

be-l-zăqq hiya dka mennu. He may be older than she is, but she's smarter.

** ma-zna mennek ma-nta menna! We have nothing to do with you, nor do you with us!

¶ men bă&d 1. afterwards 2. later xelli had š-ši daba u-čămlu men băčd. Leave this for now and do it later.

I men qbel or me-qbel before, beforehand mnaber pl. of menber

mnadeb pl. of mendba and mendub

mnadel pl. of mendil

mnader pl. of mender mnafes pl. of menfes

mnages pl. of mengus (p.p. of nges)

mnaģez pl. of menģaz

mnahya v.n. of nha

mnam 1. v.n. of nam 2. sleep f-le-mnam dyali dima ka-nez lem. I always dream in my sleep.

mnama pl. -t, mnayem dream zlemt wazed le-mnama qbiza l-barez fe-l-lil. I dreamed a bad dream last night.

mnager pl. of mengar

mnaqeš pl. of menqaš

mnaqša pl. -t discussion

mnara pl. -t type of oil lamp

mnaseb pl. -in 1. right, appropriate, opportune xellik zetta l-l-weqt le-mnaseb u-tlebha-lu. Wait until the right time to ask him for it. 2. reasonable had t-taman mnaseb. This is a reasonable price.

mnasež pl. of mensež

mnașeb pl. of menșeb

mnaser pl. of mensuriya

mnass pl. -in half-full had l-kas mnass b-atay. This glass is half-full of tea.

mnašer pl. of menšar and menšer

mnaxer pl. of menxar

mnayem pl. of mnama

mnavn, mnin 1. from where, whence mnayn maži had ş-şdă ? Where's that noise coming from? 2. how (i.e. through where, by

what road or path) mnayn nemši l-l-banka, llah ixellik? Please, how do I get to the bank? 3. when (relative) mnayn ikun l-Pinsan mrid ma-ka-ixessuš it & ab rasu. When one is sick he shouldn't tire himself. 4. since, seeing that mnin nta daba hna xellik tt čašša m čana. Since you're here now, stay and eat dinner with us.

¶mnayn-ma (from) wherever, everywhere mnayn-ma ža ixrož ka-ižber t-triq mešduda. Everywhere he tries to get out he finds the way closed.

mnazeh pl. of menzeh

mnazel pl. of menzil, menzila, menzel, and menzla

mnažel pl. of menžel

mnažer pl. of menžra mnar a v.n. of nar

mnates pl. of mentus

menber pl. mnaber podium or platform from which the Imam delivers his sermon

men-da u-ždid see ždid

mendba pl. -t, mnadeb 1. a lot, a (great) deal, amount baqya & andi l-mendba l-kazla de-l-?ašgal. I still have an enormous

amount of work. - & ăndu l-mendba

l-kăr la d-le-flus. He has an awful lot of money, 2, genital area

mendil pl. mnadel 1. towel (made of some material other than terry cloth) 2. napkin 3. tablecloth 4. any good-sized rectangular piece of cloth

mendub pl. mnadeb delegate, representative mender pl. manadir, mnader 1. view, sight mender hada! What a view! 2, appearance, aspect, looks 3. scene (theater)

¶ mender tabi i landscape, scenery

mendur p.p. of nder

menfaca 1. v.n. of nfac 2. pl. manafic benefit, use, profit

mneffes part. of neffes

menfica same as menfaca

menfes pl. mnafes 1. pore (skin) 2. place through which air may escape or enter 3. (air) vent

mengad pl. -in having a long, straight nose mengus p.p. of nges

mengaz pl. mnagez 1. goad, prod (or anything used thus) 2. spur (for goading horses, etc.)

** fih le-mnagez. He's sitting on pins and needles; also: He's restless, can't stay in one place.

mnin same as mnayn

mnie v.n. of mnae

mnemmeš pl. -in 1, freckled 2, speckled menn v.i. to boast, to brag Eta le-flus l-l-xiriya u-bda ka-imenn ¿ăl n-nas. He

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mgaber 1. pl. of gbur and mgebra 2. (pl.)
  gave some money to charity and then
  bragged to everybody (about it).
                                                 cemetery
mennae v.t. 1. to save, to rescue, to deliver
                                               mgabet pl. of megbet
                                               mqadd pl. -in same as mgadd
  (from danger, etc.) ma-qdert-š nmenn u
                                               mgadef pl. of megdaf
  Ela-wedd ma-žit newsel-lu z etta graq. I
                                               maqadir-llah God's will
  couldn't save him because I couldn't man-
                                               mqadya v.n. of qada
  age to get to him until he had (already)
  drowned. 2. to miss menna ti waz ed
                                               mgal pl. -at s.th. spoken, that which is said
  1-7 efla mezyana. You missed a great party.
                                                 (less common equivalent of klam)
mengar pl. mnager beak, bill (bird)
                                                   ¶ qeyyed le-mgal Ela to lodge a com-
                                                 plaint against (s.o.)
mengaš pl. mnageš kind of tool with sharp-
  edged head used in tile work and decora-
                                               mgali pl. of megla
                                               mgale & pl. of megla &
  tive metal stamping (often in a hammer
  shape)
                                               mgam pl. -at same as magam
                                               mganen pl. of megnin
mensum pl. -in 1. aromatic 2. flavorful
mensež pl. mnasež loom
                                               mqaqya v.n. of qaqa
                                               mgarež pl. of megrež
menseb pl. mnaseb type of makeshift stove,
                                               mqasya v.n. of qasa
  usually made of three stones around a fire
mensuriya pl. -t, mnaser kind of sheer over-
                                               maatla any fight or battle in which s.o. is, or
                                                 presumably could be, killed
  dress worn by women
menšar pl. mnašer saw (tool)
                                               mgate pl. of megta &
                                               mqayla v.n. of qal iqil
menšer pl. mnašer place where fruits (e.g.,
                                               mga Eed pl. of meg E ăd
  raisins) are dried in the sun
                                               megbed same as megbet
mentaga pl. -t area, region, zone
                                               maebra pl. -t, maaber 1. tomb 2. cemetery
menxar pl. mnaxer (pl. often used in sg.
                                               megbet pl. mgabet handle, grip
  sense) 1. nose, snout (person, animal)
                                               megbud, megbut pp.. of qbed, qbet
  2. any projection or protuberance
                                               megdaf pl. mgadef oar
menzala same as menzila
                                               megdar same as megdar
menzeh pl. mnazeh place from which a
                                               mgedda pl. -t meat-cleaver
  beautiful or pleasing view may be seen
                                               maeddem part, of geddem
  (e.g., a balcony)
                                               meadur pl. -in filthy, dirty (i.e., soiled)
menzil, pl. mnazel residence, domicile
                                               maedya 1. v.n. of ada 2. pl. -t errand (n.i. of
menzila pl. -t, manazil, mnazel (social) posi-
                                                 qda)
  tion
                                               mqila dim. of meqla
menzel pl. mnazel 1. same as menzil 2. hotel,
                                               megla pl. mgali (dim. mgila) frying pan,
                                                 skillet
  inn (for transients)
                                               meglub p.p. of gleb
menzla pl. -t, mnazel 1. same as menzila
                                               meqla e pl. mqale sling (for throwing
 2. bad cold, flu-like condition 3. phase
                                                 stones)
  (moon)
                                               meqnat pl. -in 1. boring, uninteresting (per-
menžel pl. mnažel sickle
                                                 son, thing) 2. easily bored (person)
menžra pl. -t, mnažer 1. workbench (carpen-
                                               meqnin pl. mqanen small, finch-like songbird
  ter) 2. saw-mill (factory)
                                               meggas pl. -a one who shears excess wool off
menzus pl. -in, mnazes 1. bringing bad luck
                                                 handmade rugs to even the nap
  person), jinx 2. jinxed, having bad luck
                                               megges v.t. to cut (with scissors or shears)
mnă v.i. (v.n. mni e, mnă e, men e) 1. to
                                               megrež pl. mgarež long-spouted pot used for
  escape, to get away bqaw ka-ižriw Elih
                                                 heating water, kind of tea kettle
  be-l-zăqq mnă E-lhom. They chased him
                                               mgerfed p.p. of gerfed
  but he got away from them. 2. to be saved,
                                               megrun pl. -in (Ela) obsessed (with)
  to be spared koll-ši f-darha mrid
                                               megrus p.p. of gres
  be-r-rwaz illa hiya men et. Everyone in
                                               mgeş pl. mguşa 1. scissors, shears 2. pincers
 her house has a cold, but she was spared.
                                                 (insect, crab)
    ** mnae baeda b-had le-flus! Take the
                                               meqsud p.p. of qsed
 money while you can!
    ¶ mnă E Ela to forbid mnă E Eliha
                                               meqşum p.p. of qşem
  bbaha texrož (or ma-texrož-š) fe-l-lil. Her
                                               meqsura pl. -t 1. chamber where the qadi
  father forbade her to go out at night.
                                                 holds audience 2. preparation chamber for
mnăE, men E v.n. of mnăE
                                                 the imam
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mgeššer part. of geššer

mgabed pl. of megbed (same as megbet)

mgetben pl. -in 1. svelte, slender (person) 2. well-built (man, girl) meqia E pl. mqate E 1. place where persons are beheaded 2. joint where s.th. can be easily separated or cut (as an elbow, knee, joint in a twig) I megtă de-l-mă den mine (gold, iron ore, etc.) mausa pl. of maes megyas pl. magayis (any) standard of measurement mgezder part. of gezder meg E ăd pl. mga E ed 1. seat, place to sit 2. rump, seat (person) mer same as gamr mra imri v.i. to shine mra (cons. mrat, mert) pl. -wat, Eyalat, nsa 1. woman 2. wife ¶ mrat bbah ϕ (one's) stepmother I mrat $xah\phi$ (one's) sister-in-law (brother's wife) mrabe E pl. of merbu 2 mrad adi, pl. of mrid mrafeg, mrafeg pl. of merfeg, merfeq mrafe & pl. of merfae mrakeb pl. of merkeb mrakez pl. of merkez mramm pl. of mremma mragi pl. of merg, mreg, merga mrar v.i. (v.n. mrura, mrura, mruriya) to become bitter (taste) mrar pl. mrayer 1. bile, gall 2. bitterness (taste) 3. (especially pl.) troubles and difficulties of life or living mrași pl. of merșa mrašem pl. of meršem mrašš pl, of mrešša mrat cons. of mra mrawed pl. of merwed mrawez pl. of merwez mraya pl. -t 1. mirror, looking-glass ¶ mraya de-l-hend, mrayt l-hend binoculars ¶ Eta le-mraya to shine (v.i.) mrayer pl. of mrar mraz pl. -at, mruza kind of yard or court (especially in country dwellings) mra Ei pl. of mer Ea merbu 2 1. pl. -in medium-built (physique) 2. pl. mrabe & wood chisel ¶merbuE l-qedd (or l-qama) wellproportioned, well-built (male person, ani-

merdedduš (sweet) marjoram

sickness, disease

mred v.i. (v.n. merd) to get sick, to fall ill

merd 1. v.n. of mred 2. pl. gamrad illness,

le-qbiz (or l-xayeb) tuberculosis

merda 1. n.i. of mred 2. n.pl. of mrid

I merd s-sell (or r-riya or s-sder), l-merd

merdi pl. -yen used in the expr. merdi l-walidin (f. merdiyt l-walidin) said of s.o. who seems to succeed in all his undertakings (literally, blessed of his parents) merdiya pl. -t joking, playing around (spoken or acted) merfeg, merfeg pl. mrafeg, mrafeg elbow (also as in a water pipe) merfuq pl. -in 1. reasonable (person, price) 2. of an even disposition, stable (person) 3. fair, fairly good merfă E pl. mrafe E shelf (for storing) mrid adj. pl. mrad (comp. mred) n.pl. merda sick, ill mrina muraena, moray mrira dim. of merra merkeb pl. mrakeb ship, vessel merkez pl. mrakez, marakiz center (of some figure, area; commercial, industrial, etc.) I merkez ra? isi headquarters mermad pl. -in tending to get dirty or soiled easily (as a playing child) mermad pl. -in afflicted with trachoma mermed v.t. 1, to soil, to dirty (as clothes) 2. to punish by striking, to give a beating to 3. to mistreat 4. to roll in a powder (such as fish in flour before frying) mremma pl. -t, mramm loom (weaving) merg, mreg, merga pl. mergat, mragi grayy, sauce (made from the cooked meat juices) merr pl. -in bitter (taste) merra du. merrtayn pl. -t (dim. mrira) time mšit l-bariz tlata de-l-merrat. I've been to Paris three times. T băEḍ l-merrat sometimes ka-iži băEḍ l-merrat. He comes sometimes. ¶f-merra 1. once and for all ma-bga-š iži f-merra. He stopped coming once and for all. 2. all at once, all at one time 3. all at once, suddenly, all of a sudden I merra fe-xta once in a while, occasionally I merra merra from time to time ¶ merra . . . merra sometimes . . . sometimes merra ka-iži u-merra ma-ka-iži-š. Sometimes he comes, sometimes he doesn't. ¶*ši-merra*t occasionally, from time to time merrakeš Marrakech merrara gall bladder merred v.t. to make or cause to be sick or ill (also figurative) merred rasu be-ktert I-makla. He made himself sick by eating too much. merreg to roll, to dip (in s.th. for cooking) merreg l-zut fe-d-dgig qbel-ma teqlih. Roll the fish in flour before you fry it. merriwt, merriwet horehound (plant) merren v.t. to train, to exercise (s.o.) merrer, merrer v.t. 1. to make bitter (taste)

2. to make difficult or cause difficulties to occur in (s.o.'s life) merret v.t. 1. to overwork, to make (s.o.) do more than what is due. 2. to mistreat merrez v.t. 1. to stretch out (as one's legs) 2. to stretch out, to lay out (rug, blanket, etc.) ¶ merrez בla 1. to distract, to make (s.o.) forget (his) problems and worries. 2. to give extra time to (as for paying a debt) 3. to give a respite or breather to (s.o.)mersa pl. -t, mrasi port, harbor merstan pl. -at asylum, mental hospital merši p.p. of rša meršem pl. mrašem engraving tool, graver mrešša pl. -t, mrašš perfume atomizer or sprayer mert cons. of mra mertaba, mertba pl. -t rank, position (military, social, academic, etc.) mrura, mrura, mruriya 1. v.n. of mrar 2. bitterness (taste) 3. hard times, rough time (in life) mruwwa used in the expr. Emel le-mruwwa mとa to give a reduction or discount in price to Emel mEaha le-mruwwa f-dak l-keswa. He gave her a discount on that dress. mruziya dish made up of lamb, honey, almonds, cinnamon, saffron, raisins, and onions (esp. at Greater Bairam) mruza pl. of mraz merwed pl. mrawed pencil-like applicator for eve make-up merwez pl. mrawez (hand) fan merxi p.p. of rxa mervag pl. -in (adj.) slavering or dribbling from the mouth (as a cow) merzag pl. -in lucky, favored by fate (person) merzaya fine cotton fabric, percale (all white) mrež v.i. to spoil (usually fruit, vegetables) merža pl. -t meadow, grassy area meržan cor al mer aban, mer aben Welcome! (mostly educated usage) merzeb b- to welcome (a guest) mrez ba Welcome! -mrez ba bik le-d-dar! Welcome to my house! merzum p.p. of rzem mere a pl. mraei pasture, grazing land msa used in the expr. ** msak! or mse-l-xir! Good evening! -!!ah is E ăd msak! Good night! msabga pl. -t race (foot, car, horse, missile, msafa pl. -t distance (between two points) msaken pl. of meskin and mesken mes@ala pl. masa@il something, matter & andi waz ed l-mes e ala muhimma gadi

tell vou. msali a.p. of sala msalek pl. of meslek msalen pl. of meslan msalet pl. of meslat msaned pl. of mesned msagra fencing, (art of) fighting with the sword msagri pl. -va swordsman, fencer msareb pl. of mesreb msarez pl. of mesrez msarez pl. of mesrez msas pl. of mess msasa insipidity, tastelessness msasi u-mgasi (or mqasi) pl. msasyen u-mgasyen (or mgasyen) experienced, having learned through life's experiences msayed pl. of msid msažed pl. of mesžid msažen n.pl. of mesžun (p.p. of sžen) msebba pl. -t excuse, reason ¶ Ela msebba because of žit Ela msebbtek. I came because of you. msid pl. msayed school where the Koran is taught msika dim. of meska msix v.n. of msex msiyyez pl. -in bohemian, beatnik msiz v.n. of msez mesk musk meska (coll. and n.u.) pl. -t (dim. msika) chewing gum meski pl. -yen 1. muscat grape (usually & ineb meski) 2. kind of small, savory pear (usually *lingaş meski*) meskin adj. and n.pl. msaken, masakin poor, indigent, miserable (also metaphoric) meskin rah mrid. The poor fellow is sick. -dima ka-işeddeq flusu Eăl le-msaken. He always gives his money to the poor. ** ražel meskin mča rasu. He's just a simple man who minds his own business. mesken pl. msaken 1. place of residence, domicile 2. room šzal d-le-msaken f-darkom? How many rooms are there in your house? meskuf p.p. of skef meskun p.p. of sken meslan pl. msalen buttock (i.e., one side of the rump) meslat pl. msalet (butcher's) steel meslek pl. msalek 1. passage, way (for water, smoke, walking, etc.) 2. way in, way out meslem f. mselma pl. mselmin muslim, moslem meslut pl. -in skinny, thin (animal, person) mesmum pl. -in thin but strong, wiry (person) mesned pl. msaned cushion, throw-pillow (as on a sofa) msender pl. -in buck-toothed msenn pl. msuna whetstone

ngulha-lek. I've got something important to

mseggem p.p. of seggem mesrar pl. -in cordial, charming mesreb pl, msareb path, trail mesre pl. msare pasture, grazing area mesrez pl. msarez 1. stage (of a theater) 2. theater mess v.t. (v.n. messan) to touch gir kif messit le-briz u-d-duw idrebni. Just as I touched the plug I got shocked. mess pl. msas 1. knife (usually relatively small, as a pocket knife) 2. razor, razor blade 3. sharp-witted messa v.i. to say good evening messat Elina u-gelset. She said good evening to us and sat down. ** llah imessik bi-xir! Good night! messan v.n. of mess messaza pl. -t eraser (rubber and blackboard) messi used in the expr. zessi messi furtively, stealthily messeq f- to stare at, to gawk at messus pl. -in 1. flat, tasteless, insipid 2. lacking anything which tends to round out or make more acceptable had l-mertub baqi messus. This mortar needs some more lime. msuden pl. -in choleric, irascible mes?ul pl. -in responsible ana ma-ši mes?ul Ela had š-ši. I'm not responsible for this. meseuliya pl. -t responsibility škun lli Eăndu l-mes?uliya dyal had š-ši? Who has the responsibility for this? ¬suna pl. of msenn msex v.t. (v.n. msix) to change, to transform (God usually understood as the subject) mesxu rebbi u-reddu qerd. He was changed and turned into a monkey. mesxara mockery mesžid pl. msažed mosque mesžun p.p. of sžen msez v.t. (v.n. msiz) 1. to erase (as with an eraser) 2. to clean off, to remove msez wežhek men le-mdad (or msez le-mdad men wežhek). Clean the ink off your face. mes a pl. -t n.i. of mset mes Eud p.p. of s E ăd mes Eur same as mes Eur msabe pl. of mseb iya msadfa pl. -t coincidence (almost strictly in the literal simultaneous sense) msadma pl. -t collision msale pl. of mesluz (p.p. of slez) and m șe l z a msamer pl. of mesmar msaref pl. of mesruf (p.p. of sref) msaren pl. of mesran, mesrana mşarwa n.pl. of meşri msaset pl. of messata msater pl. of msetra msayeb pl. of musiba

msayed pl. of msida msaz ef pl. of mesz af msebziya pl. msabez kind of oil lamp msiba same as musiba msida pl. msayed trap, snare msiwta dim. of msuta and meswita meslaza pl. masaliz 1. benefit, profit 2. interest, profit (monetary) 3. department, office msella pl. -t open-air place for prayer (on special occasions) mesluz p.p. of slez mselz a pl. -t. msalez kind of whisk broom mesmar pl. msamer nail (from tack to spike) I mesmar l-kif corn (on foot) ¶ mesmar l-mida great-grandchild mesnan pl. -in 1. having foul breath 2. exuding a foul underarm odor mesran n.u. -a pl. msaren (pl. same as coll.) intestine(s) ¶ mesrana zayda (vermiform) appendix mesri adj. pl. -yen n.pl. mşarwa Egyptian mesriya pl. -t kind of small room entered only by a ladder or stairway (used for sleeping quarters, etc.) mesruf p.p. of sref mesrur pl. -in happy, glad, content ana mestur biha bezzaf. I'm very happy with it (also, about it). mess v.t. (v.n. messan) 1. to suck, to suck on dima ka-imeşş şeb Eu le-kbir. He's always sucking his thumb. 2. to suck out or up (liquid) messab, a-messab denotes hoping (for s.th.) meşşab tešreq š-šems! I hope the sun comes out! messan v.n. of mess messas pl. -a person called on to suck venom (orally) from a bite messasa pl. -t 1. breast pump 2. suction pump or cup used in pulling venom from a wound messata pl. msaset area of the body made up of the upper thigh and lower buttock (referred to in spankings, hypodermic shots, msetra pl. -t, msater 1. ruler (for measuring, etc.) 2. shelf (for storing, etc.) msuta pl. -t (dim. msiwta) whip, lash meswab pl. -in polite, courteous ana ka-nčărfu dima meswab mča n-nas. I've always known him to be polite with people. meswita pl. -t same as msuta mes af pl. msacef Koran, the Holy Book mes Eur pl. -in 1. rabid (dog) 2. mischievous and wild (children) mša imši (v.n. mši, impv. sir pl. siru) 1. to go mšiti tšuf dak l-film lli qolt-lek Elih? Have you gone to see that movie I told you about? -sir žib l-xobz! Go get the bread!

-mšat qaletha-lhom l-bare . She went and

told them vesterday. -mšina nšufuhom

sa a ma-lqinahom-š. We went to see them, but we didn't find them. 2. to leave waš mša l-qiṭaṛ bā aa? Has the train already left?

¶ma-mša zetta to finally (do s.th.) ma-mšit zetta xdit le-flus dyali. I finally got my money.

¶ ma-mša ma-ža exactly (in comparisons) bz al hadi s-siyara lli kanet čăndna ma-mšat ma-žat. The car we had looks exactly like this one.

¶ $m \check{s} a f - a l u^{\phi}$ to go away, to leave s i r f - a l e k! Go away!

¶mša l- 1. to lose \neq mša-li sebbati. I lost my shoes. 2. to get away from mša-li le-britel. The bird got away from me.

¶ mša Ela 1. to go away or get away from sir Eliya! Get away from me! 2. to leave (s.o.)

¶ a.p. maši pl. mašyen same as gadi mšabha pl. -t resemblance binathom ma-kayen zetta mšabha. There's no resemblance between them at all.

mšafer pl. of mšefra

mšamem pl. of mešmum (p.p. of šemm)

mšaneq pl. of mšenqa

mšare & pl. of mešra &

mšaš pl. of mešš, mošš

mšaši pl. of meššaya

mšati pl. of mešta

mšat pl. of mšet

mšați pl. of mešța

mšawer pl. of mešwer mšawra 1. v.n. of tšawer 2. consultation

mšawri pl. -ya kind of usher employed in showing s.o. to the quarters of some official.

mšayex pl. of mšixa 2

mšayxa same as mšixa

mšazet pl. of mešzet

mša el pl. of meš al

mšefṛa pl. -t, mšafeṛ trimming tool used in shoeing horses, mules, etc.

mešhur pl. -in famous (either renowned or notorious)

mši 1. v.n. of mša 2. departure

¶ werqa (pl. wraq) de-le-mši u-le-mži, nfula (pl. nfayel) mši u-mži round-trip ticket

mšimša dim. of mešmaša (also n.u. of mešmaš)

mšiša dim. of mešša

mšit v.n. of mšet

mšixa 1. coaxing ma-ža čăndna ģir

b-lc-mšixa. He came to our place only after some coaxing. 2. pl. -t, mšayex sheikdom (including the people)

meškak pl. -in suspicious, prone to suspect and doubt

mšekwi pl. -yen flabby and wrinkled (skin) mšelgem pl. -in big- or thick-lipped (person) mšellel part. of šellel

mešmaš n.u. -a (dim. mšimša) 1. apricot 2. apricot tree

mešmaši pl. -yen apricot colored

mšemmä E p.p. of šemmä E

mešmum p.p. of šemm

mšenqa pl. -t, mšaneq gallows, gibbet

mšenqer pl. -in 1. spiked, having spikes (usually animals, as the porcupine) 2. having many projecting parts or protuberances (as a rocky beach or path)

mšentef pl. -in 1. unkempt, tousled (hair, and similar things) 2. full of hanging threads

or snagged spots (cloth)

mešnu ell-in well-known, known, (implies of good reputation) fumiga, magana mešnu fa fe-d-denya kollha. Omega is a well-known watch throughout the world.

mešra (m.) v.n. of šra

mešriq (usually with art.) 1. the East, the Orient 2. east, where the sun rises 3. pilgrimage region around Mecca and Medina mšerqi pl. -yen 1. oriental, of or pertaining to

the Orient 2. Middle Eastern

mešrub p.p. of šreb

mešruz p.p. of šrez

mešrā e pl. mšare e ford (river)

¶ qṭã & l-mešṛã & to ford a river mešš, mošš pl. mšaš cat (m.)

mešša pl. -t, (dim. mšiša) f. of mešš

mešša v.t. 1. to make (s.o.) walk 2. to walk, to take for a walk (dog, child) 3. to run, to operate (machine, business, etc.)

meššay adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a fond of or accustomed to much walking

meššaya pl. -t, mšaši 1. slippers (as worn in the house, usually by women) 2. walk, footpath (as in a garden)

mešta (m.) pl. mšati winter resort or place (cabin, town, etc.)

mšet (v.n. mšit) to comb (hair)

mšet pl. mšat reed (of a loom)
mešta pl. mšati comb (hair)

meš² um pl. -in 1. attended with risk, hazard, or possible danger (person, place, thing)

mšureb pl. -in thick-lipped (person)

mešwa pl. -t grill (for broiling)

mešwi p.p. of šwa

mešwer pl. mšawer 1. administration building, containing the offices of the king and his cabinet or advisors 2. place where the king holds audience (obsolescent)

mešya pl. -t 1. n.i. of mša 2. any of the different gaits (person, horse)

meščač pl. -in (Ela) stingy, miserly (toward) (often to the point of self-denial) meščet pl. mšačet 1. whip (e.g., quirt, cat-o'nine-tails, often a switch) 2. (fly) swatter

3. (pl.) large or huge hands

mšezzem p.p. of šezzem

meščăl pl. mšačel torch (fire)

mšä tet pl. -in unkempt, messed up (hair)
mšä te är pl. -in hairy, hirsute (usually a
person)

mtal pl. of mtel 2

mtamna denotes eight, in eights, with eight, in group(s) of eight, etc. lean l-karta mtamna. Eight of us played cards.

mtan pl. of mtin

mtana strength (of materials)

mtane E v.i. to refuse telbu mennu baš

yă Eihom r-reyy dyalu u-mtane E. They asked him to give (them) his opinion, but he refused.

Intane Ela (with v.n. and n.) to refuse mtan Eu E ăl le-klam. They refused to speak. —mtane E E ăl t-tesswit. He refused to vote.

mtageb pl. of metgeb

mtaqel pl. of metqal

mtared pl. of metred

mtaref pl. of metruf

mtawya bargaining, haggling

pl. of mta&e ځ

mtayeb pl. -in usually used in the expr. mtayeb l-llah sorry, repentant

mtayel pl. of mtil

mtazef pl. of metzăf

mtazen v.t. to examine, to give an examination to, to test (in some subject)

mta f. mta t (rare) pl. mtawe (rare) same as dyal

** huwa be-mta u. He's pretty well off (as to necessities of life). —mta llah (l-llah)! expr. used by beggars to invoke alms from people.

¶ mta& d-denya 1. all one has or owns, one's earthly possessions 2. money, funds ma-& andi-s mta& d-denya. I haven't got the money (to do it).

metfawtin (pl.) different, unequal, not the same huma metfawtin fe-s-senn. They are of different ages.

metgass pl. -in flat, level, even (floor, ground)
mtil pl. mtayel equal qlil f-aš tsib mtayel
hadak r-ražel. Rarely do you find people
like that man. —d-dar lli šra, ma-ilha mtil.
The house he bought has no equal.

gemtila pl. of mital

mtin pl. -in, mtan (comp. mten) strong, tough (materials)

mtissă Epl. -in same as wase E

mtican pl. -at examination, test (in some subject)

mtel 1. same as bzal 1 2. pl. mtal same as metla

** ržãčt čla mtel triqi. I came back (went back) by the same route I had gone (come).

¶ dreb le-mtel b- to give or present as an example dima ka-iderbu bik le-mtel. They always give you as an example.

metla pl. -t proverb, saying

¶ dreb l-metla b- to give as an example derbet biya l-metla. She gave me as an example.

mtellet pl. -in 1. tripled, triple 2. triangular 3. big and strong, husky

mtellta pl. -t kind of long, narrow, backless sofa.

mtemmen pl. -in 1. octagonal, octangular 2. consisting of eight parts, sections, etc. 3. eight-fold reddu-li mtemmen. He returned it to me eight-fold.

** şbăz mtemmen. He woke up still (somewhat) drunk.

metmur pl. -in 1. honest (in one's dealings)
2. serious, conscientious

mten comp. of mtin

metqadd pl. -in 1. straight, not crooked or bent 2. (pl.) equal, the same

metqal pl. mtaqel old coin

metgeb pl. mtageb 1. kind of star-drill used in making holes in brick or concrete 2. awl mtegteg pl. -in used in expr. mtegteg be-l-mal very rich, wealthy

metred pl. mtared large clay or earthen plate used in serving trid

metruf pl. mtaref big and husky boy or man (rural usage)

mtšekka pl. -t (table, cooking) fork

mettawya same as mtawya

mettel v.t. 1. to play, to act (a part) škun huwa lli ka-imettel (dewr) l-vab? Who's playing the (part of the) father? 2. to represent z med mša imettel l-megrib f-dak le-žtima & d-duwwāli. Ahmed has gone to represent Morocco at that international meeting. 3. to symbolize, to represent had ş-şura ka-tmettel l-quwwa t-tabi & iya. This picture symbolizes the power of nature.

¶ mettel b- to give or cite as an example dima ka-imettlu be-bbahom. They always cite their father as an example.

mettă v.t. to give (s.o.) the opportunity of living in luxury and ease (as a rich father may do for his children)

** mettă na rașna. We lived high on the hog (for a little while).

mtuni pl. mtunyen moth-eaten

met abbin (pl.) in love with or loving each other

met ef pl. mtazef 1. museum 2. (art) gallery

metzesseb pl. -in same as mzetteb

met Eăllem pl. -in 1. servant (domestic)

2. apprentice
met € ăllma pl. -t (house) maid

met us pl. -in unlucky, ill-fated (person)

An excess in speed leads to dangerous mtabeg pl. of metbeg situations. mtabex pl. of metbex mubara pl. -t 1. match, contest (usually bemtabe E pl. of mteb Ea tween two) 2. competitive examination (as mțafi pl. of mețfiya for some position) mtaher pl. -at rest room, bathroom (toilet ¶ Emel (or duwwez) mubara to take an examination (i.e., 2 above) only) mtaleb pl. of metleb (same as talab) mubber velvet (cloth) mtale 2 1. pl. of metla 2. (Ela) wellmubeddir pl. -in spendthrift, big spender informed (of), learned (in) mudden pl. -in same as mwedden mțamer pl. of mețmura mudir pl. -in 1. manager, director 2. principal mțar, e emțar pl. of mațăr (school) mtareb pl. of mterrba (same as mderrba) mudellis pl. -in 1. counterfeiter 2. falsifier, and metreb forger (documents, etc.) mtareg pl. of mterga muderris pl. -in teacher, instructor mtarez pl. of metrez muda 1. fashion, mode 2. fad, passing fancy mtawi pl. of metwi ¶ muda, de-l-muda, m a l-muda in fashmetbeg pl. mtabeg pit, dungeon (usually with ion, in vogue, in style had l-keswa muda a trap door for access) daba. This dress is in fashion now. metbex pl. mtabex kitchen mudahara pl. -t demonstration l-barez kanet mțeb a pl. mțabe 1. printing shop or estabwazed l-mudahara dedd s-sifara lishment 2. typewriter de-franșa. Yesterday there was a demonmetfiya pl. -t, mtafi type of underground stration against the French Embassy. reservoir for storing olive oil, water, grain mudu E pl. mawadi E subject, theme mtirga dim. of mterga mudă (m. or f.) mwade (f. cons. mtiwi dim. of metwi mudă Et) place, spot Emel had le-ktab f-dak mtiyyen pl. -in muddy, muddied, covered with I-mudă?! Put this book in that place (over mud (things, places) there). - žbert wazed l-mudă mezyan. metlaqa pl. -t 1. v.n. of tleq 2 2. vacation I've found a nice place (to live.) metleb pl. mtaleb same as talab ¶ f-muḍaĕ, f-muḍaĕt instead of metlub pl. -in in demand had s-sel a metluba. f-mudă e magana šrit makina de-t-teşwar. This merchandise is in demand. Instead of a watch I bought a camera. metluq pl. -in 1. sincere, genuine (person) mufid pl. -in 1. useful 2. serious, not joking 2. smiling, gay wežhu metluq He has a 3. interesting smiling face. ¶ be-l-mufid seriously, all joking aside metmura pl. mtamer 1. pit or dungeon entered mufti pl. -yen mufti, expounder of Islamic law by a trap door (generally used for storing grain) 2. latrine (in ground) mufettiš pl. -in 1. inspector 2. investigator metreb pl. mtareb 1. bottle (about one liter muhažir pl. -in 1. emigrant 2. one who left capacity) 2. strop (for honing razors) Mecca for Medina with the Prophet mterqa pl. -t, mtareq (dim. mtirqa) hammer Mohammed (as for nails) muhandis pl. -in 1. engineer (civil, chemical, mterrba pl. mtareb same as mderrba electrical, etc.) 2. architect mterreq a.p. of terreq muhimm pl. -in important metrez pl. mtarez 1. peel (large wooden muhmal pl. -in same as mehmul (p.p. of hmel) spatula for placing things in and removing muka pl. -t (no art.) owl things from an oven) 2. small shovel or mukul pl. -in p.p. of kla, kal scoop for transferring or removing hot mula (mul before art.) f. mulat pl. mwalin, coals or ashes 3. general term for a small mmalin (mwali-, mmali- before pron. endarea or place where s.th. is stored tempoings) 1. owner škun huwa mul (or mula) rarily 4. cot (bed) had d-dar? Who's the owner of this house? mettale & same as mtale & 2 2. one who sells or vends baqi ma-ža mul mtuwwer pl. -in adaptably clever or astute le-zlib. The milkman hasn't come yet. metwi pl. mtawi (dim. mtiwi) tobacco pouch 3. one who has, one with was ka-ta ref metyar pl. -in contemptuous epithet said prihadak mul z-z Eafer? Do you know that marily by mothers to their children; similar guy with the mustache? 4. one with the age to: You miserable brat! of hadak mul s-seb in Eam ka-y Eăref mubalaga 1. exaggeration 2. excess, abuse reb a de-l-lsun. That seventy-year-old l-mubalaga fe-s-sor Ea ka-teeddi l-l-halak. (man) knows four languages.

¶ mulana 1. God, Our Lord 2. The Prophet Mohammed

¶ mulay title given to a šrif, descendant of the Prophet Mohammed

I mwalin d-dar 1. (one's) family, folks at home 2. (one's) wife

¶ mwalin !-lerd demons, evil spirits

¶ mwalin z-zman well-to-do people

mulagat (f.sg. and pl.) 1. meeting, encounter (unexpected) 2. rendezvous, meeting

¶ Eăddef l-mulagat to make "sick," to be unable to stand or bear (s.o.) # ka-t Eăddefni l-mulagat! She makes me

sick! mulaqi pl. -yen go-between, intermediary

mular ada pl. -t remark, observation mu@ellif pl. -in 1. author, writer 2. composer (music, poetry)

mules pl. of mles

mulud 1. p.p. of wled -ana mulud fe-r-rbat. I was born in Rabat. 2. holiday celebrating the birth of the Prophet, 12th of rabic l-? ewwel

** dzad Eăndu wazed l-mulud had ب-sbaz. He had a new addition to his family this morning.

Tšaye l-mulud fourth month of the Muslim lunar calendar

muludiya poetry chanted in celebrating the Prophet's birth

muluk pl. of malik

mulu pl. -in (b-) fond (of), crazy (about) ana mulu & be-l-musiga. I'm fond of music. mu-le-zsen nightingale

mumatala procrastination

mumin, mu@min, mumen, pl. -in believer (in some faith, belief, school of thought)

mumettil pl. -in, f. -a pl. -at 1. actor (theater, movies, etc.) 2. representative, one who represents (s.o., company, country, etc.)

muna pl. -t allowance, monetary or in kind, sent to s.o. regularly (for sustenance)

munada pl. -t generally, any light-colored soft drink

munafiq pl. -in hypocrite

munasaba 1. v.n. of naseb 2. occasion wesluh bezzaf d-le-hdiyat be-l-munasaba d-Eid miladu. He received many gifts on the occasion of his birthday.

munika pl. -t doll (child's)

munkăr pl. manakir evil, sin

muqabala meeting, confrontation (classicized v.n. and n.i. of qabel)

muqeddima pl. -t 1. preface, foreword (book) 2. prologue (play, opera) 3. introduction (to a speaker)

muqef 1. place where those who desire employment in odd jobs congregate. 2. place where animals are kept to be sold or rented muguf Ela 1. in need of E andi t-tesrie bas nebni wa-lakin bagi muguf Eăl le-flus. I have the permit to build but I still need the money. 2. dependent on had š-ši muquf čăl l-qarar de-l-zukama. It depends on the decision of the government.

mur, mura same as mmur, mmura

murad (no pl.) 1. goal, aim (long-range) 2. intention, aim (short-range) 3. desire,

muraqaba pl. -t 1. control 2. inspection (for the control of s.th.) 3. censorship

muraqib pl. -in 1. inspector, one who carries out a muragaba. 2. censor

muraža Ea classicized v.n. of raže E

mured pl. mwared watering or drinking

muri pl. mwara hand, pointer (of watch, gauge, etc.)

** ¿ăndu le-mwara fe-ţ-ţnaš. He's in a real good mood. He's sitting on top of the world. -had s-sbaz le-mwara dyalu ma-metgaddin-š. He's in a foul mood this

morning.

murut pl. -in p.p. of wret

mus pl. mwas same as mess

musa Moses

musakin same as masakin (pl. of meskin)

musamaza pl. -t 1. classicized v.n. and n.i. of same 2. forgiveness

musebbib pl. -in same as sbaybi

musiqa pl. -t music (pl. used in sense of kinds of music)

musiqi pl. -yen musician

musem pl. mwasem kind of carnival celebrated on the day of some saint

musemmi Epl. -in member of a kind of chorus which sings songs in honor of the Prophet at various occasions

mussex same as mwessex

musteqbal future musteqbalu mezyan. His future is promising. —š-ġadi tă Emel fe-l-musteqbal? What are you going to do in the (near) future?

mustexdam pl. -in employee, worker

musab pl. -in unfortunate, plagued with setbacks and difficulties (person, things)

** l-mumen musab. It is the faithful one who suffers tribulation (said to console s.o. who has been suffering great difficulties or trials).

¶ muşab b- afflicted with (disease, sickness)

musafaza pl. -t classicized v.n. and n.i. of

musalaza pl. -t classicized form of msalza v.n. of salez and tsalez

musiba pl. msayeb 1. misfortune, (bit of) bad

luck 2. disaster, calamity 3. accident (with some calamitous or afflictive result)

muşewwir pl. -in 1. painter, artist 2. photographer

mušawaya pl. -t 1. classicized v.n. and n.i. of šawey 2. consultation 3. deliberation, weighing of alternatives

mušrik pl. -in believer in a Godhead rather than a single divine entity; hence, Christians in general

mušum pl. -in p.p. of wšem

mut (m. or f.) death l-mut ma-Eăndha dwa. Death has no cure.

¶ be-l-mut at long last, after much difficulty be-l-mut b-aš xella hadi b-tes in derhem. At long last he let this go for ninety dirhams.

¶f-zalt l-mut dying, on the verge of dying, about to die

¶ mut !!ah natural death mat mut !!ah. He died a natural death.

muta pl. of miyyet 3

mutur pl. -at 1. engine, motor 2. motorcycle, motor scooter

muță E same as mudă E

muwafaqa pl. -t classicism for mwafqa v.n. of wafeq

muwkul same as mukul (p.p. of kla, kal) muwellida pl. -t midwife

muweqqit pl. -in person in charge of regulating the clocks of the mosque and telling

the muezzin when to start the call to prayer muwrut same as murut (p.p. of wret)

muwšum same as mušum (p.p. of wšem)

muwwal pl. mwawel kind of chant-like Moroccan song similar to Flamenco music

muwweg v.i. to moo, to low (cow) muwwen v.t. 1. to send muna to (s.o.) 2. to

provide with funds and/or supplies

muwwet v.t. to kill (chiefly child and feminine usage)

muwxud same as muxud (p.p. of xda)

muwzun same as muzun (p.p. of wzen)

muxud pl. -in p.p. of xda

muxum pl. -in close, stuffy (room)

muyul v.n. of mal

muzun pl. -in p.p. of wzen

muzuna du. muzuntayn pl. -t old coin equal to one-fortieth of a metqal

** ma-ka-iksab Tetta muzuna. He's flat

muža pl. -t, mwaž wave (sea, radio)

¶ muža gsira (or gasira) shortwave (radio)

mužahid pl. -in same as mžahed (a.p. of žahed)

mužeb pl. mwažeb complaint (as filed with police or in court)

mužniba pl. -t crab (generic term)

mužrim pl. -in criminal, one guilty of committing a felony, felon

mužud pl. -in denotes existence or presence had s-sel a ma-mužuda zetta f-ši-mazāll. This merchandise can't be found anywhere (else). -l-ma mužud fe-l-bir. There's water in the well. - Eāndek le-mdad le-zrea?-mužud! Do you have blue ink?

le-zreq?—mužud! Do you have blue ink?
—Yes, I have.

muz afada 1. v.n. of zafed. 2. preservation, maintenance (as of order)

¶ mekteb l-muzafada land office

muzal expresses doubt as to some action muzal ttız š-šta had l-lila. I doubt that it will rain tonight. —muzal had š-ši! Oh, come on! You're kidding!

muzami pl. -yen (trial) lawyer muzarib pl. -in combatant, warrior

¶qudama? l-muzaribin veterans (war) huwa men qudama? l-muzaribin. He is a veteran.

muzarram first month of Muslim lunar calendar

muz asaba pl. -t classicized v.n. and n.i. of Zaseb

muzawala classicized v.n. of zawel

muzawara pl. -t 1. dialogue 2. kind of song in which a dialogue is carried on by two singers

muzibb pl. -in 1. kind of benefactor to the šurfa (šorfa) (descendants of the Prophet Mohammed) who are needy 2. fan, admirer

muzărram same as muzarram

muz sin pl. -in 1. philanthropic 2. philanthropist

muEahada pl. -t 1. treaty, agreement (as between nations) 2. pact, (written) agreement (as between persons)

mu Eawana 1. v.n. of Ean 2. help, aid, assistance

mu ida pl. mwa ed admonishment, exhortation

muEin used primarily in the expr. !lah l-muEin! (May) God help you! Good luck!

mu ¿ ămmir pl. -in colonial settler

mu Ežiza pl. -t miracle mwade E pl. of mudă E

mwafeq a.p. of wafeq

mwagen pl. of magana

mwagni pl. -ya watch and clock repairman

mwakel pl. of makla 2 and 3

mwaken pl. of makina mwal pl. of mal

mwalin pl. of mula

mwara pl. of muri

mwared pl. of mured

mwas pl. of mus (same as mess)

mwasem pl. of musem

mawati f. mawatva pl. mawatven flat, level mwateš pl. of matiša mwawel pl. of muwwal manaž pl. of muža mwažeb pl. of mužeb mwae ed pl. of mue ida mwae en pl. of mae un mwodda pl. -t gift, present mwedden pl. -in muezzin mwedder pl. -in containing the grease or yolk (said of wool before being washed for spinning, etc.) mwiha dim, of ma mwima dim. of gomm mwessex, mwossex pl. -in dirty, soiled mweswes p.p. of weswes mwesset pl. -in 1. medium, medium-sized 2. denotes mediocrity or moderation was hiya žmila?-mwessta. Is she pretty?-More or less. -kif kan le-mtiz an, se ib?la, mwesset. Was the exam hard?-No, not really. mxadd pl. of mxedda mxafi pl. of mexfiva mxaleb pl. of mexleb mxaret pl. of mxerta mxarež pl. of mexrež mxasma pl. -t quarrel, dispute mxatef pl. of mextaf mxatra pl. -t 1. v.n. of xater and txater 2. bet, wager mxax pl. of moxx mxaved pl. of mxedda mxavet pl. of mexyet mxazen pl. of mexzen 4 mxazni same as mxezni mxazniva pl. of mxezni mxedda pl. -t, mxadd, mxayed pillow (for sleeping) mxed v.t. (v.n. mxid) 1. to churn (milk for butter) 2. to shake, to agitate (to mix) 3. to pester xlas u-ma-temxedni b-had l-? as?ila lli ma-Eăndha măEna. Stop pestering me with these meaningless questions. 4. same as mxet mexfiva pl. -t, mxafi kind of earthen container of varying shapes buried up to the lid in the ground, used to store oil, water, etc. mxid v.n. of mxed mxinza kind of minty tea usually used for medicinal purposes mxit v.n. of mxet mexleb pl. mxaleb claw, or a claw-like point mexluq p.p. of xleq mxelwi pl. -yen 1. a.p. of txelwa 2. isolated, solitary, out-of-the-way mxenfer pl. -in having a large, flat nose (permxennen pl. -in snotty, having a runny nose

3. urethra mxerraa (usually coll. use) pl. -t kind of fried pastry dipped in honey mxerta pl. -t, mxaret lathe mexruž expenses l-mexruž d-had š-šher kter men š-šher lli daz. This month's expenses were more than last month's. mextalef pl. -in (Ela persons, men things) 1. different (from), dissimilar (to) 2. different, varied had l-xil kollhom mextalfin fe-l-lun. All these horses are different in color. moxtar 1. (with art.) the Prophet (the Chosen One) 2. m. proper name mxet imxot v.t. and v.i. (v.n. mxit) to blow (the nose) mextaf pl. mxatef 1. hook, s.th. used as a hook (for hanging s.th.) 2. anchor mxuxa pl. of moxx moxx pl. mxax, mxuxa 1. brain (organ) 2. (sg.) brains, intelligence mexxada pl. -t (butter) churn, or anything used for making butter (as a goatskin) mexyet pl. mxayet large needle (from a few inches to one or two feet) used for sewing tents, mattresses, certain trappings for beasts of burden, etc.; also used to goad the beasts. mxeyyer part. of xeyyer mexzen 1. government, administration 2. the reigning and judging authority (as of the town) 3. authorities 4. pl. mxazen any storage place or area mxezni pl. mxazniya kind of uniformed employee, usually having messenger duties, who works in government service (royal) mya (myat before sg. n.) du. -tayn pl. -wat (pl. rarely used) hundred Etini mya de-l-bid. Give me a hundred eggs. - čăndi myat dular. I have a hundred dollars. mvadi pl. of mida myadi pl. of mida mvah pl. of ma myal pl. of mil 3 myatayn du. of mya myazeb pl. of mizab myazen pl. of mizan myessel pl. -in (men) original (with), derived (from) l-karam myessel men l-Earăb. Generosity is original with the Arabs. ** huwa keddab myessel. He's a real liar. , mevz same as miz mzabel pl. of mezbala, mzebla mzareg pl. of mezrag mzawed pl. of mezwed mzawer pl. of mezwar mzayzi pl. -ya joker, funny person

mzaž mood, disposition ana ma-ši f-le-mzaž

mexrež pl. mxarež 1. exit, way out 2. anus

mzaz d-le-mlaga (or baš ntmelleg) daba. I'm mžadel pl. of meždul mžales pl. of mežlis not in the mood for joking right now. mzaz 1. joking (around), fooling (around) xlas men le-mzaz! Quit fooling around (and get serious)! 2. n.u. -a medlar (fruit mžari pl. of mežra or tree) mezbala, mzebla pl. mzabel dump, dumpmžažet pl. of mežžut yard mzebra pl. -t pruning shears mezgur n.u. -a (ear of) corn mzeggeb pl. -in hairy, hirsute (person, animezġub pl. -in ill-fated, having bad luck mzir & a dim. of mzer & a economy. mziwen pl. -in (dim. of mezyan) 1. cute (girl, little boy) 2. nice zsana mziwna hadi E melti! That's a nice haircut you got! mziya pl. -t favor, service Emel fiya wazed le-mziya llah ixellik. Please do me a favor. ** mziya fik! That'll teach you! (as rounded fashion) when s.o. does s.th. he was warned not to do for his own good) -mziya hadi! expr. of surprise at s.o.'s inability to remember mežhud pl. -at effort s.th. he should (e.g. a debt) ¶ mežhudu I mziya lli it's a good thing that mziya lli žiti. It's a good thing you came. mezlut pl. -in broke, without funds mezmut, mezmut pl. -in 1. muggy, warm and damp (weather) 2. (warm and) stuffy (room) mezrag pl. mzareg javelin, spear mezrar n.u. -a gravel mzerqet pl. -in mottled, motley to save her. mzerreq pl. -in off-color white tending to blue variety of date(s) mezrub pl. -in in a hurry r-ana mezrub mži v.n. of ža u-xessni nkun fe-d-dar qbel-ma iweslu d-dyaf. I'm in a hurry; I have to be home before the guests arrive. nar (university) mzer a pl. -t (dim. mzir a) kind of sieve used in sowing seed of appeals mezwar pl. mzawer kind of notary or Eadel for the šurfa, serving as a special attestant to one's position as a srif and related mezwed pl. mzawed 1. bag used for carrying food, money, etc., on a trip 2. idiot, dense person In ¿ ăs bz al l-mezwed to sleep like a log mezyan (dim. mziwen, comp. zsen) 1. pl. -in good ka-nqelleb Ela ši-siyara mezyana. wells I'm looking for a good car. 2. pl. -in pretty, good-looking 3. well ka-tgenni mezyan bezzaf. She sings quite well.

** mezyan! O.K.! All right!

žatu. He tore up the letter he got.

joke

mezzeg v.t. to tear (up) mezzeg le-bra lli

mzez v.i. to fool (around), to be a pest, to

mezyud pl. -in 1. p.p. of zad 2. born

mžamer pl. of mežmar, mežmer mžame Epl. of mežma E mžarya pl. -t race, competition (running) mžarez pl. of mežruz (pp. of žrez) mžebbed part. of žebbed *mžebna* large intestine (animal) mežd glory (usually not of God) l-mežd dyal amirika ka-itmettel f-le-qtisad dyalha. The glory of America is represented in its meždam pl. -in leprous meždub pl. -in eccentric, odd (person) meždul pl. mžadel kind of knit silk strap, often embroidered (various uses) mžeffen pl. -in hollowed out, concave (in a mežhed pl. -in 1. strong (of person, light, drink, etc.) 2. heavy (beard) to be all one can do or give \(\neq mežhudi gir \, \varphi alef dular. All I can give is a thousand dollars. -mežhudi nă Ețik l-mă Elumat, u-nta debber rasek. All I can do is give you the information, and you'll have to take it from there. ¶ & mel mežhudu (baš) to do one's best, to do all one can (to) t-tbib Emel mežhudu bas ingedha. The doctor did all he could mežhul pl. -in used in tmer mežhul superior mežlis pl. mžales 1. assembly 2. council 3. meeting place for 1 and 2 above 4. semi-¶ mežlis le-stinaf appellate court, court I mežlis n-nuwwab chamber of deputies, house of representatives mežmar, mežmer, pl. mžamer brazier, coal or charcoal-burner (for cooking, heating) mežmu p.p. of žmač mežmač pl. mžameč 1. gathering, group (in a meeting) 2. meeting, get-together 3. committee 4. kind of rack or tray, usually of ceramic material, with multiple built-in ink mežnun pl. -in possessed (of the devil or demons; also figurative) mžer pl. mžura drawer xebba t le-ktab dyalek f-le-mžer. I hid your book in the drawer. mežra pl. mžari any place where water runs or customarily runs (river bed, drain, etc.) mežrab pl. -in mangy, scabietic mežruz pp. of žrez

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mžura pl. of mžer
                                                2. stretcher, litter 3. group of pilgrims
mežwa E pl. -in 1. starved, famished, raven-
                                                 (going to Mecca)
  ous (person) 2. stingy, niggardly
                                               mてămmeș part. of てămmes
                                               m z ămmsa food made of small rolled balls or
mežya pl. -t 1. n.i. of ža 2. arrival, coming
mežžed v.t. to praise, to extol, to glorify (s.o.
                                                 pellets of flour, boiled and eaten as a kind
  other than God)
                                                of soup
mežžut pl. mžažet person afflicted with tinea
                                               merna pl. mrayen 1. hardship 2. difficulty
  (type of ringworm)
                                                 3. trial, tribulation
mež Eub pl. -in hollow (said of long objects,
                                               mzănna 1. v.n. of zănn 2. pl. -t compassion
                                               mz ănneš p.p. of z ănneš
  (e.g. pipes)
                                               m z ănnša pl. -t type of spiral-shaped, filled
m \ge a im \ge i v.t. (v.n. m \ge i) to erase (also
 metaphorical)
                                                 pastry
                                               m eq, v.t. (v.n. m iq) to destroy (totally;
mこabeq pl. of meこbeq, mこăbqa
mてabes pl. of meてbes
                                                 peoples, cities, nations)
mてadya v.n. of てada
                                               mezrab pl. mzareb niche in the mosque wall
mr adeq pl. of mezduq
                                                 (facing Mecca) from where the imam leads
mzader pl. of mezder
                                                the prayer
mzafed pl. of mzăfda
                                               mezrat pl. mzaret plow (animal-drawn)
                                               mezsad pl. -in jealous, envious
m agen pl. of me gen
mzakk pl. of mzăkka
                                               mezsur 1. pl. -in needing badly to urinate
                                                 (from overfull bladder) 2. pl. mzaser kind
mてamel pl. of meてmel
mcareb pl. of mecrab
                                                 of long overshirt
                                               mezšaša pl. -t place of congregation for
mzaret pl. of mezrat
                                                 hashish addicts
mzașer pl. of mez șur 2
                                               m z ašša pl. -t, m z ašš sickle
mzašš pl. of mzašša
                                               moz tadar pl. -in dying, moribund
m awer pl. of mezwar, mezwer
                                               mzetteb pl. -in type of chief inspector of
m awet pl. of me wet
m ayen pl. of mezna
                                                 foods, markets, etc.
mzažer n.pl. of mezžur
                                               m z ățța pl. -t station (radio and train)
                                               mezwar, mezwer pl. mzawer spit, large
m z ažya 1. v.n. of z aža 2. pl. -t riddle,
                                                 skewer (for roasting)
 conundrum
                                               mezwet pl. mzawet kind of large oval dish
mてažž pl. of mてăžž
mてaて pl. of meてて
                                                 for serving fish
mzăbba pl. -t (mutual) affection, close
                                               mezya pl. -t 1. n.i. of mza 2. in Koranic
                                                 studies, that portion of the Koran which can
  friendship
    ¶ b-le-m abba affectionately
                                                 be entered on the student's slate
mezbeq, mzăbqa pl. mzabeq flower pot
                                               mezžur adj. pl. -in n.pl. mzažer (one) under
me bes pl. m abes (dim. m bes) chamber
                                                 a tutelage or guardianship, ward
                                               m z ăžž pl. m z ažž avenue, boulevard
mezbuk used in the expr. gir imma mez buk
                                               meてて pl. mてaて eggyolk
  wella metruk said of s.o. who desires s.th.
                                               mezzen v.t. to overwork (s.o.), to abuse the
  very strongly, but when the opportunity to
                                                 service of (s.o.)
                                               mEa 1. with (not in instrumental sense)
  get it arises he loses interest
mezbus p.p. of zbes
                                                 škun lli şafer m Eak? Who went on the
                                                 trip with you? - zett had le-ktab mea
mezdug pl. -in, mzadeg clever, intelligent
măzd pl. mizad (pl. rare) pure, undefiled
                                                 l-oxrin. Put this book with the others.
  (milk, gold, ancestry, etc.)
                                                 —ka-ihḍer mEa l-Pustad dyalu. He's talk-
mezder pl. mzader gathering, get-together,
                                                 ing with his teacher. 2. along mšaw m a
  meeting
                                                 l-wad zetta weşlu l-le-bzăr. They went
mzăfda pl. -t, mzafed briefcase, portfolio
                                                 along the river until they reached the sea.
mezgad pl. -in holding a grudge, rancorous
                                                 3. around, about (time expr.) ža m a
mezgen pl. mzagen funnel (used in pour-
                                                 t-tnaš. He came around twelve o'clock.
                                               m とabṣa pl. -t wrestling (sport)
  ing)
mてi v.n. of mてa
                                               mčabzi pl. -ya wrestler
mzibes dim. of mezbes
                                               m Eaden pl. of ma Eden
mてiq v.n. of mてeq
                                               mEader pl. of maEdur 2
mzăkka pl. -t, mzakk piece of cork lined
                                               m Ealef pl. of ma Elef
  with cloth used in bathing or washing
                                               m Ealeg pl. of m Z ălga and mă Eleg
mezlul p.p. of zăll
                                               m Eamel pl. of ma Emel
mer mel pl. mr amel 1. type of bier
                                               m Lani pl. of măE na 2
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m Eared pl. of ma Erad
                                                 profession 2. chief, boss 3. knowledgeable
m Earef pl. of m Earfa and ma Erifa 2
                                                 and capable (as one who can fix his own
m Earef pl. of ma Eruf
                                               mčăllma pl. -t kind of woman foreman, di-
m Earek pl. of m Earka
mčași 1. pl. of măčsiya 2. (f. sg.) emphatic
                                                 rector, or manageress of a weaving, sew-
  form of Esa
                                                 ing, etc., factory where women make up
m Easem pl. of mă Esem
                                                 the force
m Easer pl. of m Easra
                                              mačleg pl. mčaleg hook (for suspending or
m ¿aš living, sustenance bezra ka-irbez
                                                 hanging s.th.)
  m Eašu. He barely makes a living (his
                                              mealqa pl. -t, mealeq (dim. meilqa) spoon
  living).
                                              mă luf pl. -in fattened, well-fed (animals)
m Eawen pl. of ma Ewan
                                              mă lum of course, naturally was E andkom
                                                 t-telž fe-l-megrib?—mač lum! Do you have
m Eawna pl. -t 1. v.n. and n.i. of Eawen
                                                 snow in Morocco?-Of course (we do)!
  2. aid, help, assistance
                                               mă Elumat (pl. treated as f. sg.) information
m Eayna same as m Eayna
mEayer pl. of maEyar
                                                 waš imken-lek tă tini ši-mă tumat tla
mă Eda pl. -t (dim. m Eida) stomach (organ)
                                                 tunes? Can you give me some information
mă Edani, mă Edini pl. -yen mineral (adj.)
                                                 on Tunisia?
  xessek tešrob ši-ma mačdini baš
                                               mă Emi p.p. of Ema
 ttehdem-lek l-makla. You should drink some
                                               maemel pl. meamel factory, manufacturing
  mineral water so that your food will
                                                 establishment
                                               mačmur (with art.) (the) world
  digest.
ma Eden pl. m Eaden 1. mine (gold, salt, etc.)
                                              ma mura (no art.) forest to the east of
  2. metal 3. silver
                                                 Rabat
    ¶ măとden d-le-こžer (rock) quarry
                                              mă mă v.i. to bleat (goat)
                                               mačna čla to refer to, to allude to, to make
m & adnus parsley
mă Edum pl. -in 1. seriously ill 2. habitually
                                                 allusions to raha kanet ka-tma Eni Elik
  penniless, destitute (usually said of a man
                                                 mnayn daret dak l-mulazadat. She was
  with a family)
                                                 referring to you when she made those re-
mă dur 1. pl. -in having an excuse (for not
                                                 marks.
  showing up somewhere, etc.) 2. pl. m Eader
                                               mă Ena (m. or f.) 1. v.n. of Ena yă Eni 2. pl.
  infirm person, cripple
                                                -t, m ani meaning, sense, significance šnu
m E addem pl. -in 1. skin and bones, bony
                                                 huwa l-măEna dyal had š-ši lli ka-tqul?
  (person) 2. having a large pit or many
                                                 What's the meaning of all this that you're
  small pits (fruit, etc.)
                                                 saying?
meaffen, maefun pl. -in filthy, dirty (has
                                                   ¶ dreb l-maEna Ela to allude to, to make
  metaphorical use as in English)
                                                 an allusion to, to refer subtly to
mă Egaz pl. -in lazy, indolent
                                               mae nad pl. -in obstinate, stubborn (person,
m E ăgged same as m E ăqqed
                                                 mule, etc.)
m Eida dim. of mă Eda
                                              m čănni pl. m čănnyen (b-) proud (of s.o.,
mとik v.n. of mとăk
                                                 because of his ability to help or protect)
m Eilqa dim. of m Eălqa
                                              m Eaqqed pl. -in complicated, knotty (prob-
m Eis v.n. of m E as
                                                 lem, etc.)
meis v.n. of me as me as me as)
                                              mă Equda pl. -t omelet
mčiša living, life le-mčiša sčiba f-dak
                                              măcqul pl. -in 1. reasonable, acceptable
 le-blad. Life is difficult in that country.
                                                 (price, offer, argument, statement)
m Eiz pl. of ma Eza
                                                2. well-balanced, even-tempered (person)
m \in \tilde{a}k v.t. (v.n. m \in ik) 1. to mash (foods)
                                                   ¶ be-l-mă&qul seriously tkellem m&aya
 2. to shake (s.o., as to awaken him, or just
                                                 be-l-mă Equl! Be serious with me!
 to be obnoxious) 3. to pester, to annoy (as
                                              ma Erad pl. m Eared 1. prop, support (for
  with questioning)
                                                barricading, holding up a wall, etc.) 2. bar
m & akred, m & akres pl. -in kinky (hair)
                                                 (for barring a door or window) 3. yoke
mā kus pl. -in 1. done in a strange or un-
                                                 (as used by water carriers) 4. rod used
 conventional fashion 2. contrary, opposite
                                                 across the šwari to prevent the baskets
    ¶ be-l-mă kus contrarily (to the norm),
                                                from sagging and spilling the contents.
 in an unconventional fashion
                                              măčraž (usually with art.) ascension of the
mă Elal, me Elal pl. -in sickly, feeble
                                                Prophet Mohammed into heaven
mă Elef pl. m Ealef feeding trough (for cattle,
                                              mearfa pl. mearef 1. relation (ship) eandi
                                                mčarfa mezyana mčahom. I have a good
me allem pl. -in 1. master of some field or
                                                relationship with them. 2. acquaintance
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huwa wazed men le-m aref dyali. He's one of my acquaintances.

mă Erid pl. ma Earid fair, exposition

mä erifa 1. v.n. of eref 2. pl. ma erif, me aref knowledge, experience

¶ $da^{\varrho}ir\check{a}t$ l- $ma \ encyclopedia$ (the complete work)

¶ hel (or rbab) l-ma rifa the experts, those who are in the know

mčarka pl. mčarek fight, battle (physical, verbal)

mă ruf pl. m aref good deed, charitable act, favor

m & as v.t. (v.n. m & is) 1. to crush, to squash 2. to bruise (s.o.)

meăssel p.p. of eăssel

m E ăs same as m E ăs

mă siya pl. -t, m asi sin, transgression

mă&sem pl. m&asem wrist

m ¿ ășra pl. m ¿ așer juicer, squeezer (for juicing oranges, etc.)

mă sum pl. -in constipated (bowels)

mä Esura (f. adj.) used in the expr. mä Esurt ž-žlayel (mentally) sharp woman

mäčšar, mäčšer (no pl.) group, gathering, assemblage

** ya măčšer l-ºislam! O, ye Muslims! močtabar pl. -in excellent, extraordinary, magnificent, remarkable, etc.

mä tad, me tad pl. -in (to be) used to, in the habit of, accustomed to ana mä tad

ka-nersel l-darna bra koll ^Qusbu E. I'm used to sending a letter home every week.

mă Etadel, mo Etadel, me Etadel pl. -in

1. temperate, mild (weather) 2. lukewarm, tepid (liquid) 3. moderate, non-extremist (person)

mă ta (no pl.) 1. gift (monetary) 2. dona-

m Euqeb pl. -in infirm, cripple

mă Ewan, me Ewan pl. m Eawen blacksmith's hammer

mă weq v.i. to mew (cat)

m E awwed part. of E awwed

mčăwwež part, of čăwwež

mă Eyar pl. m Eayer insult, insulting remark m E ăyna "by the eye," by estimating or guessing (used when s.th. is not measured exactly)

¶ b-le-m €ăyna same as m €ăyna

mä yuf pl. -in 1. very unpleasant to the senses, offensive 2. obnoxious, odious (person)

mă Eyur same as mă Eyar

mă Eza pl. -t, m Eiz 1. she-goat, nanny goat 2. knot (in wood)

mă zi 1. goat meat 2. goat skin 3. pl. -yen goat (adj.)

močžiza same as mučžiza

măčžun a pasty preparation composed of dates, honey, sesame (and sometimes a little opium) taken as a tonic

N

-n, -en particle linking lli, kif, kif-aš or waš to third person pron. hadi wazed l-zaža lli-n hiya mā ¿rufa. This is something everyone knows. —kif-en huwa? How is he? —kif-aš-en hiya? How is she? —waš-en huma mažyen aw la? Are they coming or not?

**ab inub (Ela) (v.n. niyaba) to substitute (for), to do duty (for), to stand in (for) škun ġad-inub Elik mnayn tšedd r-roxsa dyalek? Who's going to substitute for you when you take your leave?

¶a.p. nayeb pl. nuwwab 1. substitute (person) 2. representative, delegate 3. assistant ma-žbert-š l-mudir, žit ana hdert m a n-nayeb dyalu. I didn't find the director, so I talked to his assistant.

¶ mežlis n-nuwwab House of Representatives

nab pl. nyab, niban 1. canine (tooth) 2. fang 3. tusk

¶ hred n-nab to chatter, to gossip
nabat pl. -at 1. plant (flora) 2. vegetation
nabi same as nbi

nader pl. nwader 1. heap, pile (grain, straw)
2. a great deal, a heap def at nader
d-le-flus fe-l-lbas. She spent a great deal of
money on clothes.

nad inud v.i. (v.n. nwad, nudan) 1. to get up, to stand up nad men š-šelya u-gelles s-siyda. He got up out of the chair and seated the lady. 2. to start l-muțur ma-bġa-šinud had s-şba\tau. The motor wouldn't start this morning. 3. to break out kanu s\tau ab qbel-ma tnud l-\tau\tau. They were friends before the war broke out. \tau\tau\tau kbira nadet fe-d-dar. A big fire broke out in the house. \tau nadet binathom wa\tau\tau d-debza. A fight broke out among them. 4. to grow (plant) bda inud r-rbi\tau\tau fe-l-\tau\tau\tau_s a. Grass started growing in the garden.

** nud Eliya! Get out of here! Beat it! ¶ nad men n-n Eas to wake up

nadi f. nadya pl. nadyen 1. finished, done l-xedma dyali nadya. My work is done. 2. ready ila kan koll-ši nadi nemšiw. If everybody is ready, we'll go. 3. alert, on the ball

nadir pl. neddar official supervisior of the mortmains

nader pl. nwader 1. temple (head) 2. lock of hair growing on the temple

nadăr pl. -at view, opinion

nafaqa pl. -t 1. alimony melli telleq mratu tem Elih l-qadi b-sett mya de-d-derhem dyal n-nafaqa fe-š-šher. When he divorced his wife, the judge ruled that he must pay six hundred dirhams a month in alimony. 2. support (usually financial) rfed n-nafaqa l-žeddatu. He undertook the support of his grandmother.

¶ \mathcal{E} la nafaqtu ϕ at one's expense xelles taman s-safar u-š-ši l-axor Ela nafaqti. You pay the price of the trip and the rest is at my expense.

nafila pl. -t, nawafil, nwafel voluntary supplementary prayer done after a regularly prescribed one

nafeq v.i. (v.n. nifaq) to be hypocritical, to act hypocritically

nafex pl. nwafex 1. charcoal burner or brazier made of clay 2. hot-plate

nafăE, nafeE fennel seed

naga pl. -t female camel

naģeš v.t. and v.i. to cheat naģšat f-l-imtiz an. She cheated on the examination. nagešni f-Eăšra de-d-dular. He cheated me out of ten dollars.

naguši pl. -yen 1. trickster, cheater 2. cheating trick le ăb me aha be-n-naguši. He cheated her.

naka v.t. 1. to tease bdat ka-tnakih zetta tqelleq. She teased him until he got upset. 2. to irritate, to bother, to annoy la-tnakini had-s-sbaz, rah tayra liya. Don't annoy me this morning (because) I'm already mad.

nal inal v.t. to obtain, to reach, to get (goal) nam inum v.i. (v.n. mnam) to sleep)

namat pl. -at pattern, design

namsa pl. -t 1. cotton cloth of ordinary quality 2. (with art.) Austria

namus n.u. -a mosquito

namusiya pl. -t, nwames bedstead (may refer to whole bed)

nan inin v.i. (v.n. ninan) to moan, to groan (from pain)

naqib pl. nuqaba official head of a group of Shareefs having the same family name

nagima pl. -t dotard, foolish old person naqma pl. -t same as naqima

nages a.p. of nges

naqeš v.t. 1. to discuss, to talk over naqešna l-mudu e mežmu ein. We discussed the subject together. 2. to argue with

naqus pl. nwaqes (dim. nwiges) bell

nar (f.) pl. niran 1. fire, flame 2. (with art.) hell

** a-nari! or ya-nari! My goodness! -n-nar šă let binathom. They had a heated argument.

nas 1. pl. of Pinsan 2 2. people gad-ižiw

Eăndna ši-nas l-le-Eša. We're having some people for supper. -n-nas d-had le-mdina meeddbin. People in this town are courteous. -n-nas ma-iqulu-š had š-ši qeddam d-drari. People don't say this in front of children.

nasab lineage, ancestral line

naseb v.t. 1. to suit ila nasbetni nešriha. If it suits me I'll buy it. -inasbek le-xmis fe-l-lil? Would Thursday evening suit you? 2. to match had s-sebbat inaseb l-keswa z-zerqa. These shoes will match the blue dress.

¶ naseb m atch (s.th. or s.o.) with nasim (no pl.) breeze

nasa^ęiz pl. of nasiza

nasib (no pl.) share, portion ba et nasibha fe-l-molk. She sold her share of the estate. -Etaweh lli žah fe-n-nasib. They gave him whatever his share was. -dfa & nasib kbir de-t-terwa dyalu f-le-ksiba. He spent a large portion of his fortune on livestock.

nasiza pl. -at, nasa e iz advice n-nasiza dyali hiya nsebru zetta iržač. My advice is we should wait till he comes back.

našat 1. v.n. of nšet 2. pleasure, enjoyment gal-lek ma-žber našat f-dak l-xedma. He says he didn't find any enjoyment in that work. 3. enthusiasm, fervor, zeal f-le-bdu kollhom biyynu našat kbir fe-xdemthom. In the beginning they all showed great enthusiasm in their work.

našid pl. anašid song (for group or community singing)

¶ našid dini hymn (religious)

I našid watani 1. patriotic song 2. anthem natiža same as ntiža

nawafil pl. of nafila

nawazi pl. of naziya

nayeb a.p. of nab

nayem pl. -in 1. sleepy, drowsy 2. asleep

nayez a.p. of naz

naze 1. v.t. to challenge, to dispute 2. v.t. to compete with 3. v.i. to pant, to gasp for breath

nažat v.n. of nža

nažaz v.n. of nžez

naz inuz ($\mathcal{E}la$) (v.n. nwaz, mnaza) to wail (over), to express sorrow (over) kanet tnuz Ela bbaha. She was wailing over her father's death.

¶ a.p. naye \neg pl. -in of poor quality, horrible, lousy

natiya pl. -t, nawati 1. region, area

2. neighborhood 3. aspect, angle drest l-mudu & men koll naziya. I studied the

99 subject from every angle. na ¿ura pl. -t, neva ¿er (dim. nevi ¿ra) 1. noria (water wheel with buckets) 2. wheel (as in a watch, clock) 3. merry-goround 4. spinning wheel 5. sly person, schemer ¶ duwwer na Eura (l-) to play a trick (on) duwwru-lu wazed n-natura. They played a trick on him. nbaha ingenuity, ingeniousness, cleverness nbala pl. nbayel bracelet nbayel pl. of nbala nbaye pl. of nbez nbae m.p. of bae nebbar pl. -a resourceful nebba pl. -a, -in ag. n. and adj. of nbez nebbeh v.t. 1. to guide, to show the right way to, to advise 2. to remind ¶ nebbeh Ela (or l-) to call (s.o.'s) attention to (s.th.), to point out (s.th.) to (s.o.) nebbel v.t. to tack, to baste nebbeš same as nbeš nebbet 1. v.t. to grow, to raise ka-inebbtu le-m & ădnus fe-žnanhom. They grow parsley in their garden. 2. v.t. to set (a piece of jewelry with precious stones) 3. v.i. to grow r-rbi & bda inebbet fe-s-staz. Grass began to grow on the roof. 4. v.i. to be fertile, a rable *nebburi* dawn ¶ Eăl n-nebburi very early in the mornnebbă v.i. to spring, to flow (water) nbed v.i. (v.n. nbid, nebd) to beat (pulse, heart) nebd 1. v.n. of nbed 2. pulse (heart beat) nbeg same as nbeg nbi pl. ?anbiya prophet In-nbi (sella llahu Elih wa-sellem) the Prophet Mohammed (peace be upon him) nbid v.n. of nbed nbir v.n. of nber nbiš v.n. of nbeš nbiz v.n. of nbez nebla m.p. of bla nbeq n.u. nebqa jujube (edible drupaceous fruit of the buckthorn tree) nber v.i. (v.n. nbir) to be resourceful

the claws (animal) 2. to nibble

nbez pl. nbayez, nbuza 1. veranda

nbet v.i. to grow (plant)

a Moroccan house

nbuza pl. of nbez

2. corridor

nbula pl. -t urinary bladder

nbez v.i. (v.n. nbiz) to bark

remorse ** dak š-ši ržač člih be-n-ndama. He's sorry that he did it. ¶ daret bih ϕ (or \mathcal{E} lih ϕ) n-ndama to feel remorse \neq , to be sorry \neq daret bih (or Elih) n-ndama Ela lli ma-ttesmă E-š l-waldih. He's sorry he didn't listen to his parents. ndayem pl. of ndama 2 ndeb v.t. or v.i. (v.n. ndib) to scratch (one's face as a sign of grief) nedd variety of incense nedda 1. v.t. to moisten 2. v.i. to get damp, to become moist neddam pl. -in remorseful neddem v.t. to make (s.o.) regret neddemha lli Eărdet Elih. He made her regret having invited him. ndeh (v.n. ndih) 1. v.t. to drive ka-tă ref tendeh had s-siyara? Can you drive this car? 2. v.t. to fly (plane) 3. v.i. to take off, to beat it ndib v.n. of ndeb ndih v.n. of ndeh ndell v.i. (v.n. della) to debase oneself, to lose one's reputation ndem v.i. (v.n. ndama) to regret, to feel sorry, to feel remorse nedmet lli guwwtet mea bbaha. She feels sorry about having argued with her father. ndader (pl.) (eye-)glasses ndaf pl. of ndif ndafa cleanness, neatness nedda v.t. to finish, to complete gir tneddi šýalek aži šufni. As soon as you finish your work come and see me. neddam pl. -in rhymester neddar pl. of nadir neddarat same as ndader neddef v.t. to clean neddem v.t. 1. to put in order xessek tneddem le-ktub dyalek. You need to put your books in order. 2. to organize neddemna-lu wazed l-zăfla sģira. We organized a little party for him. neddemna reb a de-l-ližan. We organized four committees. 4. to comnbeš v.t. (v.n. nbiš) 1. to scratch or dig with pose (poetry, music) ndef comp. of ndif ndeg v.t. (v.n. ndig) to chew ndif pl. ndaf (comp. ndef) clean ndig v.n. of ndeg ndir similar to, equal to Eammerhom ma-gad-ilqaw ndir had d-dar. They'll never find a house equal to this one. nder l- or f- (v.n. nder) 1. to look at, to see ¶ras n-nbe corner of the courtyard of 2. to consider, to think about

nbă & same as nebbă &

nda (m.) 1. dampness 2. dew

ndama 1. v.n. of ndem 2. pl. ndayem regret,

week.

nefqa n.i. of nfeq

nder ¶ p.p. mendur attractive, pleasing to the eye nder 1. v.n. of nder 2. sight, vision nedra 1. n.i. of nder 2. pl. -t impression šnu kanet n-nedra dyalha Elih? What was her impression of him? nfa infi v.t. (v.n. nefyan) 1. to exile, to banish 2. to deny, to disprove nfad v.n. of nfed ¶ n-nfad \mathcal{E} la to be in demand \neq , to be popular ≠ slacthom kollha cliha n-nfad. All their merchandise is in demand. nfafex pl. of neffaxa nfaq hypocrisy nfas 1. pl. of nfis 2. recovery period following childbirth ¶ iyyam n-nfas post-natal period of forty days nfati pl. of nefta nfayel pl. of nfula nfayer pl. of nfir nfayes pl. of nfisa nfayzi pl. -ya one who takes snuff, snuffer nfed v.i. (v.n. nfad) to sell, to be in demand walayenni slacthom kif ka-tenfed. Their merchandise really sells. nfed (v.n. nfid) 1. v.t. to shake nfed had le-gta fe-n-nbez. Shake this blanket in the hall. 2. v.i. to beat (heart, pulse) neffar pl. -a one who plays the nfir neffaxa pl. -t, nfafex balloon neffed v.t. to execute, to put into effect, (order, law) neffel v.i. to perform supplementary prayers neffer f- or b- to play (nfir) neffes v.t. 1. to open slightly, to leave ajar 2. to open, to lance (boil) 3. to uncover partially I neffes Ela 1. to comfort, to soothe 2. to give a break to, to allow (s.o.) an extension of time ¶ part. mneffes roomy, loose, (clothing) neffex v.t. 1. to make swell or become swollen 2. to inflate, to fill with air 3. to cause (s.o.) to be conceited neffez v.i. to take snuff nfid v.n. of nfed nfiq v.n. of nfeq nfir pl. nfayer long brass instrument, without slide or pistons, having a tone similar to a trombone nfir v.n. of nfer

stone) 2. rare, of fine quality

nefnaf pl. -a one with a nasal twang

birth

nfix v.n. of nfex

nfer f- (v.n. nfir) to forsake, to renounce ntes comp. of nfis nefs (f.) pl. nfus 1. breath 2. person, soul nefs wezda ma-bqat-ši fe-l-medrasa. There wasn't a single soul left at school. -kter men tlatin nefs kanet f-dak l-bit. There were more than thirty people in that room. 3. (no pl.) conscience nefsu bdat twebbxu. His conscience began to hurt him. 4. self-pride 5. self qolt m a nefsi... I said to myself. . . ¶ b-nefsu¢ 1. oneself zna b-nefsna golnaha-lu. We told him ourselves. 2. by oneself Emeltha b-nefsi. I did it by myself. ¶ fih^{ϕ} n-nefs 1. to have self-respect \neq 2. to be conscientious \neq Inefsu \(\tilde{arra} \) (to be) energetic, dynamic ≠ "nuwwed (or Emel) n-nfes f- to stimulate the interest or ambition of (s.o.) ¶ qlil n-nefs 1. without self-respect 2. without conscience, unscrupulous ¶ qellel n-nefs to stoop, to condescend ¶qįač n-nefs 1. to hold one's breath 2. to stop talking suddenly, to shut up ¶qṭā & n-nefs l- to make (s.o.) shut up ¶ teḷḷă En-nefs to breathe ¶ žatu ϕ n-nefs ξ la to be on (s.o.'s) side \neq , to defend \neq ¶ Eănduø n-nefs same as fihø n-nefs nefta pl. nfați boil, carbuncle nfula pl. -t, nfayel ticket šzal de-n-nfayel xditi-lna? How many tickets did you get for us? nfus pl. of nefs nfex (v.n. nfix) 1. v.t. to pump up, to put air into (tire) 2. v.i. to blow (wind) 3. v.i. to be conceited 4. v.i. to hiss (snake) nefx (no pl.) 1. swelling (physiological) 2. tumor nefxa 1. n.i. of nfex 2. pl. -t conceited person ¶ fih^{ϕ} n-nefxa to be conceited \neq nefyan v.n. of nfa neft a pl. -t pinch of snuff nfă & v.t. (v.n. nfă &, menfa & a, menfi & a) to do (s.o.) good, to be useful to nef E ak dak d-dwa? Did that medicine do you any nfis pl. nfas (comp. nfes) 1. precious (e.g., good? ¶ma-nef&u\phi gir (or ma-&ada) to be nfisa pl. -t, nfayes woman in labor, in childforced \neq , to not be able to help (but) \neq ma-nef Eu gir (or ma-Eada) iži m Eana. He couldn't do anything but come with us. He couldn't help but come with us. nefnef v.i. to speak with a nasal twang $nf\check{a}\xi$ 1. v.n. of $nf\check{a}\xi$ 2. benefit, profit, use, nfeq v.i. (v.n. nfiq) to buy food or provisions advantage

nhar s-sebt ka-nnefqu l-l-Qusbu kamel.

On Saturdays we buy food for the whole

¶ nfeq Ela to support (financially)

If $hh\phi$ n-nfã \mathcal{E} 1. to be useful $\neq l$ -žem $\mathcal{E}iya$ žebret n-nfã \mathcal{E} f- \mathcal{E} ămmek. The organization found your uncle useful. 2. to be profitable \neq s-sefra kan \mathcal{E} ăndu fiha bezzaf de-n-nfã \mathcal{E} . The trip was very profitable for him. 3. to be effective dak d-dwa ma-fih nfã \mathcal{E} . That medicine is not effective.

ngab pl. -at veil

ngagef pl. of neggafa

ngalza n.pl. of neglizi ngasa v.n. of nges

ngasa v.n. of nges negga same as negga

neggafa pl. -t, ngagef woman hired to attend the bride during the wedding ceremony neggel v.t. to carry from one place to another

(especially water)

negger v.i. (v.n. ngir) 1. to tap, to beat lightly sma t ši-z add ka-inegger fe-l-bab. I heard someone tapping at the door.—gir huwa bda inegger t šl t-ibel u-hiya qamet teštez. As soon as he began to beat lightly on the drum she got up to dance. 2. to have a bite waxxa ma-kan biya žu neggert m tahom. Although I wasn't hungry I had a bite with them. 3. to take a pinch (of) (e.g., spice) xdat m talea de-l-kamun u-yallah neggret men l-ibzar. She took a spoonful of cumin and just a pinch of pepper.

¶ negger l- to give a hint to

ngir v.n. of negger

negra pl. -t 1. very old woman 2. shrew, termagant

negrez v.i. to grumble, to complain

nges v.t. (v.n. ngasa) to make unclean ¶p.p. mengus pl. mnages "jerk," "slob"

nganeg pl. of negnag negges v.t. to bother, to pester neggesha heggaf he-l-?as?ilat. He pestered her a lot

bezzaf be-l-easeilat. He pestered her a lot with questions.

nģima dim. of neģma

nģiz v.n. of nģez

nġiza 1. dim. of neġza 2. pl. -t small amount, pinch

neġma pl. -t (dim. nġima) 1. musical note 2. melody

neġnaġ pl. nġaneġ one with a nasal twang neġneġ v.i. to speak with a nasal twang

ngez, ngez v.t. (v.n. ngiz) 1. to prick 2. to spur 3. to arouse, to stir up n-niqaba negzet l-xeddama Eal l-mudir de-l-maEmel. The union aroused the workmen against the plant manager. 4. to accelerate 5. to race (engine) 6. to nudge

neżza pl. -t (dim. nżiza) n.i. of nżez

¶ berred n-negza to satisfy a burning desire

¶ fih ϕ n-negza d- to have a passion or a special fondness for \neq (s.th.) fih n-negza de-l- ξ awm. He has a passion for swim-

ming. —xetha fiha n-negza de-l-qehwa. Her sister has a special fondness for coffee.

nha inhi v.t. (v.n. nhi, mnahya) to warn (against s.th.), to advise (not to do s.th.) ma-ṣab zādd lli inhih. There was no one to advise him.—koll-ši ka-inhih zāl le-xṛuž mɛaha. Everybody warns him against going out with her.

** nhih nhih w-ila Ema xellih. Do your best advising him, but if he turns a deaf ear, leave him (proverb said in reference to s.o. who disregards everybody's advice). nhar pl. -at, nhayer day xedmu fe-n-nhar

nar pl. -at, nhayer day xeamu fe-n-nhar u-fe-l-lil l-bare. They worked day and night yesterday. —nhar-aš mšat? What day did she leave?

¶ dak n-nhar the other day Ead šefthom dak n-nhar. I saw them just the other day.

¶ had n-nhar today

¶nhar l-\tau\text{add} (on) Sunday (used similarly in connection with all the days of the week, holidays, and feast occasions)

Inhar 1-Eid k-kbir (on) the day of Greater Bairam

¶ši-nhar, wazed n-nhar one day, some day

nhaya same as nihaya

nhayer pl. of nhar

nehd pl. nhud (woman's) breast

nhed v.i. (v.n. nhid, nhud) 1. to shout nehdet fiya qbel zetta ma-nsellem Eliha. She shouted at me before I even greeted her.

2. to become emancipated

¶ nhed b- to come out with (as a new fashion)

nehḍa pl. -t 1. emancipation kethet wazed l-maqal Eāl n-nehḍa n-niswiya fe-bladha. She wrote an article about the emancipation of women in her country. 2. renaissance šeft riwaya Eāl n-nehḍa l-Pirļandiya dak n-nhar. I saw a play about the Irish Renaissance the other day.

nhi v.n. of nha

nhid v.n. of nhed

nhiq v.n. of nheq nhiž v.n. of nhež

nheq v.i. (v.n. nhiq) to bray (donkey)

nhud pl. of nehd

nhud v.n. of nhed

nhež v.i. (v.n. nhiž) to pant, to breathe with shallow, rapid breaths

nehža n.i. of nhež

¶ $fih\phi$ n-nehža to be out of breath

niban pl. of nab

nibru n.u. werqa de-n-nibru cigaret paper (for rolling one's own cigarets)

nidam pl. nudum, eandima 1. order l-mudir !leb men t-tlamed iz afdu Eal n-nidam. The principal asked the students to main11

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tain order. 2. rule, regulation, statute 3. regime, political system nif pl. nyuf nose (human) nifaq 1. same as nfaq 2. v.n. of nafeq niha?i pl. -yen final £taha ž-žwab n-niha?i. He gave her the final answer. niha?iyān 1. completely had ṛ-ṛažel meq niha?iyān. This man is completely crazy.

nina i yan. I his man is completely crazy.

2. not... at all ma-qolt-lu-šay men had š-ši niha@iyān. I haven't told him this at all.

nihaya pl. -t 1. end hadi n-nihaya de-t-triq.

This is the end of the road. 2. extreme.

This is the end of the road. 2. extreme, utmost degree, maximum wessel le-n-nihaya de-t-tsara. He reached the utmost degree of insolence.

I fe-l-gaya u-n-nihaya 1. excellent, perfect 2. perfectly 3. neat, shipshape nila aniline (kind of blue dye) nili pl. -yen indigo nimiru pl. -yat, nwamer number £tini n-nimiru de-t-tilitun dyalek. Giye me your

n-nimiru de-t-tilifun dyalek. Give me your telephone number. I nimiru waz ed first-rate, excellent

ninan v.n. of nan ninna ininni v.i. to go to sleep (said to little

children only)
nira pl. -t shuttle (weaving)

niran pl. of nar nišan (invariable) 1. straight Emel wazed s-ster ikum nišan. Draw a straight line. —tbāE dak t-triq nišan. Keep straight on that road. 2. exactly, sharp ža fe-t-tlata nišan. He came exactly at three. 3. pl. nvašen medal

niya pl. -t 1. v.n. of nwa 2. intention kanet niyti n čáwwnu. My intention was to help him. 3. faith, confidence, trust hadik

ma-Eamla niya f-Zădd. She has faith in nobody. 4. simple-mindedness 5. naive, simple, or artless person hadak gir weld niya. He's just a naive boy.

¶ be-n-niya (sometimes with pron. endings) really, seriously be-n-niya gad-dzuwweż? Are you really going to get married? —r-ana ka-nikellem m ak b-niyti. I'm talking to you seriously.

¶ niya u-zramiya deceptively naive ¶ Ela niytu\$ same as be-n-niya

niyaba v.n. of nab

The-n-niyaba Ela on behalf of niyy pl. -en 1. raw had l-lzăm ma-zal niyy.

This meat is still raw. 2. untanned (hide) nkaya pl. -t n.i. of naka

nked v.i. (v.n. nkid) 1. to become sad (person) 2. to fade, to become dim (color, light)

nekda n.i. of nked nkid v.n. of nked nkir v.n. of nker nkis v.n. of nkes
nekkar pl. -in ag. adj. of nker

¶ nekkar l-xir f. nekkart l-xir ungrateful nekked v.t. to sadden, to grieve

neknak adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a ag. adj. and n. of neknek

neknek v.i. to complain constantly, to voice continually one's dissatisfaction

nker v.t. (v.n. nkir, nokran) to deny ka-inker l-waqi E. He denies the truth. —nekrettu f-šehrayn d-le-kra. She denied she owes him two months' rent.

¶ nker l-xir to show ingratitude nekra pl. -t n.i. of nker

¶ dreb nekra to deny completely nokran v.n. of nker

¶ nokran l-xir ingratitude
nkes v.t. (v.n. nkis) to sweep (floor)
nmari pl. of nemra
nmili variety of green tea (of inferior quality)

nmili variety of green tea (of inferior quality)
nmel n.u. nemla ant
nemman pl -in slanderer

nemmam pl. -in slanderer nemmem f- to slander

nemmer v.t. to number, to designate by number

nmer pl. nmura tiger

nemra pl. -t, nmari number ¿andek n-nemra de-t-tilifun dyalu? Do you have his telephone number?

nems 1. pl. nmusa (dim. nmiyysa) ferret 2. n.u. -a freckle

nmura pl. of nmer nmusa pl. of nems 1

nnit used in indicating precision as to persons, things, places, time, situations, etc. hiya nnit lli šrathom. It was she who bought them. —huma nnit lli qaluha-li. They told me themselves. —hadak nnit l-uțil fayn bett. That's exactly the hotel where I spent the night.

where I spent the night.

nga (m.) 1. cleanness 2. comp. of ngi
nqabi pl. of noqba

nqali pl. of neqla

nqai pl. of neqta

nqawa same as nga 1

nqayer pl. of nqir

ngayri pl. -va silversmith

nqayri pl. -ya silversmith nqaz v.n. of negqez

nqeb v.t. (v.n. nqib) 1. to peck at, to eat with the beak 2. to nibble at, to eat in little bites 3. to make a hole in (e.g., wall, door)

ngeb pl. of neqba, noqba

neqba, noqba pl. -t, nqabi, nqeb hole (especially in a wall; perforation rather than cavity)

¶ dreb n-nqeb Ela to rob (a building) by breaking through the wall

mqed v.t. (v.n. nqid, neqdan) to rescue, to
deliver, to save

meqdan v.n. of nged

#qi pl. -yen (comp. nqa) clean

nqib v.n. of nqeb

nqid v.n. of nqed

agil v.n. of ngel

*qir pl. nqayer 1. vat for storing oil at an oil-press 2. box-like brick (or stone) bowl (with drain) constructed at the floor level and directly beneath a tap or faucet

nqis v.n. of nqes

nqiš v.n. of ngeš

ngiz v.n. of neggez

nqel v.t. (v.n. nqil, neql) 1. to carry (as from one place to another) 2. to copy, to reproduce

negl v.n. of ngel

¶ šarika de-n-neql transportation service neqla, noqla pl. -t, nqali 1. load (carried by a porter, a horse, a cart, a truck, etc.) 2. shoot (plant)

nequeq v.i. to ferret, to nose around bqa ka-inequeq zetta lqa s-sareq. He kept nosing around until he found the thief.

neqqa v.t. 1. to clean 2. to peel or scrape (vegetables) 3. to shell, to hull (e.g., beans, peas, etc.) 4. to clear (earth)

neggal pl. -a carrier, porter

neggaš pl. -a sculptor

neggaz pl. -a ag. n. of neggez

neqqel v.t. 1. to carry, to remove from one place to another 2. to transfer

neqqer v.t. to plate with silver, to silver-plate neqqeš same as nqeš

neqqet 1. v.t. to dot, to mark with dots 2. v.t. or v.i. to drip 3. v.i. to play (musical notes)

¶ neqqet š-šmã (Ela) to make sarcastic remarks (about)

neqqez v.i. (v.n. tenqaz, nqaz, nqiz) 1. to jump, to leap, to hop ma-qder-š ineqqez ¿ăl l-~ăyt. He couldn't jump over the wall. 2. to dive (swimming)

noqra, neqra silver šrat demliž de-n-noqra. She bought a silver bracelet.

nges (v.n. ngis, negsan, nogsan, negs) 1. v.t. to suppress, to eliminate, to omit, to cut out negsu-lu tlata de-s-sefc at men l-magal dyalu. They cut three pages out of his article. 2. v.t. to subtract, to take away 3. v.i. to decrease, to diminish l-begra negset fe-t-tqol. The cow decreased in weight. 4. v.i. to go down (price) 5. v.i. to depreciate, to lessen (in value) d-dar

depreciate, to lessen (in value) d-dar negset fe-l-qima. The house has depreciated in value.

¶ naes men 1. to cut down, to lower, to

¶ nqeş men 1. to cut down, to lower, to reduce mnayn tuwşel l-le-mdina nqeş men ş-sor ¿a. When you reach town, reduce the

speed. 2. to turn down (radio, motor) 3. to set back (clock) ngesna sactayn men l-magana. We set the clock back by two hours.

Ta.p. naqes pl. -in 1. incomplete l-xedma naqsa. The work is incomplete. 2. missing bezzaf d-le-\(\tau\) wayez naqsin f-had l-bit.

There are a lot of things missing from this room. 3. incompetent, weak (in performance) xti ma-zala naqsa f-le-zsab. My sister is still weak in mathematics.

¶ dar b-nages to change one's mind kan gad-isafer me ana u-dar b-nages. He was going on the trip with us but he changed his mind.

¶ dar (or Emel) b-naqes men to do without ila šrit radyu jad-ndir b-naqes men magana ždida. —If I buy a radio I'll do without a new watch.

¶ naqes tyab 1. incompletely cooked 2. not quite ripe, green

¶ murekkab neqş inferiority complex noqşan, neqşan 1. v.n. of nqeş 2. defect ila žberti ši-noqşan f-had l-?ala reddha-lna. If you find any defect in this machine, bring it back to us. 3. drawback, shortcoming n-noqşan le-kbir lli fih huwa Eămmru

ma-ka-iz afed čăl l-mawa id dyalu. His big drawback is that he never keeps his appointments.

nqeš v.t. (v.n. neqš, nqiš) 1. to carve (wood, marble, etc. artistically) 2. to sculpture 3. to harrow (ground)

negš v.n. of ngeš

neqša pl. -t, nqaši 1. spring (as in a clock)
2. catch release (on a switchblade knife)

** feltet-lu n-neqša. He's gone mad.
neqṭa, noqṭa, pl. -t, nqaṭi 1. drop ma-bqat-ši
neqṭa wez da de-z-zit. There is not a single
drop of oil left. 2. stop, period xeṣsek noqṭa
men ba da had l-zumla. You need a period
after this sentence. 3. dot, spot 4. stroke,
apoplexy

neržis n.u. -a daffodil

nsa insa v.t. (v.n. nesyan) to forget & andak tensa ma-dži-š! Don't forget to come!

nsa pl. of mra

nsab pl. of nsib

nsawi pl. -yen effeminate

nsaxi pl. of nesxa

nseb (l-) (v.n. nsub) to attribute (to) l-aš ġad-nnesbu ṣ-ṣuquṭ dyalu? What can we attribute his failure to?

¶ nseb Ela to charge, to impute to (s.o.) ka-ndenn bari? men l-žarima lli nesbu Elih. I think he is innocent of the crime imputed to him.

nesba pl. -t comparison

¶ be-n-nesba l- in comparison to

nsib pl. nsab relative by marriage, in-law (usually parents, brothers, and sisters) nsiba pl. -t f. of nsib nsil v.n. of nsel nsim breeze, light wind nsix v.n. of nsex nsiž v.n. of nsež nsel v.i. (v.n. nsil) 1. to fall out (hair) šč ărha nsel. Her hair fell out. 2. to shed skin (snake) l-zenš ka-insel. The snake sheds (his) skin. nsel progeny, offspring ¶ mar le-n-nsel jackass used for breeding purposes, stud ass nesma pl. -t 1. very soft wind 2. slight odor (pleasant or unpleasant) nser pl. nsura vulture nessa v.t. to make forget nessatni š-šgal lli kont gad-ndir. She made me forget the work I was going to do. - awel inessiha f-raželha l-luwwel. He tried to make her forget her first husband. nessax pl. -a copyist, transcriber nessay pl. -in forgetful nessel v.t. to sire, to beget nessem v.t. to give flavor to, to flavor nsub v.n. of nseb nsubiya in-law relationship, relationship by marriage nsura pl. of nser nsex v.t. (v.n. nsix) to copy down (text), to transcribe nesxa pl. -t, nsaxi copy hadi n-nesxa l-@asliya. This is the original copy. —nteb ¿ăt myatayn nesxa. Two hundred copies were printed. nesyan v.n. of nsa nsež v.t. (v.n. nsiž) to weave nsali pl. of nesla nsara pl. of nesrani nsas pl. of ness, noss nsaza 1. v.n. of nsez 2. clearness, brightness nseb v.t. (v.n. nsib) 1. to prepare (food) for cooking 2. to set (trap) ¶ nesbu~ l- to frame (s.o.), to make (s.o.) the victim of a false charge nesba n.i. of nseb nsib v.n. of nseb nsiraf pl. -at finale (music) nsiz v.n. of nsez nesla pl. -t, nsali blade of an old knife (generally used together with a hammer for breaking big lumps of sugar) nser v.t. (v.n. nesr, nser) 1. to crown (king) 2. to make victorious (God as the subject) nser 1. v.n. of nser 2. victory, triumph nesr v.n. of nser nesranı pl. nsara Christian (n.) ness, noss pl. nsas 1. half ntadertu ness sa Ea.

I waited half an hour for him. 2. middle bnaw sur f-ness ž-žnan. They built a wall in the middle of the garden. 3. light blanket 4. trick, ruse ¶ dreb b-ness to trip (s.o.) ness pl. nsus, nusus text had s-sbat nešru ness l-xitab de-r-ra@is. The text of the President's speech was published this morning. nessab pl. -a crook, swindler nsus pl. of ness nsuziya same as nsaza nsez (v.n. nsiz, nsaza) 1. v.t. to counsel, to advise l-qustad dyalu nes u idir t-tibb. His teacher advised him to study medicine. 2. v.i. to shine, to be bright 3. v.i. to excel ka-insez fe-xdemtu. He excels in his work. $n\check{s}e^{\varrho}$ v.t. (v.n. $n\check{s}i^{\varrho}$) 1. to build, to raise l-zukuma nešeet Eadad d-le-madres had l-Eam. The government has built many schools this year. 2. to start, to launch, to found xessna nnešeu ši-žem Liva ždida. We have to start a new organization. nša (f.) starch nšabi pl. of nešba nšašef pl. of neššafa nšawi pl. of nešwa nšaywi pl. -ya addict (smoking, drinking, etc.) nešba pl. -t, nšabi trap, snare nšed v.i. (v.n. nšid) 1. to sing (group song, hymn) 2. to read poetry (musically) $n\check{s}ef$ v.i. (v.n. $n\check{s}if$) 1. to dry, to get dry l-tqašer nešfu degya. The socks dried quickly. 2. to dry up, to go dry had l-bir ka-inšef fe-s-sif. This well goes dry in summer. nši? v.n. of nše? nšíd v.n. of nšed nšif v.n. of nšef nšir v.n. of nšer nšít v.n. of nšet nešneš v.i. to drizzle nšegg m.p. of šegg $n\check{s}er$ v.t. (v n. $n\check{s}ir$) 1. to saw 2. to hang (linen on the line) 3. to publish nešša v.t. to starch, to put starch in (clothes) neššafa pl. -t, nšašef blotter, piece of blotting paper neššef v.t. 1. to blot, to dry with a blotter 2. to wipe, to dry neššef režlik b-had l-futa. Dry your feet with this towel. -ana neasel I-lwani u-nta neššefhom. I'll wash the dishes and you dry them. neššet v t to please, to make happy nešštetni 1-xotba dyalu. His speech pleased me. nšet v.i. (v.n. našat, nšit) 1. to be glad, to

rejoice 2. to have fun 3. to be active,

energetic

nešwa pl. -t, nšawi habit, addiction (e.g., smoking, drinking) fih n-nešwa

de-d-doxxan. He's addicted to smoking.

nta you (m. sg. disjunctive pron.)

nta pl. -wat female scib l-wazed ifrez d-dker men n-nta f-le-bratel. It's hard to tell a male from a female among birds. ntagel v.i. (v.n. ntigal) 1. to be promoted or

advanced (in rank, position) 2. to move, transfer (from one place to another)

ntagem l- to avenge, to get revenge for kan bga intagem l-l-mut de-bbah. He wanted to avenge his father's death.

Intagem men to get revenge on, to get even with hadi telt snin u-hiya ka-tzawel tentagem mennu. She's been trying to get revenge on him for three years.

ntaxeb v.t. (v.n. ntixab) to elect ntaxbuh xlif de-r-ra? is. They elected him vice-president.

ntaya same as nta (you m. sg.)

ntayež pl. of ntiža

ntaž v.n. of ntež

same as mta

ntef v.t. (v.n. ntif) to pluck (fowl, feather) Intef biant (pl. biayen) to backbite, to speak evil of men Eadtu ma-ka-intef btant Tădd. He doesn't usually speak evil of anybody. -baraka u-ma-tentef fe-biayen scabek! Stop backbiting your friends.

nti you (f. sg. disjunctive pron.)

ntif v.n. of ntef

ntina same as nta (you m. sg.) and nti (you

ntigal pl. -at 1. v.n. of ntagel 2. promotion, advancement (of rank, position) 3. transfer, move

ntir v.n. of nter

ntixab 1. v.n. of ntaxeb 2. pl. -at election

ntiya same as nti (you f. sg.)

ntiža pl. -t, ntayež 1. result kif kanet n-ntiža d-le-mtizan? What was the result of the examination? 2. profit, use ma-țel čăt-lu ntiža men ș-sefra dyalu. His trip was of no

ntkel same as ttkel

nter v.t. (v.n. ntir) 1. to snatch away, to grab kont ka-negra u-hiya netret-li le-ktab men yeddi. I was reading when she suddenly snatched the book out of my hand. 2. to puff on (cigaret)

netra pl. -t n.i. of nter

ntuma you (pl. disjunctive pron.)

netwa pl. -t female had l-bertal dker wella netwa? Is this bird a male or a female? ntež v.t. (v.n. ntaž, intaž) to produce, to yield had le-blad ka-tentež-lu le-twan de-l-gemz. This field yields him tons of wheat.

nțiq v.n. of nțeq

ntiz v.n. of ntez

nteq v.i. (v.n. ntiq, notq) to pronounce, to articulate mnayn ka-ikun ka-igra

ma-ka-inteq-s mezyan. When he reads he doesn't articulate well.

¶nteq b- to utter, to mention gir ana ntegt be-smiytu u-huwa wqef. As soon as I mentioned his name, he stood up.

notq v.n. of nteq

ntez v.t. (v.n. ntiz) 1. to hit with the horns 2. to give a blow with the head, to butt

netz a pl. -t n.i. of ntez

nuba du. nubtayn pl. -t, nweb (dim. nwiba) 1. time šī al men nuba mšaw l-bariz? How many times did they go to Paris? 2. turn nubt men l-yum fe-gsil l-lwani? Whose turn is it to wash dishes today? 3. movement (music)

¶ be-n-nuba by turns, alternately

¶ bă&d n-nubat sometimes

Inuba nuba every once in a while

¶šedd (or qbet) n-nuba to line up, to queue up

¶ Emel (or dar) n-nuba to take turns dayrin n-nuba Ela gsil le-mwa Een. They take turns at washing dishes.

nuder v.t. to stack (e.g., hay)

nuda n.i. of nad

nudan v.n. of nad nudum pl. of nidam

nuģeš same as naģeš

nun n.u. -a eel

nugaba pl. of nagib nusus pl. of ness

nuwambir, nuwamber November

nuwwab pl. of naveb (a.p. of nab) nuwwala pl. -t, nwawel, nwayel thatched hut nuwwar n.u. -a pl. -t, nwawer (dim.

nwiwra) flower

¶ n-nuwwar syphilis

¶ nuwwar š-šems sunflower

nuwwaša pl. -t, nwaweš puff, knob (as on a

nuwwaz pl. -in whiny, given to whining nuwweb v.t. to appoint as delegate or assistant nuwwed v.t. 1. to wake up, to rouse (from

sleep) 2. to stir up, to raise s-siyara nuwwdet bezzaf de-l-gobra. The car stirred up a lot of dust. 3. to start nta lli nuwwedti l-mutur? Did you start the motor? -koll sbar ka-inuwwed debza mEa l-xeddama. Every morning he starts a fight with the workers. —kanu nuwwdu wazed l-Eafya kbira fe-l-gaba. They had started a big fire in the forest. 4. to stage, to mount l-Commal nuwwdu mudahara l-barez. The workers staged a demonstration yesterday.

Inuwwed l-gelb 1. to make throw up l-kebda lli klat nuwwedet-lha qelbha. The liver she ate made her throw up. 2. to nauseate hdertha ka-tnuwwed l-gelb. The way she talks is nauseating.

nuwwem v.t. 1. to anesthetize 2. to hypnotize nuwwer 1. v.t. to enlighten dak le-ktab

z agigaten nuwwer-lu l-fikr dyalu. That book really enlightened his mind. 2. v.t. to give more charm and more pleasure to, to honor (a place or a person as a result of one's desired presence, and as a comparison to a flower) nuwwret-lna l-zăfla b-le-mži dvalha. She made our party more charming by coming. 3. v.i. to flourish, to blossom

nuwwe v.i. to lament, to wail nuzha same as nzaha

nue pl. nwae, eenwae kind, sort, variety šmen nu de-l-qehwa ka-tešrob? What kind of coffee do you drink?

nwa, inwi (v.n. niya) 1. v.t. to think

ma-nwitu-š iži l-yum. I didn't think he would come today. 2. v.t. to wish for, to make a wish lli nwatha ka-tzesseļ Eliha. Whatever she wishes for she gets. 3. v.i. to intend, to plan ka-inwi išri siyara ždida, He intends to buy a new car.

nwa n.u. -ya almond nwader pl. of nader nwad v.n. of nad nwader pl. of nader nwafel pl. of nafila nwafex pl. of nafex nwala same as nuwwala nwamer pl. of nimiru nwames pl. of namusiva nwages pl. of nagus nwawel pl. of nuwwala

nwawer pl. of nuwwara (n.u. of nuwwar) nwaweš pl. of nuwwaša

nwayel pl. of nuwwala

nwaz v.n. of naz

nwaE, genwaE pl. of nuE nwa Eer pl. of na Eura

nwa ¿ri f. -ya pl. -ya, -yat cunning, wily nweb pl. of nuba

nwiba dim. of nuba

nwiges dim, of nagus

nwiwra dim. of nuwwara (n.u. of nuwwar)

nwie ra dim. of na Eura

nxasi pl. of nexsa

nxel n.u. nexla palm-tree

nexsa pl. nxasi side-ache (e.g. from too much running)

nexwa distinguished appearance

¶ dfă € n-nexwa to assume a distinguished air

noxxal, noxxala bran

¶ Eta n-noxxal not to pay attention (to s.o.) Etih n-noxxal! Don't pay any attention to him!

nexxel v.t. to give (s.o.) the cold shoulder nyab pl. of nab nyašen pl. of nišan

nyuf pl. of nif

nzaha pl. -t, nzayeh 1. v.n. of nezzeh 2. picnic 3. pleasure s-sfer fe-l-baxira nzaha. It's a pleasure to travel by ship.

nzalı pl. of nezla

nzayeh pl. of nzaha

nzayhi pl. ya party-goer, one who attends or likes parties

nzef v.i. (v.n. nzif) to go dry had s-saqya fe-s-sif ka-tenzef. This creek goes dry in summer.

nzif v.n. of nzef

nzel v.i. (v.n. nzul) 1. to fall nzel bezzaf de-t-telž l-bare. A lot of snow fell yesterday. 2. to land f-ayna matar nezlet

tiyartkom? What airport did your plane land at? 3. to disembark, to go ashore 4. to get off gir l-masina wegfet w-ana nzelt. As soon as the train stopped I got off.

-nzel men fug l-Eawd. He got off of the horse. 5. to be served ma-nezlet le-Eša z etta wsel. Supper wasn't served until he arrived. 6. to stay, to stay at l-lila l-luwwla nzelt f-l-util. The first night, I stayed at the hotel. -mnayn kont fe-d-dar l-bida nzelt Eănd Eămmi. When I was in Casablanca I stayed at my uncle's. 7. to be revealed l-qor@an nzel fe-š-šher d-remdan. The Koran was revealed during the month of Ramadan.

Inzel Ela 1. to strike, to hit violently nezlu Elih b-zerwata le-r-ras. They struck him on the head with a club. 2. to take by surprise, to visit (s.o.) by surprise (in order to have a meal or stay) 3. to be sold to (the highest bidder) at auction 4. to be revealed to, to come as revelation or inspiration to l-qorean nzel Eal n-nbi. The Koran was revealed to the Prophet. 5. to get (down) off of, to come down from nzel Eăl le-zmar. He got down off of the donkey. -nzel ¿ăl l-zit! Get down off the wall!

nezla pl. -t, nzali 1. n.i. of nzel 2. sudden illness of short duration (e.g., flu)

nzeq pl. nzuqa shuttle (in weaving)

nzul v.n. of nzel

nzuga pl. of nzeg

nezzeh v.t. (v.n. nzaha) 1. to give a picnic for 2. to entertain (with amusement)

nezzel v.t. 1. to put or lay (down) fayn nezzelti le-ktab lli kan hna? Where did you put the book that was here? 2. to serve (food) fuq-aš ka-tnezzlu le-Eša? When do you serve supper? 3. to unload (burden)

Inezzel Ela to sell to (the highest bid-

der, at auction)

107 nža inža v.i. (v.n. nažat) to escape, to come out safe nža men l-mut. He escaped (from) death. nžab pl. of nžib nžara (coll.) wood chips ¶ terf de-n-nžara chip of wood nžeb comp. of nžib nžib pl. -in, nžab (comp. nžeb) 1. intelligent 2. studious nžir v.n. of nžer nežma pl. -t, nžum star ¶ šaf n-nžum to get dizzy (as a result of a blow), "to see stars" nžer v.t. (v.n. nzir) 1. to plane (wood) 2. to sharpen (pencil) 3. to pave (road) nežrez v.i. to be wounded nžerzu Eadad de-n-nas fe-l-mudahara. Many people were wounded in the riot. nžum pl. of nežma nežža 1. to free, to liberate nežža š-ša b men l-Lubudiya. He freed the people from slavery. 2. to save, to deliver nežžat d-drari men l-Eafya. She saved the children from the fire. 3. to protect, to preserve !!ah inežžik! (May) God preserve you! nežžar pl. -a carpenter nežžem v.i. to be able ma-nežžmu-š ixeržu l-barez Ela wedd kanu Eandhom d-dyaf. They couldn't go out yesterday because they had guests. nžez v.i. (v.n. nažaz) 1. to succeed dima ka-inžez fe-t-tižara. He always succeeds in business. 2. to pass xtu ma-než et-š f-le-mtizan. His sister didn't pass the $n \subset af$ pl. of $n \subset if$ (same as $n \subset il$) $n \supset al$ pl. of $n \supset il$ nr as 1. copper 2. bronze nzasi pl. -yen 1. made of copper 2. coppery, copper colored 3. copper-plated nzaysi pl. -ya tinsmith nzif pl. -in, nzaf same as nzil n il pl. -in, n al thin, sickly, weak nzila dim. of nzăl nzir v.n. of nzer

nezza v.t. to get rid of completely, to exterminate nezzal pl. -a beekeeper, apiarist n al leather for shoe soles n Eala pl. -t, n Eayel (pair of) sandals neam yes (replied when one's name has been called or when answering a request) ** n am-as! Sir! (used especially by students when addressing a teacher) n am n.u. -a ostrich n as 1. v.n. of n as 2. sleep ¶ bih ϕ (or fih ϕ , or žah ϕ) n-n ξ as to be sleepy ≠ ¶ $ddah\phi$ n-n as to fall as leep $\neq ddani$ n-n as. I fell asleep. n ¿aš pl. -at, n ¿uša stretcher, litter nEayel pl. of nEala n ayem pl. of na ma nとaž pl. of năとža nとil v.n. of nとăl něăl v.t. (v.n. něil) to curse at, to call (s.o.) ¶ n č ăl š-šitan 1. to calm down (from anger) 2. to become reconciled năとnaと cpl. nとaneと mint (plant, pleaves) năzža pl. -t, nz až ewe nă Ela n.i. of n Eăl nă Ema pl. -t, n Eayem food (considered as a gift from God and therefore demanding respect) baraka u-ma-ddiyyă e neămt llah! Stop wasting God's food! $n \in as$ v.i. (v.n. $n \in as$) 1. to sleep, to go to sleep 2. to stop magantek nă Eset. Your watch has stopped. 3. to be quiet, motionless nă sa n.i. of n ع nă ¶ drebha b-nă Esa to sleep soundly žbertha darbaha b-nă Esa. I found her sleeping soundly. nă t 1. v.n. of nă t at 2. pl. n t adjective, modifier n Euša pl. of n Eaš neut pl. of năet 2 năと ăs v.t. to put to sleep,, to put to bed nă Eăt v.t. (v.n. ten Eat, ten Eit, nă Et) 1. to point out (with finger), to indicate 2. to describe, to give description of waxxa nă & Eăttiha-li ma-Eqelt-š Eliha. Although you described her for me, I couldn't remember her. 3. to tell about l-barez mšit l-dak s-suq lli nă Eătti-li. Yesterday I went to that market you told me about.

qabed a.p. of qbed qabil Cain (biblical) qabiliya 1. attention, consideration ma-ka-yă ti qabiliya le-wladu. He doesn't

năz wi pl. -yen 1. grammarian 2. grammatical

Q

nz is pl. -in ill-fated, unlucky

nzăll same as tzăll

nzăl n.u. nezla (dim. nzila) bee

nzer v.t. (v.n. nzir) to slaughter

give his children any attention. 2. energy, effort ma-zal fiha l-qabiliya l-l-xedma. She still feels she has enough energy to work. qabel v.t. (v.n. mqabla) 1. to take care of, to

attend Eămmti lli qablet bha melli kan mṛid. My aunt took care of my father when he was ill. 2. to meet, to have an encounter with (as in a contest) 3. to meet with, to encounter qablet suEuba kbira. She met with great difficulty. 4. to be in front of, to face 5. to be the partner of (e.g., card game)

qabla pl. -t, qwabel midwife qabul v.n. of qbel I and 3

They have to level xesshom iqaddu t-tṛiq.
They have to level the road. 2. to compare ma-ka-imken-lek-ši tqadd telmid m a l-qustad dyalu. You can't compare a pupil with his teacher.

qadim used in the expr.

¶ fe-l-qadim, f-qadim z-zaman in olden times

qadum pl. qwadem hoe

qada v.t. (v.n. mqadya) I. to finish, to be through qadaw xdemthom qbel mennu. They finished their work before he did. 2. to use up le-flus lli Etah xah kollhom qadahom. He used up all the money his brother gave him. —qadaw s-sokkar lli šrit l-barez. They used up the sugar I bought yesterday.

¶ qaḍa b- to finish with, to be through with —qaḍiti b-le-ktaba? Are you through writing? —mnayn iqaḍi b-had r-riša xudha. You may have this pen when he's through with it.

¶qaḍa men 1. to stop (doing s.th.)
ma-ka-ibġi-š iqaḍi men l-heḍṛa. He never
wants to stop talking. 2. to give up bḥa
qaḍa men d-doxxam. My father gave up
smoking. 3. to finish with, to be through
with mnayn nqaḍi men had l-makina
ġad-nbi ha. When I'm through with this
machine I'm going to sell it.

¶qaḍa m & a I. to exhaust, to use up qaḍaw ba & da m & a le-flus lli- & tahom bḥahom. They've already used up the money their father gave them. 2. to exhaust, to tire s-sfer t-twil dima ka-iqaḍi m & aha. A long trip always tire her. 3. to break (up) with ma- & reft-ši & laš qaḍa m & a s abu kollhom. I can't understand why he broke with all his friends.

qaḍa, qaḍa? 1. predestination (theological)
2. calamity, disaster

qadi pl. qudat judge (justice)

qadiya pl. -t 1. thing, matter mša išufu Ela ši-qadiya muhimma. He went to see him about an important matter 2. case qadiytu duwwzetha l-mez kama. His case has been judged by the court.

qadar 1. destiny 2. means ma-Eandu qadar bas isrtha. He doesn't have the means to buy it. 3. capability ma-bqa-lu qadar le-rkub l-xeyl melli wqā \(\xi - \ll l - \text{\$q\$ afat.} \) He's no longer able to ride horses since he had the accident. 4. authority qolt-lha temšī tšuf l-mudir li-\$\text{\$q\$ cnna ma-\tiles andi-\$i\$ l-qadāy baš nxelliha texyož. I told her to go and see the director because I don't have the authority to let her go out.

qadari pl. -yen one who believes in predestination

qaqus pl. qwaqes I. drain 2. gutter qafiya pl. -t, qawafi rhyme qahra pl. -t poverty, misery

¶ nsa l-qahra to be a parvenu

qa@ima pl. -t list, roster

qal iqil v.t. (v.n. mqayla, iqala) 1. to leave alone, to give peace to qul le-d-drari iqilu l-qett Elihom. Tell the children to leave the cat alone. 2. to grant (s.o.) a cancellation of sale or agreement (if the latter is unsatisfactory) kanet šrat tlata de-r-radyuyat men Eăndu u-mnayn ma-Eăzbuha-š qalha fihom. She had bought three radios from him, and when she didn't like them he gave her her money back. 3. to fire, to dismiss qaluh men l-mensib dyalu. They dismissed him from his position.

qal iqul (v.n. qewl) 1. v.t. to say šnu qalet melli dexlet? What did she say when she came in? —kif tqul had š-ši be-n-negliza? How would you say this in English? 2. v.t. to tell (the person told s.th. is introduced by the prep. l-) qolt-lu ibqa m Eana. I told him to stay with us. —ma-qalu-li-š smiytu. They didn't tell me his name. 3. v.i. to think about, to plan to, to intend ka-iqul gad-imši l-l-megrib f-had s-sif. He's thinking about going to Morocco this summer.

¶ ka-iqulu they say, it is said ka-iqulu ka-itiz t-telž ģedda. They say it's going to snow tomorrow. —had š-ši lli ka-iqulu. That's what they say.

¶qall- to call š-ka-tqulu l-hadi be-l-čărbiya? What do you call this in Arabic?

¶ qal-lu ϕ rasu ϕ (or $\xi \check{a}qlu\phi$) to like, to please $\neq ma$ -i $\xi \check{a}mlu$ gir lli qal-lhom ξq elhom. They only do what they please.

¶ tqul it seems, it looks like tqul š-šta ġad-tenzel. It looks like it's going to rain. —duk le-wlad ma-tqul-š xut. Those boys don't look like brothers.

¶u-tqul used to show absolute shortage or absence (uttered with more stress and higher pitch than the remainder of the sentence) u-tqul bqa-lu derhem wazed. He doesn't have a single dirham left.

-žberti ši-wared temma?-u-tqul! Did you find anyone there?-Not a soul. qala pl. -t, qyel cubit

qala (also qalak) used in stressing the con-

trary of a statement or situation ma-dazet-š f-le-mtican—dazet, qala. She didn't pass her examination.—Yes, she did!—rak gad-tuwsel mcattel.—qala ya-weddi.

You're going to be late.—Oh, no, I'm not!

—ne ăyytu-lu qala u-nfessru-lu koll-ši. On
the contrary, we should call him and explain everything to him.

qalaba pl. -t turbulence, disturbance ¶ nwwed qalaba to raise Cain

qalak same as qala

qalaq impatience l-qalaq dyalu ka-i*eddi bih l-l-mašakil. His impatience gets him into trouble.

qalayba same as qalaba

qaleb pl. qwaleb 1. mold 2. shoe-tree 3. sugar loaf (coneshaped)

qales Cadiz

qam iqim v.t. (v.n. qiman, qyum) 1. to prepare, to brew (tea, coffee) 2. to furnish, to supply

¶ qam s-sla to announce a prayer (Muslim) at the time of its performance

qam iqum v.i. (v.n. qyam) 1. to get up, to arise qam men mud&u u-gelles s-siyda. He got up from his place and seated the lady. —qemna bekri had s-sba\(\tau\). We got up early this morning. 2. to start, to begin huwa lli qam ka-isebbhom. He's the one who started calling them names. 3. to start, to break out had \(\delta\)-is uq\(\alpha\)\(\text{\text{\text{q}}}\) qbel-ma tqum \(l-\text{\text{\text{\text{q}}}\) This happened before the war started. —l-\text{\text{\text{q}}}\) qamet \(f-\darha\) qamet binathom. A fight broke out between them 4. to stage \(l-\text{\text{c}}\) ommal \(q\) qamu \(b-\) mudahara \(l-\) bare\(\text{\text{c}}\). The workers staged a demonstration yesterday.

¶ qam b-1. to take care of xellih iqum be-d-dyaf. Let him take care of the guests. 2. to perform, to do, to play kan f-?imkanu iqum b-wazed d-dur muhimm fe-l-mu?tamar. He could have played an important role at the conference.

** qamet le-mna a Elih. He was mourned.

qama pl. -t stature, height bbah ražel qamtu kbira. His father is a tall man.

qamižža pl. -t, qwamež (dim. qwimža, qwimižža) shirt

qamus pl. qwames dictionary

qana pl. -t ditch, canal

qanabil pl. of qonbula

ganal pl. -at canal

qansa pl. -t, qwanes gizzard

qanun pl. qwanen 1. regulation, law 2. zither qaqa v.i. (v.n. mqaqya) to cackle

qaraba (family) relationship & andek

ši-qaraba mea l-qustad dyalek? Do you

have any family relationship with your teacher?

qarabala pl. -t racket, hullabaloo, commotion aš had-l-qarabala llı ka-nesma

fe-z-zenqa? What's the racket I hear in the

qarar pl. -at 1. decision 2. decree

qarasina pl. of qorsan

qari a.p. of qra

qarib same as qrib (relative)

qariza pl. -t zeal, enthusiasm zăndu qariza kbira fe-xdemtu ž-ždida. He has a lot of enthusiasm for his new work.

qartaxenna 1. Carthage 2. Cartagena

(Spain)

** sir _etta l-qartaxenna! Go to the devil!

qas iqis v.t. 1. to touch \(\gamma \) as u ka-iqis s-sqef. His head touches the ceiling. 2. to stain \(qaset \) ksewtha b-la-mdad. She stained her dress with ink. 3. to hurt, to offend \(ma-b\tilde{g}a \) y\(\tilde{\gamma} \) mel \(mula \) ada \(ba \) ma-iqis \(\tilde{\gamma} \) add. He didn't want to make any remark in order to avoid hurting someone.

qasa v.i. (v.n. mqasya) to suffer, to endure, to go through hardship

qasa?id pl. of qasida

gased a.p. of gsed

qasida pl. -t, qasa?id poem (usually lengthy)
qasez pl. -in (comp. qsez) 1. thick (liquid)
2. rugged 3. harsh, cruel hadik mṛa qelbha
qasez. She is a hard-hearted woman.
4. rough, severe l-berd ža qasez had
l-Eam. We've had a rough winter this
year. 5. difficult le-mtizan kan qasez. The
examination was difficult.

¶ rasu^φ qase to be stubborn ≠ qatel v.t. or v.i. (v.n. qital, mqatla) to fight, to combat

qate a.p. of qta c qawafi pl. of qafiya

qawa Eid pl. of qa Eida

qawel v.t. (v.n. mqawla) to promise, to give one's word qawelt xti baš nddiha

le-s-sinima. I promised my sister I would take her to the movies. —qawlu bbah

b-radyu ždid. His father promised him a new radio.

qawem v.t. (v.n. mqawma) to withstand, to repel, to hold off

qayed pl. qiyyad, qoyyad administrative head of a county

¶ qayed l-meswer Master of Ceremonies at the Royal Palace

qayla pl. qwayel 1. hottest part of a summer day 2. blazing summer sun

qayma same as *qa♀ima*

qa E pl. qi E an 1. bottom 2. pedestal 3. buttocks, rump 4. sole (foot or shoe) ¶ qa& d-derb end of a street ¶ qa& le-blad (the) heart of town

¶ qa& -qolla cardamom

¶weld (bent) l-qaE u-l-baE one who has lived in the city all his life, and who comes from a well-known family

qaça pl. -t 1. market for fats and dry fruit
2. housewarming yad-içămlu l-qaça
le-ddar ž-ždida. They're going to have a
housewarming for the new house.

housewarming for the new house. aa & ida pl. -t. aawa & id. awa & ed 1. rule Etini ši-qa Eida ntmešša Eliha. Give me a rule I can follow. 2. principle men ga Eidti ma-ka-nsellef zădd ma-ka-isellefni. One of my principles is never to lend or borrow. 3. habit, manner fiha qa eida qbiza, dima ka-dži mčăttla. She has the bad habit of always coming late. - E awwed-li E al l-qawa Eid de-l-makla fe-bladkom. Tell me about the table manners in your country. 4. custom l-gawa id de-z-zwaž bdat ttbeddel fe-l-megrib. Marriage customs are changing in Morocco. 5. base l-zukuma l-? amirikiya Eăndha Eadad de-l-gawa Eid E ăskariya fe-l-xariž. The U.S. Government

has many military bases abroad.

¶ bla qa Eida improperly

¶ be-l-qa Eida, Eăl l-qa Eida properly, correctly, (in) the proper way

qbab pl. of qobb qbadi pl. of qebda

qbala 1. v.n. of qbel 2 2. well, very well,

thoroughly had l-bit xessu itneddef qbala.
This room needs to be cleaned thoroughly.
abalt in front of, facing

qbaqeb pl. of qebqaba

qbati pl. of qebta (same as qebda)

qbaten pl. of qebtan

qbaybi pl. -ya same as qebbab

qbayel pl. of qbila

qbayla a while ago qbayla wselna. We arrived a while ago

¶ men qbayla (for) quite a while men qbayla u-\(\mathbb{c}\) na nessennaw. We've been waiting for quite a while.

qbaz v.i. (v.n. qbaza) 1. to get bad l-zala s-siyasiya bdat teqbaz. The political situation is getting bad. —sirtu qbazet bezzaf. His conduct got very bad. 2. to become badlooking, to look bad or ugly qbazet melli qessret ščărha. She looks ugly since she had her hair cut short.

qbaz pl. of qbiz qbaza 1. v.n. of qbaz 2. pl. -t villainy qbeb pl. of qobba

qobb pl. qbab 1. hood kebbuti de-š-šta ma-fih qobb. My raincoat doesn't have a hood. 2. bucket, wooden pail

qobba pl. -t, qbeb (dim. qbiba) 1. dome,

cupola 2. the best furnished room of a house, used as a living-room (usually isolated from other rooms and having a domed ceiling) 3. shrine built around the tomb of a saint

¶ bna (or Emel) l-qobba l- to give a big build-up to, to overpraise

¶ dfăと l-qobba to boast

qebbab pl. -a cooper

qebbad pl. -a same as qabed (a.p. of qbed) qebbeb v.t. to give the shape of a dome to

¶ qebbeb le-Ebar to measure generously (wheat, flour, etc. in a measuring cup) qebbel 1. v.t. to kiss 2. v.i. to face Mecca (e.g., when praying)

qebber v.t. 1. to bury 2. to hide, to conceal qebbet v.t. to make a bundle of (mint leaves, carrots, etc.)

¶qebbet b- 1. to make (s.o.) get hold of škun lli qebbtek b-had l-makina

de-t-teswir? How did you get hold of this camera? 2. to put into a situation (usually undesirable) bi a u-šerya b-aš qebbiuh! What a deal they got him into!

¶qebbet l- 1. to burden, to "stick" with qebbtu-lha t-teftiš d-le-myadi. They stuck her with the inspection of the toilets. 2. to inflict upon qebbet-lu wared d-derba

qas za. He inflicted a heavy blow upon him.
¶qebbet le-klam l- to make sarcastic
remarks to

qbed v.t. (v.n. qbid, qbud, qebd) 1. to take, to accept ma-bga igbed le-flus men Eand zădd. He didn't want to accept money from anyone, 2. to hold llah ixellik qbed-li had s-sendug Ela-ma nă Emel wazed t-tilifun. Would you please hold this box for me while I make a phone call? 3. to get, to receive qbedti le-xlas de-š-šher lli daz? Did you get last month's pay? 4. to collect (rent, tax, etc.) 5. to catch gebduh ka-isreq. They caught him stealing. 6. to arrest, to detain The police arrested. him yesterday. 7. to keep, to retain kont nawi nbat Eăndhom lila wezda, sa ea qebduni telt iyyam. I was intending to spend one night with them, but they kept me for three days. 8. to constipate

ma-ka-takol-š t-teffaz Ela zăqq ka-iqbedha. She doesn't eat apples because they constipate her.

¶qbed f- 1. to hold on to, to hang on to tat it ma-sab fayn iqbed. He fell because he couldn't find anything to hold on to.

2. to stick to, to keep messab gir iqbed fe-klamu. I just hope he sticks to his word.

3. to abide by, to practice hadak ražel ka-iqbed fe-l-mabadi? dyalu. He's a man who abides by his principles.

¶ abed l-aeššaba Ela to tease, to poke fun

¶ gabed pl. gobbad 1. cashier 2. collector (rent, tax, etc.)

¶ p.p. megbud 1. constipated 2. reserved, reticent

gebd v.n. of gbed

gebda pl. -t, gbadi 1. n.i. of gbed 2. handle (hammer, rake, broom, suitcase, etc.)

3. knob (of door) 4. bundle, bunch (mint leaves, vegetables)

qbel I. v.t. (v.n. qbul, qabul) to accept, to

admit geddmet t-talab be-l-7 agg ma-qebluha-š. She applied but was not accepted. 2. v.t. (v.n. qbala) to midwife, to assist a mother in childbirth 3. v.i. (v.n. qbul, qabul) to consent, to agree

** qbelt u-rdit. O.K., I accept.

qbel, qbel men before weslet qbel le-gda. She arrived before dinner. -qadat šgalha qbel menni. She finished her work before me.

I men qbel previously, before (hand), already šeft had r-riwaya men qbel. I've

already seen this play.

¶gbel-ma, gbel-la before (conj.) gsel yeddik qbel-ma takol. Wash your hands before you eat. -sellat qbel-ma tençăs. She prayed before she went to sleep. -gad-n&ayyet-lhom qbel-la imšiw. I'm going to call them before they leave.

¶ Ela gbel because ma-šeftha-š Ela gbel xeržet bekri. I didn't see her because she

left early.

gebla direction (toward Mecca) faced when praying

gebgaba pl. -t, gbageb sandal made of wooden sole and a leather strap

gber same as gbur gbet same as gbed

qebta same as qebda

gebtan pl. -at, qbaten captain (military)

qbez comp. of qbiz

qbid v.n. of qbed

qbila pl. -t, qbayel tribe gbiba dim. of gobba

gbiz pl. gbaz (comp. gbez) bad, unpleasant had l-lzăm riztu gbiza. This meat smells bad. --dima ka-tšedd nugat gbar

f-le-7 sab. She always gets bad grades in mathematics. -l-žuw kan qbiz dak n-nhar. The weather was bad that day.

gbud v.n. of gbed

qbul 1. v.n. of qbel 2. charm, amiability

** Elih le-qbul. He's pleasant-looking. qbur pl. -a, mqaber grave, tomb

qbura pl. of qbur

gdam v.i. to get old, used (thing) zwayžu mnayn ka-iqdamu ka-isiyyebhom. When his clothes get old, he throws them away.

qdam pl. of qdim and qdem 2 (same as qdem) gedd v.t. 1. to be enough for, to suffice l-xobz lli Eăndna ma-igedd-š l-le-gda. The bread we have won't be enough for lunch. 2. to be able (physically or morally) daba tgedd texrož Zit brat. Now that she's recovered she can go out.

Tgedd Ela 1. to afford f-had s-sa&a ma-ngedd gir Ela siyara ness lebsa. For the time being I can only afford a secondhand car. 2. to be able to bear, stand, or endure imken teažbek dak le-blad ila tgedd Eăl s-sehd dyalha. You might like that

country if you can stand its heat.

gedd 1. size, stature, height xtu bent geddha merbu &. His sister is a medium-sized girl. 2. the size of ka-in eas f-bit gedd t-tabaga dyalna. He sleeps in a room the size of our classroom. -wella gedd bbah fe-t-tul. He became as tall as his father. 3. the equal of, on a par with (rank, position)

¶ža gedd to fit šuf kan had l-keswa dži

geddek. See if this dress fits you.

¶ qedd qedd I. the same, equal (in age, size, rank, etc.) *hiya u-raželha qedd qedd* fe-t-tul. She's as tall as her husband. —škun lli kber, huwa wella hiya?-b-zuž gedd gedd. Who's the older, he or she?—They're both the same age. 2. exactly weslet fe-s-seb & a gedd gedd. She arrived exactly at six. 3. the same size as, as big (small) as qeddu qedd ši-tur. He's as big as an ox.

¶ qedd-aš, qedd-aš-en I. how big (small, tall, long, etc.) qedd-aš d-dar lli kritiw? How big is the house you rented? -qedd-as t-tisae dyal dak l-bit? How wide is that room? -qol-lna qedd-aš kanet l-xotba

dyalu. Tell us how long his speech was. -xessek tšuf xtu gedd-aš-en hiya fe-t-tul. You should see how tall his sister is. 2. indicates intensification of an idea gedd-as ka-tez seb f-rasha. She thinks a lot of herself. -qedd-aš-en huwa Eănd waldih. His parents think a whole lot of him.

T Ela gedd according to (means) ka-i Eis Ela gedd meswaru. He lives according to his earnings.

geddaf pl. -a oarsman, rower

qeddam, qoddam I. near, beside ka-iseknu geddam s-sinima. They live near the

theater. 2. ahead of, before gir sir geddami le-d-dar, ana gad-nži mčăttel. You can go home ahead of me, I'll be coming late. 3. in front of kan gales geddami fe-s-sinima. He was sitting in front of me at the movies. 4. in front of, in the presence of, before ma-ka-ibgi-š ikmi qeddam waldih. He doesn't like to smoke in front of his parents. 5. (the) front golna-lhom izidu l-goddam.

We told them to move up to the front. 6. (up) ahead Erefti šnu hadak qeddamna? Do you know what that is up ahead of us? 7. a movement in Moroccan Andalusian music (e.g., qoddam le-griba) gedded v.t. to cut up in small pieces (especially meat before smoking it) geddef v.i. to row qeddid n.u. -a meat cut up to be smoked geddem v.t. 1. to introduce bgit ngeddmek l-wazed s-siyyed şazbi Ead ža men ?amirika. I want to introduce you to a friend of mine who has just arrived from America. - škun ģad-iqeddem l-muz adir. Who's going to introduce the speaker? 2. to give precedence to ba Ed n-nas ka-igeddmu le-mlaga čăl l-xedma. Some people give pleasure precedence over work. 3. to put in (request, application) bgat tqeddem t-talab Ela dak l-xedma. She wants to put in an application for that work. 4. to name or appoint as mqeddem 5. to appoint as guardian men qbel ma-imut qeddem mmu Ela wladu. Before he died, he appointed his mother as guardian over his children. ¶part. mqeddem pl. -in 1. official in charge of one precinct of a city 2. guardian gedder same as gedder qeddes v.t. to revere, to venerate gedder v.t. 1. to hit (s.o.) on the top of the head with the palm of the hand, or with both hands joined 2. to humiliate (s.o.) by refuting a statement of his qdim pl. qdam (comp. qdem) old, used gad-itivy u le-bni le-qdim. They're going to tear down the old building. qdira dim. of qedra qdem Ela (v.n. qdum) 1. to drop in on (unexpectedly) 2. to tackle, to undertake qdem 1. comp. of qdim 2. pl. qdam same as adem qder same as qder gedra pl. -t, qdur (dim. qdira) 1. clay pot (cooking) 2. dish of meat or fowl prepared with vegetables and butter or oil gods in l-gods š-šarif and bit l-gods Jerusalem qdum v.n. of qdem qdur pl. of qedra qduza pl. of qdez qdez pl. qduza 1. small container (old and used, usually of metal) 2. chamber pot qedziya pl. -t n.i. of qeddez qda iqdi (v.n. mqedya, qodyan) 1. v.t. to accomplish, to achieve lli bgina kollu

l-le-gda? What do we have to buy for

lunch? 3. v.i. to get by dak š-ši lli rber

112 qdinah. We achieved all that we wanted. -ši ma-qdah. He didn't accomplish a thing. 2. v.t. to get, to buy š-xessna negdiw

ka-iqdi bih. Whatever he earns he gets by

¶qda b- to use Eăndek ši-mqes neqdi bih? Do you have a pair of scissors I can

¶ qda l- 1. to do (s.o.) good, to be beneficial to, to be good for qda-lha ši dak d-dwa? Did that medicine do her any good? 2. to be enough for, to suffice imken iqdiw-lu le-flus lli Etaweh waldih. The money his parents gave him might be enough for him.

¶qda zaža b- 1. to use qdat zaža be-l-mus u-reddettu. She used the knife and brought it back. 2. to take advantage of gir qdaw bih raža u-saftuh f-zalu. They just took advantage of him and sent him away. qda same as qada, qada?

gedder 1. to decree, to cause to happen (God) rebbi qedder l-mut Ela koll-ši. It's God's will that everyone should die. —lehla iqedder Elina ši-zarb Eawed. I hope we don't have another war. 2. to estimate, to

make an estimate of qedderna tlatin alef derhem l-dak d-dar. We estimated that house at 30,000 dirhams. 3. to esteem, to have respect for koll-ši ka-iqedder-lu xdemtu. Everyone esteems his work.

qder v.i. 1. to be able ma-qedru-š ixeržu bekri. They couldn't leave early. -qalt-lek teqder Ela had l-xedma. She said she could do this work. 2. to be able to afford (Ela before n. and pron.) ma-neqder-š ndiyya had l-wegt kollu. I can't afford to waste so much time. —ila teqder Ela dak d-dar, gir šriha. If you can afford that house, go ahead and buy it.

qder 1. means, possibility ma-Eăndu-š le-qder baš išri dar xra. He doesn't have the means to buy another house. 2. amount, sum žah qder kbir d-le-flus men bladu. He received a large sum of money from his country. 3. esteem, importance, high regard koll-ši ka-i ¿ ăddem qderhom. Everybody holds them in high regard (because of their social position).

¶ taz qedru ϕ to be held in low regard \neq , to lose the respect of others \(\neq \)

¶ tiyyez men qder l- to show disrespect for, to be disrespectful toward (usually in an embarrassing manner) tiyyzet-lu men qedru. She showed disrespect for him.

¶ Ela gder according to, in proportion to koll wazed ka-irbez Ela qder l-xedma lli ka-yă Emel. Each one earns according to the work he performs.

godra 1. power, authority ma-Eăndu-š l-qodra baš ixeddem n-nas. He doesn't have the authority to hire people. 2. capability,

aptitude, competence r-ra? is ka-iqelleb Ela ši-wazed Eăndu l-qodra Ela had l-xedma. The president is looking for someone with the capability for this work. 3. omnipotence (God) ¶žabettu ϕ l-qodra by chance eq ilažabettu l-qodra dayez . . . If by any chance he comes by . . . qedva pl. -t n.i. of qda qodyan v.n. of qda qfa iqfi v.t. (v.n. qefyan) 1. to interrupt, to stop (s.o.) abruptly in a conversation 2. to ostracize (children's language) qfa pl. -wat, qfi nape, back of the neck qfafel pl. of qeffal qfal pl. of qfel qfaten pl. of qeftan qfaz pl. of qfez qfef pl. of qoffa qoffa pl. qfef straw basket with two handles qeffal pl. qfafel piece of cloth with which the parts of the double boiler used for making seksu are sealed qeffel v.t. to seal (a double boiler) with a qeffal qefferha~ Ela to put (s.o.) in a difficult situation (by denouncing him, accusing him, or taking his possessions away) qfi pl. of qfa qfil v.n. of qfel qfiz v.n. of qfez qfel v.t. (v.n. qfil) 1. to lock, to put a padlock on 2, to complete š-šher l-maži gad-igfel Eesrin Eam de-l-xedma mEa l-zukuma. Next month he'll complete twenty years of work for the government. 3. v.t. and v.i. to close, to end gad-ngeflu l-žem & be-l-kalima dyalu. We're going to close the meeting with his talk. -moddt temn snin geflet. The eight-year period has ended. ¶ qfel Ela 1. to shut in 2. same as qeffel qfel pl. qfal, qful, qfula padlock gefgafa n.i. of gefgef qefqef v.i. to tremble, to shiver qeftan pl. qfaten caftan, long-sleeved robe with girdle qful, qfula pl. of qfel qfuza pl. of qfez qefya n.i. of qfa gefvan v.n. of gfa qfez v.i. (v.n. qfiz) to start, to jump, to dart qfez pl. qfaz, qfuza cage qefza pl. -t n.i. of qfez qhawi pl. of qehwa qhir v.n. of qher qher v.t. (v.n. qhir) 1. to beat, to overcome l-ferga dyalna qehrethom fe-l-mubarat. Our team beat them at the tournament. 2. to oppress, to treat unjustly

gehwa pl. -t, ghawi 1. coffee 2. café (usually with emphasis on coffee, tea, etc.) 3. tip (money) qehwaki pl. -yen café owner, café manager gehwi pl. -yen dark brown gibal see Ela gibal gil used in the expr. l-gil u-l-gal gossip qima pl. -t 1. importance Etaw qima kbira l-le-ktab dyalu. They attached great importance to his book. 2. cost, price šzal gimt had d-dar? What's the price of this house? 3. approximately, about šrina qimt tlata kilu de-l-lzăm. We bought about three kilos (weight) of meat. giman v.n. of gam igim qiqlan n.u. -a mimosa qisari pl. -yen cloth merchant qisariya pl. -t cloth market qital v.n. of qatel qitan pl. qyaten silk cord qiyama 1. resurrection 2. commotion, tumult ¶ yum l-qiyama Judgment Day giyyad pl. of gayed givyed v.t. 1. to register, to put down (as in records) 2. to appoint as qayed givyel v.i. to spend the day, to stay all day qiyyelt ka-nesbeğ d-dar l-barez. I spent the day painting the house yesterday. qiyyes, qiyyes v.t. 1. to measure qiyyes š-šeržem qbel-ma tešri l-xamiya. Measure the window before you buy the curtain. 2. to try on giyyest dak s-sebbat sa a ma-ža-š geddi. I tried those shoes on but they didn't fit me. qiyyez v.i. to suppurate, to fester, to form pus qiz pl. qyuz, qyuzat pus qiEan pl. of qaE gla igli v.t. 1. to fry 2. to roast (beans, peas, etc.) gladi pl. of gelda q¹al pl. of qlil qlaleš pl. of qelluš, qelluša glag same as galag qlaqel pl. of qelqula gla at pl. of gla & qleb v.t. (v.n. qlib) 1. to turn bqa ka-iqleb s-seft at bla-ma igrahom. He kept turning the pages without reading them. 2. to turn over ka-tegleb le-mterrbat merra fe-š-šher. She turns the mattresses over once a month. -gleb le-s-sefza xemsa u-reb&in. Turn (over) to page 45. 3. to knock over, to tip over gelbet t-tenžra mnayn kanet tcărrekha. She knocked the pot over while she was stirring it. 4. to turn upside down glebt s-sendug baš nexwih. I turned the box upside down to empty it. 5. to put in dis-

order, to make a mess of 6. to change, to alter, to misinterpret *l-žarida qelbet-lu*

t-tespiz lli dar. The newspaper altered the statement he made. 7. to break up (soil)

Tp.p. meglub pl. -in 1. inside out lbes taašru mealubin. He wore his socks inside out. 2. upside down

¶ be-l-meqlub backwards, the wrong way ka-vă mel koll-ši be-l-meglub. He does everything the wrong way. - retta huma ka-iketbu be-l-meglub? Do they write backwards, too?

gelb pl. glub 1. heart had le-mrid gelbu de if. This patient has a weak heart. 2. interior, inside xeşşek tšuf qelb dak le-qşer. You should see the interior of that palace. -yallah ndexlu l-qelb d-dar, temma nhedru. Let's go inside the house, we can talk there.

¶ be-l-gelb wholeheartedly

¶ bqa f-qelbuø, Emel f-qelbuø to be offended by (or because) bga f-qelbha lli ma-ža-š Eăndha fe-l-Eid. She was offended that he didn't come to her house for the celebration.

I men gelb out of, (out) from inside of ¶ nad-lu ϕ qelbu ϕ to feel nausea \neq , to be nauseated ≠

I nuwwed l-gelb l- to nauseate

¶ $qelbu\phi$ kbir (to be) generous, (to be) bighearted

¶ gettă [l-gelb l- to break (s.o.'s) heart ¶ Eta qelbu l- to buckle down to, to apply oneself resolutely to

gelda pl. -t, gladi height, stature (implies

¶ gelda u-hemma of fine appearance bbah ražel gelda u-hemma. His father is a man of fine appearance.

glib v.n. of gleb

glil rarely, seldom, not very often ka-temši tcum?—qlil. Do you ever go swimming? -Rarely, -glil f-aš ka-ixeržu mežmučin. They seldom go out together.

glil pl, glal (comp. gell) 1. rare, scarce t-tlamed I-mezyanin qlal f-had l-medrasa. Good students are rare in this school. 2. slight, little, insignificant kayen ferq qlil fe-t-taman. There's a slight difference in the price. 3. insufficient, not enough

Etawna l-makla qlila. They didn't give us enough food.

¶ qlil (f. qlilt) l-? adăb (or ş-şwab) impolite, ill-mannered

¶ qlil l-fayda good for nothing

¶qlil (f. qlilt) le-zya impudent, saucy ¶ qlil n-nefs lacking in self-respect or pride

¶ *qlil ş-şeحa* weak (physically by nature)

ع v.n. of qla

qell same as qellel

gell comp. of glil -tivybet xizzu gell men batata. She cooked less carrots than potatoes, -ka-itxelles gell mennek. He's paid less than you are.

 \P qell-emma f- the worst of

T Ela gell zaža, or Ela gell men hiya raža for the slightest reason

glel pl. of golla

qella v.t. to simmer or let simmer qella lack, shortage

¶ qellt l-?adăb (or s-swab) lack of manners, impoliteness

¶ qellt l-fayda uselessness

I be-l-gella at least

¶ qellt l-قmd ingratitude (to God)

¶ qellt le-z ya impudence, insolence

¶ qellt š-ši indigence

T Ela qelltha fayda for a trifle, for no reason

qolla pl. -t, qlel measuring can (used especially for oil)

gellan v.n. of gell (same as gellel)

qelleb v.t. 1. to examine, to give a physical examination to 2. to search (person, place) 3. to try, to try out nebģi ngelleb dik s-siyara qbel-ma nešriha. I would like to try that car out before I buy it.

¶ gelleb Ela to look for

gellel men to reduce, to diminish bgaw iqelllu-lu men leožra dyalu. They wanted to reduce his salary. -mnayn tewsel l-ši-lewya qellel men s-sor Ea. When you reach a curve, reduce the speed.

¶qellel le-zya Ela to become disrespectful toward or with (s.o.)

gelleg v.t. 1. to irritate, to irk 2. to worry, to upset le-xbar lli wșelni Elihom mqelleqni. The news I received about them is worrying me.

gelluš, gelluša pl. -t. glaleš type of clay pot for keeping water

qellă E 1. v.t. to pull up, to extract, to pull out r-riz be-ktert ž-žehd dyalu zetta gellă ? š-šežra. The wind was so strong that it pulled up the tree. -t-tbib qellă E-li derșa I-barez. The dentist pulled out one of my teeth yesterday. 2. v.i. to leave (uncommon usage) xessna ngell Eu bekri zit

gad-nemšiw Ela režlina. We have to leave early since we're going to walk. 3. to take off (airplane) t-tiyara gad-tqella men daba qsem. The plane is going to take off in five minutes.

glam pl. gluma pencil ka-tekteb b-le-glam aw be-r-riša? Are you writing with a pencil or a pen?

¶ qlam de-l-lwan coloring pencil ¶ qlam d-le-xfif lead pencil

gelgel v.t. to shake, to jerk, to jolt qelqula pl. -t, glaqel wen, tumor on the scalp qlub pl. of qelb qluma pl. of qlam glue pl. of glae qelya n.i. of qla qlae (v.n. qlie) 1. v.t. to copy (e.g., text) 2. v.i. to cheat šedduh ka-iqla & f-le-mtizan. He was caught cheating in the examination. qla e pl. qla at, qlu e 1. canvas 2. sail (of boat) ** žma e qlu ek! Beat it! Get out of here! qmaqem pl. of qemqum qmaš pl. qmayeš cloth, material qmayeş pl. of qmis qmayeš pl. of qmaš qmis pl. qmayes long shirt with long, broad sleeves qmel n.u. qemla louse gemmar pl. -a 1. gambler 2. swindler gemmel v.i. to become infested with lice qemmer (v.n. taqemmart, qmer) 1. v.t. to steal, to swipe 2. v.i. to gamble gemqum pl. gmagem muzzle, snout qmer 1. v.n. of gemmer 2. game of chance, gambling gemrun n.u. -a shrimp qmul same as qmel qmežža same as qamižža gem z i pl. -yen 1. wheat colored 2. golden tan (skin) lunha gem zi. She has a golden tan. qnadel pl. of qendil qnafed pl. of genfud qnanef pl. of qennufa qnanet pl, of qennut qnater pl. of qentar and qentra gna a v.n. of gna & genbula pl. ganabil bomb gendil pl. gnadel oil lamp qendiša n.i. of qendeš ¶ Eayša gendiša siren, female monster in Moroccan mythology qendrisa in expr. serwal qendrisa Moroccan garment similar to knee pants, very full, without an inseam qenfud pl. qnafed hedgehog qnit v.n. of qnet qnitra dim. of qentra qniya pl. -t rabbit gnie v.n. of gnae qennariya artichoke stalk (used as vegetable) qenneb 1. hemp 2. n.u. qennba pl. -t, qnaneb string, cord gennet v.t. to fold (s.th. e.g., cloth, paper) so as to have pointed corners gennet v.t. 1. to bore dak n-nu de-l-? aflam

ka-iqennetni. That kind of movie bores me. 2. to roll, to give the shape of a roll (e.g.

pastry)

gennufa pl. -t, qnanef upper lip when thick and turned up ¶ hezz qennuftu\$ to sulk, to pout qennut pl. qnanet 1. spool (of thread) 2. roll (e.g. of pastry) qennă E v.t. to satisfy, to please dima ka-igennă Eni be-xdemtu. I'm always pleased with his work. qent pl. qnut corner melli dxel u-huwa gales f-dak l-qent. He's been sitting in that corner ever since he came in. qnet v.i. (v.n. qent, qnit to get bored, to get tired mnayn ka-tebqa wzedha fe-d-dar ka-tequet. When she stays home by herself she gets bored. -waš & ammerhom ma-ka-iqențu bla šgal? Don't they ever get tired of doing nothing? -ila quetti men had l-xedma nšufu-lek wezda xra. If you get tired of this job we can find you another one. gent v.n. of qnet gentar pl. quater quintal, one hundred kilograms qentra pl. -t, qnațer (dim. qnițra) bridge had l-wad gad-ibniw Elih tlata d-le-qnater. They're going to build three bridges across this river. qnut pl. of qent qnu Ei pl. -yen contented qna v.i. (v.n. qni e, qna ea) to be satisfied, to feel contented dak š-ši lli rbez ka-iqnă bih. He feels satisfied with whatever he earns. qra iqra v.t. and v.i. (v.n. qraya) 1. to read koll sbaz ka-negra l-žarida. I read the newspaper every morning. 2. to study, to go to school, to be a student ka-ndenn gad-igra t-tibb. I think he's going to study medicine. -f-ayna žamiča bagya xtek tegra? At what university does your sister want to study? —qal-lek gad-ibda iqra mEana. He says he's going to start going to school with us. -kollhom ka-iqraw fe-t-tanawi. They are all high school students. ¶qṛa l-?aman f- to have confidence in, to trust huwa qra fiha l-e aman be-l-zăqq hiya xed čăttu. He trusted her, but she failed him. ¶ gra le-7 sifa f- to bear (s.o.) a grudge, to have a grudge against ¶qra l-Eaqiba d- to foresee the conse-

¶qra s-slam l- (or Ela) to give regards to qra-li s-slam Ela Eămmek. Give my

¶ qra xir to be grateful to, to show grati-

¶ qra Ela 1. to study under qrit Ela nefs le-fqi lli qerra bba. I studied under the

tude huwa ka-iqra xirek. He's grateful to

quences of

regards to your uncle.

same teacher who taught my father. 2. to pray for (a deceased person) by reading verses of the Koran (over the grave, at the funeral or any time later for memorial purposes)

¶ a.p. qari pl. qaryen educated, learned qrab 1. pl. of qrib 2. pl. -at creel, wicker basket

qrafed pl. of qerfada qramed pl. of qermud qramel pl. of qormil qran pl. of qrin qor^q an (with art.) Koran qrageb pl. of gergaba

grageb pl. of gergaba graren pl. of gerran

grares pl. of gerrasa grasen pl. of gorsan

qrašel 1. pl. of qeršal 2. n.u. qeršala, qrišla type of bread baked with sesame, aniseed and sugar

qrašli pl. -ya carder, one who cards

qrati pl. of qerța qrațes pl. of qortas 2

qṛaya v.n. of qṛa qṛa&i pl. of qeṛ&a qreb comp. of qṛib

qorb 1. v.n. of qerreb 2. nearness

qorb yellowish, brown-banded ocean fish

qorba pl. of qrib

qerbla pl. -t same as qarabala qerd pl. qrud, qruda monkey, small ape qerfa cinnamon

qerfada pl. -t, grafed thick nape, back of the neck (pejorative)

¶ bu-qerfada one with a thick back of the neck (pejorative)

¶rebba l-qerfada 1. to get fat 2. to get rich

qerfed v.t. to hit (s.o.) on the back of the neck ¶ p.p. mqerfed having a stout, thick neck (person)

gerfi pl. -ven cinnamon-colored

qrib pl qrab (comp qreb) 1. near, close l-žamiča qriba men darhom. The university is near their house. 2. insignificant, negligible, very little kayen ferq qrib

fe-t-taman. There's very little difference in the price. 3. simple mes eala alla grib hadik. That's a simple matter. 4. soon weldna grib isali graytu. Our son will soon finish his studies. 5. about to kan grib irbet l-ža iza. He was about to win the prize. 6. just grib baš xrežna men čandhom.

We've just left their place.

grih pl. grah, qorha, quraha, faqarih relative Eğrdu gir Eğl le-grah dyalhom. They invited just their relatives.

qrin pl. qran peer, one of the same age or rank weldek xessu ibda ixrož m&a qranu

šwiya. Your son needs to start going out some with kids his own age.

qrina wrath, violent anger

¶ derbettu ϕ le-grina \mathcal{E} la (s.o.) to be crazy about \neq

qriq v.n. of greq
qris v.n. of gres
qrisa dim. of qersa
qrišla n.u. of grašel 2
qrit v.n. of gret
qrita dim. of gerța
qrita a same as gariza

qṛiba dim. of qeṛba (n.u. of qṛāb) qermed v.t. to tile (roof)

qormil pl. qramel kind of three-legged block with which the shoemaker works

qermud n.u. -a pl. qramed roofing tile

qern 1. pl. qrun horn dak t-tur qrunu madyen.

That bull has sharp horns. 2. pl. qurun century

¶ l-qurun l-westa the Middle Ages gronfel n.u. gronfla clove

qreq v.t. (v.n. qriq) to hatch (eggs) qerqaba pl. -t, qraqeb large metal castanet qerqeb v.t. 1. to slam llah ixellik

ma-t & awwed-s tqerqeb l-bab. Please don't slam the door again. 2. v.t. or v.i. to jingle, to rattle l-& atrus ka-iqerqeb le-kbel. The goat is rattling the shackle.—le-flus

ka-iqerqbu f-žibu. The money is jingling in his pocket.

qerqer v.i. to croak qerr same as gerr

qerra v.t. 1. to teach, to give lessons in (s.th.) to (s.o.) had s-sbaz le-fqi qerrana ders ždid. This morning the teacher taught us a new lesson. 2. to send to school, to educate xessni nweffer le-flus baš nqerri wladi. I have to save money so I can send my children to school.

qerran pl. -a, qraren cuckold qorraqiya pl. -t screwhook qerrasa pl. -t, qrares clothespin

qerreb v.t. (v.n. qorb) 1. to bring closer qerreb dak š-šelya u-gles Zdaya. Bring that chair closer and sit near me. 2. to touch ma-kayen-ši lli qerreb-lek Zwayžek mnayn konti gayeb. Nobody touched your things while you were away. 3. v.i. to move closer qerreb lle-hna baš nsem ek. Move closer over here so I can hear you.

qerred v.i. 1. to kneel down 2. to cower

gerres same as gerres

qerrã v t. 1. to make bald 2. to shave off (hair of head) 3. to strip, to make bare by removing removable parts (such as a room)

qres v.t. (v.n. qris) 1. to pinch, to squeeze (between finger and thumb) 2. to afflict, to distress 3. to pull the trigger of

¶ gres ξ ănyu ϕ to close one's eye half-way ¶ p.p. megrus half-shut, droopy (eye; from physical defect) qers pl. qrus, qrusa trigger ¶ dreb l-gers to pull the trigger qersa pl. -t (dim. qrisa) n.i. of qres gorsan pl. garasina, grasen pirate geršal pl. grašel carding brush geršala n.u. of grašel 2 geršel v.t. to card (wool, cotton, etc.) qret v.t. (v.n. qrit) to wring (laundry, mop) ¶*gret f-* to slander qerta pl. -t, qrați (dim. qrița) 1. chopping board 2. guillotine qortas 1. n.u. -a bullet, cartridge, shell (also empty) 2. pl. qrates carton (tobacco, canqertes v.t. 1. to shoot (s.o.), to riddle with bullets 2. to put into a carton gertaxenna same as gartaxenna gertuba Cordoba grud, gruda pl. of gerd grun pl. of qern 1 qrus, qrusa pl. of qers qru Ea, qru Eiya scalp disease gerwiven (with art.) Mosque and University of Fez qerya pl. -t village grae f. gerea pl. qurae 1. one afflicted with scalp disease 2. bare (such as a place from which furniture has been removed) gṛãE n.u. gerEa pl. gṛaEi (dim. griEa) 1. gourd 2. bottle (not ink bottle, although dim, may be used for ink cartridge) ¶ gṛāč taxṛifin (or tixṛifin) zucchini squash ¶*grăと zămṛa* pumpkin a drawing of lots عgor ¶ dreb l-gor Ea to draw lots derbu l-qor Ea u-šufu škun lli gadi ixelles fikom. Draw lots and see which one of you is going to pay. qsawa harshness, cruelty qsem same as qsem qostal n.u. -a chestnut qostaļi, qostļi pl. -yen chestnut (color) qsabi pl. of qesba qsam pl. of qsem qsami pl. of qesma qsar v.i. to get short (er) fe-l-berd n-nhar ka-iqsar. In winter the day gets shorter. gsar pl. of gsir qsari pl. of qesriya qsayed pl. of qsida qsaydi pl. -ya ballad singer, balladeer qsayes pl. of qessa qsaz v.i. (v.n. qsuza, qsuziya) 1. to thicken, to get thick ila qşazet le-zrira zidha šwiya

de-l-ma. If the soup gets thick, add some

gesser water to it. 2. to become severe, hard l-mudir bda igsar mca t-tlamed. The principal is becoming severe with the pupils. qseb n.u. qesba reed (plant) gesba pl. -t, gsabi (dim. gsiba) 1. reed (plant) 2. flute made of reed ¶ qesba de-r-ržel shin qesbiya (also bṭaṭa qeṣbiya) Jerusalem artichoke gesbur coriander qsed v.t. (v.n. qesd) 1. to turn to, to call on gesdethom baš is awnuha. She turned to them for help. 2. to mean, to have in mind š-ka-iqsed be-d-debt? What does he mean exactly? ¶ a.p. gased pl. -in straight mšaw le-d-dar gasdin. They went straight home. ¶ p.p. meqsud pl. maqasid aim, purpose, ¶ be-l-qesd on purpose, intentionally *gsiba* dim. of *gesba* gsida pl. qsayed ballad qsim v.n. of qsem qsir pl. qsar (dim. qsiwer, qsiser; comp. qser) 1. short, little hiya qsira u-dzuwwžet b-ražel twil. She's short and she married a tall man. 2. low had l-Zayt gsir bezzaf. This wall is too low. gsiser, gsiwer dim. of gsir qsem v.t. (v.n. qsim) 1. to cut, to cut up Etini ši-mess baš negsem l-xobz. Give me a knife to cut the bread with. 2. to divide qesmu had le-flus binatkom be-tlata. Divide this money among the three of you. –qesmet l-zălwa kollha Eăl d-drari. She divided all the cake among the children. ¶ p.p. megsum dividend (arithmetic) ¶ megsum Elih divisor (arithmetic)

qsem du. qesmayn pl. qsam a period of five minutes hadi l-xemsa u-qsem. It's five past

five. -qesmayn w-ana waqef temma. I stood there for ten minutes. ¶ qsiyyem (dim.) a moment, a minute imken-li nšufek ši-qsiyyem? Could I see

you a minute? gesma pl. -t, gsami 1. n.i. of gsem 2. part, portion 3. division (mathematics) 4. part (hair)

gser 1. comp. of gsir 2. pl. qsur, qsura palace,

castle qesriya pl. -t, qsari large earthenware bowl

used for kneading dough

gessa pl. -t, gsayes 1. story, tale 2. occurrence, incident, affair

gessem same as gsem

gesser v.t. or v.i. 1. to shorten, to cut short gessret ksewtha zit kanet twila bezzaf. She shortened her dress because it was too long. -dterrina ngessru s-sfer dyalna. We had to cut our trip short. 2. to sit up, to stay up l-bare qesserna tetta le-t-tlata. Yesterday we stayed up till three o'clock. 3. to spend the evening among company (chatting, playing cards, dancing, etc.) 4. to fall short of, or not match up to expectations (especially in reference to a duty) qesser fe-xdemtu. He didn't match up to expectations in his work.

¶ ma-qeṣṣeṛ-š to do one's best ma-qeṣṣru-š m & ana. They've done their best with us. ¶ qeṣṣeṛ ṭ-tṛiq to stop over (on a journey) qeṣses v.t. to chop, to mince xeṣṣek tqeṣṣes le-m & ādnus. You have to chop the parsley. qeṣseç v.t. 1. to thicken, to make thick (liquid) 2. to hurt (physically, s.o.'s feelings,

etc.)
qsur qsura pl. of qser
qsur a, qsur iya v.n. of qsar
qser comp. of qaser
qšali pl. of qešla
qšaš pl. of qešša
qšašeb pl. of qeššaba
qšaweš pl. of qešwaša
qšira dim. of qešva
qširaša dim. of qešwaša
qešla pl. -t, qšali barracks

qešqaša pl. qšaqeš baby rattle qešra pl. -t, qšur (dim. qšira) 1. bark 2. peel, rind 3. crust 4. shell, pod (nuts, peas) 5. scale (fish) 6. shell, carapace 7. (flake

of) dandruff qešš pl. qšaš, qšuš, qšuša 1. luggage 2. furniture 3. odds and ends

qeššaba pl. -t, qšašeb woolen outfit of the žellaba type

** qeššabtu was a. He's very patient.

¶ qbeṭ l-qeššaba Ela to tease ġir dxel qbeṭna Elih l-qeššaba. As soon as he came in we began to tease him.

¶ qeţtă e qeššabt (plus n. or pron.) to slander, to backbite

qeššer v.t. 1. to strip bark off (a tree) 2. to scale (fish) 3. to peel 4. to shell

¶ part. mqeššer lacking knowledge (on some subject)

qšur pl. of qešra qšuš, qšuša pl. of qešš

qešwaša pl. -t, qšaweš (dim. qšiwša) 1. any object (such as tool, utensil) used for a specific purpose 2. toy 3. (pl.) things hezzet qšawešha u-mšat. She took her things and left.

qšā v.t. to see, to glance at qtil v.n. of qtel

¶ qtil ṛ-ṛuz 1. murder, killing, slaughter 2. used in describing a boisterous crowd qtila pl. -t 1. n.i. of qtel 2. murder weq ĕăt

wazed le-qtila l-barez. There was a murder last night.

qtel v.t. (v.n. qtil) 1. to kill 2. to murder.

to assassinate 3. to be deadly had l-madda ka-teqtel. This substance is deadly. 4. to execute l-barez qetlu lli mez kumin Elihom be-l-eiz dam. Those sentenced to death were executed yesterday. 5. to finish, to complete ma-xrežna zetta qtelna t-terz. We didn't leave until we finished the game (cards, chess, etc.)

¶ qtel raşu^{\$\phi\$} to commit suicide qettal adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a ag. adj. and ag. n. of atel

¶ qettal r-ruz murderer qtab pl. of qotb qtari pl. of qetra qtarni pl. -ya tar dealer

qtat Ei pl. -ya 1. swindler 2. brigand, highwayman qtayeb pl. of qtib

qtayeb pl. of qṭib qṭa&i pl. of qeṭ&a qotb pl. qṭab pole (axial) ¶l-qotb š-šamali the North Pole

¶ l-qoth l-žanuhi the South Pole gethan, gothan pl. of qtih

qtib pl. qetban, qotban, qtayeb 1. stick, twig 2. poker, bar (wood or metal) 3. spit, skewer

qtir v.n. of qter qtita dim. of qetta qti v.n. of qta e qten, qton cotton

qotniya dried food (especially beans and peas)

qter v.i. (v.n. qtir) 1. to drip, l-ma ka-iqter men s-sqef. The water is dripping from the ceiling. 2. to drip dry xellit wayži iqetru. I let my clothes drip dry.

qetra pl. -t, qtari 1. drop (liquid) 2. leak had l-bit fih l-qetra. There is a leak in this room.

qetran tar, pitch

qetren v.t. 1. to tar 2. to smear, to get very dirty

qett londa wi

¶ qett le-xla wildcat

qetta pl. -t (dim. qtița) cat (f.) qețiab pl. -a ag. n. of qetțeb

qettara pl. -t 1. alembic, apparatus used in distillation 2. dropper, glass tube with rubber suction cap for doling out liquids (primarily medicines) drop by drop

qetta E pl. -a same as qtat Ei

qetteb v.t. beat (s.th., e.g. wool) with a stick qetter 1. v.t. to distil 2. v.t. to pour or let fall in drops 3. v.i. to fall in drops, to leak

qeṭtă v.t. 1. to cut ha s-sekkin baš tqeṭtă c l-lzăm. Here's a knife you can cut the meat

quraba pl. of qrib

with. 2. to tear, to rip (paper, cloth) 3. to make or help cross getta nahom l-wad. We helped them cross the river. 4. to buy a ticket qettă Et-lhom reb Ea d-le-wraq le-r-riwaya. I bought them four tickets for the play. ¶ qettă l-qelb l- to break the heart of (s.o.) qtut pl. of qett v.n. of qṭaĕ qtuea, qtueiya acidity, sourness qță v.t. (v.n. qți e, qtu e, qeț ean) 1. to break (off) qta Ena l-Ealagat d-diblumasiya m Ea dak le-blad. We've broken diplomatic relations with that country. 2. to abstain from (food, drink, pleasure), to stop, to cut out mnayn ka-nkun mrid ka-neqtă & l-makla lli ka-dderr. When I'm sick I abstain from harmful food. -t-tbib qtae Elih d-doxxan. The doctor told him to stop smoking. 3. to cut off qet Eu-lu d-duw zit hadi sett šhur ma-xelles. They cut off his electricity because he hasn't paid for six months. —qet Eu-lha yeddha. They cut her hand off. 5. to cross (road, bridge, river) 6. to go through qta na l-gaba f-ness l-lil. We went through the forest in the middle of the night. -Ead gete at gese ab mer ala. She's just gone through the most difficult stage. ¶ qtă & l- to wean (suckling) had le-wliyyed Ead qet Eat-lu mmu. This little boy's mother has just weaned him. ¶ qta E r-ras l- to settle (affair, business) ¶qtă tṛṭṛiq Ela to rob (said of highwaymen) pl. -in (comp. qtae) 1. very sharp (blade) 2. keen, sharp (intellectually) 3. strong, acid (food, drink) ¶ l-ma l-qațe & sulfuric acid (a.p. of qate (a.p. of qta ع) get Ea pl. -t, qta Ei 1. n.i. of qta E 2. piece, fragment 3. flock, herd ¶ be-l-qet € a by contract, by the job l-xeddama f-had l-mă&mel kollhom ka-itxellsu be-l-qet a. All the workmen in this factory are paid by the job. get Ean v.n. of gta & ¶ qet & an t-triq brigandage qube n.u. -a pl. -t, qwabe lark qudama? (pl.) used in the expr. qudama? l-muz aribin veterans (of military service) qudat pl. of qadi quleb v.t. to mold qum pl. qwam the masses, people quma n.i. of qam qunut invocation recited during the morning quq n.u. -a (dim. qwiqa) artichoke

qurara pl. -t, qwarer 1. device or receptacle used in bloodletting, cupping glass 2. stain, large spot (blood, grease, etc.) 3. round hole (in cloth) qurun pl. of qern 2 quṛae pl. of qṛae qut food, sustenance quwwa pl. -t 1. strength, vigor, energy 2. force, power ddaweh be-l-quwwa. They took him away by force. T l-quwwat l-musellaza the Armed Forces T b-quwwt 1. so much dala Elihom b-quwwt l-xedma zetta ma-bqaw-š ixeržu. He gave them so much work that they stopped going out. 2. so many b-quwwt n-nas lli kanu ma-žberna fayn nwegfu. There were so many people we couldn't find a place to stand. I men quwwt from just imred l-wazed men quavavt le-glas bla šģal. One can get sick from just sitting around doing nothing. qwa iqwa v.i. 1. to get strong(er), (more) powerful zadu šraw s-slaz baš igwa l-žeyš. They bought more arms so the army would be stronger. 2. to increase Eadadhom gir ka-iqwa. They keep increasing in number. 3. to worsen, to get worse ila qwa Eliha le-zriq Eăyyeț le-ț-țbib. If her pain gets worse, call the doctor. qwa comp. of qwi qwabel pl. of qabla qwabe pl. of qubEa (n.u. of qubeE) qwadem pl. of qadum qwades pl. of qadus qwadsi pl. -ya plumber qwaleb pl. of galeb qwam pl. of qum qwames pl. of qamus gwamež pl. of gamižža qwanen pl. of qanun qwanes pl. of qansa qwarer pl. of qurara qwas, qwasat pl. of qews qwawed pl. of qewwad qwayel pl. of qayla qwa&ed pl. of ga&ida qwi pl. -yen (comp. qwa) 1. strong, powerful 2. energetic 3. large in number 4. high (price) qwimižža, q**wimž**a dim. of qamižž**a** qwiqa dim. of quq qewl v.n. of qal iqul qewm same as qum qews pl. qwas, qwasat 1. arch, arcade 2. bow (archery, violin) 3. small room for storing charcoal (usually near the kitchen or in the basement)

¶ qews n-nbi rainbow gewwa v.t. to reinforce, to strengthen gewwad pl. -a, gwawed pander, pimp qewwam pl. -a, -in appraiser gewwed v.t. and v.i. to solicit, to lure (s.o.) for immoral purposes qewwem v.t. 1. to prepare (with the necessary gear) gewwem ¿ awdek u-yallah nemšiw. Get your horse ready and let's go. 2. to wake up ila žbertiha na sa gewwemha, If you find her asleep wake her up. 3. to evaluate, to estimate at 4. to equip with gewwer v.t. 1. to cover with stains 2. to cut round holes in (e.g. cloth) 3. to cut in round pieces (e.g. dough) 4. to earn (money) genowes v.t. to curve, to arch, to give the shape of an arch to gewwet v.t. to nourish had l-makla ka-tgewwet. This food is nourishing. qyada function of a qayed gyam 1. v.n. of gam igum 2. very thin weaving thread of fine quality qyas, qyas pl. -at 1. measurement had le-qyasat ma-ši huma haduk. These measurements are not correct. 2. size š-men qyas ka-ilbes? What size does he wear? ¶ bla qyas excessively, too much ka-ibġi l-makla bla qyas. He likes food too much. ¶ b-le-q vas sparingly ¶ šedd (or xda) le-qyas to take measurements l-xeyyat xda-li le-qyas. The tailor took my measurements. qyaten pl. of qitan avel pl. of gala qeylula hottest period of the day in summer qyum v.n. of qam iqim

geyy vomit geyva v.t. 1. to cause to vomit 2. to nauseate govvad pl. of gaved qeyyal pl. -in ag. adj. of qeyyel gzader pl. of gezdira qzadri pl. -ya tinsmith qezbur same as qesbur qezdir n.u. -a tin, sheet metal qezdira pl. -t, qzader tin, can (container) gezder v.t. to tin, to galvanize ¶ part. mgezder used in the expr. wežhuф mqezder (to be) nervy, brazen qezqez v.t. and v.i. to joggle, to bounce up and down gezzeb v.t. 1. to shorten, to clip, to trim 2. to gyp, to swindle qezziba pl. -t tail (especially when short) qžaymi same as qežžam (ag. n. of qžem) qžim v.n. of qžem qžem v.i. (v.n. qžim) to joke, to jest ¶ gžem Ela to tease, to make fun of qežma pl. -t n.i. of qžem gžer pl. gžura 1. drawer (of desk, table, etc.) 2. case (watch, clock, pencils) qžura pl. of qžer gežž v.t. (v.n. gežžan) to strangle aežža n.i. of aežž qežžam pl. -a ag. n. of qžem qežžan v.n. of qežž q ab pl. of qe ba $q \subset eb$ (taboo) v.i. (v.n. $q \subset ub$) to prostitute oneself qezba (taboo) pl. -t, qzab prostitute get t same as ket t qzub v.n. of qzeb qă ¿¿ žād v.t. 1. to cause to stagnate 2. to sift, to strain (through a teg &ida)

R

mostly by Jews 2. used in the expr. (in all persons, perfect tense) ma-šeft ma-rit. I haven't seen anything at all. ra (used with n., pron., and pron. endings) 1. demonstrative particle used to emphasize or affirm a state or action -ra-huwa ža. He's come (he's right there). -ra-bbak maži had le-Ešiya. Your father is (definitely) coming this evening. 2. signifies remoteness (in contrast to ha-) ra-huwa temma! He's over there! There he is! 3. often used with subject of conclusion clause of a conditional sentence ila ddrebtiha raha dderbek. If you hit her, she'll hit you. -rak tmut ila negqezti men dak š-šeržem. You'll get killed (die) if you jump out that window.

ra ira, ra ira v.t. 1. to see (rare form used

qyuz, qyuz at pl. of qiz

¶ ra-fayn there, right (over) there rab irib v.i. 1. to fall or come apart (s.th. constructed, e.g. a house, bridge; implies internal weakness from age, poor materials, etc.) 2. to be destroyed, demolished (house, bridge, etc.)

rab irub v.i. to curdle (milk)

¶ a.p. rayeb curdled milk

rabic used in rabic l-luwwel and rabic t-tani third and fourth month of the Muslim lunar calendar

rabta f. a.p. of rbet rabuz pl. rawabez bellows (for forcing air) rabe & v.t. 1. to play (a game) with four players 2. to join (three other players) as the fourth player (in a game) rabe & pl. -in fourth hada l-&am r-rabe & baš žit l-? amirika. This is the fourth year I've been in America.

rab E a pl. -t quarter of kilogram (250 gm.) rad irid v.t. to want, to desire; used in expr. such as: žah l-kas d-atay kif bġa u-rad. The glass of tea was just the way he wanted it.

radyu pl. -wat radio

raf iruf b- to give (money) bha dima ka-iruf Eliya b-le-flus. Father is always giving me money. —raf Eăl l-qadi b-ši-flisat u-serr u. He gave the judge a little money and he released him.

rafahiya comfort, luxury Eumăr ka-iEiš f-rafahiya Edima. Omar is living in solid comfort.

rafeg, rafeq v.t. to associate with, to have as companion(s) weldi ka-irafeq wlad meeddbin. My son associates with boys that are well brought up.

rağ iruğ v.i. to move or go away, to move out of the way, to step aside rug men temma!

Move away from there!

Tray Ela to turn away away from, to avoid by moving aside or turning away ila šeftih žay-lek, ruy Elih! If you see him coming at you, move aside (from him). ra@is same as rayes

rakeb a.p. of rkeb

ram irum v.i. (v.n. rwam) to give in, to acquiesce Ead ram u-Etani le-flus. He

finally gave in and gave me the money.

**rum !-!riq! Get back on the straight
and narrow (morally)!

¶ram Ela to fit had s-sarut ma-ram-š Eăl l-ferxa. This key doesn't fit the lock. ragaba same as regba 2

raqeb v.t. 1. to control xessna nraqbu d-dxul u-le-xruž dyal l-laži^oin. We've got to control the coming and going of refugees. 2. to supervise, to superintend 3. to censor

raqed pl. rwaqed 1. stone used in pressing olives in the preparation of olive oil 2. axle of the wheel used in an olive press

raqda f. a.p. of rqed (same as rged)

rara b- to rock (a baby) while singing a lullaby

rasul pl. rusul 1. messenger 2. prophet

¶ rasul !!ah prophet of God (usually Mohammed)

yas pl. rus, ryus (first pl. primarily literal)

 head (of person, animal, bed, livestock, nail, page, etc.) rasu ka-izărqu. His head hurts (him). — Zăndna get Za d-le-ġnem fiha settin ras. We have a flock of sixty head of sheep. 2. front, head (of a column, caravan, etc.) 3. summit (mountain)

4. peak (mountain, graph) 5. top (tree, pole, tower, etc.) 6. end, extremity

ma-žber-š ras l-xäyi. He hasn't found the end of the string. — Cāmlu f-ras t-tebla! Put it at the end of the table! 7. source, head (river) 8. beginning (as of a story) 9. point, sharp end ras l-ibra therres. The point of the needle has broken. 10. cape (Cod, Good Hope, etc.) 11. ability, knack, "head" ¿ĕndu r-ras f-le-\(\tau\)sab. He has a head for figures. 12. (good) judgment, "head" ka-ixxeddem rasu. He uses his head.

** Ead faq b-rasu. He's finally realized what's going on. —qal m a rasu... He said to himself...—nta tă eref l-rasek. You know better than anyone else what you should do.—kont fe-d-dar gir rasi ras xay. Just my brother and I were home.—qulha l-rasek! Look who's talking! You should talk!—had š-ši gir men rasi l-rasek. This is just between you and me.

¶ b-raṣu⁶ 1. by oneself, alone koll nhar kan ka-iži huwa u-mṛatu, l-yum ža gir b-raṣu. He and his wife used to come every day—today he came by himself.

¶ dar (or Emel) b-raşu^{\$\phi\$} to play, to act like one is (faking) Emel b-raşu mrid. He played sick.

¶ dyal rasu\$\phi\$ independent, free (to do what one wishes) kont dyal rasi u-qemt ka-ndzuwwzz. I used to be free but I went astray and got married.

¶ fayeq m a raşu ϕ sharp, astute, difficult to put s.th. over on

Tmen rasu^{\$\phi\$} l-rasu^{\$\phi\$} on one's own, without the aid of others (implies that one should have accepted aid) & \tilde{amletha} men rasha l-rasha. She (went ahead and) did it on her own.

¶ mξa raṣuφ used expletively (often implying "alone") mša inξăs mξa raṣu. He went to bed (to sleep). —rahom mšaw itsaraw mξa raṣhom. They've gone for a stroll.

¶rasu^b self qtel rasu u-huwa ma-zal šabb. He committed suicide (killed himself) while he was still young.

¶ ras l-mal same as rasmal

¶ras l-Zanut mixture of various spices used in seasoning foods

¶ rașu ϕ tqil (or qașe τ) (to be) dense, slow-witted \neq

¶ $rasu^{\phi}$ xfif (to be) intelligent, quickwitted \neq

¶ ras l-Zam 1. New Year's Day 2. beginning of the new year (first few days)

¶ rfed r-ras m & a 1. to give a hard time to Elaš ka-terfed r-ras m & a xak? Why are you giving your brother such a hard time? 2. to be prejudiced against, to have it in for (s.o.)

¶ Eăl r-ras u-l-Eăyn gladly, with pleasure
rasmal (no. art.) ras l-mal 1. capital (financial) ka-ixessna nzidu f-ras-l-mal. We need

more capital, 2. funds
rateb, ratib pl. rwateb salary, pay, wage

rawaž v.n. of raž

raya pl. -t 1. flag, banner, pennant 2. ray
(fish)

rayeb a.p. of rab

rayes pl. royyas, ru asa 1. chief, head

2. leader (gang, group, etc.) 3. president 4. captain (ship)

raž iruž v.i. (v.n. rawaž) 1. to sell had n-nu d-atay ka-iruž mezyan. This kind of tea sells well. 2. to go around, to circulate (news) wazed le-xbar ka-iruž belli . . .

There's a rumor going around that ... raža, raža⁹ same as rža

ražāb seventh month of the Muslim lunar calendar

ražim used in phrase š-šitan r-ražim (literally, "Satan stoned or having been stoned," the implication being "damned"); in turn usually used in expr. a udu bi-llah men š-šitan r-ražim! said upon making an error or flub (similar to "whoops, I mean . . ."), or at s.o.'s rather unusual or surprising act (similar to "My God, what are you doing?" or "What have you done?")

ražel pl. ržal, režžala 1. man (not used in the general sense of "mankind") dzuwwżet b-wazed r-ražel la-bas Elih. She married a man who's quite well-to-do. 2. husband

¶ržal (or rižal) le-blad national saints, saints peculiar to a country

ražla pl. -t masculine woman

ražeč v.t. (v.n. muražača) 1. to check, to go over again ražeč had l-žemč u-šuf waš sziz. Check this addition and see if it's correct. 2. to review, to go over again ražeč d-durus dyalek! Review your lessons!

raz iruz (v.n. rwaz) 1. to return, to go (home, as after work, school) mnin rezt l-barez le-d-dar tčäššit degya u-nčäst. When I went home yesterday I ate a quick supper and went to bed. 2. to sleep with one's spouse for the first time (wedding night) 3. to set (sun) 4. to fall (night) l-lil raz. Night has fallen

¶rar b- to consummate the marriage with

raza pl. -t 1. rest, repose 2. tranquillity, peacefulness 3. recess, break 4. time off, vacation, leave 5. improvement (in health)

** r-raza ya-llah! Ah, there's nothing

like taking it easy (i.e., doing nothing)!

razim (no pl.) 1. merciful, having pity

(God) 2. generous, charitable 3. kinship,
relation čăndu r-razim mzaya. I'm a
relative of his (i.e., he has kinship with
me). 4. relative (person) mša isil (or
yezyi) r-razim. He's gone to visit (all)
his relatives. 5. pl. rzam womb

ra i a.p. of rearbab pl. -at rebec rbab pl. of rebb

rbat (with art.) 1. Rabat (capital of Morocco) 2. pl. -at hobble, fetter (for animals)

rbați 1. pl. of rebța 2. pl. -yen from, of, or native to Rabat

rbayeb pl. of rbib and rbiba

rbaybi pl. -ya one who plays the rebec

rbaye pl. of rba a rbaye pl. of rbica

rba e pl. of rba e

rba Ea pl. -t, rbaye E 1. group (people)

2. gang, band (criminal) 3. gang, team (work)

rba Eiya pl. -t 1. obsolete coin of fifty centimes 2. kind of four-shot rifle rebb pl. rbab owner (less common than mul)

¶rbab le-bser (almost always pl.; rare usage) appraisers

¶rebb t-torqa expert (in his field)

rebba v.t. (v.n. terbiya) 1. to raise, to rear (person, animals) 2. to educate 3. to discipline (person, dog, etc.) 4. to train (animals) 5. to correct, to punish 6. to carry (as a child on one's back) bhah dima ka-irebbih fuq dehru mnin ka-imšiw itsaraw. His father always carries him on his back when they go for a walk.

¶rebba l-welf Ela to get used or accustomed to (s.o.)

Trebba l-lzăm (or le-hbur) to gain weight

¶rebba r-riš 1. to grow feathers (bird)
2. to get or become rich

robbama perhaps, maybe robbama nšufuh had le-ξšiya. Maybe we'll see him this evening.

rebbani pl. -yen 1. religious, pious 2. honest, sincere (may imply naiveté)

rebbat pl. -a guardian of an olive grove

rebba E pl. -a 1. gardener (flower, vegetable)
2. share-cropper (getting a quarter of crop profits)

rebbi, rebbi (usually used with the name of the person) rabbi

rebbi (no art., no pl.) God, Lord

¶ Ela rebbi for (the love of) God, used as "please" with requests dir fiya xir Ela rebbi. Do me a favor, please.

rebbel v.t. 1. to disturb, to upset (s.o.'s mind)
2. to put in disorder, to mess up

rebbe v.t. 1. to cause to win, to let win, to help win t-teryes huwa lli rebbe na had t-ter. The trey is what helped us win this (card) game. 2. to give (s.o.) a grade of rebbe tu Lešrin Ela Lešrin. I gave him a grade of twenty over twenty (i.e., an "A plus").

** !lah irebbzek! It's a deal!

rebba v.i. 1. to sit with the legs crossed or interlaced (as in sitting on the ground)
2. to produce or grow grass, to get green (ground) had l-verd bdat ka-trebba v.

This ground is starting to grow grass.

rbib pl. rbayeb step-son

rbiba pl. -t, rbayeb step-daughter

rbit v.n. of rbet

rbita dim. of rebta

rbiz v.n. of rbez

rbi E I. grass (in a field, around the house)
2. spring (season)

rbica pl. -t, rbaye & kind of small container (for sugar, tea, alms, etc.)

rbiEi pl. -yen grassy-green

rbet v.t. (v.n. rbit) to tie, to fasten (always involves a knot of some kind) xessek terbet sebbatek. You'd better tie your shoes.

—rbet had l-qennba f-dak l-mesmar. Tie this string to that nail. —xessek terbet le-zmar dyalek mea dik s-sarya. You'd better tie your donkey to that pillar.

¶ rbet b-žuž to tie together

If. a.p. rabta pl. rabtin in mourning (and enclosed in the house until the period is up; of women only)

rebia pl. -t, rbaii (dim. rbita) 1. n.i. of rbet
2. bunch (used as a measure in selling things, e.g., mint)

rbu Ea pl. of rba E

rbe v.t. (v.n. rbi v., rbe v.) 1. to win (money, game, contest, etc.) 2. to earn (money, fame)

rbe (no pl.) 1. v.n. of rbe 2. profit, gain (money) 3. benefit, profit

rba pl. rba e, rbu e quarter, fourth klit rba de-l-xobz. I ate a quarter loaf of bread.

rbăe, rebe, rebea (first two used with pl. of n. admitting du.) four Eăndu yallah rbăe snin f-Eămru. He's just four years old. —dbena rebea d-le-wala f-had l-Eid. We slaughtered four sheep during this feast (holiday).

rob Ei pl. -yat measuring cup (for grain) reb Ein 1. forty 2. fortieth ža huwa r-reb Ein f-le-mtizan. He came out fortieth in the exam.

rbă Ltaš 1. fourteen 2. fourteenth Laš u-mat

fe-l-qern r-rbă tas. He lived and died in the fourteenth century.

rda pl. rdi 1. tunic of thin white material worn by a preacher on Friday 2. fatty tissue covering the bowels of a lamb

rdadez pl. of reddaza

rdal pl. of rdil

rdala baseness, lowness (moral)

redd v.t. (v.n. redd, reddan) 1. to return (bring, take, or give back) 2. to restore (to a former state) 3. to refuse, to turn down ža ițleb menni le-flus be-l-zăqa redditu. He came to ask me for the money, but I turned him down. 4. to send away, to make go away (s.o.) 5. to change to, to alter to, to make reddit s-siyara dyali zămra. I changed my car to red. 6. to turn into, to change into, to transform into s-sezzar redd le-zmama džaža. The magician turned the pigeon into a chicken. 7. (also v.i.) to vomit, to regurgitate

** redd bih !!ah. Things have turned out pretty well for him (after all). —redditini keddab daba! So, now I'm a liar! Are you calling me a liar?

 \P redd l-bal (or balu ϕ), redd l-welha (or wlehtu ϕ) to pay attention redd l-bal

l-l-?ustad š-ka-iqul! Pay attention to what the professor is saying!

¶ redd le-xbar (Ela) to give an account (of), to tell (about) sir seqsih was gad iži m Eana u-redd Eliya le-xbar. Go ask him if he's coming with us and tell me (what he said).

redd, reddan v.n. of redd

reddaza pl. -t, rdadez flame (fire)

redded v.t. 1. to repeat redded had le-klam lli jadi nqul men bă di. Repeat what I'm going to say after me. 2. to recite dima ka-iredded š-ši r. He's always reciting poetry.

reddez v.t. to put some flammable fuel on (a fire to make it burn stronger)

rdi pl. of rda

rdil pl. -in, rdal low, base (person)

rdim v.n. of rdem

rdiz v.n. of rdez

rdie v.n. of rdăe

rdem v.t. (v.n. rdim) 1. to raze, to knock down or out (house, wall, either by act of God or purposefully as for improvement) 2. to break or break off (the point of s.th.) 3. to bury with debris (e.g., s.o. caught in a collapsing building)

redma pl. -t n.i. of rdem

rlez (v.n. rdiz) 1. v.t. to kick (person, animal) 2. v.i. to beat (heart) 3. v.i. to boil (water) 4. v.i. to dance (a kind of tap or stamping dance)

redz a pl. -t n.i. of rdez rdă v.t. (v.n. rdi) 1. to inhale (smoke, as from a cigarette) 2. to drive all the way in (nail) 3. to shock (electricity) 4. to throw or buck off (as a horse) red a pl. -t n.i. of rda & verd, erd pl. varadi 1. ground l-verd sebzet fazga. The ground is wet this morning. 2. floor xessna nzuwwlu z-zerbiya baš nzekku l-erd. We have to remove the rug so we can scrub the floor. 3. land bbah ka-imlek bezzaf d-l-erd. His father owns a lot of land. rda irdi v.t. (v.n. rida, rda) to satisfy, to content ** llah irdi Elik! May God bless you; Thank you (said by an older person to a younger for some reverence given). ¶ llah irdi Elik . . . please . . . rda irda b- (v.n. rda) to accept, to be satisfied with (s.th., s.o.) ma-rda-š gir b-xemsin frenk. He would accept (only) fifty francs. ¶ qbel u-rda to really or definitely want qbelt u-rdit ndzuwwež biha. I really wanted to marry her. rda (m. or f., cons. rdat) v.n. of rda ¶rdat l-waldin kind of parental blessing rdayem pl. of rduma rdaye & pl. of rdi& rda & a v.n. of rda & ¶ xut mne-r-rda & a brothers by virtue of having been nursed or suckled by the same woman (one of their mothers) redd (v.n. redd, reddan) same as redd redd, reddan v.n. of redd (same as redd) redda a pl. -t 1. wet nurse 2. feeding bottle (baby) redda v.t. to nurse, to breast-feed, to suckle rdix v.n. of rdex rđi & f. rđi & a pl. rđaye & one having a relationship with others by virtue of having been nursed or suckled by the same woman med rdie dyal brahim. Ahmed and Abraham were suckled by the same woman (one of their mothers). rduma pl. rdayem bottle (usually from about liter-size on up) rdex v.t. (v.n. rdix) 1. to hurl or throw violently (implies a breakable object) (Ela at) 2. to push or knock (s.th., s.o.) over or down rda v.i. (v.n. rda a) to suckle, to nurse, to be breast-fed rfa irfi v.t. (v.n. rfi) to darn, to mend re? fa compassion, mercy, clemency rfafed pl. of reffada rfafes pl. of reffas

rfaga, rfaqa (no. pl.) group or those with

whom one usually associates

rfed v.t. (v.n. rfid, rfud) 1. to pick up rfed dak le-qlam lli tayez fe-l-gerd! Pick up that pencil that's fallen on the floor! 2. to lift, to raise 3. to lift, to take away, to remove (sickness) !lah irfed Elik had l-merd. May God remove this sickness from you. 4. to (be able to) contain, to hold had l-gorraf ka-irfed žuž litru de-l-ma. This pitcher holds two liters of water. 5. to hold rfed had š-šanța Ela-ma nšedd șebbați. Hold this suitcase while I tie my shoes. 6. to carry, to take rfed had s-sendug men hna l-temma! Take this box from here over to there! 7. v.i. to stop, to end (rain, plague, etc.) ** llah irefdek Elina! Scram! Beat it! Go play in the traffic (to children)! Go jump in the lake! Drop dead (to adults)! -ma-bqa l-qelbi ma irfed! I can't stand any more of this! ¶rfed ḍ-ḍeḍḍ mとa to be prejudiced against, to be against (s.o.) ¶*rfedha~ b-žerya* to take to one's heels refda pl. -t n.i. of rfed reffad pl. -a 1. carrier, bearer 2. barber's or weaver's assistant reffada pl. -t, rfafed brassiere, bra reffas pl. rfafes 1. screw, propeller (ship, outboard motor) 2. rapid, scissor-like kicking of the feet (as used in the swimming crawl) refqa (no pl.) 1. escort (on business or friendly basis) 2. comradeship, friendship refgan pl. of rfig rfi v.n. of rfa rfid v.n. of rfed rfig, rfiq pl. refgan, refqan comrade, buddy rfisa pl. -t 1. a sort of pudding, made with bread, milk, and butter 2. a kind of soup made for dogs from bones, bread, etc. 3. carcass, remains (of an animal) ¶ dar rfisa f- to tear (s.o.) to pieces, to make a wreck (out of s.o.) daru fih rfisa. They tore him to pieces. I bnadem rsisa s.o. who has been seriously beaten (physically), a human wreck (after such a beating) rfie pl. -in (comp. rfae) 1. excellent, superior, superb 2. sharp (-pointed) rfi & v.n. of rfa & rfeq b- (v.n. rifq) 1. to give a good price to (s.o.) 2. to help, to be helpful to (s.o.) 3. to go easy on, to be lenient with (s.o.) ¶ p.p. merfuq pl. -in moderate, reasonable (prices) refqa same as refga refgan same as refgan (pl. of rfig) refref v.i. 1. to wave, to flap (as a flag) 2. to turn, to spin (as a pinwheel)

rfud v.n. of rfed rhafa v.n. of rhaf ¶ be-r-rfud u-n-nzul, . . . After long derhayen pl. of rhina rhayti pl. -ya trouble maker, mischievous bate, . . . rfae v.t. (v.n. rfie, refe) 1. to raise, to lift person (usually between people) 2. to raise, to hoist (flag) rheb, v.t. (v.n. rhib) to scare, to frighten (to rfa comp. of rfi & "death") ref & v.n. of rfae rehba pl. -t n.i. of rheb ref & a pl. -t n.i. of rfă & rehban pl. of rhib 2 rgad v.n. of rged rehheb v.t. to scare, to frighten rgayel pl. of rgila rehhež v.t. 1. to overseason with salt 2. to rgeb Ela same as reggeb Ela poison with arsenic regba same as regba rhib 1. v.n. of rheb 2. pl. rehban priest rged v.i. (v.n. rgad) 1, to (go to) sleep 2. to (Christian) become paralyzed (as a foot going to sleep rhif pl. rhaf 1. thin, light (cloth) 2. thin, not thick (dimensionally) 3. slim, slender or with a morbid paralysis) 3. to die down (wind) (things) ¶f. a.p. ragda (l-?erd) fallow, lying rhin v.n. of rhen fallow (soil) rhina pl. rhayen 1. security, collateral zett rhina dyal xems alaf dular. He put up a regda pl. -t n.i. of rged collateral of five thousand dollars. 2. mortreggabiya pl. -t collar (clothes) reggeb Ela 1. to observe from above, to look gage Zettit rhina fe-d-dar. I have a mortdown onto 2. to look down onto had gage on the house. š-šeržem ka-irreggeb Ele-ž-žameE. This rhen v.t. (v.n. rhin) 1. to put up as security or window looks down onto the mosque. 3. to collateral nerhen maganti fe-l-? ala look over the shoulder of (s.o.) l-katiba. I'll put up my watch as security regged v.t. 1. to make or cause to sleep 2. to for the typewriter. 2. to mortgage rhen prepare for planting (ground) 3. to let lie daru f-xems alaf dular. He mortgaged his fallow (soil) 4. to do nothing about, to house for five thousand dollars. forget about doing (s.th.) l-muzami rhen, rehniya same as rhina regged l-qadiya lli Etinah idafe Eliha. reht pl. rhut, rhuta 1. kind, sort, type (pejora-The lawyer hasn't done a thing about our tive use) 2. brand, make (pejorative use) 3. undesirable person case. rgig same as rgig rhut, rhuta pl. of reht rgila pl. -t, rgavel crutch ka-imši be-r-rgayel. riba illicit gain or profit (money) He walks on crutches. rida v.n. of rda rif pl. ryaf area of a slum inhabited by one rgie v.n. of rgăe rgăε (v.n. rgiε) 1. v.i. to botch everything, particular family group to do everything all wrong 2. v.i. to talk rifi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. rwafa, ryafa Riff, incoherently or without making any sense Riffian 3. v.t. to hit, to strike (s.o., usually with rifq v.n. of rfeq one's head) rig same as riq raawi pl. of reawa rim pl. ryam 1. gazelle 2. pretty girl rgayef pl. of rgifa rimaya same as rmaya rgeb v.t. (v.n. rgib) to ask, to beg rgebt bba riq, rig pl. ryuq, ryug spittle, saliva baš išri-li tumubil. I begged my father to *le-r-riq* without eating, not having eaten (yet) buy me a car. regba pl. -t 1. n.i. of rgeb 2. wish, desire riš n.u. -a feather reġġab pl. -a ag. n. of ṛġeb riša pl. -t 1. n.u. of riš 2. pen (writing) Triša de-t-tă Emar fountain pen rģib v.n. of rģeb rģifa pl. rģayef variety of pancake ritel v.t. (v.n. tritil) 1. to rob, to steal from T*rgayef de-l-ferran* flat tart made of 2. to pillage, to loot 3. to put in disorder, to bread dough, stuffed with spiced meat and mess up (a place) baked riscava pl. -t 1. novel, narrative (written or regwa pl. rgawi 1. foam, froth 2. suds told) 2. play (theater) rhaf v.i. (v.n. rhafa) 1. to become thin or riyada sports, athletics worn (as cloth) 2. to get thin(ner) (diriyadi pl. -yen 1. of or pertaining to sports, mensionally) 3. to get or become slim athletics 2. athlete (things) riyasa 1. presidency 2. state of being in charge rhaf pl. of rhif or command

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riyya pl. -t lung
                                                    (in or on; car, plane, horse, etc.) 2. to
riyyaga pl. -t bib (child's)
                                                   mount, to set (in), to put (in) (as a win-
riyyaza pl. -t fan (electric)
                                                   dow pane, light bulb, etc.) 3. to set up, to
riyyeb v.t. 1. to demolish (building, etc.) 2. to
                                                   Put up, to put together (tent, machine, etc.)
  dismantle
                                                   4. to set (trap) 5. to make, to construct, to
riyyeb v.t. to curdle (milk)
                                                   compose (as a sentence) rekkeb ši-žumla
riyyeg same as reyyeq
                                                   b-had l-kelma. Make a sentence with this
riyyeš v.t. 1. to pluck (the) feathers from
                                                   word.
  2. to pluck (s.o.) clean
                                                 rekken v.t. to put in a corner (inside)
riyyez v.i. 1. to stink, to reek had l-lzăm
                                                 rekkez v.t. 1. to concentrate rekkez l-žuhud
  riyyez, ma-bqa fih ma ittkel. This meat
                                                   dyalek kollha fe-l-xedma baš nsaliw deģya.
  stinks; it's no longer fit to eat. 2. to rest, to
                                                   Concentrate all your efforts on the work so
  take a break
                                                   we can finish it quickly. 2. to learn well
rižal classicized pl. of ražel
                                                   (lesson, subject) 3. to tamp down (earth,
    rižal le-blad saints of a particular city
                                                   etc., as when paving s.th.)
   (less often, country)
                                                 rkel v.t. (v.n. rkil) to kick (person, horse,
riz pl. ryaz wind r-riz bared had s-sbaz.
                                                   etc.)
  The wind is cold this morning.
                                                 rekla pl. -t 1. n.i. of rkel 2. kick, blow with
    ** ma-žbert gir r-riz. I didn't find a
                                                   the foot
  thing. -had š-ši lli ka-ičawwed-lek rah
                                                 rokna pl. rkani (dim. rkina) corner (inside)
  gir r-riz. What he's telling you is just so
                                                 rkub v.n. of rkeb
  much hot air. - xellaweh ka-itsenna r-ric.
                                                 rkue v.n. of rkae
  They left him there waiting (for them, but
                                                 rkez v.t. (v.n. rkiz) to stick or drive (in), to
  they never showed up).
                                                   implant Elaš rkezti s-sekkin fe-l-lerd?
    ¶ le-ryaz epilepsy qebtuh le-ryaz. He's
                                                   Why did you stick the knife in the ground?
  having an epileptic fit.
                                                 v.i. (v.n. rkue) to bend over (at the
    in vain, for nothing ع آ ع آ آ ع آ آ آ
                                                   Waist, in prayer)
riza pl. -t, rwayez (dim. rwiza) 1. odor,
                                                 rek Ea pl. -t, rka Ei du. rkă Etayn 1. n.i. of
  smell 2. perfume
                                                   rkă 2. complete set of movements, words,
rizan, rizan myrtle
                                                   etc., done in a certain prescribed prayer
riziya pl. -t, rwazi (sg. ferda de-r-riziya)
                                                 rma irmi v.t. (v.n. rmi, remyan) 1. to throw,
  kind of old-fashioned woman's shoes
                                                   to cast, to toss 2. to shoot (as an arrow)
rkab pl. -at 1. square (tool) 2. stirrup
                                                   3, (Ela) to throw or put (over) (as a
  (saddle)
                                                   blanket) 4. to throw (on) rma Elih kebbutu
rkabi pl. of rokba
                                                   u-xrež. He threw on his jacket and left.
rkani pl. of rokna
                                                   5. to throw away or out
rkayez pl. of rkiza
                                                rmad 1. ashes 2. conjunctivitis, pinkeye
rkači pl. of rekča
                                                   tļā E-lu r-rmad Ela E aynu. He has con-
rkeb Ela (v.n. rkub) 1. to mount, to get on
                                                   junctivitis.
  (horse) 2. (or f-) to get into or onto, to
                                                 rmadi, pl. -yen gray
  board (train, car, plane, ship) 3. (or f-)
                                                 rmad same as rmad
  to ride, to ride in or on (horse, car, plane,
                                                rmadi same as rmadi
  etc.)
                                                rmaya 1. shooting (for recreation, as in a
    ¶ a.p. rakeb pl. rokkab 1. passenger
                                                   shooting gallery) 2. archery
  2. rider
                                                remdan Ramadan, ninth month of the Muslim
rokba pl. rkabi knee (person, animal)
                                                   lunar calendar
rokbi pl. -yen big and loutish
                                                rmi v.n. of rma
rokbiya pl. -t blow with the knee Etatu
                                                rmiq v.n. of rmeq
  b-wazed r-rokbiya. She hit him with her
                                                rmiga dim. of remga
  knee.
                                                rmiš v.n. of rmeš
rkil v.n. of rkel
                                                rmiz n.u. -a trump (cards)
rkina dim. of rokna
                                                rmel sand
rkiz v.n. of rkez
                                                     T zăbba de-ṛ-ṛmel grain of sand
rkiza pl. rkayez 1. tent pole or support 2. sup-
                                                reml re (music)
  port, mainstay (metaphorical)
                                                     ¶reml l-maya rhythm used in Andalusian
rekkab pl. -a rider (e.g. of a horse)
                                                  music
rokkab n.pl. of rakeb (a.p. of rkeb)
                                                remla same as rmel
rekkal pl. -in ag. adj. of rkel
                                                remli pl. -yen sandy, full of sand
rekkeb v.t. I. to make get (in or on), to put
                                                fomman n.u. - a pomegranate
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remmay pl. -a marksman (gun, bow) remmel v.t. 1. to put sand into, to add sand to (cement, mortar) 2. to put sand on, to cover with sand 3. to get full of sand (shoes, etc.) remmeš v.t. or v.i. 1. to blink (eyes) 2. to wink (one eye) rmeq v.t. (v.n. rmiq) to leer at, to watch out of the corner of one's eye remga pl. -t (dim. rmiga) n.i. of rmeg rmeš v.t. and v.i. (v.n. rmiš) 1. to blink (eyes) 2. to wink (one eye) remša pl. -t n.i. of rmeš rmuk pl. -at tugboat rmuz pl. of remz remya pl. -t n.i. of rma remyan v.n. of rma remz pl. rmuz, rumuz symbol erneb, rneb pl. rwaneb hare, rabbit rga irgi v.t. (v.n. rgi; primarily used by women as a somewhat narrower synonym for Emel or dar) 1. to make, to prepare (as food, party) 2. to put, to place ila žak l-berd f-veddik rgihom fe-žyabek. If your hands get cold put them in your pockets. 3. to do aš ka-terqi? What are you doing? rgab, rgabi pl. of reqba Pergam pl. of regm rqaq v.i. 1. to become thin (dimensionally) 2. to become slim or slender (things, person) 3. to become high (er)-pitched (voice) rgag pl. of rgig rqaqa pl. -t matzoth, matzo(s) (for Jewish Passover) rgages pl. of reggas 2 rqayqi pl. -ya specialist in any fine, artistic work (leathercraft, sculpture, ivory, etc.) rgaEi pl. of rogEa regba pl. -t, rqab, rqabi nape or back of the neck 2. (also, raqaba) human being, person (Koranic usage) ¶ \mathcal{E} la or fe-rq ebtu ϕ (to be) the responsibility of, on the head of raha fe-rqebtek ila weq čăt ši-zaža fe-s-siyara. It's your responsibility if something happens to the car. ** Ela rgebtek waš ana lli herrest dak lkas? You know I didn't break that glass! rged same as rged rgi v.n. of rga rgim v.n. of rgem rqiq pl. -in, rqaq (dim. rqiweq, rqiyyeq; comp. reqq) 1. thin, not thick (dimensionally) 2. slim, slender (things, person) 3. fine, sharp (-pointed) 4. high-pitched (voice) rgiweg dim. of rgiq rgem v.t. (v.n. rgim) to embroider regm pl. Pergam number šnu huwa regm dik

t-tumubil? What's the number of that car?

regg comp. of rgiq

reqqa 1. thinness (dimensional) 2. slimness, slenderness (things, person) 3. sharpness (of point) regga v.t. to promote, to advance (s.o.) reqqama pl. -t (female) embroiderer reggas 1. pl. -a messenger, courier 2. pl. rqaqeş pendulum (clock) reqqa E pl. -a one who mends or repairs clothing regged v.t. 1. same as regged 2. to preserve, to put up as preserves (fruit, meat, etc.) regged v.t. 1. to make thin, to thin (a solid) 2. to slim, to make slim or slender (person, things) 3. to sharpen, to make sharp (-pointed) requeq had r-rkiza. Sharpen this stake. reggă v.t. to mend, to repair (clothing) roq Ea pl. -t, rqa Ei patch, patched-up spot (on repaired clothing) rra interjection used to make a donkey or mule start rsamel pl. of resmal (same as ras-l-mal) rsil v.n. of rsel rsel v.t. (v.n. rsil) to send rselt l-bare risala l-l-megrib. I sent a letter to Morocco yesterresmal pl. rsamel (dim. rsimel) same as raș-l-mal rsa irsa v.i. (v.n. resyan) 1. to be or become solid, fixed (s.th. loose) 2. to stop, to quit doing s.th. (usually at s.o.'s request) 3. to dock, to drop anchor ¶ṛṣa men to stop, to quit (some action) rsas 1, lead (metal) 2. n.u. -a bullet (either the ball or the complete cartridge) rsasi pl. -yen lead gray rsem pl. rsum title, deed reșmi pl. -yen (adj.) official ressa 1. v.t. to immobilize, to make solid or fixed (s.th. loose) 2. v.t. to hold still, to stop from moving ressi rasek! Hold your head still! 3. v.t. to settle, to decide about (some matter) 4. v.i. to dock, to drop anchor ressef v.t. to pave (road, floor) ressă v.t. to set (stones, e.g. jeweler) rsum pl. of rsem resyan v.n. of rsa rša irša v.i. (v.n. rešyan, ršawa) 1. to get or become old and rotten (wood, clothes, etc.) 2. to get or become aged or very old (person) rša irši v.t. (v.n. rši) to bribe ¶ p.p. merši pl. -yen sold on black market or as contraband ršawa v.n. of rša irša ršawi pl. of rešwa ršazi pl. of rešza ršed (v.n. ršid, rošd) 1. v.i. to become or come of age (person) 2. v.t. to show or indicate

ŗošd to (s.o.) ana gir ka-nebgi nrešdek le-t-trig *l-mezyana*. I'm only trying to show you the right way. rošd 1. v.n. of ršed 2. maturity, legal age ršid v.n. of ršed ršim v.n. of ršem ršiz v.n. of ršez ršem v.t. (v.n. ršim) 1. to mark, to put a mark on (for some identification) 2. to brand (cattle) 3. to put a marker in (as a book) rešma pl. -t 1. n.i. of ršem 2. mark, brand (for identification) ršeq l- (v.n. ršuq) to make happy or gay (anything from music to narcotics) mnin ma-ka-ikmi-š ma-ka-ikun-š rašeq-lu. He's not happy when he's not smoking. rešš v.t. (v.n. reššan) 1. to sprinkle (grass, etc.) 2. to spatter (s.th., as with paint, etc.) rešš (coll., no n.u.) bullets, ammunition (small arms) rešša v.t. to make or cause to get old and rotten (wood, clothes, etc.) rešša pl. -t n.i. of rešš reššam pl. -a one who brands (cattle) reššan v.n. of rešš reššaša pl. -t machine gun ršuq v.n. of ršeq rešwa pl. -t, ršawi bribe rešyan v.n. of rša irša ršez v.i. (v.n. ršiz) to filter, to be filtered (liquid) ¶ršez b- to cheat, to take (s.o., in a deal) rešza pl. -t, ršazi n.i. of ršez rta irta Ela (v.n. retyan) 1. to take care of, to care for (not persons) 2. to be thrifty or frugal with, to use sparingly, to go easy on rta Ela atay, ra-dak n-nu ma-bga-š ka-itba & bezzaf. Go easy on the tea; they don't sell that kind much any more. rtaz v.i. 1. to rest, to take it easy 2. to get better, to recuperate ¶rtaz men to get rid of llah rtazina men dak l-kelb lli kan ka-ibiyyetna fayqin be-n-nbiz. Thank heavens, we got rid of that dog that was keeping us awake with its barking. rotba pl. 1. job, position, function 2. position (social) 3. rank (military, etc.) rtila pl. -t spider rtella pl. -t pad placed on the head under a board on which bread is carried retteb v.t. 1. to put in order, to arrange 2. to

classify 3. to arrange, to set up (schedule,

retter v.t. 1. to make or allow to rest 2. to

etc.)

rettel v.t. to chant (Koran)

allow or give time off to (s.o.) 3. to cause not to worry, to put at ease I rettez rasup men same as rtaz men retyan v.n. of rta rtab v.i. (v.n. rtuba) 1. to get or become smooth 2. to get or become soft 3. to get or become tender (meat) rtal pl. of rtel rtawa 1. softness (texture) 2. tenderness (meat) 3. suppleness (as of body) 4. springiness, elasticity ¶ fih ϕ (or ξ ăndu ϕ) rtaua to be flexible, $adaptable \neq (person)$ rteb f. retba pl. retbin, ruteb 1. smooth (surface) 2. soft (texture) 3. tender (meat) 4. easy-going, affable 5. humid (weather) rtel pl. rtal, rtula pound, half a kilogram retta v.t. 1. to make soft(er), to soften 2. to make (more) tender (meat) retteb v.t. 1. to smooth, to make smooth 2. to make soft(er), to soften 3. to make (more) tender (meat) rtuba 1. v.n. of rtab 2. smoothness (surface) 3. softness (texture) 4. tenderness (meat, person) 5. humidity (weather) rtula pl. of rtel ru?asa pl. of rayes, ra?is rubu E pl. -at, rwabe E quarter, fourth, fourth part rubyu (n.) f. -ya pl. -wat blond(e) rudani pl. -yen from tarudanet, province of Morocco ruda pl. -t cemetery rukn pl. garkan fundamental, basic principle ruku & classicized v.n. of rka & rumi 1. pl. -yen (adj.) European (often extended to mean Western as opposed to Oriental) 2. pl. rwama (n.) European rumiya pl. -t, rwama kind of silk scarf or shawl worn by older women rumuz pl. of remz rus same as rus (n.pl. of rusi) rusi same as rusi 2 rusul pl. of rasul rus 1. pl. of ras 2. n.pl. of rusi 2 rusi 1. pl. -yen narrow-minded, fanatical 2. (adj. pl. yen n.pl. rus) Russian rusiya pl. -t blow (given) with the head, butt rutal n.u. -a 1. octopus 2. squid ruteb pl, of rich ruwwaba pl. -t any vessel used to contain milk as it curdles ruwwas pl. -a one who prepares and sells sheep heads for consumption ruwwasa pl. of ruwwasi ruwwasi pl. ruwwasa 1. celibate, single man 2. man living alone

ruwweb v.t. to make or allow to curdle or become yoghurt

ruwweb v.t. to curdle (milk)

ruwweg v.t. to move (s.th.), to move (s.th.) out of the way, to move (s.th.) aside ruwweg s-siyara men t-triq. Move the car from the street.

ruwwem v.t. 1. to make fit, to fix so as to fit ruwwemt had s-sarut u-zăllit l-bab. I fixed this key so that it fitted and opened the door. 2. to see whether (s.th.) fits, to try (and make fit or match) ruwwem had s-swaret u-šuf waš teqder tzell had l-bab. Try these keys and see if you can open this door.

¶ruwwem l- to try to get (s.o.) to accept ruwwmu-li w-ana ndebber meah. Try to get him to accept me and I'll do the rest. ruwwen (f-) to fool around (with), to mess around (with)

ruwwez v.t. to add oil or butter to (especially couscous)

quwwee v.t. 1. to cause to catch (a) cold 2. to bring in for the night (sheep, cows, etc.) 3. to take or bring (the bride to her husband's place for their first night)

¶ruwwez Ela to fan ruwwez Eăl l-Eafya b-had l-žarida! Fan the fire with this newspaper!

ruwwă E v.t. to disturb (s.o., still water, the peace, sleep, etc.)

rug ya pl. -t dream, vision

ruz rice

ružuč v.n. of ržač

¶ bla ružu irremediab (le, -ly), irrevocab (le, -ly)

ruc (f.) pl. raca 1. spirit, soul 2. nature (of person) rucu teyyba. He's good-natured.

3. person, human being tmenya d-le-raca matu f-dak l-zadita. Eight people were killed in that accident. 4. self bya iqtel rucu mnin saq le-xbar. He tried to kill himself when he found out.

** baqya fih r-ruz. He's still alive.

¶ $b-ru \subset u^{\phi}$ 1. by oneself, alone $\xi amletha$ $b-ru \subset ha$. She did it by herself. 2. oneself, in person $\xi a \xi andi b-ru \subset u$. He came in person to my place.

¶ dar (or εmel) εmel) εmel (or εmel) to act, to act as if one were εmel εmel εmel acting εmel b- εmel εme

ru&a disorder, confusion

¶ Emel ruEa to riot

rwa (m.) pl. rwi stable (horse, etc.)

rwa irwa v.i. (v.n. rewyan) 1. to be or get watered or irrigated (grass, soil, etc.) 2. to rain

rwa irwi v.t. (v.n. rewyan, reyy) 1. to water,

to irrigate (grass, soil, etc.) 2. to recite (the adit)

rwabez pl. of rabuz

ywabzi pl. -ya maker and seller of bellows (see rabuz)

rwabe pl. of rubu crwafa n.pl. of rifi

rwam v.n. of ram

rwama 1. n.pl. of rumi 2. pl. of rumiya

rwaneb pl. of erneb, rneb

rwaq pl. -at kind of doorway curtain

rwaged pl. of raged

rwateb pl. of rateb, ratib

rwayed pl. of rwida

rwayez pl. of riza

rwaz 1. pl. of ruz 2. v.n. of raz 3. cold žani r-rwaz. I've got a cold; I've caught cold.

Tlilt \(\gamma\rm \) first night the bride and groom sleep together

rwazi pl. of riziya

rwi pl. of rwa

rwida pl. -t, rwayed wheel

rwiyyed dim. of ryad

rwiz a dim. of riz a

rewyan v.n. of rwa

rxa irxi v.t. (v.n. rxi) to loosen, to relax (s.th. taut)

¶ rxa wednu ϕ ($\geq la$) to pay close attention (to), to lend an ear (to)

¶ p.p. merxi pl. -yen lazy, indolent

rxa (m.) cheapness, inexpensiveness

The-7-rxa cheap (adv.) slattu kollha ka-ibitha be-7-rxa. He sells all his merchandise cheap.

rxam n.u. -a marble had s-saryat kollhom mebniyin be-r-rxam. All these pillars are made of marble.

rxama pl. -t 1. n.u. of rxam 2. dial, face (watch, clock)

rxas v.i. (v.n. rexsan, rexs) to become cheap(er) or (more) inexpensive l-lzăm rxas had l-iyyam. Meat has gotten cheaper lately.

rxas pl. of rxis

rxawa softness (of yielding texture)

rxaymi pl. -ya marble worker, stonemason specializing in marble (also one who manufactures the slabs and pieces to be used)

rxef v.t. (v.n. rxif) to loosen (s.th. taut)

rxi v.n. of rxa

rxif v.n. of rxef

rxis pl. rxas (comp. rxes) cheap, inexpensive

rxes v.i. (v.n. rexs) same as rxas

rxes comp. of rxis

rexs v.n. of rxas and rxes

roxsa pl. -t vacation, leave, time off

rexsan v.n. of rxas

roxx pl. rxax 1. roc 2. rook (chess)

¶ mulay r-roxx a dull man, a boring person rexxes v.t. 1. to lower the price of 2. to sell inexpensively or at a low price 3. to cover (a fire) with ashes (in order to keep it alive for future use) ¶ rexxes m a to give a good or low price to (s.o.) ila rexxesti me aya nešriha. If you give me a good price I'll buy it. ryad pl. -at (dim. rwiyyed) kind of flower garden (domestic) rvaf pl. of rif ryafa n.pl. of rifi ryal pl. -at coin of five francs (also the amount) rvam pl. of rim ryay pl. of reyy 2 ryaz pl. of riz ryug, ryug pl. of rig, rig ryus pl. of ras reyy 1. v.n. of rwa irwi 2. pl. ryay, ? ara? opinion, idea, way of thinking rovvas pl. of raves reyyed v.t. to train, to instruct (person, anirevyeq 1. v.t. to wet or moisten with saliva 2. v.i. to breakfast or break one's fast \{ with s.th. light) reyyeqt be-šfenža, Ead žit. I breakfasted with a doughnut and came. reyyes v.t. to elect (s.o.) president, to make (s.o.) leader or head of a group or organization reyyez v.i. to relax, to sit or lie down to rest rza irzi v.t. to cause (s.o.) to lose (s.th.) rzitini f-flusi f-dik l-bi a-u-šerva. You made me lose money on that deal. ** (!lah) irzini fik! I wish I could get rid of you! rzama pl. -t mallet rzami pl. of rezma rzan pl. of rzin rzana, rzana serious-mindedness rzaq pl. of rezq, rzeq rzim v.n. of rzem rzin pl. -in, rzan serious-minded rzina pitch, resin rzig v.n. of rzeg rziva pl. -t serious or grave loss rzem v.i. (v.n. rzim) 1. to get or become worse (sick person) 2. to be unable to do any activity, to be helpless (as an aged person) rzem pl. of rezma rezma pl. -t, rzami, rzem bundle (of clothes, rzeq, rzeq v.t. (v.n. rziq) to give, to grant (subject is usually God) *llah irzeqni* s-sber! God give me patience! rezq, rzeq, rezq, rzeq pl. rzaq 1. s.th. earned

sessions ** huwa-b-rezqu. He's pretty well off (financially). rzuzi n.u. -va wasp rzez pl. of rezza rezza pl. -t, rzez turban rezzag, rezzag (with art.) God, epithet of llah rezzem v.t. to bundle (up), to put in a bundle rezzen v.t. to make or cause to be seriousminded, sober ** rezzen rasek! Be serious! rža irža (v.n. rža) to hope ka-neržah (or ka-nerža baš) vusel fe-l-wegt. I hope he arrives on time. $r\check{z}a$ (m.) 1. v.n. of $r\check{z}a$ 2. hope ržal pl. of ražel ržali 1. pl. of režla 2. pl. -yen masculine, of or pertaining to a man ržeb seventh month of the Muslim lunar calendar ržila dim. of ržel ržel (f.) pl. režlin (režli- before pron. endings; dim. ržila) 1. foot (person, animal) 2. leg (up to the knee; also of a table) 3. support, base, piling (as for supporting a bridge) 4. pedestal, base (of statue) ¶ b-režlu ϕ in person, oneself \dot{q} ir kun hani, daba nemši-lu ana b-režli u-ntkellem m? ah. Don't worry, I'll go see him myself and talk ¶ Ela režlihφ on foot, walking mšat Ela režliha l-darhom. She went to their house on foot. režla pl. -t. ržali leg of lamb, mutton (sometimes beef, veal, pork) režla courage, quality of being a man ržuliya same as režla ržu E v.n. of rža E režžala 1. pl. of ražel 2. (no sg.) courageous režžel v.t. to give courage to, to encourage $\P r e \check{z} e l r a s u \phi$ to be courageous, to encourage oneself to be a man režžač v.t. 1. to return (give, send, take, or bring back) 2. to return or restore to a former state 3. to make rezză na l-bab sáira. We've made the door small (er). -l-makla režžčattu mrid. The food made him sick. 4. to transform into, to change into, to turn into s-sezzar režžač le-\(\tau\) mama džaža. The magician turned the pigeon into a chicken. ržač (v.n. ržuč, ružuč) 1. to return, to go back, to come back mšit le-d-dar l-bida

fe-l-mašina u-ržačt fe-t-tumubil. I went to

Casablanca by train and came back by car.

2. to become bga ka-ixser le-flus dyalu

or deserved, compensation 2, fortune, pos-

zetta ṛžā ξ faqir. He squandered his money until he became a poor man. 3. to turn into, to be transformed into b-ξ äyniya šeftha, le-zmama ṛež ξ ắt džaža. I saw the pigeon turn into a chicken with my own eves.

** ržã b- čăqlu. He's regained his sanity.

¶ṛžã [l- to be a result of, to be due to s-suqut dyalek ka-iṛžã [l- adām le-žtihad dyalek. Your failing (in school) is a result of your not having studied.

Tržač l-llah to stop doing s.th., to repent ržač l-llah, u-baraka men mayel š-šitan!
Stop that! That's enough of your mischief!

¶ṛžă E le-ṭ-ṭṛiq to turn over a new leaf, to return to the straight and narrow

¶ $r ž \tilde{a} \in la \ klamu \phi$ to go back on one's word, to break one's promise

¶ ržă E E ăl i-țriq to backtrack, to go back the way one came (as when getting lost) rež E a pl. -t n.i. of ržă E

rca pl. rci 1. mill, grinding device or machine (flour, coffee, pepper, etc.)

2. sharpening apparatus (knives, etc.) ram 1. (no pl.) womb (also ratim with pl. ram) 2. n.pl. of raim and pl. of ratim 5 raipl. of ra

rcil 1. v.n. of rcel 2. household furnishings, fixtures, utensils, etc., all taken collectively rcim adj. pl. -in n.pl. rcam merciful, compassionate

rel v.i. (v.n. reil) to move, to change one's place of residence

recla pl. -t 1. n.i. of rel 2. trip, journey rem v.t. (v.n. recma) 1. to have mercy or pity on 2. to give charity to

** !!ah irzem waldik! Thank you!

¶ !!ah irzem waldik... please...

¶p.p. mer um pl. -in late, deceased, defunct

rezma 1. v.n. and n.i. of rzem 2. mercy, compassion

rez man 1. merciful, compassionate (God)
2. God

rezwi pl. -ya miller

rezzal pl. -a nomad
rezzeb b- to welcome or receive (as in one's
home)

rea irea 1. v.i. to graze (cattle, etc.) 2. v.t. to graze on (grass, etc.)

¶ a.p. $ra \in i$ pl. $ro \in yan$ herder, one who tends a flock or herd (sheep, goats, etc.) $r \in ad$ n.u. $r \in da$ thunder

r ¿ ăd v.i. (v.n. r ¿ id) 1. to shiver, to tremble, to shake (s.o.) 2. to thunder

ră Eda pl. -t n.i. of r Eăd

ră Eda pl. -t thunderclap (n.u. of r Ead)

 $r \xi \check{a} f$ v.i. (v.n. $r \xi \check{i} f$) to bleed from the nose $r \xi i d$ v.n. of $r \xi \check{a} d$

rēif v.n. of reăf

r Eiyya (coll.) subjects (king's)

rčăš v.i. to shiver, to tremble (s.o.) răčša pl. -t n.i. of rčăš

 $ro \mathcal{E} van pl. of <math>ra \mathcal{E} i$ (a.p. of $r\mathcal{E} a$)

rã ¿ ¿ á d v.t. 1. to shake, to make (s.o. or s.th.) tremble šeddu men ketfu u-rã ¿ du zetta faz. He grabbed him by the shoulder and shook him until he fell down.

-ră Edu l-berd. The cold made him tremble.

rãξ ξắf v.t. 1. to give a bloody nose to 2. to cause or make bleed from the nose (as high altitude)

S

sab isib v.i. (v.n. siban) to rebel, to revolt, to mutiny, to rise in rebellion

¶ a.p. sayeb pl. soyyab rebel, insurgent sabab pl. sbab, *esbab reason, cause, motive sabil used in the expr. fi-sabil llah freely, without expecting a return or compensation bna medrasa fi-sabil llah baš iqraw wlad l-fuqara. He built a school for poor children out of the kindness of his heart.

sabeq v.t. to compete or go up against (usually in some physical sense, as racing)
sabeq a.p. of sbeq

sabe E pl. -in (adj.) seventh

¶ (nhar) s-sabe & seventh day after birth when the child is named sadat pl. of sid and siyyed sades pl. -in (adj.) sixth safali pl. -yen coarse, rude (person)

safih same as sfih
safăr same as safăr 1
safer same as safer
sagya pl. swagi same as saqya
sahel pl. -in (dim. swihel, comp. shel) 1. easy,
simple (to learn, to do, etc.) 2. docile, easy
to tame or master 3. (n.) one of the optional
afternoon prayers

¶ sahel mahel same as sahel 1

sakarat l-mut 1. dying, imminent death žatu sakarat l-mut. He's dying. 2. death throes saken a.p. of sken

saket a.p. of sket

sakuti pl. -yen silent, taciturn, quiet

** duz Eăl l-herhuri, la-dduz Eăl

s-caluti Better to be warv of him w

s-sakuti. Better to be wary of him who does not speak than of him who babbles end-lessly.

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sal isal v.t. 1. to reclaim from, to claim back from (s.o.) ža ka-isal čla ktabu. He came asking for his book. 2. to owe ≠ š z al baqi ka-tsalni? How much do I still owe you?

** ma-isal-š. That's all right. It doesn't

matter.

sal isil v.i. (v.n. sayalan, silan) 1. to run, to flow (water, tears, nose) 2. to leak (out), to drip (out) 3. to leak, to be leaky (container)

sa@il pl. soyyal beggar

sala isali 1. v.t. to finish, to end l-bare sala šgalu bekri. He finished his work early yesterday. 2. v.i. to end, to terminate, to be over

¶ sala m a to finish or polish off b-derha wezda sala m ah. He finished him off with one blow.

¶ a.p. msali pl. msalyen free, unoccupied, having nothing to do

salam 1. peace (as opposed to war) 2. greeting, salutation

** u-s-salam! That's all! Nothing else!
--s-salamu Ealaykom! Hello!

salama used in the expr. maça s-salama!
Good-by!

salef pl. swalef braid, braided tress (woman's hair)

salăf (no pl.) loan (bank, etc.)

salem a.p. of slem

salma (no pl.) sage (plant and spice)

sama isami v.t. to put together, to place next to one another sami had t-twabel! Put these tables together!

¶sama mča to put or place against, next to sami had š-šelya mča l-zăy!! Put this chair against the wall!

same v.t. to pardon, to forgive (s.o.)

¶samez f-1. to not take, to give up (e.g. one's share) 2. to give up the idea of, to decide against (s.th.) samezt f-merrake's u-mšit neskon fe-sla. I decided against (living in) Marrakech and went to live in Salé.

¶!!ah isamez f- denotes a willingness to forget about s.th. Etini gir alfayn frenk u-!!ah isamez-lek fe-t-telt alaf frenk l baqya. Just give me two thousand francs and we'll forget about the other three thousand.

sana (less commonly used than ξam) pl. sinin year (period, particular year)

sanawi pl. -yen annual, yearly

sanida granulated or powdered sugar
sanes v.t. to acquaint (s.o.), to get (s.o.) used
(to sth.) sanesni xay b-sugan t-tumubil.
My brother got me used to driving a car.
sanuž seeds of the nigella used as a condiment

sanya pl. swani kind of vegetable or fruit garden (often watered by a noria)

saq isuq v.t. (v.n. suqan) 1. to drive, to operate (car, bicycle, sailboat, mule, etc.)
2. to pilot, to fly (plane, ship)

¶ saq (isiq or isuq) le-xbar to find out, to hear (about) bbah saq-lu le-xbar

ka-ikmi u-Etah le-Esa. His father found out he was smoking and gave him a licking. sag pl. sigan calf (leg)

sagta pl. -t, swaget latch, bolt, lock (s.th. that

locks without a key)
saqut 1. fruit prematurely fallen from the
tree 2. miscarriage, abortion

saqya pl. swaqi irrigation ditch or flume

sar isir v.i. (v.n. sir) 1. to go (rare usage, except impv. which is used for the more common mša) 2. to go (and), to begin gir qbed le-flus u-sar ka-ixser fihom. As soon as he got hold of the money he began to spend it.

¶ ka-isir . . . so, . . . ka-isir ana daba wellit keddab! So, now I'm a liar, am I! ¶ sar Ela to beat (s.o., as a punishment)

¶... u-sir u-sir, or u-sir Ela had š-ši ... and so forth, and so on, etc.

sara v.t. to show around, to take on a tour, to show the sights to (s.o.) sarawni

le-mdina. They showed me around the city.

saratan cancer

sarga 1. same as sargana 2. same as šarga sariž pl. satarež 1. reservoir tank (water)
2. fish bowl, aquarium 3. pond, pool (fish, swimming, etc.)

¶ Eămmer s-swarež to brag, to boast (implies lying about it)

sareq a.p. of sreq sarut pl. swaret key (of lock, clock, etc.) sarya pl. -t, swari pillar, column

sare a.p. of sre

sas isus v.t. (v.n. susan) 1. to shake (to get s.th. out or off) sus l-xenša men t-toin!

Shake the bag and get the flour out! 2. to shake off or out sus t-toin men l-xenša!

Shake the flour out of the bag! 3. to blow (nose)

sas pl. sisan foundation, base (building, argument, etc.)

satt, satet same as sades

sawa v.t. 1. to level, to even, to make level or even (ground, chair, etc.) sawi z-zlafa f-yeddek! Keep the bowl level with your hand! 2. to settle, to decide (matter, problem)

¶ sawa bin . . . u-bin (or binat) to treat equally, impartially, fairly sawaw bini u-binu. He treated both of us fairly.

sawa used in the expr. Eăndu sawa (or

sawa sawa) Eăndi kollhom sawa. I treat (or consider) them all the same.

sawazil pl. of sazil

sawem v.t. 1. to bargain over (price) 2. to bargain with (s.o.)

¶ sawem t-taman d- to price, to determine the price of (s.th.)

sayalan v.n. of sal isil

sayeb a.p. of sab

sayen v.t. to wait for, to await

sayer all (often with actual meaning of "most") had š-ši sayer n-nas ka-ičărfuh.

Everyone (i.e., all the people) knows that.
sayez a.p. of saz

saz isiz v.i. (v.n. sizan) 1. to spread (water on the ground, a stain on s.th., etc.)
2. to go on tour, to travel around

¶ a.p. sayez pl. soyyaz tourist

saza pl. -t 1. open or vacant area 2. yard (school) 3. field, court (sports) 4. square, plaza

¶ bà ¿ ¿ ¿ čád men sa ¿ to go or get away from, to get out of (one's) sight bà ¿ ¿ čád men sa ¿ ti wella džibha f-rasek! Get away from me or you'll be sorry!

sac il pl. sawazil, sawaz el coast, shore saz qa pl. -t 1. meteor, meteorite 2. sudden, choleric attack (e.g., appendicitis)

sa Ea du. sa Etayn pl. -t, swaye E (dim.

swita) hour (60 min., time of day)

** šzal hadi fe-s-sa a? What time is it?

¶f-had s-sa a 1. now, at the present time
2. nowadays, these days

¶ f-sa ξ $tu\phi$ 1. right away \neq , immediately \neq , right afterwards \neq kla s-sehla u-f-sa ξ tu dx el l-bit l-ma. He took the laxative and immediately went to the bathroom. 2. to be able \neq (usually financially) ma-si f-sa ξ tu is i t-iumubil daba. He can't buy the car right now.

¶ $sa \xi t - a s$ (at) what time or hour $sa \xi t - a s$ maži? What time is he coming?

¶ sa Et-emma whenever, any time

¶s-sa a but Eyit ma n Eaynu, s-sa a ma-ža-š. I waited and waited for him, but he didn't come.

sa ¿ada 1. v.n. of s¿ăd 2. happiness

¶sa&adat Excellency l-barez thellemt m&a sa&adat l-&amil. Yesterday I spoke with His Excellency the Governor.

saced v.t. to help, to aid (s.o.)

¶saged mga to be patient with (s.o.) ¶saged Ela to be favorable to, to help (as rain to crops)

satef v.t. 1. to follow satefu l-wad f-le-hbut.

They followed the river downstream. 2. to

listen to, to follow (advice) 3. to listen to, to follow the advice of (s.o.)

sa Ei a.p. of s Ea

sa ¿id pl. su ¿ada (comp. s ¿ăd) happy, full of happiness (character trait)

** sbazek sačid! Good morning (to you)! — Eid mubarek sačid! Happy holiday! (Islamic holidays)

sa ¿udi pl. -yen 1. Saudi Arabian 2. (no pl.) gold or silver brocaded cloth

sba isbi v.t. (v.n. sebyan) to captivate, to charm (often used with Eqel) dik l-bent sbat-lu Eaqlu. That girl has captivated him.

shab, eeshab pl. of sabab

sbabel pl. of sebbala

sbani pl. of sebniya

sbasa pl. of sebsi

sbayeb pl. of sebba and sbib

shayhi pl. -ya one who buys old things, refurbishes them, and resells them

sbayek pl. of sbika

sbayel pl. of sbula

sbaysi pl. -ya Spahi (North African trooper, generally cavalryman from Algeria or Morocco)

sba epl. of subue

sba ¿iya pl. -t seven-shot rifle

sebb v.t. (v.n. sebb, sebban) to insult, to treat insolently

sebb (no pl.) 1. v.n. of sebb 2. insult, insolent remark or act

¶ sebb sebbut (no art.) leapfrog (game) sebba pl. -t, sbayeb 1. cause, reason 2. pretext, excuse

¶ b-sebbt because of, on account of ana b-sebbtek ga & Elaš žit. I came only because of you.

¶ (jir) Ela sebba in a precarious position or condition (about to fall, break, to go off, etc.) Eăndak ra dik le-mraya jir Ela sebba waqfa! Watch out! That mirror is about to fall and break!

sebbaba pl. -t index finger

sebbag adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a ag. adj. and n. of

sebbala pl. sbabel kind of fountain, usually continuously running, where people may get water

sebban v.n. of sebb

sebbeb v.t. to cause, to occasion huwa ga lli sebbeb had s-sda kollu. He's the one that caused all the ruckus.

sebbel 1. v.t. to sacrifice, to give sebbel & ămṛu baš yā £teqha. He gave his life to save her.

2. v.t. to donate (as to the poor) 3. v.i. to be boiling or steaming (water) baqi l-beqṛež ma-sebbel. The kettle isn't boiling

sebbeg

yet. 4. v.i. to form ears (wheat, in growing)

sebbeq v.t. 1. to advance, to give in advance (money) sebbeqt-lu šher dyal le-kra. I gave him a month's rent in advance. 2. to do first s-sbaz sebbeqt l-zămmam Eăl le-ftur. This morning I took a bath before breakfast.

sebbura pl. -t blackboard

sebbez v.i. to pronounce any formula, e.g., sebzan !!ah, which glorifies God (often in connection with saying the rosary)

sbeg v.i. to run (person, animal)

sbib n.u. -a pl. sbayeb 1. lock of hair (as horse's forelock or tail) 2. fishing line 3. string (e.g. violin)

sbik v.n. of sbek

sbika pl. sbayek 1. nugget (as gold) 2. ingot, bar (gold, silver) 3. composite gold bracelet (i.e., many loose rings)

sbil free gift, donation

¶ le-s-sbil at one's own expense

¶ Eărsa de-s-sbil public garden or park sbiq v.n. of sbeq

sbiritu alcohol (never for beverage)

¶ sbiritu de-d-dwa denatured alcohol, for medicinal antiseptic purposes

¶ sbiritu de-l-Eafya methylated alcohol, cooking alcohol

sbitti pl. -ya one who sells, and may make, shoes (sebbat)

sbiṭṛiyin (f. sg.) leather goods market or section (of city)

sbek v.t. (v.n. sbik) to pour or form into ingots

sebniya pl. sbani 1. handkerchief 2. scarf (head) 3. kind of mosaic tile centerpiece (usually in the floors of patios)

sbeq v.t. (v.n. sbiq) 1. to precede, to go before (s.o.), to go (on) ahead of (s.o.) 2. to arrive before (as in a race) 3. to get in front of (as when waiting in line) 4. to pass (as in driving, being promoted over s.o.) 5. to surpass, to come out ahead of (as in a test)

** sbeqni lsani. It just slipped out (what 1 said).

¶ a.p. sabeq pl. -in 1. last, former previous 2. used in the expr. s-sabeq or fe-s-sabeq before, previously

sberdila pl. -t (sg. ferda de-s-sberdila) (pair of) sneakers

sebseb v.i. to depart in shame or embarrassment, to leave in humiliation Eayratu
u-sebseb bla-ma iwažeb. She insulted him
and he left in embarrassment, without
answering.

sebseb pl. sbaseb mongoose

sebsi pl. sbasa kind of long Moroccan hashish pipe with a clay bowl

sebsub, šebšub pl. sbaseb, šbašeb 1. horse's mane 2. long, abundant hair on woman's head

sebt (with art.) Saturday

¶ nhaṛ s-sebt (on) Saturday

sebta Ceuta

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sebti 1. pl. -yen of or pertaining to Ceuta 2. pl. sbata person from Ceuta

sbula pl. sbayel 1. ear of wheat, barley, etc. (not corn) 2. bayonet

** l-beqrež tleq s-sbula. The kettle's boiling.

sbu same as (nhar) s-sabe (see sabe sbu a pl. of sba

sebyan v.n. of sba

sebzan used in the expr. sebzan !!ah!, expr. of amazement, surprise, or disbelief sebzan !!ah! ka-itkellem !- Eărbiya! I just can't believe it, he speaks (Moroccan) Arabic! sbă pl. sbu a lion

seb E, seb Ea (former used with n. admitting du.) seven

seb Ein 1. seventy 2. seventieth sbă Etaš 1. seventeen 2. seventeenth

sda (m.) warp (weaving)

sdader pl. of seddari

sdas pl. of sudus

sdasi (no pl.) six-shooter (revolver)

sdasiya pl. -t six-shot rifle

sedd same as šedd

sedd pl. sdud, sudud 1. dam (water) 2. sluice or ditch gate

sedda v.i. to arrange or form the warp, to warp (before placing the woof)

seddan same as šeddan (v.n. of šedd)

seddari pl. sdader type of wall-to-wall sofa placed so that it faces the entrance to the room

seddaya pl. -t woman who forms the warp (before the woof is woven in)

sder, sder pl. sdur, sdura 1. chest, breast (person, animal) 2. bust (woman) 3. wall facing the entrance of a room

sedra pl. -t kind of jujube tree or bush

sdud pl. of sedd

sdur, sdura pl. of sder, sder

sfa n.u. -ya hair-like filament growing from each grain husk of a cereal spike

stated pl. of seffud

sfaha obscenity, obscene words or actions

sfar pl. of sfer

stayef pl. of sfifa

sfayen pl. of sfina

seff v.t. (v.n. seffan) to suck(up, out, in) (e.g. a liquid)

seffa kind of couscous made with sugar and cinnamon

¶ seffa merduma the dish seffa with pigeon added

seffan v.n. of seff

seffar pl. -a bookbinder

seffaž pl. -a one who makes and sells a kind of Moroccan doughnut (šfenž)

seffed v.t. to place on a skewer or brochette (for cooking)

seffel b- to yell or shout at, to bawl out

seffer v.t. to bind (books)

seffud pl. sfafed brochette, skewer, small spit sfeh comp. of sfih

sfifa pl. -t, sfayef ornamental border (added to handkerchiefs, dresses, curtains, etc.)

sfih pl. sufaha (comp. sfeh) obscene, gross (person)

sfina pl. -t, sfun, sfayn, sufun ship (passenger, naval)

sfel, *esfel used in the expr. sfel s-safilin the bottom (of the ladder of success), "low man on the totem pole"

sefli pl. -yen ground floor

sefnaž pl. -a same as seffaž

sfenž n.u. -a same as šfenž

sfer pl. sfar, sfura zero, cipher

sferžel n.u. -a 1. quince 2. quince tree

sefsa b- or Ela to fail to keep an appointment or engagement with (s.o.)

sefsawi pl. -yen given to not keeping appointments or engagements

sfuf dish made of flour, sugar, and oil, seasoned with sesame

sfun pl. of sfina

sfura pl. of sfer

sga same as sqa

segga v.t. to put a sauce or gravy on (couscous)

segged v.t. to straighten (out) (s.th. crooked, bent, or dented)

seggem same as seggem

segni pl. sgani 1. bowl-shaped frame of woven reeds, inverted over a fire to support bedding or clothing to be fumigated with sulphur 2. same sort of frame (covered to retain heat and vapors) inside which one sits for a vapor bath

seginas pl. sganes 1. butcher's steel, sharpening steel 2. letter opener 3. toothpick 4. any small, pointed tool used for cleaning out a clogged opening or hole

seignes v.t. to remove dirt or other obstruction from (an opening or a hole) by means of a small pointed tool; to clean out (an opening) seignsat l-Eayn d-l-ibra. She cleaned out the eye of the needle.—ka-iseignes snanu b-seignas d-le-xšeb. He's picking his teeth with a wooden toothpick.

sha isha v.i. (v.n. shu, sehyan) to get or be distracted

¶ sha Ela to forget, to let slip one's mind shit Eliha. It slipped my mind.

shal v.i. (v.n. shula, shuliya) 1. to get or become easy or easier l-luga shalet Eliya men bă Ed-ma žit l-?amirika. The language became easier for me after I came to America. 2. to become (more) docile or easy (easier) to tame (e.g., an animal)

sham pl. of sehm

sharež pl. of sehriž

sehb pl. shub (foot) path, trail

sehhel v.t. 1. to facilitate, to make easy or easier (s.th.) 2. to simplify 3. to loosen the bowels of (s.o., as in constipation)

** !!ah isehhel Elina u-Elik. expr. said either to a beggar to whom one has no money to give, or as a good-luck wish to s.o. about to undertake s.th.

¶ sehhel m a to go easy on (s.o.) Eăndi z-zher, sehhel m aya le-fqi f-le-mtizan. I was lucky; the teacher went easy on me in the exam.

shit v.n. of shet

shel same as shal

shel comp. of sahel

sehla pl. -t laxative

sehm pl. sham share, portion
** hada sehmek! Serves you right!

-ma-hiya-š men sehmek! She's out of your class! (i.e., socially)

sehma pl. -t same as sehm

sehriž pl. sharež pond, pool (fish, swimming) shet (v.n. shit) 1. v.i. to calm down; to stop groaning, moaning (baby, sick person; often implies going to sleep also) 2. v.t. to exhaust, to wear out (s.o.)

sehta pl. -t n.i. of shet

shu v.n. of sha

shub pl. of sehb

shula, shuliya v.n. of shal

sehvan v.n. of sha

si (with art.) abbreviation of siyyed, used similarly to English "Mister", showing some respect; often used with first names among friends

siba anarchy, complete disorder

siban v.n. of sab

sid pl. syad, sadat 1. master, lord 2. mister (usually with first person sg. ending)

¶ bbahφ siduφ (one's) grandfather

¶ sidi rebbi (my) God, Lord

sif pl. syuf sword (generic)

¶ be-s-sif by force žaw Elih u-ddaweh mEahom be-s-sif. They came and took him away by force.

¶ be-s-sif ξ la (to be) incumbent on (s.o.), (to be) duty-bound l- θ insan be-s-sif ξ lih ixelles d-da γ iba. It's one's duty to pay (his) taxes.

siyyda pl. -t (f. of siyyed) 1. more formal title

devils) 2. possessed (as by the devil)

sifa pl. -t, svef, svuf face (usually used in than lalla 2. lady, woman describing) siftu sift l-kelb. His face looks like a dog's. siyyel v.t. 1. to leak, to let leak (liquid) 2. to make run or flow slightly, to let trickle sikran, sikran henbane sikuk same as sikuk (water, blood, etc.) sil pl. syul stream made up of melting snow siyyeq v.t. to mop (floor) siyyer v.t. 1. to direct, to lead (orchestra) or rain runoff 2. to instruct, to give instruction to silan v.n. of sal silun pl. -at cell or dungeon for solitary consiyyes v.t. to train (animals) finement of a prisoner ¶ siyyes m & a to have patience with (s.o.) siyyež v.t. to enclose (with hedges, trees, simana same as simana sinima pl. -t 1. movie house 2. theater (shows, fence), to fence in sizan v.n. of saz plays, etc.) sinin pl. of sana, sna and Eam skaken pl. of sekkin skat 1. silence, quiet 2. v.n. of sket siniya same as siniya sinta pl. -t 1. film (photographic) 2. parasitic ¶ be-s-skat discreetly, without letting anyworm (e.g., tapeworm) one hear, listen, or know sigan pl. of sag skawel pl. of sekwila sigelliva Sicily skayri pl. -ya drunkard sir pl. siru impv. of mša (see sar) skef v.t. (v.n. skif) to suck (blood) sir 1. v.n. of sar 2. pl. syur cord, lace (shoes, Tp.p. meskuf pl. -in skinny, very thin corset, etc.) (person) sira pl. -t 1. walk, gait 2. behavior, comport-¶ meskuf mennu¢ d-demm (to be) hagment, conduct 3. biography gard, gaunt skif v.n. of skef sisan pl. of sas sisban n.u. -a sweet pea skikku saints preserve us! God help us! siwa except, save, but had n-nas kollhom skinžbir ginger (spice) ka-nă Erefhom siwa had s-siyyed. I know skek pl. of sekka everybody except this gentleman. sekka pl. -t, skek 1. track (railroad) 2. plowsiwana pl. -t kite (as flown on a string) share (including the moldboard) 3. coin ¶ dreb s-sekka to mint coin(s) siya rare colloquial form of siyy? a siyada 1. sovereignty 2. Excellency (title) sekkak pl. -a goldsmith siyadet xalifet begdad! His Excellency the sokkar sugar Caliph of Bagdad! ¶ sokkar de-l-qaleb loaf sugar siyama, la-siyama especially, in particular ¶ sokkar mqaret lump (i.e., rectangular) dik n-nas kollhom teyybin, siyama brahim. sugar They're all fine people, especially Brahim. ¶ sokkar sanida granulated sugar sekkin pl. skaken knife sivar a tourism sekken v.t. 1. to calm or quiet down (baby, siyy? a pl. -t sin, transgression siyyaf pl. -a headsman (executioner) turbulent water, etc.) 2. to put up, to lodge siyyala pl. -t tattooed spot or mark on a (s.o.) woman's chin sekker v.t. 1. to get (s.o.) drunk 2. to drug, siyyas pl. -a (horse) trainer to narcotize (less common) siyyasa 1. politics, political science 2. diplosokkor same as sokkar macy (international) sekket v.t. to calm or quiet down (s.o.) siyyasi pl. -yen 1. political 2. diplomatic (in sekkum asparagus dealing with others) 3. (n.) politician sekkuti pl. -yen quiet, taciturn siyyeb v.t. 1. to throw, to toss, to cast 2. to ** duz Eăl l-wad l-herhuri la-dduz Eăl throw away or out 3. to drop, to let fall s-sekkuti. see sakuti 4. to leave, to abandon 5. to neglect, to not sekkež 1. v.i. to become jammed or stuck take care of (door, lock) 2. v.t. to abash, to nonplus siyyed v.t. to cause to be considered important, a "somebody" (e.g., money, fame) sken v.i. 1. (v.n. sukun) to become calm or we-llah-ila le-flus siyydu. Money has really quiet (baby, water, etc.) 2. (v.n. sokna) to made him a somebody. live, to dwell, to reside siyyed pl. sadat 1. master, lord 2. (with art. ¶ a.p. saken pl. sokkan inhabitant or first person pron. ending) mister 3. gen-¶ p.p. meskun pl. -in 1. haunted (spirits,

tleman, man 4. saint 5. tomb of a saint

sokna 1. v.n. of sken 2 2. dwelling, place to slit v.n. of slet slix v.n. of slex sker v.i. (v.n. sekra) to get drunk, intoxicated gesliza pl. of slaz sekra 1. n.i. and v.n. of sker 2. drunkenness slek v.i. (v.n. slik) 1. to save oneself, to ¶ drebha b-sekra to get drunk, intoxicated escape (from some danger) 2. to (finally) (deliberately) be sold or gotten rid of (old merchandise) sekran pl. -in drunk, intoxicated 3. to finish one's memorization of the Koran sokri pl. -ven light beige (Koranic school) seksu couscous selk pl. sluk 1. wire (fencing, electrical, etc.) sket iskot v.i. (v.n. skat) 1. to be or keep quiet. 2. cable (electrical) 3. wire spoke (wheel) to shut up 2. to stop (clock, watch, heart) selka, solka pl. -t, slaki n.i. of slek 3 ¶ a.p. saket pl. -in quiet, silent ¶ xerrež s-selka same as slek 3 sekta n.i. of sket sell v.t. (v.n. sellan) 1. to pick out or off, to ¶ drebha b-sekta to keep quiet, to shut up remove (as a fly from soup) 2. to take ¶ sekta qelbiya heart attack furtively, to sneak skubbi fibbing, tall tales, "fish stories" I sell rasu men to exclude oneself from, sekwila pl. -t. skawel obsolescent term for to stay out of (some situation, etc.) sell, soll, marăd s-sell tuberculosis medrasa sla 1. Salé (city across the river from Rabat) slel pl. of sella sella v.t. 1. to entertain, to show a good time 2. mucus 3. placenta ¶ tqiyya gir s-sla to have the "dry to 2. to cheer up, to console heaves", to retch with an empty stomach sella pl. -t, slel (woven)basket sellak pl. -a savior (uncommon usage) slaf (pl.) ancestors sellal pl. -a same as slayli slag pl. of slugi slahem pl. of selham sellan v.n. of sell sellef v.t, 1. (1-) to lend (to), to loan (to) slaki pl. of selka slala 1. descent, lineage, line huwa men slalet 2. (men) to borrow (from) muzămmed. He's of Mohammed's lineage. sellek v.t. 1. to save, to rescue 2. to liberate, to 2. heredity (usually somewhat adj.) dak free 3. to bring some profit to (s.o.) (upon 1-merd fihom slala. Among them that disselling s.th.) sellem v.t. 1. to deliver, to hand over 2. to ease is hereditary. transmit (s.th. to s.o.) 3. to convert to Islam slalem pl. of sellum slam 1. v.n. of sellem 2. greeting, salutation ¶ sellem f- to resign from (office) slama v.n. of slem 1 ¶ sellem $rasu^{\phi}$ to surrender, to give one-** be-s-slama! Good-by! -trig s-slama! Have a nice trip! - Ela slamtek! greeting ¶ sellem Ela to greet, to give regards to, to say "hello" to for s.o. who has been away slasel pl. of selsla (same as sensla) sellum pl. slalem ladder slawi pl. -yen of or from Salé ** huwa bzal s-sellum (or bzal sellum ¶ ger Ea slawiya kind of long, green baba rebbi). He's a long drink of water squash (i.e., very tall and thin). slayef pl. of slif sellez v.t. to arm, to equip with weapons slayli pl. -ya basket maker slem v.i. 1. (v.n. slama) to be safe (and sound) 2. (v.n. ?islam) to be converted to slaz (sg. and coll.) pl. eesliza arms, weapons Islam, to embrace Islam sleb v.t. (v.n. selb) to steal (as from a drunk ¶a.p. salem, or salem ganem safe and or sleeping person, or by pickpocketing) xellaweh zetta ddah n-n zas u-selbu-lu sleq v.t. (v.n. sliq) 1. to boil (eggs, etc.) 2. to le-flus dyalu. They waited until he was scald asleep then stole his money. selg chard selsel same as sensel ** selbet-li ¿ăgli. She's stolen my heart. selb v.n. of sleb selsul same as sensul selba pl. -t lasso, lariat slet v.t. (v.n. slit) 1. to pick off or out, to remove (as a fly from soup) 2. to take furselham pl. slahem kind of overrobe with a hood and no sleeves tively, to sneak slif pl. slavef husband of the wife's sister slugi pl. slag greyhound slik v.n. of slek slugiya pl. -t f. of slugi

sluk pl. of selk

slue pl. of selea

sliman same as šliman

slig v.n. of sleg

slex v.t. (v.n. slix) to skin (animal) us something! 3. to insult semmă &-li l-žedd Islex b-le-Esa to "skin" alive (as in u-t-tayfa. He insulted my whole family. punishing a child) smen comp. of smin sel a pl. -t, slu (pl. rare) merchandise, smen pl. smuna salted butter (actually about goods the same as American store-bought butter, sem, sm pl. asami, ?esma? name smek? as opposed to freshly made salt-free butter) (What's) your name? ¶ smen bu-dra & kind of aged butter ** be-sme-llah! In the name of God! smeq kind of black ink used in Koranic (said in beginning some activity, i.e., Let's schools begin! Let's get started!) ¶ smeq d-le-wden earwax, cerumen sma pl. -wat (pl. rare) sky smer Ela (v.n. smir) to wait for, to lie in esmae pl. of sem, sm wait for sman v.i. to become fat(ter), to gain weight smer f, semra pl. sumer brown-skinned, tan sman pl. of smin (either naturally or from sun) semsar pl. -a, smasriya, smasriya real estate smasriya, smasriya pl. of semsar smat pl. smayet 1. diaper 2. swaddling cloth agent or broker semser v.t. 1. to separate from the bone, to or cover smați pl. of semța (same as semța) cut away from the bone (meat) 2. to pick smawat pl. of sma (s.o.) clean, to get all the money of (s.o.) smawi pl. -yen 1. heavenly, celestial 2. sky away from him (gambling, robbing, etc.) 3. to divest or rob (s.o.) of his clothes smayet pl, of smat semta same as semta smaza v.n. of smez smum pl, of semm smid, smida semolina smuna pl. of smen smimen pl. -in dim. of smin smez l- (v.n. smaza) 1. to excuse, to pardon, smin pl. sman (comp. smen) fat (person, to allow (common courteous usage) 2. to forgive, to pardon animal) ¶ dim. smimen nice and fat ¶ smez f- 1. to abandon, to forsake (s.o., smir v.n. of smer doing s.th., etc.) 2. to give up on (s.o., smiya pl. -t 1. name smiytek? (What's) your name? 2. ceremony in which a child is sme comp. of smiz smae v.t. (v.n. smie, seme) 1. to hear 2. to smiyat pl. of smiya and Pism, ism listen to smiz pl. -in (comp. smez) tolerant, forgiving ¶ små klam (plus n. or pron.) to obey, smi 1. v.n. of sma 2. pl. -in (no comp.) to do as one says sma klami! Do as I say! obedient semと v.n. of smae I smie muție obedient, submissive ** Eănd s-sem E u-ț-ța Ea, sem Eăn semm pl. smum 1. poison 2. venom wa-ta atan. expr. of willing obedience to semma 1. v.t. to name, to call as s.o's wishes ka-tsemmiweh? What do you call it? sna isni v.t. to irrigate (garden, etc.) -dzad Eăndhom wliyyed, ma-zal sna pl. sinin, snin year, period of a year ma-Eărfu šnu gad-isemmiweh. They had a snadef pl. of sendaf baby boy, but they still don't know what snader pl. of sendura they're going to name him. 2. v.t. to title snan pl. of senna (book, etc.) 3. v.t. to name, to appoint 4. v.i. snasel pl. of sensla and sensul to say the expr. be-sme-llah (see sem) snater pl. of snitra ** aš semmak !lah? What's your name? snaz (sg.) arms, weapons semman pl. -a one who sells salted (presenbel (coll.) kind of hyacinth served) butter sendaf pl. snadef busybody, shameless semma E pl. -in 1. capable of being heard meddler from a distance 2. ag. adj. of semmă & sendef v.i. to be a busybody, meddler semmem v.t. to poison sendura pl. -t, snader bucktooth ¶ p.p. mesmum pl. -in belligerent and snin pl. of sana, sna, and Eam vindictive snitra pl. -t, snater mandolin semmen v.t. to fatten (up) (s.o., animal) senn (not very much used) age šzal semmet v.t. 1. to wrap or bundle up (child) f-sennek? What's your age? 2. to cinch (horse) senna pl. -t, snan, sennin any of the four semmă v.t. 1. to let or cause to hear 2. to front upper or four front lower teeth sing (s.th.) for semmă na ši-zaža! Sing senned v.t. to rest, to lean senned-lu raşu

b-le-mxedda! Lean his head on the pillow! –sennedt le-mkozla &ăl l-zăyṭ. I leaned the rifle against the wall.

sennin pl. of senna

sensel v.t. 1. to fasten or bind with a chain m & a-š senselti l-kelb? What did vou chain the dog to? 2. to dislocate (joint)

sensla pl. -t, snasel (link) chain

sensul pl. snasel vertebral or spinal column sentrež same as šentrež

sqa isqi v.t. (v.n. sqi, seqyan) 1. to (go) get, to fetch (water, as from a well) 2. to give (s.o.) to drink 3. to water, to irrigate 4. to cover, bathe or plate (with gold, silver)

¶ sqa l- to furnish or supply (s.o.) with (water, etc.) l-gerrab huwa lli ka-isgi-lna l-ma. The water carrier is the one who supplies us with water.

sqaqi pl. of seggaya

sqaqet pl. of seggata

sgat pl. of sgit

sgata v.n. of tsegget

sqayet pl. of sqita

sqayti pl. -ya one who buys old things, refurbishes them, and resells them

sqef pl. squfa 1. ceiling (room, etc.) 2. roof (house)

sqi v.n. of sqa

sqit pl. -in, sqat unable to resist one's desires (usually eating)

sqita pl. sqayet portion of body including the upper leg and rump, and sometimes a part of the side (usually a butcher's term, but may refer to a person)

segga same as segga

seggat pl. -a ag. n. of tsegget

seggata pl. sqaqet stick with a hooked or claw-like end used in shaking fruit (e.g., walnuts, olives) from the tree

seqqaya pl. -t, sqaqi kind of fountain where people may fill containers with water

seggef v.t. to roof (house)

seggem v.t. 1. to do, to be engaged in 2. to make (meal, bed, cabinet, etc.) 3. to straighten (s.th. crooked, bent) 4. to fix, to repair

¶ p.p. mseqqem very well, perfectly, to perfection ka-yă Emel dima š-šgol dyalu mseggem. He always does his work to perfection.

segget v.t. 1. to make fall, to knock down (from a high place, as fruit from a tree) 2. to fail (s.o., in an exam or subject) 3. to get done, to finish men s-sbaz meskin u-huwa ka-ixdem yallah segget žuž

d-le-fradi. The poor guy's been working since morning and he's only got two pairs

done.

segsa v.t. 1. to ask or inquire of (s.o.) 2. to interrogate

sget v.i. (v.n. sugut) 1. to fall off or out of (as from a high place) 2. to fail (in an exam or subject) 3. to miscarry (woman) 4. to become paralyzed

** sqet lunu. He's become pale and wan. -sqet men ¿ayn s-seltan. He's fallen into disfavor.

squfa pl. of sqef

sequan v.n. of sqa

sra isri v.i. (v.n. seryan) to spread (spot, spilled water, disease, etc.)

** Ead sra mEah le-Zdit. It's finally sinking in (i.e., he's finally beginning to understand). -sra m Eah d-dwa. The medicine is beginning to take effect.

srab mirage srabes pl. of serbis

srar pl. of serr

srareb pl. of serraba sraref pl. of serrifa

sraser pl. of sersar

srawel pl. of serwal

sraver pl. of srir

srayri pl. -ya maker of beds (i.e. srir) sravež pl. of sriža

sražem pl. of seržem

sraz freedom, liberty (as a result of being freed)

** tleg ||ah sraz kom. You're free to go. serba 1. v.t. to serve (food) 2. v.t. to wait on, to attend (s.o.) 3. v.i. (often reflexive with $rasu^{\phi}$) to hurry up

serbay pl. -a waiter (as in a restaurant) serbis pl. srabes line, file, queue (as in waiting for tickets)

¶ & mel (or qbed) s-serbis to form a line,

to get in line (waiting)

serbisa beer

sred v.i. (v.n. srid) to get wet, damp, humid

serdil, serdin n.u. -a sardine sergina rue (plant)

srid v.n. of sred

sriksi pl. -yat (pair of) men's leather slippers srim v.n. of srem

srig, sriga v.n. of sreq

srir pl. srayer 1. scaffolding 2. bed (sleeping) sriža pl. -t, srayež saddle (especially for mules)

srie pl. -in (comp. srae) 1. fast, rapid 2. prompt, quick (s.o., in doing s.th.)

srem v.t. (v.n. srim) to take off, to remove (clothes)

srenbeg, srembeg n.u. -a mussel

sreq v.t. (v.n. sriq, sriqa) 1. to steal (s.th.) 2. to rob, to steal from (s.o.)

¶ sreq t-triq to take a short cut (e.g. in walking)

stateq same as stahel

stated in stated be-llah, to call for God's

** sergetni t-trig. I lost my way. I took a wrong road. ¶ a.p. sareq pl. sorraq thief, robber serga pl. -t n.i. of sreq ¶ be-s-serga furtively, without anyone knowing serr pl. srar 1. secret (n.) 2. charm, attractiveness \P be-s-serr 1. in secret, secretly 2. in a very low voice (usually in praying) serraba pl. -t, srareb track, trail (as in tracking water or mud into a house) serrag pl. -a thief, robber serraga pl. -t 1. f. of serrag 2. dropper, syringe 3. hypodermic syringe sorraq pl. of sareq (a.p. of sreq) serraž pl. -a saddler sorraz pl. of sarez (a.p. of srez) serred v.t. 1. to get wet, to wet, to dampen 2. to humidify serri pl. - yen secret (adj.) serrifa pl. -t, sraref noose, running knot, slip knot serrež v.t. to saddle (horse, etc.) serrez v.t. 1. to free, to liberate 2. to permit, to authorize 3. to lay or spread out (a rug, map, etc.) ¶ serrez $\xi \check{a} y n u^{\phi}$ (f-) to look closely (at), to "open one's eyes" (and look at) sersar pl. sraser bell (as in a telephone, doorbell, clock, etc.) serser v.t. and v.i. to ring (bell) sertel v.t. to insert, to thread (thread through a needle) sruž pl. of serž serwal pl. srawel (pair of) pants, trousers seryan v.n. of sra serž pl. sruž saddle (horse, bicycle) seržem pl. sražem window srez (v.n. serza) 1. v.i. to graze (cattle, etc.) 2. v.t. to graze, to put(out) to pasture ¶ a.p. sarez pl. serraz, sorraz one who tends grazing livestock serza n.i. and v.n. of srez sră comp. of sri c sor ¿a speed, velocity, rapidity Pesses v.t. to found, to establish, to institute staden v.i. to ask permission staget b- to ask the help of (s.o.; for serious or dangerous situations) stahel v.t. to deserve, to merit, to be worthy of stanef v.t. to resume, to go on with stagem v.i. (v.n. stigama) 1. to become straight, to straighten 2. to line up, to get

straight. 2. upright, righteous 3. well-

(morally)

behaved

forgiveness or protection, e.g. after uttering a fault in prayer or hearing a blasphemy staten b- to make use of, to help oneself (out) with (s.th.) stazen be-l-flus lli dzadu-lu fe-l-? užra dyalu u-šra dar ždida. He made use of the raise in salary they gave him to buy a new house. stebrek b- to gain a (vicarious) blessing from (s.o. who has been to Mecca, or s.th. considered holy) ste? den same as staden sted Ea isted Ei v.t. 1. to invite 2. to summon 3. to subpoena stgell v.t. (v.n. stiglal) 1. to take advantage of (opportunity) 2. to exploit (resources, people, etc.) stegreb (men) v.i. to be surprised (at), to be astonished (by) stehza b- to ridicule, to mock stidea pl. - at 1. invitation 2. summons 3. subpoena stiğlal v.n. of stgell stinaf v.n. of stanef stintag v.n. of stenteg stigama 1. v.n o.f stagem 2. uprightness, righteousness 3. good behavior stir v.n. of ster stitu f. stitwa pl. stitwin little, small (used primarily in northern Morocco) stiemal v.n. of staemel stenbet v.t. to invent, to devise ste?nef same as stanef stenfă & b- to make use of stenna same as tsenna stenteq v.t. (v.n. stintaq) to interrogate, to question ster v.t. (v.n. stir) to hide, to cover, to conceal (nakedness, object, scandal, etc.) ** llah isetrek! God preserve you! (used in asking and thanking) ster preservation, protection (God's) sett, setta (former used with pl. of n. admitting du.) six settar used in the expr. ya zafid u-ya settar said as an invocation of God's protection settef v.t. to put in order, to arrange (objects) settin 1. sixty 2. sixtieth stexber Ela to inquire about (rather rare usage) stecla v.t. to enjoy or appreciate with pleasure stzăgą same as stahel in line 3. to straighten up, to reform oneself stez sen v.t. to like, to approve of, to find good or acceptable ¶ a.p. mestaqem pl. -in 1. straight had l-xett ma-ši mestagem. This line isn't ste va v.i. 1. to become embarrassed, ashamed 2. to be modest (as opposed to

boastful) 3. to be timid, shy

ness! -ma-ši sugek! None of your busi-I ste ya men to become shy or embarrassed in the presence of (s.o.) stă der v.i. to excuse oneself (as from a meeting), to make excuses ma-žit-ši l-l-xedma l-barez, la-bodda nestă Eder l-yum. I didn't come to work yesterday and today I have to make my excuses. stă fa (men) to resign (from) stă mel v.t. to use, to employ, to utilize (s.th.) stă mer v.t. 1. to colonize 2. to occupy (as troops) stă E žeb same as t E ă ž ž e b stila pl. -at term, expression stel, sețla same as stel, șețla setrenz same as šentrez setwan same as setwan su? (no pl.) misfortune ¶ suº l-∠ăḍḍ bad luck Imearef (or maerift) s-su? bad company, unsavory associations su?al pl. ? as?ila question šzal men su?al Etawkom f-le-mtizan? How many questions did they ask you in the exam? ¶ s ab s-su?al angels charged with questioning those who have died (preceding judgment) subu E pl. -at, sba E, @asba E seventh, seventh part sud pl. of swed suda 1. f. of swed 2. washing soda sudan (with art.) Sudan sudani pl. -yen (adj. and n.) Sudanese sudin pl. of swed sudud pl. of sedd sudus pl. -at, sdas, Pasdas sixth, sixth part sufaha pl. of safih, sfih sufun pl. of sfina suger v.t. 1. to insure (car, house, etc.) 2. to register (mail) sukri same as sokri sukun 1. v.n. of sken 1 2. quiet, tranquillity 3. diacritic indicating lack of vowelling (Arabic script) sulu, suluw 1. distraction, diversion (from boredom) 2. lack of care and worry Eayša gir f-sulu. She lives a carefree life. sum (no pl.) price, cost ¶ sum-aš at what price or cost sumer pl. of smer sunan pl. of sunna sunna pl. sunan tradition or teaching of the

Prophet Mohammed (often regarded as

valid as Koranic law), orthodox Islam

suq pl. swaq 1. market, marketplace (usually

open-air) 2. section of city where one par-

ticular sort of product is made and/or sold

** dxel suq rasek! Mind your own busi-

sunni pl. -yen of or pertaining to sunna,

orthodox Muslim

ness! -ma-Eăndi suq, or ma-Eăndi fih suq. I don't care one way or the other. ¶ suq Eamm fair, exposition (usually international) sugan v.n. of sag suqi pl. -yen ready-made (clothing, etc.) sugut v.n. of sget susa pl. -t decayed or rotted area (tree, tooth, etc.) susan 1. v.n. of sas 2. n.u. -a lily susdi gauze, muslin suwwaq pl. -a 1. same as suwwag 2. one who frequents the country markets either for buying or selling suwwaqi pl. -yen ordinary, common, run-ofthe-mill suwwas pl. -a ag. n. of sas suwwasa pl. -t long pole or stick used in knocking fruits, nuts, etc., from trees suwwek 1. v.t. to clean or treat with the bark of the walnut tree (teeth and gums) 2. v.i. to use walnut bark for cleaning one's teeth suwwel v.t. to ask, to put a question to suwwes v.t. and v.i. to rot, to decay sužud v.n. of sžed sužun v.n. of sžen suEada pl. of saEid swa iswa to be worth, to cost l-lisans fe-l-megrib ka-iswa tmanin frenk l-litru. In Morocco gasoline costs eighty francs a swa . . . swa (second swa often omitted) whether . . . or swa glesna l-qoddam swa l-lur, bz al bz al. It makes no difference whether we sit in front or in back. swagi pl. of sagya (same as saqya) swak bark of the walnut tree (used in cleaning teeth) swalef pl. of salef swani pl. of sanya swaq pl. of suq swaqi pl. of saqya swaget pl. of sagta swari pl. of sarya swaret pl. of sarut swarež pl. of sariž swayni pl. -a gardener (in charge of the sanya) swaye E pl. of sa Ea swazel pl. of sazil swed f. suda pl. sud, sudin black (things, people) swihel dim. of sahel swiqa pl. -t kind of market dealing primarily in foodstuffs swirti 1. luck, good fortune 2. luck, chance 3. lottery, raffle 4. pl. -yat amusement park having games for winning prizes, etc.

** swirti! Maybe! Could be!

-swirti u-zher. Well, that's the way it sexxer v.t. to commission, to give an errand goes. That's life. to (s.o.) swiea pl. -t (dim. of saea) a little while, ¶ !!ah isexxer . . . good luck . . . !!ah isexxer-lek f-had l-bi a u-š-šerya. Good a moment (or two) sxa isxa b- (v.n. sxi) to want to give up or luck in your business deal. abandon (usually used with ma- in its opsexxet (Ela) v.i. to utter insults and curses posite meaning) ma-sxa-š be-bladu. He (against) didn't want to leave his country. syad pl. of sid -ma-sxa-š biha (or ifreqha). He didn't syasa used in be-s-syasa slowly, easily want to be separated from her. syaž (no pl.) enclosure, enclosing fence, Imen s-sbaz u-huwa gales, Ead sxa hedge, or line of trees (around a field) ixrož. He finally left after sitting around syef pl. of sifa here since morning. —b zal le-Esel seyl same as sil ma-tesxa-š mennu (or bih). You're really syuf pl. of sif and sifa going to like him. syul pl. of sil sxan pl. of sxun syur pl. of sir sxana pl. (of intensity) sxayen 1. heat, soyyab pl. of sayeb (a.p. of sab) warmth 2, fever žatu s-sxana. He's got a soyyal pl. of sa@ĭl fever. soyyaz pl. of sayez (a.p. of saz) sžed v.i. (v.n. sužud) to prostrate oneself (in sxari pl. of sexra, soxra sxawa generosity, largess prayer) sxayen pl. of sxana and sxina sežda pl. -t n.i. of sžed sxef v.i. (v.n. sexfa) 1. to become exhausted sžin v.n. of sžen (physically) b-quwt ž-žri sxef. He's exsžen v.t. (v.n. sžin, sužun) 1. to close in, to hausted from running. 2. to faint, to pass keep in (person, chickens, etc.) 2. to imout (from weakness, exhaustion) prison, to lock up sexfa 1. v.n. of sxef 2. exhaustion (from exer-Tp.p. mesžun adj. pl. -in n.pl. msažen tion) 3. unconsciousness, fainting spell, prisoner sžen pl. sžun prison faint Eli dima ka-tqebţu s-sexfa mnin sežna pl. -t coop, hut (chickens, rabbits, ka-išuf d-demm. Ali always faints when he sees blood. pigeons, etc.) sexfan pl. -in 1. exhausted (from exertion) sžun pl. of sžen 2. faint, dizzy 3. unconscious, fainted sežžada pl. -t prayer rug sežžel v.t. 1. to register, to have recorded (passed) out (name, documents, etc.) 2. to record, to sxi 1. v.n. of sxa 2. pl. -yen generous, opennote, to keep a record of (minutes, etc.) sxina pl. sxayen kind of Jewish stew eaten on 3. to record (music, etc.) Saturdays s = a is = a (v.n. s = u) to clear up (sky, sxir v.n. of sxer weather) sxit v.n. of sxet st ab v.t. or v.i. to seem (often used in the sxen isxon v.i. (v.n. sxuniya) to get warm or perfect as "think") szabni (or szab-li) žiti l-bare. I thought you came yesterday. hot sxen comp. of sxun sr ab n.u. -a cloud sxer v.i. (v.n. sxir) to turn out well, to be szag powdered charcoal or carbon (i.e., the successful sxer-lu hadak l-mešru . That powder which comes from larger chunks) project turned out well for him. szari pl. of sezra szasez (no sing.) dim sziszat lies, trickery sexra, soxra pl. -t sxari 1. commission, errand 2. salary, pay 3. tip, gratuity had š-ši ģir kdub u-szasez. That's just sxet Ela (v.n. sxit) same as sexxet Ela lies and trickery. sext 1. curse, malediction 2. catastrophe, disszăb same as szab (v.) sziq v.n. of szeq aster ¶ sext llah enormous, huge, monstrous szir v.n. of szer had r-rtila sext !!ah! This spider is enorszen pl. szuna mosque courtyard $s \ge eq$ v.t. (v.n. $s \ge iq$) 1. to powder, to pulversxun pl. -in, sxan (comp. sxen) 1. hot, warm ize 2. to crumble, to make into crumbs (as 2. hottest room of the public bath bread) 3. to annihilate, to exterminate

2. hottest room of the public bath

sxuniya 1. v.n. of sxen 2. heat, warmth

sexxef v.t. 1. to fatigue, to exhaust (s.o.) 2. to

make or cause to be faint

sexxen v.t. to warm (up), to heat (up)

bread) 3. to annihilate, to exterminate

***\vec{z}-\vec{z}u\infty \sigma_{eq}-li \vec{z}u\infty. I'm starving (i.e.,

very hungry).

scer v.t. (v.n. scir) to bewitch, to enchant,

to put under a spell (person)

¶szer Ela same as szer (things and animals)

sezsez Ela 1. to try to persuade (s.o.)
2. to fib to, to lie to (s.o.)

szu 1. v.n. of sza 2. fair or clear weather szuna pl. of szen

digitation, etc.) 2. fascination, enchantment (i.e., through spells, etc.)

sec ar pl. -a magician, sorcerer (including prestidigitators, etc.)

sezzeb v.i. to get cloudy or overcast

s a is a v.i. (v.n. s aya) to beg (beggar)

¶ a.p. sa i pl. so yan beggar

s & ad pl. of s & id (same as sa & id)

aya v.n. of s ع

sčăd v.i. (v.n. sačada) to be (or become) happy

** !!ah is ¿ ăd sbazek, msak! Good morn-

ing, evening!

¶ p.p.mes Eud used in the expr.

** mbarek mes Eud! congratulations! (said to s.o. who gains possession of s.th. new) —mbarek mes Eud s-siyara ž-ždida! Congratulations on the new car!

seăd comp. of seid, saeid

seid pl. sead same as saeid

seil v.n. of seăl

s č žl v.i. (v.n. s čil) to cough (person)
so č la, se č la 1. n.i. of s č žl 2. coughing,
cough

se ar same as عَدِ šar

seăr, săer pl. asear, asear official price,

so Eyan pl. of sa Ei (a.p. of s Ea)

să E čăd v.t. to make happy

să ¿ ¿ ži v.t. to price (officially), to put an official price on (government authority)

S

sab isib v.t. (v.n. siban) 1. to find fayn sebti le-ktab? Where did you find the book? 2. to run across or into, to come across or upon (s.o., s.th.) 3. to meet iwa nsibek gedda f-bab l-banka. Then I'll meet you tomorrow in front of the bank.

Tsabet l-musiba to happen (s.th. bad or unfortunate) to sabettu meskin wazed l-musiba kbira. He's had a terrible misfortune.

saba 1. pl. -t good harvest, crop 2. pl. -t, syeb kind of covered street or alley, sometimes dead-end

sabi, sabiy pl. sebyan, f. sabiya pl. -t child, little kid

sabra 1. aloe(s) 2. kind of artificial silk
sabun n.u. -a soap, or similar substance for
washing

¶ sabun beldi kind of soft soap (used primarily in washing clothes)

¶ sabuna (n.u.) de-r-riza (cake of) perfumed or scented toilet soap

sadaqa pl. -t alms, charity

sadef v.t. to run or come across by chance, to chance upon (s.o., s.th.)

sadiq same as sdiq

sadeq v.t. to tell the truth to, to be sincere with

sadeq a.p. of sdeq

safef, saff v.t. to put or arrange in a line or file, to line up

safi a.p. of sfa

safer v.i. 1. to travel, to journey 2. to leave or go on a trip or voyage

safăr 1. pl. easfar trip, voyage, journey

2. second month of the Muslim lunar calendar

safet isifet same as sifet

safe v.t. to shake the hand of (s.o., in greeting)

şag işug v.t. (v.n. sugan) 1. to drive, to operate (vehicle) 2. to drive, to herd (livestock)

şag pl. sigan 1. calf (leg) 2. trunk (tree) şağ isuğ v.t. (v.n. syağa) to make into jewelry (precious metal)

saka pl. -t tobacco shop

¶ mul ş-saka tobacconist

sal isul v.i. (v.n. sewla) to be strong, powerful, mighty

** baqi ka-isul w-igul. Don't count him out yet (i.e., he's still got plenty of fight or potential).

sala pl. -t, syel 1. living room 2. large room (usually on the upper floor of a house)

salat same as sļa

salawat pl. of sla

salib pl. solbaw cross, crucifix

salt pl. -in 1. saint 2. sanctuary 3. saintly sale v.t. to bring back harmony, to reconcile (persons)

sale a.p. of sle

şam isum v.i. (v.n. şum, şyam) 1. to fast (usually entails sexual and other abstinences) 2. not to eat (voluntarily or as result of famine, etc.)

san isun v.t. (v.n. sun, syana) to protect, to safeguard (honor, reputation; not greatly used)

2. v.i. to serve (up) food, to portion out

sanam pl. ?asnam, ?esnam, snam idol, graven

food (at the table) 3. v.i. to fall (rain, image waterfall) sane a.p. of sna & ** sebb! scat! (to cat) saq same as saq sebbab 1. pl. -in ag. adj. of sebb 2. waterfall saqta same saqta sar isir 1, to become (not too common usage) sebbag pl. -a 1. painter (houses, etc.) 2. dyer, 2. to start, to begin (doing s.th.) gir sem Lu tinter (cloth, etc.) sebban v.n. of sebb le-fqi daxel saru iqraw. As soon as they heard the teacher come in they started sebbana pl. -t laundry woman, washer woman sebbar pl. -in ag. adi. of sber studying. ** sar daba ka-nekdeb! So, now I'm a sebbat pl. sbabet pair of shoes (usually leather; one shoe, ferda de-s-sebbat) liar, am I! sebba & a, sebba & iya pl. -t glove, mitten ¶ sar men to become of šnu sar mennu? sebben 1. v.t. to wash, to launder 2. v.i. to What ever became of him? do the wash or the laundry saraz a frankness, candidness sat isut v.i. to blow (wind, with mouth) ila sebber v.t. 1. to get or attempt to get (s.o.) to bgiti dik n-nar tezher, sut Eliha! If you be patient 2. to comfort, to console want that fire to get going, blow on it! sebbez v.t. to cause to be, to make (the following morning) l-lă b de-l-barez fe-l-lil ** sat fih b-wazed d-derba l-wežhu. He gave him a punch in the nose. sebber ni mrid. The game last night made me sick this morning. sat imp, rascal, scoundrel (somewhat affec-** llah isebbzek Ela xir! Good night! tionate) ** bqa Elih s-sat mmat zetta žabu safi. -sebbez na čăl llah. same as s-sbaz l-llah (see sbaz) -rah sebbez! It's time for He beat on him and beat on him until he laid him out flat. the morning prayer! (used often simply as saweb same as suwweb a time reference) ¶ sebbez Ela 1. to give a morning greetsayer pl. swayer expenses, what is spent saz isiz v.i. (v.n. syaz) 1. to cry, to wail ing to (s.o.) 2. to start the day off with or by (drinking, shouting, etc.) dima (baby, mourner, etc.) 2. to howl (dog, ka-isebbez čăl š-šṛab. He always starts wolf) the day off by drinking. sazabi pl. suzaba disciple (of the Prophet sbeg v.t. (v.n. sbig) 1. to paint (houses, etc.) Mohammed) sazeb v.t. 1. to associate with, to become 2. to dye, to tint friendly with 2. to accompany (s.o., as on a ¶ sbeg (s.th.) l- (s.o.) to switch (s.th.) trip) on (s.o.; usually in selling) sebģu-li sazeb pl. szab, f. sazba pl. -t, szabat s-sebbat. They switched shoes on me (i.e., 1. friend, (an) intimate 2. companion (i.e., gave me an inferior item). one who accompanies) 3. partner (as in a sbig v.n. of sbeg card game) 4. accomplice 5. partisan folsbitar pl. -at hospital, dispensary lower (in same cause) 6. lover (illicit) sbelyuni, sbenyuli adj. pl. -yen n.pl. sbenyul 7. owner, proprietor 1. Spanish (n.sg. Spaniard) 2. (f.) Spanish ¶ sazeb dčăwti 1. (my) opponent (in a language lawsuit) 2. enemy (personal) sbenyul n.pl. of sbenyuli ¶ sazeb n-nešwa one addicted to insber v.i. (v.n. sber) 1. to be patient 2. to be toxicating or narcotizing habits (drinking, tolerant, forbearing 3. to wait, to hold on dope, etc.) 4. to be resigned, to accept things as they sae pl. siean dry measure approximately are 5, to control oneself (emotions and feelequal to a bushel ings) 6. to last, to wear (shirt, shoes, etc.) sbabet pl. of sebbat ¶ sber Ela 1. to tolerate, to stand (one's sbabti pl. -ya shoemaker actions, nature, etc.) 2. to give (more time) sbaga 1. paint (not artist's) 2. dye, tint to (s.o.) sber Eliya wazed š-šher. Give sbanya Spain sbaz pl. -at morning me another month. ** sbazek! or sbaz l-xir! Good mornsber v.n. of sber ing! -s-sbaz l-llah! said when one is ¶ fih ϕ s-sber to be patient \neq irked by s.th. s.o. does (only in the morn-¶ gellet s-sber impatience ing) sebyan pl. of sabi, sabiy sba ک pl. of sbă sbaz to be . . . in the morning, this morning sebb (v.n. sebban) 1. v.t. to pour (liquids) sbar mrid. He was sick this morning.

-sbăz f-fas. He was in Fez this morning. (sky, water) 2. pure (gold, heart) 3. ex-He arrived in Fez in the morning. actly, perfectly (syntactically adjectival) ** kif sba ti? How are (were) you this l-keswa žatu safva. The suit fits him permorning? (e.g. to s.o. who has been sick) fectly. -sbaz s-sbaz (or l-zal). The dawn is ** safi! At last it's over, done! That's breaking. enough! That's all! sbar same as sbar sfa comp. of safi (a.p. of sfa) sob, seb first daily prayer (early mornsfar v.i. 1. to yellow, to get or turn yellow 2. to pale, to get or become pale or pallid seb ziya pl. -t early morning hours sfasef pl. of sefsaf sba e pl. seb an, sba e digit (toe or finger) sfawa 1. purity (of gold, heart) 2. clearness, ** qta E-lhom sba Ehom. He swindled limpidness (water, sky) them. stayer pl. of stir a seff pl. sfuf 1. row, rank 2. line, file ¶ sbă & kbir thumb, big toe ¶ dar (or Emel) s-seff to form a line, to ¶ sba & sgir little finger, little toe ¶ şbā & weşti middle finger, middle toe line up seb an pl. of sba & ¶ šedd s-seff to get in line sda (m.) corrosion (metals) seffa v.t. 1. to purify, to filter (water) 2. to sdaf n.u. -a 1. button (clothing) 2. motherstrain (e.g. juices) 3. to refine (oil, metals) of-pearl 4. to separate, to skim ≠ (milk from its sdaq pl. -at 1. marriage certificate 2. dowry cream, soup from its oil, etc.) seffi had ¶ dfă & ş-sdaq to give or pay a dowry le-mreq men z-zit. Separate this gravy from the oil (i.e., it's too oily). 5. to settle ¶ dreb s-sdag to sign a marriage contract, to marry or get married legally (matter, business) 6. to finish, to end mnin sda noise, racket tseffi šgalek, xlet Eliya. When you finish sedda v.t. and v.i. to corrode (metals) work, join me. seddeg v.t. 1. to give as charity, to donate ¶ seffa m a to kill (person, animal) 2. to believe, to accept as true or truthful seffar pl. -a coppersmith (s.o., s.th.) seffara pl. -t whistle (instrument or sound) ¶ seddeg Ela to give charity to seffaya pl. -t 1. filter (liquids) 2. strainer seddač v.t. to annoy with noise or chatter (juices) sedfa 1. chance, coincidence 2. pl. -t button seffef same as saff, safef (clothing) seffir see bu-seffar ¶ gir sedfa by chance, by coincidence seffeg v.i. to clap, to applaud sdim v.n. of sdem seffer 1. v.i. to whistle 2. v.t. to yellow, to şdiq pl. aşdiqa, aşdiqa friend make vellow sdem v.t. (v.n. sdim) to run over or down (as ¶xawi ka-iseffer completely deserted or empty (room, house, etc.) a car) seffez v.t. 1. to leaf through (as a book) 2. to sedma pl. -t shock, trauma (mental) sdeq v.i. 1. to be right, to guess right 2. to turn press into sheets (metal, etc.) 3. to shoe (horse) 4. v.i. to die, to "kick the bucket" out well, to turn out to be good (usually foods) 3. to find oneself, to end up (somesfeg v.i. (v.n. sfig) to tremble, to shiver where) (from cold, fear) ¶ a.p. sadeq pl. -in honest, trustworthy sefga pl. -t 1. n.i. of sfeg 2. chill, shiver sedq 1. truth 2. honesty, trustworthiness sfig v.n. of sfeg sder men to come from, to emanate from sfiq v.n. of sfeq (same as sfeg) ** şder mennu wazed l-gaļāt kbir. He sfir a pl. -t, sfayer 1. horseshoe 2. tap (for made a big mistake. shoes) 3. flat stone (for milling, manhole sder same as sder covers) sedriya pl. -t 1. kind of jacket buttoned from sfeq same as sfeg the neck down 2. apron 3. bib sefqa same as sefga sdač same as sdač sfer 1. copper (metal) 2. copperware sfa isfa v.i. 1. to clear up (sky, water) 2. to 3. travel, traveling be settled or cleared up (matter, business) sfer f. sefra pl. sufer 1. yellow, yellowish ** qelbu sfa. He's lost all his rancor (for 2. pale, pallid s.o.). sefra pl. -t trip, journey ¶žab (s.o.) safi 1. to knock (s.o.) out cold sferžel n.u. -a same as sferžel 2. to kill sefsaf n.u. -a pl. sfasef poplar

sfuf pl, of seff

T a.p. safi pl. safyen (comp. sfa) 1. clear

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siyyez v.i. 1. to scream, to cry out 2. to howl
sfura, sfuriya 1. yellowness, yellow 2. pale-
                                                    (dog, etc.)
  ness (skin, face)
                                                 siza pl. -t n.i. of saz
seft a pl. -t page (book, etc.)
                                                 siEan pl. of saE
sgu Eiya bad luck, misfortune
                                                  ? sel same as ? asel
sgae pl. suge ill-fated, unfortunate (per-
                                                  sla isli v.t. to hit, to strike (with open hand,
sġa isġa l- to listen to, to take the advice of
                                                    whip, etc.)
                                                  sla (cons. slat) pl. slawat, salawat prayer
  (s.o.)
sgar v.i. 1. to get small (er), to shrink 2. to
                                                    (usually ritualistic)
  become short(er) (in stature) 3. to get or
                                                      ** s-sla čăl n-nbi! Let's quit! I'm quit-
                                                    ting! (some activity). It's over. It's all over
  become young (er)
                                                    with.
sgar pl. of sgir
                                                  slab pl. of slib
segger v.t. I. to make small(er), to shrink
  2. to shorten (physically) 3. to make
                                                  slaba I. reckless courage or intrepidity, bold-
                                                    ness 2. insolence, impudence
  young (er), to make look young (er)
                                                  slaget pl. of selgut
sģir pl. sģar (dim. sģiwer, sģeyyer; comp.
                                                  slata pl. slavet undesirable or unjust situation
  sger) 1. little, small 2. young
                                                    or occurrence (e.g., a relative living off the
sģiwer dim. of sģir
                                                    family; also, applied to one who does this)
sger comp. of sgir
sgor, sger 1. youth, youthfulness 2. early
                                                  slaten pl. of seltan
                                                  slawat pl. of sla
  years, childhood 3. smallness 4. shortness
                                                  slayet pl. of slata
  (in stature)
                                                  slat v.i. (v.n. slat) to be usable or service-
shil v.n. of shel
                                                    able ma-slaz -li-š. I couldn't use it.
shir v.n. of sher
shel v.i. (v.n. shil) to neigh, to whinny
                                                  slat v.n. of slat and slet
                                                  solban pl. of salib
  (horse)
                                                  selgut pl. slaget coarse, ill-mannered bum
sher v.i. (v.n. shir) 1. to stay up (i.e., not
  sleep) 2. to pass the evening or night
                                                     (wide epithetical usage)
                                                  slib pl. slab recklessly intrepid or bold
sehran pl. -in 1. up, awake (not asleep)
                                                  sliz v.n. of slez
  2. staying up, sitting up (all or part of the
                                                  sella v.i. to pray
  night)
                                                      ¶ sella b- to lead in prayer
sib n.u. -a nit or egg of the louse
                                                      I sella Eăl n-nbi to say sella llah Elih
siban v.n. of sab
                                                    qua-sellem or llahom selli Eal n-nbi after
sid v.n. of sivyed
                                                    mention of the Prophet Mohammed
sida catch, (caught) game, what is caught
                                                  selleb v.t. to crucify
  in hunting
                                                  sellet (Ela) to wish off (on), to burden or
sidg same as sedg
                                                    saddle (s.o.) with (s.th.) bba sellet Eliva
sif pl. syuf summer
                                                    xay. My father has saddled me with (e.g.,
sifa pl. -t, syef description (of s.o., s.th.)
                                                    the responsibility of watching) my brother.
sifi pl. -yen summer (adj.), summery, pertain-
                                                  sellez v.t. 1. to repair, to fix 2. to use (to fix
  ing to summer
                                                    or mend) gadi nsellez had s-sdafa
sifet v.t. to send (s.th., s.o.)
                                                    l-l-qamižža dyali. I'm going to use this
    I sifet Ela (or mura) to send for (s.th.,
                                                    button for my shirt.
  s.o.)
                                                  solta pl. sulat power, domination ma-Eăndu
sigan pl. of sag
                                                    solta Ela mratu. His wife does whatever
sikuk couscous served with buttermilk
                                                    she wants (i.e., he has no power over her).
siniya pl. swani (dim. swinya) metal tray
                                                  seltan pl. slaten sultan, king
  (primarily used for utensils used in making
                                                  selten v.t. to crown (s.o.)
                                                  seltna sultanate, kingship
    ¶ Emara de-s-siniya set of utensils, etc.,
                                                  slu Ziya baldness
  used in making tea
                                                  selya pl. -t n.i. of sla
siyyed v.t. (v.n. sid) 1. to hunt, to hunt for
                                                  slet v.t. (v.n. slit, slat, Pislat) I. to cor-
  (game) 2. to fish for (literal sense) 3. to
                                                    rect (exam, a delinquent, etc.) 2. to fix, to
  catch (fish, game)
                                                    repair 3. to iron, to press (clothes)
siyyer v.t. 1. to spend (money) šzal siyyerti
                                                       ¶ a.p. salez pl. -in saint
  Ela režlek lli kanet mrida? How much did
                                                       ** ma-čăndi fih saļza. I don't need it.
  you spend on your bad leg? 2. to separate
                                                       ¶ p.p. mesluz pl. msalez iron (for pres-
  the dirt from (wheat, with a bu-siyyar)
                                                    sing clothes)
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solz 1. reconciliation (between two persons)
                                                snay ¿i pl. -ya craftsman, artisan
  2. peace (between countries)
                                                sendid pl. snaded (n. and adj.) brave, coura-
slae f. selea pl. sule bald (head)
                                                   geous, heroic
sel&a pl. -t bald head or pate
                                                senduq pl. snadeq 1. box (or similar object)
smar (coll.) rush (es)
                                                  2. chest, trunk, footlocker 3. cash register
smasriya pl. of semsar (same as semsar)
                                                  4. safe, strong box
smati pl. of semta
                                                    ¶ mul s-senduq cashier (bank)
smayem (f.) forty-day period of hot weather
                                                senf pl. snaf kind, sort, type (usually of
  (from July 11 to August 21)
                                                  foods) s-men senf had t-teffaz hada? What
sma Ei pl. of sem Ea
                                                   kind of apples are these?
smek f. semka pl. sumek deaf (also, hard of
                                                snie v.n. of snae
                                                sennara pl. -t, snaner (fish) hook
  hearing)
semm 1. n.u. -a rock, stone (usually preceded
                                                sonna pl. of sane (a.p. of snae)
                                                sensal kind of white clay used on writing
  by zăžra e.g. zăžra semma, etc.) 2. pl.
  smum, smuma rounded, smooth stone
                                                  boards (Koranic school)
semmar pl. -a shoeing smith, horseshoer,
                                                sentiza pl. -t, snatez 1. forehead (implies a
                                                  strong or hard head) 2. audacity, effron-
  farrier
semmek v.t. to deafen, to cause to become deaf
                                                   tery, cheek
                                                     ¶ fih^{\phi} s-sențiza to be cheeky,
  (or hard of hearing)
semmer v.t. to nail; to nail on, down, or up
                                                   impertinent ≠
                                                sentrez same as šentrez
  (door, box, etc.) !lah ixellik, semmer had
  l-luza fe-l-zit. Please nail this board on
                                                snuber n.u. -a pine tree (also the wood)
                                                şnă ك v.t. (v.n. şni ك) to make, to manufac-
  the wall.
                                                  ture (cars, washers, etc.)
smer f. semra pl. sumer same as smer
semra cold (of a clear night)
                                                    ** aš-ka-teṣnă <? What are you doing,
    ** derbettu ş-şemra. He caught a cold
                                                  anyway? (implies annoyance)
  as a result of staying up under the sky of
                                                    ¶ ṣṇặ≿ le-klam to speak eloquently
  a clear night)
                                                    Ta.p. sane pl. sonna craftsman or
                                                  artisan
semsar same as semsar
semser v.i. to deal in real estate (as a
                                                sen a pl. -t, snaye 1. profession, job, craft
                                                  2. workmanship (quality) sen a mezyana
  broker)
semsra 1. pl. of semsar (same as semsar)
                                                  hadi! This is good workmanship! 3. skill,
  2. auction
                                                  dexterity 4. ruse, artifice, clever trick
smet v.i. (v.n. smut, smutiya) 1. to quiet
                                                şqil v.n. of şqel
  down, to become silent 2. to get hard, to
                                                sqir v.n. of sqer
  solidify
                                                sqel v.t. (v.n. sqil) 1. to polish, to shine, to
    ¶ a.p. samet pl. -in 1. solid, firm 2. kind
                                                  burnish (metal) 2. to hit, to strike, to slap
  of hard food made of raisins, sugar and
                                                segla 1. polishing powder (for polishing
                                                  metals) 2. pl. -t slap, blow (with the open
  spices
semt silence, taciturnity
                                                  hand)
    ¶ qta & s-semt to be quiet, to stop talking
                                                sqelli kind of golden or silver thread (em-
  (no impv. use)
                                                  broidery)
semta pl. -t, smați 1. belt (waist, machinery)
                                                seqqal adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a ag. adj. and n. of
  2. razor strop
                                                  sqel
smukiya deafness
                                                seggat same as seggat
smum, smuma pl. of semm 2
                                                seqqem same as seqqem
smut, smutiya v.n. of smet
                                                seqqet same as seqqet
sem Ea pl. -t, sma Ei, sma E, swame E
                                                sqer v.i. (v.n. sqir) to be quiet, still (neither
  minaret
                                                  making noise nor moving)
pl. of semEa عsmă
                                                segra pl. -t n.i. of sger
snaded pl. of sendid
                                                    ¶ drebha b-segra to keep quiet, to keep
snadeq pl. of senduq
                                                  mum
snaf pl. of senf
                                                sqet, seqt same as sqet, seqt
snam, eesnam pl. of sanam
                                                srarfi pl. -ya money-changer
snan unpleasant odor from the armpit or
                                                spaser pl. of sersar
  mouth
                                                srayem pl. of srima
snaner pl. of sennara
                                                sref v.t. (v.n. srif) to spend (money)
snatez pl. of sentiza
                                                     a to support (i.e., pay s.o's) اع sṛef
snaye E pl. of senEa
                                                 subsistence)
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¶ p.p. mesruf pl. msaref expense money
                                                     to not count on hi setter Ela 7 med! Don't
  serf 1. change (money) 2. behavior or man-
                                                     count on Ahmed (to be here, e.g.).
    ner of dealing (with others) 3. pl. sruf
                                                   stula pl. of stel
                                                   stuza pl. of staz
    weight (as used in weighing on a balance)
  serfeq v.t. to slap, to strike (open-handed)
                                                   setwa power, influence
                                                   setwan pl. stawen vestibule, hallway (at the
  srima pl. -t, srayem bridle (horse)
  srir v.n. of serr
                                                     entrance of a house)
                                                   stăz pl. stuza (dim. stiyyez, stiza) flat roof
  srit v.n. of sret
  serr v.t. (v.n. srir) to tie or bundle up into a
                                                     (usually used as a terrace)
    knotted cloth (e.g., money in a handker-
                                                   subba pl. -t soup (usually with vegetables)
                                                   suf pl. swaf, swef wool
  srer pl. of serra
                                                   sufa pl. -t 1. same as suf 2. mold (as on old
  serra pl. -t, srer navel, umbilicus
                                                     bread)
  sorra pl. -t bag, pouch (as for money; in-
                                                   suft pl. -yen excessively religious
    cludes makeshift sacks, as one made of a
                                                   sufer pl. of ster
                                                   suga pl. -t n.i. of sag
    knotted handerchief, etc.)
  serraxa whooping cough fih s-serraxa. He
                                                   sugan v.n. of sag
                                                   ع pl. of sgae
    has the whooping cough.
  serred v.t. 1. to send serred had r-risalat
                                                   sula 1. power, strength (physical) 2. power,
    le-s-si azmed. Send these letters to Mr.
                                                     authority
    Ahmed. 2. to count, to enumerate serred
                                                   sulat pl. of solta
    t-tnaber, waqila xass wazed wella žuž.
                                                   suldi pl. swaled, swalda old coin minted with
    Count the stamps; there may be one or
                                                     a hole in the center
    two missing. 3. to review, to check d-dabit
                                                       ¶ pl. swaled money
    ka-iserred l-Eăsker qbel-ma ixeržu. The
                                                  sule pl. of sla &
    officer reviews the soldiers before they go
                                                   sum v.n. of sam
    out. 4. to pick over and clean (grains,
                                                  sumek pl. of smek
   kernels) serred l-ful u-š-š&ir u-ddihom
                                                  sumer pl. of smer (same as smer)
   le-t-ta una. Pick over and clean the beans
                                                  sun v.n. of san
                                                  sur pl. swar 1. wall (as around a yard, city),
    and the barley and take them to the mill.
 serref v.t. to change (money, e.g. five ones
                                                     rampart 2. trumpet
   for a five) serref-li had l-werga drahem!
                                                  sura pl. -t 1. picture, photograph 2. painting,
    Change this bill into dirhams!
                                                     picture (wall) 3. appearance, looks (face)
 serret v.t. 1. to review, to check, to go over
                                                     4. pl. -t, swar chapter of the Koran
    (again) 2. to review (troops)
                                                     5. flunky, puppet
                                                       ** ma-baat fih gir s-sura. He's gotten to
 sersar pl. sraser cricket (insect)
 serser v.i. to scream, to cry out (person)
                                                     be as thin as a shadow.
 sret v.t. (v.n. srit) to swallow whole
                                                  surdi pl. swarda same as suldi
 spuf pl. of sepf 3
                                                  surra same as sorra
 seržem same as šeržem
                                                  sut pl. swat voice
 stab v.t. to enjoy (food, movie, swim, etc.)
                                                  suți pl. -yen crazy (non-literal usage)
      \P stab rasu^{\phi} to enjoy oneself, to have fun
                                                  suwwaf pl. -a, -in wool dealer
 starem pl. of stermiva
                                                  suwwag pl. -a driver, operator (car, carriage,
 stawem pl. of setwan
                                                     train, etc.)
 star same as star
                                                  suwwar pl. -a photographer
 stila dim. of setla
                                                  suwwara pl. -t camera (not movie)
_ stiza dim. of stăz
                                                  suwweb v.t. 1. to make (meal, bed, chair, etc.)
 stel pl. stula 1. bucket, pail (metal) 2. dunce,
                                                     2. to make, to manufacture 3. to fix, to
   ignoramus
                                                     repair 4. to arrange, to put in order (as a
 sețla pl. -t (dim. stila) same as stel 1
                                                     messy room)
 stermiya pl. -t, starem 1. kind of throw-pillow
                                                       I suwweb (s.th.) ma bin to settle (s.th.)
   or cushion 2. hassock
                                                     between, to reconcile (s.th.) between
 setta v.t. to drive crazy (literally and figura-
                                                  suwwef v.i. to get moldy
   tively)
                                                  suwwem v.t. to make (s.o.) fast (in
 setter v.t. 1. to draw (a straight line) 2. to
                                                     Ramadan)
   line, to put lines on (sheet of paper) 3. to
                                                  suwwer v.t. 1. to draw, to paint (pictures)
   line up, to align (in single line)
                                                     2. to take a picture of, to photograph 3. to
      ¶ setter Ela 1. to cross out or off (as a
                                                     describe 4. to earn (money)
   name on a list) 2. to count out, to exclude,
                                                       ¶ şuwwer f-&ăqlu$ to imagine
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suwwet v.t. 1. to whip, to lash, to flog (extended to sticks) suzaba pl. of sazabi su Luba same as s Luba swab good manners, courtesy ** žiti fe-s-swab. You came just at the right time. swabni pl. -ya soap dealer swaf pl. of suf swaled, swalda pl. of suldi swame & pl. of sem & a swani pl. of siniya swar pl. of sur and sura 4 swarda pl. of surdi (same as suldi) swat pl. of sut swaver pl. of saver swef pl. of suf swinya dim. of siniya swira (with art.) Mogador swiri pl. -yen of or from swira sewla y.n. of sal sxer n.u. sexra pl. -t, sxur rock, boulder (too big to lift) sxet, sext same as sxet, sext sxur pl. of sxer sexxet same as sexxet syada same as sida syaga v.n. of sag syam v.n. of sam syana v.n. of san syar v.n. of sar syeb pl. of saba 2 syef pl. of sifa syel pl. of sala syuf pl. of sif seyyad pl. -a 1. hunter 2. fisherman 3. Casanova, ladies' man seyyağ pl. -a jeweller (i.e., makes jewelry) seyyaz pl. -in ag. adj. of saz $s \subset a$ is $\subset a$ v.i. (v.n. $s \subset u$) 1. to come to, to regain consciousness 2. to clear up (sky) 3. to sober up (from drunkenness) szab pl. of sazeb szabat f. pl. of sazeb szari pl. of sezra szaz v.i. to become strong (person) s ב a ב pl. of s ב ז ב szăb same as sazeb ¶ szăb mea to take with szăb meak le-bra! Take the letter with you! ser ba, sor ba friendship sezfa pl. -t kind of large earthen dish used in preparing and kneading bread dough

sciz pl. scaz 1. strong, powerful (person, animal) 2. strong, solid (chair, piece of wood, etc) 3. healthy, in good health, fit 4. true (not a lie) 5. correct, right ** ma-čăndi gir flus szaz. I don't have any change. szıza dim. of sezza szen pl. szuna same as szen serra pl. sr ari, sr ari 1. (barren) desert 2. (with art.) Sahara desert set rawa n pl. of set rawi serrawi adj. pl. -ven npl. serrawa desert dweller s z u v.n. of s z a szuna pl. of szen (same as szen) stur 1. meal eaten during Ramadan before dawn 2. time of the meal in 1 during Ramadan seכד vi. 1. to get well, to recover 2. to become strong sezz 1. truth 2. strength (of wood, cloth, chair, etc.) ** be-s-sez ? Really? ¶ be-s-se ₹ is it true (that), really was be-s-sezz ġadı tsafer? Is it true you're going to take a trip? sezza (dim. sziza) 1. health 2. strength (physical) ** b-sezztek! said to one who has just had a haircut, bath, or is wearing a new shirt, suit, etc. —llah yătık s-sezza! reply to b-set tek. sezzaf pl. -a pallbearer, bier bearer sezzaqiya pl. -t 1. colic, violent stomach ache 2. action of tripping s o. sez בי v.t. 1. to strengthen, to give strength to, to make strong(er) (s.o) 2. to verify, to get (s.th.) straight, to check 3. to correct (exam, paper, etc.) s Eab vi. 1. to get or become hard or difficult (s th.) 2. to become hard or strict (person) ib عs ab pl. of s ib ع د s و ab comp. of s $s \in b$ pl. -in, $s \in ab$ (comp. $s \in ab$) 1. hard, difficult (to do) had š-ši s Eib ittă Emel. This is hard to do. 2. hard, strict (person) rough, difficult (as a road) seăr v.i. 1. to become rabid (dog, etc.) 2. to get furious (person) s čăr rabies, hycrophobia s Euba pl. -t difficulty să č ž ăb v.t. to make hard (er) or (more) difficult Š

š abbreviated form of aš and the ši of negation

ša, ša? used in the expr. 1. in ša !!ah God

willing 2. ma ša? llah. That's the way it goes. That's life.

ša pl. šyah (not too common usage) sheep

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2. briefcase

šagg a.p. of šegg šab išib v.i. 1. to grey, to get grey (hair) 2. to get old, to become aged (person) šagur pl. šwager hatchet šar išir v.i. 1. to signal, to make a sign, to ¶ a.p. šayeb pl. -in old and grey give a signal mnin nšir-lek aži! Come when šabab pl. of šabb *šabb* pl. *šabab, šobban* young man I give the signal. 2. to hint, to infer ¶ šar l- to refer to, to mention šabba pl. -t young woman šara pl. -t target šobban pl. of šabb šabeh v.t. same as šbeh l-¶ dreb š-šara to target practice šabel n.u. -a (dim. šwibla) shad šareb a.p. of šreb šareb pl. šwareb 1. lip (mouth) 2. rim, edge, šadd a.p. of šedd šaf išuf (v.n. šufan, šuf) 1. v.t. to see kif lip (of a glass, bowl, etc.) 3. mustache bgitini nšufha f-had d-dlem? How do you (short) šaref a.p. of šref expect me to see it in this darkness? -bġa išufek Ela wazed l-qadiya. He wants to šarāf 1. honor, esteem 2. state of being a see you about something. 2. v.i. to look descendant of the Prophet (i.e., šrif) šarga woolen serge (mostly impv. usage) šuf a hya! Hey, look! ** šuf zdak! Watch where you're going! šari a.p. of šra šarik same as šrik ¶ šaf f- to look at ** šuf fiya l-llah! Have pity on me! šarika pl. -t company, corporation šariča law, jurisprudence (1slamic) $\P \check{s}af l-1$. to find (s.th.) for (s.o.), to look for (s.th.) for (s.o.) šuf-li ši-xedma, šarek v.t. to participate with, to join (s.o.) barek !lahu fik. Please find some work for I šarek f- to take part in, to participate in šari & pl. šawari & avenue, boulevard me. 2. to tell the fortune of (s.o., as a foršašiya pl. šwaši 1. kind of conical hat with a tune teller) tassel 2. Jewish skull-cap šafa v.t. to heal, to cure (subject is usually šati pl. šatven rainy (day, weather) God) šafaqa pity, compassion (for one's fellow šat išit v.i. to be left (over), to remain ¶ šat-lu ϕ to have left \neq šațu-li le-flus man) šahada 1. v.n. of šhed 2. profession of basic bezzaf. I have a lot of money left. šawarie pl. of šarie Muslim faith (i.e., "there is no god but God and Mohammed is His prophet") 3. pl. šawen city in northern Morocco -t certificate, certification 4. diploma šawni 1. pl. -yen of or pertaining to the city šahed 1. pl. šhud, šuhud witness 2. pl. šwahed of šawen 2. pl. -ya inhabitant of šawen index finger 3. pl. šwahed tombstone šawniya pl. -t red pepper ¶ šahed ž-žur false witness (person) šawer v.t. (v.n. šwar) to consult, to consult šahiya appetite (food) šakešmir 1. cashmere (cloth) 2. pl. -at turban Tšawer Ela to announce (s.o. who has 3. pl. -at man's hat (felt) arrived to see s.o. else) šal išil v.t. to take or bring, to transport (by šaweš pl. šuwwaš kind of page or messenger (as between offices) carrying) šal pl. šilan 1. (neck) scarf 2. shawl šay 1. nothing, anything (with negative) šala Ela (v.n. šilan) to hit, to strike šalat ma-šeft šay. 1 didn't see anything. 2. em-Elih be-l-begrež. She hit him with the tea phatic form of negative particle (š, ši) ma-ža-šay. He didn't come (at all). kettle. šam (with art.) Syria ¶ šay llah expr. of respect used at the šami adj. pl. -yen n.pl. šwama Syrian mention of a saint šayatin pl. of šițan šamex pl. -in 1. busy, bustling (as a market) 2. old and wise (person) šayeb a.p. of šab šan importance, significance (personal) Jaye used in the names of the months Jaye ma-čăndu šan. He isn't very important Easur, saye mulud second and fourth (e.g., socially). months of the Muslim calendar ** ržač zaža u-šan. He's gotten to be šažara pl. -t family tree, genealogy somebody (i.e., important). šazet pl. -in 1. dry sgi l-werd, rah šazet. ¶ f-šan, Ela šan, or f-šeen, Ela šeen Water the roses; they're dry. - Etini šriba, about, concerning rahom žtam u ba da Tălqi šazet. Give me a little drink, my Ela še?nek. They've already met together throat's dry. 2. stingy, miserly šal šazet! concerning you (i.e., your case or problem). ma-ixerrež le-frenk. How stingy he is! Not šanța pl. šwanet 1. bag, suitcase (travel) a franc gets away from him.

šač išič v.i. to spread, to circulate (news)

šačir pl. šuč ara poet

šbab 1. youth, youthfulness 2. pl. šobban same as šabb

¶ z ăbb š-šbab acne, pimples

šbabek pl. of šebbak

šbaki pl. of šebka

šbar pl. of šber

šebb, šebba alum

šebbak pl. šbabek window (originally iron grillwork on a window)

šebbakiya (coll. and sg.) pl. -t kind of cake made with honey

šobban pl. of šabb and šbab 2

šebbeh v.t. 1. to take or mistake (s.o. for s.o. else) šebbehtini m a ši-wa ed axor.

You've mistaken me for someone else. 2. to

compare

** šebbeh nebbeh. There's no comparison; they're not at all alike. —m & a men šeftek šebbehtek. A man is known by the company he keeps.

šebbek v.t. 1. to interlace (slats in a trellis, fingers, etc.) 2. to tangle, to get tangled up (thread, etc.) 3. to make decorative openings in (a piece of cloth, by removing the threads of the woof or the warp)

šebber v.t. to measure in or by spans of the

šebber v.t. 1. to hold (in the hands) 2. to grab onto, to grasp, to take hold of 3. to catch (s.th. thrown)

¶ šebber f- to get hold of, to hold onto (s.o., s.th.)

** llah išebber fik. May God preserve vou.

šebbå v.t. 1. to be enough for, to satisfy, to satiate (s.o.) had l-makla ma-tšebbā ni-š.

This isn't enough food for me. 2. to give a lot of (s.th.) to (s.o.) bha šebbā ni flus l-&am lli daz. My father gave me a lot of money last year. —šebbā ha &sa (or hrawa). He really beat her hard.

šbeh l- (v.n. šbih) to resemble, to look like

šbih v.n. of *šbeh*

šbiha resemblance, similarity

šbika dim. of šebka

šbit v.n. of šbet

šbiz v.n. of šbez

šbek pl. of šebka

šebka pl. -t, šbaki, šbek (dim. šbika) 1. net (fishing, hair, tennis, etc.) 2. kind of sieve (for gravel)

šber pl. šbar, šbura span (of the hand; used as a measure)

šebšub pl. šbašeb same as sebsub

šbet v.i. (v.n. šbit) to reach its hottest point (battle, war, fire, etc.)

¶ šbet f- to flare up at (s.o.) (in anger) ¶ šbet $f_i h^{\phi}$ to catch \neq , to catch on \neq (fire) *šebtet n-nar fe-d-dar*. The house caught on fire.

šbubiya youth, adolescence

šbura pl. of šber

šbe v.t. (v.n. šbi) to lay out, to knock flat (s.o., as with a blow)

šbāč 1. v.i. to become full or satisfied (with food) 2. v.t. to get or acquire a lot of (s.th.)

Tšhā E men to get tired of, to get fed up with

šeb & a 1. n.i. of šbã & 2. abundance 3. quality of being enough, sufficiency

šeb E an pl. -in 1. full, satisfied (after eating)
2. used as a.p. of šbă E — šeb E an

t-tumubilat. He has a lot of cars.

šdad pl. of šdid

šedd v.t. (v.n. šeddan) 1. to close šedd š-šeržem baš ma-idxol-š l-berd! Close the window so the cold won't come in! —šedd had l-metreb! Close this bottle! —šedd fommek! Shut your mouth! Shut up! 2. to button or zip up 3. (m&a) to tie, to fasten (to) (shoes, s.th. to s.th.) 4. to hold, to hold onto šedd-lha yeddiha (or f-yeddiha)! Hold onto her hand! 5. to catch (s.th. thrown) 6. to catch, to apprehend (thief, etc.) 7. to take, to grab 8. to get, to obtain & am luwwel šeddet š-šahada dyalha. She got her degree last year.

** iwa šedd rasek! Keep your wits about you and do a good job.

¶šedd f- to hold onto, to grab hold of
**šedd fe-lzäytek! Watch it! Be careful (said to s.o. who has slipped and almost
fallen) —kan ġad-imut ġir rebbi šedd fih.
He's still alive only through the grace of
God. —šedd fe-l-hedra (or f-le-zdit)

u-ma-bġa-š itļeq. He got to talking and wouldn't stop.

¶ šedd Ela 1. to keep (s.th., s.o.) away from šedd Eliya kelbek wella nqetlu! Keep your dog away from me or I'll kill him! 2. to lock up (s.o.) šedd Eliha fe-d-dar. He locked her (up) in the house.

¶ a.p. šadd pl. -in different, peculiar, unlike the general run of things or people šedd pl. šdud, šduda kind of brimless hat with a turban wrapped around it

šedda 1. n.i. of šedd 2. position of being faced with myriad problems, bind

šeddan v.n. of šedd

šdeg same as šdeg

šdid pl. -in, šdad 1. strong (person physically)
2. strict, hard (person) 3. intense (heat, cold, hatred, etc.) 4. skilled, expert (in some activity)

šdeq pl. šduq, šduqa 1. cheek (internal)
2. piece, morsel (bread)

** šz al fih de-š-šdeq! He's full of baloney! (i.e., doesn't know what he's talking about)

¶ dreb š-šdeq to "feed one's face"

¶ Eta (s.o.) be-š-šdeq to make a sound similar to a "raspberry" at (s.o.; actually a bilabial trill; used to indicate one's incredulity in what s.o. says)

šdud, šduda pl. of šedd

šduq, šduqa pl. of šdeq

šfaq pl. of šfiq šfar pl. of šfer

šfari pl. of šefra

šfayef pl. of šeffa

šeffa v.t. to cause or make (s.o.) feel pity şez tu ka-tšeffini. The condition of his health makes me feel sorry for him.

šeffa pl. -t, šfayef lip (of the mouth)

šeffar pl. -a thief, robber, anyone who steals or robs

šeffer v.t. 1. to steal (s.th.) šeffru-lha le-flus kollhom. They stole all her money. 2. to cut into strips (leather, in leathercraft) 3. to trim (edge of a sole of an unfinished shoe) šeffa v.i. to say the optional prayer called š-šfa c or š-šfa c

šfiq pl. -in, šfaq humane and philanthropic šfiξ 1. v.n. of šfaξ 2. Intercessor, Mediator

(i.e., the Prophet Mohammed) šfenž n.u. -a doughnut

ifeq Ela to be compassionate or humane toward

¶ šfeq men to have mercy or pity on šefqa n.i. of šfeq

šfer pl. šfar 1. eyelash (single hair) 2. slice (bread) 3. fragment (usually glass)

šefra pl. -t, šfari kind of knife (used primarily by leather craftsmen)

šferžel n.u. -a same as sferžel

šfā v.t. (v.n. šfiv) to buy out (some other's share of s.th.)

šegg (men) more (than) šegg men Eamayn hadi ma-šeftu. I haven't seen him for more than a year. —mša šegg men myat

kilumiter. He went more than a hundred kilometers.

šger f. šegra pl. šuger blond (e)

šģal 1. pl. -at same as šģol (in Fez) 2. pl. of šģol

šģalat pl. of šģol and šģal

šeggal pl. -in hard working, productive

šeģģef b- to fatigue, to tire out (s.o., physically and mentally)

šeġġel v.t. to hire, to employ, to give a job to ¶šeġġel rasuφ (b-) to busy oneself (with)
šġel v.t. I. to occupy, to preoccupy (mind)
2. to entertain, to keep company šġelha

Ela-ma neṛžă E. Keep her company until I arrive. ¶šġel Ela to distract from, to take the mind of (s.o.) off (s.th.) dak l-bent kanet šaġlah (a.p.) Eăl le-qṛaya. That girl distracted him from his studies.

šýol pl. šýal, šgalat 1. job, occupation 2. task, job 3. work čăndi š-šýol bezzaf had le-čšiya. I've got a lot of work this evening. 4. business čăndi wazed š-šýol

temma. I have some business there.

** ma-ši šoġlek! None of your business! ¶dar š-šġol shop, workshop (place of work of an artisan)

šhada 1. same as šahada 1 and 2 2. pl. -t, šhayed same as šahada 3

** šhadtek l-llah! an entreaty to s.o. to testify about s.th. he has witnessed.

¶ šhadti biha l-llah ila . . . used to intensify a statement šhadti biha l-llah ila xedma hadi! This is (really rough) work! šhawi pl. of šehwa

šhayed pl. of šhada 2 (same as šahada 3) šheb f. šehba pl. šuheb 1. albino (person,

animal) 2. light gray (horse, dog, etc.)

šhed (v.i. šhada, šahada) to be a witness, to testify

¶ šhed f- to testify against (s.o.)

¶ šhed l- to testify in behalf of, to be a witness for

¶šhed Ela 1. to be a witness against 2. to contract or set up an agreement with (s.o.) through the Edul (notaries) Etahom d-dar u-qal-lhom išehduha Elih

(b-le-Edul). He gave them the house and told them to draw up a notarized agreement with him.

¶ šhed z-zur (f-) to bear false witness (against)

šehda pl. -t honeycomb

šehha v.t. to excite the appetite or desire of (s.o., usually for food) bqa ka-i awed-li Ela seksu etta šehhani fih. He kept talking about couscous until he aroused my appetite for some.

šehhed 1. v.i. to say the šahada (see same, 2)
2. v.t. to call as a witness, to have testify
šehher v.t. 1. to make become known or
famous (s.o.) 2. to advertise (s.th.)

šhiq v.n. of šheq

šhiwa dim. of šehwa

šheq v.i. (v.n. šhiq) 1. to bray (donkey) 2. to sob

šehqa n.i. of šheq

šher same as šehher

¶ p.p. mešhur pl. -in famous, well-known, celebrated

šher pl. šhur, šhura 1. month 2. crescent moon (after new moon)

šohra (no pl.) 1. fame, renown 2. reputation šehri pl. -yen monthly

šehriya pl. -t 1. monthly pay or salary 2. monthly payment or installment

šhud pl. of šahed 1

šhur, šhura pl. of šher

šehwa pl. -t, šhawi (dim. šhiwa) 1. appetite (food) 2. s.th. particularly desired (by s.o.) to eat

** šehwa mennu. He's a very charming fellow.

¶ ftez \check{s} - \check{s} - \check{s} - \check{e} hwa to be appetizing (food) ¶ \check{s} -hewtu ϕ (with -f before n.) to want \neq , to desire \neq \check{s} -hewti f-dak t-teffaza. I want that apple.

** Shewtek takol le-Esa! You're just ask-

ing for a licking! (to a child)

šehwani pl. -yen voluptuary, sybaritic ši 1. some sellefni ši-flus! Lend me some money! 2. about, around, some (with quantity) žaw ši čăšra de-n-nas. About ten people came. —aži mča ši-čăšra! Come around ten o'clock! 3. anything, a thing ražel meskin, ši ma-čăndu. Poor man, he hasn't got a thing. 4. negative correlative of ma- (often abbreviated to š) meskin ma-čăndu-š bḥah. The poor boy hasn't any father. —ma-ža-š fe-l-weqt. He didn't come on time.—ma-ši hna, or ma-huwa-š hna. He's not here.

** ši-bas ma-kan. No harm done. That's all right.

¶ dak š-ši that šnu dak š-ši? What's that?
—ma-teqna-š b-dak š-ši lli qal-lna men
tabi t l-zal. Naturally we didn't believe
what (that which) he told us.

¶ had š-ši this šnu had š-ši? What's this? ¶ koll-ši 1. everything 2. everyone, everybody koll-ši xrež. Everybody's gone out.

¶ ši . . . ši each other, one another (with continuous or repetitious action) bqaw gir ši ka-išuf f-ši, or bqaw ġir ka-išufu ši f-ši. They just stood (or sat) there looking at each other.

¶ ši b-ši little by little, in small amounts, a few at a time (used with numbered items) dexxelhom ši b-ši! Have them come in a few at a time.

¶ ši-zaža something

šiba absinthe

¶ š-ši l-axor the other (one) Etini š-ši l-axor! Give me the other one!

¶ ši-šwiya a little while sber ši-šwiya! Wait a little while!

¶ ši-šwiya d- a little (bit of) Etini ši-šwiya d-atay. Give me a little tea.

¶ ši-wazed f. ši-wezda pl. ši-wezdin see wazed

¶ Ela had š-ši that's why, (it's) for that reason Ela had š-ši žit. That's why I came. šib n.u. -a gray hair

šibani pl. -yen (adj. and n.) old, aged (person)

šibi pl. -yen absinthe green (color)

šifa healing, cure !!ah yă Etik š-šifa. May God make you well (heal you, cure you). šiflur n.u.-a, ras de-š-šiflur cauliflower

šifur pl. -at 1. chauffeur 2. driver (truck, bus, etc.)

šikava same as škava

šiki 1. f. -ya pl. -yen smart or elegant dresser (person) 2. elegance, smartness (in dress)

3. conceit, arrogance šilan 1. pl. of šal 2. v.n. of šala

šin pl. -in ugly

šiša pl. -t narguile, hookah, hubble-bubble šit cretonne (material)

šita, šita pl. -t, šyet, šyet brush (shoe, hair, tooth, paint, etc.)

šitan pl. šyaten, šayatin 1. Satan, the Devil 2. devil, demon 3. (dim. šwiţen) mischievous person, imp (child) 4. (dim. šwiţen) cunning, clever person

šitana pl. -t f. of šitan

šitani pl. -yen 1. satanic, pertaining to Satan2. diabolical

siten (bin) to cause bad blood (between), to sow dissension (among)

šix 1. pl. šyux Arab chief (tribe), sheik 2. pl. šyux leader of a family group 3. pl. šyax kind of Moroccan folk-singer

¶ šyux n-nder real estate experts or appraisers (usually court-appointed)

šixa pl. -t kind of female Moroccan folksinger and dancer

šiyy 1. v.n. of šwa 2. broiled meat

šiyyeb v.t. 1. to make or cause to get grayhaired (as worry) 2. to cause to age or get old (especially before one's time)

šiyyek v.i. to dress up (sometimes implying in good taste)

šiyyer 1. to signal, to gesture, to motion (with the hand) šiyyer-lu iži! Motion for him to come! 2. to wave šiyyer le-bbak! Wave to your father!

** šiyyer be-l-ġoṛṛaf. He's off his rocker, he's lost his marbles.

¶ šiyyer b- to throw šiyyret Eliya b-begrež. She threw a tea kettle at me.

šiyyet 1. v.t. to brush, to brush off (clothes, etc.) 2. v.t. to not spend, to have left (after some expenditure) šiyyet ši-flus men le-flus lli ka-teqbet! Don't spend all the money you get! 3. v.i. to burn (food) ka-nšemm ši-t am ka-išiyyet. I smell something (food) burning.

šiyyex v.t. 1. to appoint as šix 2. to initiate into a brotherhood (by going through the proper rituals)

šiyya v.t. to announce, to make public

šir artemisia

ška iški v.i. (v.n. ška) to complain (i.e., giving vent to grievances, discontent, etc.)

 $\P \check{s} ka b$ - to complain about or against (s.o.)

ška v.n. of ška

škal 1. pl. of škel 2. pl. -at leg irons

** ka-imši be-š-škalat. He struts around like a peacock (i.e., conceited, arrogant). škara pl. škayer 1. satchel 2. bag, (men's) purse with shoulder strap

** huwa be-škartu. He's got (the) money.

škawi pl. of šekwa 2

škaya pl. -t n.i. and v.n. of ška

škayem pl. of škima škayer pl. of škara

škayri pl. -ya one who makes satchels or purses (called škara)

škima pl. škayem bridle (horse, etc.)

škir v.n. of šker

škiwa dim. of šekwa 2

šekk (v.n. šekk, šekkan) to suspect ka-nšekk (or šekkit) rah maži. I suspect he's on his way.

 \P šekk f- 1. to doubt (s.th.) 2. to suspect (s.o.)

šekk 1. v.n. of šekk 2. suspicion Eăndu š-šekk fe-mratu. He suspects his wife (e.g., of infidelity).

¶ bla šekk undoubtedly, without (a) doubt bla šekk ġadi-ttiz š-šta had l-lila. It's undoubtedly going to rain tonight.

¶ $fih\phi$ \tilde{s} - $\tilde{s}ekk$ to be suspicious \neq

¶qṭā č š-šekk to make sure, to remove all doubt

šekkam pl. -a 1. tattletale 2. informer, stoolpigeon

šekkar pl. -in used in the expr. šekkar rasuφ conceited person, braggart

šekkara same as škara

šekkel 1. v.t. to hobble (horse, etc., by tying front foot to hind foot) 2. v.i. to use variation or variety šekkel, ma-tebqa-š dima ka-telbes ġir le-k z ăl. Use a little variety; don't dress in black all the time.

¶*šekkel l-* to trip (s.o.) (making him fall)

šekkem v.t. to bridle, to put a bridle on (horse, etc.)

¶ šekkem b- to tattle on, to inform against (s.o.)

škel pl. škal (art. for pl. le- in certain expr.)

1. kind, sort, type 2. category, class 3. way,
manner

** Ela škel! What kind of person are you (is he, is she, etc.), anyway? (expr. of disgust and/or disappointment)

¶ Eăl le-škal of all kinds Eăndu

t-tumubilat čăl le-škal. He's got cars of all kinds.

šekļat chocolate (candy, etc.)

šekļați pl. -yen chocolate (colored)

šekma (often preceded by ma- and usually followed by pron. endings) ma-šekmani fih. I don't concern myself with him. I don't meddle in his affairs. —(ma-) šekmak fiya? What business is it of yours? (i.e., what are my affairs to you?)

šker v.t. (v.n. šokr, škir) 1. to thank

ka-nšekrek Cla dak l-hadiya. (I) thank you for that gift. 2. to praise, to speak favorably of (s.o., s.th.)

¶ šker f- same as 2

T šker l-xir to be grateful

šoky v.n. of škey

škun who (interrogative) škun ža čandek l-bare fe-l-lil? Who came to your place last night?

šekwa pl. -t 1. complaint, grievance ila

delmek, Emel Elih šekwa. If he treats you unjustly, make a complaint against him. 2. pl. also škawi (dim. škiwa) goatskin bottle (for milk)

šļada pl. -t, *šļayed* salad

šlaģem (pl.) large moustache (handle-bar, etc.)

šlala rinsing or washing (of tea before brewing)

šlagem pl. of šelguma

šlaxi pl. of šelxa

šļayed pl. of šlada

šelguma same as šelquma

šli pl. of šelya

šliman kind of poison

Sella 1. a lot, much kanu bihom sella de-n-nas.
There were a lot of people. 2. a long time sella hadi ma-seftek. I haven't seen you for a long time.

šelled v.t. 1. to chop up, to chop fine (onions, radishes, etc.) 2. to make into a salad, to make a salad out of

šellel v.t. to rinse, to rinse out or off (tea, dishes, clothes, etc.)

¶ *šellel b*- to plate or wash with (gold, silver, etc.)

Tšellel yeddu ϕ men to wash (one's) hands of, to be through with, to give up on (s.o., affair)

¶ p.p. mšellel pl. -in lacking in knowledge, ignorant

šellex v.t. to chip, to take a chip or chips out of (usually s.th. of wood)

šelquma pl. šlaqem lip (of donkey, horse, dog, etc.; extended to large human lips)

šlur pl. of šelr

šelweš v.t. and v.i. 1. to swing or sling in the air daz ka-išelweš be-l-mbex7a. He passed

by, swinging the censer (in the air). 2. to shake (s.o. or s.th.) at arm's length. qebṭu men yeddu u-šelwšu. He grabbed him by the hand and shook him. 3. to hang up or stretch out (a garment or linen, etc.) without permitting it to dry completely, to leave (s.th.) damp la-tyebbes l-qamižža bezzaf, ģir šelwešha. Don't dry the shirt completely, just leave it damp.

šelwez same as šelweš

šelxa pl. -t, šlaxi chip, splinter (wood)

šelya pl. -t, šli chair (excluding the easy chair type)

šel pl. šlu Berber (person of the southern Berber group)

šel z a 1. Berber language (southern) 2. pl. -t f. of šel z

šmal left, left side ka-yă rež men režlih de-š-šmal. He limps with his left leg.

¶ Eăl š-šmal! left, to the left dur Eăl š-šmal! Turn left!

šmarer pl. of šemrir

šmata pl. šmayet 1. good-for-nothing (person) 2. easily duped person (especially in business)

šmayet pl. of šmata

šma 1. wax (candle, bees) 2. n.u. -a, šem a pl. -t candle

¶ šma E l-xemm beeswax šmisa, šmiša dim. of šems, šemš

šmit v.n. of šmet

šmel family, family group (clan)

** !!ah ibedded (or šettet) šemlek! May
God scatter your family! (strong insult)
šemla pl. -t front bottom section of a garment
which can be gathered up to form a pouch
šemm v.t. (v.n. šemman) 1. to smell 2. same
as šemmem

¶ p.p. mešmum pl. mšamem bouquet, bunch (flowers)

šemman 1. v.n. of šemm 2. (sense of) smell šemmat pl. -in ag. adj. of šmet

šemma E pl. -a chandler, seller of candles (not manufacturer)

šemmem v.t. to make or cause (s.th.) to be smelled (by s.o.) šemmem-lha had l-beşla! Have her smell these onions!

šemmer v.i. 1. to roll one's sleeves up 2. to get ready, to prepare oneself (literally, to roll up one's sleeves) yallah nšemmru

l-l-xedma! Let's get to work (on this)!
šemmes, šemmeš v.t. to put in or expose to the
sun, to sun, to solarize

šemmā v.t. to rub wax (šma) on, to wax (as string, piece of paper)

¶ p.p. mšemmă E pl. -in dense, dull-witted, of low mental ability

šmen same as aš-men (see aš)

šemrir pl. šmarer hat (conventional or European type)

šems, šemš (f.) pl. šmus, šmuš, šmusa (dim. šmisa. šmiša) sun

** šmuš hadi! 1. what a beautiful sunny day! 2. That sun sure is hot! —dexlet Elih š-šmuš. He was practically overcome by the heat of the sun.

šemšem v.i. to sniff (as in trying to identify or follow an odor or scent)

šmet v.t. (v.n. šmit) 1. to cheat, to gyp (s.o.)

2. to play a joke or trick on (s.o.)

I smet f- same as smet above

šemta pl. -t 1. n.i. of šmet 1 2. (practical) joke, (dirty) trick

šmus, šmusa, šmuš pl. of šems, šemš

šmutiya dishonest, abusive behavior (as befitting one who cheats, takes advantage, etc.)

غ same as šma

šem & a n.u. of šma & 2

šem ¿i pl. -yen of or resembling the color of beeswax or candle wax

šeen same as šan

šnanef pl. of šennuf

šnaq pl. -at rope tied between the tops of the two sides of the šwari (to prevent spilling contents)

šnager pl. of šengur

šnatef pl. of šentufa

šendgura, šentgura germander, a type of herb with small blue flowers, used by some people in cooking

šendid same as sendid

šengit same as šengiţ

šni, sniya (f.) what (interrogative) šniya hadi? What's this?

šniq v.n. of šneq

šnit v.n. of šnet

šniva same as šni

šennafa pl. -t lip (of donkey, etc.; extended to large human lips)

šennaga pl. hangman's rope

šennef v.t. to to cut or separate into wedges (melon, orange, etc.)

šenneq v.t. to tie the rope šnaq on (the šwari) I šenneq Ela same as šneq Ela

šennuf pl. šnanef wedge (of orange, melon, etc.)

šneq v.t. (v.n. šniq) to hang (s.o.)

¶ šneq Ela 1. to grab (s.o.) by the collar 2. to pester, to "get on (one's) back"

šengit, šengit Mauretania

šenqiti, šengiti pl. šnaqta, šnagta Mauretanian šenqur pl. šnaqer s.th. sharp and capable of injuring (e.g., thorn, piece of glass, splinter)

šnet v.i. (v.n. šnit) to get angry or upset šenta n.i. of šnet

šentufa pl. šnatef small piece, crumb (food)

šentrež chess *šragi* pl. of *šerga* 2 šnu, šnuwa what (interrogative) šnu Etak? šramet pl. of šermuta What did he give you? šrar pl. of šrir šraref pl. of šerrafa šenwila pl. -t gnat, midge (usually referring to one which has entered s.o.'s eye, ear, šrašer pl. of šeršar and šeršur nose, or throat) šratel pl. of šertla šqa išqa v.i. (v.n. šqa) 1. to get tired, to bešrati pl. of šerta come fatigued 2. to take the trouble, to šrawet pl. of šerwita bother ma-tešqa-š! Don't bother! šrayek pl. of šrika šqa išqi v.t. 1. to tire, to fatigue (s.o.) 2. to šražem pl. of šeržem cause (s.o.) some trouble or bother šreb išrob, išreb (v.n. šrib, šerb) 1. v.t. to šqa (m.) 1. v.n. of šqa išqa 2. tiredness, drink 2. v.i. to drink (alcoholic beverages) fatigue 3. v.t. to absorb (blotter, dry earth, etc.) šqaf pl. of šqef 4. v.i. to get infected (wound, sore) ¶ šareb (a.p.) $\xi \check{a}qlu^{\phi}$ not given to snap šqaq pl. of šqiq šqayeq pl. of šqiqa 2 and šqiq and šeqq decisions, exercising wisdom ¶ p.p. mešrub pl. -at refreshment, refreshšqef pl. šqaf, šquf, šqufa 1. fragment, broken piece (glass, pottery, china) 2. bowl (of ing drink (as a soft drink) smoking pipe, usually of clay) 3. old man šerb v.n. of šreb (somewhat derogatory) šerba pl. -t 1. n.i. of šreb 2. drink Etini šeqfa pl. -t old woman (somewhat derogaši-šerba de-l-ma. Give me a drink of water. tory) šorba, šerba pl. -t any kind of thin soup šqiq pl. šqaq, šqayeq brother of the same šerbil pl. šrabel (sg. ferda de-š-šerbil) (pair of) a kind of woman's embroidered shoes father and mother, brother-german šqiqa 1. migraine (headache) 2. pl. šqayeq or slippers sister of the same father and mother, sisteršerbiya pl. -t 1. wedding veil 2. brocaded, fringed headscarf or shawl šref v.i. to get old, to age (person, animal, šeglayba pl. -t somersault, flip šegleb v.t. 1. to mess up, to put in disorder fruit on the plant, etc.) (room, bookkeeping, etc.) 2. to knock over, ¶ a.p. šaref pl. šorraf old person to upset (chair, glass, etc.) 3. to flip (s.o.) šorfa pl. of šrif (as in gymnastics) šreg v.i. to eat or drink s.th. so as to choke ¶ šeqleb d-dmag l- to get (s.o.) mixed up, on it (as down the windpipe) confused šeglebti-li dmagi. You've got me šerga pl. -t 1. n.i. of šreg 2. (pl. also šragi) all confused. tear, rip (in cloth) šegg (v.n. šeggan) 1. v.t. to cut open (melon, šergi (the) hot east summer wind, sirocco boil, etc.) 2. v.t. to penetrate, to go through šrib v.n. of šreb (bullet, knife, etc.) 3. v.t. to crack (glass, šrif (adj. and n.) pl. šorfa descendant of the wood, wall, etc.) 4. v.i. to be operated on Prophet Mohammed, sherif l-barez šegget Eăl l-mesrana z-zayda. She šrik pl. šerkan, šorkan 1. partner, associate (business) 2. accomplice was operated on for appendicitis yesterday. ¶ $\check{s}eqq$ l- to operate on (surgery) šrika pl. -t, šrayek co-partner in marriage ¶ a.p. šaqq pl. -in fatiguing, tiring (e.g., (i.e., one of the wives of a polygynous work) marriage) šegg n.u. -a pl. -at, šgayeg (dim. šgiga) šriq v.n. of šreq 1. crack (in wall, glass, wood, etc.) 2. slit, šrir pl. -in, šrar cruel, mean ¶*šrir mrir* pl. *šrar mrar* emphatic of slot 3. cut (in skin) šeggan v.n. of šegg šeqqeq v.t. 1. to crack (glass, wood, etc.) 2. to šrit 1. v.n. of šret 2. pl. šertan kind of cord leave ajar, to crack (door, window) made from the leaves of the dwarf palm *šqer* same as *šger* šriza (coll.) dried fig(s) $\check{s}rek \ (m \succeq a) \ (v.n. \ \check{s}erk)$ to join, to connect

(to) (as one letter to another in script)

other than, or in addition to God

lli ibgi išrek m aya f-had l-bi a

¶ šrek be-llah to believe in some god

¶ šrek or šrek f- 1. to be co-owner of waš ka-tešrek mčaya dari? Do you think this

is your house too? (sarcastic) 2. to be a

partner in, to go into partnership in škun

šquf, šqufa pl. of šqef šra išri v.t. (v.n. šra, šeryan) 1. to buy 2. to buy off (s.o.)

¶ a.p. šari pl. šorray buyer šra v.n. of šra

syab alcohol (as a drink, usually wine) šrabel pl. of šerbil

šrabli pl. -ya maker and seller of women's footwear called *šerbil*

u-š-šerya? Who wants to go in with me in this deal?

šerk v.n. of šrek

šṛek n.u. šeṛka leaf of a palm frond

šerka n.i. of *šrek*

šerka n.u. of šrek

** xeṣṣatu šeṛka. He's nuts. He doesn't have all his marbles.

šerkan, šorkan pl. of šrik

šerma pl. -t 1. n.i. of šrem 2. tear, rip (in cloth; in ear or nose, as caused by an earring or nose ring)

šermel v.t. to treat with šermula before cook-

ing

šermula kind of sauce or dressing either stuffed into fish, put on meat preserves, or used to cook chicken (each meat has its own kind of dressing)

šermuta pl. -t, šramet prostitute, whore šrenbeq, šrembeq same as srenbeq

šṛeq v.i. (v.n. šṛiq, šṛuq) 1. to come up, to rise (sun) 2. to shine (a polished surface) šeṛq 1. east (adv. and n.) sir žuž de-l-? amyal šeṛq! Go two miles east! 2. (with art.) Middle East (generally) 3. (with art.) Mecca

šerqi pl. -yen 1. eastern, of or on the east side n-naziya š-šerqiya d-le-mdina kollha nadet fiha l-¿afya. The whole eastern section of town caught on fire. 2. eastern, of or from the (Middle) East

šerr evil or bad deeds and actions (often implying cruelty)

šerrafa pl. šraref kind of skylight (in ceiling) šerrat pl. -a maker of cords and brooms (made from the dwarf palm)

šerray pl. -a buyer

šerreb 1. v.t. to give to drink (specifically water or alcohol) šerrebni llah ixellik! Please give me a drink! 2. v.t. to water (animals) 3. v.i. to leak (ceiling, container) šerref v.t. to honor waš imken-lek tšerrefna be-l-zudur dyalek had l-lila? Can you honor us with your presence this evening? šerreg v.t. 1. to rip or tear (up) Elaš šerregti dak l-žarida? What did you tear up that (news)paper for? 2. to cause (s.o.) to choke while drinking or eating

šerreq used in expr. such as ana ka-nšerreq u-huwa ka-iģerreb! I talk about one thing and he talks about something else!

šerregraq kind of ratchet-type noisemaker šerret 1. v.t. to mark or scratch (up) l-qetta šerret-lu wežhu. The cat scratched his face. 2. v.i. to have one's blood let (a folk remedy) 3. (Ela) to be vaccinated (for smallpox)

Tšerret l- 1. to bleed (s.o.), to let the blood of (s.o.) 2. (Ela) to vaccinate (for)
Tšerret Ela 1. to cross off or out the

name of (s.o., as from a list) 2. to exclude, to not count on (s.o.)

šerrez v.t. to slit, to slash, to make a gash in šerraz v.t. to open wide (door, window) šeršar pl. šrašer waterfall, cascade

šeršer v.i. 1. to rush, to gush (water) 2. to fall, to cascade (water)

šeṛšuṛ pl. šṛašeṛ falling stream (of water, as from a pipe, a urinating boy)

šertel same as sertel

šertla pl. -t, šratel set of gold bracelets

šṛeṭ v.i. (v.n. šṛiṭ) to impose, make, or give (s.th.) as a condition, to stipulate ila bġiti dži čăndi ka-nešṛeṭ Elik tkun Čăndi

fe-t-tmenya. If you want to come over to my place I'm going to make the condition that you come at eight o'clock.

šert pl. šrut, šurut, šurutat condition, stipulation kayen bezzaf de-š-šurut f-had l-Eoqda. There are too many conditions in this contract.

The sert, bi-sert, or Ela sert on condition (that), only if imken-lek dži b-sert džib mEak fațima. You can come only if you bring Fatima with you.

šeṛṭa pl. -t, šṛaṭi 1. stripe (denoting rank)
2. mark, scratch (as on a table, wall)
3. line, mark (as made with a pencil)
4. scar

šertan pl. of šrit 2 šruq 1. v.n. of šreq 2. sunrise šrut pl. of šert

šerwita pl. šrawet 1. piece of cloth, rag (may be said sarcastically in reference to clothing) 2. (pl.) rags; old, worn-out clothes šerya pl. -t 1. n.i. of šra 2. purchase, buy šeryan v.n. of šra

šeržeb, šeržem pl. šražeb, šražem same as seržem

v.t. (v.n. šer ح) to explain

¶ šrez l-xațer l- to cheer up dak le-xbar šrez-li xațri (or l-xațer). The news has cheered me up.

¶ p.p. mešruz pl. -in jovial, gay šerz pl. šuruz 1. v.n. of šrez 2. explanation šrāč (with art.) Islamic law or justice šta (dim. štiwa) 1. rain 2. winter

¶ ţazet (or hebţet or nezlet or şebbet) š-šta to rain

štaq v.t. (some speakers with l-) to miss, to yearn for (home, s.o., some food, etc.)

štarek, štarek 1. to join aži štarekna f-le-čša.

Come join us for dinner. —jadi-neštarku
u-nqimu zefla. We're going to join together
and give a party. — zlaš ma-teštarek
fe-n-nadi l-fenni? Why don't you join the
art club? 2. to subscribe štarek fe-tlata
de-l-mažellat. He has subscribed to three
magazines.

štawi pl. of šetwa

štebb kind of grass made into cords or rope štef Ela (v.n. štif) to stamp on (s.th.) repetitively with the feet štif v.n. of štef štim v.n. of štem štirak 1. v.n. of štarek 2. participation, taking part 3. subscription štiwa dim. of šta štem f- to speak ill of, to backbite šetta v.i. to pass or spend the winter šettaf pl. -a one employed in a tannery whose job it is to stamp on the hides with his feet while they are in certain solutions šettam pl. -in ag. adj of štem šettat pl. -a big money-spender šettet v.t. 1. to scatter, to strew (e.g., chicken feed) 2. to disperse, to break up (crowd) ** llah išettet šemlek! May God disperse your family! (strong insult) ¶ šettet le-flus to squander money šetwa pl. štawi 1. winter 2. (pl. for intensity) šetwi pl. -yen winter, wintry, of or pertaining to winter štara haggling, bargaining (to buy) štata used in the expr. štata d-Eibad llah (or de-n-nas) said as an insult to indicate s.o.'s uselessness or worthlessness štateb pl. of šettaba štatbi pl. -ya maker of brooms called šettaba štatju pl. -wat sifter with a very fine mesh štayen pl. of šeļna štayri pl. -ya one who bargains a great deal before buying šteb n.u. šetba twigs šetba pl. -t 1. n.u. of šteb 2. branch of a thorny plant 3. shrewish woman, termagant štin v.n. of šten štiz v.n. of štez šten v.t. (v.n. štin) 1. to pester, to importune 2. to preoccupy the mind of (s.o.), to worry ¶ sten $rasu^{\phi}$ to cause oneself a lot of trouble or grief šetna pl. -t, štayen s.th. that is a lot of trouble or bother, not worth the trouble šett pl. štut 1. shore (sea, lake) 2. bank, edge, side (of river) šettab pl. -a street cleaner or sweeper šettaba pl. -t, štateb broom (usually made from the leaves of the dwarf palm) šettaz pl. -a dancer (chiefly folk dances) šetteb v.t. to sweep (with a broom) ¶ šetteb کاa to cross out or off (name from a list, a sentence, word, etc.) šețteț v.t. to sift (with a šțatțu) štut pl. of šett šțeて v.i. (v.n. šțiて) to dance šuf v.n. of šaf šufa pl. -t n.i. of šaf

¶ $b-\check{s}uft$ $l-\xi\check{a}yn$ by looking, judging by

investigation) šufan 1. v.n. of šaf 2. fortune-telling šuger pl. of šger šuha pl. -t 1. indiscreet or imprudent act, indiscretion 2. (n. and invariable adj.) one who does 1 above 3. (adj. invariable) ugly, unsightly 4. exaggeration šuheb pl. of šheb šuhud pl. of šahed 1 šuk n.u. -a 1. thorn, spine (plant)2. spine, needle (animal) 3. fish bone šuka pl. -t, šwek 1. sting, stinger (bee, etc.) 2. point of a top (toy) 3. shot, hypodermic injection 4. ampoule (of serum for injecšum kind of sirocco, hot summer wind (considered more local than the šerai) \check{sun} (no pl.) 1, area or space between the neck and waist enclosed between the clothing and the body (often used as a pocket) 2. side (of s.o., usually in bed) mnin kont sģir kanet l-qetta ka-tzebb tenčās f-šuni. When I was small the cat used to like to sleep by my side. ¶ hder f-šunu ϕ to mumble in one's beard šuq pl. šwaq (pl. for intensity) yearning, longing *suger* v.t. to chop (with a hatchet) šuqer pl. of šqer (same as šger) šura pl. -t trousseau *šurug* same as *šrug* šurut, šurutat pl. of šert šuruz pl. of šerz *šuša* pl. -t tassel šutanbir September šuwwaf pl. -a fortune-teller šuwwal 1. tenth month of the Muslim calendar 2. pl. swawel tail (animal, bird, airplane) šuwwaš 1. pl. of šaweš 2. pl. -in ag. adj. of šuwweš šuwwat pl. -a one who cooks and sells the heads of lambs or sheep šuwwaya pl. -t grill (for broiling meat) šuwweh v.t. 1. to deform, to render unsightly (face, body) 2. to ruin the appearance of ila sbegti dak l-bab b-le-zmer gir gadi tšuwwehha. If you paint that door red vou'll ruin it. T šuwweh b- to ridicule, to make fun of šuwwek v.t. to give goose pimples or flesh to, to cause (s.o.) to have goose flesh (object may be $l \subset am$ or dat) šuwweg v.t. to make homesick or nostalgic šuwweqtini fe-l-musiqa l-megribiya. You've made me homesick for Moroccan music. šuwwer 1. v.t. to give a trousseau to (a bride) 2. v.i. to go slowly

eye (rather than by exact measurement or

šuwweš v.t. to upset, to cause (s.o.) to worry ¶šuwweš Ela to bother, to disturb (s.o. trying to read, etc.)

šuwwef v.t. 1. to burn (usually meat by over-cooking) 2. to burn (alcohol in a wound, hot pepper, bot soup, etc.) 3. to (sun)burn

šuyan v.n. of šwa

šuyu Ei pl. -yen communist

šuyu iya communism

šu ara pl. of ša čir

šu Eub pl. of šă Eb

šwa išwi v.t. (v.n. šiyy, šuyan) 1. to broil, to grill 2. to (sun)burn) 3. to sting (bee, etc.)
4. to hit or strike with a sharp, stinging action (as with a switch, towel)

¶ šwa f- to deprive of šwatu l-mut f-bentu. Death took his daughter.

** (!!ah) išwini fik! used as a disapproving criticism of s.o.'s action, accomplishment, etc.

¶ p.p. mešwi grilled or broiled meat šwa (m.) steamed meat (usually lamb) šwahed pl. of šahed 2 and 3

šwama n.pl. of šami

šwanet pl. of šanta

šwaq pl. of šuq

šwaqer pl. of šaqur

šwar 1. v.n. of šawer 2. consultation

¶ be-š-šwar on trial (i.e., on condition of being able to get a refund for s.th. bought for oneself or a third party if rejected by the same) ka-nšriha mennek be-š-šwar. I'm buying it from you on condition I can return it if my friend doesn't (or, I don't) like it.

¶ bla šwar without consulting (anyone)

šwareb pl. of šareb

šwari pl. -yat kind of large saddle bags (made from dwarf palm leaves) used on beasts of burden for hauling

¶ Eămmer š-šwari Ela to feed (s.o.) a cock-and-bull story or a lot of bull

šwaš anything from unrest, disquietude to civil upheaval, rioting

šwaši pl. of šašiya

šwawel pl. of šuwwal

šway 1. a little, a little bit 2. a little while, a minute

** šway šway! Take it easyl Go a little slower!

¶ (u-) šway šway a little while afterward or later xrež šway šway γžãξ. He left and came back a little while later.

šwibla dim. of šabel

šwirdat pl. of šwirdi

šwirdi pl. -yat, šwirdat young Negro boy in the service of a sultan or king (e.g. a fanbearer), commonly in fairy tales, etc. šwiten dim. of šiţan 3 and 4

šwiya 1. a little, a little bit Etini šwiya

d-atay! Give me a little tea! 2. a little while, a minute tsenna šwiya! Wait a minute! —men daba šwiya iži. He'll be here in a little while.

¶ be-š-šwiya 1. slowly xellef gir

be-š-šwiya! Walk slow(er)! 2. softly, in a low voice

T šwiya be-šwiya little by little, a little at a time

¶ šwiya šwiya a little while later or afterwards xrež šwiya šwiya ṛžãĘ. He left and came back a little while later.

¶wazed š-šwiya 1. a little while 2. a little bit

šwiyeš same as šwiya (especially in meanings 1 and 2)

šwek pl. of šuka

šxir v.n. of šxer

šxer v.i. (v.n. šxir) to snore

šex; 1. pl. ?ašxa; person, individual 2. pl. šxu;a important person

šexsiya pl. -t personality (implies pleasant or nice) dak s-siyyed ¿ăndu šexsiya. That gentleman has a pleasant personality.
—l-yum ġadi-dži dzurna wazed š-šexsiya muhimma. Today an important personality is going to come and visit us.

šxusa pl. of šexs 2

šexweš v.t. to frighten, to scare šexwšatni ši-Zaža fe-d-dlam. Something in the dark scared me.

šyah pl. of ša

šyat odor of burning meat, wool, hair, cloth, feathers, etc.

šyaṭa wbat is left over (usually food, thrown away or fed to the dog)

šyaten pl. of šitan

šyax pl. of šix 3

šyaxa function or position of a sheik

šyet, šyet pl. of šita, šita

 $\dot{s}yux$ pl. of $\dot{s}ix$ 1 and 2

šža E pl. of šžiE

šžed same as *sžed*

šžin same as sžin

šžira dim. of šežra (n.u. of šžer)

šžič pl. -in, šežčan, šžač courageous, brave, intrepid

šžen pl. of sžen

šžer n.u. šežra (dim. šžira) tree (plant)

šežžada same as sežžada

šežžač v.t. to encourage, to hearten

šež Ean pl. of šži E

šzal 1. how much, how many šzal mennhom Eăndek? How many of them do you have?
—šzal mennha Eăndkom? How much of it do you have? 2. how long šzal ġadi-tebqa hna? How long are you going to stay here?

1 be-šzal 1. for how much be-šzal šriti

had l-magana? How much did you buy the

clock for? 2. how much be-šzal xellesti? How much did you pay?

¶šzal d- how many, how much šzal d-le-flus čăndek? or šzal čăndek

d-le-flus? How much money do you have?

¶ šz al hadi 1. for a long time šz al hadi
ma-šeftu. I haven't seen him for a long
time. —šz al hadi w-ana ka-nexdem hna!
I've been working here for a long time.
2. how long (has it been, have you been,
etc.) šz al hadi ma-šeftiha? How long has
it been since you saw her? —šz al hadi
u-nta ka-texdem hna? How long have you
been working here?

*** \$\(z\) al hadi fe-s-sa\(z\) a? What time is it?

¶ \$\(z\) al-ma, \$\(z\) al-emma 1. however many, no matter how many \$\(z\) al-emma \(z\) aw de-n-nas, dexxelhom. No matter how many people come, have them come in. 2. however long, no matter how long \$\(z\) al-emma tal l-lil iteb\(z\) un-nhar. No matter how long the night lasts, the day follows.

Tšzal men (with sg.) how much, how many šzal men ktab čăndna? How many books do we have?

š z ayti pl. -ya one who sells s.th. for more than it's worth, profiteer, crook

a avarice, miserliness ع م ع م

it v.n. of izet

šī em, šez ma pl. šz um (of intensity) animal fat or grease (before cooking)

š et v.t. (v.n. š it) 1. to strike, to hit (with s.th., usually producing a noise 2. to eat all of (s.th.) 3. to gyp (in a sale)

šect beating (as with a stick, whip, etc.)

** Etina š-šect l-l-xedma. We worked
hard and fast (at a job). — Etina š-šect
l-seksu. We ate every bit of the couscous.

It Eataw š-šect Ela to haggle or bar-

gain over (pl. subject) šez ţa pl. -t n.i. of šz eţ

šzum pl. of šzem, šezma

šeر v.i. to be miserly, avaricious

šeττ, šeττα same as šτατα

šec cem v.t. to grease (mechanical parts; also specifically a soccer ball to keep it in good shape) ¶p.p. $m\check{s}e$ \(\tau_e m\) pl. -in fat, fattened (livestock)

šeczer v.t. 1. to brew (tea) on the fire until ready 2. to make too high (price of s.th.) šeczerti Eliya t-taman! Your price is too high for me. 3. to make hard, difficult šeczru Eliya le-mtizan. That exam was really rough.

šča reflection (of a light, s.th. shiny)

ščabi pl. of šačba

š akek pl. of ša kuka š atet pl. of ša tata

šă b pl. šu b people, nation

šá Eba pl. -t, š Eabi valley

šă ban eighth month of the Muslim lunar calendar

šă Ebana pre-Ramadan feast or celebration, starting on the 27th of šă Eban, and extending to the next new moon

il v.n. of šخăl غ**š**

ir n.u. -a barley

šã kuka pl. š akek hair, mess of hair (usually in need of combing, cutting)

ščál (v.n. ščil) 1. v.t. to light (fire, cigarette, match, etc.) 2. v.t. to turn on (light, radio, etc.) 3. v.i. to sparkle, to glitter 4. v.i. to shine (polished surface)

** l-Eafya šă Elet f-dik d-dar. That

house has caught on fire.

šă Ela pl. -t flame (fire)

ščăr b- 1. to feel, to sense, to perceive ščărt b-ši-wazed muray. 1 felt that someone was behind me. 2. to realize what the intentions of (s.o.) are, to catch on to what (s.o.) is really doing daba ščărt bik! Now I know what you're up to!

** škun lli ščăr bik! Who cares what you think! Who's going to listen to you! ščăr n.u. šăčra pl. ščurat (pl. for intensity) hair

šă ra pl. -1 1. n.u. of š č ă r 2. hairspring (clock, watch)

šă Eriya (coll.) noodles, vermicelli

šă E šă E v.i. to shine, to beam (sun)

šā Etata pl. š Eatet mess of hair, a lot of hair (implying the need of a haircut)

ščurat pl. of ščăr

T

ta@adamit courtesy, politeness (often implies a somewhat formal manner)

tab itub (men) (v.n. tuban) to repent (of)

** tab Eliha !!ah. She's turned over a
new leaf.

¶ tab men to abandon, to give up, to swear off (e.g., drinking, smoking)

tabaqi rest, remainder nă E țik țerf men le-flus lli ka-tsalni daba we-t-tabaqi men daba šher. I'll give you some of the money I owe you now and the rest within a month. tabaraka used in the expr. llah tabaraka wa ta E ala sometimes said when mentioning

God in conversation

tabašawit, tabašawiyet office or position of baša (often used in a derogatory manner to connote pomposity, "stuffed-shirtedness") tabat steadfastness, constancy, stick-to-itiveness (of character, purpose, mind) tabennayet vocation of mason or bricklayer, masonry tabeqqa same as tabaqi

tabeggalet occupation of beggal

tabramlit, tabramliyet vocation of barrelmaking

tabergazet occupation of second-hand dealer, i.e. bergaz

taberraz et occupation of town or public crier tabet a.p. of thet

tabut pl. twabet 1. bier 2. coffin

tabuwwabet occupation of doorkeeper, gatekeeper

tabeと a.p. of tbăと

tadebbaget occupation of tanner; tanning

tadeggaget profession of jeweler tadellalet occupation of auctioneer

tadeqqa fine, reddish clay (if de-l-lwani, used in polishing metals; if d-le-bni, used in constructing ovens, braziers)

taderrazet occupation of textile weaver taderrit, taderriyet childishness

tafala pl. -t, twafel bayonet

tafasir pl. of tefsir

tafașil pl. of tefsil

tafatiš pl. of teftiš 2

tafdulit, tafduliyet nosiness, meddling interference

taflaykit, taflaykiyet boatmanship

taferranet occupation of an oven attendant tafexxaret ceramics

tafe zamet occupation of charcoal or coal vendor

tagebbaset occupation of plasterer

tagra pl. twager small, unglazed earthen bowl (used for drinking)

tagerrabet occupation of water carrier

tagezzanet fortune-telling

tagezzaret occupation of butcher, butchery tagrablit, tagrabliyet occupation of sifter or sieve-maker

tageššašet 1. cheating (n.) 2. fraud 3. shirking (at work, school)

tageyyatet art and occupation of playing the

tah itih v.i. (v.n. tihan, tih) 1. to roam or wander about (as if lost) 2. to show conceit

** tah f-7 obbha. He's head over heels in love with her.

takafrit cunning, slyness

takawt gall (from which a black dye and tannic acid are derived)

takebbur pride, haughtiness

takfaytit, takfaytiyet occupation of kfayti

takelluf v.n. of kellef and tkellef takotbivet bookselling (occupation)

tako biyet bad luck, misfortune (chronic)

talamid pl. of telmid

talamint position held by a syndic (trade,

taleddud v.n. of tledded

tali 1. end, conclusion zetta le-t-tali

de-l-muzadara Ead ža. He came toward the end of the lecture. 2. pl. talyen, twala last, final

¶ fe-t-tali lastly, in the end talet pl. -in third (adj.)

taluwwayet roguery, mischievousness

tamam, tamamen 1. exactly, just ža fe-t-tlata tamam. He came at exactly three o'clock. —dak š-ši lli golt-lu tamamen. That's just what I told him. 2. at all ma-šeftu-š

tamamen had l-iyam. I haven't seen him at all lately. 3. completely, entirely nta z meq tamamen! You're completely out of your mind!

taman pl. -at, etmina price, cost

tamara (no pl., no art.) troublesome difficulty, hardship

I dreb tamara (baš) 1. to go to a lot of trouble (to) 2. to work hard (at, to) derbu tamara fe-l-qadiya dyalek. They worked hard on your case.

tamasiz pl. of temsaz tameddun civilization

tamdaymit, tamdaymiyet occupation of making women's belts (i.e., mdemma)

tamm pl. -in complete

tamen pl. -in eighth (adj.)

tamselmit behavior befitting a good Muslim tamettue v.n. of mettae and tmettae

tamwagnit, tamwagniyet watch or clock-making and repairing

tamxaznit, tamxazniyet position or office of mxazni

tamexxaret larceny

tamxeznit, tamxezniyet same as tamxaznit tamžadlit, tamžadliyet occupation of trimming and decorating with fancy borders, tassels, tinsel, etc. (e.g., done to hats, belts) tam Eăllmit, tam Eăllmiyet mastery, skill tanawi pl. -yen secondary

I medrasa tanawiya high-school, secondary school

tani 1. also, too; either (with negation) was mšaw tani l-Eăndha? Did they go to her place too? -u-huwa tani ma-bga-š ixdem l-yum. He doesn't want to work today either. 2. again mša tani le-s-sinima. He went to the movies again. 3. pl. tanyen second hadi hiya mrati t-tanya. This is my second wife.

Itani Eid second day of a holiday or feast time

taržulit, taržuliyet 1. courage, bravery, in-¶ xelles be-t-tani we-l-metni to pay double or much more than its worth for (s.th.) trepidity (of men) 2. manhood, virility taniyen secondly, in the second place tasbaybit, tasbaybiyet occupation of secondta enni v.n. of tenna hand dealer (often selling certain things at taneggašet sculpture, sculpturing (including carving and relief work) taseffaret bookbinding tanesranit, tanesraniyet 1. behavior befitting taseffažet occupation of doughnut-maker (i.e., a good Christian 2. behavior befitting a stenž) Western or non-Oriental individual tasi & same as tisa & tanežžaret carpentry tasi a pl. -t 1. square, plaza 2. surface area tag itig b- to believe ma-ka-ntig-š bik! I don't taskayrit, taskayriyet 1. drinking (alcohol) 2. drunkenness, inebriation 3. alcoholism believe you! ¶ tag f- 1. to trust golt-lek gadi nredd-lek tasellalet basketry (art) tasemsaret occupation of real estate broker le-flus š-šher l-maži—waš ma-ka-ttiq-š fiya? I told vou I'd return the money next month taserražet saddle-making, saddlery -Don't you trust me? 2. to trust in, to tasebbaget occupation of painter (houses, etc.) tasebbanet occupation of launderer or launbelieve in tagarir pl. of tegrir tagbaybit, tagbaybiyet occupation of bucket taseffaret occupation of coppersmith tasgu Eivet bad luck, misfortune and tub making (wooden) taqedda 1. amount, sum (usually of money) tasiyyaget jewelry-making 2. size tasemmaret occupation of shoe-smith (horses, tagehwayžit, tagehwažiyet occupation of mules) operating a shop where coffee is served tasemsaret brokerage, real estate business (often tea, soft drinks, also) tasuwwuf v.n. of tsuwwef taswaynit, taswayniyet occupation of coppertaqiy pl. -en 1. pious, religious 2. honest tagemmart 1. v.n. of gemmer 2. gambling smith (making primarily swani) tase afet occupation of pallbearer 3. dishonesty, shady behavior tašeffaret occupation or activity of thief, i.e., tagrašlit, tagrašlivet occupation of carding wool or cotton šeffar tašitanet malicious troublemaking tagerranet cuckoldry tagtat Eiget occupation of highwayman or tašelzit Berber language (i.e., Shilha, south Berber) bandit, brigandage tašuwwafet fortune-telling, divination tagzadrit, tagzadriyet occupation of tin-smith, tata pl. -t chameleon tin-smithery tae tir same as teetir tar vengeance, revenge ¶ fda ifdi tar men, or fda t-tar f- to get tatebbaxet cooking, culinary art revenge on, to get even with (s.o.) daba tatellayt occupation of painter (houses, fences, dži l-wežba u-nefdi fik t-tar. I'll get even tatufaylit, tatufayliyet party-crashing with you when the time comes. tatyaru same as tetyaru tara used in the expr. va tara perhaps, maybe tatez z anet occupation of miller (i.e., Eăyyet-lu, ya tara ikun ržăE. Call him, tezzan) maybe he's back. ** va tara u-kan mšit m ahom. I wish tawarix pl. of tarix tawil (no pl.) agreement, settlement I had gone with them. ** daba !lah idir tawil l-xir. Everything's taraza pl. -t, twarez kind of wide-brimmed going to turn out all right. straw hat The-t-tawil slowly heer be-t-tawil ila taražim pl. of teržama bgitini nfehmek. Speak slowly if you want tarebba et occupation of gardener (of me to understand you. edibles) (i.e., rebba 2) ¶ fih^{ϕ} t-tawil to be formal \neq (in one's tarix pl. tawarix 1. history 2. date šnu huwa manner) t-tarix de-l-yum? What's today's date? ¶ Emel t-tawil (m Ea) to make a deal tareqqi v.n. of treqqa (with), to come to a compromise (with) tarta pl. -t goiter fih tarta fe-l-zăngura. He šrit had ş-sebbat u-Emel mEaya t-tawil fih. has a goiter of the throat. When I bought these shoes he made me a

bă Ediyatkom! Come to some sort of comtarxaymit, tarxaymiyet occupation of marblepromise with each other! tawekkalet gluttony

deal (on them). — čămlu šwiya de-t-tawil

tarwabzit, tarwabziyet occupation of bellows

worker

tawe danit, tawe daniyet solitariness, state of being alone (voluntary) tawez šiyet brutality, savagery taxbaržiyet spying, espionage taxebbazet occupation of bread-baker taxelwiyet solitariness (voluntary) fih taxelwiyet. He's the solitary type, a loner. taxrifin same as tixrifin (see also grā) taxerratet occupation of lathe-worker taxerrazet occupation of shoemaker or cobbler taxettafet occupation or avocation of being a thief (i.e., xettaf) taxeyyatet occupation of tailor, tailoring tazogbiyet bad luck, ill fortune (chronic) tazehriyet myopia, nearsightedness tazellažet, tazlayžiyet occupation of tile-layer and mosaicist tazraybiyet occupation of rug-maker tazraydit, tazraydiyet gluttony, excessive eating tazerzayet occupation of being a porter tazufrit, tazufriyet coarseness of manner, unrefined behavior tazuwwaqet coloring, painting, and designmaking (for decorative purposes) taž pl. tižan crown, coronet (also pope's tiara) tažarib pl. of težriba tažnaynit, tažnayniyet gardening tažer 1. pl. tožžar, džar merchant, businessman 2. pl. -in rich, wealthy tazeddadet occupation of blacksmith, smithtaz dudit, taz dudiyet reservedness taz ălwiyet occupation of a pastry cook tazemmalet occupation of porter (i.e., zămmal) tazramiyat, tazramiyet cunning, slyness taz esbiyet simplicity, plainness (person) taz sayriyet occupation of mat-maker (i.e., zsayri) taz ežžamet occupation of barber ta Lala used in set expr. !lah tabaraka wa-ta Eala (see tabaraka) tačăb 1. v.n. of tčăb 2. tiredness, fatigue tačăddi v.n. of tčădda ta ¿ ășșub v.n. of t ¿ ășșeb tačăššabet occupation of herbalist ta E ăttaret occupation of dealer in spices ta watqiyet virginity, maidenhood ta wim v.n. of E awwem tačawwadet 1. art of playing the lute 2. occupation of lute-maker ta & azrit celibacy, bachelorhood ta zubiyyet virginity, celibacy (both male and female) tbabex pl. of tebbaxa thadel v.i. and v.t. 1. to exchange, to trade thadel m Eaya he-t-tumuhil! Trade me cars!

Trade cars with me! -bġaw itbadlu

t-tumubilat. They want to exchange cars. 2. to take turns, to alternate ka-itbadlu Eăl l-Eăssa. They take turns at guard duty. tbaka v.i. to cry (group) thared coolness (e.g., in a shady spot) tbarek v.i. 1. to wish one another a happy holiday or event 2. to fight, to have a fight ¶ tbarek m €a to wish a happy holiday or event to (s.o.) tbarek !lah (lit., God be blest) 1. expr. of admiration, amazement tharek !!ah Ela dak l-bent! Man, look at that girl! What a terrific girl she is! 2. expr. of irony, e.g., tbarek !!ah Elik! Thanks a lot! (i.e., a sort of negative praise, e.g., for s.o.'s spilling ink on one's shirt) 3. kind of expletive with some meaning of "May God preserve . . ." (i.e., a kind of protection from the "evil eye") weld & ammi nžib u-ka-iqra mezyan, tharek !lah Elih. My cousin is pretty sharp and does well in school (God bless him). tbas m.p. of bas tbat, tbata 1. firmness (of belief, principle) stick-to-itiveness, constancy thaten pl. of tebtin 2 thawes v.i. to kiss (each other) tbaxer pl. of tebxira tbaye & u-tšara v.i. to do business tba ر m.p. of ba etba epl. of tabe el (a.p. of tbae) tba Eed v.i. to get separated or away from each other (physically) tebbaxa pl. -t, tbabex (dim. tbibixa) 1. sheep bladder (used as a toy by children) 2. bubble (soap, etc.) 3. blister tebbet v.t. 1. to fix, to immobilize, to make solid (e.g., a shaky table) 2. to flatter (with insincere compliments) 3. to check, to contebbă v.t. 1. to follow, to pay attention to and understand waš ka-ttebbă Eni? Do you follow me? (i.e., what I'm saying) 2. to follow, to stay on (a straight line, road, tebdal 1. v.n. of beddel 2. change, alteration, modification 3. exchange, trade tebdar v.n. of bedder tbeddel v.i. m.p. of beddel tbedder m.p. of bedder tebdil same as tebdal tebdir v.n. of bedder tbehdila pl. -t n.i. of behdel and tbehdel tbehdel v.i. 1. to be shamefully humiliated (as when caught doing s.th. wrong) 2. to be embarrassed tbehhet v.i. to speak nonsense, claptrap, "bull,"

as in xlas ma-ttbehhet Eliya! Don't give

me that! (you know better.)

164 tbibixa tbibixa dim. of tebbaxa thesser b- to receive good news about or of tbixra dim. of tebxira (s.th.) tbeššer be-r-ržu & d-weldu men thivyed m.p. of bivyed 1 I tbivved l- to flabbergast, to nonplus (usually impersonal verb) thiyyed-lu melli smacha režeat. He was flabbergasted when he heard she'd returned. thiyyen m.p. of biyyen tebkira n.i. of bekker teblag v.n. of belleg ¶ teblag l-hedra tale-bearing teblal v.n. of bellel teblita n.i. of bellet ¶ dreb teblita to get drunk thelled v.i. 1. to become adjusted or adapted to a country's customs 2. to become urbanized, to adapt oneself to city life 3. to lose one's mental adeptness, to become stupid (usually as a result of associating with stupid individuals) tbellet m.p. of bellet 1 tben n.u. tebna straw (hay) tebnaž v.n. of bennež thendiq v.n. of bendeq thenned v.i. to be somewhat of a show-off (in an irritatingly interfering way) thennen v.i. to become tasty, to acquire a good flavor (e.g., a soup being prepared) I thennen b- to savor, to enjoy the flavor of (some food) thegbig v.n. of begbeg tebrad v.n. of berred tebraz v.n. of berrez tberda m.p. of berda thergim v.n. of bergem tebrida pl. -t n.i. of berred tebriru, tebruri hail (precipitation) ¶ Zăbba de-t-tebruri hailstone tebriya v.n. of berra tebriz v.n. of berrez tberra m.p. of berra ¶ therra men 1. to warn (s.o.) 2. to disown (one's son, daughter) tberred m.p. of berred therrek b- or men to receive the benediction of, to be blessed by (s.o., saint) therrem v.i. 1. to move over qul-lu itherrem šwiya čăl š-šmal baš imken-lek tegles. Tell him to move over a little to the left so you can sit down. 2. to turn around therymet fih u-qalt-lu . . . She turned around to him and said . .

tberră b- (bla) to donate (to), to give

tebsima pl. -t 1. n.i. of thessem 2. smile, grin

l-medrasa b-xemsa d-le-mlayen. Her father

away free (to) bbaha tberra & čal

donated five million to the school,

tebruri same as tebriru

they ya n.i. and v.n. of berra

tbessem v.i. to smile, to grin

l-xariž. He received the good news of his son's return from abroad. thet v.i. (v.n. ithat) to be confirmed or authenticated thet daba billa huwa lli darha. It's been confirmed now that he's the one who did it. ** had š-ši ka-itbet fe-l-kerš. This causes constipation. I thet Ela to recall, to remember ¶ a.p. tabet pl. -in 1. firm, strict 2. in control of oneself 3. solid, firm (as a strong tree) tebtal v.n. of bettel tebtan v.n. of betten tebtil v.n. of bettel tebtin 1. v.n. of betten 2. pl. tbaten lining (of garment) tbuhil v.n. of tbuhel tbuhel v.i. to go insane, to go crazy thured v.i. (v.n. thurid) to fire muzzle-loading rifles (especially horsemen engaging in a musem festival) tburid v.n. of tbured tburiša pl. -t chill (usually accompanied by goose flesh) tbureš v.i. to get chills (with goose flesh) thuwwes m.p. of huwwes tebxar v.n. of bexxer tebxira pl. tbaxer (dim. tbixra) incense (general term) thexter v.i. to strut about (pompously) tbexxer v.i. m.p. of bexxer tebyad v.n. of biyyed tebyan 1. v.n. of biyyen 2. explanation tebyid v.n. of biyyed tebyin v.n. of biyyen tbežģit v.n. of bežģet tbežmet m.p. of bežme! the biz v.n. of bez bez and the bez the be v.i. to become hoarse thezzer f- to increase one's knowledge of (s.th.) tbă v.t. 1. to follow (i.e., behind s.o. or s.th. in motion) gadi nexrož daba be-l-z ăqq ma-ttbă ? ni-š! I'm going to leave now, but don't you follow me! 2. to conform to (rules, laws, behavior) ¶a.p. tabe 2 1. pl. etba follower, disciple 2. pl. twabe tail (animal) 3. pl. twabe E handle (s) of a plow tebとad v.n. of băととăd tbă&bi&a n.i. of bă&bă& tdar m.p. of dar tedbir v.n. of debber tedbira n.i. of debber teeddeb v.i. to be or become well-mannered, polite, proper

 $\P t^{\varrho} eddeb \ m \mathcal{E} a$ to be courteous toward, to be considerate of (s.o.) tedfag v.n. of deffeg tdeffeg m.p. of deffeg tdegg m.p. of degg tdegdig v.n. of degdeg tedhib v.n. of dehheb tedkar v.n. of dekker tedkas v.n. of dekkes tedkir v.n. of dekker tedkira pl. -t souvenir, memento tedkisa n.i. of dekkes tdekk m.p. of dekk 1 and 2 tedlas, tedlis v.n. of delles tdell m.p. of dell 2 tdella (men) 1. to hang, to be suspended (from) 2. m.p. of della tedma & v.n. of demma & tdemmen l- to beg (s.o.) grovelingly tedqiq 1. accuracy, precision 2. pains, care (in doing s.th.) ¶ be-t-tedqiq 1. accurately, precisely 2. exactly 3. carefully, painstakingly tdegg m.p. of degg tedrab, tedrib 1. v.n. of derreb 2. training tedris v.n. of derres tedriž v.n. of derrež ¶ be-t-tedriž 1. little by little, a little at a time 2. progressively tderra m.p. of derra tderreb m.p. of derreb tderya v.n. of tderra (m.p. of derra) tedsas v.n. of desses tedšin 1. v.n. of deššen 2. inauguration tedwab v.n. of duwweb tedwaz v.n. of duwwez tedwaz v.n. of duwwez tedwixa 1. dizziness 2. absent-mindedness tedwiza n.i. of duwwez tedxal v.n. of dexxel tedxar v.n. of dexxer tedxim 1. v.n. of ddexxem 2. opulence, luxury, high living tedyaę v.n. of diyyăę tdezz m.p. of dezz ted am v.n. of dă E am ted ima pl. -t n.i. of dae Eam tedriqa 1. n.i. of derreg, derreq 2. pl. -t shelter tedwar, tedwir v.n. of duwwer tedyaq v.n. of diyyeq ¶ tedyaq l-xater annoyance, pest tedya v.n. of diyyă E tedyiqa pl. -t n.i. of diyyeq ted Eaf v.n. of dă E E ăf tfada v.i. to be or become even (i.e., reciprocally revenged) tfadina daba! Now we're even! ¶ tfada m & a to get even with (s.o.) tfafa v.i. 1. to be rickety, loose, unstable (as

an old chair, a loose tooth) 2. to be disconcerted or shook up (by some bit of shocking news) 3. to get nervous, to get "butterflies" in the stomach tfafel pl. of teffal tfahem v.i. 1. to understand each other (in speech as well as psychologically) 2. to come to an agreement, to have an understanding I tfahem mEa 1. same as tfahem ka-itfahem m aha. He and she understand each other. 2. to understand (s.o. psychologically) 3. to give (s.o.) what he desires, to fulfill the desires of (s.o.) 4. to bribe, to grease the palm of (s.o.) tfakk same as tfekk tfaker pl. of tefkira tfala residue, dregs (of tea) tfara v.i. 1. to straighten out or settle differences or grievances 2. to be straightened out or settled (some difference or grievance) tfared (f-) to go in together (on), to share the expense or expenses (of) tfareq v.i. to separate (two men fighting, man and wife, etc.) ¶ tfareq $m \ge a$ to separate or be separated from (man and wife, etc.) tfares v.i. to bite and tear at each other (animals fighting, people) tfasel v.i. to compromise, to come to a compromise tfatef pl. of teftifa tfaten v.i. to dispute or quarrel rather violently tfaya kind of couscous garnish made of onions, cinnamon, and raisins tfedda v.i. 1. m.p. of fedda 2. to end, to conclude, to terminate 3. to run out, to become exhausted 4. to go broke or bankrupt 5. to reach a stage (or age) of impending death tfeddel v.i. (usu. in impv. only) used as a polite expr. of allowing, permitting, inviting (s.o. to or to do s.th.), etc. was imken-li nšuf had le-ktab?-tfeddel! Can I look at this book?—Go right ahead! —tfeddel (pl. tfeddlu)! Please have (a seat, a cigaret, etc., etc.) 1 tfedfid v.n. of fedfed tefdil v.n. of feddel tfedya v.n. of fedda and tfedda teffal pl. tfafel mat placed under millingstones to collect the material which is ground teffaz n.u. -a apple teffaza pl. -t coll. šžer de-t-teffaz apple-tree tfegged to recall, to remember, to dawn on one tfeggedt (belli) le-zlib fuq l-Eafya. I remembered (that) the milk was on the

tefgid v.n. of fegged and tfegged

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tfergie same as tfergie (v.n. of fergae and
tefgida pl. -t n.i. of fegged and tfegged
tfehher f- to gape in amazement at (s.o.,
                                                     tfergăと)
                                                   tferga & same as tferga &
  s.th.), to be stunned by, astonished at (s.o.,
  s.th.)
                                                   tferreg m.p. of ferreg
    ¶ tfehher f-rasu\phi to be taken with oneself,
                                                   tferres m.p. of ferres
                                                   tferrež v.i. to enjoy looking (movie, game)
  to think oneself the "greatest"
                                                        ¶ tferrež Ela to watch, to amuse oneself
tefkira pl. -t, tfaker gift given to one's fiancée
  (as a token of the engagement)
                                                     by watching (s.th. or s.o.)
                                                   to branch off (branch, road, etc.)
tfekk m.p. of fekk
    ¶ tfekk men 1. to get out of, to avoid (e.g.,
                                                   tferšex m.p. of feršex
  work) 2. to get rid or free of (s.th. or s.o.
                                                   tfertina tempest, storm
  unwanted) 3. to get loose from (bonds,
                                                   tferten v.i. to get or become rough, choppy,
                                                     stormy (sea)
  fetters)
tfekker 1. to remember, to recall w-ana
                                                   tferteq v.i. to rip or come apart at the seams
  ntfekker bin-la xessni nčayyet-lu I just
                                                      (clothing)
  remember that I have to call him. 2. to be
                                                   tfertit v.n. of fertet
  reminded of melli šeftu tfekkert bba. When
                                                   tefsir pl. tafasir (pl. somewhat classical)
                                                     explanation (often accompanied by a com-
  I saw him I was reminded of my father.
teflas v.n. of felles and tfelles
                                                     mentary)
teflat v.n. of fellet
                                                   tfesser m.p. of fesser
teflisa pl. -t 1. n.i. of fles, felles, and tfelles
                                                   tfessez v.i. to take a break, a rest period
                                                   tefsal v.n. of fessel
  2. bankruptcy, ruin
                                                   tefsil pl. tafasil detail, small item
    ** darbah teflisa (or t-teflisa) He's ex-
                                                        ¶ be-t-tefsil in detail fesser-li had š-ši
  tremely dense.
                                                     be-t-tefsil. Explain this to me in detail.
tfella (v.n. tfelva) to joke, to jest
    ¶ tfella Ela to make fun of
                                                   tfešš m.p. of fešš
                                                   tfeššeš v.i. 1. m.p. of feššeš 2. to turn up one's
tfelles v.i. 1. m.p. of felles 2. to become stupid,
  dense
                                                     nose (in disapproval or dislike) 3, to act
                                                     spoiled, to be a spoiled brat 4. to like to be
tfelya v.n. of tfella
tfel Eis v.n. of fel Eas
                                                     coaxed
                                                   teftaf pl. -in 1. (n.) jack-of-all-trades, general
tfel Eisa n.i. of fel & ăs
                                                     handy man 2. (adj.) trembling, shaky
tfel as m.p. of fel as
                                                      (from old age, anticipatory fright, etc.)
tfenneg, tfenneq (Ela) to turn up one's nose
                                                   teftaš v.n. of fetteš
  (at) (in disapproval or dislike)
tfentez v.i. to put on airs, to act important
                                                   teftat v.n. of fettet
                                                   teftef v.i. 1. to do general handy work 2. to
tefqas v.n. of feqqes
tfeggeh m.p. of feggeh
                                                     shake, to tremble (from anticipatory fear,
                                                     old age) 3. to nibble, to pick(at) (food)
tfegger v.i. 1. m.p. of fegger 2. to pretend
                                                        ** Ead klit be-l-zăgg nteftef mEakom.
  poverty, to give the impression of living in
                                                     I've just eaten, but I'll have a bite with
  poverty
tefrad v.n. of ferred
                                                     you.
                                                   teftifa pl. tfatef 1. chore, s.th, that has to be
tefrag v.n. of ferreg
                                                     done 2. odd job
tefrag v.n. of ferreq
                                                   teftiš 1. v.n. of fetteš 2. inspection, examina-
tefraš v.n. of ferreš
                                                     tion (not medical)
tefrax v.n. of ferrex
                                                   tfettet m.p. of fettet
tefraz v.n. of ferrez
                                                   tfuber Ela to tip, to give a tip or gratuity to
tferfir v.n. of ferfer
                                                   tfuwweh v.i. to yawn (as from sleepiness)
tfergie v.n. of fergăe and tfergăe tfergie pl. -t 1. n.i. of tfergăe 2. explosion,
                                                   tfuwwer m.p. of fuwwer 1
                                                   tfuwwež v.i. to go for a walk or drive (in the
  bursting
                                                     country, to the beach)
tferga & v.i. to explode, to blow up, to burst
                                                   tefwah v.n. of fuwweh and thuwweh
  (e.g., bomb, balloon)
                                                   tefwar v.n. of fuwwer
    ¶ tfergă& be-ḍ-ḍezk, b-le-bka, etc. to
                                                   tefxim v.n. of fexxem
  burst into laughter, tears, etc.
                                                       ¶ be-t-tefxim with emphasis, emphatically
tefrit v.n. of ferret
                                                   tefzag, tefzig v.n. of fezzeg
tferkil v.n. of ferkel
                                                   tefziga n.i. of fezzeg
tferkit v.n. of ferket
                                                   tfezzeg m.p. of fezzeg
tferket m.p. of ferket
                                                   tefžaž v.n. of fežžež
tfernisa pl. -t (broad)grin
                                                   tefžila pl. -t n.i. of fežžel
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tefžir v.n. of fežžer tegyaz v.n. of givvez tefžiža pl. -t n.i. of fežžež tegyila same as tegyila tfežžel m.p. of fežžel tegzan v.n. of gezzen tfežžež v.i. to go sightseeing mnin konna tgezzer m.p. of gezzer fe-r-rbat konna ka-nxeržu ntfežžžu. When ** rasi ka-itgezzer Eliya. I've got a we were in Rabat we used to go sightseeing. splitting headache. ¶ tfežžež f- to enjoy watching, to entertgeždir v.n. of gežder tain oneself by watching merra merra tgă E ăd v.i. 1. m.p. of gă E ăd 2. to sit up ka-nemši l-l-mersa baš ntfežžež straight (in bed, a chair) fe-l-bbaburat. From time to time I go to the tyafer v.i. to pardon or forgive one another harbor to watch the ships. (in connection with certain religious octfăcfica pl. -t n.i. of făcfăc casions) tfăefăe m.p. of făefăe tgamez v.i. to wink at each other tgadd same as tqadd tganen, tgann v.i. (v.n. gnan) to argue, to tgate & same as tgate & contradict one another tgazer mea to struggle with, to have a hard tgaša v.i. to faint, to pass out time with (a heavy object, a job, etc.) tgawet v.i. to shout at one another, to argue ¶ bqa ka-itgazer mEa to stick with bqa loudly ka-itgazer mea šoglu zetta teăllmu. He tegbar v.n. of gebber stuck with his job until he learned it. tigebben v.i. to get or become saddened, downtegdam v.n. of geddem hearted (usually shown by the face) tegdima pl. -t n.i. of geddem tegbir v.n. of gebber tgedder v.i. 1. to become or grow big and tgedda v.i. to eat dinner (at midday), to strong 2. to put on airs as if one were big lunch tgedded m.p. of gedded and strong tegfad v.n. of geffed thiyyed m.p. of giyyed teglab v.n. of gelleb tģiyyem same as ģiyyem tgelgil v.n. of gelgel (same as qelqel) tģiyyer m.p. of ģiyyer tgelgila n.i. of gelgel (same as gelgel) teglad v.n. of gelled tgelleb v.i. 1. m.p. of gelleb (same as gleb) tigelleb Ela 1. to manage to beat, defeat, or triumph over (in a game, battle) 2. to 2. to turn over (as in bed) 3. to change one's attitude, mood, opinion, etc. master, to tame (an animal, with some tgelles m.p. of gelles difficulty) tgemm m.p. of gemm tgellet same as gellet غ m.p. of gellă ع tgemmed m.p. of gemmed tegraq v.n. of gerreq tegmat v.n. of gemmet tgemgim v.n. of gemgem tegraz v.n. of gerrez tgemmet m.p. of gemmet tgerbil v.n. of gerbel tgennef m.p. of gennef tgerbel m.p. of gerbel tegras v.n. of gerres tegrid v.n. of gerred tgerr m.p. of gerr tegraž v.n. of gerrež tgerreb v.i. 1. m.p. of gerreb 2. to get some tgerdă & m.p. of gerdă & tgergir v.n. of gerger fresh air (i.e., go outside and enjoy the tegris v.n. of gerres (same as qerres) gerbi) tegrie v.n. of gerrae and tgerrae tegsal v.n. of gessel tegrie a pl. -t n.i. of gerrae and tgerrae t*ġessel* m.p. of *ġessel* teġšam v.n. of ġeššem and tġeššem tgermel m.p. of germel tģeššem 1. m.p. of ģeššem 2. to play dumb, tgerred m.p. of gerred stupid, ignorant tgerres m.p. of gerres tgerră v.i. 1, to belch, to burp (usually actgetta m.p. of getta companied by a bad odor) 2. to explode, to tģetya v.n. of ģetta tgufila 1. n.i. of gufel 2. hair or beard which let loose a fit of anger has gotten too long and is in need of cutting tegšat, tegšit v.n. of geššet (same as keššet) tegšita 1. n.i. of geššet (same as keššet) or shaving 2. same as tekšita 2 tguwwel (Ela) to become furious (with) tgusis v.n. of guses tegwag v.n. of guwweg tegwad v.n. of guwwed tegwal v.n. of guwwel tegwal v.n. of guwwel tegwiga pl. -t n.i .of guwweg tegyar v.n. of giyyer 3 (see tegyir) teavad v.n. of aivved

tegyas v.n. of givyes tegvir pl. -at 1. v.n. of giyyer 1 and 2 (see tegyar) 2. change, modification tegyis v.n. of giyyes thada v.i. to exchange gifts or presents thawed (m a) to bargain (with), to lower the price by bargaining (with) thawes Ela to have a penchant for, to like especially (usually a food) thebber v.i. to get fat, to become fattened (person, animal) tehdan v.n. of hedden and thedden thedda v.i. 1. to dawdle, to dally (usually in walking) 2. to strut 3. to prance (horse) thedded m.p. of hedded Ithedded Ela to menace, to threaten (s.o.) theddem m.p. of heddem thedden m.p. of hedden tehdin v.n. of hedden thedya v.n. of thedda thiyyef 1. to be or get greedy, to be avaricious 2. to be miserly, stingy tehkam v.n. of thekkem thekkem Ela to make fun of tehlil v.n. of hellel thella f- (v.n. thelya) 1. to take care of (also in the underworld usage) 2. to take care of, to give special attention to (s.o.) thelya v.n. of thella them v.t. to accuse tehmuni be-qtil mrati. They've accused me of killing my wife. tehma, tohma pl. -t, tuhăm accusation themhim v.n. of hemhem tehniya pl. -t v.n. and n.i. of henna thenkir dragging of one's feet (literal) thenker v.i. to grow, to get big or large (a boy's feet; boy may also be subject) thenna v.i. to get or become rid of one's problems, to be relieved of some burden or trouble Ithenna men to get rid of (s.o., s.th.) thenya same as tehniya (v.n. and n.i. of henna) tehras v.n. of herres thernin v.n. of hernen thernit v.n. of hernet therreb (men) to shy away (from), to balk (at), to avoid (doing s.th., as from apprehension) therres m.p. of herres therwil v.n. of herwel therwila pl. -t n.i. of herwel thetrif v.n. of hetref thuwwel m.p. of huwwel tehwad v.n. of huwwed tehwas v.n. of huwwes tehyaž, tehyiž v.n. of hiyyež thezz m.p. of hezz thežya v.n. of thežža

thežža v.t. 1. to read aloud slowly (practically by syllables) 2. to spell out (letter by letter) thežžel v.i. to become a widow or widower, to become widowed tibas v.n. of vebbes tigrad pl. -at possession, asset, property tigešt soapwort tih, tihan v.n. of tah tikida pl. -t 1. carob tree 2. carob bean tiktik nerla children's game, characterized by hopping and turning on one foot tilifun pl. -at telephone ¶ dreb t-tilifun l- to telephone (s.o.) tin n.u. -a dried fig tiga confidence, trust ma-fih tiga. He doesn't trust anyone; (also:) He can't be trusted. ** wžedtu ražel tiga I found that he could be trusted. ¶ gellet t-tiga lack of trust or confidence ma-dayer flus fe-l-benk, fih qellet t-tiqa. He never puts money in the bank; he doesn't trust them. tigal slowness, retardation (of a watch or clock) maganti ka-tă Emel qsem dyal t-tiqal f-koll reb a u-E ešrim sa a. My watch loses five minutes every twenty-four hours. tigar self-respect xad da@imen qabet t-tigar dyalu. My brother always maintains his self-respect. tiran pl. of tur tirs (usually said in egd tirs) black, fertile tis pl. tyus, tyusa billy goat tisa E pl. twase E (pl. of intensity) 1. space, room 2. time (to do something) Etini šwiya de-t-tisa . Give me a little time. ¶ fe-t-tisa \(\) away, aside, out of the way ott had t-tabla fe-t-tisa& baš nsiyyqu l-? erd. Put this table out of the way so we can clean the floor. I men t-tisa from a distance, from afar šeft xak l-barez men t-tisa E. I saw your brother from a distance yesterday. ¶ Ela tisa in sufficient time, in plenty of time mnin dži tsafer wežžed zwayžek Ela tisa E. Whenever you travel, pack well ahead of time. to get away from, to get away from, to leave alone Etini be-t-tisaE! Get away from me! tisir v.n. of yesser ** llah ižib t-tisir. May God give you success. tišišint dried cow dung used to light fires titan used in the expr. k al titan a very deep

tixrifin (coll., said primarily in Fez) zucchini

tizbibint type of black olive with large pit

squash

tiyyeq same as taq

tizra kind of sumac tižan pl. of taž tižara trade, business, commerce tižari pl. -yen commercial, business (adj.) tkaber pl, of tekbira tkadeb v.i. to lie to one another tkaka v.i. to burst into (loud) laughter tkameš v.i. to scratch or claw at each other (cats, people) tkareh v.i. to hate one another tkateb v.i. to correspond, to carry on a correspondence tkayes Ela 1. to take it easy on, to treat or use with moderation (s.o., s.th.) 2. to manage well, to economize on (e.g., money) tekbab v.n. of kebbeb tkebb same as ttkebb (m.p. of kebb) tkebbeb m.p. of kebbeb tkebbed m.p. of kebbed tkebber v.i. to be snobbish, to overrate one's station or importance tekbir v.n. of kebber tekbira pl. -t 1. gift given to one's fiancée 2. pl. also tkaber, n.i. of kebber tkebrit v.n. of kebret tkebret m.p. of kebret tekdab v.n. of keddeb tekdas v.n. of keddes tkeddeb m.p. of keddeb tkedder m.p. of kedder tkeddes m.p. of keddes tekdib v.n. of keddeb tekdis v.n. of keddes tekfaf v.n. of keffef tekfan v.n. of keffen tekfas v.n. of keffes tkeffes m.p. of keffes tekfifa pl. -t n.i. of keffef tekfisa pl. -t n.i. of keffes tkiyyef v.i. 1. to smoke (not necessarily kif) I thiyyef m & a to adjust to, to adapt oneself to tkiyyel m.p. of kiyyel tekk itokk v.t. (v.n. tekkan) to prick, to stick (as with a pin) tkek pl. of tekka tekka v.i. to take a nap or snooze I tekka Ela to lean on or against tekka pl. -t, tkek 1. n.i. of tekk 2. drawstring (as in pajamas, laundry bag) tekkan v.n. of tekk tekkel Ela to rely on, to count on (s.o., s.th.) tekkem v.t. to deal a volley of punches to (s.o.), to beat with the fists tkelfet m.p. of kelfet teklif v.n. of kellef and tkellef tkellef m.p. of kellef tkellem v.i. 1. to speak, to talk ma-ttkellem-š

be-ž-žehd! Don't talk so loud! 2. to con-

verse, to have a conversation 3. to speak, to give a speech or talk 4. to sing (birds) I thellem f- to speak ill of, to talk derogatorily about (s.o.) ¶ tkellem l- to answer, to report to (s.o. who has called for you) tekmad v.n. of kemmed tekmal 1. v.n. of kemmel 2. completion tekmaš, tekmiš v.n. of kemmeš tekmiša pl. -t, tkameš 1. n.i. of kemmeš wrinkle, fold (face, clothes) 3. pleat tkemma v.i. to smoke, to have a smoke (connotes enjoyment) tkemmeš m.p. of kemmeš tkenna m.p. of kenna tekrat v.n. of kerret tkerbil v.n. of kerbel tkerded v.i. to get or become kinky (hair) tkerdeg m.p. of kerdeg tkerdiğ v.n. of kerdeğ tkerdiga n.i. of kerdeg tkerfis v.n. of kerfes tkerfes m.p. of kerfes tekrita pl. -t n.i. of kerret tkerkeb m.p. of kerkeb tkerkib v.n. of tkerkeb tkerker m.p. of kerker tkerrem (Ela) to be generous (toward) ¶ tkerrem b- to donate tkerrem b-xemsin Palef frenk Eăl l-meytem. He donated fifty thousand francs to the orphanage. tkerret m.p. of kerret teksal v.n. of kessel teksar v.n. of kesser teksira n.i. of kesser tkessel m.p. of kessel tkesser m.p. of kesser tekšat, tekšit v.n. of keššet tekšita pl. -t 1. n.i. of keššet 2. suit (men's clothing) 3. a (complete) change of clothes, set of clothes (either clean or new; can include everything from underwear to topcoat) tkeššet m.p. of keššet tektaf v.n. of kettef tektar, tektir v.n. of ketter tkettef m.p. of kettef tkufir v.n. of kufer tkuwwen m.p. of kuwwen 1 tkuwwer m.p. of kuwwer tekwan v.n. of kuwwen tekwar v.n. of kuwwer tekwina pl. tkawen 1. n.i. of kuwwen ¶ dreb tekwina to keep quiet tekwir v.n. of kuwwer tekyal v.n. of kiyyel tekyas v.n. of kiyyes tekzaz v.n. of kezzez tekzil v.n. of kezzel tkă wir v.n. of kă wer

tkă Ewer m.p. of kă Ewer

tla used in the expr. ma-tla-š to no longer (do s.th.) to not . . . any more ma-tla-š

išreb. He doesn't drink any more. tlafef pl. of telfifa

tlaha v.i. to amuse oneself, to kill time

tlales pl. of tellis

tlamed pl. of telmid

tlamet pl. of telmița

tlaqa v.i. 1. to meet (each other), to run across one another 2. to meet, to come together (e.g., two connecting wires) 3. to agree, to be of the same opinion

Tilaga m a 1. to meet, to run across, to run into (s.o.) 2. to run into (a tree, door, etc.)

tlagem pl. of telgima

tlaseq v.i. to get stuck together, to adhere to each other

tlat see tlata

tlata (telt before pl. of words admitting du.)
three

¶nhar t-tlat, nhar t-tlata, t-tlat, t-tlata Tuesday

tlatin 1. thirty 2. thirtieth safer nhar t-tlatin fe-š-šher. He left the thirtieth of the month. tlatem v.i. to collide, to run into each other tlawi pl. of tluwya

tlaxem pl. of telxima

telbaq v.n. of lebbeq

telbas v.n. of lebbes tlebbeq m.p. of lebbeq

tledded b- to savor, to relish (food)

tlef v.i. (v.n. tlif) 1. to get lost (physically, in a speech, etc.) 2. to lose one's concentration, to be distracted 3. to lose one's common sense, to act nonsensically

¶ tlef l- to lose (lit., to get lost) \neq tlef-li l-meftaz d-le-xzana. I've lost the key to the closet.

telf used in the expr. fels fe-l-keff zsen men E ăšṛa fe-t-telf. A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.

telfa pl. -t n.i. of tlef

¶ der bettu t-telfa to be out of one's mind, to act in a nonsensical manner bla šekk der bethom t-telfa. They must be out of

their minds.

telfaf v.n. of leffef tleffef m.p. of leffef

tleffet v.i. to turn around, to face the opposite

Tileffet l- to turn and face toward telfifa pl. -t, tlafef n.i. of leffef tlegga ame as tlegga tlif v.n. of tlef

tliyyen m.p. of liyyen

I tliyyen mea to be nice to, to treat with

tella v.t. 1. to leave or put off (until later)

2. to leave until last, to do or take care of

** leh la-itellik! expr. said, usually to one's child, as a wish or hope that the child will be taken care of in the event of the parents' death

¶ tella b- same as tella

tellaf adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a (one) who is constantly losing things, or causing others to either get lost or lose things

tellaža pl. -t icebox, refrigerator

tellef v.t. 1. to lose telleft l-magana dyali!

I've lost my watch! 2. to get (s.o.) lost, to cause to get lost 3. to waste, to squander (e.g. money) 4. to mislead, to lead astray (both physically and figuratively) 5. to break the train of thought or concentration of (s.o.), to distract

¶tellef l- to cause (s.th.) to get lost or become hard to find for (s.o.) tellefti-lu le-qlam dyalu. You've made it impossible for him to find his pen.

¶ tellef l-weqt to pass the time, to kill time

¶ tellef t-triq to make the trip or way seem short (by passing the time in an interesting manner) tellefna t-triq be-l-hedra. Because we talked all the way the trip seemed short.

tellis pl. tlales burlap sack, bag (used in storing grain, etc.)

tellet v.t. 1. to triple, to multiply by three 2. to place or arrange in groups of three (usually strands to be braided) 3. to be the third part or constituent of (s.th., in order to complete it) aži telletna! Come and be the third man! (as in a card game) 4. to walk on three legs (dog, horse, etc.)

tellež v.t. 1. to freeze (liquids) 2. to ice, to chill (as a drink)

telmid pl. tlamed, talamid pupil, student (below college level)

telmița pl. tlamet 1. bedspread 2. kind of decorative slipcover for a divan or sedriya tlemm m.p. of lemm

tlemmes Ela to caress, to fondle, to pet (person, animal)

tlemmae m.p. of lemmae

telqaf v.n. of leqqef telqat v.n. of leqqet

telqaz v.n. of leqqez

telgim v.n. of leggem

telqima pl. -t, tlaqem 1. n.i. of leggem

2. amount of tea added to a pot of used tea (to bring it up to strength)

tleqqa l- to meet (s.o. who has just arrived)
tleqqem m.p. of leqqem

telsaq, telsiq v.n. of lesseq tlesseq m.p. of lesseq

telt see tlata

teltiya pl. -t type of three-shot rifle
tlettem m.p. of lettem
tlettaš 1. thirteen 2. thirteenth
tlettef (Ela) to be courteous, polite, congenial
(toward)

¶ tlettef mEa to go easy on, to not give a

¶ tlettef m a to go easy on, to not give a hard time to (s.o.)

tluwwa v.i. 1. m.p. of luwwa 2. to wind, to zigzag (car, snake, river, etc.) 3. to tack (boat)

¶ tluwwa f-le-klam to beat around the bush

¶ tluwwa Ela to wind around, to entwine oneself around (snake, vine)

tluwwen m.p. of luwwen

tluwya pl. -t, tlawi 1. n.i. of luwwa 2. curve, bend, crook (road, tree, rod, etc.) 3. sprain (ankle, wrist) 4. pl. tlawi zigzag(s)

I hder bla tlawi not to beat around the bush, to get to the point

telwin v.n. of luwwen

telxima pl. -t, tlaxem (bit of) phlegm

tlexxem v.i. to cough up and spit out phlegm telvin v.n. of livven

telzam v.n. of lezzem

tlezzem v.i. to be obliged, to have to, to be forced tlezzem (baš) imši le-franşa. He had to go to France.

telž 1. ice 2. snow

telz am v.n. of lezzem

telzifa n.i. of lezzef

tlezliz v.n. of lezlez

tlezzef m.p. of lezzef

tle zem v.i. 1. to gain (weight), to get fat(ter) 2. to heal, to close (an open wound) 3. to be welded or soldered together

tmag pl. tmayeg (sg. ferda de-t-tmag)

1. leggings (pair) 2. boots (pair)

tmam same as tamamen tmamen pl. of temmun

tmanin 1. eighty 2. eightieth

tmara seriousness, gravity, honesty (mostly

used attributively) sma t belli hadak l-qadi ražel ma-ši tmara. I've heard that judge is not an honest man. — šwiya

de-t-tmara! Seriously! Let's be serious!

tmasez pl. of temsaz

tmatel v.i. to resemble each other, to be similar (in symmetry) had ž-žuž de-d-dyur ka-itmatlu. These two houses resemble each other.—had s-senduq ka-itmatel be-n-nesba l-nefsu. This box is symmetrical.

¶tmatel mea to be similar to had letimara ka-tmatel mea lli qoddamha.

This building is similar to the one in front

of it.

tmawet v.i. to play dead, to pretend illness, to malinger ma-weq & ăt-lu zetta zaža, gir

ka-itmawet. Nothing happened to him, he's just pretending (injury, illness).

tmawež v.i. 1. to undulate, to wave, to ripple (water, flag, etc.) 2. to shimmer (in a varicolored manner, as some fabrics)

tmayeg pl. of tmag tmayel v.i. 1. to lean, to list (i.e., be in a state of tilt or leaning) 2. to roll (plane, ship) 3. to walk with a nonchalant, rolling or balancing motion 4. to stagger, to reel (drunk)

tmayez (Ela) to differ (from), to be different (from)

tmaze v.i. to fool around, to joke

tmedd m.p. of medd

tmedden m.p. of medden

tmedya v.n. and n.i. of medda

tmegget v.i. m.p. of megget

temģița n.i. of megģeț

tmin pl. -in (comp. tmen) valuable, precious

etmina pl. of taman tmivvez m.p. of mivvez

temkin v.n. of mekken

tmekken m.p. of mekken

tmekreh Ela to cause trouble to (s.o.), to give a hard time to (s.o.), to be hard on (s.o.)

temlas v.n. of melles

temlaz v.n. of mellez

temlis v.n. of melles

tmelleğ v.i. (v.n. mlağa) to joke, to jest

¶ tmelleg m Ea to tease

I tmelleg Ela to make fun of

tmellek (b-) 1. to get engaged (to) 2. to become owner (of)

tmellez m.p. of mellez

tmelmel m.p. of melmel

temm 1. v.t. and v.i. to end, to finish, to be ended, to be finished. 2. v.i. to be exhausted, to run out temm s-sokkar. We're out of sugar, the sugar has run out. 3. used with a.p. to express the perfect (usually with verbs of motion) temmet nayda

u-xeržet. She got up and went out. 4. to begin, to start (with durative tense) jir drebni temmit ka-nebti. When he hit me, I started crying.

temm, temma, temmak, temmaki, temmaya there, over there

¶ l-temma there, thither sir l-temma u-izănn !!ah. Go over there and we'll see what we can do for you.

I men temma 1. from there, thence

2. from that time, since then kan meaya n-nhar ž-žemea lli dazet u-men temma ma-Eawedt šeftuh. He was with me last Friday but I haven't seen him since then.

¶ temm nnit right there, on the spot, right away, right then and there ttedreb f-daru u-temm nnit mat. He was shot in his house and died right there.—tlebtu dak š-ši

u-Etah liya temm nnit. I asked him for that and he gave it to me on the spot.

¶ temm temm immediately, right away. qal-li ši-klam xayeb u-žawebtu temm temm. He said something bad to me and I answered him back right away. temmem v.t. to finish waš temmemti šģalek?

Have you finished your work?

temmen v.t. 1. to arrange in groups of eight 2. to multiply by eight or eight times, to octuple

temmer v.i. 1. same as tmer 2. to get or become serious (-minded)

temmun pl. tmamen beam of a plow (including the handle)

tmen 1, comp. of tmin 2. pl. tmuna eighth, eighth part 3. pl. tmuna eighth part or division of the Koranic Tizeb 4. see tmenya tmenna v.t. 1. to desire, to have a desire for ka-ntmenna ši-tažin de-s-seksu. I'd like to have a bowl of couscous. 2. to hope ka-ntmenna nduwwez d-doktura men daba Eamayn. I hope to get my doctorate in two years.

¶ tmenna Ela to desire of (s.o.), to ask of (s.o.)

tmențaš 1. eighteen 2. eighteenth

tmenya (temm, tmen with pl. of words admitting du.) eight

tmegges m.p. of megges

tmer v.i. to bear or produce fruit (tree, etc.)
tmer n.u. temra date (fruit)

¶n.u. temṛa pl. -t glans penis (said of children)

temran v.n. of merren temrar v.n. of merrer

tmerdin v.n. of tmerden

tmerden v.i. to fool or joke around

temriga pl. -t n.i. of merreg and tmerreg

temrin v.n. of merren

temrita n.i. of merret and tmerret

tmermed m.p. of mermed

tmermid v.n. of mermed

tmerred v.i. to pretend or feign illness

tmerreg 1. m.p. of merreg 2. v.i. to wallow, to sprawl on one's back (as a dog scratching its back)

tmerren m.p. of merren

tmerret m.p. of merret

tmerrez v.i. 1. to make oneself comfortable (usually sitting) 2. to go to the bathroom, powder room (polite expression)

tmerwaz v.i. to fan oneself, to be fanned (with a merwaz)

tmer zib v.n. of mer zăb

temsaz pl. tamasız, tmasez alligator, crocodile

tmesken v.i. 1. to feign poverty, to act broke žibu Eamer b-le-flus u-ža ka-itmesken

Eliya. His pocket was full of money and

he came to me acting as if he were broke. 2. to feign innocence, to act innocent lemma žaw istentquh l-bulis bda ka-itmesken

Elihom. When the police came to interrogate him, he began to feign innocence.

tmess m.p. of mess

tmesxer same as tmesxer

tmešša v.i. 1. to walk, to take a walk, to go for a walk 2. to function, to operate, to work, to go siyarti qdima, be-l-Zāqq ka-timešša mezyan. My car is old but it runs well. 3. to get along benti u-sadiqtha ka-itmeššaw mezyan mæ bāædhom. My daughter and her friend get along well together. 4. to sell, to go had s-selæa ka-timešša b-soræa. This merchandise sells fast. 5. to spend tmešša Ela qedd zalek. Spend according to what you make.

¶tmešša mča 1. to associate with, to go around with hadi ģir žuž de-l-gasabi baš bdit ka-ntmešša mčah. It's only been two weeks since I started going around with him. 2. to match, to go well with (s.th.) ž-žiyyafa l-kā la ka-ttmešša mča koll-ši. A black tie goes well with everything.

¶tmešša Ela to follow, to act on, to conform to tmešša Eăl n-nasiza lli qolt-lek. Follow the advice I gave you.

tmešxir v.n. of tmešxer

tmešxer Ela to make fun of, to laugh in the face of, to ridicule sazbu ma-Eăndu tumubil u-huwa ka-itmešxer Elih. He makes fun of his friend because he doesn't have a car.

temtam adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a ag. adj. and ag. n. of temtem

temtil v.n. of mettel

temtim v.n. of temtem (see ttemtim)

temtem v.i. to stutter, to stammer

tmetta b- or f- to enjoy, to get enjoyment from

tmuna pl. of tmen 2 and 3

tmuwwen m.p. of muwwen

temwin 1. v.n. of muwwen 2. provisions, supplies

tmexxen v.i. to act important, to act with an air of authority (that one does not have)

temyal v.n. of miyyel

temyaq v.n. of miyyeq

temyaz, temyiz v.n. of miyyez

tmezzeq m.p. of mezzeq

tmezzen m.p. of mezzen

tmaewig v.n. of maeweg

tna itni v.t. (v.n. tenyan, tni) to fold, to pleat, to roll up (sleeves)

¶ be-l-metni (p.p.) denotes a doubling of some action xda l-makla be-l-metni. He took a double helping of food.

tnabeh (l-) to pay attention (to), to listen
(to)

tnaber pl. of tenber tnafes v.i. to compete, to be rivals tnafes pl. of tenfisa tnager v.i. to dispute, to quarrel kanu ka-idez ku zetta wellaw ka-itnagru. They were just fooling around until they began to quarrel. tnahed pl. of tenhida tnager same as tnager tnageš (čla, f-) to discuss, to have a discussion (about) tnagez pl. of tengiza tnaseb v.i. 1. to become related (by marriage) ra@is l-Tukuma tnaseb mEa l-malik. The premier married into the king's family. 2. to go (well) with each other (colors, parts of a set, people) tnatez v.i. to butt heads tnaweb v.i. to work by turns, to relieve each other ka-itnawbu Eăl l-Eăssa. They relieve each other on guard duty. tnayn two (used mostly in compound numbers) f-Eămru tnayn u-reb in Eam. He is forty-two years old. tnaze & v.i. to quarrel, to dispute tenbal v.n. of nebbel tenhat v.n. of nebbet tenba & v.n. of nebba & tenbih pl. -at 1. v.n. of nebbeh 2. remark, observation tenber pl. tnaber stamp (with adhesive backing, e.g., postage, trading) tneddem (Ela) to suffer sorrow, anguish or grief (over) tneddef m.p. of neddef tneddem m.p. of neddem tendif v.n. of neddef tendim 1. v.n. of neddem 2. organization tenfar v.n. of neffer tenfas 1. v.n. of neffes and tneffes 2. respiration tneffed m.p. of neffed tneffes v.i. 1. to breathe 2. to catch one's breath, to rest 3. to breathe hard, to pant 4. to leak, to have a leak (of air, liquid) 5. to break wind tneffex v.i. 1. m.p. of neffex 2. to be or become haughtily proud or prideful 3. to pout (from wounded pride) tneffă b- to make use of, to get benefit from, to get use out of tenfisa pl. -t, tnafes 1. n.i. of neffes and tneffes 2. breath 3. (air) vent 4. flatus,

flatulence 5. space, blank (to be filled in)

6. improvised irrigation gate (i.e., break in

a pinch of snuff ح sbiyye کے de-t-tenfi

the ditch bank)

tnefnif v.n. of nefnef tengal v.n. of neggel

tenfiza snuff

tengila n.i. of neggel tengira n.i. of negger tnegriz v.n. of negrez tnegnig v.n. of negneg tnehhed v.i. to sigh (person) tenhida pl. -t, tnahed sigh tni v.n. of tna tnin same as tnayn tenkis width, breadth inekked m.p. of nekked tenmar v.n. of nemmer tenna 1. v.t. to double (in amount) 2. v.t. to form a pair with (s.o. or s.th. else) 3. v.i. to do s.th. again, to repeat some action klit u-tennit. I've eaten twice. teenna v.i. to be patient, to have patience (as in waiting) tenni v.n. of tenna tengal v.n. of neggel tengaz v.n. of neggez tengila n.i. of neggel tengir v.n. of negger tengiza pl. -t, tnagez jump, bound tnegga m.p. of negga tneggel m.p. of neggel tneqya v.n. of neqqa tensil v.n. of nessel tnessel m.p. of nessel tnesya v.n. of nessa tenšaf, tenšif v.n. of neššef tnešša m.p. of nešša tneššet m.p. of neššet tnešwa v.i. to indulge in some minor sensual pleasure (usually smoking or having a drink) tnešya v.n. of nešša tnugiš v.n. of nugeš tnuwwa (men) to be or become suspicious (of) tnu Eira pl. -t trick, ruse, bit of cunning $tnu \xi \check{a} r$ (ξla) to use cunning (on), to use trickery (on) tenwaz v.n. of nuwwez tenwir v.n. of nuwwer tenxima same as telxima tnexxem same as tlexxem tenya pl. -t 1. wrinkle (cloth, face) 2. pleat, fold 3. crease (as in pants) tenyan v.n. of tna tenzal v.n. of nezzel tnezzeh v.i. to go on a picnic, to go picnicking tnezzel m.p. of nezzel tnežya 1. v.n. and n.i. of nežža 2. rescue, deliverance tnezya v.n. and n.i. of nezza tneta m.p. of neta tnă E ăm v.i. 1. to live in comfort, to be well-to-do 2. to prosper, to be prosperous ¶ tnă E E ăm Ela (s.o.) b- (s.th.) to give

tneggeb v.i. to put on the veil (ngab)

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(s.th.) to (s.o.), to present (s.th.) as a gift
  to (s.o.), to donate (s.th.) to (s.o.)
tgabed v.i. 1. to hold hands, to take each other
  by the hand 2. to fight, to have a fight
  (physical)
taabi pl. of teaba, toqba
tqabel v.i. 1. to face each other (in position)
  2. to confront or come up against one an-
  other 3. to meet, to have a meeting
tgabet same as tgabed
tqadd v.i. expresses the concept of coming to
  be on an equal basis of some sort, e.g.
  l-8 am lli daz kan sabegni f-le-graya
  walakin had l-Eam tqaddit mEah. Last
  year he was ahead of me in school, but this
 year I've caught up to him. -d-dabit qal
  l-l-žunub dyalu itgaddu fe-s-seff. The offi-
  cer told his men (soldiers) to line up.
  -waxxa lebset s-sebbat l-E ali
  ma-tqaddet-š m &a raželha. In spite of her
  wearing high-heeled shoes, she didn't come
  up to her husband's height. -mnin tqadd
  m Eah, reklu. When he came up to him, he
  kicked him. —had ž-žuž de-l-?enwa E
  de-t-tub ma-ka-itqaddu-š fe-l-qima. These
  two kinds of material differ in price.
  -l-mizan toadd. The scale is balanced.
    ** daba Ead atay tgadd. The tea is just
  right (for drinking).
tqada v.i. 1. to end, to conclude, to be finished
  2. to be exhausted, to run out (gas, sugar,
  etc.) 3. to become invalid or physically in-
  active (usually from age)
tgaf v.n. of teggef
tgal v.i. to get or become heavy
tqal pl. of tqil
tgala 1. heaviness (weight) 2. slowness
  (speed) 3. lethargy 4. obtrusiveness, ob-
  noxiousness
tqaqel pl. of teqqala
tqasem, tqasem v.t. to share
tgaser pl. of tegsira
tgașes pl. of tegsișa
tqašer, tqašer socks, stockings (sg. teqšira
  or ferda de-t-tgašer)
tqatel v.i. 1. to fight, to battle, to have a fight
  or battle 2. to kill one another (rare usage)
tqațe v.i. to come to an agreement, to agree
tqațe & pl. of teqți &a
tqayel v.i. to reach an agreement after bar-
  gaining, to make a deal
tqazer same as tgazer
tqa Eed pl. of teg Eida
tqeb v.t. (v.n. tqib) 1. to pierce, to go through,
  to perforate 2. to go into, to enter (as a
  bullet, knife) 3. to deflower, to deflorate
  4. to violate, to rape
teqba, toqba pl. -t, tqabi 1. n.i. of tqeb 2. hole,
  perforation
tegbab v.n, of gebbeb
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tqebbed b- to get back at, to get even with
  (s.o.)
tqebbel 1. m.p. of qebbel 2. v.i. to face toward
  Mecca 3. v.t. to resign oneself to accepting,
  to face (e.g., some hard fact)
tgebber m.p. of gebber
tgebbet same as tgebbed
tqebbez (Ela) to be impertinent, insolent,
  disrespectful (toward)
tcqbiba 1. n.i. of qebbeb 2, arc 3, dome
teqdaz v.n. of qeddez
tgedded m.p. of gedded
tqeddem 1. m.p. of qeddem 2. v.i. to progress,
  to advance
tgeddez m.p. of geddez
tegdim 1. v.n. of geddem 2. advance (of
  money)
teqdir v.n. of qedder (same as qedder)
    ¶ be-t-tegdir 1. approximately, about
  2. for example
tegdis v.n. of geddes
tegdiza pl. -t 1. n.i. of geddez 2. slap with
  the hand (on top of the head)
tgedda v.i. to go shopping for groceries
tqedder m.p. of qedder
tqehwa v.i. to have a drink (usually of coffee
  or tea, but may mean any drink)
tgib v.n. of tgeb
tqil pl. -in, tqal (comp. tqel) 1. heavy had
  ž-žellaba tqila Eliya bezzaf. This jellaba
  is too heavy for me. -had ş-şenduq ma-ši
  tqil bezzaf. This box isn't very heavy.
  -te ăššina eša tgila l-barez. We had a
  heavy meal last night. 2. slow had t-tumubil
  tqila, ila şaferna fiha Eammerna
  ma-nweşlu. This car is (too) slow; we'll
  never get there if we go in it. -magantek
  tqila b-seb a de-d-dqayeq. Your watch is
  slow by seven minutes. -dak l-weld tqil
  fe-šģalu. That boy is slow in his work. 3. pl.
  tugala bothersome, obnoxious, annoying
  (person) 4. pl. tuqala snobbish, uppity
     ¶ wednu\phi tqila to be hard of hearing \neq
  wednu tqila. He's hard of hearing.
tgin v.n. of tgen
tqiyya v.i. and v.t. to vomit, to regurgitate
tqiyyed m.p. of qiyyed
tgiyyes m.p. of giyyes
tgel comp. of tgil
tgol 1. weight 2. heaviness
toqla pl. -t 1. ballast, weight 2. burden, beavi-
  ness (on the heart or soul, etc.)
teqlab v.n. of qelleb
teglal v.n. of gellel
teglag v.n. of gelleg
tegla & v.n. of gellă &
teglil v.n. of gellel
tegliga n.i. of gelleg
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tegbar 1. v.n. of gebber 2. burial, interment

taebbeb m.p. of aebbeb

tgelleb m.p. of gelleb tgelleq v.i. 1. m.p. of gelleq 2. to get mad or angry 3. to become or get impatient غm.p. of qellă ع tgelgil v.n. of gelgel tgelgel m.p. of gelgel tgen itgen, itgon (v.n. tgin, gitgan) to do perfectly, to excel in, to be a master of (job, language, etc.) teggaba pl. -t 1. drill (for perforating) 2. punch (for punching tickets) teggala pl. -t, tgagel 1. counterweight, ballast 2. weight used for flattening or pressing teggeb same as tgeb teggef v.t. (v.n. tgaf) 1. to stop, to hold up, to arrest (payment, disease) 2. to stop, to prevent tegafu le-Erus mnin ža idxol. They stopped the groom from going in to his bride. 3. to board up, to nail shut (door, window) 4. to confiscate, to seize (property, etc.) 5. to kidnap teggel v.t. 1. to make heavy or heavier 2. to make go slow (er), to slow up ¶ teggel Ela 1. to make heavy or too heavy, to load down 2. to weigh down, to put weight or s.th. heavy on 3. to demand too much from, to overwork, to wear out (s.th., s.o.) 4. to annoy, to bother \P tegqel rež lih^ϕ to slow down, to not walk so fast *teqqel režlik šwiya!* Don't walk so fast! tegrab v.n. of gerreb tegrad v.n. of gerred tegrib v.n. of gerreb ¶ be-t-tegrib, tegriben approximately, about tegrid v.n. of gerred tegrir pl. tagarir report men bă d-ma sala l-bezt dyalu geddem tegrir l-l-mudir. After he finished his investigation he presented a report to the director. tqerqeb m.p. of qerqeb tgergib v.n. of gergeb tgerres same as tgerres (m.p. of gerres) tqeršil v.n. of geršel tgeršel m.p. of geršel tegsas v.n. of gesses tegsar v.n. of gesser tegsir 1. v.n. of qesser 2. pleasant conversation, company with friends I be-t-teqsir in short, briefly tegsira pl. -t, tgaser 1. n.i. of gesser 2. soiree, evening get-together, party teqsis 1. v.n. of qesses 2. kind of marriage celebration or reception tegsisa pl. tqaşeş 1. material, cloth (i.e., the

cutting to be used in making a suit, dress,

etc.) 2. amount of prepared kif obtained

from a bunch of the uncut material

tegsiza pl. -t 1. n.i. of gessez 2. bruise, contusion tgesses m.p. of gesses teqšar, teqšir v.n. of qeššer tegšira, tegšira pl. tgašer, tgašer sock, stocking tgeššer m.p. of geššer tegteq v.t. to (get) wet, to moisten teqtab v.n. of qetteb teqtar v.n. of getter teqta & v.n. of qetta & tqetbina quality of being svelte, slenderness tegtiba n.i. of getteb tegtir v.n. of getter teqtira (sg. and coll.) pl. -t 1. n.i. of qetter 2. eye-drop(s) tegtie v.n. of gettae tegtica pl. -t, tgatec 1. n.i. of gettă 2. tear, slash, gash, rip tgetteb m.p. of getteb tgetter m.p. of getter tgeită & m.p. of geită & tqunis v.n. of tqunes tqunes v.i. to put on airs, to act the big-shot tquwwa m.p. of quwwa tquwwem m.p. of quwwem tquwwes m.p. of quwwes tquwwet m.p. of quwwet teqwa (usually with art.) fear of or strong belief in God t-teqwa we-l-?iman huma Pasas 1-Pislam, Fear of God and faith are the foundation of Islam. tegwam v.n. of quwwem tegwas v.n. of quwwes teqwim v.n. of quwwem tegwis v.n. of quwwes tegwisa n.i. of quwwes tegwiya v.n. of guwwa teqyad v.n. of qiyyed teq yas v.n. of qiyyes teq yid v.n. of qiyyed teqyida pl. -t n.i. of qiyyed teq yila n.i. of qiyyel tegzab v.n. of gezzeb tgezdir v.n. of gezder tgezder m.p. of gezder tgezgez m.p. of gezgez teq & ad v.n. of q a & & ă d teq ida pl. -t, tqa ed a type of sieve or strainer with a wooden frame and a woven reed mesh Teayn t-teq Eida wheat that has been passed once through a teq Eida, remaining rather coarse, used for making xobz l-בărš (a kind of whole wheat bread) tqă ¿ ¿ žád v.i. 1. m.p. of qă ¿ ¿ žád 2. to clear up (weather) 3. to settle (as dregs in a liquid), to clarify (as sediment in wine) 4. to sit or stand straight (with good posture)

trab earth, soil, dirt

trabi (good) manners, behavior, deportment t-trabi ka-it čăllmu fe-d-dar b al fe-l-medrașa. Manners are learned at home as well as at school. —dak d-derri ka-ikmi,

ma hna trabi hadı. That kid is smoking; that's had behavior.

¶ qell t-trabi ill-mannered, rude žat le-d-dar ka-tebki z it Zayerha wazed qell t-trabi. She came home crying because some

rude person insulted her.

tradd used in the expr. tradd le-klam to have words, to have a spat ža mčătțel u-traddu le-klam. They had a spat when he turned up late.

trada v.i. 1. to agree, to reach an agreement 2. to like each other

trafeg, trafeq v.i. to go (somewhere) together, to travel together fe-s-sif l-maži gadi-ntrafgu fe-s-sfer l-l-urubba. Next

summer we're going to travel together to Europe. —koll ž-žem a f-le-žiya

ka-itrafgu le-s-sinima. Every Friday night they go to the movies together.

trakeb v.i. to overlap snanu trakbu. His teeth overlap.

trakeb 1. pl. of terkiba (n.u. of rekkeb)
 2. (also trakib) paraphernalia of a tailor or seamstress

trama Ela 1. to throw oneself at or on (s.o. or s.th.), to jump on txebbaw-lu mur l-bab, u-jir huwa dxel tramaw Elih. They hid from him behind the door, and as soon as he came in they jumped on him. 2. to seize, to appropriate, to take possession of (s.th.) 3. to pick a fight with (s.o.)

trareb pl. of terrabi and terrabiya

trared pl. of terrada

trares pl. of terras

trawem v.i. 1. to fit, to coincide la-tlesseqhom cetta itrawmu. Don't glue them together until they fit (properly). 2. to go (well) together had t-tabla u-had l-korsi

ka-itrawmu. This table and chair go well together 3. to get along well with each other, to be understanding of one another huwa u-mṛatu ka-itṛawmu bezzaf ¿ad. He and his wife understand each other very well.

¶ trawem $m \ge a$ to deal with, to do business with

traxa v.i. 1. to get lazy, to become sluggish or listless 2. to get discouraged 3. to slacken, to become slack (person)

tṛaya m a to consult (s.o.), to talk with (s.o.) tṛayit m a mmi baš nešri dak

l-qeftan. I talked with my mother about buying this caftan.

trayek pl. of trika

traže v.i. 1. to regain consciousness, to come

to 2. to calm down (person) 3. to regain one's sanity

** traze & l-llah! Calm down!

tra E i pl. of ter E a

trazem v.i. to see s.o. again after a period of separation, to have a reunion (especially with family or close friends) fe-l-Eid dima ka-nemši ntrazem mEa l-Pahl dyali. 1 always go to see my family on holidays.

trebba m.p. of rebba

terbiya 1. v.n. of rebba 2. pl. -t newborn child, infant, baby

terbie v.n. of rebbae

trebya pl. -t (dim. tribya) infant, baby, child (from birth to about two years of age)

tredd m.p. of redd tredded v.i. to hesitate terdida n.i. of tredded

terda v.n. of redda tredd m.p. of redd (same as redd)

terfas n.u. -a truffle tergya pl. -t clavicle

trehhet v.i. 1. to change frequently and/or rapidly, to show frequent or rapid change, to be changeable tata ka-ttrehhet. A chameleon changes (color) often. —l-mumettila

xessha ttrehhet b-suhula men wazed d-dewr l-l-axor. An actress must be able to switch easily from one role to another. (She must be able to change her acting according to the demands of her roles.)
-ka-itrehhet be-l-godda. When he gets mad he turns all different colors. 2. to tell (untrue) stories, to make up excuses, to say

one thing and mean another ka-ttrehhet

Eliya koll merra ka-tqul-li klam Elih. She tells me a different story every time she talks to me about him. —ma-ža-š l-l-medrasa l-barez u-fe-s-sbaz bda

ka-itrehhet Eăl l-mu Eăllima melli suwwlettu Elas. He didn't come to school yesterday, and this morning he started making up excuses to the teacher when she asked him why. —dima ka-itrehhet Eliya. He always says one thing to me and means another.

tribya pl. -t dim. of trebya

trid n.u. -a a kind of very thin pancake, served with a sweet topping (honey, etc.) trika pl. trayek 1. descendents, progeny 2. inherited quality or characteristic fih cobb l-musiga trika. In him, the love of music is

an inherited characteristic.

trisinti electricity

tritil 1. v.n. of ritel 2. disorder, disarray 3. vandalism

triya pl. -t ceiling light fixture, chandelier ka-ištez bzal t-triya. He's shaking like a chandelier.

triyyeb m.p. of riyyeb

trivves m.p. of rivves triyyeš m.p. of riyyeš triyyez m.p. of riyyez

trek v.t. 1. to leave, to abandon terku d-dar qbel-ma trib! Abandon the house before it falls in! 2. to give up (s.th.), to quit (doing s.th.) trekt t-tedxin. I quit smoking. -trek l-medrasa u-lqa xedma. He gave up school and found a job.

terkab, terkib v.n. of rekkeb

torki 1. pl. -yen Turkish 2. pl. ?atrak Turk terkiba pl. -t, trakeb n.i. of rekkeb

trekkeb m.p. of rekkeb

torkya Turkey

termaš v.n. of remmeš

termiša n.i. of remmeš ternen v.i. 1. to ring, to tinkle (small bells only) 2. to jingle (coins) 3. to clink

(glasses) ¶ ternen b- to ring (s.th.) l-gerraba dima ka-iternnu be-n-nwages dyalhom. The water carriers always ring their bells.

trenž, tronž n.u. -a 1. sour orange 2. sour

orange tree tergad v.n. of regged tergaq v.n. of reggeq terqae v.n. of reqqae tergiq v.n. of reggeq tergie v.n. of reggăe

treqqa m.p. of reqqa treggeq m.p. of reggeq

terrabi pl. trareb 1. heavy cloth placed around the bottom of a tent to protect the tent cloth 2. basement, cellar

terrabiva pl. -t, trareb large basket with handles, made of woven rushes

terrada pl. -t, trared 1. a grill or flat utensil for preparing trid 2. a woman who prepares trid

terras pl. -a, trares 1. a man who threshes (wheat), a thresher 2. artilleryman

terrasa pl. -t threshing machine

terred v.i. 1. to tremble, to shake (people and animals) ka-iterred be-l-berd. He's trembling with cold. 2. to make trid

I terred Ela to tremble or shake with anger at (s.o. or s.th.) terred Eliya. He was shaking with anger at me.

terrika 1. inheritance, legacy lemma mat

bbahom xella-lhom terrika kbira. Their father left them a large inheritance when he died. 2. descendents, posterity territthom kollha xeržat fasda. All their descendents turned out (to be) worthless.

terrek v.t. 1. to confiscate t-tuwwar terrku-lu l-mumtalakat dyalu kollha. The rebels have confiscated all his possessions. 2. to despoil, to plunder fe-l-lil dxel le-Edu le-d-dšer u-terrku. The enemy entered the village at night and plundered it.

terră v.t. 1. to open wide (a door) terră l-bab baš ixrož had d-doxxan. Open the door wide so this smoke can get out. 2, to make a passage, to make an opening (in s.th.) terră & s-syaž baš ixeržu le-bhayem. Make an opening in the fence so the livestock can get out.

tre? es v.i. 1. to become president, to become the head (of a group or an organization) melli tre?? es kanet E ăndu xemsa u-rebe in Eam. He was forty-five when he became president. 2. to preside l-wazir l-luwwel tre? es čăl le-žtima l-wizari. The Prime Minister presided over the cabinet meeting.

tersaf, tersif v.n. of ressef tersı y.n. of ressă 🖰

tressed l- 1. to spy on, to watch koll yum ka-itressdu-lu. They spy on him every day. 2. to lie in wait for, to watch for l-qett tressed l-l-far geddam garu. The cat lay in wait for the mouse in front of its hole. —tressed-lha geddam l-benk zetta xeržat u-qal-lha: redd-li mali! He watched for her in front of the bank until she came out and said to her, "Give me back my money!"

tres va v.n. of ressa trešš m.p. of rešš

treššed v.i. to act or behave as an adult, to show the (mental and emotional) characteristics of adulthood tressed mea rasu had l-ivvam. He acts like an adult these days (implying that he did not heretofore). tertab v.n. of retteb

tertib 1. v.n. of retteb 2. tax paid by farmers on harvests and livestock

tertil v.n. of rettel tretteb m.p. of retteb tertab v.n. of retteb

tretta 1. m.p. of retta 2. to somersault, to do a flip

tretteb m.p. of retteb tertuga pl. -t ashtray tretva pl. -t v.n. and n.i. of retta

terwa possessions, riches, fortune, goods

terwab v.n. of ruwweb terwam v.n. of ruwwem terwan v.n. of ruwwen

terwim v.n. of ruwwem terwina n.i. of ruwwen terwiza n.i. of ruwwez

terwir a n.i. of ruwwer truwweb m.p. of ruwweb

truwwez m.p. of ruwwez

truwwee 1. m.p. of ruwwee 2. to go out for (fresh) air 3. to urinate

truwwa & m.p. of ruwwa &

¶ truwwă ξ -lu ϕ qelbu ϕ to be about to vomit

terxas v.n. of rexxes

terxwin, trexwin v.n. of tterxa (m.p. of rxa)

trexva v.n. of traxa teryab v.n. of riyyeb tervad v.n. of reyyed teryaq v.n. of reyyeq ter vaš v.n. of rivyeš terviga antidote šreb s-semm u-Eătquh be-t-teryiqa. He swallowed a poison, but they saved him with the antidote. terviš v.n. of rivyeš terzam, terzim v.n. of rezzem teržama pl. taražim translation teržač, teržič v.n. of režžač teržem v.t. to translate, to interpret teržem had le-bra men l-Eărbiya l-l-ingliziya. He translated this letter from Arabic into English. toržman, teržman pl. -at I. translator 2. interpreter trežža v.t. to expect, to hope for weslat-lu r-risala lli kan ka-itrežža. He received the letter he was expecting. trežžel v.i. to show courage, to show virility, to act like a man. terzab v.n. of rezzeb trezzem Ela 1. to visit the grave of (s.o.) 2. to pray for (s.o. dead) ter a pl. -t, tra i an opening (to permit passage) fetzu ter a fe-s-syaž baš iduzu le-bhayem. They made an opening in the fence so the livestock could go through. tră E čăd m.p. of ră E čăd tră E č ăš same as tră E č ăd (m.p. of ră&&ăd) tsabb v.i. to insult each other tsabea, tsabea v.i. 1. to compete, to vie with each other 2. to race tsabez pl. of tesbiz 2 tsahel v.t. to deserve, to merit, to be worthy of lli dar d-denb itsahel l-Euquba. He who commits wrongs deserves punishment. I tsahel mea to be easy on (s.o.), to be nice to (s.o.) tsakef v.i. to stream, to run (down) (said only for perspiration on the face) l-Eărq ka-itsakef Ela žbehtu. The sweat is streaming down his forehead. tsala m.p. of sala tsalem v.i. to greet each other tsama m.p. of sama tsamer v.i. 1. m.p. of samer 2. to pardon each other, to become reconciled, to have a

tsebbel m.p. of sebbel tesbil v.n. of sebbel tesbiq v.n. of sebbeq tsebra to urinate tsebrek same as stebrek tsedd m.p. of sedd (same as šedd) tsedya v.n. of sedda tesfal v.i. to make the first sale of the day my first sale. tesfal v.n. of seffel tesfar, tesfir v.n. of seffer tesfira pl. -t n.i. of seffer tsefsa (Ela) to break one's promise (to), not to keep one's word (to) tsegged m.p. of segged tseggem same as tseggem (m.p. of seggem) tsegtie v.n. of tsegtăe tsegtiča pl. -t n.i. of tsegtă & reconciliation tsegtă v.i. to jump up, to leap up tsaned v.i. to help each other, to give assisttsegya v.n. and n.i. of segga ance to each other tesgell same as stgell I tsaned Ela to lean on or against tsandu tsegreb same as stegreb Eăl l-zit u-wegfu ka-itferržu fe-l-mewkib. teshil v.n. of sehhel They leaned on the wall and stopped to teshila pl. -at n.i. of sehhel te? sis v.n. of ? esses watch the procession.

tsaget v.i. to fall slowly, to float down (snow, leaves, paper, etc.) le-wraq de-š-šžer ka-itsaqtu fe-l-xrif. The tree leaves fall in autumn. tsara I. m.p. of sara 2, to take a walk I tsara Ela 1. to look for, to search for

2. to visit, to go to see 3. to sample, to try tsarit Eăl r-rwayez kollha u-lqıt lli bgit. I tried all the perfumes and found the one I wanted.

tsarr v.i. to tell secrets to each other, to confide in each other

tsare pl. of tesriz 2 and 3

tsawa m.p. of sawa

¶ tsawa m a rasuo to relax, to make oneself comfortable, to stretch out

tsaxen (pl. or f.sg.) I. spices 2. a kind of drug used by some people in cold weather in order to warm themselves

tsebbeb v.i. 1. to make excuses melli tkellemt m Eah E ăl le-ktab lli selleft-lu bda ka-itsebbeb (Eliya). When I talked to him about the book I loaned to him, he began to make excuses (to me). 2. to use subterfuge kun ma-tsebbebt Eliha zetta Etatni le-wraq lli bgit Eămmerni ma-nšufhom. If I had not used subterfuge on her to get her to give me the papers I wanted, I

would never have seen them.

I be-t-tesbig in advance, ahead of time tesbiz I. v.n. of sebbez 2. pl. tsabez rosary

(businessman) (a slow or difficult first sale is taken as a sign of a bad day for business) had s-sbaz ma-zal ma-tesfalit be-l-koll. This morning I haven't yet made

tsiyyeb m.p .of siyyeb

¶ tsiyyeb Ela 1. to jump on, to leap at, to throw oneself on 2. to seize

tsiyyef used in expr. tsiyyef f-sift to imitate, to act like tsiyyef f-sift l-qerd! Act like a monkey!

tsiyyeq m.p. of siyyeq tsekken m.p. of sekken teslak, teslik v.n. of sellek teslim v.n. of sellem tesliya v.n. of sella tsella m.p. of sella

tsellef v.t. to borrow tselleft ši-flus men bha l-xuya. I borrowed some money from my father for my brother.

tsellem m.p. of sellem

tsellet v.i. to sneak off, to slip away tselsil v.n. of selsel (same as sensel)

tselya v.n. and n.i. of sella tesmam v.n. of semmem

tesman v.n. of semmen

tesmat v.n. of semmet tsemma m.p. of semma

** tsemma kla Zāqqu! said of s.o. who did not show up (usually at a meal or a party), meaning that it is his tough luck that he missed the fun, the food, etc.—ma-imken-š ntsennaweh n-nhar kollu, ila ma-ža-š tsemma kla Zāqqu. Well, we can't wait all day for him; it's just his tough luck he didn't make it.

tsemmet m.p. of semmet

tsemmă E l- to be or get insulted \neq , to be verbally abused \neq , to get cursed at \neq , to be railed at \neq tsemmă E-lu Ela wednih Eăl lli qal-lha. He really got railed at for what he said to her. —tsemmă E-lu zetta dab be-l-zešma. He was so insulted he almost died of shame.

tsemya v.n. of semma

tsenna 1. v.i. to wait 2. v.t. to wait for, to await 3. v.t. to expect (s.o., at such-and-such a time, etc.)

tsenned Ela to lean on, to rest on tsenned Eăl t-tabla. He leaned on the table.

tsenya pl. -t n.i. of tsenna tesqaf v.n. of seqqef tesqam v.n. of seqqem tseqqef m.p. of seqqef

tseggem m.p. of seggem

tseqsya pl. -t v.n. and n.i. of seqsa

tesrad v.n. of serred tesraž v.n. of serrež

tesraz v.n. of serrez

tesriz 1. v.n. of serrez 2. pl. tsarez permit, authorization 3. pl. tsarez rectangular mat (for prayer)

tserrez 1. m.p. of serrez 2. v.i. to stretch out, to spread out, to repose

tserzeq v.i. to (try to) make or earn a living

ka-ttserzeq baš tčăyyeš wladha. She's just trying to make a living for her children.
—ma-rasi zetta f-ši-xedma, ģir ka-itserzeq.
He doesn't have a steady job; he just tries to make a living.

tser a men to warn, to give (s.o.) warning tser it mennek, debber l-rasek! I warned you, now it's up to you!

t⁹essef (Ela) v.i. to be sorry (about) t⁹esseft lemma smäEtu dxel l-l-mustešfa. I was sorry when I heard that he had entered the hospital. t⁹essef Eäl l-Zadita lli

weq & ăt-lha. He was sorry about the accident that happened to her.

tesses m.p. of esses

tessă v.i. to move aside, to step aside, to go aside

¶ tessă men to leave (s.o.) alone, to go away from, to withdraw from tessă menni! Leave me alone!

testaf, testif v.n. of settef

tsettef m.p. of settef

tsugira n.i, of suger

tsuger m.p. of suger tsuxira n.i. of tsuxer

tsuxer v.i. 1. to draw back, to pull back, to retreat, to withdraw tsuxer le-Edu lemma tteqtel Eadad kbir mennhom. The enemy retreated when a great number of them were killed. 2. to move backwards, to move in reverse (as a vehicle) 3. to recoil, to kick (firearm) 4. to recede, to ebb (water)

teswak v.n. of suwwek

teswal v.n. of suwwel

teswiqa 1. n.i. of tsuwweq 2. pl. -t purchase tsuwweq v.i. to go shopping, to go to market, to make purchases

tsuwwes same as suwwes

tesxan v.n. of sexxen tesxar v.n. of sexxer

** t-tesxir men llah! The success (of some enterprise) depends on God. (approximately equivalent to "Good luck!"; said to s.o. to wish him success in some undertaking)

tsexxen m.p. of sexxen
tsexxer m.p. of sexxer
tesyab v.n. of siyyeb
tesyaq v.n. of siyyeq
tesyas v.n. of siyyeq
tesyiq v.n. of siyyeq
tesyiqa pl. -t n.i. of siyyeq
tesžal, tesžil v.n. of sežžel
tsežžel m.p. of sežžel
teszab same as tteszab

ise fed to protect oneself, to take care of oneself itermaw fe-s-sariz de-l-ma baš itse fdu men n-nar. They jumped into the

swimming pool to protect themselves from the fire.

¶ tsezfed Ela to protect, to take care of xessek ttsezfed Eal s-siyara dyalek ila böjitiha tṭul-lek. You must take care of your car if you want it to last.

tsezya same as stezya
tsezzeb same as sezzeb
tesz see teszud

tes & a same as tes & ud tes & ad same as sta & ed

tes an same as sta en tes ar v.n. of sa e ar

tes Car v.n. of sa C Car ts a E der same as st a E der

tes Ein 1. ninety 2. ninetieth tsă Etaš 1. nineteen 2. nineteenth

tes Eud (tes E when used with pl. of n. admitting du.) nine

tsăととăr m.p. of săととăr

tsadef v.i. to happen to meet, to meet by chance

tsadem v.i. to collide, to run into each other tsafa v.i. 1. to clear up, to become clear l-zal tsafa l-yum. The weather has cleared up today. 2. to be quits, to be even or equal with each other (by repayment of a debt or obligation)

¶ lunu\$\psi\$ tṣafa to return to normal color (after anger, sickness, sunburn, etc.) bṛat u-lunha tsafa. When she got well, her color came back to normal.

 \P tṣafa $m \geq a$ to make a deal with, to come to an agreement with

tsaff v.i. to line up, to fall in (military), to get into rows or columns

tsafet m.p. of safet (same as sifet)

tsafez v.i. to shake hands

tsalez v.i. to make up (after a fight), to become reconciled, to make peace (after war)
tsaget same as tsaget

tsaref v.i. to do business, to deal with each other

tsate v.i. to run into each other, to collide tsaweb m.p. of saweb (same as suwweb)

tsawer pl. of teswira

tṣazeb v.i. 1. to become friends 2. to associate with each other

tesbin v.n. of sebben

teşbina pl. -t n.i. of şebben

tṣeḍḍa same as seḍḍa

tseddeq b- same as seddeq tesdiq v.n. of seddeq

tsedya v.n. and n.i. of sedda

tesfaf v.n. of seffef (same as saff, safef)

tesfaq v.n. of seffeq

tesfar v.n. of seffer

tesfaz v.n. of seffez

tseffa m.p. of seffa

tseffef same as tsaff

tesfif v.n. of seffef (same as saff, safef) tesfiq v.n. of seffeq tesfir v.n. of seffer tsefya v.n. and n.i. of seffa tesgar 1. v.n. of segger 2. diminution.

reduction
tesgir 1. v.n. of segger 2. diminutive twibla,
huwa t-tesgir dyal tabla. twibla is the
diminutive of tabla.

tsehhed v.i. to get hot tsehhed be-s-sxana. He got hot with fever. —l-zal tsehhed l-barez. It (the weather) got hot yesterday.

tsifet m.p. of sifet

¶ tsifet $m \in a$ to see (s.o.) off, to say goodbye to (s.o.) melli kont žayya $l^{-\varrho}amrika$ tsiftet $m \in aya \in a^{\varrho}ilti$ kollha. When I was coming to America my whole family saw me off.

tsiyyed m.p. of siyyed tsiyyer m.p. of siyyer tselgit v.n. of tselget

tselget v.i. to behave in a coarse, ill mannered way; to act in a crude or vulgar fashion

tselleb m.p. of selleb tsellet Ela or b- 1. to intrude on, to attach oneself to (s.o.) without leave or welcome, to impose oneself on, to force oneself on f-wegt le-gda tselltu biya žuž de-l-? asdiga?, ddithom itgeddaw meaya. At lunchtime, two friends attached themselves to me, (so) I took them to lunch with me. -tsellet Elina wazed l-zakem ma-fih la-rezma wa-la-šafaga. A ruler who had neither compassion nor pity imposed himself on us. -tsellet Eliha waz ed xiyyna u-dzuwwež biha Eăn țariq Eaeiltha f-Eămru settin Eam. Some character who's sixty years old forced himself on her and married her through (the influence of) her family. 2. to descend on, to invade, to befall tsellet

Elihom ž-žrad u-kla-lhom z-zrač kollu. The grasshoppers invaded them and ate all their wheat.—tsellet Elihom wazed

z-zilzal u-qda-lhom Eäl le-mdina kollha. An earthquake befell them and destroyed the whole city. 3. to fall upon (s.o.), to attack fe-l-lil lemma kont ražeE le-d-dar tselltu biya žuž de-l-qemmara u-ddaw flusi kollhom. When I was returning to the house at night, two thieves fell on me and took all my money.

tselfin v.n. of tselfen tselfina pl. -t n.i. of selfen tselfen v.i. m.p. of selfen tesmar, tesmir v.n. of semmer tesmira pl. -t n.i. of semmer tsemmer m.p. of semmer

tsemser 1. to eavesdrop, to listen secretly zna konna ka-netkellmu u-huwa ža ka-itsemser

Elina. We were talking and he came (up) tsezzer v.i. to eat the szur (pre-dawn meal to eavesdrop on us. 2. (Ela) to watch during Ramadan) surreptitiously, to spy on tsezzez m.p. of sezzez tsennet (Ela, l-) to listen (to) tšabeh v.i. to be alike or similar, to resemble tsennă v.i. 1. to be mannered, to act in an one another tšabek v.i. 1. to get (all) tangled up (thread, artificial manner, to behave affectedly 2. to show off tsenna qeddam le-bnat. He etc.) 2. to scuffle, to have a scuffle showed off in front of the girls. -tsenn at tšabek pl. of tešbika and tešbak 2 Ela sz abha b-siyartha ž-ždida. She showed tšafa v.i. 1. to recover, to recuperate (from off in front of her friends with her new car. an illness) 2. to get better, to improve, to tsenter v.i. 1. to speak or act in a falsely show improvement (sick person) authoritative manner, to put up a big tšamir pl. -at 1. shirt 2. kind of long men's front klamu kollu xawi, rah gir ka-itsentez. shirt, now obsolescent tšames pl. of tešmisa He doesn't know what he's talking about; he's just putting up a big front. 2. to be tšaneq v.i. to grab each other by the collar or cheeky, insolent, smart-alecky; to act smart throat (with hands) l-Qustad Eagebhom Ela wedd tsentz u Elih. tšaqer v.i. to fight or fence with swords or The teacher punished them because they sticks tšarek v.i. to be or go partners, to join toacted smart with him. 3. to be shameless, to behave shamelessly had s-siyyda dima gether (in buying s.th., in business, etc.) ka-ttsențez Eăl n-nas. That woman is tšaret v.i. to mutally agree on terms or conditions always acting shamelessly in front of tšaš same as tšaš people. tšawef v.i. to see each other ana u-sazbi tesraf v.n. of serref tserfiqa pl. -t slap, open-handed blow to the ka-ntšawfu koll yum. My friend and I see each other every day. tšaweh pl. of tešwiha tesrif v.n. of serref tšawer v.i. to consult (together), to have a tserref m.p. of serref consultation, to deliberate ¶ tserref f- to make use of, to exploit zram Elih itserref f-amwal l-itama. It's tšawet pl. of tešwita tešbak 1. v.n. of šebbek 2. pl. tšabek complicawrong for him to exploit the orphans' tion, embroilment money. — Eăndu kamel l-zorriya baš tšebbek m.p. of šebbek itserref f-le-flus lli xella-lu bbah. He has tšebbet f- 1. to grab hold of, to hold on to, to complete freedom to make use of the money grasp (rope, rung, etc.) 2. to scale, to climb his father left him. (wall, mountain, tree, etc.) tsersir v.n. of serser tešbih 1. v.n. of šebbeh 2. comparison 3. retestar v.n. of setter semblance, similarity tsetta m.p. of setta tešbik same as tešbak tsuliz v.n. of tsulez tešbika pl. -t, tšabek 1. n.i. of šebbek 2. comtsulez v.i. to be sanctimonious, to feign plication, difficulty saintliness tešbir v.n. of šebber tsuwweb m.p. of suwweb tešbira n.i. of šebber tsuwwer m.p. of suwwer ** tešbirt le-Ema fe-d-delma, expr. used ** ma-itsuwwer-ši fe-l-bal (or to describe or indicate how strongly s.o. has grabbed on to s.o. else, i.e., as a blind man f-le-Eqel)! It's unimaginable! ¶ $tsuwwer-lu^{\phi}$ to seem to (s.o.) in the dark tšedd m.p. of šedd teşwab v.n. of suwweb teswar v.n. of suwwer tešfar 1. v.n. of šeffer 2. stealing, robbery, teswat v.n. of suwwet theft (not too common usage) teswir v.n. of suwwer tešfa 2. v.n. of šeffa 2. optional or extra teswira pl. -t, tsawer 1. drawing, sketch prayer, coming after the last regularly pre-2. painting, portrait 3. picture, illustration scribed daily prayer 4. photograph 5. statue 6. doll tšeffa f- to rejoice over or be glad of the misfortune or bad luck of (s.o.) teswit v.n. of suwwet tesyar, tesyir v.n. of siyyer tšeffer m.p. of šeffer tšeffă f- to ask (s.o.) to intercede for one tesyaz v.n. of siyyez (for help, to pray for one) teszaz v.n. of sezzez

tešfir same as tešfar

tesziz v.n. of sezzez

tešfi? same as tešfa? tšin (art. le-) same as letšin tšitin devilry, devilment, mischief (usually children) tšiyyet m.p. of šiyyet tšiyyex m.p. of šiyyex teškal, teškil v.n. of šekkel teškila pl. -t n.i. of šekkel tšekka (men) to gripe, to complain (about) ¶ tšekka l- to complain to, to lodge a complaint with tšekkel m.p. of šekkel tešlal, tešlil v.n. of šellel tešlila pl. -t n.i. of šellel tšellel m.p. of šellel tšelwiz v.n. of šelwez tešmir 1. v.n. of šemmer 2. string or cord used to keep sleeves up (used by women) tešmis v.n. of šemmes tešmisa pl. -t, tšames 1. n.i. of šemmes 2. suntešmiš v.n. of šemmeš (same as šemmes) tšemmes, tšemmeš m.p. of šemmes, šemmeš tšemšim v.n. of šemšem tšegleb v.i. 1. m.p. of šegleb 2. to capsize, to overturn 3. to turn somersaults tšeglib v.n. of šegleb and tšegleb tšeqq m.p. of šeqq tšeggeg m.p. of šeggeg tešrag v.n. of šerreg tešrat v.n. of šerret tešraz 1. v.n. of šerrez 2. dissection tešrig v.n. of šerreg tešriga pl. -t 1. n.i. of šerreg 2. rip, tear, gash 3. cut, incision tešrit v.n. of šerret tšermila 1. n.i. of šermel and tšermel 2. same as šermula tšermel m.p. of šermel tšerref m.p. of šerref ** ana metšerref! I'm glad to meet you (i.e., honored)! tšerreg m.p. of šerreg tšerrez m.p. of šerrez tšerra & m.p. of šerra & tšeršir v.n. of šeršer teštat, teštit v.n. of šettet tešteš v.i. to sizzle, to sputter (e.g. a frying steak, water on a hot rock) tšettet m.p. of šettet teštab v.n. of šetteb teštat v.n. of šettet teštib v.n. of šetteb teštiba pl. -t n.i. of šetteb teštit v.n. of šettet tšetteb m.p. of šetteb tšetter v.i. to bargain, to haggle tšettet m.p. of šettet tšuwwa v.i. to lose or give up hope, to despair

tšuwwa f-mut žeddah. He lost hope at (the time of) his grandmother's death. tšuwwek v.i. 1. m.p. of šuwwek 2. to get a chill, to have chills up and down the spine ** tšuwwek lezmu. He's got goose pimples. tšuwweš m.p. of šuwweš tšuwwet m.p. of šuwwet tešwaš 1. v.n. of šuwweš 2. worry, preoccupation, inquietude tešwat v.n. of šuwwet tešwiha pl. -t, tšaweh indiscretion, faux pas, breach of etiquette or protocol tešwiš same as tešwaš 2 tešwita pl. -t, tšawet 1. n.i. of šuwwet 2. burn (from fire, sun, etc.) 3. sharp pain, burning pain (not necessarily from heat) tšexwiš v.n. of šexweš tšexweš v.i. to get or become frightened kont wezdi fe-d-dar u-tšexwešt. I was alone in the house and I got scared. tešyar v.n. of šiyyer tešya v.n. of šiyyă & tešyir v.n. of šiyyer tešyira pl. -t 1. n.i. of šivyer 2. hand gesture or signal (for any purpose) tešyi E v.n. of šiyyă E tešža &, tešži & 1. v.n. of šezza & 2. encouragement tšežžač v.i. 1. m.p. of šežžač 2. to gain courage, to become bold (er) tšezzer v.i. m.p. of šezzer tšezzez v.i. to be stingy, a skinflint tšă bet f- same as tšebbet ftšă čši č v.n. of šă čšă č ttabe v.i. to come in succession, to follow or succeed one another ttafeq v.i. 1. to agree, to come to an agreement ttafegt m Eah (baš) iži Eăndna. I agreed with him that he would come to our house. -ttafegna Ela xemsin derhem, We agreed on fifty dirhams. 2. to get along (together), to be compatible 3. to go well together (colors, etc.) ttaqa llah 1. to fear God, to believe in the one and only God 2. to be honest, truthful ttaqa !lah u-qul-lna š-ka-tă Eref! Stop lying and tell us what you know! ttase! b- 1. to communicate with, to get in touch or contact with (s.o.) 2. to meet with ttawa v.i. 1. to bargain, to haggle 2. to agree, to be in agreement 3. to get along (together), to be compatible ttažer v.i. to do business ttase v.i. to withdraw, to go aside ttbas same as tbas (m.p. of bas) tetbat 1. v.n. of tebbet 2. confirmation, proof (of a fact, information, etc.)

ttebhed, ttebhet m.p. of bhed tetbit same as tetbat ttebla 1, m.p. of bla 2, to be or get upset by a misfortune ttebla meskin ma-8 ref kif idir, was imsi gand mmu mrida au igles mea mratu remga. The poor fellow was so upset he didn't know what to do-go to his sick mother or stay with his wife, who is crazy. -ma-& ref b-as ittebla melli galu-lu bbah mat. He didn't realize how upset he was when they told him his father died. Ittebla b- to fall in love with ttebla b-bent & ammu. He fell in love with his cousin. ttbell m.p. of bell ttebna m.p. of bna ttebžea m.p. of bžea tteb č až m.p. of b č až ttedber same as ttedber (m.p. of dber) ttedbez m.p. of dbez ttedber m.p. of dber ttedfen m.p. of dfen ttedfa & m.p. of dfa & ttedha m.p. of dha ttedhen m.p. of dhen ttedlek m.p. of dlek ttedres m.p. of dres tted a m.p. of d a ttedbea m.p. of dbea ttedber 1. m.p. of dber 2. to be fed up (with (s.th.), to have enough (of s.th.) ana ttedbert men had-l-xedma! I'm fed up with this job. ttedba & v.i. 1. to become stupid, to lose one's common sense 2. to be bewitched or enchanted, to fall under a spell 3. to be stunned, speechless ttedreb m.p. of dreb ttefda m.p. of fda ttefdå& m.p. of fdå& ttefdez m.p. of fdez ttefges m.p. of fges ttefgăと m.p. of fgăと ttefhem m.p. of fhem ttefged v.i. 1. m.p. of fged 2. to become hard to find or get (merchandise) ttefqer v.i. to become poor or impoverished ttefred m.p. of fred ttefrem m.p. of frem ttefreq m.p. of freq Tttefreq men (or m a) 1. to leave alone, to stop bothering (s.o.) 2. to become separated from (wife, husband) ttefrez m.p. of frez ttefrae m.p. of frae

ttefsex m.p. of fsex

ttefsel m.p. of fsel

tteften m.p. of ften

ttefteg m.p. of fteg ttefter m.p. of fter tteftem m.p. of ftem ttfu expr. of complete disgust and/or dislike (often indicated by spitting) ¶ ttfu \mathcal{E} lih ϕ same as ttfu, but said directly to or about s.o. ttefză E m.p. of fză E ttefžer 1. to burst open (abscess) 2, to well up, to spring forth (water) tteahem m.p. of ahem ttealeb m.p. of aleb ttegla m.p. of gla (same as gella) tteg & ar m.p. of g & ar ttegder m.p. of gder ttealeb m.p. of aleb ttegleq m.p. of gleq tteana m.p. of ana ttegrem m.p. of grem ttegres, ttegres m.p. of gres, gres tteasel m.p. of asel ttegseb m.p. of gseb ttegzel m.p. of gzel ttehda m.p. of hda ihdi ttehdem m.p. of hdem ttehdem m.p. of hdem ttehlek m.p. of hlek ttehreq m.p. of hreq ttifag pl. -at (art, le-) 1. v.n. of ttafeg 2. agreement 3. rapport teg tir 1. v.n. of getter 2. influence 3. impression, effect ttiz ad (art. le-) 1. v.n. of ttazed 2. union (political, labor, etc.) 3. unity ttkebb m.p. of kebb ttekka 1. m.p. of tekka v.t. 2. same as tekka v.i. ttkel 1. same as ttenkel 2. (with Ela) to rely on, to count on ttekma m.p. of kma ttekra m.p. of kra tteksa m.p. of ksa ttekser, ttekser m.p. of kser, kser ttekteb m.p. of kteb ttekwa m.p. of kwa tetlaf v.n. of tellef ttlaz m.p. of laz ttelbes m.p. of lbes ttleff m.p. of leff ttelha m.p. of lha ttella v.i. to come last, to be the last one (to do s.th.) xrežna men d-dar u-mmi ttellat baš tsedd l-bab. We came out of the house and my mother came last so she could shut the door. ttelga m.p. of lga ttelgef m.p. of lgef ttelzes m.p. of lzes ttemlek m.p. of mlek

ttemles m.p. of mles

tterheb m.p. of rheb

ttemnă m.p. of mnă E ttemsex m.p. of msex ttemsez m.p. of msez ttemtim (with art. t-temtim) v.n. of temtem ttemxed m.p. of mxed ttem a m.p. of m a ttem E ăs m.p. of m E ăs ttenfa m.p. of nfa ttenfex m.p. of nfex ttenkel v.i. 1. m.p. of kla 2. to be edible 3. to wear out (tire, shoe, etc.) ttenkes m.p. of nkes ttenged m.p. of nged ttenger v.i. to get upset, vexed, or peeved ttenqes m.p. of nqes ttensa m.p. of nsa ttensex m.p. of nsex ttensež m.p. of nsež ttenseb m.p. of nseb ttenser m.p. of nser ttenše? m.p. of nše? ttenšer m.p. of nšer ttentef m.p. of ntef ttenzer m.p. of nzer tetqaf v.n. of teggef ttgal m.p. of gal tetgal v.n. of teggel ttgam m.p. of gam iqim ¶ ttqam Ela to cost s-sefra ttqamet Eliya be-myat derhem. The trip cost me one hundred dirhams. ttgas m.p. of gas ttegbed m.p. of gbed tteqbel m.p. of qbel tteqbet m.p. of qbet (same as qbed) tteqda m.p. of qda ttegfel m.p. of qfel tetqila n.i. of teqqel ttegla m.p. of gla ttegleb m.p. of qleb tteggef m.p. of teggef tteggel m.p. of teggel ttegra m.p. of gra ttegren v.i. to get upset, to get irritated ttegres m.p. of gres ttegret m.p. of gret tteqsem m.p. of qsem tteqša ح m.p. of qša ک ttegtel m.p. of gtel ttegteg m.p. of tegteg tteqtă & m.p. of qtă & etter Ela 1. to influence 2. to affect, to have an effect on 3. to impress (s.o.) tetrad v.n. of terred tterbet m.p. of rbet I tterbet f- to fall in love with (s.o.) tterdem m.p. of rdem tterfa m.p. of rfa tterfed m.p. of rfed ttergeb m.p. of rgeb

tetrida n.i. of terred tterkez m.p. of rkez tterma v.i. 1. m.p. of rma 2. to jump, to leap tternin v.n. of ternen tterga m.p. of rga ttergem m.p. of rgem tterred m.p. of terred tteršem m.p. of ršem tterxa m.p. of rxa tterxef m.p. of rxef tterza m.p. of rza tteržem m.p. of teržem ttsal 1. m.p. of sal 2. to owe (lit. be demanded of) ka-ittsaluha bezzaf d-le-flus. She owes a lot of money. ttsa & v.i. 1. to make oneself comfortable, to relax ttsa Eu m Ea raskom! Make yourselves comfortable! 2. to go to the bathroom, rest room, powder room 3. to fit, to be able to be contained dak le-ktab ma-ittsa &- s f-le-mžer. That book won't go (or fit) in the drawer. ¶ ttsa f-balu ϕ to be able or willing to believe or accept ≠ ma-ittsa E-š f-balu l-xabar de-l-mut de-hbah. He can't believe the news of his father's death. tteshet m.p. of shet tteskef m.p. of skef ¶ tteskef mennu ϕ d-demm to become pale, anemic \(\neq \) tteskef mennek d-demm. You look pale. Itteskef Ela to want or desire, to be crazy about (s.th.) ttesken v.i. 1. to be inhabited, to be lived in, to be occupied (house, etc.) 2. to be inhabitable (house, etc.) 3. to be haunted (with demons, ghosts) ttsell v.i. 1. m.p. of sell 2. to sneak, to move (about) surreptitiously ttesmăと m.p. of smăと ¶ ttesmă l- to listen to (seriously), to mind ma-ttesma &-li z add l-le-klam dyali. No one paid any attention to what I said. —dak l-weld ma-ttesma &-š le-bbah. That boy didn't mind his father. ttesq a m.p. of sq a ttester m.p. of ster ttesžen m.p. of sžen ttes ab l- to think, to believe \(\neq \tes ab-li \) l-bab kanet mešduda. I thought the door was closed. tterzeq m.p. of szeq tteszer m.p. of szer ttsab m.p. of sab ttesbeğ m.p. of sbeğ tteslez m.p. of slez ttesnă m.p. of snă ttesref m.p. of sref ttserr m.p. of serr

ttšaf v.i. 1. m.p. of šaf 2. to be visible ¶ ma-fih ϕ ma ittšaf to be a horrible sight ≠, to look horrible ≠ (expr. of repugnance and revulsion) had l-bent ma-fiha ma ittšaf! What a horrible sight she is! ttešfă & m.p. of šfa & ttešäel m.p. of šäel ttešha v.t. to want, to desire ttešhit ši-ferruž mzămmer I want some roast chicken. I feel like having some roast chicken. ttešher m.p. of šher (same as šehher) ttešmet m.p. of šmet ttešneg m.p. of šneg ttešnă v.i. to become famous ttešra m.p. of šra ttešreb v.i. 1. m.p. of šreb 2. to be potable, drinkable ttešrek m.p. of šrek ttešwa m.p. of šwa ** ttešwat f-weldha. She lost her son. ttešžen same as ttesžen (m.p. of sžen) tteš č ăl m.p. of š č ăl ttetna m.p. of tna ttetgeb m.p. of tgeb ttetrek m.p. of trek ttetxem m.p. of txem ttetbex m.p. of tbex ttetbă E m.p. of tbă E ttetla m.p. of tla ttetleg m.p. of tleg ttetreš m.p. of treš ttetrez m.p. of trez ttetwa m.p. of twa ttete en m.p. of ten ttuled m.p. of wled tturet, tturet m.p. of wret, wret ttuseq m.p. of wseq ttuwled same as ttuled (m.p. of wled) ttuwseq same as ttuseq (m.p. of wseq) ttuz cry used to chase away a dog ttuzen m.p. of wzen ttužed m.p. of wžed tetwal, tetwil v.n. of tuwwel tetwiž 1. v.n. of tuwwež 2. coronation ttexber m.p. of xber ttexbeš m.p. of xbeš (same as xebbeš 2) ttexdem m.p. of xdem ttexdă m.p. of xdă & ttexla m.p. of xla ttexlef m.p. of xlef ttexleq m.p. of xleq ttexlă e m.p. of xlă e ttexneg, ttexneg m.p. of xneg, xneg ttexreg m.p. of xreg ttexret m.p. of xret ttextef m.p. of xtef ttexwa m.p. of xwa ttexzen m.p. of xzen ttzad same as dzad ttezlet v.i. to become very poor, impoverished

ttezreg v.i. 1. to sneak (especially to avoid paying s.th.) ttezrea fe-s-sinima. He sneaked into the movie. 2. to slip, to worm one's way (as through a crowd) ttezră ع m.p, of zră ttezwa v.i. 1. m.p. of zwa 2. to become speechless, stunned (at some shock) ttežbed m.p. of žbed ttežber m.p. of žber ttežla m.p. of žla ttežmă v.i. 1. m.p. of žma 2. to meet, to hold a meeting ttezred m.p. of žred ttžerr m.p. of žerr ttežrez m.p. of žrez tt az v.i. 1. m.p. of zaz 2. to move tt az mea l-qent šwiya! Move a little closer to the corner! the side of (s.o.) ttezder m.p. of zder ttez fed m.p. of z fed ttezfer m.p. of zfer tte ger m.p. of ger ttez leb m.p. of z leb ttezma m.p. of zma yezmi tter mel m.p. of r mel ttezna m.p. of zna ttez qer same as ttez ger (m.p. of z ger) tterrem m.p. of zrem tterreq m.p. of req tterret m.p. of ret ttezseb m.p. of zseb ttezsa m.p. of zsa ¶la-ittezsa (adj. usage; pl. la-ittezsaw) innumerable, countless, incalculable kayen Eadad la-ittersa de-n-nas temma. There are countless people there. ttersed m.p. of r sed ttezša m.p. of zša tteztaž m.p. of ztaž ttezzef m.p. of tezzef ttă ber m.p. of Eber ttă Emel m.p. of Emel ttă qed m.p. of Eqed ttă&ref m.p. of &ref ttă erek m.p. of Erek ttă em m.p. of esem ttă E ser m.p. of E ser ttă teq m.p. of teq ttă Eta m.p. of Eta ttă teb m.p. of teb ttă Ezel m.p. of Ezel ttă Ežen m.p. of Ežen ttabex same as ttabex ع same as ttale ع tetbal, tetbal v.n. of tebbel, tebbel ttebbeq same as ttebbeq (m.p. of tebbeq) ttehher same as ttehher (m.p. of tehher)

(i.e, completely without financial resource)

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tethir 1. v.n. of tehher 2. circumcision
                                                 tumi sg. of twam (which see)
                                                 tumun pl. -at eighth, eighth part
ttivver same as ttivver (m.p. of tivver)
tetla & v.n. of tella &
                                                 tunas v.n. of wennes
                                                 tunes 1. Tunisia 2. Tunis (city)
ttelleg same as ttelleg (m.p. of telleg)
                                                 tunsi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. twansa Tunisian
ttelles same as ttelles (m.p. of telles)
tetmar v.n. of temmer
                                                 tunya (coll. or sg.) pl. -t moth
                                                 tugaf v.n. of weggef
ttemmen same as ttemmen (m.p. of temmen)
ttemmes same as ttemmes (m.p. of temmes)
                                                 tugala pl. of tgil 3 and 4
ttemma & same as ttemma & (m.p. of
                                                 tugar 1. v.n. of wegger 2. respect, esteem
                                                 tuqi 21. v.n. of weqqa 2. signature
  temmăE)
ttenneb same as ttenneb (m.p. of tenneb)
                                                 tur pl. tiran 1. bull (male bovine) 2. ox
                                                 turad, turid v.n. of werred
ttentina same as tentina (n.i. of tenten)
                                                  tusax v.n. of wessex
tteqtiq same as teqtiq (v.n. of teqteq)
                                                 tusae v.n. of wessae
tetrab v.n. of terreb
                                                 tusixa pl. -t n.i. of wessex
tetraq v.n. of terreq
                                                 tusu & pl. -at ninth, ninth part
tetriba n.i. of terreb
tterreb same as tterreb (m.p. of terreb)
                                                 tusal v.n. of wessel
                                                  tusil pl. twasel receipt
tterref same as tterref (m.p. of terref)
                                                  tut n.u. -a 1. mulberry 2. mulberry tree
tterreq same as tterreq (m.p. of terreq)
tterrez same as tterrez (m.p. of terrez)
                                                  tutad v.n. of wetted
                                                  tutiya kind of sulfate compound used pri-
ttertiq same as tertiq (v.n. of terteq)
ttertiqa same as tertiqa (n.i. of terteq)
                                                    marily for treating certain disorders of the
tterteq same as tterteq
tettawen Tetuan
                                                      ¶ tutiya bida zinc sulfate
                                                      ¶ tutiva zerga copper sulfate
tetiwan same as tettawen
                                                  tuwbix same as tubix (v.n. of webbex)
ttufel same as ttufel
ttuwwel same as ttuwwel (m.p. of tuwwel)
                                                  tuwliva pl. -t 1. v.n. and n.i. of wella
tiuwwer same as tiuwwer (m.p. of tuwwer)
                                                    2. assignment, appointment (to a position)
                                                  tuwwel v.t. to put in order, to organize
tetwaf v.n. of tuwwef
tetwal v.n. of tuwwel
                                                    (mostly used by women)
                                                  tuwwež v.t. to crown (king, etc.)
tetwaš v.n. of tuwweš
tetwaz v.n. of tuwwez
                                                  tuxar 1. v.n. of wexxer 2. delay 3. postpone-
tetwa E v.n. of tuwwa E
                                                    ment
tetwil v.n. of turwwel
                                                  tuza E, tuzi E 1. v.n. of wezză E 2. distribution
    I be-t-tetwil at length, in detail (as in
                                                    (of mail, etc.)
                                                  tužad, tužid 1. v.n. of wežžed 2. prepara-
  telling a story)
tetwiša pl. -t 1. n.i. of tuwweš 2. jet, stream
                                                    tion(s)
                                                  tužiha pl. -t 1. n.i. of wežžeh 2. direction(s)
  (of liquid)
tetyab 1. v.n. of tiyyeb 2. cooking, culinary art
                                                    (for how to do s.th.)
tetyar v.n. of țiyyer
                                                  tuzăf pl. of tozfa
tetyaru 1. anger, rage 2. discontent, dissatis-
                                                  tuzima pl. -t 1. n.i. of twezzem 2. kind of
  faction
                                                    birthmark
                                                  twab pl, of tub
tetyaš v.n. of tiyyeš
tețyaて v.n. of țiyyeて
                                                  twabet pl. of tabut and tubita
tteztiz same as tteztiz (v.n. of teztez)
                                                  twabe pl. of tabe 2 and 3 (a.p. of tba E)
tub pl. tyab, twab cloth, material, fabric
                                                  twadd v.i. to give gifts to one another, to
tuba n.i. of tab
                                                    exchange gifts
tuban 1. v.n. of tab 2. repentance, penitence
                                                  twade v.i. to say good-by (to each other), to
tubita pl. -t, twabet sateen, or similar cloth
                                                    bid each other farewell
   (not necessarily cotton)
                                                      ¶ twade € m €a to get leave or permission
tubix v.n. of webbex
                                                    from (a king, president)
tufri pl. twafer 1. barn 2. cave, grotto 3. base-
                                                  twade v.i. 1. (l-) to humble oneself (before)
  ment, cellar
                                                    2. to condescend, to come down to another's
tuhăm pl. of tehma, tohma
                                                    level (no snobbery implied) twade
tukal v.n. of wekkel
                                                    m E aya u-bqa ka-išṛă z-li. He condescended
tulal n.u. -a wart, verruca
                                                    to explain to me.
tulut pl. -at 1. third, third part 2. twenty
                                                  twafel pl. of tafala
  minutes hadi l-Eăšra u-tulut. It's twenty
                                                  twafeq v.i. to agree, to be in agreement
  after ten.
                                                  twager pl. of tagra
tum n.u. -a (may also be coll.) garlic
                                                  twala pl. of tali 2
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twalef v.i. to become accustomed or used to twerred v.i. 1. to flush, to get or become red one another (face) 2. to acquire a healthy glow (face) twam (pl.) twins twerya n.i. and v.n. of werra twanes v.i. 1. to keep each other company tewsixa pl. -t n.i. of wessex (to avoid loneliness, fear, etc.) 2. to keep tewsie v.n. of wessae twessel l- to beg, to implore (s.o.) oneself occupied or busy šă elet r-radyu u-bgat ka-ttwanes bih Ela-ma iržaE twesset v.i. 1. m.p. of wesset 2. to mediate, to raželha. She turned on the radio, and kept act as intermediary or go-between herself occupied (with it) until her husband twessex m.p. of wessex came home. twessa & v.i. 1. m.p. of wessa & 2. to go to the tavansa n.pl. of tunsi bathroom, rest room (polite expr.) twarez pl, of taraza tweswis 1. v.n. of weswes 2. meticulousness, finicky scrupulousness twasel pl. of tusil twata v.i. to be or become levelled, even, tweswes v.i. to be meticulous, finicky flattened tewsil same as tusil twažeb same as džaweb twessel m.p. of wessel twažeh v.i. to face or confront one another I twessel b- to receive, to get (as a letter) (in physical position as well as in a contest, ¶ twessel (baš) to (finally) manage (to) twesya 1. v.n. of wessa 2. counsel, advice court, battle, etc.) twa a v.i. to come to, to regain consciousness 3. recommendation twa ed v.i. 1. to vow or promise (each iweited m.p. of weited other), to make a vow or promise (to each twetter m.p. of wetter other) twa Eedna baš nsafru žmi E. We iwetteš m.p. of wetteš tewxir same as tuxar promised we'd travel together, 2, to make an appointment or date I bla tewxir without fail, not later (than) twebbex m.p. of webbex Ețini le-flus nhar l-zădd bla tewxir! Give twedda v.i. 1. to perform one's ablutions (in me the money no later than Sunday! preparation for praying) 2, to relieve onetewxir v.n. of wexxer self, to void and evacuate (always involvtwexxer m.p. of wexxer tewzi same as tuza & ing excrement, but not necessarily urine) twedder m.p. of wedder twezză E m.p. of wezză & twedder m.p. of wedder tewžid same as tužad, tužid tweffa v.i. to die, to expire (person, animal) twežžed m.p. of wežžed twežžeh l- 1, to face, to face toward 2, to go tewfig 1. v.n. of weffeg 2. success . twefya v.n. of weffa or head toward, in the direction of 3. to twegged m.p. of wegged address, to address oneself to (audience, tewgid v.n. of wegged God) 4. to favor, to support, to choose the tweggel m.p. of weggel side of (s.o.) 5. to choose, to follow (course twekkel m.p. of wekkel of study) ¶ twekkel Ela to rely on, to depend on twežža & v.i. 1. to ail, to suffer pain 2. to have labor pains (woman) (usually God) twella 1. m.p. of wella 2. v.t. to take charge tewzid 1. v.n. of wezzed 2. unification, union 3. Islamic belief in the "oneness" of of, to take over (job, position) twellef m.p. of wellef God, rather than a Godhead ¶ twellef b- to become used or accustomed tew ima same as tur ima twezzem v.i. to have cravings and strange twellă b- to become fond of, to become desires (due to pregnancy) keenly interested in (s.o., s.th.) twezzeš 1, v.t. to miss twezzešnak bezzaf! twelwil v.n. of welwel We really missed you! 2. v.t. to get hometwelya same as tuwliya sick, nostalgic for 3. v.i. to become wild, twennes 1. m.p. of wennes 2. same as twanes savage tewgif v.n. of weggef txa (m.) same as text txaber v.i. to confer, to have a discussion tewgir same as tugar tewqi & same as tuqi & txabeš v.i. to scratch or claw each other tweggef m.p. of weggef txabet v.i. to hit or strike each other (play-I tweggef Ela 1. to need, to be in need of fully or seriously) 2. to depend on txabe Epl. of texbi Ea 2

txala v.i. to withdraw or go aside in order to

talk privately mša txala huwa wiyah

tewra pl. -t revolution, revolt, rebellion

twerra m.p. of werra

u-wessel-lu le-xbar. He went aside with him and told him the news.

Itxala mEa to take aside (i.e., to talk) txalef v.i. 1. to disagree, to be in disagreement 2. to miss each other Emelna bas ntlaqaw f-le-mzātta walakın txalefna. We arranged to meet at the train station, but we missed each other. 3. to be or become crossed, tangled, entwined dima ka-in as b-režlih metxalfin. He always sleeps with his legs crossed.

txalet v.i. to associate, to go around together, to hang around with each other kan weld meeddeb walakin lemma bda ka-itxalet mea s-slaget fsed. He was a nice boy but when he began to associate with good-fornothings he got corrupted.

txaref pl. of texrifa (n.i. of xerref)

txasem v.i. 1. to quarrel, to have a falling out 2. to be involved in a lawsuit

txata v.i. to insult each other

txatef Ela 1. to snatch or grab (s.th.) from each other txatef huwa u-xutu Eal l-Eineb. He and his brothers snatched the grapes from each other. 2. to snap up, to grab in a hurry n-nu Ez-ždid dyal s-siyarat had l-Eam txatfu Elih n-nas. People have snapped up the new model cars this year. txater v.i. to make a bet, to wager txatret

m Cah b-Cešrin derhem. She bet him twenty dirhams.

txawa v.i. 1. to become close friends (implying past enmity) fransa u-qalmanya kanu Eadyan walakin bă Edl-Zărb txawaw.

France and Germany were enemies but after the war they became close friends.

2. to resemble, to be similar (in color, size, etc.)

texbal v.n. of xebbel txebba same as txebbă & txebbel v.i. m.p. of xebbel txebber v.i. m.p. of xebber

txebbet v.i. 1. to thrash or flail about bqa itxebbet m a l-ma u-fe-l-lexxer graq. He thrashed about in the water for a while and then finally sank. 2. to do one's best txebbet m a le-mti an walakin

ma-žab-šay lļah. He did his best with the exam, but he flunked it.

txebbă v.i. 1. to hide txebbă menni. He hid from me. 2. to take shelter

¶ txebbă E l- to lie in wait for texbil v.n. of xebbel

texbila pl. -t 1. n.i. of xebbel 2. labyrinth 3. imbroglio

texbica 1. n.i. of xebbac 2. pl. -t, txabec (dim. txibca) hiding place

¶ be-t-texbiξa secretly, furtively txebya v.n. and n.i. of txebba and xebba (same as txebbaξ and xebbaξ)

texdam v.n. of xeddem
texfaf v.n. of xeffef
txeffef m.p. of xeffef
texfif v.n. of xeffef
txib a dim. of texbi a 2
teexif v.n. and tex

teqxir same as tuxar and tewxir texlat v.n. of xellet

texlița n.i. of xellet

txella Ela 1. to renounce, to give up (throne, position) 2. to abandon, to leave (i.e., no longer take the responsibility for)

txelles m.p. of xelles

¶ txelles men 1. to punish 2. to get revenge on (s.o.), to get back at (s.o.)

txellet m.p. of xellet

¶txellet l- to confuse, to get (s.o.) all mixed up s-swaret kollhom txelltu-lu. All those keys confused him (he didn't know which one to use).

txellă & m.p. of xellă &

txelwa v.i. to go somewhere to be alone (for any reason)

txelxil v.n. of xelxel

txelxel v.i. m.p. of xelxel

¶ txelxel f-&ăqlu\$\phi\$ to lose one's mind, to become deranged txelya v.n. and n.i. of xella

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texma pl. -t (attack of) indigestion, gastritis texmal v.n. of xemmel

texmam, texmim v.n. of xemmem

texmima n.i. of xemmem

texmisa pl. -t share-cropping job (on the basis of one-fifth of the crop)

of one-fifth of the createnest m.p. of xennest txenxir v.n. of xenxer texrah v.n. of xerreb texraf v.n. of xerref texraž v.n. of xerrež txerbiq v.n. of xerbeg txerbiš v.n. of xerbeš txerbeš m.p. of xerbeš txerdil v.n. of xerdel texrib v.n. of xerreb texrif p.l. txeref n.j. of texref p.l. txeref n.j. of texrif p.l. txeref n.j. of texrif p.l. txeref n.j. of texrif p.l. txeref n.j. of txerreb

texrifa pl. txaref n.i. of xerref texriž v.n. of xerrež

texriz v.n. of xerrez texriža n.i. of xerrež

txermiz v.n. of xermez

txerreb 1. m.p. of xerreb 2. to fall into ruin, to deteriorate

txerres m.p. of xerres

txerrež 1. m.p. of xerrež 2. to graduate (from school)

txerxir v.n. of xerxer

texsar v.n. of xesser and txesser texsis 1. v.n. of xesses and txesses 2. specialitxess men to need, to be in need of txesser m.p. of xesser txesses v.i. 1. m.p. of xesses 2. to specialize txeššen v.i. 1. to get or become big, large (i.e., xšin) 2. to get or become rough, coarse (in texture) ¶ txeššen Ela to bully, to treat roughly (by virtue of one's size) txešxiš v.n. of xešxeš text dregs, lees txettel v.i. to sneak, to walk on tiptoe ¶ txettel f- (or bin) to weave in and out. to elbow through (a crowd) ¶ txettlu režlih ϕ to stagger \neq , to reel \neq (as a drunk) txetten m.p. of xetten textit v.n. of xettet txetta v.t. to step over (as a sleeping dog) ¶ txetta Ela same as txetta txetter v.i. to make an appearance, to show up, to drop in texwad v.n. of xewwed texwaf v.n. of xewwef texwar v.n. of xewwer texwid v.n. of xewwed txewwed v.i. m.p. of xewwed txewwex v.i. 1, same as xewwex 2, m.p. of xeavanex texyam v.n. of xiyyem texyar v.n. of xeyyer txeyvel l- to imagine, to believe, to think \(\neq \) txevvel-li belli Etitu flus le-kra l-Qusbu& lli daz. I thought I gave him the rent money last week. txeyyer v.t. to choose, to pick, to select I txeyyer f- to choose between (or among) txezzez v.i. 1. to become covered with moss or lichen 2, to become covered with patina or

oxide (bronze, copper)

¶ txezzez f- to get or have command or mastery of (s.th.), to have or get a thorough knowledge of (s.th.) Easet f-@amirika xmestašel Eam u-txezzzet f-l-ingliza. She lived in America fifteen years and got a thorough knowledge of English.

tyab pl. of tub

tyesser m.p. of yesser

I tyesser l- 1. to be able, to be possible for (s.o.) 2. to be obtainable or available ila tyessru-li le-flus nešri siyara ždida. If I get the money I'll buy a new car.

tzad same as dzad tezfat v.n. of zeffet tezlaž, tezliž v.n. of zellež tezmam v.n. of zemmem tezmar, tezmir v.n. of zemmer tezțiț v.n. of zetțeț

tezwag v.n. of zuwweg tezwal v.n. of zuwwel

tezwag 1. v.n. of zuwweg 2. design (artistic) 3. decoration, ornamentation

tezwia v.n. of zuwwea

tezwir v.n. of zuwwer

tezyan 1. v.n. of zivven 2. decoration, ornamentation, embellishment 3. improvement (in health)

tezvar v.n. of zivver

tezyat 1. v.n. of ziyyet 2. lubrication

tezvat v.n. of zivvet

tezyin same as tezyan

tezyira pl. -t 1. n.i. of ziyyer 2. financial strait(s)

tezzara pl. -t, dzazer 1. apron (as for the kitchen) 2. loincloth, or s.th. used as such tezzer v.i. 1. to put on an apron 2. to put on a loincloth or s.th. used as such

T tezzer b- to use as an apron or loincloth

težbad v.n. of žebbed

težbar v.n. of žebber

teždad, teždid 1. v.n. of žedded 2. renovation, restoration

težfaf, težfif v.n. of žeffef težfifa pl. -t n.i. of žeffef težlad v.n. of želled

težmad v.n. of žemmed težnina n.i. of džennen

težnis 1. v.n. of žennes 2. naturalization (citizen)

težrab, težrib v.n. of žerreb

težriba pl. -t, tažarib 1. attempt, try 2. experi-

težwid v.n. of žuwwed

težyaf 1. v.n. of žiyyef 2. strangulation 3. suffocation

težyar, težyir v.n. of žiyyer

tožžar pl. of *tažer* 1

tabb v.i. to love one another (usually in the non-romantic sense)

tz ada v.i. to get or be placed next to one another

tzafed Ela 1. to take care of tzafed Ela sezztek! Take care of your health. 2. to maintain (in good condition)

tzaged same as tzaged

taka v.i. to tell each other stories

to akem v.i. 1. to participate in a lawsuit, to be involved in a legal action (in court) 2. to be tried, to be on trial (perfect tense may imply only the passing of judgment) talef v.i. to become allied, to form an alliance

tzama v.i. to join forces, to gang up huwa u-xah tzamaw Eliya. He and his brother

ganged up on me.

t amel v.i. to be on good terms, to get along trann v.i. to become close to one another (sympathetically)

traged v.i. to hate each other, to bear malice tr ammel 1. m.p. of r ammel 2. v.t. to tolerate. or ill will toward one another tareb v.i. 1. to war, to be at war 2. to engage in combat tr aseb v.i. to settle accounts (together, usually financial) tata pl. of teti and tetiya t az same as tt az traža v.i. 1. to tell each other stories 2. to propose riddles to one another tz ăbbeb v.i. 1. to become granular 2. to break out (as with sores) ¶ tzăbbeb l- to try to gain favor with, to attempt to ingratiate oneself with (s.o.) ter dad v.n. of zădded tzădd m.p. of zădd tz ăddeg v.i. 1. m.p. of zăddeg 2. to acquire knowledge or ability through study or experience to ăddet v.i. to talk, to converse tet did v.n. of zădded tezdiqa n.i. of zăddeq tez dan 1. v.n. of zădden 2. incubation (of eggs) tr addeg same as tr addeg tzădder v.i. 1. m.p. of zădder 2. to move to the city (and consequently adopt city ways) terdiga n.i. of zăddeg (same as zăddeg) ter dira n.i. of Zădder to fa pl. -t, tu ăf precious; of rare quality, beauty or excellence (object, person) (n. used attributively) šraw waz ed d-dar to fa. They bought a precious house. -le-ktab lli qrit to fa. The book I read was an excellent one. —to fa l-bent be-mmen dzuwwež. He got married to a jewel of a girl. tezfaf v.n. of zăffef tet fif v.n. of Zăffef tzăfya v.n. of zăffa tcimer v.i. to behave in a stupid or ignorant manner, to act like a jackass t ⊤ ăkk m.p. of ⊤ ăkk tekkek v.i. to get nervously frustrated (due to one's inability to do s.th.) ¶ tzekkek Ela to rub against (s.o., s.th.) tezlal, tezlil v.n. of zellel ter liga n.i. of zălleg to melt v.i. 1. m.p. of Zăll 2. to open 3. to melt tzălla m.p. of zălla tzălya v.n. and n.i. of zălla tez maș v.n. of z ămmeș tezmila pl. -t n.i. of zămmel tezmima pl. -t n.i. of zămmem tez mira mild red pepper, paprika (powdered) tzămmed v.i. to get or become sour ¶ tzămmed Ela 1. to pester, to bother 2. to give a hard time to (s.o.)

to stand for ¶t zămmel b- to take charge of (responsibility, work, problem, etc.) ¶ tzămmel l-meseuliya (dval) to take (the) responsibility (for) It zămmel ș-sayar (d-) to afford the expense (of), to be able to pay (for) tzămmem m.p. of zămmem tzămmeq v.i. 1. to act stupid, to play the fool 2. to play innocent tzămmer m.p. of zămmer teznat v.n. of zannet tezniš v.n. of z anneš tzenya v.n. of zănna tzănziza pl. -t n.i. of zănzez tzănzin v.n. of zănzen tezqiq v.n. of zăqqeq ¶ be-t-tez gig! (?) Reallyl (?) tzäggeg m.p. of zäggeg Itzăggeg b- (or men) to verify, to confirm tezrab v.n. of z ărreb teraf v.n. of zărref terrak v.n. of zarrek tez ram v.n. of zărrem tezrar v.n. of zărrer tezraš v.n. of z ărreš tezrid v.n. of zărred tezrifa pl. -t 1. n.i. of zărref 2. curve, turn (road) tezrik v.n. of zărrek terrim, terrim 1. v.n. of zarrem 2. prohibition, interdiction, ban tezrir v.n. of zărrer tezrira pl. -t 1. n.i. of Zarrer 2. vacation (from school) tezriš v.n. of zărreš tarreb v.i. 1. m.p. of zărreb 2. to learn, to acquire experience tzărref m.p. of zărref ¶tzărref be-l-xenžer to put on or don the xenžer tcărrek v.i. 1. m.p. of zărrek 2. to move (right) along, to progress tzărrer m.p. of zărrer tezsin v.n. of zessen tezsina pl. -t 1. n.i. of zessen 2. haircut 3. shave (beard) tzessen v.i. 1. m.p. of zessen 2. to improve, to get or become better tezsil v.n. of zessel tezsin v.n. of zessen tezšaš v.n. of tzăššeš tezšiša n.i. of tzăššeš tzeššem m.p. of zeššem and tzeššem taššeš v.i. to use hashish tezt 1. under, beneath, underneath xebbit l-beziam dyali tezt le-mxedda. I hid my wallet under the pillow. - šeddha men

tect. Hold it by the bottom (i.e., from underneath). 2. below weslet daražt l-zarara l-xemsa tect s-sifr. The temperature has gone to five below zero.

¶ l-tett 1. underneath, down below (adv.) 2. downstairs rah l-tett. He's downstairs.

¶ tezt men same as tezt

teztani pl. -yen (adj.) I. lower, bottom 2. downstairs l-barez bett fe-l-bit t-teztani. I slept in the downstairs room last night.

teztat v.n. of zettet

tezti pl. -yen, tzata downstairs (adj.)

teztiya pl. -t, tzata kind of gown-like women's undergarment

tzett m.p. of zett

tezwal v.n. of zawwel

tezwam v.n. of zawwem

tezwil v.n. of zăwwel

tezwisa pl. -t n.i. of Zawwes

tzăwwel m.p. of zăwwel

tzăwwež l- to be in need of

tez yad v.n. of zăyyed

tezyar v.n. zeyyer and tzeyyer

tezyaz v.n. of zeyyez

tezyira n.i. of zeyyer

tayyed m.p. of ayyed

tz eyyel Ela to use trickery on, to (attempt to) outfox (s.o., an animal)

¶t_eyyel fe-l-mešya to walk stealthily (so as not to be noticed)

tzeyyer v.i. 1. m.p. of zeyyer 2. to be puzzled, perplexed 3. to become entranced, to go into a trance (especially in ecstatic dancing) 4. to be boiled (egg) 5. to be cooked rare (meat)

tezzir v.n. of zezzer

trezzem v.i. 1. m.p. of rezzem 2. to prepare to do s.th., to "roll up one's sleeves"

tzezzem l-le-mši or tzezzem baš imši. He prepared to go.

ter žir v.n. of r ežžer

tzežžeb v.i. to go into seclusion

tezef 1. v.t. to decorate 2. v.i. to dress up tezefet l-l-gers. She dressed up for the wedding.

tezzef l- to dress (s.o.) up tezzef le-wladu nhar l-Eid u-xrež itsara huwa wiyahom. He dressed up his boys for the holiday and they all went out for a stroll. tEaben pl. of to Eban

teabes pl. of taebisa

t E abez v.i. 1. to have a fight (physical) 2. to wrestle (informally or professionally)

tEada v.i. 1. m.p. of Eada 2. to have a falling out, to stop speaking to one another tEadel v.i. 1. to balance, to become balanced or in equilibrium 2. to become equal, to come to be on an equal basis

t Eadd v.i. to bite each other, to snap at each other

t afa (men) to recover (from, to become cured (of)

t afer (m a) 1. to struggle (with), to have a hard time (of) (a problem, a difficult book, etc.) 2. to compete (against, with)

teahed v.i. to make an agreement or pact, to form an alliance

t ala f. t ali pl. t alu impv. of ža (primarily country usage)

t ala Ela to outbid (s.o.)

tealeb pl. of taeleb

t Ealeg pl. of ta Eliq 2

t *Ealež* v.i. 1. to recover, to become cured 2. to eat well or properly (i.e., healthful foods) 3. to eat elegantly, richly

t ama v.i. 1. to feign blindness 2. to pretend not to have seen s.th.

¶t ama Ela to pretend not to have seen (s.o., s.th.), to close one's eyes to (s.th.) teaned mEa 1. to try to finish or do all at one time (s.th. that should be done little by little) 2. to compete against or with (race, business)

t aneq v.i. to embrace or hug each other

tとageb m.p. of とageb

t E aqed v.i. 1. to make an agreement or pact 2. to enter into a contract 3. to conclude a deal or transaction

t E aref v.i. 1. to meet or get acquainted 2. to know one another

tearek v.i. to have a fight

t arež pl. of ta riža

t Easer v.i. 1. to associate with each other, to pal around 2. to live together

t ata 1. to give reciprocally to each other (e.g. gifts). 2. (l-) to give oneself up (to), to devote oneself (to) (some activity)

tEawed m.p. of Eawed

t awen v.i. to aid or help each other, to give one another assistance

t awet v.i. 1. m.p. of awet 2. to sit up straight (in a chair)

t E ayen v.i. to seem (to think, to believe ≠)

t E ayen-li žat. I believe (it seems to me)
she has arrived.

t ayer v.i. to insult one another, to hurl insults at one another

t E ayet v.i. to play a card game called E ăyța t E ăb v.i. (v.n. ta E ăb) to get tired, fatigued tă E ban pl. -in tired, worn out, fatigued

to Eban pl. tEaben venomous snake

tă E bas, tă E bis v.n. of E ăbbes

t \(\tilde{a}\) bbed v.i. 1. to pray (implies more devotion than \(sella \) 2. to consecrate oneself to religious devotion

tă Ebisa pl. -t, t Eabes 1. n.i. of E ăbbes
2. grimace

tă Edab 1. v.n. of Eăddeb 2. torture, torment ič ăntež m.p. of čăntež teăngira n.i. of eănger 3. suffering te ădd m.p. of E ădd teanger v.i. 1. to cock one's headdress forward and to the side 2. to put on airs of teădda v.t. to pass, to go beyond, to go over importance (limit, boundary) ¶ teadda Ela 1. to attack (usually withtă niq v.n. of Eănneq out warning and reason) 2. to persecute, to tă niqa pl. -t hug, embrace t Eănser m.p. of Eănser oppress 3. to violate, to infringe on the rights of 4. to trespass on (one's property) tă Eqad, tă Eqid v.n. of Eăqqed 5. to appropriate the property of (s.o.) teaqqed m.p. of eaqqed teaddeb v.i. 1. m.p. of Eaddeb 2. to work t Lăqqel v.i. to become wise or wiser, (more) hard, to drudge 3. to have difficulty, to have reasonable tă Eram v.n. of Earrem a hard time (in doing s.th.) 4. to suffer teăddel m.p. of Eăddel tearbit v.n. of earbet tă rif 1. v.n. of Eărref 2. definition (of a tă Edib same as tă Edab word, etc.) 3. introduction, presentation tă Edil v.n. of Eăddel tčădya n.i. of tčădda (of s.o., s.th.) 4. identity tă Edim 1. v.n. of Eaddem 2. praise, honor I waragat (or werget) t-tă Erif identifi-(of God) 3. veneration, glorification (of cation card tă Eriga n.i. of Eărreg God) te ăfrit skill, exceptional ability, talent tă riža pl. t arež (dim. t rža) kind of tčăfret v.i. 1. to become skillful, to gain long, clay drum of one head ability 2. to put on a front or show (of tearra v.i. 1. m.p. of earra 2. to undress, to great ability or intelligence actually nonstrip 3. to become broke or penniless, to run existent) out of funds teaggez v.i. 1. to stretch (one's muscles) 2. to t Earred 1-1. to meet (s.o. in some way) 2. to be lazy, indolent go to meet or receive (s.o. at his arrival) tčirža dim. of tačriža 3. to stand in the way of (s.o.) 4. to oppose, tEis pl. -in deadly, fatal to be against 5. to rob (s.o.) on the road or tă kal v.n. of Zăkkel highway 6. to be exposed to (danger, etc.) tă Ekar v.n. of Eakker tearref m.p. of earref tă Ekila pl. -t n.i. of Eakkel ¶ $t \in arref \in la$ or b- 1. to meet, to be tčăkkel m.p. of čăkkel introduced to (s.o.) 2. to get to know, to bete ăkkes 1. to be stubborn, to be contrary 2. to come acquainted with not work, to break down (car, pen, etc.) tearrem v.i. m.p. of earrem teakkez to walk with a crutch tčărya v.n. of čărra tă Elaf v.n. of Eăllef teassel v.i. 1. m.p. of eassel 2. to become tă Elaq v.n. of Eălleq (too) sweet 3. to get or become syrupy tă E leb pl. t E aleb 1. fox 2. jackal ¶ t ĕ ăssel fe-l-hedra 1. to speak very tă Elim 1. v.n. of Eăllem 2. teaching, instrucslowly (like pouring cold molasses) 2. to tion 3. education use highfalutin language (often to the un-Twizarat t-tă Elim Ministry (Departintended amusement of others) ment) of Education tă Esar v.n. of E asser tă Eliq 1. v.n. of Eălleq 2. pl. t Ealeq comment, teăsseb v.i. 1. to become stiff, rigid 2. to be or commentary become stubborn, unyielding, inflexible t كălla m.p. of كălla te ăsser v.i. 1. m.p. of e ăsser 2. to act as if tčăllem v.t. to learn, to receive instruction in one has to go to the bathroom badly 3. to teălleg m.p. of eălleg strain and grunt while evacuating (in the ¶ $t \in \tilde{a}lleq$ b- 1. to have a connection with, bathroom) to concern, to be relative to 2. to appeal to tă Ešir 1. v.n. of E ăššer 2. tithing, tithes (for assistance, intercession) tčăšša v.i. to eat or have supper, dinner tčălya v.n. of čălla (evening meal) tă Emar, tă Emir v.n. of E ammer t Eăttel m.p. of Eăttel tă mira n.i. of Eămmer tă Etal 1. v.n. of Eățiel and t Eățiel 2. delay t E ammed v.t. to do intentionally, on purpose, tă tar v.n. of Eătter with premeditation teammed l-qetl dyalu. t čăttel v.i. 1. m.p. of čătțel 2. to be late He killed him on purpose. teatter m.p. of Eatter teammer m.p. of Eammer t Euqeb v.i. to become (an) invalid, infirm tă Enag v.n. of Eanneg

t ušira pl. -t 1. vacation, holiday (from

tčănfiž v.n. of čănfež and tčănfež

T

school) 2. amount paid to the instructor (Koranic school) tEuser v.i. to have or take a vacation or holiday (from school, work) tă Ewad v.n. of E awwed tă Ewag v.n. of Eawweg tă wal v.n. of Zawwel tăewar v.n. of Eawwer tă waž v.n. of E awwež tă wid pl. -at compensation, reimbursement, indemnification tă wiga pl. -t 1. howl (wolf, etc.) 2. crow (of rooster) tă wiža pl. -t 1. n.i. of E awwež 2. curve, bend, turn t & awwed v.i. 1. m.p. of & awwed 2. to get or become hard, stiff, brittle (usually wood, bread) 3. to say the expr. a ¿udu bi-llah I tEäwwed Ela to become accustomed or

tčăwwež 1. m.p. of čăwwež 2. to bend, to ** mrati teawwżet Eliya. My wife has turned her back on me (i.e., become cold). tă vab v.n. of & ăvveb tă yar v.n. of Eayver tă Eyat v.n. of Eăyyet tă yin 1. v.n. of E yyen 2. appointment, designation, assignment 3. nomination teavyeb v.i. 1. m.p. of eavyeb 2. to become (an) invalid, infirm teayyen m.p. of eayyen tă Zam v.n. of Zăzzem tăe zaz v.n. of te ăzzez tă Ezim v.n. of Eăzzem tă & ziz v.n. of t & ăzzez tčăzya pl. -t 1. n.i. of čăzza 2. condolence (s) t E ăzzez Ela to give a hard time to $t \in \check{a} \check{z} \check{z} e b$ (f-) 1. to be shocked or stunned (at) 2. to marvel or wonder (at) tăb v.t. to tire, to weary, to fatigue

tab ițib v.i. (v.n. tyab) 1. to cook qeššer le-bțața Ela-ma ițib l-lzăm. Peel the potatoes while the meat is cooking. 2. to

ripen, to become ripe 3. boil had ness sa a u-l-beqrež ka-ițib. The kettle has been boiling for half an hour. 4. to accept, to agree (after showing some opposition) bqaw ixedmuh zetta tab baš išriha mennhom. They worked on him until he (finally) agreed to buy it from them.

** ma-qal-lhom la-ṭabet wa-la-ttzerqet. He didn't tell them a word (about it).

¶ $iab\ qelbu^{\phi}$ (b-) to be fed up (with) \neq , to be sick (of) \neq iab-li $qelbi\ be$ -iab-iab-li $qelbi\ be$ -iab-i

taba tobacco (e.g. for a pipe)

tabaga snuff

used to

teawwed m.p. of Eawwed

taba?i& pl. of tabi&a

tabaqa pl. -t 1. classroom had l-medrasa fiha xemsin tabaqa. This school has fifty classrooms. 2. grade (school) š-men tabaqa ka-tqerri had l-Zam? What grade are you teaching this year? 3. class (social) tabaqu snuff

tabašir chalk had t-tabašir zreš bezzaf f-le-ktaba. This chalk is too hard to write with

¶ qtib de-t-tabašir piece of chalk tabaye Epl. of tabi Ea

tabiça pl. -t, taba^qič, tabayeč 1. nature Eadad de-l-Eulama Eămlu dirasat Eăl t-țabiča. Many scientists have made studies of nature. — gir mmu lli Earfa-lu t-țabiča dyalu. His mother is the only one who knows his nature. 2. scenery, landscape ¶ men ṭabi Et l-zal, b-ṭabi Et l-zal naturally, of course

tabiči pl. -yen 1. natural had l-fakya de-š-šmač tqul tabičiya. This wax fruit looks natural. 2. plain, simple ka-išri ktir-ši l-lbas t-tabiči. He buys mostly plain clothes. —ka-ibģiha li-^qennaha bent tabičiya. He likes her because she's a simple girl.

3. naturally, of course tabiEi (baš) idafeE

ăl l-zuquq dyalu. Of course he should
stand up for his rights. 4. naturally, without affection ma-ka-ndenn-š ka-itkellem
tabiEi. I don't think he talks naturally.
5. plainly, simply dima ka-telbes ṭabiEi.
She always dresses plainly.

¶ men ţ-tabi Ei (baš) . . . it's natural (that) . . .

¶ (Eilm) t-tabiEiyat the natural sciences tabla pl. -t, twabel same as tebla tabliya pl. -t apron

tablu pl. -yat 1. blackboard 2. switchboard (telephone, electric) 3. panel, pegboard (as one for hanging tools or utensils)

tabeq v.t. to compare, to check, to match men bă d-ma tabeqt le-klam lli qal-li m a le-bra dyalu žbert koll-ši kdub. After I checked what he told me against his letter I found everything was a lie.

tabeq pl. twabeq 1. armpit 2. forequarter, front part of a half of mutton, veal, etc. tabă pl. twabe (dim. twibe 1. stamp (e.g., rubber stamp) 2. seal le-bra Eliha

t-tabă ? r-resmi. The letter bears the official seal. 3. stamp (stamping mark)

taf ituf v.i. (v.n. tufan) to walk around the Kaaba during the performance of the Pilgrimage at Mecca

¶ iaf f- to go around n-nhar kollu u-huwa ka-iiuf f-le-mdina. He's been going around town all day.

¶ taf Ela to circle Eăsra de-l-merrat tafu Eăl s-sehriz. They circled the pool ten times.

tagiya pl. -t, twagi (dim. twigya) knit skullcap (usually worn by men)

taģi a.p. of tģa

taher pl. -in pure, virtuous (morally, spiritually)

ta?ifa same as tayfa

tal itul v.i. 1. to last s-sefra talet telt iyam. The trip lasted three days. 2. to stay Eardu Elih Ela yumayn u-tal Eandhom sher. They invited him for two days and he stayed a month. 3. to stretch out, to seem long, to drag l-medrasa ka-ttul mnin hastnerveh l-Eatla descript School drags.

ka-tqerreb l-Cotla de-s-sif. School drags when the summer vacation approaches.

¶ l-lil u-ma-tal all night long ¶ n-nhay u-ma-tal all day long

¶ jal z-zman aw gsar sooner or later

¶a.p. tayel pl. -in 1. stale had l-xobz tayel. This bread is stale. 2. spoiled, not fresh le-z lib lli žebti tayel. The milk you brought is not fresh.

talab pl. -at 1. v.n. of !leb 2. request 3. application ma-zal ma-saftet !-talab dyalha. She hasn't sent in her application yet.

Ineffed talab to respond to a request dima ka-ineffed-lna talabatna. He always responds to our requests.

¶ qeddem talab, or Emel talab to apply, to make an application jad-ngeddem t-talab Ela ši-xedma. I'm going to apply for a job.

talaba pl. of taleb 1 (a.p. of tleb)

taleb a.p. of tleb 1. to read mazal ma-tale thad le-ktab. I haven't read this book yet.

2. to study, to review (for exam) ka-ixessnitelt iyyam bas ntale the dedurus dyali. I need three days in order to review my lessons.

3. to tell, to let know, to inform, to disclose to skun tale the lebulis that dak d-debza? Who informed the police about that fight?

tanga pl. twaneg earring

tanža Tangier

tanžawi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. hel tanža native to Tangier

tanži adj. pl. -yen same as tanžawi

taq itiq b- to be able to stand ma-ka-itiq-š be-l-xcdma m ahom. He can't stand working with them. —ma-ka-nebqa-š ntiq b-had le-mdina mnayn ka-işxon l-zal. I just can't stand this town when it gets hot.

taga pl. -t, tyeq (dim. twiqa) 1. hole t-tyeq lli fe-s-sur de-l-medrasa kollhom m čašššin fihom t-tyur. Birds have nested in all the holes in the school wall. 2. box office, ticket window 3. porthole 4. ability, competence ma-čandu taga l-had l-xedma. He has no competence in this work. 5. means u-kan žbert t-taga u-kan šrit siyara ždida. If I had the means I would buy a new car.

¶ Emel (or dar) lli f-taqtu to do all one

¶ Emel (or dar) fuq t-taqa to do one's best Emelt fuq taqti mEah baš izessel Eăl l-xedma. I did my best for him to get the job.

tar ițir v.i. 1. to fly had-le-brițel ma-zai ma-bda ițir. This little bird hasn't begun to fly yet. —ṭaru fiya ṭ-ṭšayeš mnayn kont ka-nṣuṭ &āl l-&afya. Sparks flew onto me when I was blowing on the fire. 2. to disappear, to vanish ma-žit ndur l-&ăndu zetta lqitu ṭar. By the time I turned around (to talk) to him he had already disappeared.

3. to get away, to be spent rapidly ma-&reft kif ka-ițiru-lha lc-flus. I don't know how her money gets away from her.

¶ tar be-l-fer a to jump with joy

¶ *!ar-lu* $^{\phi}$ 1. to get angry \neq 2. to be offended \neq

¶ $tar - lu\phi$ $n-n \xi as$ to lose sleep \neq , not to be able to sleep \neq

¶ $far-lu^{\phi}$ $\xi \tilde{a}qlu^{\phi}$ to lose one's mind \neq far-lu $\xi \tilde{a}qlu$ melli $m\tilde{s}aw-lu$ flusu. He lost his mind when he lost his money.

¶ taret xel ξ a mennu ϕ to get or be frightened \neq taret mennha xel ξ a melli zde ξ l-bab. She got frightened when he slammed the door.

¶ tar Ela to attack, to set upon s-shã E tar Elih u-fersu. The lion attacked him and devoured him.

tara pl. -t tare (difference between gross weight and net weight)

** Zăyyed (or zuwwel) ț-tara. said to a person who exaggerates while talking

taraqa pl. -t salvo (of guns)

tarăb music

tarăf same as terf

tarfa pl. twaref noose, running knot

tarifa pl. -t 1. tariff 2. price tag

tariqa pl. -t, turoq 1. method š-men tariqa stă melti baš zălliti had l-muškil? What method did you use in solving this problem? 2. religious sect

tarma pl. -t, twarem (dim. twirma) small closet

tarru pl. -wat container made of tin or tin plate (e.g. a jerry can)

tarus pl. twares hunting dog

tas pl. tisan metal basin with handles used for washing hands before or after a meal

¶ yedd t-tas kettle used to form a set with țaș (țaș u-yeddu)

tasa pl. -t, tyes small metal bowl or cup

¶ Eammer t-tyes to bluff bga iEammer Elina t-tyes Zetta Zesselnah. He kept bluffing us till we caught him.

taš ițiš v.i. (v.n. țišan) 1. to swing, to use a swing 2. to be "up in the air," to be unsettled 3. (v.n. also țiš, țeyš) to be dissipated

** Lăqlu țayeš (a.p.) He's (still) sowing his wild oats.

tawa pl. -t saucepan

tawa?if, tawayef pl. of tayfa

tawes pl. twas peacock

I gtar t-tawes pl. getran t-tawes large, expensive china plate with elaborate design tayfa pl. tawayef, tawa@if, twayef 1. group (people) 2. religious sect

tayel a.p. of tal

țayla pl. -t 1. use, utility š-men țayla gad-teqdi b-had le-flus? What use will this money be to you? 2. result def E at war ed l-E adad d-leflus u-ši-tayla ma-zesslet Eliha. She spent a great deal of money without getting any result.

** dak l-weld ma-fih tayla. That boy is a good-for-nothing.

taytay in the set expr. b-taytay frankly, bluntly

tayez a.p. of taz

tažin pl. twažen (dim. twižen) 1. kind of round, brown earthenware serving dish with lid 2. food served in 1 above

taz ițiz v.i. (v.n. tyuz) 1. to fall tazet men s-sellum u-herrset rželha. She fell from the ladder and broke her leg. -ma-ža-š m ana zit țaz mṛiḍ Ela beġta. He didn't come with us because he suddenly fell ill. -fuq-aš bda t-telž ițiz? When did the snow start to fall? -qalu bin-la

tamanathom kollhom gad-ițizu f-eaxir š-šher. They said all their prices will fall at the end of the month. -wselna le-d-dar qbel-ma itiz l-lil. We got home before night fell. 2. to cost be-sz al taz le-bni kollu? How much did the whole building

cost? 3. to depreciate (value)

I taz f- to find, to come across, to happen onto taz f-wazed s-siyara mezyana u-rxisa. He found a nice inexpensive automobile. —tezt fe-tlata de-n-nas lli qeblu ixedmu m ana. I came across three people who agreed to work with us.

¶ ţaz-lu\$ 1. to lose ≠ ţaz-lu bezţamu. He lost his wallet. 2. to drop ≠ ši-7 aža

tar et-lha f-l-gerd. She dropped something on the floor.

I taz men Eğyn (plus pron., n.) to lose the respect of bda itiz men Eayn t-talaba dyalu. He's losing his students' respect.

¶ taz et klemtu ϕ to lose one's influence \neq taz et klemthom. They're no longer influential.

¶ tazet smã tu^{\$\phi\$} to lose one's reputation ≠ dak š-šarika ṭazet smă£tha. That company has lost its reputation.

I tazet sezztu ϕ to be exhausted \neq tazet sezzthom be-ž-žri. They're ex-

hausted from running.

I taz Ela to cost had d-dar tazet Elina b-reb in alef derhem. This house cost us forty thousand dirhams.

Ta.p. tayez pl. -in 1. low bacha-lu b-wazed t-taman tayez. He sold it to him at a low price. -dima ka-išedd nugat tayza f-le-zsab. He always gets low marks in mathematics. - qadiva tavz a

hadik daret. That was a pretty low thing she pulled. 2. contemptible

tazuna pl. -t, twazen flour mill

tae itie 1. v.t. (v.n. tiean, taea) to obey dak l-weld ma-bga-š iți & waldih. That boy doesn't obey his parents any longer.

-ma-ka-ibģi iţi l-eawamir d-zădd. He doesn't like to obey anybody's orders. 2. v.i. (v.n. tu E) to be docile, submissive

 $ta \in a$ 1. v.n. of $ta \in 1$ 2. obedience 3. submission, docility

ta Eun pl. twa Een (bubonic) plague

tbabez pl. of tebbuz thali pl. of tebla

tbaqi pl. of tebga

tbasi pl. of tebsi (same as țebșil)

tbasel pl. of tebsil

thaye E pl. of that, teb a 3 and thiea tebb v.t. (v.n. tebban) 1. to cure, to heal (used

proverbially)

** ža itebbu Emah. He came to cure him, but he blinded him. (said of s.o. who, trying to bring help, makes a situation worse) 2. to spend completely and rapidly (money)

tebba, tobba pl. of tbib

tobba pl. -t rat

tebbal pl. -a, -in drummer

tebban v.n. of tebb

tebbax pl. -a cook

tebba E pl. -a ag. n. of tba E tebbel v.i. 1. to beat a drum

** tebbel u-giyyet! I don't give a damn what you do or say!

tebbeg v.t. 1. to apply, to follow tebbegt l-qa Eida r-rab Ea. I applied rule (number) four. 2. to conform to, to abide by (law) 3. to enforce l-bulisi tebbeq l-qanun. The policeman enforced the law.

ment in Andalusian music

** teb & u mezvan. He's easy to get along tebba v.t. to stain, to spot tebb Eat ksewtha with. -tba E hom qbiz. They're hard to b-l-idam. She stained her dress with grease. get along with. tbeg pl. tbuga same as tbeg teb a 1. n.i. of tba 2. pl. -t edition 3. pl. -t, tbib pl. tebba, tobba medical doctor, physician tbaye & spot, stain ¶ tbib le-bhayem, tbib le-7 mir veteriteb čăn of course, naturally gad-temši narian ¶ tbib s-snan pl. tobba de-s-snan dentist l-l-8 ers dyalu?-teb8 an. Are you going to his wedding?-Of course. -teb & an tebbuz pl. thabez stout, corpulent tobbzi pl. -ya gunner, artilleryman ma-gad-naxod-ši l-Eoțļa dyali bla-ma nčălmek. Naturally I'm not going to take ¶ tbib žirazi pl. tebba žiraziyen surgeon my vacation without letting you know. thiga dim. of theq tfa itfa v.i. (v.n. tefyan) to go out (light, tbix v.n. of tbex tbie v.n. of tbae fire) tbica pl. -t, tbaye & 1. nature ma-ši men tfa itfi v.t. (v.n. tefyan) 1. to turn off, turn out nsiti ma-tfiti-š d-duw. You forgot to tbi tha ka-tekdeb. It's not her nature to lie. 2. habit fih wazed t-tbica qbiza bezzaf. turn off the light. 2. to put out, to extinguish (fire) 3. to satisfy, to quench ma-žbert-š He has a very bad habit. 3. disposition baš ntfi le-Eteš. I couldn't find anything to tbiEtha mgellga. She has an irascible disquench my thirst with. 4. to dip (hot pastry position. into honey) tbel pl. tbula drum (musical instrument) ¶ menfux kif t-tbel 1. swollen, bloated tfel pl. tfula little boy tefla pl. -t little girl (person) 2. as fat as a pig 3. stuck up, tfula pl. of tfel tefyan v.n. of tfa tebla pl. -t, tbali (dim. twibla) 1. table had tġa itġa v.i. (v.n. toġyan) to trespass t-tebla & andha gir tlata de-r-režlin. This Itga Ela to tyrannize, to rule with untable has only three legs. 2. bongo drum just severity ¶wežžed t-tebla to set the table I xemmel t-tebla to clear the table ¶a.p. *taģi* pl. *tuģat* oppressor, tyrant theq pl. thuqa (dim. thiyyeq, thiqa) 1. round togvan v.n. of tga thara 1. v.n. of tehher 2. cleanliness, purity bread container made of straw 2. metal can or straw basket with conical lid for keep-(mainly spiritual, religious) 3. circumcision tehher v.t. (v.n. thara) 1. to cleanse, to purify ing bread or cookies (with handles when (e.g. religiously) 2. to circumcise made of metal) tib aroma, fragrance (perfume) tebga pl. -t, tbaqi 1. shelf le-ktub kollhom Emelthom f-tebga werda. I put all the tiba pl. -t taste had l-z ălwa fiha tibt le-z mad. This cake has a sour taste. -had l-makla books on one shelf. 2. floor, story tla Ena ma-fiha tiba. This food is tasteless. zetta le-t-tebqa s-sab &a. We went all the ** l-fukahat dyalu kollhom ka-ixeržu bla way up to the seventh floor. 3. layer, tiba. All his jokes fall flat. stratum ¶ be-t-tiba slowly, carefully, cautiously tebsi pl. tbasi same as tebsil tebsil pl. tbasel 1. plate imken-lek tsexxen ¶ b-tibt l-xater willingly Etaha-lhom l-makla f-had t-tebsil. You can warm food b-tibt l-xater. He gave it to them willingly. tifur pl. tyafer 1. large tray for serving food in this plate. 2. record, disc bgit nesma had t-tebsil. I want to hear this record. 2. round serving table with raised rim tbuga pl. of tbeg (same as tbeq) tikuk kind of parasite which attacks cattle tiligram pl. -at telegram tbula pl. of tbel thuga pl. of theg tin clay thex v.t. or v.i. (v.n. tebx, thix) 1. to cook tir pl. tyur 1. bird 2. cancer u-kan thexti l-lzam huwa l-luwwel. You ¶tir a-bger type of white heron which should've cooked the meat first. -xelli associates with cattle l-l-zăm izid ițbex swiya. Let the meat cook ¶ tir l-lil bat (mammal) a little longer. 2. to boil (water, food) tira 1. n.i. of tar 2. ill omen tebx v.n. of tbex tisan pl. of tas thăe v.t. (v.n. thie) 1. to stamp weggă tiš v.n. of taš 3 tiša n.i. of taš r-risala Ead tha Eha. Sign the letter and then stamp it. 2. to print fuq-as gad-iţeb &u tišan v.n. of taš had le-ktab? When are they going to print tiy v.n. of twa this book? 3. to type 4. to plug (a melon) tiya pl. -t n.i. of twa tbă E pl. tbaye E 1. behavior, conduct 2. movetiyyaba pl. -t, tyayeb attendant or masseuse

in a steam bath for women

tiyyar pl. -in, -a aviator, pilot tiyyara pl. -t, tyayer airplane

tiyyeb v.t. (v.n. tyab) 1. to cook, to make, to prepare tiyybet l-lzăm qbel l-xodra. She cooked the meat before the vegetables.

—škun ġad-iṭiyyeb le-¿ša l-yum? Who's going to prepare supper today? 2. to boil ka-ṭṭiyyeb had l-ma l-l-qehwa? Are you boiling this water for coffee? 3. to ripen, to make ripe 4. to argue into, to talk into bġa iṭiyyebni baš nešri mennu siyara. He tried to talk me into buying a car from him.

tiyyeb pl. -in nice, pleasant \(\tau babha\) kollhom nas tiyybin. All her relatives are nice people. \(-had\) š-šežra ka-ttleq ri\(\tau\) a tiyyba. This tree gives off a pleasant odor.

tiyyer v.t. 1. to cause to fly (away) d-derba d-le-mke-la lli tiyyret le-mam. It was the rifle shot that caused the pigeons to fly away. 2. to steal, to filch, to pilfer ši-wazed tiyyer-lha beztamha. Somebody stole her purse.

¶ tiyyer d-duxa to sober up

¶ tiyyer l-ma to go to the bathroom (polite euphemism)

¶ tiyyer le-wqer to come out of mourning, to end the mourning period

¶ fiyyer n-n Eas to keep awake (by the use of some stimulant) syebt briq kamel de-l-qehwa bas nfiyyer n-n Eas. I drank a whole pot of coffee to keep awake.

-serrebnah bezzaf de-l-qehwa bas ntiyyru-lu n-n as. We gave him a lot of coffee to keep him awake.

¶ tiyyer s-sekra to sober up

¶ tiyyru~ l- to upset, to make angry rakom gad-ttiyyruh-lu ila ma-žitiw-š.

You'll make him angry if you don't come.

¶tiyyer xel a men to frighten, to scare
¶tiyyer Ela to alleviate the troubles of
(by means of some entertainment)

tiyyeš v.t. 1. to swing, to make oscillate 2. to dismiss, to fire tiyyšuh men dak l-wadifa. They dismissed him from that job.

¶ tiyyeš b- to rock tiyyšet be-t-terbya baš tenčăs. She rocked the baby so it would go to sleep.

tiyyez v.t. (v.n. tyuz) 1. to drop, to let fall tiyyzet siniya Eamra be-l-kisan. She dropped a tray full of glasses. 2. to make fall Eărred-lu režlu u-țiyyzu. He tripped him and made him fall. 3. to knock down tiyyzu l-l-erd u-bda iderbu. He knocked him down on the floor and started beating him. 4. to pull down Elaš țiyyezti le-glaqat? Why did you pull the shades down? 5. to demolish, to tear down le-bni lli qdim kollu bġaw ițiyyzuh. They want

to tear down all the old buildings. 6. to

lower, to bring down men bă c d ras l- c am kollhom ka-ițiyy u l- atmina dyalhom.

After New Year's they all bring their prices down. 7. v.i. to go down, to drop (value, price) 8. v.i. to lose weight tiyy et melli ma-bq at-š takol bin le-wq at. She's lost weight since she stopped eating between meals. 9. v.i. to abort, to miscarry

¶ tiyyez be-klemt (or be-klam) 1. to disobey Emmerha ma-tiyyz et be-klam waldiha. She's never disobeyed her parents. 2. to disregard or ignore a request (offensively) regbettu ibqa m ana sa a tiyyez-lha be-klemtha. She begged him to stay with us, but he ignored her request

(so, she's offended).

¶!iyyez be-qder (or b-šarāf) to humiliate dak š-ši lli tiyyez-lu b-šarafu. That

was what humiliated him.

**Itiyyez b-rasu (or b-nefsu) to stoop, to

condescend, to lower oneself

¶ tiyyez ş-şuq Ela to underseli š-šarika
l-oxra ka-ţtiyyez Elihom ş-şuq. The other

firm is underselling them.

tiza pl. -t n.i. of taz

tizan pl. tyazen spleen

ii an pi. iyacen spieen ii an v.n. of ta 21

tla itli v.t. (v.n. tla) 1. to smear or cover (with s.th. oily or greasy) tlat-li \(\tau way\)i be-z-zit. She smeared my clothes with oil.

2. to paint b\(\text{g}a\) itli l-bit b-le-x\(\text{d}e\)r u-n-nbe\(\text{c}\) b-le-byc\(\text{d}\). He wants to paint the room green and the hall white.

tla v.n. of tla tlale E pl. of tella Ea tlag 1. v.n. of telleg 2. divorce

Itlaq režči type of divorce which still leaves room for a reconciliation if requested by the husband

¶ tlaq t-talat strict type of divorce which allows no reconciliation

¶ !!aq xel&i divorce requested by the wife tlayeq pl. of !!iq

tleb (v.n. talab, tlib) 1. v.t. to ask for, to request Eammerha ma-telbet l-musa ada men ši-wazed. She's never asked anybody for any help. 2. v.i. to beg, to ask for charity

¶ tleb llah to pray (to God), to hope

I tleb l-Eilm to seek education

Tileb men to ask telbet men Eammha isellefha ši-flus. She asked her uncle to lend her some money.

** ka-ntleb men llah u-mennek t awenni f-had l-muškil. Please help me with this problem.

¶ a.p. taleb 1. pl. telba, tolba, talaba student 2. pl. tollab beggar

¶ ţaleb m E ašu pl. -yat porter š zal xesşni nă Eti l-had ţaleb m E ašu baš ihezz-li

š-šwanet? How much should I give this porter for carrying my luggage? telba, tolba pl. of taleb tlib v.n. of tleb tlila dim. of tella (n.i. of tell) tliq pl. tlayeq runner, rug tliq v.n. of tleq tell v.i. (v.n. tellan) to look out kan ka-itell men š-šeržem. He was looking out from the window. —l-bit dyali ka-ițel! Eăl l-Eărșa. My room looks out on the garden. ¶ tell Ela to call on, to pay a visit to (s.o. ill only) tella pl. -t (dim. tlila) n.i. of tell tollab pl. of taleb 2 (a.p. tleb) tellan v.n. of tell tellay pl. -a (house) painter عpl. -a, -in ag.n. and adj. of tella عtella tella Ea pl. -t, tlale 2. shoe-horn 2. key (watch, clock) tella Eiva pl. -t type of lady's slipper tellel same as tell telleg v.t. (v.n. tlag) to divorce telles v.t. to smear, to daub tellă v.t. 1. to take up, to bring up mnayn konna l-tezt rģebtu itelļā E-lha l-zăddada. When we were downstairs 1 asked him to take the iron up to her, -Eavytet-lu men l-fuqi u-qalt-lu ițellă E-lha t-teșbin. She called him from upstairs and asked him to bring the laundry up to her. 2. to roll up ģir wșel tellă kmamu u-bda ixdem. As soon as he arrived he rolled up his sleeves and got down to work. — tella & z-zaž qbel-ma tšedd l-biban. Roll up the (car) windows before you lock the doors, 3, to raise tella Et le-glagat kollhom baš idxol d-duw l-kafi. I've raised all the blinds so enough light can get in. 4. to raise, to increase l-quilat kollhom telle u t-tamanat dyalhom. All the hotels have raised their rates. 5. to draw (water from a well) 6. to leaven, to make rise 7. to find, to restore, to retrieve žazatu Ela lli țellă E-lha beztamha lli ttesreq-lha. She thanked him for having found her stolen purse. 8. to promote, to elevate boaw itell Euh le-r-rotba d-mudir. They want to promote him to the rank of director. 9. to build, to erect (wall, partition) 10. to wind xessni nțellă maganti. I have to wind my watch. 11, to tune (musical instrument) 12. to pull on, to wear (pants, underwear, socks, shoes) 13. to come up with, to dig up mnayn tellă ti had le-xbar? Where did you dig up this news? 14. to question, to interrogate hadi telt iyam u-l-bulis ka-itell &u fihom. The police have been questioning them for the past three days. 15. to add up, to figure up ma-Ereft-ši kif-aš tella ti had le-z sab. 1 don't see how

you added up this bill. 16. to get, to obtain gir qul-lhom ma-icaddbu-š rashom, rahom ma-iteḷḷ Cu mennu walu. Just tell them not to trouble themselves, they won't get anything from him. 17. to finish, to do completely (work, task) le-bnat teḷḷ Cu wazed z-zerbiya ha? ila. The girls have finished a beautiful rug.

¶!e!la & b- to praise, to build up, to laud ¶!e!la & u-hebbet f- to look (s.o., s.th.,) up and down, to measure with one's eye bqa ite!la & fiya w-thebbet bla-ma iqul-li etta zaža. He kept looking me up and down without saying anything.

¶tellā C sab (or Cesba or xbat) (l-)
1. to pay attention (to) ana ka-nehder
m ah u-huwa ma-tellā C-li C sab. 1 was
talking to him, but he wasn't paying any
attention to me. 2. to show concern d-dbaz
qayem u-hiya ma-mtell a xbat. She wasn't
showing any concern while the fight was
going on.

tleq v.t. (v.n. tluq, tliq) 1. to let go, to turn loose, to release šzal d-le-msažen gad-itelqu? How many prisoners are they going to turn loose? - tleqni !!ah ixellik, rani mezrub. Please let me go, 1'm in a hurry, 2, (v.n. also metlaga) to let off, to give vacation or time off to telquna qusbu & kamel. They let us off for a whole week. 3. to turn on tleq l-ma l-bared. Turn on the cold water. 4. to start škun lli tleg had d-di Eaya Elih? Who started this rumor about him? -tlegt l-muțur baš isxon. 1 started the motor so it would warm up. -tlegna Eafya mžehda baš nešzvizv l-kebš. We started a big fire so we could roast the lamb. 5. to drop, to let fall telqet l-magana l-l-erd u-herrsetha. She dropped the watch on the floor and broke it. 6. to give off l-begrež bda itleg le-fwar. The kettle started giving off steam (steaming). -l-ferran ka-itleq d-doxxan. The oven is giving off smoke (smoking). —xellat l-lzăm ițul zetta bda itleg riza qbiza. She kept the meat so long it started giving off a bad smell. -ma-zal ma-Ereft-ši škun lli tleg Eliha had d-di aya. I still don't know who started this rumor about her. 7. to stick out, to extend tleg yeddek baš nšuf ž-žerza. Stick out your arm so I can see the wound, 8. to spread, to lay out. ntleq-lek l-bettaniya ila bğiti tgetti. I'll spread the blanket for you if you want to cover yourself. 9. (v.n. also telq) to sell to (s.o.) on credit tleqtha b-sett myat derhem de-s-sel a. I sold her six hundred dirhams worth of merchandise on credit. 10. v.i. to fade had t-tub ka-itleq mnayn ka-itsebben. This cloth fades when it's washed.

¶tleq le-briz (or l-berraz) Ela 1. to hire a town crier to announce telqu

l-berraz Eăl d-degg lli mša-lhom. They've hired a town crier to announce the loss of their jewelry. 2. (b-) to announce publicly (usually by a town crier) rahom talqin le-briz b-had le-xbar. This news is being

announced to the public (by a town crier).

Itleq le-Eruq to take root, to be firmly established had t-teffaz a bdat ttleq le-Eruq. This apple tree is taking root. —l-zizb l-ištiraki taleq Eruqu f-dak le-blad. The Socialist Party is firmly established in that country.

Tileq men 1. to let go, to turn loose ma-gad-nileq mennu zetta iredd-li flusi. I'm not going to let him go until he gives me my money back. 2. to leave alone qolt-ha tileq mennu zit ma-zmel-šay. I asked her to leave him alone because he didn't do anything.

** a-sidi ileq menni xlas! Get off my back,

will you?

I tleq rasup to hurry up qol-lhom itelqu rashom, ra-l-zal ka-imši. Tell them to hurry up, it's getting late.

¶ $fleq režlu\phi$ to take a stroll

¶ tleq (Emara b-) to fire (a shot with) tleq fin tlata d-le-Emarat be-l-ferdi. He fired the pistol at him three times.

telg v.n. of tleg 9

The-t-telq on credit ma-ka-nebģi nešri zetta zaža be-t-telq. I don't like to buy anything on credit.

tluq v.n. of tleq tlue v.n. of tlae

telz n.u. -a acacia

tlắc v.i. (v.n. tluc) 1. to go up, to rise, to come up tlắc na zetta le-t-tebqa l-cašṛa. We went all the way up to the tenth floor.

—taman s-sokkar cawed tlắc. The price of sugar has gone up again. —ma-zala š-šems ma-tel cet. The sun hasn't risen yet.

2. to break (dawn, day) 3. to rise (dough)

4. to climb, to climb up gir huwa smãc d-dib u-huwa itlãc le-š-šežṛa. As soon as he heard the wolf he climbed the tree.

5. to be promoted, to advance (to) telcăt xlifa de-l-mudir. She's been promoted to assistant director. 6. to sprout, to come up r-rbic gir ka-izid itlãc f-căṛsetna. Grass keeps coming up in our garden.

¶ tlā ε-luφ f-rasuφ to get on one's nerves rah bda itlā ε-li f-rasi. He's getting on my nerves.

¶ !!\a\delta \int \cdot \cdot \text{gain} \neq \sinu !!\a\delta \int \cdot \cdot \text{lek men} \\ dak \s-sefra\delta\$ What did you gain from that trip?

telea pl. -t 1. n.i. of tlac 2. uphill slope (on a street or road)

temma adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a venal, unduly influenced by hope of gain, greedy

temmen v.t. to give assurance to, to reassure ržač Čandhom u-temmenhom bin-la r-ana la-bas. Go back and reassure them that I'm all right.

temmer v.t. 1. to store in a silo (wheat, corn, etc.) 2. to hide in a secret place (e.g. money)

temmă v.t. to lure, to entice temmă ha be-z-zyada fe-l-?ožra. He lured her back with a higher salary.

tmae f- (v.n. tmae) to be greedy for, to be covetous of

tmãt v.n. of tmãt

inaber pl. of tenbur

ṭnaš I. twelve 2. twelfth had le-qṣeṛ ttebna fe-l-qeṛn ṭ-ṭnaš. This castle was built in the twelfth century.

¶ t-ṭnaš de-n-nhar noon ¶ ṭ-ṭnaš de-l-lil midnight ṭnažì pl. of ṭenžiya

tnažer pl. of tenžra and tenžir tenbur pl. tnaber steel drum

teng pl. tnuga tank (weapon) hežmu b-xemsa de-t-tnuga. They attacked with five tanks. tniz y.n, of tnez

tnižra dim. of tenžra tnižva dim. of tenživa

tenneb v.t. 1. to stretch, to pull la-tienneb-š le-wtarat, daba tqeṭtāchom. Don't stretch the strings, you might break them. 2. to gorge, to overstuff with food tennbet-lu keršu be-l-cālava. She gorged him with cake. —tenneb keršu be-t-ruz. He gorged himself with rice.

tenneš v.t. 1. to stretch out, to stick out 2. to prick up le-\(\tau mar\) bda itenneš wednih. The donkey is pricking up his ears.

tentina n.i. of tenten

tenten v.i. 1. to boom, to resound, to ring (loudly) n-nwaqes de-l-kanisa ka-itentnu. The church bells are booming.—rasi shez ka-itenten b-le-zriq. My head is ringing with pain this morning. 2. to get very hot f-le-ziya ka-itenten l-zal. In the afternoon it gets very hot.

țnuga pl. of *țeng*

tnez v.i. (v.n. tenz, įniz) to joke, to jest

¶ thez Ela to tease, to make fun of

tenz v.n. of inez

tenza pl. -t 1. n.i. of tnez 2. laughingstock (person)

tenžir pl. tnažer cauldron

tenžiya pl. -t, tnaži (dim. tnižya) 1. small earthenware cooking pot with lid and handles (also used for keeping leaven) 2. meal prepared in 1 above

tenžra pl. -t, įnažer (dim. įnižra) cooking pot

(metal)

tegtig v.n. of tegteg tegteg v.t. 1. to soak, to saturate 2. to put or use too much of (s.th., e.g. salt in food) tra itra v.i. to happen, to take place trat-lu wazed l-qadiya min ?egrabi ma yakun. The most unusual thing happened to him. trabeš pl. of terbuš traf pl. of terf trarez pl. of terraz trawa freshness (of fruit, meat, etc.) trayed pl. of trid 2 trayez pl. of triza

terbuš pl. trabeš fez tred v.t. (v.n. terd, trid) 1. to chase away, to drive away 2. to fire, to discharge, to dis-

terd v.n. of tred

terf pl. traf 1. piece, fragment, part 2. side, bank (river)

** zellit r-radyu traf. I took the radio apart.

¶ dreb t-terf to steal, to pick from a pocket

I derrab t-terf pl. derrabin t-terf pickpocket

I men terf 1. at random xdat ktab men terf u-gratu. She took a book at random and read it. 2. without exception t-tlamed dyalha kollhom mezyanin men terf. All her pupils are good without exception.

¶ traf (no sg.) parts of body including hands, feet, and face

I traf traf, trifat trifat into pieces

debo u l-begra u-qett uha traf traf. They slaughtered the cow and cut it into pieces. terfani, terfi pl. -yen final, last one, extreme šritha men l-zanut ţ-ţerfaniya Eăl š-šmal.

I bought it from the last shop on the left. tri pl. -yen fresh (food, air)

trid 1. v.n. of tred 2. pl. trayed younger brother (or sister) of same parents

trinbu pl. -yat top (toy)

triq (f.) terqan, torqan, turoq (dim. triyqa)

1. road, route 2. way hadi hiya triq l-medrasa? Is this the way to school? -ma-xellit-ši ši-trig ma-žerrebtha-š m & ah. I've tried every possible way with him. 3. course l-wad ka-itba & had t-triq. The river follows this course. 4. right path, straight and narrow

¶ dreb t-triq to walk or drive (a rather long distance)

¶ qbet t-triq to set out, to hit the road ¶ qetta & t-triq pl. qetta Ein t-triq highwayman, highway robber

¶ qet an t-triq brigandage, plundering, highway robbery

¶ qta & t-triq & la to attack, to rob (highwayman) reb a de-r-ržal qet u Elihom t-triq. They were robbed by four highwaymen.

¶ṛžã& le-ị-ịriq to turn over a new leaf I sreq (or xtef) t-triq to take a short cut ¶ triq kbira highway, main road

¶ xoržan t-triq trespassing

¶ xrež čăl t-triq to deviate, to go astray ¶ zad m & a t-trig to beat it, to scram

Iža le-t-triq to tell the truth, to talk frankly ma-bga-š ižini le-t-triq. He didn't want to tell me the truth.

¶ Emel (or dar) t-trig mea to give fair treatment to ma-bga idir meaha triq, žat hiya deatu. He wouldn't give her fair treatment, so she sued him.

triš v.n. of treš triyqa dim. of triq triz v.n. of trez triz v.n. of trez

triza pl. -t, trayez 1. flogging, hiding, beating 2. work done by the piece

tromba pl. -t 1. water pump (with handle) 2. apparatus for administering enemas

trombiya pl. -t same as trinbu tergan, torgan pl. of trig terr pl. trur, trura tambourine terrada pl. -t standard, banner, flag terraf pl. -a shoe repairman terraq pl. -a ag.n. of terreq terrar pl. -a tambourine player terraz pl. -a embroiderer

terraz pl. -a, trarez boy hired to carry bread to the public oven to be baked and then deliver it to the homes

terreb v.t. 1. to pin, to clip 2. to sharpen (with strop or whetstone)

terref v.t. to repair (shoes)

¶ terrfu~ l- to fire, to dismiss terrfuh-lhom men l-ma mel. They were fired from the factory.

terreq v.t. 1. to hammer 2. to nail shut, to nail

I terreq mesmar to take care of an errand or a problem ¿ăndi šzal d-le-msamer xessni nterreghom. I have so many problems to take care of.

¶ a.p. mterreq pl. -in clever, cunning

terrer v.i. to play the tambourine

Tterrer 1- to hurl a string of insulting remarks at (s.o.)

terres v.t. 1. to deafen (s.o.) 2. to slap (face) terrez v.t. 1. to attend (animal) during birth 2. to give a beating to (by any means, for any purpose) 3. to clobber, to defeat overwhelmingly

treš v.t. (v.n. terš, triš) to slap (face, s.o.) treš f. terša pl. tureš deaf terš v.n. of treš

terša pl. -t slap (in the face) tertaqa pl. -t type of popgun

tertiq v.n. of terteq terteq v.t. 1. to pop (e.g. balloon) 2. to make blow out (e.g. tire) 3. to shoot off, to detonate trur, trura pl. of terr truša, trušiva deafness truz, truza pl. of terz 2 trez v.t. (v.n. terz, triz) to embroider terz 1. v.n. of trez 2. embroidery teržama same as teržama teržem same as teržem toržman same as toržman trez v.t. (v.n. triz) 1. to put down (e.g. on the ground) 2. to put into an oven (bread, pastry), to bake 3. to give birth to (animal) 4. (v.n. also terz) to subtract had l-Eadad ter u men l-žem E. Subtract this figure from the total. ter 1. v.n. of trez 4 2. pl. truz, truza game leăbna rebea de-t-truz de-s-sentrež. We played four games of chess. ter a pl. -t n.i. of trez tšas n.u. -a pl. -t, tšayeš spark (e.g. emitted by tšayeš pl. of tšaš tešteš v.i. 1. to emit sparks (fire) 2. to emit successive spurts of liquid ttabex v.i. to fight or struggle (to get s.o. or s.th. to do s.th. desired) Eyit ma nttabex m ah wa-lakin ma-ba-š iži. I tried and tried to get him to come but he wouldn't. ttală Ela 1. to find out, to learn, to be informed about 2. to study, to examine (s.th. before making a decision) ttebbeg m.p. of tebbeg ttehher m.p. of tehher ttelleg m.p. of telleg ttelles m.p. of telles ttemmen m.p. of temmen ttemmes v.i. 1. to close (eyes) 2. to fail to use one's head (on some occasion) ttemmae m.p. of temmae ttenneb m.p. of tenneb tterreb m.p. of terreb tterref m.p. of terref tterreq m.p. of terreq ¶ tterreq m $\mathcal{E}a$ rasu ϕ to learn from the experience of others, or by associating with those who know tterraz m.p. of terraz tterteq v.i. 1. m.p. of terteq 2. to explode (balloon, bomb, etc.) ttufel v.i. to crash a party or occasion (primarily to partake of the food offered) ttuwwel m.p. of tuwwel ttuwwer m.p. of tuwwer tteyyer m.p. of teyyer tub n.u. -a pl. -t, tweb (dim. twiba) 1. clod (earth) 2. adobe brick 3. lump (e.g., sugar) tufan v.n. of taf

tufayli pl. -ya sponge, parasitic person tul 1. length had l-bit fih Easra miter de-t-tul. This room is ten meters long. -had l-wad stal fih dyal de-t-tul? How long is this river? 2. height islat l-l-kura de-s-sella Ela wedd t-tul dvalu. He'd he good for basketball because of his height. 3. straight, straight ahead zid tul u-lwi čăl š-šmal fe-d-duw le-7 mer. Go straight ahead and make a left turn at the red light. 4. all, during tul zyatu u-huwa xeddam m Ea dak š-šarika. He's been working all his life for that firm. ¶ tul u-ك ărd all over, everywhere qellebt Elihom f-le-mdina tul u-Eard u-ma-laithom-š. I looked for them all over town and I couldn't find them. ¶ Ela tul l-xett completely, a hundred percent ana mettafeq meak ela jul l-xejj. I agree with you completely. tula pl. of twal tulan v.n. of twal tumubil pl. -at (cons. tumubilt) automobile, tun 1. tuna (fish) 2. pl. twan ton, thousand kilograms tuq pl. twaq collar (shirt, dress) I f-tug in the charge of f-tug men xelliti siyartek? In whose charge did you leave your car? tureš pl. of treš turuq pl. of triq and tariqa tuwwef v.t. 1. to assist (s.o.) in walking around the Kaaba (during the Pilgrimage) 2. to parade (a criminal) through the streets as an object of public scorn tuwwel 1. v.t. to lengthen, to make longer xessek ttuwwel had z-zentita. You'll have to make this skirt longer. 2. v.t. to prolong, to extend tuwwlu-lha l-Eotla dyalha Ela wedd le-7 bala. They extended her leave because of pregnancy. 3. v.i. to stay or spend too long, to take a long time t-tbib qal-lu ma-ituwwel-š fe-l-zămmam. The doctor told him not to stay too long in the bath. tuwwer v.t. to train, to instruct (men, animals, etc.) tuwweš v.t. or v.i. 1. to squirt out, to spurt 2. to urinate (of animals, and vulgarly of people) tuwwez v.i. 1. to cry, to lament 2. to bellow (bull) tuwwă v.t. 1. to throw away, to fling, to hurl 2. to tame, to domesticate 3. to subjugate, to subdue 4. to make flexible

tuyan v.n. of twa tue v.n. of tae 2

twa itwi v.t. (v.n. tiy, tuyan) 1. to fold twat

li-zur bla-ma tr ăddedhom. She folded the sheets without ironing them. 2. to close twi ktubek u-dirhom fe-škartek. Close your books and put them in your bag. -mnayn šaf l-bulisi maži twa l-mus u-daru f-žibu. When he saw the policeman coming he closed his knife and put it in his pocket. 3. to roll up twi z-zerbiya baš tegsel l-erd. Roll up the rug so you can wash the floor. ¶ twa le-klam, twa le-7 dit, twa l-hedra to change the subject (in conversation) twabel pl. of tabla (same as tebla) twabeq pl. of tabeq ع pl. of إaba twagi pl. of tagiya twal v.i. (v.n. tulan) 1. to get longer fe-s-sif ka-itwal n-nhar. The day gets longer in summer. 2. to grow up, to get taller xay twal melli bda il čab l-kura de-s-sella. My brother has gotten taller since he started playing basketball. twal pl. -at, tula rope twal pl. of twil twan pl. of tun 2 twanea pl. of tanga twaq pl. of tuq twaref pl. of tarfa twarem pl. of tarma twares pl. of tarus twas pl. of tawes twavef pl. of tayfa twažen pl. of tažin twazen pl. of tazuna twaeen pl. of taeun tweb pl. of tuba (n.u. of tub) twiba dim. of tuba (n.u. of tub) twibla dim. of tebla twibe & dim. of tabă & twigya dim. of tagiya twil pl. twal (dim. twiwel, comp. twel) 1, long režlin had t-tebla twal. This table has long legs. -bqat m ana modda twila. She stayed a long time with us. 2. tall, big xutu kollhom twal u-huwa qsir. All his brothers are tall, but he's short.

twiga dim. of taga twirma dim, of tarma twiwel dim. of twil twižen dim. of tažin twel comp. of twil tvab v.n. of tab and tivveb tyafer pl. of tifur tvaveb pl. of tiyvaba tyayer pl. of tiyyara tyaz en pl. of tizan tyeq pl. of taqa tyes pl. of tasa tevš v.n. of taš 3 tyur pl. of tir tyuz v.n. of taz and tiyyez teyyeb same as tiyyeb teyyer same as tiyyer teyyeš same as tiyyeš teyyer same as tiyyer teztiz v.n. of teztez teztez v.i. to break wind, to fart tezz, tozz 1. fart, act of breaking wind 2. exclamation expressing discouragement or disappointment trin 1. v.n. of tr ăn 2. flour (wheat) tăn v.t. (v.n. tin) 1. to grind nțăn-lek had 1-gehwa? Shall I grind this coffee for you? -- ka-itzăn snanu mnayn ka-ikun na Ees. He grinds his teeth when he's asleep. 2. to grind, to sharpen (cutlery, scissors, ter 7 an pl. -a 1. miller 2. knife grinder, one who sharpens knives te am pl. -at (dim. te iyma) 1. food 2. couscous teim v.n. of team teiyma dim. of team te am v.t. (v.n. teim) 1. to feed, to give food to 2. to poison, to give (s.o.) poison to & m bait tă Ema, to Ema pl. -t woof, loose threads on the loom tă E ăm v.t. 1. to feed, to give food to 2. to bait, to put bait on

U

u (w before vowels, we- before some consonant clusters) I. and teržemt had l-žumla u-hadik. I translated both this sentence and that one. 2. introduces an independent clause which functions as circumstantial modifier of preceding clause. hadi modda u-huwa ģedban Elina. It's a long time now that he's been mad at us. —mšit neštaģel w-ana mṛida. I went to work although I was sick.

3. used in distributive expressions introduced by koll, approximately equivalent to "everyone has his own (particular) . . .," "to each his own. . ." koll wazed u-ququ. To each his own taste.—koll wazed u-tabi tu. Everyone has his own nature.—koll telmid u-xdemtu! (Let) each student do his own work!—koll zaža u-mazāllha! (Put) everything in its own place!

¶ we-llah u- implies a threat or promise somewhat equivalent to "so help me, if . . ." or "I promise, if . . ." we-ļļah u-žiti ma-nderbek. If you come I promise I won't hit you. -we-llah u-ma redditi-li flusi zetta ndEik! So help me, if you don't give me back my money, I'll sue you!

u-la same as aw-la Quluf, Qulufat pl. of Qalef Qumam pl. of Qomma qumana pl. of amin Qumara pl. of Qamir

₹ummi pl. -yen illiterate n-nesba dyal le-ummiyin f-d-denya kber men le-mteggfin.

The proportion of illiterate people in the world is greater than the educated.

qumur, qumurat pl. of qamr 1 ur used in expr. men l-ur and me-l-lur from behind, from the rear žat me-l-lur

u-teyyz atu fe-l-z afa. She came up from behind and pushed him in the hole.

---fe-s-sinima ma-ka-nšuf-ši me-l-lur. In the movies I can't see (well) from the rear. urubba Europe

urubbawi pl. -ven European

^qustad pl. ^qasatida 1. professor, teacher s-si yunes sustad de-t-tarix fe-l-žami Ea. Mr. Yunes is a history teacher at the University. 2. used with s.o.'s name to indicate his profession as a lawyer qustad sliman muz ami ha?il. Mr. (lawyer) Sliman is an excellent attorney.

qusul pl. of qasel Qutil, util pl. -at hotel uwwel same as luwwel euxra classicized f. form of eaxor quarin classicized pl. form of qaxor užba same as wežba užra same as ižara

w. we- see u

wa conjunction used in certain expr.:

¶ la . . . wa-la neither . . . nor ana la ra?is wa-la mer?us. I'm neither a ruler nor am I ruled.

¶ wa-iyyah ϕ (not used in first person) expr. of warning, admonishment wa-iyyak l-kas l-luwwel! Watch out for that first glass (of liquor)! —wa-iyyaha (u-) temši dži lle-hna! She'd better not come here!

¶wa-la (rather) than llahu-mma siyara gdima wa-la bla-š. Better to have an old car than none at all.

waba (m.), waba? disaster, catastrophe, calamity (e.g., epidemic, plague, earthquake) wad pl. widan 1. river, creek, stream, etc. 2. sewer

** nta f-wad w-ana f-wad. We're talking about two different things.

wada@if pl. of wadif, wadifa

wadif, wadifa pl. wada? if position, job, func-

wade pl. -in (comp. wde) clear (explanation, water, sky, etc.)

wafa? fidelity, faithfulness l-wafa?

ka-itte taber men ?azsen xisal l-?insan Fidelity is considered as one of the better characteristics of an individual.

wafat (f.) death men băEd l-wafat dyal bbah, ba d-dar lli xella-lu. After his father's death he sold the house that he (his father) left to him.

wafi pl. wafyen 1. indicates a little more than the amount specified Etani kilu wafi. He gave a kilogram, plus a little more. 2. fat, fatted (animals) 3. abundant, plenty of z-zră E ža wafi had l- Eam. There's plenty of wheat this year. 4. (too) big, large had l-kebbut lli Etitini wafi Eliya. This jacket you gave me is (too) big for me.

wafeq v.t. 1. to agree with, to go along with (s.o.) 2. to go (well) with, to match (colors, furniture, etc.)

¶ wafeg Ela 1. to agree on (s.th.) 2. to ratify (decision, bill, etc.)

¶ a.p. mwafeq pl. -in 1. reasonable 2. suitable

wafer pl. -in a great deal of, much Eandna mă clumat wafra. We have a great deal of information.

wakala pl. wkayel agency serrzat wakalat l-Panba? dyal l-megrib belli l-malik gadi itgabel m a ra? is l-žumhuriya de-fransa. The Moroccan News Agency announced that the king will meet with the president of the French Republic.

wakel a.p. of kla, kal

wala v.t. to be next to škun walak l-barez fe-s-sinima? Who was that next to you vesterday in the theater?

¶ wala l- to make come or get close to wali-li dak ş-şenduq! Shove that box over here (where I can see it)!

wa-la-inni same as walayenni

wa-lakin, wa-lakenni but, however

walayenni 1. expr. of amazement, surprise, astonishment walayenni gemtar nezlat had l-كam! Man, have we had rain this year! -walayenni nta zrami! Well! Aren't you clever! (not sarcastic) 2. but, however hiya wai ea

bent žmila, walayenni qsira šwiya mea l-?asaf. She's a pretty girl, but unfortunately a little short.

4U+

waled a.p. of wled

walid f. -a pl. -in, waldin (walidi- or waldibefore pron. endings) parent (mother, father)

walda pl. -t womb, uterus waldin pl. of walid

walef v.t. 1. to get used to, to become accustomed to, to accustom oneself to waleft n-n as f-had l-bit. I've gotten used to sleeping in this room. 2. to familiarize oneself with, to become familiar with

wali f. -ya pl. awliya, ?awliya? 1. guardian (of person under age) 2. (usually in pl.) saint(s)

** ma-Eăndu la-wali wa-la tali. He doesn't have anyone at all (i.e., no family, close friends).

¶ wali d-le-mdina mayor

walima pl. wlayem feast, party, reception (usually with food)

walem v.t. 1. to be convenient to or for (s.o.), to be o.k. with (s.o.), to suit (s.o.) dak l-wegt ma-ka-iwalemni-š. That time isn't convenient for me. 2. to be appropriate, fitting, or proper for (s.th.) 3. to go (well) with, to match (s.o., s.th.)

walu (used with negative ma-) 1. nothing; not . . . anything, a thing ma-qal-li walu. He didn't tell me anything. 2. at all dik d-dwa ma-nef čăini walu. That medicine hasn't done me any good at all.

w-amma same as amma waqa²iE pl. of waqiEa waqayeE pl. of waqiEa waqaZa audacity waqef a.p. of wqef

waqfiya used in the expr. be-l-waqfiya standing (up), while standing dima ka-yakol be-l-waqfiya. He always eats standing up. waqila 1. maybe, perhaps, possibly 2. probably, most likely

waqi&a pl. waqaye&, waqa@i& 1. unfortunate incident or event 2. disaster, catastrophe

warit pl. warata heir, inheritor

wasita pl. wasayet 1. mediation, intervention 2. mediator, intermediary 3. means, way \$\Pi\$ b-wasitet (cons.) by means of, through,

wase pl. -in 1. wide, broad (road, room, meaning, usage, etc.) 2. vast, spacious

wasi, wasiy pl. ?awsiya guardian (of person under age)

wasiya pl. -t, wasaya will, testament wasta 1. n.pl. of wasti 2. (with art.) Algeria wasti adj. pl. -yen n.pl. wasta Algerian (some slight archaic connotation) waš 1. used to introduce questions answerable in the affirmative or negative waš nta sayem? Are you fasting?—u.aš ka-tā&rfha? Do you know her? 2. often correlative of wella la—waš àad-iži wella la? Is he or is he not coming? 3. whether, if šuf waš žaw wella ma-zal. See if they've come yet.—ma-&reft waš žahla wella ģir balida. I don't know whether she's ignorant or just stupid.

wata v.t. to go (well) with, to match

** ma-xesiha wa-la wataha tt č ăllem

l-čărbiya! She'll never learn Arabic in a
million years!

waterni 1. expr. of some surprise at s.th. unsuspected or unexpected waterni nta zrami! Well, you'ie quite a little devil, aren't you? 2. but, whereas lemma šeft l-xett zsab-li xettu, waterni fe-l-zaqiqa huwa xett bbah. When I saw the handwriting I thought it was his, whereas it's

wata v.t. to flatten, to level, to even (horizontally only)

watan same as watăn watani same as watăni wataniya 1. nationalism 2. patriotism

watăn 1. nation 2. country watăni pl. -yen 1. national 2. nationalist, nationalistic 3. patriotic

waxed (Ela) to blame (for), to hold it against (s.o.) (for)

waxed a.p. of xda, xad

really his father's.

waxxa 1. common expr. of agreement, assent bġiti temši m aya le-s-sinima?—waxxa! Do you want to go with me to the movies?—Yes, I do!—qul le-mmi ġadi-nži m ăṭṭel le-d-ḍaṛ.—waxxa! Tell my mother I'll be late getting home.—O.K.!—waš imken-li nestā mel had le-qlam?—waxxa! Can I use this pencil?—Of course! 2. although, (even) though, (even) if waxxa sbezt mṛiḍ mšit neštagel. I went to work even though I got up sick.—waxxa tkun ntiya hiya malikat l-žamal, ma-ndzuwwež bik. (Even) if you were the queen of beauty

wayn (not common Moroccan) same as fayn wayenni same as walayenni

wazara pl. of wzir

I wouldn't marry you.

wazen v.t. 1. to balance, to put in equilibrium 2. to balance (books, accounts) 3. to weigh, to consider 4. to compare

wazzan city in Northern Morocco, famous for its olives

wazzani pl. -yen native of wazzan wažeb same as žaweb

wazeo same as zaweo

wažeb 1. a.p. of wžeb 2. same as wažib wažib pl. -at duty, obligation qum be-l-wažib dvalek ka-muwațin! Do your duty as a citizen!

¶ be-l-wažib Ela (to be) incumbent upon, to be one's duty \neq , to be supposed \neq

be-l-wažib Elina nxedmu f-had le-wrag. We're supposed to work with these slips

(of paper).

wazed f. wezda pl. wezdin 1. one šrebt kas waz ed dyal atay. I drank one glass of tea. 2. (with art.) one, a person, you (impersonal) ma-kayen fayn idderreg l-wazed. There's no place where one can take shelter. 3. a, an šrit wazed s-siyara fa Ela tarka. I've bought a terrific car. 4. some, a certain wazed s-siyyed ža ka-isegsi Elik l-barez, ma-Ereftu škun huwa. Some gentleman was asking for you yesterday; I don't know who he was. 5. some, about, around (before numbers) Eăndi l-garad d-wazed l-xems mya de-r-ryal. I need about five hundred riyals. 6. same t-tumubil dyalek

we-t-tumubil dyali mesnuEin f-maEmel wazed. Your car and my car were made in the same factory. 7. (invariable) alike, the same le-Eyalat gat wazed. Women ate

all the same.

¶ b-wez du^{ϕ} , b-wez dih^{ϕ} 1. by oneself, alone was rekkebti had l-mutur b-wer dek? Did you put this motor together by yourself? -- žat be-wzedha. She came by herself. 2. the only one \neq (gir) and b-wer di lli žit. I was the only one that came.

¶ ši-wazed pl. ši-wezdin somebody, someone (pl. some, some people) had š-ši ma-ka-yă Ežeb-š l-ši-wezdin. Some people don't like this.

¶ wezdu ϕ , wezdih ϕ same as b-wezdu ϕ , b-we € dih\$

Tetta wazed (f. zetta wezda) nobody, no one; not . . . anyone zetta wazed ma-ka-ibgini. Nobody likes me. -Eămmri ma-qtelt zetta wazed. I've never killed anyone. —škun lli mša ištagel nhar l-vidrab?-tetta wazed. Who went to work on the day of the strike?-Nobody.

wated v.t. to promise, to vow to (s.o.) wa Eedtini baš tešri-li tumubil. You promised me you'd buy me a car.

wated v.t. 1. to exhort, to admonish 2. to advise, to counsel

wager pl. -in (comp. wear) 1. hard, difficult 2. hard, strict, severe (person) 3. violent, strong (blow, hit, storm) 4. dangerous, perilous (e.g., mountain, region full of bandits) 5. serious, grave (illness)

webbex (Ela) to scold (for), to reprimand (for)

wber 1. camel hair 2. cloth made from camel hair

wdaya pl. of wdiyi

wedd b- (v.n. weddan) to give (s.th.) to (s.o.), to make a present of (s.th.) to (s.o.)

Eyit ma-nweddek b-le-flus, s-sla Eal n-nbi! Damn it! I'm tired of giving you money!

¶ a weddi 1. introductory expr. referring to the listener (sometimes translatable with "by the way," "incidentally") -a weddi, avaš xditi le-ktab lli xellit-lek hna l-barez wella la? By the way, did you get the book I left here for you yesterday? 2. term of address equivalent to "chum" or "pal" a-weddi aži tgesser m Eana šwiya fe-l-lil. Say, pal, come visit us a little while tonight. -a-weddi llah yehdik hennina šwiya u-baraka men s-sda E. Hey, chum, give us a

little peace and stop the noise, please. " Ela wedd 1. because 2. because of, on account of, in view of 3. for the sake of

4. concerning, about, on

wedda 1. v.t. to fulfill, to carry out (duty, obligation) 2. v.i. to pay for one's sin(s) or crime(s) (by imprisonment, mental suffering, etc.) 3. v.t. to suffer, to go through (difficulties, hard times, etc.)

wedden same as dden

weddă & v.t. to say good-by to, to bid farewell

wdina pl. -t dim. of wden

wdivi pl. wdaya member of the Wdaya tribe wden, pl. wednin, (wedni- before pron. endings) 1. ear (anatomy) 2. handle (cup, etc.)

wed a suint

wda E n.u. -a 1. shell of a warm water gastropod mollusk (cowrie) with a smooth, highly polished surface 2. porcelain, china

weddef v.t. to employ, to hire (for whitecollar job)

wedder v.t. 1. to lose, to misplace, to mislay 2. to get (s.o.) lost 3. to lead astray

weddez v.t. 1. to make clear, to clear up (water, etc.) 2. to explain, to clarify

wdu obligatory ritual ablutions performed by Muslims before prayer

wduz clarity, lucidity (of thought, words) le-wduz sifa daruriya l-l-kottab. Clarity (of thought) is a necessary quality for writers.

wder comp. of wader

wfa (v.n. wafa?) 1. v.i. to end, to terminate, to expire l-žawaz dyali ?ažalu grib iwfa. My passport is about to expire. 2. v.t. to pass, to exceed so al msina de-t-triq? wfina xemsin kilumiter. How far have we come? We've passed fifty kilometers. - š al

de-l-flus xserna? wfina myatayn dular. How much money have we spent? We've exceeded two hundred dollars.

¶ wfa b- to remain faithful to (s.th.) ufa be-klemtu. He kept his word.

wfa v.n. of weffa ** t-tula u-le-wfa refers to the fact that someone is tall and well built; usually used alone dzuwužat ražel gani w-zin we-t-tula u-le-wfa. She married a man who is rich and handsome, tall and well built.

-Eagila žmila, kollhom fihom t-tula u-le-wfa. They're a handsome family, all tall and well built.

weffa f- to give (sell) in full measure, plus a little extra at no extra charge weffa m? ava fe-l-letšin. He gave me the oranges I paid for, plus a little more.

weffeq v.t. to help, to favor (God only subject)

I weffeg bin to conciliate between

weffer v.t. 1. to save, to put aside (money, etc.) 2. to economize on, to use sparingly or economically 3. to provide with, to give mrati ka-tweffer-li s-sa Eada. My wife gives me happiness.

wegged v.t. 1. to wake up, to revive, to bring to (through some physical aid, as water in the face) 2. to remind weggedtu be-lli l-Eers gad-ikun nhar s-sebt. I reminded him that the wedding was going to be on Saturday.

¶ wegged rasu\$ (m €a) 1. to be alert (to), to pay attention (to) 2. to be careful (of), to watch out (for)

waid same as waid

weggel v.t. to get (s.th., s.o.) stuck (e.g., s.o. in mud, a knife in a tree; also metaphorical)

wehheb v.t. to give (a gift), to present 1-7 ukuma wehhbat melyun frenk l-le-xriya.

The government presented a million francs

to the orphanage.

wehli used to emphasize one's feeling that s.th. has occurred a relatively long time ago, or has been going on for some time wehli, šz al hadi baš mat! But he's been dead for quite a while now!

whem pl. wham, awham premonition, presentiment, foreboding dima ka-ikun biya (fiya) le-whem qbel ma-tewqă & ši-zaža. I always have a foreboding before some-

thing happens.

¶ ξ ăndu ϕ whem 1. to be afraid, to be apprehensive, to be worried & andu whem kbir belli Eămmru ma-gad-inžez f-zetta zaža. He's terribly afraid that he'll never succeed in anything. 2. to have a delusion, illusory idea or ambition kan Eăndha le-whem belli gadya tkun ši-nhar

mumettila. She had the (illusory) idea that she would be an actress some day.

widan pl. of wad

wifaq 1. understanding, rapport 2. agreement

wik, wik kind of woman's scream or squeal (uttered in various emotional situations) wil 1. woe, grief (rare usage) 2. s.th. (or s.o.) unpleasant, repulsive, messed up, etc.

** a wili! Oh, woe is me! I've had it

win same as fayn

wisam pl. ? awsima decoration, medal wkil, wakil pl. wkayel, wukala?, weklan 1. agent 2. lawyer, defender

¶ wakil d-dewla prosecuting attorney wekkal adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a big eater, one who eats a lot

wekked same as ? ekked

wekkel v.t. 1. to make (s.o.) eat (s.th.), to feed (s.th.) to (s.o.) ka-nwekklu d-dra l-le-bhayem (or le-bhayem) dyalna kollhom. We feed corn to all our animals.

-ka-nwckklu-lhom (or ka-nwekkluhom) d-dra. We feed them corn.

** had l-xedma ma-Eammerha ma-gad-twekkel l-xobz. This job will never provide enough to eat.

Twekkel (s.o.) le-Esa to beat (s.o.), to give a beating to (s.o. as punishment) to hire or employ as an agent or manager (i.e., wakil)

wekker v.t. 1. to dry out (said of things depending on water to live or be useful, e.g., soil, food in the process of cooking) 2. to cause (s.o.) to become dehydrated (by depriving him of water)

wker pl. wkar nest

wkez v.i. to dry up, to go dry, to evaporate l-wad lli fe-s-sez ra wkaz. The river in the desert dried up. -l-ma wkaz men l-kas de-l-werd u-l-werdat matu. The water in the vase of roses evaporated and the roses died. -hdert zetta wkazt. I talked until I went dry. —nsit l-meqraž fuq l-Eafya zetta wkaz. I forgot the kettle on the fire and it boiled dry. -zid šwiya de-l-ma fe-t-tažin, rah wkāz. Add a little water to the casserole, it's gone dry.

wekta 1. n.i. of wket 2. dryness (soil, body) ¶ bih ϕ l-wekza to be very thirsty \neq

wla worthier, more deserving huwa wla men l-axor. He is worthier than the other (man).

Twla l- better for (s.o.), preferable for (s.o.) had l-medraşa wla-lek men hadik. This school is better for you than that one.

wlad pl. of weld wlada v.r. of wled

wlases pl. of welsis

wlaya saintliness iwa hadi wlaya! That's real saintliness!

wlayem pl. of walima wlaži pl. of welža ع v.n. of wellă و wled v.i. and v.t. 1. to have a baby, to give birth, to bear dik s-sivvda weldat t-twam. That woman gave birth to twins. -l-begra weldat Ežel byed. The cow had a white calf. 2. to bear, to produce l-werda weldat bezzaf de-l-werd had l-Eam. The rosebush bore a lot of roses this year. —had

t-teffaza ma-weldat teffaz had l-Eam. This apple tree didn't produce any apples

this year.

¶ a.p. waled pl. -in having children or a family husva mzusweż u-svaled. He's married and has a family.

weld pl. wlad 1. boy 2. young animal (especially those that may be personified) 3. (pl. and dim. pl. wlidat) family (often only the wife)

I wlad sidi mad u-musa group of Berber gymnasts or acrobats (deriving from mad u-musa, famous acrobat)

¶ weld le-klab son-of-a-bitch (similar to "son-of-a-gun" with friends)

¶ weld le-zram bastard

Tweld n-nas well-bred, well-brought up boy (of good family)

I weld s-sug gamin, street urchin welda pl, -t, wladat 1. n.i. of wled 2. birth welf v.n. of wellef and walef

Trebba l-welf Ela to become used or attached to

welha attention, application

** ma- ¿ăndu welha. He's a little odd,

I redd l-welha l- to pay attention to ¶ redd l-welha Ela to watch over, to take

wlidat pl. of wliyyed, dim. of weld

wliya pl. -t woman (usually implying some weakness or helplessness because of her sex, or because of real poverty or physical disability) Eawen had le-wliya ttla

le-t-tubis. Help this (poor) woman get on the bus. -le-mra gir wliya kif-emma kanet. A female is only a (poor feeble) woman, whatever she is.

wliyyed pl. wlidat dim. of weld wliža pl. -t dim. of welža

wella v.i. 1. to return (go back, come back) 2. to become s-si muzămmed wella Zamil de-ṛ-ṛbat š-šher lli fat. Mohammed became mayor of Rabat last month. 3. to end up wella ka-yezki ši-xrafa. He ended up by telling a story. 4. to finally (do s.th.), to finally get around to (doing s.th) wellina ka-nxedmu. We finally got around to working. 5. v.t. to make, to appoint wellawni mudir ¿ăl š-šarika. They made me manager of the company.

** fayn bgiti twelli u-kan? What the hell are you trying to do, anyway?

I wella Ela revyu\(to change one's mind wella or, or else baa idres imma t-tibb wella s-sevdala. He wants to study either medicine or pharmacy. -waš ka-ta Erefha wella la? Do you know her, or not? (does not necessarily imply the impatience usually felt in the English)

wellad pl. -in 1. fruitful, prolific (person, plant, etc.) 2. fertile, fecund (person, plant, earth)

wellay pl. -in ag. adi. of wella 1 wel-l-bare, wel-l-bar ayn see bare

welled v.t. 1. to cause (a female) to bear (young) (relatively rare in this double object usage) 2. to fertilize, to fecundate (woman, plant, animal) 3. to generate, to produce, to put out (e.g. a battery current, engine horsepower) 4. to create, to produce (ideas, happiness, etc.)

wellef v.t. 1. to become accustomed or used to (s.o., s.th.) 2. to help (s.o.) become accustomed to (s.th.), to familiarize (s.o.) with (s.th.), to acquaint (s.o.) with (s.th.) wellefnah sugan t-tumubil. We helped him get accustomed to driving a car.

welsis pl. wlases glandular swelling, swollen gland (e.g., bubo, adenoma)

welwel v.i. to howl or ululate (women on certain, usually joyous, occasions)

welža pl. -t, wlaži rich, alluvial plain, situated in a valley

wel&a pl. wla&i passion, special fondness Eăndhom l-well a de-l-musiga. They have a passion for music.

wnis pl. wnayes companion, friend we-n-names day before yesterday (country

usage) wennes v.t. to keep (s.o.) company

wgagef pl. of weggafa wgar same as wger

wgat pl. of wegt

wqef v.i. 1. to stand up, to rise t-tlamed kollhom wegfu lemma dxel l-mudir l-l-qism. The pupils all stood up when the principal entered the classroom. 2. to stop, to halt wqef temm! Stop right there! -s-siyara wegfat. The car stopped.

Twgef Ela 1. to take care of (s.th.), to attend to (s.th.) wgef Eal Eers xtu. He took care of his sister's wedding. 2. to watch over, to oversee wqef \(\tilde{a} \) l-katiba zetta teb at r-rasaeil, Ead xellaha temši. He watched over the typist until she typed the letters, and only then let her go. 3. to need wegfat Eal s-si yunes i Eawenha. She needs Mr. Yunes to help her. 4. to find out (the truth about something) mufettis š-šorta wgef Ela zaqiqat l-qatel. The

police inspector found out the truth about

the murderer.

weyju

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¶ wqef m Ea to help, to aid mmu weqfat m Eah baš qder išri d-dar. His mother helped him so that he could buy the house.

¶ a.p. waqef exactly, on the dot weslet le-d-dar fe-t-tmenya waqfa. She arrived home at exactly eight o-clock.

weqfa 1. n.i. of wqef 2. height (of person)
had š-šeržem Elad qedd l-weqfa dyali.
This window is as high as I am.

¶weqfa de-d-dhur, weqfa de-s-sla the noon prayer (also the time of the prayer)
¶žmã E l-weqfa to stand up, to get up

wqid n.u. -a pl. -t match tiyy u s-senduq d-le-wqid fe-l-ma. They dropped the box of matches in the water.

wqita pl. -t moment, instant ila Eăndek ši-wqita daba, aži nehder meak. If you have a moment now, come let me talk to you.

wqiya du. wqiytayn pl. -t, aweq measure of weight equal to 18 of a kilo, 62.5 grams

v.n. of wqă و wqi

weqqaf 1. pl. -in capable or used to standing for long periods of time 2. pl. -a foreman, supervisor

wegqafa pl. -t, wqaqef one of the vertical supports on either side of a loom

weggef v.t. 1. to stand up or upright (chair, book, person, etc.) 2. to stop, to halt 3. to park (car, etc.) 4. to immobilize, to make immovable 5. to repress, to quell 6. to suspend (i.e., debar s.o., make s.th. temporarily inoperative, etc.) 7. to baste, to stitch temporarily

wegger v.t. to respect, to have respect for (s.o.)

weqqă & v.t. to sign (either name or document)

wger respect Etini šwiya d-le-wqer! Show a little respect for me! bda ka-yeEtiha le-wqer men n-nhar lli txasmu. He began to respect her from the day when they quarreled.

weqt pl. (of intensity) wqat time (includes epoch, era, etc.) fe-l-weqt lli kont f-qamirika t\time illemt ntkellem b-l-ingliza.

During the time I was in America I learned to speak English.—i\tau al de-l-weqt

to speak English. —š al de-l-weqt ka-ittelleb le-bni dyal had d-dar? How much time does building this house require? —ka-iqdi weqtu kollu f-la b l-karta. He spends all his time playing cards.

** ma-Eăndu weqt. He has no sense of time.

¶ bla weqt 1. without any time schedule, at any odd time 2. (too much) ahead of time, (too) early wselna bla weqt. We arrived too early. 3. at an inopportune or bad time

¶ daz l-wegt to get late

¶f-had l-weqt at the present time, right now, at the moment

¶ fe-l-weqt on time dima ka-nxeržu fe-l-weqt. We always leave on time.

¶ f-weqt, fe-l-weqt d- during f-weqt t-temtil ši-zădd taz men t-tebqa l-luwla. During the play someone fell from the first balcony.

¶ qtel l-weqt to kill time, to pass the time ¶ weqt-aš when, at what time

¶ weqt lli, weqt-emma whenever, anytime (that)

weqti pl. -yen 1. in style, vogue, fashion

2. time-conscious, having a good sense of time

wguf 1. v.n. of wgef 2. stop dur Eal l-imin u-telqa mazall wquf t-tubis. Turn to the right and you'll find the bus stop. 3. pause, break, recess fe-l-ma mel sa at le-wquf kanet ma bin l-wezda we-ž-žuž. In the factory, break time was between one and two o'clock. 4. parking xellaw mazall wquf s-siyarat wra s-suq. They left a parking place for cars behind the market.

wque v.n. of wqae wqae v.i. 1. to happen, to occur, to take place weqeat-lu zadita fe-r-rbat. He had an accident in Rabat. 2. to fall down wqae ela zaza u-ttherrsat-lu senntu. He fell on a rock and broke his tooth.

quia same as mmur, mmura

wṛani (lurani after art.) pl. -yen back, rear tawna mazăll fe-s-seff l-lurani. They gave us a place in the back row.

wraq pl. of werga

wred v.i. to drink (animal) ddi le-bger iwerdu fe-l-Ein. Take the cattle to the spring to drink.

werd n.u. -a 1. rose 2. rosebush

** xeddha werda. She has rosy cheeks.
werdi pl. -yen rose, rose-colored (may approach bright red)
worlda pl. -t dim. of werda

wriqa pl. -t dim. of werqa werk, werk pl. wrak, wrak hip

wrem to swell (up), to be swollen derratni d-dersa zetta wrem-li l-zănk. My tooth hurt me so much that my cheek swelled up. werga pl. -t, wraq 1. leaf (tree, book)

2. (sheet of) paper 3. card (generic term)
4. bill (currency) 5. ticket (admission, travel) 6. record, disc (phonograph)

7. kind of thin crust used in making various

pastries and meat pies, e.g., bestila
¶qtă & l-werqa to buy or get a ticket

werra v.t. 1. to show werrini kif-aš ka-tzoll had l-leġz! Show me how to solve this puzzle! —werrini ši-zaža ¾ra! Show me something else! 2. to point (s.th.) out to (s.o.), to indicate (s.th.) to (s.o.)

** leh la-iwerrik bas! I hope you get better. May God maintain your health! werred v.t. to water (animals)

werrek v.i. (Ela) 1. to lean or support oneself (on, against) 2. to press or exert pressure (on) 3. to put one's weight (on, against) 4. to lie down (on)

werret v.t. to cause, to produce l-garru werret-lu s-saratan. Cigarettes have produced cancer in him.

** mă&rifat s-su? ka-twerret le-bla. He who associates with evil, evil becomes.

wret, wret v.t. (p.p. murut) to inherit ma-wret men bhah gir le-gdayed. He in-

herited nothing from his father but gnawing worries.

wert 1. inheritance taz-lu wert kbir. He's come into a large inheritance. 2. heritage 3. heredity

wsada pl. -t, wsayed cushion, pillow

wsise & pl. -in dim. of wase &

wseq v.t. (v.n. wesq) 1. to load (s.th. onto or into s.th.) 2. to export

wesq v.n. of wseq

wessaq pl. -a 1. ag. n. of wseq 2. stevedore wessed (Ela) 1. v.i. to lay or lean one's head (on s.th., as a pillow) 2. v.t. to lay, to lean (s.o.'s head on s.th. used as a pillow) wessed-lha rasha Eal le-mxedda! Lay her head on the pillow!

wesset v.t. 1. to put or place (s.th.) in the middle or center 2. to choose or appoint as

mediator or intermediary

wessex v.t. 1. to dirty, to soil, to get (s.th.) dirty 2. to soil, to smirch (reputation, honor)

wessă v.t. to enlarge, to broaden, to widen (room, road, knowledge)

¶wessă € men to get away from, to avoid (s.o., s.th.)

¶ wessă ξ xatru ϕ 1. to get a hold of oneself (usually in one's sadness or grief) 2. to take it easy, to try not to get excited

¶wessăE Ela to help (s.o.) out, to offer aid to

weswas 1. suspicious distrust 2. haunting obsession

¶ $fih\phi$ *l-weswas* 1. to be suspiciously distrustful \(\neq 2 \), to be obsessed or haunted by s.th. ≠

I mṛiḍ be-l-weswas same as fih¢

l-weswas

weswes v.t. 1. to cause to be suspiciously distrustful, to give reason to be suspiciously distrustful to (s.o. or s.o.'s mind) 2. to influence (s.o.) to do bad or improper things, to corrupt

¶ p.p. mweswes pl. -in haunted wsex pl. wsax, wsuxat 1. dirt, filth gsel wežhek men le-wsex. Wash the dirt off your face. 2. draft (of a letter, speech, etc.)

f-le-mtizan, ma-kan Eăndu weqt baš inqol lli kteb u-Eta le-wsex m Ea wreqtu. In the examination he didn't have time to recopy what he had written so he handed in the draft with his paper.

I wsex d-denya property, worldly goods, material possessions l-mal gir wsex

d-denya. Money is only a material possession. — ¿ăndu ktir men wsex d-denya. He's filthy rich.

wes Ea pl. -t clear, open space or area (e.g. a field)

wsaf pl. of wesf wsali pl. of wesla

wsaya pl. -t n.i. of wessa

wsayef pl. of wsifa

wesf pl. ? awsaf 1. description 2. characteristic trait, distinctive characteristic

wsiya pl. -t n.i. of wessa

wsel v.i. to arrive l-yum wselt meattel

l-l-xedma. I arrived late to work today. -wsel le-n-natiža lli bija. He arrived at the result he wanted.

wesla pl. -t, wsali 1. n.i. of wsel 2. arrival 3. board used for carrying bread to and from the ovens

wessa v.t. 1. to advise, to counsel 2. to order, to command, to tell (s.o.)

Twessa Ela to order (s.th.) from (s.o.) ≠, to put an order in for (s.th.) from (s.o.) ≠ wessit šarikat furd Ela siyara ždida l-l-Lam l-maži. I've ordered a new car from Ford for next year.

wessel 1. v.t. to take wessel-lha had le-bra! Take this letter to her!-wesselthom l-bare e fe-l-lil le-d-dar be-t-tumubil dyali. I took them home last night in my car. 2. same as wsel

west middle, center

Twest d-day kind of central court or patio of a (Moroccan) house

westani pl. -yen (adj.) middle, center, in the middle

westi pl. -in 1. same as westani 2. pl. also wsata room between the hot and cold rooms of the public bath, having a medium temperature 3. pl. wsata caftan (worn between other garments)

wsul v.n. of wsel

wšam v.n. of wšem

wešk used in the expr. Ela wešk (to be) about to Ela wešk nsaliw. We're about to finish. wšem v.t. (p.p. mušum) to tattoo wšem yeddih u-sedru. He tattooed his hands and his chest. -sazbu mšem-lu yeddih u-sedru. His friend tatooed his hands and chest for him. -wšem nuwwara fug dra Eu. He tattooed a flower on his arm. —wšem-lu sazbu. His friend tattooed him.

wešma pl. -t 1. n.i. of wšem 2. tattoo (skin) weššam pl. -a tattooer

wešweš v.t. and v.i. to whisper, to speak in a low voice or whisper

wted pl. wtad peg or small stick, usually pointed (as a tent peg)

wter extra prayer, said after the Eša (last prayer of the day)

wetra n.u. of wtar

wetra pl. -t string of a stringed musical instrument

wetted v.t. 1. to drive into the ground (pegs, stakes, etc.) 2. to drive into the ground the pegs or stakes of (tent)

wetter v.t. to stretch or pull tight, to make taut (strings, rope, etc.)

wetteš v.t. to make kneel (camel)

wta n.u. wetya pl. -t prairie, plain, flatland wetya pl. -t flat, level spot or area

wužud presence, existence wužud n-nas

fe-d-dar ka-iž čalni nkun dayman fer ana. The presence of people in the house always makes me happy. —wužud bezzaf

de-l-mužrimin f-le-mdun le-kbira xatar Eal s-sokkan. The presence of many criminals in the large cities is a danger for the inhabitants.

The wužud by the grace of, with the help of, thanks to gir he wužud !!ah baš xeržat men l-Zadita be-s-salam. It was just by the grace of God that she came out of the accident safely. —h-wužud s-si muZāmmed Zesse!t Čāl l-žawaz dyali. Thanks to Mohammed, I got my passport.

wxid v.n. of xda wxem humidity, moisture, dampness

wexxer 1. v.t. to delay, to make late(r) (train, etc.) 2. v.t. to delay, to postpone 3. v.t. to back up, to make go back, to move back wexxer s-siyara šwiya! Back the car up a little! 4. v.i. to back up, to move back 5. v.t. to keep or save until last

wzir, wazir pl. wazara, wzara 1. minister (government) s-si gdira wella wzir l-xarižiya. Mr. Gdira became the Minister of Foreign Affairs. 2. groomsman, attendant

of the groom at a wedding wzi a pl. -t n.i. of wezză

wzen v.i., v.t. (v.n. wzin, wzen, p.p. muzun)
1. to weigh wzen-li ši-kilu d-le-bţaţa.
Weigh me a kilo of potatoes. —ana

ka-newzen kter mennek. I weigh more than you do. 2. to measure, to regulate wzen klamek! Watch what you say! (Measure your words!)

wzen v.n. of wzen wezna pl. -t n.i. of wzen wezz n.u. -a goose wezzan pl. -a weigher, one who weighs wezza pl. -a ag. n. of wezza &

wezză v.t. 1. to distribute; to send, hand, or dole out l-mu căllim wezză ktub căl t-tlamed l-bare. The teacher distributed books to the pupils yesterday. —wezză amwalu cla babu qbel-ma imut b-cam. He distributed his possessions among the members of his family one year before he died. 2. to buy and divide up (an animal for meat; done by a group of people)

wžab pl. -at same as žwab

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wžeb Elihφ to have to, to be necessary to, to be obliged to ≠ ka-iwžeb Elik texdem m Eaya. You have to work with me.

-šzal wžeb Eliya nă Etihom? How much should I pay them?

wežba pl. -t 1. (proper) occasion, time,

(more) opportune moment (used mostly in expr. žabtuφ l-wežba) 2. meal, dinner ¶žabtuφ l-wežba to come or show up at an opportune moment, just in time ≠

wžed 1. to be ready, to get ready had sa tayn w-ana ka-ntsennah u-baqi ma-wžed. I've been waiting for him for two hours and he's still not ready. 2. to find wžedti le-ktab lli mša-lek? Did you find the book you lost?—ila wžedtiha qol-lha t tayyet-li. If you find her, tell her to call me.

wežda city of Northeast Morocco

weždi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. wžada native to wežda

wžeh pl. wžuh 1. face, visage wžehha Elih n-nur. She has a radiant face. 2. mien, look wežhek safi l-yum. You look well today.

3. front (of a book, box, coin, etc.) 4. right side (as opposed to back or wrong side of cloth, paper, etc.) wžeh had t-tub Treš. The right side of this cloth is rough.

5. vamp (of shoe) wžeh sebbatu melf u-le-gdem želd. The vamp of his shoe is felt and the heel is leather.

¶ b-wežhu^{\$\phi\$} oneself, in person \$r\$-\$ra\$ is ddaxel f-dik l-qadiya b-wežhu. The president himself intervened in that matter.

¶ della wežhu $^{\phi}$ to pout, to sulk mnin ma- ξ tatu-š \widehat{m} \widehat{m} u le-flus \dot{g} deb u-della wežhu ξ liha. When his mother didn't give him the money, he got mad and pouted.

¶ ma-Eandu vieh baš... to be ashamed to ... ma-Eandu wieh baš itlaqa biya Ela wedd baqi ka-nsalu ši-flus. He's ashamed to meet me because he still owes me some money.

 \P wežhu ϕ mqezder to be brazen, to be cheeky

Tāmmer le-wžeh to make (s.o.) proud Tāmmer-li wežhi b-naža u fe-d-dirasa. He made me proud (of him) by his success in his studies. — Tāmmer le-wzeh de-mratu be-l-xitab lli Emel. He made his wife proud (of him) by the speech he made.

¶ Eănduø wežhayn to be two-faced

I Ela užeh for the sake of, because of sameztu čla wežhek. I forgave him for your sake.

wežhiyat (f.) favoritism, partiality

Temel (or dar) l-wežhiyat to show favoritism (object not expressed)

wžuh pl. of wžeh

wežžeb v.t. to force, to make wežžbuni baš nxelles le-flus. They made me pay the money.

¶ wežžeb Ela same as wežžeb above wežžed v.t. to prepare, to get ready (lesson, dinner, etc.)

wežžeh l- 1. to face or make (s.th.) face (toward) 2. to direct (e.g. discourse) to

3. to aim at, to point at or toward

wžač v.t. (v.n. wžač) to hurt, to have (a) pain, to ache rasi ka-iwžă ni. My head hurts. -dert r-riyada l-barez u-sebzet dati kollha ka-tewžă Eni. Yesterday I did calisthenics and today my body aches all over.

wžă n.i. wež a pl. -t 1. v.n. of wžă e 2. labor pains fiha le-wžă, qriba tewled. She's having labor pains, she's about to

give birth.

¶ $fih\phi$ le-wžă ξ to have a stomachache

wež a pl. -t n.i. of wžă E

wam state or condition of a pregnant woman during the 2d, 3d or 4th month when she may feel unusual cravings, especially for food kan bagi fiha le-wzam melli weslat mmaha me-l-megrib. She was still in the early stages of her pregnancy when her mother arrived from Morocco.

wz ayel pl. of wez la

werd, b-werd pl. -in see wared

wer da f. of war ed

wezdani pl. -yen 1. solitary, living all alone 2. isolated, solitary

wezdaniya 1. unity, singleness (of God) 2. solitude, state of being alone

wezdin pl. of wazed

wzized 1. dim. of wazed 2. just one, only one Etini gir qlam wrized. Just give me one pencil.

wzel v.i. 1. to be entangled, to get tangled up wezlat l-mešta f-šă zu. The comb got tangled in his hair. 2. to get caught, to get stuck weel l-xatem f-sebe u. The ring got stuck on his finger. 3. to be (caught) in an embarrassing or difficult situation xerržu mul d-dar zit ma-xelles-š le-kra, u-wzel meskin ma-Eref layn imši. The landlord threw him out because he didn't pay the rent, and the poor guy was in a bad situation (because) he didn't know where to go.

wezla pl. -t, wz ayel 1. n.i. of wz el 2. delicate or touchy situation, bind 3. difficulty, prob-

wezš 1. longing, yearning, nostalgia 2. pl. uzuš (ferocious) wild animal, beast 3. pl. wzuš animal, brute (person)

¶ faq l-weغ ڏحla to long, to yearn ≠ faq Elihom l-wezš dyal wladhom. They long to see their children.

wezši pl. -yen 1. wild (animal, person, plant, etc.) 2. bestial, brutish

wzuš pl. of wăzš

wezzed v.t. to unite, to unify

wezzel v.t. 1. to get (s.th.) stuck (e.g., in the mud) 2. to put into an embarrassing or difficult situation

I we $z \in I$ rasu ϕ (f-) to get or become involved or mixed up (in)

wear (v.n. weara) to become difficult, hard weara v.n. of wear

wăEd pl. wEud 1. v.n. of wEăd, waEed 2. promise, vow

** a wă Edi! Oh, no! Oh, my God! (said upon seeing or hearing of some terrible event or thing); What's all this! What the hell's going on here! (said on coming upon some unusual or shocking situation)

** l-wae d din. Promises are debts. ¶xalef wă €du¢ to break one's promise

or word w E i pus

wä E ăr v.t. 1. to make (more) difficult or hard 2. to make or cause to be difficult to deal with (e.g. training a dog to be rough on strangers)

wă E ăr v.t. 1. to get (s.th.) stuck or bogged down 2. to get (s.o.) involved or mixed up

(in s.th.)

X

xa (m.) same as xu

xab ixib v.i. used in certain expr.: xab ? amali fih, or xab denni fih. I'm disappointed in him. —ma-txib-š. It's not bad. It's all right. xaburi pl. -yen 1. light yellow (adj.) 2. pale siftu xaburi. His face looks pale.

xabya pl. xwabi large clay jar (usually for storing food; often glazed)

xad yaxod same as xda

xadir (with art.) Elijah the prophet xadem (f.) pl. xdem (dim. xwidma, xwidem) negro woman servant

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xaf ixaf v.i. to be afraid, to be scared ka-txaf men le-breq. She's afraid of lightning.

Txaf Ela to be afraid for, to worry about ma-txaf-s Ela weldek, rah ma-si b-wezdu. Don't worry about your boy—He isn't alone. xal 1. pl. xwal maternal uncle 2. pl. xilan beauty spot, nevus, mole

¶ weld (or bent) $xalu\phi$ (one's) cousin xala pl. -t maternal aunt (see xal)

xalal (no pl.) disorder, derangement, something wrong Eandu ši-xalal f-Eaqlu. He has some disorder of the mind.—had l-magana fiha ši-xalal. There's something

wrong with this watch.

xaled pl. -in immortal !!ah xaled. God is im-

mortal.

xalef v.t. 1. to cross (s.th. with s.th. else)

ka-iqul-li Eaqli ila xalefti duk s-syufa zsen (or dak s-sif ma l-axor zsen). I think it would be better if you crossed the swords. (as for a wall ornament) 2. to exchange the places of, to change around xalefhom! Change them around! 3. to be contrary, to go against a las ka-txalef klami? Why are you going against what I told you? 4. to contradict ma-txalef-s klami!, or ma-txalefni-s f-le-klam dyali! Don't contradict what I say! 5. to disobey ma-txalef-s awamiri! Don't you disobey my orders! 6. to break, to infringe upon lli ka-ixalef l-qanun ka-imsi l-l-zābs. Whoever breaks the law goes to jail 7. to break, to not keep

** xalef yeddu m a yeddha. He put his arm in hers.

xalef wă Edu. He broke his word.

xalifa pl. xulafa 1. caliph, successor of Mohammed 2. same as xlifa

xaleq (with art.) Creator, God

xales flour (specifically the fine as separated from the coarse)

xalet v.t. to keep company with, to associate with dik l-bent ka-txalet wazed s-selgut. That girl is keeping company with a real inch

xaluţa 1. mess, muddle 2. conglomeration, mixture šnu had l-xaluţa! What's this conglomeration (of food, etc.)!

xamiya pl. xwami curtain, drape (window, door)

xames pl. -in (adj.) fifth xamež a.p. of xmež

xan ixun v.t. (v.n. xiyana) 1. to betray lli ka-ixun bladu ka-ittez kem Elih

be-l-?iEdam. He who betrays his country is sentenced to capital punishment. 2. to be unfaithful to telleq mṛatu Ela wedd xantu. He divorced his wife because she was unfaithful to him.

xareq a.p. of xreq

xarež a.p. of xrež

xarīž outside (of) had s-sdae lli ka-nesmāe xarīž d-dar. The noise I hear is outside the house.

¶ fe-l-xarĭž abroad, overseas

xariži 1. pl. -yen off-campus (i.e., not boarding at the school, primary school) 2. pl. xwarež heretic

xasiya pl. -t characteristic, peculiarity

xasem v.t. 1. to have a quarrel or falling out with 2. to cause to quarrel huwa lli xasemni m ak. He's the one that caused me to quarrel with you.

Txasem Ela to scold, to reprimand xass a.p. of xess

xatima pl. -t 1. conclusion, inference xatimat l-qewl dyali huwa ražel mezyan. The conclusion drawn from what I've said is that he's a good man. 2. end, conclusion fe-l-xatima de-l-qeṣṣa rižal š-soṛṭa lqaw

he s a good man. c that contains a feel-xatima de-l-qessa rižal š-šorja lqaw l-qebd čāl l-mužrim. At the end of the story the police caught the criminal. 3. closing prayer (said after a reading from the Koran)

xatem pl. xwatem (finger-) ring

xater a.p. of xter

xata? pl. ? exta? error, mistake

xatar danger, risk ila bäiti të arred nefsek l-l-xatar, suq b-sorea kbira. If you want to expose yourself to danger, drive at excessive speed.

** ka-ddenn gadi terbez?—fe-l-xatar.

Do you think you'll win ?-I might.

¶ fih ϕ l-xaiar to be dangerous, risky \neq xaieb v.t. to address, to direct oneself to (in speaking)

xafer b- (v.n. mxatra) to risk, to take risks with lli ka-il Eab le-qmer ka-ixater be-flusu. Whoever gambles is risking his money.

 \P xater b-rasu ϕ to expose oneself to danger

xater pl. xwater used in various expr.

** aš-bġa l-xater? or aš-ža Ela xatrek? What would you like? What can I do for you? —b-xatrek! As you wish! Suit yourself! —dir-lu xatru! Let him have his own way! —lli ža Ela xatrek. (Do) Whatever you want (i.e., it makes no difference to me). —wessă Exatrek! Take it easy! Calm down! (as from anger) —xatru diyyeq. He's the irritable type; he's always in a bad mood. —xellih Ela xatru! Let him go ahead and have his own way! —Etini xatrek! Now, simmer down and listen to me!

¶ bqa f-xaṭṛu ϕ 1. to regret, to be sorry (for not doing s.th.) \neq bqa f-xaṭṛi ma-mšit-š l-dik l-mu \subset aḍaṛa. I'm sorry I didn't go to that lecture. 2. to offend, to hurt (feelings) \neq bqa f-xaṭṛi dak le-klam lli

qal-li. What he told me hurt me (deeply).

¶ b-xater, be-l-xater willingly, of one's own accord \(\tilde{a}bbitek\) dži\(b-xater\). I want you to come of your own accord.

¶ diyyeq l-xater l- to irk, to give a pain in the neck to ka-idiyyeq-li xatri. He gives me a pain in the neck.

Twessă ater 1. to console sir wessă ater xtek. Go console your sister. 2. to encourage, to give hope to (s.o.)

¶xda b-xater, or xda be-l-xater to treat with tact or diplomacy, to be tactful or diplomatic with xud b-xaterha! or xudha be-l-xater! Be tactful with her!

¶ Ela xațer because ma-mšit-š ntnezzeh Ela xațer š-šta kanet ka-tțiz. I didn't get out into the country because it was raining.

¶ ξ la xaṭru¢ (to be) in a good mood or humor, cheerful \neq xiyyna ξ la xaṭru l-yum. Our buddy's in a good mood today.

xawa v.t. to sort out (in pairs), to pair, to match (s.th. with its mate) weldek xellet s-shabet dyal d-dyaf, xessek txawihom. Your son has mixed up the guests' shoes; you'll have to sort them out.

xawa brotherhood, friendship

** a l-xawa! polite form of address for getting s.o.'s attention (males only)

xawi a.p. of xwa

xayeb pl. -in 1. bad nta weld xayeb! You're a bad boy! — hā & & ā mennu & la weld raxel xayeb. Stay away from him because he's a bad man. — l- al xayeb & andna hna had l-iyyam. We're having bad

weather here these days. —l-bič u-š-šra xayeb. Business is bad (i.e., I'm not selling very well, etc.). 2. not good, of poor quality, no good had l-qamežža xayba. This shirt is of poor quality.—had l-banana xayba. This banana is no good. 3. ugly dik l-bent siftha xayba. That girl's ugly.

xbabet pl. of xebbata

xbar pl. -at news, tidings

** aš-xbarek? or še-xbarek? How are you? — E ăndu le-xbar. He (already) knows.

¶ bla $xbaru^{\phi}$ without one's knowledge, without informing or telling s.o. $xre\check{z}ti$ bla xbari. You went out without my knowledge.

¶ be-xbaru ϕ (bin), fe-xbaru ϕ (bin) to know that \neq , to be aware that \neq be-xbarek (bin) $\not\in$ ăndna $\not\subset$ ăfla had l-lila. You're aware that we're having a party tonight (aren't you?).

¶redd (or redd) le-xbar Ela to let know, to report to, to give a reply to redd Eliya le-xbar was bbak maži had l-lila wella la. Let me know whether your father is coming tonight or not.

Isaq le-xbar to find out, to know (in perfect) rani seqt le-xbar. I already know. xbarzi pl. ya informer, stool-pigeon

xbat pl. of xbit

xbayii pl. -ya drunkard xbazat pl. of xobz

xebba same as xebba &

xebbar pl. -a informer, stool-pigeon

xebbaš nebbaš pl. xebbašin nebbašin overly curious and noisy person

xebbaša pl. -t rake (tool)

xebbața pl. -t, xbabet 1. beater used in cleaning clothes or rugs, made from a stripped palm branch 2. big hand or foot

xebbaz pl. -a baker and seller of bread

xebbel v.t. 1. to tangle (up) (as thread)
2. to dishevel, to tousle (hair)

xebber same as xber

xebbeš v.t. 1. to scratch (with sharp instrument, etc.) 2. to claw (as a cat or with fingernails)

¶xebbeš nebbeš, ka-ixebbeš w-inebbeš to be overly curious and nosy

xebbă v.t. 1. to hide, to conceal (also metaphorical) 2. to keep xebbă văndek had le-ktab vetta neržă v. Keep this book with you until I return.

¶xebbă € la to keep or hide from (also metaphorical) ka-txebbă € Eliya ši-zaža. You're keeping something from me.

xbit pl. -in, xbat 1. mean, cruel (person, animal) 2. obnoxious (person)

xbit v.n. of xbet

xbiz v.n. of xbez

xbiza dim. of xobza

xber v.t. to tell, to inform, to let know xberthom bin bbahom ža. I informed them that their father has arrived.—xberni fuq-aš ġad-iži! Let me know when he's coming!

xbeš v.t. same as xebbeš 2

** xbeš hna! expr. said (with the hand outstretched, palm up) to one who expects to receive s.th. from the speaker, who has decided not to give it to him, i.e., "Tough luck, kid (you're not going to get it)!"

xebša pl. -t 1. scratch (i.e., the mark left)
2. n.i. of xbeš and xebbeš

xbet (v.n. xbit) 1. v.t. to beat (as a rug or person, with a stick) 2. v.i. to speak incoherently, to talk nonsensically

¶xbetha~ to get drunk xbetha l-bare te-l-lil. He got drunk last night.

¶ xbet & ăl l-lerd (or le-l-lerd) to throw violently to the floor or ground

xbez v.i. (v.n. xbiz) 1. to make bread (i.e., everything but baking) 2. to speak non-sensically 3. to botch things up, to do things carelessly

xobz pl. (of intensity) xbazat bread

xobza pl. -t (dim. xbiza) loaf of bread ** llah vă tik ši-xobza kbira. May God grant you good fortune.

xda vaxod v.t. (v.n. wxid, a.p. waxed, p.p. muxud, impv. xud f. xudi pl. xudu) 1. to take (for oneself) xda ktabi. He's taken my book. -škun lli xda l-ža iza l-luwwla? Who took first prize? - ši-wazed xda-li beztami. Somebody's taken my wallet.

-- jadi naxod hada, I'll take this one.

-xdatu l-mut u-huwa ma-zal sgir. Death took him at an early age. -xdit l-gitar men fas le-d-dar l-bida. I took the train from Fez to Casablanca. —ila griti had le-ktab gadi yaxod-lek wegt fwil. If you read this book it'll take you a long time. -xud meak xak! Take your brother with you! -xud menni war ed n-nasir a! Take a tip from me! 2. to get sir taxod ši-flus men Eănd bhak. Go get some money from your father. 3. to marry xda mra hežžala. He married a widow. 4. to buy, to get mnayn xditi had l-qamižža? Where did you buy this shirt?

** yaxod zăqqna fihom! May God take revenge on them for us!

¶ xda b-yedd to help, to aid, to go to the aid of xud b-yeddi! Help me!

¶ xda sura to take a picture xdat-li sura mEa xaha. She took a picture of me with her brother.

¶ xda t-tar to take revenge xdaw tarhom mennu. They took their revenge on him. -xdit tar xay. I've gotten revenge for my brother.

¶xud(-lek) men such as f-dik l-Zanut kayen lli bģiti, xud-lek men gella, lzăm, xodra, u-sir u-sir. There's anything you want in that store, such as fruit, meat, vegetables, and so forth.

xdadi pl. of xeddiya xdaye& pl. of xdi&a

xedd pl. xdud cheek (of face)

¶ xedd de-l-zit wall, face of the wall xessna ngebbsu had l-xedd de-l-7 it. We have to plaster this wall.

xeddam 1. pl. -in working, occupied in doing work (i.e., employed or busy working) 2. pl. -in auxiliary used similarly to English progressive tense š-šta xeddama ka-ttiz. It's raining. -huwa xeddam ka-yakol.

He's eating. 3. pl. -a worker, laborer

xoddam pl. of xdim

xeddama pl. -t (house) maid

xedda adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a traitor, betraver (of some trust or confidence)

xeddiya pl. -t, xdadi (dim. xdidya, xdidiya) pillow, cushion (sleeping and sitting)

xeddem v.t. 1. to run, to operate (as a machine) 2. to hire, to employ 3. to give work to (person) 4. to use, to make use of xeddem l-zila meah. Use trickery on him. —dima ka-ixeddemni l-garadu. He's

always using me for his own purposes.

-xeddem & aglek! Use your head! xdidiya, xdidya dim. of xeddiya

xdim pl. xoddam one who voluntarily cares for a zawva

xdima pl. -t dim, of xedma

ع v.n. of xdă xdie a pl. -t, xdaye betrayal, treachery

xdem 1, v.i, to work, to labor 2. v.t. to work on, to try to persuade xedmu-li baš ibi ?-li siyartu b-taman rxis. Work on him for me so he'll sell me his car cheap, 3. v.t. to make Zăbbitek texdem-li ši-bezțam mezyan. 1 want you to make me a nice wallet, 4, v.i. to work, to run, to be operable (as a machine) 5. v.i. to run, to be on (machine, radio)

xdem pl. of xadem

xedma pl. -t (dim. xdima) 1. work, employment 2. job, profession 3. job, task 4. workmanship xedma mezyana hadi. This is good workmanship.

** had r-radyu xdemtu qbiza. This radio doesn't work right.

xdud pl. of xedd

xdă v.t. (v.n. xdi) 1. to betray (country, friend) 2. to lure (by deception)

xda perfidy, faithlessness

unfaithfully, perfidiously ع *b-le-xdă* xdar v.i. to get or turn green xdari pl. of xedra, xodra

xeddar pl. -a vegetable merchant

xedder v.t. 1. to make green (er) (as rain a desert, pigment in paint) 2. to use vegetables with (a meal) b-aš gadi txedder l-lr ăm had n-nhar? What vegetables are you going to use with the meat today?

** ana ġadi-nxeḍḍer ¿ayniya. I'm going out to take in some of Nature's greenery

(as a drive in the country).

xder f. xedra pl. xuder 1. green ka-nzebb le-Eyun l-xuder. 1 like green eyes.

-t-teffaz le-xder ka-iderr l-kerš. Green apples upset the stomach. 2. raw, underdone (meat)

xedra, xodra (sg. and coll.) pl. xdari vegetable (pl. refers to a variety)

xdura, xduriya 1. green (ness) (color)

greenery, verdure

xfa ixfa v.i. to disappear, to be gone (somewhere) fayn xfiti Elina? Where did you disappear to (from us)?

 $\prod ma-xfa-s$ $\mathcal{E}la$ to know, to be aware ma-ka-ixfa-š or ma-xfa-š Elik bi?annahu ražel mrid u-šibani. You're aware that he's a sick old man.

xfa ixfi v.t. to hide, to conceal (as information)

xfaf v.i. 1. to get or become light(er), to lose
weight (things, not persons) 2. to be fast
(watch, clock)

** xfaf šă ru. His hair has thinned out.
--xfaf z ăqlu. He's become eccentric, senile,
mentally disturbed.

xfaf pl. of xfif

xeff 1. comp. of xfif 2. quickness

¶ be-l-xeff quickly be-l-xeff! Make it fast! Hurry up!

xoff pl. xfuf type of under-slipper of thin, soft leather (morocco) worn inside of the belga xeffa rapidity, quickness

¶ be-l-xeffa quickly, fast, in a hurry

If hh l-xeffa 1. to do things always in a rush \neq 2. to be fast (clock) \neq maganti fiha seb ϵ a de-d-dqayeq de-l-xeffa. My watch is seven minutes fast.

xeffef v.t. 1. to lighten, to make light(er) (in weight) 2. to thin (as hair, soup) 3. to reduce, to lessen (pain) had d-dwa xeffef Eliya le-zriq. This medicine had reduced my pain.

¶ xeffef le-zmel ≥la to lighten (s.o.'s)

load (also figurative)

xfif pl. xfaf (comp. xeff) 1. light (in weight; also used with foods) 2. fast, speedy (as a runner) 3. having the quality of doing things without delay; on the ball 4. light-minded, not serious (when one should be)

** xfif f-Căqlu. He's eccentric, senile, mentally disturbed. —yeddih xfifa. He gets somewhat light-fingered at times (i.e., he steals things).

xfif lead (metal)

** n.u. -a bullet, slug

xfuf pl. of xoff

xefya used in the expr. be-l-xefya secretly, on the sly

xiba pl. -t disappointment, disillusionment xil pl. of Eawd (sometimes syntactically treated as f. sg.)

xilaf pl. -at 1. disagreement, difference (of

opinion), falling out 2. quarrel

¶ b-xilaf in contrast to had l-werqa bida u-hadi b-xilafha ke la. This piece of paper is white, and this one, in contrast to it, is black.

xilafa caliphate

xilan pl. of xal 2

xima pl. -t, xyam, xyem tent

** huwa ražel xima. He's a generous man.

xir pl. -at good, goodness (used principally in set expr.)

** fih l-xir lilek. It'll do you good. It's for your own good. —nxeržu? fiha xir. Shall we leave? All right. —tebqa Ela xir or

xellitek Ela xir. Good-by (expecting to meet again sometime). — Emelti l-xir f-rasek lli xrežti. You did well by leaving

(i.e., you didn't miss a thing).

¶ bi-xir or bi-xir u-Ela xir 1. well, fine, in good health kif zalek?—bi-xir u-Ela xir. How are you?—Fine. 2. safely, safe and sound rža E bi-xir u-Ela xir men

l-čážž. He returned safe and sound from

the pilgrimage.

¶l-xir u-le-xmir wealth žarna čăndu l-xir u-le-xmir. Our neighbor is wealthy (i.e., has wealth).

¶ men l-xir lli it is fortunate that, thank heavens men l-xir lli žiti fe-l-weqt. Thank

heavens you came on time.

¶ nker l-xir to be ungrateful, an ingrate ¶ šker l-xir to be appreciative, grateful ¶ xir l- it's better that ≠, (you, etc.) had better . . . (in sense of warning) ≠ xir-lek temši wella ižiw i čābbiwek be-z-zez. You'd better go or they'll come and take you by force.

¶ xir llah, xir rebbi 1. a long time hadi xir llah ma-šeftek. I haven't seen you for a long time. 2. a lot, a great deal ¿ăndha xir llah d-le-flus. She has a lot of money.

¶ xir men better than had t-teffa a xir men hadi. This apple is better than that one.

Temel xir f- to do a favor for Emel fiya wazed l-xir llah ixellik. Do me a favor, please.

¶ ξ ăndu ϕ xi γ men to prefer \neq hadi ξ ăndi xi γ men hadik. I prefer this one to that one.

xiš 1. burlap 2. (coll.) burlap sacks

xit dim. of xet, oxt xit pl. xyut thread (a strand as well as in

general)
¶ xit de-s-suf (wool) yarn

xitab pl. -at speech, discourse, oration xiyana v.n. of xan

xiyyi (inh. pos.) 1. dim. of xay, xuya 2. guy, individual (often pejorative) šuf dak xiyyi š-ka-yă mel! Look at what that guy is doing!

xiyyem v.i. 1. to go camping, to camp 2. to bivouac

xizrana pl. -t 1. bamboo stick 2. bamboo cane or walking stick

xizzu n.u. -ya (no art.) carrot

xla ixla v.i. to empty, to become empty, deserted (of people)

¶ xla dar bu (plus pron. or n.) to beat up (s.o.) xlaw dar buh. They beat him up. xla ixli v.t. used in set expr. !!ah ixli darek! (or dar buk!) May God desolate your house! (strong insult) —xla darek! Now you're in for it! (i.e., in trouble)

¶ xla f- to fire on, to shoot at xlaw fe-l-&ădyan. They fired on the enemy.

¶ xlaha~ Ela to ruin (s.o.)

xla pl. -wat wilderness, country (in contrast to populated area)

** imši le-xla dar buh! He can go to hell!

-a-xla dari! Oh, my gosh! Oh, no!

xlaq v.i. (v.n. xluq) to be born fayn xlaqiti?
Where were you born?

xlas 1. v.n. of xelles and txelles 2. pay, salary (regular or occasional) 3. afterbirth,

placenta

** xlas! Stop it! That's enough (of that)!

-xlas men l-hedra! Let's stop the talk!

That's enough talking! -xlas Ela wazed
l-filem šeft l-barez! Man, what a terrific
movie I saw yesterday!

xlaxel pl. of xelxal, xolxal

xlayef pl. of xlifa

xlayeq pl. of xliqa

xlef v.t. (v.n. xlif) 1. to replace, to succeed (as in office) 2. to replace, to give in exchange

** !!ah ixlef Elik! May God reward you (for helping me). Thank you (for some monetary gift).

xelfa pl. -t step, pace xellef reb a de-l-xelfat l-l-qeddam! Take four steps forward!

¶ zad xelfa to go away, to leave

** zid xelfa! Scram! Beat it!

xelfan, xolfan pl. of xlifa xlif v.n. of xlef

xlifa pl. xlayef, xelfan, xolfan 1. administrator of a city district 2. lieutenant, viceofficial (i.e., acting for one's superior at times)

xliq v.n. of xleq

xliga pl. xlayeg creature

** Ela xliqa! Boy, you're (he's, she's) a queer duck!—xliqa de-l-eilah (or de-llah). said upon seeing a congenitally deformed person

** mezyana fe-xliqt !!ah. She's good-look-

xell vinegar

xella v.t. 1. to leave xellit ktabi fe-d-dar.

I left my book home. —xellawni b-wezdi.
They left me alone. —xelli r-radyu meščul.
Leave the radio on. 2. to let, to allow xellini nemši mčah! Let me go with him!

** ma-xella fayn mša. He's been everywhere. —ma-xella ma dar baš idzuwwež biha. He's done everything he could to marry her. —ka-ixelli b-režlu. He limps. —ma-£tani la-yeddik wa-la ixellik. He didn't give me a thing. —ma-ixelli-lek gana. He won't give you a minute's peace.

¶ !!ah ixellik please !!ah ixellik sellefni ši-flus. Please loan me some money. ¶ ma-xellaha~ f- to get even with, to get (s.o.) wellah ma-nxelliha fik! I'll get even with you! I'll get you yet!

¶xella fiha~ to pull a boner (and so miss out of s.th.) wellahila xelliti fiha mnin ma-žiti-š čăndna l-barez. You really pulled a boner in not coming to our place

yesterday.
¶ xella Elih^{\$\phi\$} to leave alone xelliha Elik!
Leave her alone! (stop bothering her)

xelled v.t. to immortalize (as in literature)
xellef v.i. 1. to walk (particularly the action
of walking) ma-txellef-š bezzaf! Don't
walk so fast! 2. to walk faster, to quicken
the step

Txellef Ela 1. to step over xellef Eăl l-kelb! Step over the dog! 2. to step on ma-xelleft-š Eliha be-l-Eani. I didn't mean

to step on her.

xelles (v.n. xlas) 1. v.t. to pay xellesni wella ndEik! Pay me or I'll sue you! —xellesni f-dak r-rebEin derhem lli ka-nsalek. Pay me the forty dirhams you owe me. 2. v.i. to have a baby, to give birth

¶xelles l- to buy for (s.o.) xellesha-li!

Buy it for me!

¶xelles men to take or get away from xellesni mennha! Get her away from me! xellet v.t. to mix (up) la-txellet-š le-byed m a le-k al! Don't mix the white with the black! —xellet had s-sbaga lili! Mix this paint for me! —ma-txellet had le-waq! Don't mix these cards up!

Txellet bin to sow discord or cause trouble between or among huwa ka-ixellet bin n-nas dima. He's always causing trouble among people.

xellă v.t. to prepare as xli (kind of preserved meat) xellă na žmel. We've prepared some camel meat as xli .

xleq v.t. (v.n. xliq) to create (usually God)

¶ p.p. mexluq pl. -at creature

xelq (sg. m. or pl.) people šuf šzal de-l-xelq temma! Look at all the people over there!

xlet Ela 1. to join xlet Eliya mnin tsali be-l-xedma. Join me when you finish work.

2. to come and see xlet Eliya gedda le-d-dar. Come and see me tomorrow at

le-d-dar. Come and see me tomorrow a home.

xolta association, relationship l-xolta

de-s-skayriya ma-ši mezyana. Association with drunkards is not good.

xluq v.n. of xlaq

¶ Ema (Ewer, treš, etc.) xluq congenitally blind (one-eyed, deaf, etc.)

xelwa pl. -t solitary place, lonely spot

xelwi pl. -yen 1. wild (in contrast to domestic or tame; almost exclusively said of pigeons) 2. solitary, keeping to oneself 3. solitary, lone, out-of-the-way (place) xelxal, xolxal pl. xlaxel 1. anklet, ankle ornament (usually of silver) 2, stocking (on horse's foot)

xelxel v.t. to shake (a bottle)

¶xelxel Egel (with pron. or n.) to drive (s.o.) crazy (usually not in literal sense)

xla v.t. (v.n. xli) 1. to scare, to frighten txebbă E-li xay mur l-bab u-xlă Eni mnin dxelt. My brother hid behind the door and scared me when I came in. 2. to take off (clothes) 3. to fire, to dismiss (especially from government job)

xel&a scare, fright

I taret xel a men to be scared or frightened + taret xel a men d-derri mnin tkellem r-r? ad, The child was frightened when it thundered.

I tivyer xel a men to scare, to frighten tiyyerti menni xel ¿a! You frightened me!

exmas pl. of xumus

xmasi 1. pl. of xemsa 2. pl. -yen composed of five elements (angles, divisions, etc.) n-nežma l-megribiya xmasiya. The Moroccan star has five points.

xmasiya pl. -t five-shot rifle

xmaž v.i. to rot, to decay (usually food, tooth,

** xmaž be-l-mal. He's filthy rich.

xmaž rot, decay, putrefaction (decayed matter as well as the process)

xmed v.i. (v.n. xmid) 1. to become calm, to calm down (as a volcano, fire, pain) 2. to take a nap or a snooze 3. to sleep (usually from fatigue, sickness, etc.) 4. to remain quiet and inconspicuous (person)

xemda n.i. of xmed

xmid v.n. of xmed xmir v.n. of xmer

** & ăndu l-xir u-le-xmir. He's quite

xmira leaven (for baking and making soup) xmis pl. -at (with art.) Thursday

¶ nhar le-xmis (on) Thursday

xmisa dim. of xemsa xemm used in the expr.:

¶ šmač l-xemm beeswax

¶ šma Ea de-l-xemm candle of beeswax

¶ 7 mer xemm a kind of brown color (similar to the color of honeycomb)

xommagi pl. -yen rustic, bumpkin

xemmar adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a (one) who drinks (alcoholic beverages)

xemmas pl. -a sharecropper (sharing a fifth of the crop)

xemmel v.t. 1. to clean (up) xessni nxemmel biti l-yum. I have to clean my room up today. 2. to clean out (the sludge and deposit in a well, ditch, etc.) gadi-nxemmlu had l-bir gedda. We're going to clean out this well tomorrow. 3. to clear, to clear out (a room)

xemmem (f-) to think (about, of), to reflect (on) men qbel-ma džaweb, xemmem. Think before you answer.

xemmer v.t. 1. to let rise (bread before baking) 2. to make, let, or cause to ferment xemmer v.i. to drink (alcoholic beverages) xemmež v.t. to make, let, or cause to rot, spoil or decay

** bă E ăd menni wella nxemmež-lek wežhek! Get away from me or I'll bash your face in!

xmer v.i. (v.n. xmir) 1. to rise (bread before baking) 2. to ferment

** xmer fe-n-n as l-barez fe-l-lil. He slept soundly last night.

xemri, xomri pl. -yen brown-skinned (person) xems, xemsa (former used with pl. of n. admitting du.) five Etini xemsa de-d-drahem. Give me five dirhams. -weldi ş-şģir

Eăndu xems snin. My son is five years old. ¶l-xemsa u-xemsin 1. Moroccan Royal Orchestra 2. type of Moroccan music based on Andalusian form

xemsa pl. -t, xmasi (dim. xmisa) piece of jewelry in shape of a hand worn as a protection against the "evil eye"

** Etani be-l-xemsa. He raised his hand (with fingers spread) to protect himself from me (as if I had the "evil eye").

xemsin 1. fifty 2. fiftieth

xmestaš 1. fifteen 2. fifteenth

xmež same as xmaž

¶ a.p. xamež pl. -in rotten, spoiled, decaved

** huwa xamež be-l-mal. He's filthy rich. xnadeq pl. of xendeq

xnafer pl. of xenfra

xnafes pl. of xenfusa (n.p. of xenfus)

xnag pl. -at necklace

xnaši pl. of xenša

xnašeš pl. of xenšuš

xnat state of being spoiled or in habitual comfort and ease (usually a wife)

¶ weld le-xnat spoiled boy

xnayen pl. of xnuna

xnazer pl. of xenzir

xnažer pl. of xenžar

xendeq v.i. to become badly infected (wound)

xendeq pl. xnadeq 1. trench (warfare) 2. moat 3. temporary opening made in a sewer conduit (by digging; used for access in case of sewer trouble)

xenfra pl. xnafer (dim. xnifra) 1. muzzle, nose (dog, horse, etc.) 2. snout (as a pig) xenfes v.i. 1. to sign one's xenfusa (notary)

2. to scribble or make scribblings

xenfus n.u. -a pl. xenfusat, xnafes dung-beetle, scarab

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xenfusa pl. -t a notary's special signature
xnifra dim. of xenfra
xnig, xniq v.n. of xneg, xneq
xniša dim. of xenša
xennet v.t. to spoil (a child, etc.)
xennez v.t. to make or cause to stink
    ¶ xennezha~ Ela to make trouble for
  (s.o.)
xneg, xneq v.t. (v.n. xnig, xniq) 1. to strangle,
  to choke 2. to smother (person) 3. to block
  (up), to choke (chimney, sewer, etc.)
xenqațira same as xentaqira
xenša pl. xnaši (dim. xniša) 1. bag, sack
  2. dolt, idiot
    ¶ xenša de-l-xeyš burlap bag
xenšuš pl. xnašeš face (pejorative and com-
  plimentary) Ela xenšuš! What a beautiful
  (or horrible) face!
    ** derreq Eliya xenšušek! Get out of
  here! Scram!
xnet v.i. to become or be spoiled (person)
xentaqira pl. -t 1. trick (sleight of hand)
  2. game played with a string and the hands
  (as cat's cradle)
xnuna pl. -t (of intensity) xnayen mucus,
xnuzat pl. of xenz, xnez
xnuziva same as xenz, xnez
xenxer v.i. 1. to snore (mostly animals) 2. to
  snarl with a snoring sound (as in frighten-
  ing children)
xnez v.i. to stink, to give off an offensive odor
xenz, xnez pl. (of intensity) xnuzat stench,
  offensive odor
    ¶ xenz d-denva money
xenzir pl. xnazer; f. xenzira pl. -t 1. pig, hog
  2. scrofula
xenžar, xenžer pl. xnažer curved dagger
xra pl. (of intensity) -wat feces, excrement
   (vulgar)
xra, oxra f. of axor
xrab ruins (usually in non-historic sense)
xrafa pl. -t, xrayef 1. story, tale, legend, myth
   Eawwed-Ina xrafa! Tell us a story!
  2. (pl.) lie, fib, fish story
xragi pl. of xorga
xraqi pl. of xerqa
xrareb, xrareb pl. of xerruba, xerruba
xras, xrasi pl. of xorsa, xersa
xrašeš pl. of xoršaša
xrați pl. of xerța
xratem pl, of xertum
xraxeš pl. of xerxaša
xraycf pl. of xrafa
xrayfi pl. -ya teller of "tall" tales
xreb v.t. to destroy, to ruin (God)
xreb pl. of xerba
xerba pl. -t, xreb 1. building in ruins 2. pan-
  try, food cellar
xerbeq v.i. 1. to talk nonsense 2. to scribble,
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to make scribblings 3. to do things all wrong, to mess things up ¶ xerbeq f- to fool or mess around with ma-txerbeq-š fe-r-radyu! Don't mess around with the radio! xerbeš v.t. to scratch (with fingernails or sharp instrument) xorda 1. second-hand goods (usually clothes) 2. pl. -t second-hand store (usually for clothes) 3. a lot (of) šrat xorda d-le-ktub. She bought a lot of books, xerdel v.i. to talk nonsense xref v.i. to get old, to become aged (person) xerfan pl. of xruf xreg v.t. (v.n. xrig) 1. to slash (with a knife) 2. to pierce, to go through xorga pl. -t, xragi 1. slash, cut 2. n.i. of xreg 2 3. hole (left when s.th. goes through s.th., as a bullet, knife) xrif autumn, fall xrifi pl. -yen of or pertaining to autumn, autumnal xrig v.n. of xreg \$rin, oxrin pl. of axor xrisa dim. of xorsa, xersa xrit v.t. of xret xriz v.n. of xrez xermez (f-) to scribble, to make scribblings xreq 1. same as xreg 2. to violate (law, border) I a.p. xareq pl. -in used in the expr. xareq 1-Eada extraordinary, unusual xerqa 1. pl. -t, xraqi physical condition (usually of babies) mnin ttewled kanet xerqtu dčifa. When he was born his physical condition was weak. 2. pl. xraqi, xruq type of white cloth used in wrapping babies 3. pl. xraqi, xruq piece of cloth, cloth xerqum curcuma xerrab adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a destructive person, vandal xerraf adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a same as xrayfi xorrag pl. -a country bumpkin, rustic xerrat pl. -a lathe operator xerraz pl. -a 1. maker and seller of blaği 2. shoemaker xerraža pl. -t (back or side) exit, way out (other than main door) xerreb v.t. 1. to destroy, to ruin 2. to devastate, to lay waste to xerref v.t. 1. to glean (vineyard, etc.) 2. to tell stories (false or true) xerres v.t. to make into the shape of a ring xerrub, xerrub n.u. -a pl. xrareb, xrareb 1. carob tree, locust 2. carob bean xerrubi, xerrubi pl. -yen shade of dark brown xerrež v.t. 1. to make leave or go out, to expel (s.o. from room, city, etc.) 2. to put out, to take outside 3. to omit, to leave out, to

discard 4. to extract, to get out mnin ka-ișeffiw l-bițrul ka-ixerržu mennu Eadad dyal l-eenwa E. When they refine oil they extract many products. - xerrež l-feršiva men r-rduma! Get the cork out of the bottle! 5. to issue, to send out gedda 1-7 ukuma ġadi-txerrež ši-qarar. Tomorrow the government will issue a decree. 6. to lead, to conduct, to take had t-trig txerržek

l-le-mdina. This road will take you to town. 7. to fire, to discharge (a shot, bullet) 8, to solve, to find the answer to (mathematical problem) 9. to provide a profit for had le-ktab b-xemsa de-d-drahem ixerrežni. I'll settle for five dirhams for this book (I'm selling). 10. v.i. to have or offer a way out, to have an exit had d-derb ma-ixerrež-š. This little street has a dead end.

¶ xerrež le-d-dlala to put up for auction xerržu le-mta E dyalhom le-d-dlala.

They've put their possessions up for auction.

¶ xerrež s-solka 1. to finish one's study and memorization of the Koran 2, to recite the entire Koran (from memory)

xres 1. pl. of xorsa, xersa 2. f. xersa pl. xersin, xures mute, dumb

xorsa, xersa pl. -t, xres, xros, xras, xrasi

(dim. xrisa) 1. ring (nose, ear, any ringshaped object) 2. door-knocker (not necessarily ring-shaped) 3. link (chain)

xoršaša pl. -t, xrašeš 1. rattle (toy) 2. rattletrap (old car, etc.)

xeršuf n.u. -a artichoke stalk (used in cook-

xret v.t. (v.n. xrit) to turn (on a lathe)

xerta pl. xrati 1. design cut into the wood by turning on a lathe 2. stripe, striation (design, grain in wood, etc.)

xortal oats, oatmeal

xertum pl. xratem trunk (elephant)

xruf pl. xerfan, f. xrufa pl. -t lamb

xruq pl. of xerga 2 and 3

xrus pl. of xersa, xorsa

xruž v.n. of xrež

xerwa n.u. -a castor-oil plant

¶zit l-xerwa € castor oil

xerxaša pl. -t, xraxeš any old broken-down machine that still works (as an old car)

xerxer v.i. 1. to rattle (s.th. loose) 2. to make a clanking noise (as pieces of iron, an old machine) 3. to make a boiling or gurgling sound (water, etc.) 4. to make a snoring sound (person)

xrez v.t. (v.n. xriz) to sew, to stitch (leatherwork)

xrež ixrož v.i. (v.n. xruž) 1. to leave, to go out of Ead kif xrež men d-dar. He just left the house. -yemmaha qalet-lha texrož men l-bit. Her mother told her to leave the

room. 2. to come out of, to come from kan l-ma ka-ixrož men dik l-čăvn be-l-zăga tteqtă. Water used to come out of this spring but it has stopped. -ma-dennit-s ixrož mennha dak š-ši. I never thought such a thing would come from her. -xeržu n-nžum wella ma-zal? Have the stars come out yet? 3. to break out xeržu-lu le-7 bub f-wežhu. Sores broke out on bis face. 4. to end (month, long holidays) mnin ixrož had š-šher nxellsek. I'll pay you when this month ends.

** xeržu čăynih mnin šaf dik l-bent. His eyes popped out when he saw that girl. —xrož وliya! Get out of here (i.e., leave the room, house, etc.)!

¶*xrež f-* 1. to win out over (in some competition, fight) 2. to come upon by surprise, to take by surprise (i.e., encounter) ana maši fe-l-lil u-žuž de-r-ržal xeržu fiva. I was walking last night and a couple of men took me by surprise. 3. to run into kan xeşşu yewqef be-l-zăqq xrež fiya. He should have stopped but he ran into me (driving cars).

Txrež Ela (s.o.) 1. to let (s.o.) down 2. to break (law, one's word) 3. to leave, to go off (of) t-tumubil xeržet Eal t-triq. The car went off the road.

** xrež čăl ţ-ţriq. He's left the straight

and narrow (path).

Txrež Ela Eăqluø to go crazy (lit. and metaphorical)

Ta.p. xarež pl. -in projecting, protruding keršu xarža. He has a protruding stomach. ** ana xarež men had š-ši. I wipe my hands of the whole affair. - ¿ăqlu xarež

Eăl l-musiga l-andalusiva. He's crazy about Andalusian music.

xerža pl. -t 1. n.i. of xrež 2. exit (act of leav-

xsa ixsi v.t. to castrate (sheep, cattle)

xsali pl. of xesla 3 and 4 xsam same as xsuma

xsara pl. -t, xsayer 1. v.n. of xser 2. used in certain expr.: xsara! or ya xsara! That's too bad! -xsartha ¿awra. Too bad she's only got one eye. - med, xsara fih dik le-flus. What a pity Ahmed has all that

money. xsas pl. of xsis xsayel pl. of xesla xsayem pl. of xsuma xsayer pl. of xsara xesb fertility (land) xesba (?eṛḍ) fertile (land)

xsim pl. xoşman adversary, opponent

xsir v.n. of xser

xsis pl. -in, xsas (comp. xess) base, mean, not

xsisa dim. of xessa

xesla 1. pl. xsayel dirty trick 2. pl. xsayel clumsy act (e.g., knocking over a glass) 3. pl. -t, xsali forelock 4. pl. -t, xsali any tuft or lock of hair

xosman pl. of xsim

xser (v.n. xsir, xsara, xosran) 1. v.t. to lose (a game, money in a game) 2. v.i. to fail (exam) was xserti f-le-mtizan? Did you fail (in) the exam? 3. v.t. to squander (money, time) 4. v.i. to spoil (food) 5. v.i. to become inoperable or out of order, to not work or run ma-imken-li-s nwesslek Ela wedd-as t-tumubil dyali xesret. I can't take you because my car isn't running. 6. v.i. to be unsuccessful, to not work out (as plans)

** !-!ba & dyalu xser. He's gotten awfully hard to get along with.

xoşran v.n. of xser

xess 1. v.i. to be lacking or missing xess ktab hnaya. There's a book missing here. 2. v.t. to have to, should, must \notin (used in perfect or durative tense, with pron. object endings) xessni (or ka-ixessni) nemši le-d-dar. I have to go home. —kan xessni (or kan ka-ixessni) nekteb-lha. I should have written her (but I didn't). 3. to need (i.e., to be necessary for one to have; same

** ma-xeṣṣ-šay. I (he, she, etc.) don't need anything at all; It was all right (e.g., when asked how the party was). —ma-xeṣs babah ġir le-¿ṣa. What he needs is a good licking.

syntax as in 2 above) xessni tumubil. I

¶ ma-xess-šay men to need \neq , to have to have \neq ma-xessek-šay men le-flus. You'll have to have money.

¶ a.p. xaşş pl. -in special

Ta.p. xaşş (b-) pl. -in (to be) about, to concern had le-ktab xaşş be-l-mirikan. This book is about Americans.

¶ l-xass u-l-Eamm everybody, the public xess comp. of xsis

xess n.u. -a lettuce

xses pl. of xessa

need a car.

xessa pl. -t, xses (dim. xsisa) fountain (with water spout)

xesser v.t. 1. to make or cause to lose (a game, etc.) huwa lli xesserna l-matš. He's the one that lost us the game. 2. to fail, to make or cause to fail (exam, subject) le-zsab huwa lli xesserni f-le-mtizan. The mathematical part is what made me fail the exam. 3. to render inoperable, to treat (s.th.) so that it does not run or work anymore, to break bya ka-xewwer fe-r-radyuzetta xessyu. He kept messing around with the radio until he broke it. 4. to cause to he

lost through a miscarriage, abortion (baby; can be used for domestic mammals)

Txesser bin to cause discord among or between

¶ xesser l- to dissuade, to talk (s.o.) out of (s.th.) xesser-lha fe-s-sfer. He talked her out of the trip.

¶ xesser l-xater l- to upset (by going against one's desires) xesserti-lu xatru. You've upset him (by not doing what he wanted).

¶ xeşşer wežhu ϕ to make a face \mathcal{E} laš ka-txeşser wežhek fiya? Why are you making a face at me?

Tresser le-wžeh dyal (s.o.) to ruin the reputation of (s.o.)

xesses v.t. 1. to reserve xessest-lkom had l-mazăll. I've reserved this place for you.
2. to devote, to consecrate xesses weqtu kollu le-s-sla. He's devoted all his time to

xṣuma pl. xsayem quarrel, dispute, disagreement

xšan v.i. 1. to gain weight, to get fat 2. to become rough, to lose softness (as cloth) 3. to acquire an unpleasant appearance, to be in poor taste (e.g. clothing) 4. to become rude and coarse (manners)

xšan pl. of xšin

prayer.

xšana same as xšuna, xšuniya

xšaša pl. -t small piece of wood, leaf, straw, etc.

xšeh n.u. xešha 1. wood (dressed) 2. beam, board, plank, piece of wood, etc. 3. pole (utility, telephone)

xšin pl. xšan 1. rude, coarse, rough (manners, cloth, wood, etc.) 2. heavy, fat (person, animal)

xšuna, xšuniya 1. rudeness, coarseness, roughness (manners, cloth, wood, etc.) 2. heaviness, obesity 3. in poor taste, awkward, having an unpleasant appearance

xešxaša pl. -t same as xerxaša

xešxeš v.i. to crackle, to crunch (as dried leaves)

xet, oxt pl. xwatat (dim. xit) 1. sister 2. exactly like, same as (with f. n.) darna xet darkom. Our house is exactly like yours.

—kan Eăndi xetha tamamen l-bare . I had one just like it yesterday.

xtaber v.t. 1. to test, to put to the test 2. to examine, to give an exam or test to

xtam v.n. of xtem

xtana pl. -t, xtayen 1. v.n. of xetten 2. circumcision

xtar v.t. to choose, to elect, to select xtare v.t. (v.n. xtira) 1. to invent 2. to make up, to imagine

xtaser v.t. 1. to make short, to make brief or

concise (one's words) 2. to summarize, to give a resume of

¶ xtaser t-triq to take a shortcut xtayen pl. of xtana

xtim v.n. of xtem

xtir v.n. of xter

xtira E pl. -at 1. v.n. of xtare E 2. invention xtisar v.n. of xtaser

I b-le-xtisar briefly, in short

xtem v.t. (v.n. xtim, xtam) 1. to seal (with a signet ring) 2. to finish, to end, to complete

¶xtem s-solka 1. to complete one's study and memorization of the Koran 2. to finish reading a group of verses called solka, to terminate a passage of the Koran (as at a grave)

xetma pl. -t 1. n.i. of xtem 2. completion (of one's memorization of the Koran)

xter v.i. (v.n. xtir) to get or become thick (er), to thicken (liquid)

¶ a.p. xater pl. -in 1. thick (liquid) 2. unwatered, undiluted (usually potable liquids) xetten v.t. (v.n. xtana) to circumcise

xetter v.t. to thicken, to make thick(er) (liquid)

xte? same as xta ixta 3

xta ixta 1. v.t. to miss (a target) 2. v.t. to lose (as money in a game) 3. (also xte?) v.i. to make a mistake, to err

** ma-ixta-š men d-dar daba. He should be home now. —lļah ma-xtani maži. I'll come for sure. —ma-xtani-š mennha. I can't get along without her. —xtat slatek. Your prayer is unacceptable. —xatini. It doesn't concern me.

¶ma-xṭa, la-xṭa except, but koll-ši ža ma-xṭa med. Everyone came except Ahmed.

¶ma-xtah\$\phi\$-\$\tilde{s}\$ expresses some assurance or definiteness about a statement ma-xtahom-\$\tilde{s}\$ ikunu mu\tilde{z}udin. I'm sure there must be some.

¶ xta f- to fail (an exam, course)
ixti v.t. to not speak to, to ignore (s.e.

xta ixti v.t. to not speak to, to ignore (s.o., from anger, etc.)

¶ xta f- to swear or curse at

¶xta Ela to leave alone, to stop bothering xtini Elik! Leave me alone!

¶ wellahi ma-xtah^{\$\phi\$} emphasizes the determination to do s.th., etc. we-llahi ma-xtani ġadi! I don't care what anyone says, I'm going anyway!

xta (m., no pl.) (spoken) insult, cursing

Imerra fe-xta (with durative tenses) once in a (great) while

extae pl. of xatae

xṭaṛ (no pl.) bet, wager

** b-le-xtar? You want to bet? (also in less literal sense as in English)
xtawi pl. of xetwa

xteb 1. v.t. to ask for (one's) hand in marriage xtebtha men waldiha. I asked her parents for her hand in marriage. 2. v.i. to speak, to give a speech, to discourse 3. v.i. to preach, to give a sermon

xotba pl. -t 1. n.i. of xteb 2. speech, discourse,

oration 3. sermon

xtef v.t. (v.n. xtif) 1. to snatch or grab away ma-Etitu-lha-š, xetfettu menni. I didn't give it to her, she grabbed it away from me. 2. to swipe, to steal

¶ xtef t-triq to take a shortcut

xetfa pl. -t n.i. of xtef

** hadi l-xetfa hadi! This is highway robbery (i.e., too much to pay)!

¶ be-l-xetfa rapidly, fast
xtib pl. xutaba preacher, speaker (in mosque)
xtif v.n. of xtef

xtiya pl. -t 1. loss (financial) Emelt wazed le-xtiya kbira. I took a big loss (in selling s.th.). 2. fine (monetary punishment)

** had š-ši ma-fih hi le-xtiya. It's just a

waste of time and money.

¶ b-le-xṭiya at a loss, with a loss ba\{\infty}tha b-le-xṭiya. I sold it at a loss.

xter v.i. (v.n. xetran) used with bal in certain expr.

¶xter Ela bal to occur to ma-xter-š Ela bali. It didn't occur to me.

¶ x_{ter} f-balu ϕ to think possible \neq waš ixter f-balek be-lli rbez had le-flus

kollhom? Would you think it possible that he earned all that money?

xefra du. xtertayn, xtertin pl. xefrat time mšit le-s-sinima tlata de-l-xefrat had l-eesbu . I've been to the movies three times this week.

xetran v.n. of xter

xett pl. xiut 1. handwriting, hand & andek xett mezyan. You have a nice hand. 2. line setter wazed l-xett tezt le-klam. Draw a line under the words.—ma-teqta e-š l-xett le-byed. Don't cross over the white line. 3. furrow (plowed ground)

¶ dreb l-xett l- to tell (one's) fortune mša l-&ăndha baš ddreb-lu l-xett. He went to her to have her tell his fortune.

¶ drib l-xett fortunetelling

¶ derrab l-xett fortune teller

¶ xett l-yedd signature

¶ xett žewwi air route ¶ xtut žewwiya airlines

xetta v.t. 1. to make or cause to lose xettani fusi. He made me lose my money.

-xettatni fe-l-la Eb. She made me lose the game. 2. to make or cause to miss xettawni t-tran. They made me miss the train.

xettab pl. -a person given the charge of asking a girl's hand in marriage, marriage broker xettaf pl. -a thief (particularly one who xwa (m., no pl.) (dangerous) hole or pit ¶ le-xwa l-xawi nonsense snatches or swipes things) xettat 1. pl. -a professional calligrapher 2. pl. xwabi pl. of xabva xwad pl. (of intensity) -at 1. muddy or -in having beautiful handwriting turbid water 2. disorder, confusion, turmoil xottayfa pl. -t swallow (bird) xwal pl. of xal 1 xettet v.t. to write (as a professional calligxwami pl. of xamiya rapher) xtut pl. of xett xwan pl. of xu xetwa pl. -t, xtawi 1. pace, step 2. stage, xwarež pl. of xariži 2 xwašem (no sg.) nostrils xetya pl. -t 1. n.i. of xta 2. insult xwatat pl. of xet xu (also xa, but xuya, xay my brother) pl. xwatem pl. of xatem xut, xwan, pixwan 1. brother mšit mea xwater pl. of xater xay le-s-sinima. I went to the movies with xwaža pl, of xwaži my brother. -waš xuk lli qalha-lek? Was xwaži pl. -yen, xwaža rich, wealthy it your brother that told you? 2. like, similar xwi v.n. of xwa to (for m. n.) had le-qlam xa l-axur. This xwidem, xwidma pl. xwidmat dim. of xadem xwen v.t. to steal, to rob (s.th.) xewnat pen is like the other one. l-beztam dyali! She stole my wallet! ¶ hada xuya mgerbi. This is a fellow xewna pl. -t 1. n.i. of xwen 2, theft, robbery Moroccan of mine. xud impv. of xda xewwa v.t. 1. to evacuate from, to make (s.o.) evacuate (a place) l-Easker xewwaw n-nas xuder pl. of xder xuf 1. fear 2. apprehension, misgiving ¶ fih ϕ l-xuf 1. to be dangerous \neq had t-triq fiha l-xuf. This road is dangerous. (house) xewwaw xay d-dar. They've 2. (to be) scared fih l-xuf, ma-iqder-š imši b-we du. He's scared and won't go alone. xulafa pl. of xalifa xulud 1. immortality 2. eternity xumus pl. ?exmas fifth (fraction) xures pl. of xres 2 place) xusus used in the expr. be-l-xusus, xususen xewwad pl. -a trouble-maker especially, in particular xewwaf adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a coward (ly) xususi pl. -yen 1. private had l-mekteb xususi. xewwan pl. -a thief, 10bber This office is private. 2. special (often xewwar pl. -a nosy person, meddler translated by "especially" in English) had n-ndader xususiyin le-š-šems. These glasses are especially for sunlight. confuse (situation, issue) xut pl. of xu xutaba pl. of xtib among I xewwed dmaguo to worry xux n.u. -a 1. peach 2. peach tree ma-txewwed-š dmagek! Don't worry! xuxi pl. -yen type of light green xuyan 1. v.n. of xwa 2. evacuation, exodus 3. emptiness xwa ixwa v.i. (v.n. xuyan, xewyan, xwi) 1. to empty, to become empty 2. to run fear down (clock, battery) ¶ xwa b- 1. to fall through with, to collapse under (as a weak floor) 2. to let poke (one's eye) kan ka-il E ăb m E ah (s.o.) down, to break one's word to, to not come through for ¶ a.p. xawi f. xawya pl. xawyen 1. empty, vacant 2. run down (clock, battery) I klam xaui empty words, nonsense xwa ixwi v.t. (v.n. xuyan, xewyan, xwi) 1. to pockets. 4. v.i. to speak incoherently

le-mdina. The army evacuated the people from the city. 2. to evict (s.o.) from evicted my brother from the house. 3. to deport (s.o.) from (a country) zessluh ka-idžesses u-xewwaweh le-blad. They caught him spying and deported him from the country. 4. to throw (s.o.) out of (a xewwed v.t. 1. to make muddy or turbid (water, by stirring it up) 2. to cloud, to I xewwed bin to cause trouble between or I xewwed le-Egel to confuse, to mix up ma-txewwed-š čăqli! Don't confuse me! xewwef v.t. to frighten, to scare, to cause to xewwer 1. v.t. to clear, to unclog (as a drain, with a finger or some instrument) 2. v.t. to u-huwa ixewwer-lu ¿aynu. He was playing with him and poked him in the eye. 3. v.i. to rummage around (looking for s.th.) žbertu ka-ixewwer-li fe-mkatbi. I found him rummaging around in my xewwex v.i. to become hollow or eaten out empty 2. to vacate (room, house) 3. to evacuate (house, city) 4. to pour (from a (as a rotten tree) glass, etc.) 5. to leave (a place) xewyan same as xuyan (v.n. of xwa) ¶xwa blad u-Eămmer blad to go from xxi, xxi fik said to s.o. who has had a miscountry to country, or city to city fortune and probably deserved it, e.g.,

That'll teach you! Tough luck! (ironically) xxer 1. end, extremity 2. end, finish 3. pl. -in last, last one škun lli žaw le-xxrin? Who were the last ones to come?

 \P f-le-xxer in or at the end, finally xxrani pl. -yen 1. last (i.e., preceding) ma-le-t-teffaza le-xxraniya lli kliti? What was wrong with the last apple you ate? 2. last, final h-ana ka-ngulha-lek u-hadi l-merra le-xxraniya. I'm telling you for the

xyab v.i. 1. to become ugly or unsightly had l-kebbut xyab men bă Ed-ma tsebben, ma-bga fih ma ittelbes. This coat came out of the wash looking bad; it's not worth wearing. 2. to become or go bad (food,

last time.

xyal pl. -at 1. shadow (usually of person) 2. silhouette (either one's shadow or effect of backlighting) 3. phantom, specter (i.e., an indistinct mysterious image)

** derreq Eliya xyalek! Get out of my

sight!

xyam pl. of xima

xyar all right, fine, O.K. tebģi temši m ava le-s-sinima?-xyar! Do you want to go to the show with me?-All right!

¶xyar n-nas, l-xil, etc. the best of people, horses, etc.

xyata 1. v.n. of xeyyet 2. sewing, needlework xevl same as xil

xyem pl. of xima

xeyma same as xima

xyer, Paxyer better had l-magana xyer min hadik. This watch is better than that one. ¶ xyer-ma rather than z sen-lek tebqa hna xyer-ma temši l-temma. You'd better stay

here rather than go there.

xeyš same as xiš xevt same as xit

xyuba ugliness, unsightliness (person, things, temperament, etc.)

xyut pl. of xit

xeyyal pl. -a cavalryman, horseman

xeyyat pl. -a tailor

xeyyata pl. -t seamstress

xeyyeb v.t. 1. to make ugly, unsightly 2. to corrupt (one's nature, mind)

¶ xevyeb d-denn (or n-niya) l- to disappoint xeyyebti-li denni (or d-denn). You've disappointed me.

¶xeyyeb f- to disparage, to make seem bad or inferior, to speak ill of

¶ xeyyeb fe-l-fikra l- to make (s.o.)

change his mind

¶ xevyeb l- to change (s.o.'s) mind, to dissuade, to talk (s.o.) out (of) Elaš xeyyebti-lu fe-s-siyara? Why did you talk him out of (buying) the car?

¶*xeyyeb le-wžeh f-* to make a face at xevver v.t. to let or allow to choose, to give a choice to xeyyertu f-had ž-žuž de-s-sbabet. I let him choose between these two pairs of shoes.

I part, mxeyyer pl. -in good, excellent, choice, first-rate, best

xeyyer pl. -in good, righteous

xeyyet v.t. (v.n. xyata) 1. to sew, to stitch (also surgery) 2. to have (s.th.) made (by

xza ixzi v.t. to damn (God) llah ixzik! (May) God damn you!

xzana pl. -t, xzayen 1. tent (with center pole) 2. cupboard, buffet

¶ xzana (d-le-ktub) bookcase

¶ xzana de-l-mal treasury (building)

xzayen pl. of xzana and xzin 2

xzin 1. v.n. of xzen 2. pl. xzayen place for storage

xzir v.n. of xzer

xzit expr. of disgust or regret xzit! or a-xzit! or va-xzit! Damn! Rats!

** xzit mennu! I can't stand him! xzen v.t. (v.n. xzin) 1. to store 2. to hide, to

conceal 3. to save (money)

xezna pl. -t place for keeping or storing

** huwa xezna de-l-Eilm. He's a treasure of knowledge.

xzer f- (v.n. xzir) to look threateningly at (as to stop a child from doing s.th.)

xezra pl. -t n.i. of xzer xezz moss, lichen

xezzan pl. -at dam, dike

xezzi pl. -yen moss green (very dark)

xezzez v.i. to become mossy or covered with moss

ya vocative particle ya zabiba, fayn Emelti le-flus lli Etitek? Habiba, where did you put the money I gave you?

¶ ya . . . ya either . . . or ya dži m Eana ya tebqa hna. Either you come with us or you stay here. - ya brahim ya

natima, wat ed fihom huwa lli imken herresha. Either Abraham or Naima may have broken it.

yaban Japan

yabani pl. -yen Japanese yabes a.p. of ibes

ya-delli (Marrakech usage) surely, certainly, of course Elah, ya-delli ma-idirha! I'm sure he'll do it!

yak kind of emphatic interrogative particle similar to English, "Didn't I?," "Isn't it?," "Haven't you?," etc.) yak qoltha-lek? I told you, didn't I? —ma-mša-š, yak? He hasn't gone, has he? —yak ma-mša? Has he left (already)?

ya-llah f. ya-llahi pl. ya-llahu (f. and pl. less common) let's . . . ya-llahu (or ya-llah) nemšiw le-s-sinima! Let's go to the movies!

yamam n.u. -a dove

yaman (with art.) Yemen

yamani pl. -yen 1. Yemenite 2. small white pigeon

yamin oath (of office, etc.)

¶ edda (or Eta) l-yamin to take the oath (of office, in court)

yames (country usage) yesterday yanayer same as yennayer

yagin 1. certainty, certitude 2. conviction

¶ ξ $and u^{\phi}$ l-yaqin (bin) to be sure, certain, convinced (that)

yaqut n.u. -a precious stone (mainly opaque, but may be extended to others)

yasmin n.u. -a jasmine (tree or flower)

yaxod impf. of xda

yažur n.u. -a brick (building)

yebbes v.t. to dry (out) (clothes, soil, puddle, etc.)

yebrayer February yebril same as ? abril

yedd (f.) pl. -in (yeddi- with pron. endings, dim. idida) 1. hand ka-ikteb b-veddu

dim. idida) 1. hand ka-ikteb b-yeddu de-i-imal. He writes with his left hand. — Etini yeddek! Give me a hand (some help)! 2. (entire) arm, upper limb (human) 3. forepaw, front foot or hoof (animal) 4. handle, grip (suitcase, pitcher, etc.) 5. pestle 6. coat, layer (of paint) 7. piece of music (on some hand-played instrument, e.g., lute)

** ma-b-yeddi ma ndir. There's nothing I can do (about it). —šebber (or rebbi) yeddek! Keep your hands off!

Tb-yedduφ, or b-yeddihφ by oneself, alone bnaw d-dar b-yeddihom. They built the house by themselves.

¶ f-yedd (plus n. or pron.) in the hands or possession of

I (ma) bin yeddin 1. same as f-yedd 2. before (prep.) kan xessu imtel ma bin yeddin l-qadi. He had to appear before the judge.

¶ nezzel yeddu ϕ \mathcal{E} la (s.th.) to keep (s.th.) for oneself, to retain

¶rfed l-yedd l- to fire or dismiss (s.o.) refdu-li yeddi l-barez. They fired me yesterday.

¶rfed yeddu ϕ men (plus n.) to abstain from, to cease indulgence in (e.g. work, eating)

¶yeddek- five šrebt yeddek de-l-kisan de-l-qehwa. I drank five glasses of coffee.

¶ $yeddu^{\phi}$ fwila to have a lot of influence \neq

¶ Ela yedd (plus n. or pron.) thanks to, with the help of

¶ Eta yedd !lah to lend a hand to, to help

yeddem v.t. 1. to put a lot of fat, grease, or oil in (food) 2. to spot or dirty (s.th.) with grease or fat (from foods)

yemma (inh. pos., declined like baba) 1. (my) mother 2. used as a derogatory vehicle for pron. bqit Ela yemmah b-le-Esa Zetta sxeft. I beat the s.o.b. until I almost fainted.

** sir l-yemmak Eliya! Get the hell out of here!

yemta same as eimta yennayer January

ye?s despair, hopelessness

¶qtãE l-yees to give up or lose all hope yesser v.t. (v.n. tisir) 1. to make easy (test, work, etc.) 2. to prepare, to get ready (s.th., s.o.)

¶ yesser Ela to aid, to assist (subject often God)

yulyu, yulyuz July

yum du. -ayn, -in pl. ?eyyam, iyyam, iyyamat day (24 hours)

¶f-iyyam (plus n.) at the time of, during

Thad l-iyyam, f-had l-iyyam 1. these days, nowadays 2. lately 3. the other day, a few days ago

¶ l-yum today yumi pl. -yen daily yunyeh, yunyu June (month) yexx same as ya-xzit! (see xzit) eyyam pl. of yum yyeh yes

Z

zabur Psalms of David, Book of Psalms zad izid (v.n. zyada) 1. v.t. to add zedna tlata de-l-2aqşam f-dak l-medraşa. We

added three classrooms to that school. 2. v.t. to give more, to give extra xellsu-lu s-sfer u-zaduh falfayn derhem. They paid his

transportation and gave him two thousand dirhams extra. 3. v.t. to bid (at an auction) zad Eešrin derhem kif tba Eet. He bid twenty dirhams just when it was sold. 3. v.i. to go on, to keep (doing s.th.) telbu mennha teskot u-hiya gir zadet ka-tģuwwet. They asked her to be quiet, but she just kept shouting. 4. v.i. to move (up, over, on, etc.) qol-lu izid l-l-qoddam baš tegles. Tell him to move up to the front so you can sit down.

¶ zad f- 1. to increase ġad-iziduh fe-l-º užṛa dyalu. They're going to increase his salary 2. to extend telhet men m Eăllemha izidha fe-l-Eotla dyalha. She asked her boss to extend her vacation. 3. to

bid on Eăžbetni had d-dar, yad-nzid fiha. I like this house, I'm going to bid on it. 4. to exaggerate ma-ka-yă Eref i Eăwwed zetta zaža bla-ma izid fiha. He can't tell anything without exaggerating.

¶ zad xelfa to leave, to go away qalu-lu izid xelfa. They told him to go away. —zid xelfa Eliya! Beat it!

Tzad Ela 1. to bid against 2. to overcharge, to charge too much zad Eliya xemsa u-Eešrin derhem. He charged me twenty-five dirhams too much.

Txid Ela had 3-3i besides, furthermore Ta.p. zayed pl. -in unnecessary, superfluous, extra

The zayed 1. much, a great deal of Eandhom le-flus b-zayed. They've got a great deal of money. 2. very much, a lot ka-tebyth b-zayed. She likes him very much.

¶ zayed nages more or less

** Eăndi zayed naqes. I don't care. It doesn't make any difference to me. I couldn't care less.

ad (no pl.) provisions (for a journey) aży iziży v.i. (v.n. ziża) 1. to get out of hand had l-weld xessu le-za, rah bda iziży. This child needs a beating, he's getting out of hand. 2. to show insolence, to be insolent 3. to show (unwarranted) dissatisfaction with what one has

ahed adj. pl. -in n.pl. zohhad ascetic, hermit al izul v.i. (v.n. zwal) I. to come out had t-teb a dzul b-l-ixiya? Will this spot come out with bleach? 2. to go out, to disappear l-fekra kollha zalet men balu. The very thought has gone out of his mind. 3. to come off ker an i-ielya kollhom zalu. All the legs of the chair have come off. 4. to be dismissed, to be removed adad de-l-kottab zalu men bala ntixab r-rasis z-zdid. Many secretaries have been dismissed since the election of the new president. 5. to be omitted, to be left out had l-feqra gir zayda, imken-lha dzul. This paragraph is unnecessary; it could be omitted.

¶ma-zal f. -a pl. -in 1. still ma-zala čăndu maganti. He still has my watch. -ma-zal ma-Erefnah š-ġad-idir. We still don't know what he's going to do.

—ma-zalin ka-ixedmu m ana. They're still working with us. —ma-zal-lna l-weqt. We still have time. 2. not yet (in a reply) weždet le-ġda?—ma-zala. Is lunch ready?—Not yet.

¶ aw ma-zal, wella ma-zal yet (in interrogative) feḍḍa šġalu aw ma-zal? Has he finished his work yet?

zaman same as zman

zamil pl. zumala? 1. colleague, associate
2. friend

zanadig pl. of zendig

zar izur v.t. (v.n. zyara, zuran) to visit, to pay a visit to

** zaretna l-baraka. said upon welcoming a guest, expressing one's joy over his visit

zarafa pl. -t giraffe

zaweg f- 1. to seek asylum in zawget

fe-s-sifara s-swisriya. She sought asylum at the Swiss Embassy. 2. to ask (s.o.) to intercede 3. to beg, to beseech

zaweq mercury, quicksilver

zawš n.u. -a sparrow

zawya pl. -t, zwawi center where members of a Muslim brotherhood gather (usually a mosque built around the tomb of a saint) zayed a.p. of zad

zaydun besides, furthermore

zaza pl. -t 1. wail, wailing (e.g. of mourning women, crying child) 2. shouting, yelling

Inuwwed zaza, Emel zaza 1. to wail (e.g. in mourning) 2. to shout

zaž n.u. -a 1. glass had z-zlayef de-z-zaž.

These bowls are made of glass. 2. (window) pane 3. windshield

¶ zaž Ęraqi stained glass zaz em v.t. 1. to jostle, to elbow 2. to compete

with

zbabel pl .of zebbala

zbal pl. of zbel

zbati pl. of zebta

zbayel pl. of zebla zebbal pl. -a garbage man

zebbala pl. -t, zbabel garbage dump

zebbar ag. n. of zber

zebbara pl. -t billhook

zebbel f- or l- to cuss out, to call names
ma-derbettu zetta ma-xella ma zebbel fiha.
She didn't hit him until he called her all
sorts of names.

zebda pl. zbud sweet butter zbib n.u. -a 1. raisin 2. large mole (skin) zbibi pl. -yen purplish red zbir v.n. of zber zbita dim. of zebta zbel pl. zbal 1. trash, garbage 2. worthless sa a zeglu. He shot at the bird but missed article, piece of junk zebla pl. -t, zbayel 1. blunder 2. misdeed, zeqva pl. -t n.i. of zqa wrongful act zegyan v.n. of zga zber v.t. (v.n. zbir) 1. to hedge, to trim a zġaba pl. of zoġbi hedge 2. to break, to destroy, to ruin (s.o.) zġaret pl. of zeġrata zġeb n.u. zeġba (body) hair zebra pl. -t (blacksmith's) anvil zogbi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. zgaba 1. ill-fated zbet f. zebta pl. zubet naked, nude 2. jinx, cause of bad luck ¶ & ăr yan zbet stark naked zebta pl. -t, zbati, zbut (dim. zbita) (naked) zoġlal n.u. -a type of small snail body gselt d-derri u-gettat-lu zbettu b-izar. zegnen v.i. to hum kanet ka-dzegnen mea She washed the baby and covered his body rasha. She was humming to herself. -n-n-al bdaw izegnnu fe-s-sbaz bekri. with a sheet. The bees started humming early in the zebti pl. -yen flesh-colored zbud pl. of zebda morning. zegrata pl. -t, zgaret n.i. of zegret zbut pl. of zebta zegret v.i. (v.n. dzegrit) to ululate joyously zdiz v.n. of zdez zdez v.t. (v.n. zdiz) to slam gedbet u-zedzet (women) l-bab u-xeržet. She got mad, slammed the zha izha v.i. (v.n. zhu) to have an enjoyable time (especially an amorous drinking sesdoor and left. -rfed s-sendug u-zed u Eăl l-erd zetta therres. He took the box sion in a cozy atmosphere) and slammed it (down) on the floor so zohd asceticism hard that it broke. zehha v.t. to entertain (s.o.) in the way described under zha zdim v.n. of zdem zdem v.i. (v.n. zdim) to step, to set one's foot zohhad n.pl. of zahed ila mšiti z etta zdemti temma ra-bbak zehhar pl. -in ag. adj. of zher iderbek. If you set your foot in there your zehheq v.t. 1. to slide, to cause to slide 2. to lead astray father will beat you. ¶zehhqu- l-, zehheq le-Eqel l- to be-¶ zdem f-, zdem Ela to walk all over zeff v.i. (v.n. zeffan) 1. to blow (e.g. wind) wilder zekhquh-lu or zehhqu-lu Eăqlu. 2. zeff Ela to jump on, to take by surprise They bewildered him. zehher v.i. 1. to bloom, to blossom 2. to (aggressively) prosper zeffan v.n. of zeff zeffet v.t. to asphalt (both to pave with zhiq v.n. of zheq asphalt and also more generally) zhir v.n. of zher zfer f. zefra pl. zufer rancid, emitting an unzheq v.i. (v.n. zhiq) 1. to slip, to skid 2. to pleasant smell (food) be slippery 3. to err, to go astray ** zehget ruzu. He's dead (breathed his zeft asphalt last). - zheq-lu & ăqlu. He's lost his mind. zfula pl. of azfel zfura, zfuriya rancid smell zehqa n.i. of zheq zefzafi strong, cold wind zher v.i. (v.n. zhir) 1. to roar (lion) 2. to zefzuf n.u. -a edible fruit of the jujube family moan, to groan zga izga v.i. to be quiet qul le-d-drari izgaw. Tzher Ela to scold, to reprimand Tell the children to be quiet. zher v.i. to prosper zher 1. orange blossom 2. luck zga izgi v.i. (v.n. zga, zegyan) to shout ¶ $ekmu^{\phi}$ (or $t \mid a \in -lu^{\phi}$ or $ekmu^{\phi}$) ¶zga Ela 1. to call gir xellik f-bitek, z-zher to be lucky \neq mnayn tužed le-gda nezgiw Elik. Just stay ** tale E-lha z-zher. Everything's going in your room, we'll call you when lunch is her way. ready. 2. to chide, to reprimand ¶ tleb zehru ϕ to try one's luck gad-ttleb zga v.n. of zga zherha f-le-mtizan. She's going to try her zgaden pl, of zegdun luck at the exam. zgafi pl. of zegfa zehri, zohri pl. -yen nearsighted zegdun pl. zgaden rag, worn piece of cloth zhu v.n. of zha zgef v.t. (v.n. zgif) to sip (often noisily) zehwani pl. -yen one who frequents parties of zegfa pl. -t, zgafi (dim. zgifa) sip the type described under zha zgif v.n. of zgef zif pl. zyuf, zyufa 1. handkerchief 2. scarf zgifa dim. of zegfa ziga v.n. of zag zgil v.n. of zgel zin beauty zgel v.t. (v.n. zgil) to miss niyyes Eal t-tir Tz-zin u-le-bha balsam

zina pl. -t 1. v.n. of zna 2. ornament, decoration 3. make-up (cosmetics)
zina pl. -t, zyen dozen

i c i , syen dozen

zit f. pl. zyut oil (cooking, mineral)

¶ zit l-gaz kerosene

¶ zit l-xerwă E castor oil

¶ zit l-Eud olive oil

ziti pl. -yen forest green

zitun n.u. -a 1. olive 2. olive tree

¶ k zăl zituna pl. ku zăl zitun pitch black zituni pl. -yen olive green

ziwani goatskin leather dyed yellow

ziy pl. ⁹ezya⁹ style, fashion É ămmru ma-lbes z-ziy l-⁹urebbi. He's never dressed in European style.

ziy v.n. of zwa

¶ qṭā & z-ziy to hush, to shut up

ziyyar pl. -a 1. vise (tool) 2. severity, strictness kan ziyyar kbir f-le-mtiz an. The exam was very severe.

ziyyat pl. -a oil dealer

baš ngerreb l-l-muzadir. I moved my chair to the front so I would be near the lecturer.

2. to take ziyyed n-nas le-mwade hom. Take the people to their seats.—huwa qal-li nziyyed l-Eāwd le-s-sehriž išrob. He told me to take the horse to the pond to drink. 3. to get into, to involve škun ziyydek l-had l-muwqif? Who got you into this situation?

ziyyen v.t. 1. to adorn, to decorate 2. to embellish 3. to make better, to ameliorate, to improve 4. v.i. to get spruced up, to doll up

Tziyyen f- to praise bqaw ka-iziyynu-lu f-bent Eămmhom Tetta xdaha. They kept praising their cousin to him till he married her.

ziyyer v.t. 1. to tighten (e.g. a screw) 2. to crack down on, to be strict with melli bda iziyyerhom ma-bqaw-š iziw m čattlin. Since he cracked down on them they stopped coming late. 3. to embarrass ziyyrettu melli žebdet d-dbaz lli wqā binathom. She embarrassed him by mentioning the argument they had. 4. to constrain ziyyruha zetta xellset lli kan ittsalha kollu. They constrained her to pay everything she owed.

¶ ziyyer Ela to be hard on l-feqya kollhom ziyyru Elina f-le-mtizanat. All the teachers were hard on us during the exams.

ziyyet v.t. to oil, to grease ziyyet v.i. to grind, to creak l-bab xeşşha z-zit baš ma-tebqa-ši dziyyet. The door needs oiling so it will stop creaking.

zizen v.t. 1. to make dumb, speechless 2. to make be quiet (by intimidation)

zizun pl. zyazen dumb, mute

zizwa pl. -t small aluminum cup with a long handle, used for making tea or coffee

zka izka v.i. to increase, to abound sokkan had le-mdina gir ka-izkaw. The population of this city keeps increasing.

zka pl. -wat tithe, tithing (paid by Muslims to the needy)

zkarem pl. of zekrum

zekka v.i. to pay the zka

**![ah izekki Eămrek! May you have a long life!

zekri see bu-zekri

zekrum pl. zkarem 1. sliding metal bolt for locking doors 2. sourpuss

zlafa pl. zlayef 1. bowl (vessel) 2. mug, face (pejorative)

zlag pl. -at string (e.g. of beads, doughnuts, figs)

zlalet pl. of zellat

zlayef pl. of zlafa

zlazel pl. of zelzal zliq v.n. of zleq

zella pl. -t 1. blunder, gross error 2. sin, misdeed

zellal pl. -a woman-chaser

zellat pl. zlalet cudgel, club

zellayži pl. -ya mosaicist, tile-setter

zellef v.t. and v.i. 1. to scorch, to burn 3-3ems ka-dzellef l-yum. The sun is scorching today. 2. to cause great grief to, to grieve a great deal zellfethom l-mut d-weldhom s-sijir. The death of their young son caused them great grief.

zelleg v.t. 1. to thread, to pass through the eye of a needle 2. to string (e.g. beads, doughnuts, figs)

zelliž n.u. -a ceramic tile

zellež v.t. to cover with mosaic, to tile

zellă v.t. to spill, to scatter žmă v.zră llı zellă vi. Pick up the wheat you spilled.

zleq v.i. (v.n. zliq) 1. to slide, to slip zelqet u-tazet. She slipped and fell. 2. to skid s-siyara zelqet u-dexlet f-šežra. The car skidded and went into a tree. 3. to be slippery sug gir be-š-šwiya zit t-triq ka-dzleq. Drive slowly because the road is slippery. zelqef v.t. to catch (in the air)

zelt penury, poverty, misery

** darbu z-zelt. He's broke.

zelzal pl. zlazel earthquake zelzel v.t. to shake, to cause to move

zelzla n.i. of zelzel

zmam pl. -at, zmayem written record (general term)

zmamer pl. of zemmara

zman 1. time z-zman iwerrina škun meah l-zăqq. Time will show us who's right.

2. formerly, in time past zman ma-kanu-š n-nas isafru bezzaf. Formerly, people didn't travel a lot.

** qehru z-zman or taz bih z-zman. He's had difficult moments.

¶ dwayeb z-zman contingency, any future difficulty

¶ dreb l-zesba le-z-zman to think of the hardships of life (and therefore take one's precautions)

¶ fe-z-zman z-zamani a long time ago, way back in the old days

zmayem pl. of zmam

zemm v.t. to close tight, to shut zemm fommek.
Shut your mouth.

zemmara pl. -t, zmamer 1. toy horn (type of noisemaker) 2. horn (e.g., used by a referee)

¶ zălq z-zemmara piercing, high-pitched voice zălqha bzal zălq z-zemmara. She has a high-pitched voice.

zemmita food prepared from grilled ground maize, oil, and sometimes honey

zemmem v.t. 1. to record, to note down xessek dzemmem hadi f-konnašek. You should record this in your notebook. 2. to register, to enroll ġad-izemmen weldu fe-l-medṛaṣa gedda. He's going to register his son in school tomorrow.

zemmer v.i. to blow a horn

¶ zemmer f- to blow (a horn)

zemmuri pl. -yen inhabitant of the Zemmour region

zmer expr. used in mild swearing aš Emelti l-had z-zmer de-š-šelya? What did you do to this darn chair?

** z-zmer! Aw, shucks! --tla &-lu z-zmer f-rasu. He got fed up.

zmet v.i. (v.n. zemt) to be muggy (weather)

zemt v.n. of zmet

zmurrud n.u. -a emerald (stone) zmurrudi pl. -yen emerald green

zemzem (also bir zemzem) name of the sacred well in Mecca

zna izni v.i. (v.n. zina, zna) 1. to commit adultery 2. to become a prostitute 3. to be promiscuous (both male and female)

zna v.n. of zna
¶weld (bent) z-zna 1. illegitimate boy
(girl) 2. dishonest person, swindler

znabel pl. of zenbil
znad pl. -at hammer (of a firearm)
znafer pl. of zenfara

znaqi pl. of zenqa

znatet pl. of zentit

znaydi pl. -ya gunsmith

zenbil pl. znabel canister used for keeping tea zned v.i. (v.n. znid) to get hotter (fire, argument, weather, etc.)

zendiq pl. zanadiq rascal, worthless person zenfara pl. znafer protruding lip (animal)

¶ pl. znafer muzzle, snout (animal)
zeng zinc

znid v.n. of zned zniga dim. of zenga

zenned v.t. 1. to make hotter, to fan xdit l-kir baš nzenned l-Eafya. I used the bellows to make the fire hotter. 2. to rile (up) zenndettu melli bdat texti fih. She riled him

(up) when she started calling him names.

¶ zennedha~ to gorge oneself (with food)

zenaa pl -t znaaj (dim zniaa) street

zenqa pl. -t, znaqi (dim. zniqa) street zenqawi pl. -yen 1. colloquial (speech)

2. vulgar, low, base
zentit pl. znatet tail (animal)
zenzen v.i. to ring (e.g. a tuning fork)
zenžar, zenžar le-Eraqi verdigris
zenžari pl. -yen turquoise blue
zenžlan sesame

zenžer v.t. and v.i. to rust le-bruda zenžret s-swaret. The dampness has rusted the keys.
—le-msamer kollhom zenžru. All the nails have rusted.

zeqq v.t. (v.n. zeqqan) to feed (bird feeding its young, person feeding a bird)

zeqqa pl. -t n.i. of zeqq zeqqan v.n. of zeqq zrabi pl. of zerbiya

zradi pl. of zerda

zraq v.i. (v.n. zruqa, zruqiya) to turn blue gir š-šta zesret u-s-sma zraqet. As soon as it stopped raining the sky turned blue.

zrare pl. of zerriza zrawet pl. of zerwata zrayeb pl. of zriba

zraybi pl. -ya 1. rug weaver 2. rug dealer zraydi pl. -ya 1. party-goer 2. glutton

zrazer pl. of zerzur

zreb 1. v.t. to hurry, to rush ila zrebti l-xedma raha ma-tila E-š mezyana. If you hurry the work it won't be well done. —la-dzrebha-ši baš tsuwweb l-xedma m E awwta. Don't rush her so she can do the work right. 2. v.i. to hurry, to be in a hurry, to hasten xessek dzreb baš teqbet blasa mezyana. You'll have to hurry to get a good seat.

** zreb tă Etel. Haste makes waste. zerb pl. zruba 1. hedge 2. thicket

zerba haste, hurry

T b-zerba, be-z-zerba 1. immediately qol-lhom ixeržu be-z-zerba. Tell them to go out immediately. 2. quickly qrit had le-ktab b-zerba baš nebda waz ed axor. I read this book quickly so I could start another one. 3. in a hurry ktebt-lu risala be-z-zerba qbel-ma nexrož. I wrote him a letter in a hurry before I left.

zerban pl. -in in a hurry, rushing huwa dima zerban. He's always in a hurry.

zerbiya pl. -t, zrabi (dim. zribya) rug zred v.i. (v.n. zrid) 1. to gorge oneself (with food) 2. to offer an elaborate meal, to put

on a "feed" 3. to partake of an elaborate meal zerda pl. -t, zradi, zrud feast, party with elaborate meal zreg v.t. (v.n. zrig) to sneak in gir l-buwwab duwwer wežhu u-hiya zerget weldha. The minute the doorman turned his back she sneaked her son in. zreg pl. zureg 1. same as zreg 2. green, inexperienced zriba pl. zrayeb type of stable for cattle zribya dim. of zerbiya zrid v.n. of zred zrig v.n. of zreg zriqa pl. -t type of gold or silver-colored fish zriwta dim. of zerwata zrizi dim. of zerzay zrie v.n. of zrăe zermumiya pl, -t type of lizard zreq f. zerqa pl. zureq 1. blue (color) 2. livid, ashy pale 3. useless, unproductive xrež-lu n-nhar zreq. He's had an unproductive (unlucky) day. zerqiun, zerqiuna minium, red lead zerradiya pl. -t (pair of) pliers zerreb v.t. to hedge in zerreg v.i. to pour zerrgu d-dmu & men Eăyniha. Tears poured from her eyes. zerrica pl. -t, zrare e grain, seed ¶ zerriet l-kettan 1. linseed 2. linseed oil

zerrica pi. -t, zrarec grain, seed

zerrict l-kettan 1. linseed 2. linseed oil
zerrer v.i. to make a gift to a new-born baby
zerruq pl. -in blue-eyed
zerfa v.i. to run away, to desert kan ka-izerfi
men l-medrasa. He used to run away from
school. —zerfaw men l-casker u-qetcu
le-cada. They deserted the army and
crossed the border.

zruba pl. of zerb zrud pl. of zerda

zruqa, zruqiya 1. v.n. of zraq 2. blue, blueness zru at pl. of zra .

zerwal pl. -in blue-eyed

zerwata pl. zrawet (dim. zriwta) club, cudgel zerwet v.t. to beat with a club, to club

zerzay pl. -a (dim. zrizi) porter, person who carries things for hire

zerzur pl. zrazer starling (bird)

zră v.t. (v.n. zri v.) 1. to sow fuq-aš ġad-nzer v. had l-verd? When are we going to sow this field? —l-zam l-maži nzer v. ġir z-zṛā v. Next year we'll sow only wheat.

¶zră le-klam to make insinuations, to make insinuating remarks fuq-emma ka-išufu ka-izră lu le-klam. Every time he sees him he makes insinuating remarks to him.

zră pl. (of intensity) zru at hard wheat ztata protective escort (provided when crossing dangerous country)

ztim v.n. of ztem (same as zdem) ztem same as zdem

zettat pl. -a ag. n. of zettet

zettet v.t. 1. to escort (s.o. crossing dangerous country) 2. to help, to give assistance to (s.o. in dire circumstance)

¶ zettet rasuφ to manage, to get by

zubet pl. of zbet

zubya pl. -t, zwabi 1. pit used as an incinerator 2. obnoxious, difficult person

zufer pl. of zfer

zufri pl. -ya ill-mannered, uncultured person;

zuhaga pl. zwaheg earring

zur forgery

¶ šahed z-zur false witness, perjurer ¶ šhadt z-zur false testimony, perjury

zuran v.n. of zar zureg pl. of zreg (same as zreq)

zureq pl. of zreq

zuwwa v.t. to make squeak ma-tă Eref-ši

tšedd l-bab bla-ma dzuwwiha? Can't you close the door without making it squeak? zuwwaga pl. -t siren

zuwwaq pl. -a painter (artist)

zuwway pl. -a ag. n. of zwa

zuwwed v.t. to provide hiya lli zuwwdetni be-l-maclumat lli tažit kollha. She's the one who provided me with all the information I needed.

zuwweg v.i. 1. to blow a horn 2. to blow a siren

zuwwel v.t. 1. to take off zuwwelet s-sebbat u-lebset n altha. She took off her shoes and put on her sandals. 2. to take out, to remove zuwwelt z-zažat lli mezruqin kollhom. I took out all the burned out bulbs.

—zuwwelna tmenya de-n-nas men l-la²i a. We removed eight people from the list. 3. to take away qetta in t-triq zuwwlu-lu beztamu. The highwaymen took his wallet away from him.

zuwweq v.t. to decorate, to embellish

zuwwer v.t. 1. to forge (money, document, etc.) 2. to pray for (s.o.) during the Pilgrimage or the visit to a saint

zuwwež v.t. to marry zuwwžu benthom

b-wazed l-muzami. They married their daughter to a lawyer. —l-qadi zuwwežhom had s-sbaz. The judge married them this morning.

zuž 1. two 2. same as zewž

zuža 1. same as zewža 2. pl. -t, zwaž (dim. zwiža) pair šrit sett zwaž de-t-tqašer. I bought six pairs of socks. 3. team (animals)

zu Eama pl. of z Eim

zu čăr pl. of zčăr

zwa same as zwa 1 and 2 zwa izwi (v.n. ziy) 1. v.t. to hit in the stomach (e.g. with the fist) 2. to cause pain in the

stomach (e.g. blow with the fist, improper food, etc.) 3. v.i. to squeak (bird, child, mouse, musical instrument, door, etc.) zwabi pl. of zubya zwaheg pl. of zuhaga

zwal v.n. of zal

zwan n.u. -a birdseed

zwaq pl. -at 1. design, ornamentation 2. decorative style (architecture)

zwawi pl. of zawya

zwaž 1. pl. of zuža 2 2. pl. -at marriage zwin pl. -in (dim. zwiwen) beautiful, attractive

zwiwen pl. -in dim. of zwin

zwiža pl. -t 1. dim. of zuža 2 2. doublebarrelled shotgun (includes over-and-under type)

ezya? pl. of ziy

zyada v.n. of zad

Tzvada Ela had š-ši moreover, furthermore

** baraka men z-zyada! or xlas men z-zyada! Oh come on! What are you trying to pull?

zyan v.i. 1. to get better Taltu bdat dzyan. His condition is getting better. 2. to become (more) beautiful hiya ka-tekber u-hiya ka-dzyan. She becomes more beautiful as she grows up.

zvara pl. -t 1. v.n. of zar 2. visit (to a person, saint, place) 3. offering placed into a chest when visiting a saint

zyazen pl. of zizun

zyen pl. of zina

zvuf, zvufa pl. of zif

zyut pl. of zit zeyyer same as zivyer

zezz used in the expr. be-z-zezz by force, unwillingly xerrežnah men d-dar be-z-zezz. We took him out of the house by force.

¶ be-z-zezz men (or Ela) against one's will dzuwwež biha be-z-zezz Elih. He married her against his (own) will.

** gad-nebgaw mEahom be-z-zezz aw be-l-xater. We're going to stay with them whether they like it or not.

zzam crowd, mob zzam kbir kan fe-s-suq. There was a big crowd at the market.

zrazef pl. of zezzaf

zef v.i. (v.n. zef) to become paralyzed from the waist down

zzef v.n. of zzef

zzăf paralysis of the lower part of the body zezma pl. -t 1. same as zzam 2. dysentery zez zaf pl. -a, zzazef person without legs zeててafa pl. -t tank (military)

zezzăf to paralyze from the waist down (also metaphorical)

z E af v.n. of z E ăf

z Eafer (pl.) mustache Eandu z Eafer kbar. He has a big mustache.

z Ealel pl. of ză Elula

z ama 1. v.n. of z am 2. courage, bravery n-nas kollhom ka-igeddruh Eăl z-z Eama lli fih. Everybody respects him for his cour-

z Eatet pl. of ză Etut

ză bul n.u. -a prickly pear (cactus or fruit) zčăf v.t. (v.n. zčaf, zčăf) to get angry zčăf Eliha Ela Ili ma-Eărdet-š Ela xaltu. He got angry at her for not inviting his aunt.

zčăf v.n. of zčăf

¶ tlae-luφ z-zeaf to get fed up ≠ ză Efan pl. -in angry, irritated kanet ză Efana Elih. She was angry with him.

ză E fran saffron

ză£frani pl. -yen saffron yellow

z im pl. zu ama courageous, brave

z i č ž r dim. of z č ž r

ză Eluk pl. z Ealek purée of eggplant or carrots

ză lula pl. z alel Ferris wheel

zčám v.i. (v.n. zčama) to gamble, to take a chance waxxa ma-Eăndu-š le-flus l-kafyen zčăm u-Eta t-tesbiq fe-d-dar. Although he doesn't have enough money he gambled and put up a deposit on the house.

-ma-ka-t& ărfu-š bezzaf, be-l-z ăga ză met u-dzuwwżet bih. She doesn't know him very well, but she took a chance and

married him.

ză Ema 1. supposedly ză Ema huma la-bas Elihom. They're supposedly well off. 2. used as an intensifying adverb gir bgit nfesser-lu ză Ema kif ixeddem l-makina ž-ždida. I just wanted to explain to him how to operate the new machine. -ză ma ma-Ereftiha-ši kanet hna? You mean you didn't know she was here? — Elaš ză Ema ma-teb qaw-š meana zetta nxeržu mežmuein? Why don't you stay with us so we can all leave together? -ză ma ana saz bu, u-bă d dak š-ši zad Eliya fe-t-taman. I'm supposedly his friend, but he still overcharged me. -Etitu le-flus zaydin baš ză Ema idir xedma mezyana. I gave him some extra money so he would do a good job.

-ka-itkellem bzal zăcma ši-calem. He talks like a learned man. - šafet fina bzal ila ză Ema ma-kanet-š tă Erefna. She looked

at us as if she didn't know us.

zeăr f. zăera pl. zueăr (dim. zeieăr) blond

ză rat pl. -in ag. adj. of ză ret

ză ret v.i. to gallop

ză ter thyme

ză Et used in the expr. be-z-ză Et So what! Who cares!

ză ţuț pl. z ațeț long trumpet-like horn (similar to nfir)

ză ză ză v.t. 1. to shake, to jolt ka-iză z z u l-eerd mnayn ka-ikunu ka-ilă z bu. They shake the ground when they play. 2. to disturb la-dză z z z z x ak, rah na z es. Don't disturb your brother, he's asleep.

ză Eză E v.i. to shout, to vell

ză E am, ze E am pl. -in daring, brave

ză E ăf v.t. to irritate, to make angry had l-weld ka-iză E ăfni b-le-bka dyalu. This

child irritates me with his crying.

—ză E fetni mnin qalt-li ma-mažya-š. She made me angry when she told me she wasn't coming.

ză Eăm v.t. to encourage, to urge nasa? iz l-? ustad dyali hiya lli ză Emetni baš ndir l-zuquq. It was my teacher's advice that encouraged me to study law.—szabu kollhom ză Emuh Eăl z-zwaž biha. All his friends urged him to marry her.

ž

ža iži (v.n. mži; n.i. mežya; impv. aži pl. ažiw; a.p. maži f. mažya pl. mažyen or žay f. žayya pl. žayyen) 1. to come waš nta maži l-Eăndna had l-lila? Are you coming to our house tonight? -mnayn ža dak s-sda ?? Where did that noise come from? —waš ža xak wella ma-zal? Has your brother come yet? 3. to be about to mnin žit nexrož šedd l-bab. When I was just about to leave he shut the door. 4. to be, to be located (in perfect tense) fayn žat darkom? Where's your house? 5. to please, to suit, etc. had l-keswa žatni mezyana. I like this suit. -kif žak dak le-ktab? How do you like that book? -kif žatek fațima? What do you think of Fatima?

** kif žitek? How about that? What do you think of that? —š-ka-ižik? What relation is he to you? —š- al žatni? How much did it come to (i.e., what do 1 owe)? —ma-nži fayn newelli ražel muhimm zetta neržáč šibani. By the time I'm an important person I'll be an old man. —žah zriq r-ras. He has a headache.

¶ža m & a 1. to suit, to become had t-terbuš ža m & ak. That fez becomes you. 2. to match, to go with had t-triya ma-žat-š m & a had l-bit. That chandelier doesn't go with this room.

Ta.p. maži pl. mažyen, žay pl. žayyen coming, next *ġadi nsafer š-šher l-maži*. I'm going to take a trip next month.

žab ižib v.t. 1. to bring bbaha žab-lha hdiya had n-nhar. Her father brought her a present today. 2. to import l-megrib ka-ižib le-mwaken men fransa. Morocco imports machines from France. 3. to cause weldek ka-ižib-lek bezzaf de-s-sda mea n-nas. Your boy causes you a lot of trouble with people.

** aš žabek f-had le-fdul? or aš žabek fiya? What business is this of yours?

¶žab-lu¢ rebbi to think ≠ žab-li rebbi

šeftha l-bare . I thought I saw her yesterday.

Tžab s-sfa l- to beat, to defeat, to outdo, to win out over (s.o.) kont ka-ndenn glebtu lakin lξāb be-l-las u-žab-li s-sfa. I thought I had him beat but he played an ace and defeated me.

žababira pl. of žebbar

žaḥan 1. kind of taffy 2. kind of divinity (candy)

žabr (art. l-) algebra

žad ižud v.i. to be generous ka-ižud Elina dima b-le-flus. He's always generous toward us with his money.

žadawil pl. of žedwel

žadel v.t. to argue with (rare usage)

žadarmi pl. -ya (obsolescent) type of rural and highway policeman

žaf ižif v.i. 1. to drown 2. to choke, to suffocate (to death)

žah (art. l-) esteem, piestige

** ya žah n-nbi! All right, let's get at it! (said upon undertaking some task)

¶ b-žah through, thanks to, by the grace of b-žah l-walidin kemmelt le-qraya dyali. Thanks to my parents I finished my studies. žahed f- 1. to combat, to wage holy war against (infidels) 2. to work zealously at (some job)

** ka-ižahed f-nefsu. He's killing bimself (with work, drinking, etc.).

žahiliya (with art. l-) pre-Islamic time (characterized by idolatry)

žahel see žhel

žahennam (f.), žahennama (no art.) hell

** žahennama hadi! It sure is hot (in here, today, etc.)!

žal ižul v.i. 1. to travel around, to tour (tourist, troupe) 2. to wander, to roam

žalala pl. -t (art. l-) majesty (title)

¶žalat (or žalalat) l-malik His Majesty the King

žalid (art. l-) same as žlid

žalil pl. -in 1. fine, excellent, of excellent

¶ llah ižazik bi-xir . . . ila ma (impv.)

ža? ižu? v.i. to become or get hungry ana

žebbada pl. -t slingshot (kind with a forked

žebbana pl. -t, žbaben; žebbaniya pl. -t large bowl (for serving soup, fruit, etc.)

žebbar pl. -a, žababira (art l-) 1. tyrant,

žebbed v.t. 1. to stretch 2. to pull or draw tight 3. to lay out (s.o. on a bed, etc.) 4. to pull, to tug 5. to knock down (s.o. with

žebber v.t. to set and splint (a broken leg)

žbed (v.n. žbid) 1. v.t. to pull on, to tug on

(as a rope) 2. v.t. to pull out, to draw out

(as a drawer) 3. v.t. to take out, to remove (as from a pocket) 4. v.t. to provoke, to

incite (s.o. to fight) huwa lli žbedni! He

started it! (i.e., he incited me to fight him)

5. v.t. to raise, to bring up (question, point) 6. v.i. to run or go rapidly (car, horse,

runner) 7. v.i. to last, to go on ma-zal ižbed

sactayn. There are still two hours to go.

-ma-zal ižbed sinin. He's still got years to

lost? –lemma wselt žbertu načes. When I

arrived I found him sleeping. 2. to discover

¶part. mžebbed pl. -in clever, cunning,

despot 2. one who splints broken arms,

please . . . (impv.)

žă Et. I'm hungry.

žbaben pl. of žebbana

žbahi pl. of žebha

žbayer pl. of žbira

žbal pl. of žbel žbala n.pl. of žebli

frame)

legs, etc.

a blow)

keen-minded

žebbayda same as žebbada

žaž same as zaž

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zaluq
  quality (person, animal) 2. noble, great
  (person)
žalug (art. l-) n.u. -a 1. tin (metal) 2. tin can
žamed a.p. of žmed
žami (art. l-) same as žmi ?
    ¶ be-!-žamiE, fe-l-žamiE, in all, all to-
  gether šzal žatni be-l-žamie? How much
  do I owe in all?
žamur pl. žwamer (art. often l-) type of orna-
  mental ball used on spires of buildings
žame E pl. žwame E (art. often l-) 1. mosque
  2. Koranic school (usage not prevalent)
    ¶ žame & de-n-nsara church (building)
    ¶ žame & d-l-ihud synagogue
žanab (usually no art.) excellency (title for
  ministers, ambassadors, etc.)
    ¶žanab le-xlifa (or l-xalifa) His Ex-
  cellency the Caliph
žaneb v.t. 1. to sit beside (s.o.) 2. to avoid
žanīb pl. žawanib (art. l-) side, viewpoint
žanub (art. l-) south (n.)
    ¶ l-l-žanub south (adv.) mšat l-l-žanub.
  She went south.
žanubi pl. -yen southern, from the south, south
  (usually for things)
žar ižur v.i. to act unjustly, to be unfair or
  uniust
     ¶žar Ela to oppress, to tyrannize over
    ¶ a.p. žayer pl. -in unfair, unjust (person)
žar pl. žiran (art. often l-) neighbor
žardini pl. -ya gardener
žari a.p. of žra
žarima pl. -t, žrayem (art. l-) crime, felony
žariya pl. -t, žawari (art. l-) concubine
žasăd (no pl., art. l-) body (live human)
žawanib pl. of žanib
žawari pl. of žariya
žaweb v.t. to answer (s.o., phone, an accusa-
  tion, etc.) žawebni Eăl s-su al dyali!
  Answer my question! -žawebni b-žuž
  de-d-dermat Eăl l-bab. He answered me
   with two knocks on the door.
žawi (art l-) benzoin
žawer v.t. 1. to be the neighbor of, to live
   next door to 2. to neighbor, to be next to
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žaza v.t. to reward, to recompense

** !lah ižazik bi-xir. Thank you.

go. He'll last for years now. ¶žbed m Ea to hit, to strike žbed m Eaha b-terša. He struck her with his hand. žebda pl. -t 1. n.i. of žbed 2. stretch (distance, time) walayenni žebda menn hna l-merrakeš! It's a heck of a long way from here to Marrakech. žebha pl. -t, žbahi 1. forehead 2. nerve, audacity fih ž-žebha bezzaf. He's got a lot of nerve. žbid v.n. of žbed (as one house does another) žbir v.n. of žber žaweš (sg. and coll., art. l-) sparrow žbira pl. -t, žbayer splint (along with its žay a.p. of ža bandaging) žayer a.p. of žar žbel pl. žbal mountain žayza pl. -t (art. l-) misfortune, disaster, žebli 1. pl. žbala member of žbala tribe 2. adj. calamity derbettu l-žayz a. He's been struck pl. -yen n.pl. žbala from the mountains, by misfortune. mountain (folk) ¶ darbahφ (ž-)žayza (adj. usage) žben cheese (usually the indigenous Morocworthless, useless, good-for-nothing $\neq had$ can type) d-dar darbaha žay a. This house is no žber v.t. (v.n. žbir) 1. to find žberti le-flus lli longer any good. mšaw-lek? Have you found the money you

žebril Gabriel (angel) žbur a pl. of žber žebži (adj.) (very) black $\check{z}be\tau$ pl. $\check{z}bu\tau a$ (bee) hive ždad pl. of ždid ždam leprosv ždawel pl. of žedwel ždeb v.i. (v.n. ždib) to abandon oneself to ecstatic excitation (as in an ecstatic dance) ¶ždeb Ela to fly into a rage at (s.o.) žedba pl. -t 1. n.i. of ždeb 2. fit of rage or žedban pl. -in 1. furious, raging 2. in ecstatic excitation (as in a dance) žedd comp. of ždid žedd (art. l-) 1. seriousness, gravity 2. pl. ždud grandfather 3. pl. ždud ancestor ¶ be-l-žedd seriously, in earnest, in all seriousness ka-ntkellem m ak be-l-žedd. I'm speaking to you seriously. I bin žedd u-mlaga half serious(ly) half ioking (lv) žedda 1. (no pl.) anything new, novelty 2. pl. -t grandmother žedded v.t. 1. to bring up to date, to change med žedded n-nadariya dyalu. Ahmed has brought his views up to date. 2. to (ex) change for new, to replace (with new) žeddet l-atat dval bitha. She's changed the furniture of her room for new. 3. to renew (visa, contract, etc.) žeddi pl. -yen 1. serious (-minded) 2. conscientions žedder 1. v.t. to hide, to conceal 2. v.i. to take root (plant) 3, v.i. to stay too long, to overstay one's welcome ždib v.n. of ždeb ždid pl. -in, ždad (comp. žedd) 1. new 2. modern, recent I men ždid, men da u-ždid again, anew, all over again Eawed-lhom men ždid. Tell them again. ždida Jadida, formerly Mazagan ždidi pl. -yen of or pertaining to ždida žder pl. ždur, ždura 1. root (of plant) 2. foot (of wall) Tžder le-fxed groin žedri 1. small-pox 2. small-pox vaccination ždud 1. pl. of žedd 2 and 3 2. grandparents ždur, ždura pl. of žder ždu La pl. of ždă E žedwel (art. l-) pl. ždawel, žadawil (art. assimilated) time-table, schedule ždă e pl. žduea, foal, colt žedča pl. -t filly žfan pl. of žfen žfani pl. of žefna žfayef pl. of žeffaf 1

žfayni pl. -ya maker of žfani

žeff (v.n. žfif) 1. v.t. to absorb (like a sponge) 2. v.t. and v.i. to dry (up. off) 3. v.t. to pump out or off, to drain (by pumping) žesfat 1. pl. žtavet large piece of burlap-like cloth used in washing floors 2, pl. -a ag. n. and adi. of žeffef žeffafa pl. -t 1. sponge (natural and artificial) 2. mopping machine (i.e., any machine used to clean a floor in a wet manner) žeffef v.t. 1. to dry (off, up) 2. to sponge (up, off) žfif v.n. of žeff žfil v.n. of žfel žfel v.i. (v.n. žfil) 1. to shy (as a horse) 2. to become wild (from fear, anger) and struggle to get away žfen pl. žfan 1. region under the eye (which often darkens with illness) 2. eyelid 3. pl. žefna pl. -t, žfani, žfen type of large tub (usually for washing) žoglal n.u. -a 1. empty shell or cartridge 2. (empty) shell (conch, snail, etc.) žogma, žegma pl. -t swallow (of liquid) Etini žoàma de-l-ma! Give me a swallow of žografiya (art. l-) geography žhad same as žihad žhar same as žehr žhaz trousseau žehd (no colloquial pl.) 1. strength fih ž-žehd bezzaf. He has a lot of strength. 2. about. aproximately, around glest f-merrakeš žehd ši-čăšr iyyam. I stayed in Marrakech about ten days. ** hada ž-žehd! Time's up! That's enough! It's time to go! ** žehdi huwa xemsin. Fifty is the best 1 can do. -kollha u-žehdu or koll wazed

Ela gder žehdu. Each does what he can with what he has.

¶ be-ž-žehd indicates some extreme of action: ma-ddreb-š Ela ketfi be-ž-žehd! Don't hit my shoulder so hard! -ma-tsug-š be-ž-žehd! Don't drive so fast!

-ka-yă Emel koll-ši be-ž-žehd. He does everything violently. — E ă y yeţ-lu be-ž-žehd! Yell (at him) louder)!

¶žehd-aš 1. (about) how much žehd-aš zăbbiti d-atay? How much tea would you like? 2. about what time žehd-aš gad-dži? About what time are you coming?

¶žehd-emma, žehd-ma as much as xud žehd-emma tzebb! Take as much as you

¶ ξ mel ξ ehdu ϕ to do one's best ξ mel žehdu be-l-zăqq bla fayda. He did his best, but in vain.

žehhed v.t. indicates a general reinforcement of some action or condition žehhed r-radyu!

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Turn up the radio! -žehhed l-ma! Turn the water on harder!

žhel 1. v.t. to not know anything about, to be unaware of ana ka-nežhel had š-ši. I don't know anything about this. 2. v.i. to indulge in or utter profanity

¶ a.p. žahel pl. -in ignorant, uneducated žehl (art. l-) ignorance xessna nz arbu l-žehl. We must fight against ignorance.

žehr used in the expr. be-ž-žehr, be-l-žehr, or be-l-žhar: 1. openly (as opposed to secretly) 2. aloud (as in praying)

žib pl. žyub pocket (as in clothing)

žifa pl. -t (animal) carcass, carrion

žiha pl. -t, žwayeh (art. often l-) 1. direction mn-ina žiha nemši? Which direction shall 1 go? 2. place, area, spot f-ina žiha žat darkom? Where (in what place) is your house located? -waš hiya sakna f-had ž-žiha? Does she live in this area? —sir l-dak ž-žiha! Go over there (to that place)! -xessna nsebiju had ž-žiha. We have to paint this area (here). 3. side sbeg žihtek u-nesbeg žihti. You paint your side and I'll paint my side.

I men žiht 1. a relative of, related to huwa men žihti. He's a relative of mine. 2. on the side of (i.e., supporting, backing

I žiht in the area of, near, around darna žat žiht l-banka. Our house is near the

¶ fe-žwayeh around, about žaw fe-žwayeh l-čăšra. They came around ten (o'clock).

¶ža men žiht to take the side of, to side with ža men žihtha fe-d-dă wa. He took her side in the lawsuit.

žihad (no pl.) holy war

žina?i pl. -yen (art. l-) criminal

ma-ka-ntkellef-š l-qadaya l-žina? iya. 1 don't handle criminal cases.

žinaya pl. -t (art. l-) crime, felony

žir 1. lime, quick-lime 2. whitewash

žiran pl. of žar

žiš same as žeyš

žiyyar pl. -a whitewasher

žiyyed pl. -in 1. excellent, very good 2. cultured, gentlemanly, proper, etc.

žiyyef v.t. 1. to strangle (but not necessarily kill) 2. to suffocate

žiyyer v.t. to whitewash, to spread with whitewash

¿ežl same as ažăl

¶ l-?ežl, men ?ežl on account of, because of, for the sake of dert had š-ši l-?ežlu. 1 did it for his sake.

žla ižli v.t. 1. to lose žliti dak le-ktab? Have you lost that book? 2. to cause to end up in an inaccessible or unknown place (as hitting a golfball into the woods) fayn žlit dik l-ibra? Where did I put that needle? 3. to take away, to remove žliha Eliya! Take her away from me! 4. to exile 5. to deport 6. to corrupt, to lead astray

? ăžlaf pl. of ? ăžlef

žlaleb pl. of žellab, žellaba

žlayel (pl.) lower part of a dress, skirt, or

žlayži pl. -ya tile setter or layer (floors and walls)

žleb v.t. (v.n. želb) 1. to attract (magnet, light with bugs) 2. to entice, to lure želbatu le-d-dar. She lured him into the house. 3. to import (s.th. from a country) 4, v.i. to be vaccinated

¶ žleb l- to vaccinate

želb v.n. of žleb

želba pl. -t 1. n.i. of žleb 2. vaccination želban, želbana n.u. 7 ăbba de-ž-želban (green) peas

želd pl. žlud 1. skin, hide (human, animal) 2. leather

želda pl. -t 1. skin, hide šzal men želda Eănziya šriti? How many goat skins did you buy? 2. piece of leather 3. lash (with a whip) 4. skinflint, niggard

⁹ ăžlef pl. ⁹ ăžlaf son of a bitch, bastard želfa pl. žluf rind (melon, cactus)

žlib vaccination (v.n.)

žlid frost, hoar frost

žellab, žellaba, žellabiva pl. -t, žlaleb type of North African robe with a hood

žellavži same as žlavži

želled v.t. 1. to cover with a skin (as a drum) 2. to punish, to correct (by some sort of beating)

želliž same as zelliž

žellex v.t. to spot, to strain (as with ink, grease, paint, etc.)

žellež same as zellež

žles same as gles

želsa pl. -t (art. l-) session

žlud pl. of želd

žluf pl. of želfa

žmal pl. of žmel

žmažem pl. of žemžma, žemžuma

žmač a pl. -t group (people)

žmači pl. of žemča

žmed v.i. (v.n. žmid) 1. to freeze l-barez fe-l-lil l-ma žmed fe-l-wad. The river froze yesterday. -žmed fe-blastu be-l-xewf. He froze in his tracks from fright. 2. to coagulate (blood) 3. to become solid, to solidify

** žmed-lu l-ma fe-rkabih b-le-xbar. The news stopped him dead in his tracks.

¶a.p. žamed pl. -in 1. frozen (solid) 2. immobile, standing still

žmid v.n. of žmed

žmil 1. service, favor Eammrek Emelti fiya

ši-žmil? Have you ever done me a service?

2. pl. -in (comp. žmel) beautiful, pretty

3. pl. -in (comp. žmel) good, fine had l-xedma žmila. That's a fine job (you've done).

** bla žmil! You're welcome! (in answer to an expression of thanks, particularly to barek llahu fik! Thank you!)

žmila dim. of žemla

žmi 1. v.n. of žma 2. all žmi 2. sokkan xeržu men le-mdina. All the people left the city.

¶ žmi & lli everyone (who) žmi & lli tlaqitu l-bare Z sellem Elik. Everyone I met yesterday told me to say hello to you. —žmi & lli ka-itkellem b-l-ingliza irfă E yeddu. Everyone who speaks English, raise his hand.

žmel comp. of žmil 2 and 3 žmel pl. žmal camel

žemla pl. -t (dim. žmila) she-camel

žemla used in certain expr.

N be-l-žemla or be-l-žumla wholesale ka-ibi w-išri be-l-žemla. He deals wholesale.

¶men žmelt (from) among men žmelt l-boldan lli-zert f-quruppa swisra w-almanya. Among the European countries

I've visited are Switzerland and Germany.

¶ men žmelt š-ši among other things men

žmelt š-ši qal-li nta ġad-ikun čăndek

musteqbal mezyan. Among other things, he
told me you would have a bright future.

žemmal pl. -a 1. camel driver, cameleer

2. wholesale dealer žemma & adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a (one) who enjoys group company during his leisure time žemmed v.t. 1. to freeze (solid) 2. to cause to coagulate (blood) 3. to solidify (some liquid)

žemmer v.t. to bake or roast (as to form a hard crust)

žemmă & v.i. to get together (as for cards, drinking, etc.)

žmer n.u. žemra (hot) coal, ember

žemžama pl. -t; žemžma, žemžuma pl. -t, žmažem 1. skull 2. very intelligent person žmā v.t. (v.n. žmi) 1. to gather together or in a group (people, fruit, etc.) 2. to pick up (from the ground, etc.) 3. to collect (payments, stamps, etc.) 4. to save (money) 5. to add (up), to total žmā had l-? erqam men fedlek! Add up these figures, please! ¶žmā hin 1. to reconcile ražel u-mratu

txasmu u-ža huwa u-žmă binathom. A man and his wife had a quarrel and he came and reconciled them. 2. to reunite

¶žmã ξ tṛafuφ (or ṛasuφ) to get ready žmã ξ tṛafek baš nemšiw! Get ready so we can go!

¶p.p. $mežmu\xi$ pl. -in 1. total, sum šzal ža fe-l-mežmu ξ ? How much is the total? 2. (pl.) all together žaw mežmu ξ in. They all came together.

žem E (no pl., art. l-) 1. assembly (of people)
2. addition (math.) 3. plural šnu huwa
1-žem E dyal "šekkara"? What's the plural
of "šekkara"?

žem Ea pl. -t, žma Ei week

Tž-žem Ea, nhar (or yum) ž-žem Ea Friday

žem Čiya pl. -t (art. I-) 1. organization, society 2. committee, board 3. meeting, conference

žna ižni v.t. (v.n. žni) to pick, to collect (flowers, fruit)

žnab pl. of ženb

žnan pl. -at garden (basically vegetables) žnawa, žnawi pl. of ženwi

žnawez pl. of žnaz

žnayni pl. -ya gardener (private garden)

žna pl. žen in, žnawe 1. wing (bird, airplane, building) 2. overhanging roof (as over a porch)

ženb pl. žnab 1. side (body, house, river, etc.)
2. edge (table, knife, river, etc.) 3. margin
(as on paper) 4. (pl.) environs, suburbs
** rgod Ela ženb r-raza men žihtha.
Rest assured there's no reason to worry
about her.

¶ f-ženb next to, at the side of ka-neskon f-ženb l-banka. I live next to the bank.

žni v.n. of žna

ženn pl. žnun, f. ženniya pl. -t 1. genie 2. ghost, specter, spirit 3. devil

** derbuh ž-žnun. He had an epileptic attack. —fih ž-žnun. He's possessed of the devil.

ženna heaven, paradise

ženneb v.t. 1. to pull, push, draw over (to the side) ženneb siyartek šwiya! Pull your car over a little! 2. to turn (as a car) to one side (to avoid s.th.)

ženniya pl. -t 1. f. of ženn 2. fairy

žennes v.t. to match žennes hada m a hadak! Match this one with that one!

¶žennes rasu^{\$\phi\$} to become naturalized \$\neq\$ žennset rasha be-l-žensiya l-meģribiya. She became naturalized as a Moroccan.

žens same as gens

žensiya pl. -t (art. l-) nationality

žnun pl. of ženn

ženwi pl. žnawa, žnawi knife (kitchen, hunting, dagger)

ženžer v.i. to rust (iron, steel)

ženzin pl. of žnaz

?žer v.t. to hire, to employ (for a temporary
job)

žra ižri v.i. (v.n. žri) 1. to run taz mnin kan ka-ižri. He fell while he was running.

—had l-¿āwd ka-ižri b-so?¿a kbira. This horse can run very fast. —kayen ši-ma ka-ižri f-had d-dar? Is there any running water in this house? 2. to pass quickly (time)

** waš žrat keršek? Have your bowels

** waš žrat keršek? Have your bowels loosened up yet? —žra biha l-wad. There's a lot of it around.

¶ keršu ϕ žarya to have diarrhea \neq waš keršek žarya? Do you still have diarrhea? ¶ žra \mathcal{E} la 1. to run after, to chase 2. to work hard for žrit \mathcal{E} al š-šahada \mathcal{E} etta

šedditha. I worked hard for my degree until I got it. —žrit Elih zetta wella ražel. I worked hard for him until he grew up.

¶a.p. žari pl. žorray (tax) collector žra ižra to happen, to occur kif žra zetta žiti? How does it happen you're here? —žrat-lu ši-zaža f-režlih. Something's happen to his leg.

žradi pl. of žerda

žrad n.u. -a grasshopper

žŗaf pl. of žorf

žran n.u. -a frog

žrayed pl. of žrida (n.u. of žrid)

žrayem pl. of žarima žrayer pl. of žerrara

žerba mange, scabies

žerbuč kankaroo rat, jerboa

žred v.t. (v.n. žrid) to scratch (with s.th. sharp)

žerda pl. -t, žradi 1. scratch 2. garden (flower)

žorf pl. žraf, žrufa bank, slope (of a cut in the ground or side of a road)

žri v.n. of žra

¶ be-ž-žri quickly, in a hurry

žri pl. of žru

žrid n.u. -a pl. žrayed branches of the datepalm .

žrid v.n. of žred

žer. v.i. to chew the cud, to ruminate

žerr v.t. (v.n. žerran) 1. to pull (up) žerr š-šelya le-t-tebla! Pull the chair up to the table. 2. to take or drag (off) ma-bga-š ixrož – etta žerritu men yeddih. He wouldn't leave until I dragged him off by

wouldn't leave until I dragged him off by the hand.

Tžerr (or žerr m a) baš to get (s.o.) to, to entice (s.o.) into žerruh baš il ab

m Eahom. They got him to play with them. žerra v.t. 1. to make or cause (s.o.) to run (as from fright, force) 2. to let or cause to run or flow (water) 3. to dilute, to add water to 4. to melt, to liquefy

žerra used in the expr. wayenni žerra hadi!
or ¿la žerra!, expresses deep disgust and
general feeling of being fed up

žerran v.n. of žerr

žerrara pl. -t, žrayer 1. pulley 2. spool (usually of paper or wood, used for thread, yarn, etc.)

žerray pl. -a ag. n. of žra

-žerreb had s-sebbat! Try these shoes!2. to test, to put to the test

žerred v.t. 1. to strip, to take the clothes off (s.o.) 2. to steal from, to rob (s.o.)

žru pl. -wat, žri puppy, pup (dog)

žrufa pl. of žorf

žerya pl. -t 1. n.i. of žra and žerra 2. life, manner of living 3. efforts kun ma-ši ž-žerya lli žerrit-lu Čăl l-xedma, kun

Eămmru ma-i esse! Eliha. If it hadn't been for the effort I put forth for him to get the job, he never would have gotten it.

žeržer v.t. to drag (as along the ground)
žrez v.t. 1. to cut žrez seb u mnin kan
ka-il čab be-s-sekkin. He cut his finger
while playing with the knife. 2. to hurt
(feelings) žrez ti-li l- čawațif dyali.

You've hurt my feelings.

¶ p.p. mežruz pl. mžarez wounded person, casualty

žor, žer, žer n.u. -a cut Eăndu ši-žer fe-dra Eu. He has a cut on his arm.

žud (art. often l-) magnanimity

žuf 1. abdomen, belly 2. inside, interior žuher 1. precious ornaments or jewelry worn by the (Moroccan) bride 2. jewelry made of gold and diamonds 3. n.u. žuhra cpl. žwaher pearl

¶ xit de-ž-žuher pearl necklace

žula pl. -t tour, trip (pleasure) žumad (f.) used in the names: žumad

dar; žumad t-tanya, sixth month of the Muslim calendar; žumad t-tanya, sixth month of the Muslim calendar

žumhuri pl. -yen (art. l-) republican (both in general and specifically the American political party)

žumhuriya pl. -t (art. l-) republic

žumu a, yum (or nhar) ž-žumu a Friday žuqa pl. -t crowd (usually gathered due to curiosity)

žur (art. l-) 1. injustice 2. partiality 3. oppression, tyranny

žura neighborly friendship or relationship žuṭiya pl. -t 1. second-hand store (including pawn shop) 2. racket, noise, din

žuwwed v.t. and v.i. to chant (the Koran)

žuwweq v.i. to crowd, to form into a crowd or group

žuwwež same as zuwwež žuwwač v.t. to starve, to not feed žuyuš pl. of žeyš žuž two č*ăndi žuž de-s-siyaṛat*. I have two

Tb-žuž 1. both žibhom b-žuž mčak! Bring them both with you! 2. together (two) žaw b-žuž. They came together.

žuža pl. -t (dim. žwiža) pair šrit xemsa de-ž-žužat dyal t-tqašer. I bought five pairs of socks.

žu & hunger

 $\int bih^{\phi}$ (or $\check{z}ah^{\phi}$) $\check{z}-\check{z}u\xi$ to be hungry \neq biya (or $\check{z}ani$) $\check{z}-\check{z}u\xi$, I'm hungry,

žwa pl. -wat 1. envelope 2. sheath, scabbard 3. case, container (s.th. used for keeping s.th. else)

žwab pl. -at answer, reply

žwad (pl.; art. le-) philanthropic, magnanimous people (of the city)

žwaher cpl. of žuher 3

žwahri pl. -ya jeweler (only jewelry)

žwamer pl. of žamur

žwame & pl. of žame &

žwan 1. June (month) 2. n.u. -a birdseed

žwar same as žura

žwaveh pl. of žiha

žwaž same as zwaž

žwed (comp., no absolute form) more generous, kind žwiža pl. -t 1. dim. of žuža 2. double-barrelled shotgun (includes over-and-under type)

žăwą pl. žwaą orchestra

žeyš pl. žuyuš, žyuš 1. army 2. service, branch (of service)

žvub pl. of žib

žyuš pl. of žeyš

ežžel v.t. to postpone

ž ed (v.n. ž id) to deny ž ed bin č mmru ma-ža lle-hna. He denied he'd ever been (come) here.

¶ž ed l-xir to be an ingrate, to be ungrateful

že ze v.i. to cuddle or snuggle up to a fire že r š pl. ž r uša voung ass or donkev

žzuša pl. of žezš

ž Eab pl. of žă Eba

ž Eafer (pl.) mustache (usually large or bushy)

žă ba pl. -t, ž ab 1. tube, (piece of) pipe 2. barrel (rifle)

žžil v.n. of žčăl

žčál v.t. (v.n. žčil) to put, to place žčál dak le-ktab fuq dak l-korsi! Put that book on that chair!

** lļah iž čāl fik l-baraka. Please. Thank you. That's enough.—ļļah ižā člek tenže [Good luck!

z abaš, z abaša n.pl. of z abaši

zabaši adj. pl. -yen n.pl. zabaš, zabaša Ethiopian

¶ blad l-zabaš (or zabaša) Ethiopia

Tabla f. a.p. of Tbel

zabus same as zbus zad izid (v.n. ziyad) to be or remain

neutral (on an issue)

zada v.t. (v.n. mzadya) to touch, to bother, to disturb xelli zwayžek čăndha ila bģiti ma-izadihom zădd. Leave your things with her if you don't want anyone to touch them.

zadeg same as zadeg

Zadit pl. Pazadit tradition taken from the teachings of the Prophet Mohammed, but not considered law

¶ža fe-l-zadit (or f-le-zdit) . . . it is found in the traditions of the Prophet . . ., the Prophet said . . .

Zadeq pl. -in 1. intelligent, smart, clever
2. able, very capable 3. diligent

Tader a.p. of Tder

zadari pl. zadăr 1. city-dweller, urbanite 2. (pl.) city population

adi a.p. of حda

zadira pl. zawadir city (in contrast to the

country) waš ka-i čiš fe-l-badiya wella fe-l-zadira? Does he live in the country or in the city?

zader a.p. of zder zadăr pl. of zadari

ح

Taf izuf v.i. (v.n. Zāwf) to descend, to go down, to come down gir hiya sem Eāt weldha ža u-hiya Zafet ka-tesbeg men l-fuqi. As soon as she heard that her son had arrived, she came running down from upstairs.—ma-zal xessna nzufu tebqa. We have to go down one more floor.

¶ zaf Ela 1. to borrow from and not return (purposely) zaf Eliya f-flusi. He borrowed some money from me and didn't return it. 2. to beat zafu Elih le-r-ras. They beat him about the head.

** zafu Elihom š-šeffara. Some thieves robbed their house.

Zafa pl. -t 1. cliff, precipice 2. steep bank (on the side of a mountain road) 3. habitual borrower who never returns what he has borrowed

z afalat pl. of z ăfla

zafed Ela 1. to take care of, to handle with care xessek tzafed bezzaf Ela had l-makina zit bagya ždida u-šritha

be-t-taman. You'll have to take good care of this machine because it's still new and I paid a lot for it. 2. to save, to put away, to keep ma-bga-s iredd-li le-flus zit ma-z afedt-s Eal t-tuwsil. He didn't want to give me the money back because I didn't save the receipt. 3. to observe, to respect (law, etc.)

afi a.p. of zfa

afid (with art.) the Protector (God)

zafida (good) memory čăndu zafida mezyana. He has a good memory.

zafer pl. zwafer 1. hoof (cow, horse, sheep, etc.) 2. heavy foot traffic (people, animals) dak z-zenqa dima mhurža zla wedd fiha bezzaf de-l-zafer. That street is always noisy because of the heavy traffic.

-zerbiytek degya ka-ttwessex zit čăndek l-zafer. Your rug gets dirty quickly because so many people walk over it.

¶ suq l-zafer animal market (cows,

sheep, horses, etc.)

caguz, caguza legendary character, similar to Santa Claus, appearing during the month of January

 zaguza 1. kind of hot porridge prepared with cracked wheat and milk 2. period (in January) in which 1 above is made

Zakem a.p. of Zkem Zakam pl. Zokkam referee

zal izil v.i. (v.n. zyala) to boast, to brag ¶zal f-le-mši to prance, to strut (s.o., horse)

¶ a.p. z ayel pl. -in boastful, bragging z al iz ul v.i. (no v.n.) to get old, to age (as food)

¶ a.p. \(\tag{ayel}\) pl. -in old, aged (refers to foods that both improve or get worse with age) \(x-zit\) l-\(\tag{ayla}\) mezyana le-\(\frac{1}{2}\)-tyab. Aged oil is good for cooking. —ma-ka-nqedd-\(\frac{5}{2}\) nakol \(\lambda\)-\(\tag{ayel}\). I can't eat old bread. \(\tag{al}\) pl. \(\tag{wal}\), \(\frac{9}{2}\)-wal 1. state, condition, situation \(kif\) \(\tag{alek}\)? or \(a\) \(\tag{alek}\)? How are you? (i.e., how's your condition)

2. weather l-zal sxun l-yum. It's (The weather is) hot today.

** baqi l-zal or ma-zal l-zal. There's still (plenty of) time. —mša l-zal. It's late. It's too late. —dzad Elih l-zal. His condition has gotten worse. —žah l-zal or !!ā E fih l-zal. He went into a trance (as an entranced dancer).

¶ $m \check{s} a$ f- $z a l u \phi$ to leave, to go away sir f-z a l e k ! Go away!

¶ Ela kolli zal in any case, anyway, anyhow Ela kolli zal la-bedd nemši. I'm going anyway.

Zala pl. -t state, condition, situation kif
Zaltu? How is he? (his condition)

¶ mša f- ζ alatu ϕ same as mša f- ζ alu ϕ (see ζ al)

alaqa pl. -t earring

zama Ela to defend (in a fight, in court), to support, to back up

amalat l-qorean pl. of zamil l-qorean

zamed 1. pl. -in sour, acid 2. pickled 3. n.u. zamda lemon, lime

ami a.p. of zma yezma

zamil l-qor@an pl. zamalat l-qor@an one who knows the Koran by heart

zamla f. a.p. of zmel zanan v.n. of zann

zanana 1. tenderness, gentleness, loving care 2. sympathy, compassion, pity

anut pl. zwanet (dim. zwinta) shop, store
¶ras l-z anut a spice mixture

aqiqa truth, reality

¶ fe-l-zaqiqa in reality, really

aqiqi pl. -yen real, genuine, true

ar izir v.i. (v.n. zira) to be confused, perplexed, hesitant

ara pl. -t an expansive, isolated, barren spot (in the country)

zaraka pl. - i 1. movement ana mrid

u-ma-nqedd-š nā Emel zaraka wezda. I'm so sick I can't make a single movement.

—l-zaraka š-šuyu ziya bdat ddiyyā z f-had le-blad. The Communist movement has begun to spread in this country. 2. activity kayna zaraka ktira f-dar l-zers. There's a lot of activity in that house where the wedding is. 3. function, job šniya l-zaraka lli ka-tqum biha fe-l-mā mel? What's your job in the factory?

raram forbidden (by religion)

¶ bit !!ah l-zaram The Holy Temple of the Kaaba

arara 1. heat, warmth 2. vivacity, life fih 1-zarara. He's full of life. 3. temperature (weather, fever)

¶ mizan l-zarara pl. myazen l-zarara thermometer

areb v.t. to fight, to fight against (disease, feelings, enemy, etc.)

zarr pl. -in (comp. zărr) 1. hot (temperature) had n-nhar qiyyal zarr. It's been hot all day. 2. hot, spicy 3. touchy, irascible 4. energetic, zealous

¶ ma zarr undrinkable water (e.g. river water)

asab same as zsab

r asana pl. -t good deed

casani 1. pl. -yat an old coin worth half a bessita 2. pl. -yen of the time of mulay casan.

aseb v.t. to demand an accounting from (s.o., in the financial sense, also an explanation for doing s.th.) zasen v.t. to be good (kind, charitable)
 toward

zasăn (comp. zsen) 1. good (adj., interjectional usage) 2. proper name (usually with art.)

¶l-zasăn u-l-zusin the sons of Ali, grandsons of the Prophet Mohammed zasud same as zsed 2

zaṣil used in the expr. l-zaṣil, zaṣilu, or zaṣiluhu briefly, in short, to make a long story short

asul same as zasil

zaša used in the following:

** Zaša llah or Zaša mačad llah. I don't believe it! Impossible! Never happen! (expresses complete incredulity or denial of an accusation) — Zašak! Thank you, but you shouldn't have done it (i.e., it's below your station); also used as an apology for some faux pas

Zašiya pl. -t entourage, retinue (particularly the king's)

Zašya pl. -t, Zwaši 1. border, fringe (cloth, garment) 2. hem 3. heel or rounded edge of a loaf of bread (Moroccan type)

awadir pl. of zadira

Zawel (v.n. mzawla, muzawala) to try, to attempt zawel tqum! Try to get up! zawel Ela to take care of, to be careful with (s.th.,

Zayat (f.) 1. life (as opposed to death)2. life, lifetime

¶ be-l-zayat alive, living

zayati batiste

¶ kas de-l-zayati type of thin, unornamented tea glass

zayawan (sg. or pl.) pl. -at animal(s)

zayek pl. zoyyak, ziyyak large piece of material, usually white, used as an exterior garment by Arab women (wrapped around body and head)

ayel a.p. of zal

caz izuz v.t. 1. to get, to acquire sir zuz le-ktab men Zăndha. Go get the book from her. 2. to occupy, to take (legal) possession of (as a house) 3. to put aside or to one side zuz had le-ktab Zăl limin zetta neztažuh. Put this book aside until we need it. 4. to take in, to adopt (child)

Zazen a.p. of Zzen

zazeq a.p. of zeq

\[
 \bar{z} a \times v.t. \quad (v.n. m \subseteq a \times a \times a) \quad \text{to propose a riddle or puzzle to (riddle itself introduced by \quad \text{\$\ell} a \right)
 \]

Zaža pl. -t, Zwayež I. thing, object šnu dak l-zaža f-žibek? What's that thing in your pocket? 2. something, thing xellini nqul-lek wazed l-zaža. Let me tell you something. 3. need, necessity zažtu bik. He needs you (i.e., has need of you).

** zažti m ah or čăndi zaža m ah. I've got business with him.

¶ fe-l-zaža f- (things), b- (persons) (to be) in need of ana fe-l-zaža bik. I need you.

¶ ma... zetta zaža nothing; not... a thing, anything ma-qolt-lu zetta zaža. I didn't tell him a thing.

aža something آ ši- aža

¶ (ši) zaža glila a little bit

Towayež (pl.) 1. things (may include clothing), effects (personal) xeṣṣṇi nemši nžib owayži mne-ḍ-ḍaṛ. I have to get my things from the house. 2. clothes, clothing 3. eating utensils 4. luggage, baggage 5. furniture

zažeb pl. zwažeb, zežban eyebrow

zažib pl. zožžab I. steward, chamberlain (at royal palace) 2. chancellor (diplomatic rank)

zažž a.p. of zažž

tez biw, yez biw) to crawl (baby)

zbab pl. of zbib 2 and 3

bal pl. of bel

Cbas organization, subsidized by the government, which cares for the needs of the Islamic religion (e.g., building, maintaining mosques)

e bas pl. of bus

basat pl. of zăbs

Thayeb, Thaybat pl. of Thib 1

bayer pl. of bura

Zăbb iz ebb v.t. (v.n. Zăbb) 1. to like (food, a car, etc.) 2. to love (s.o.) 3. to want (usually in perfect tense) Zăbbit nakol. I want to eat. 4. expresses "would like" (in impf. tense) ka-nzebb nakol. I would like to eat.

abb v.n. of حقbb

\[
\tilde{a}bb\]\ \text{n.u.}\ \cdot -a\]\ (\text{dim.}\ \tau biyyba)\ \text{grain}\ \text{grain}\ \text{(wheat, corn, etc.)}
\]

¶ zăbba pl. -t, zbub 1. grain, kernel 2. pimple, sore 3. pill, tablet, capsule

¶ zăbb le-mluk n.u. zăbb le-mluka

1. cherry 2. cherry tree

¶ ~ ăbb š-šbab pimple

¶ zăbbet zlawa anise

obb love (romantic)

¶ zobbăn wa-karama very willingly

Täbbeb I. v.t. to cause to like Eammru la-šra dak d-dar u-kan ma-Tābbebtiha-lu-š. He would never have bought that house if you hadn't made him like it. 2. v.t. or v.i. to form into grains, to become granulated 3. v.i. to curdle (milk) 4. v.i. to become covered or afflicted with sores, pimples, etc. Täbbes v.t. 1. to donate (s.th.) to the Tabus

(usually buildings or property) 2. to give, to donate qbel-ma tmut zăbbset tlata de-d-dyar Zăl l-itama. Before she died she donated three houses to the orphans.

bib 1. pl. \(\tau\)bayeb, \(\tau\)baybat maternal uncle
2. pl. \(\tau\)bab friend, buddy; (pl.) close friends, relatives 3. pl. \(\tau\)bab boy-friend, sweetheart

If. \(\tau biba\) pl. -t girl-friend, sweetheart \(\ta bik\) v.n. of \(\ta bek\)

bis v.n. of bes

z bek v.t. (v.n. zbik) to hem (garment)

¶ z bek Ela to go after (as an escapee) ¶ z bek fe-l-xedma, f-le-qraya, etc. to

work hard, to study hard, etc.

Tbel v.i. (v.n. Tbala) to get or become pregnant

¶ f. a.p. ∠abla pregnant

z bel pl. z bal rope, cable

** tqettă & bih le-zbel. He lost every cent he had.

beg basil

bes v.t. (v.n. zbis) 1. to imprison, to put in jail 2. to arrest (police) 3. to catch, to find zbest l-qett ka-yakol l-lzăm. I caught the cat eating the meat. 4. to hold zebsu ši-šwiya! Hold it (for me) a minute. 5. v.t. and v.i. to stop, to halt

p.p. mezbus pl. mzabes prisoner, arrestee Zăbs pl. zbasat prison, jail

Zbu v.n. of Zba

z bub 1. same as z ăbb 2. pl. of z ăbba (see z ăbb)

bura pl. *bayer* unwanted (usually of merchandise but can be applied to people)

bus, cabus pl. ecbas organization which receives donations and bequests left to Islam, which, in turn, are used to further the cause (e.g., a house left to the cbus may be rented and the money used to build a mosque)

da next to, near, close to, beside had s-sbaz fe-t-tubis gles zdaya wazed r-ražel šibani bezzaf. A very old man sat down next to me in the bus this morning.

dada pl. Zudud boundary, frontier (between countries, etc.)

¬daga, ¬daqa intelligence, astuteness, quickwittedness

dayer pl. of dura

debba pl. -t hump (camel, man)

Tådd pl. zdud, zudud boundary, limit men bå&d l-istiqlal l-zudud lli kanet qasma l-megṛib zalet. After independence came, the boundaries which divided Morocco were eliminated. —le-mlaġa & andha zudud. There's a limit to joking.

¶ daz l-zădd to go too far, to pass the limit

¶ma-zădd while yallah nxeržu ma-zădd Eăndna l-weqt. Let's leave while there's still time

¶ma-zădd . . . u- 1. the more . . . the more . . . ma-zăddni (or ma-zăddi) ka-nexdem w-ana ka-neqbet le-flus. The more I work the more money I make. 2. the longer . . . the better (the worse) mazăddha galsa fe-l-ferš u-zaltha ġad-tă dem. The longer she stays in bed the worse she'll get. 3. as long as, so long as ma-zădd t-telž ma-zal ka-itiz u-zna galsin Eăndek. We'll stay with you as long at it's still snowing.

<u>rădd</u> anybody, anyone (with negative)
ma-šeft <u>rădd</u>. I haven't seen anybody.

¶ l-zădd, nhar l-zădd pl. zduda (on) Sunday —l-metzef ka-ikun mezlul nhar l-zădd. The museum is open on Sunday. —mšina l-le-bzăr tlata d-le-zduda mettab in. We have gone to the beach three consecutive Sundays.

¶ ma... zetta zădd nobody, no one; not... anyone ma-šeft zetta zădd. I didn't see anyone. —zetta zădd ma-ža išufu. Nobody came to see him. —škun kan m£ak temma? —zetta zădd. Who was with you there?—Nobody.

¶ ši-zădd anyone, someone ža ši-zădd?

Did anyone come?

Tăddad pl. -a blacksmith

Zădded v.t. 1. to iron, to press (clothes) 2. to limit, to set a boundary to 3. to set, to fix (date, time)

\[
\tilde{a} \text{ddeq} \ \text{v.t. to trim (hedge, hair, rough edge, etc.)}
\]

Tădder v.t. to warn (rare usage)

dibbi pl. -yen hunchback

did iron (metal)

dida pl. -t 1. piece of iron 2. iron (for pressing)

Z didi pl. -yen 1. iron grey 2. resembling iron 3. rust (color)

dir v.n. of z der

dit pl. ? a adit 1. conversation, talk 2. talk, sermon 3. one or all of the traditional sayings and customs of the Prophet Mohammed, not considered actual Islamic law

diya pl. -t buzzard

der (v.n. \(\tau\)dir) 1. v.i. to bend down or over fuq-emma ka-n\(\tilde{z}\)i indxol men dak l-bab ka-ixessni ne\(\tau\)der \(\tau\)th men diva. Every time I want to go through that door I have to bend over, because it's low. 2. v.i. to come or go down, to descend (as a plane, the sun, etc.) \(\text{t-iyara}\) \(\text{t-iyara}\) \(\text{t-elta}\) \(\text{t-iyara}\) \(\text{t-elta}\) \(\text{t-elta}\) \(\text{t-iyara}\) \(\text{t-elta}\) \

low that we could almost see the people in it. 3. v.t. to lower, to bring down

¶a.p. Zader pl. -in low had t-tebla lli ka-naklu Eliha 7 adra bezzaf. This table we're eating on is very low.

z det v.i. (v.n. z dut) to happen, to occur, to take place

** qolti-li huwa gani men zaman u-huwa Ead 7 det. You told me he's been rich all along but (I know) he just recently struck it rich. -had le-ktab Ead 7 det. This book has just come out.

z dud pl. of z ădd

\(\tau duda\) (with art.) pl. of \(l-\tau \tilde{a} dd\) (see \(\tau \tilde{a} dd\)) dudi pl. -yen quiet, reserved, taciturn 7 dura pl. -t, 7 dayer down-hill grade, slope

z dut v.n. of z det

zdež n.u. zădža colocynth or its fruit

da yezdi v.t. (v.n. di) 1. to take care of, to keep 2. to keep an eye on, to watch (over)

** z di rasek! Be careful! Take care of yourself!

¶ a.p. zadi pl. zadyen, zodday same as Tădday pl. -a

** zadi rasu. He's on his guard.

Zdana 1. incubation or brooding (period) le-z dana dyal d-džaž ka-ttul waz ed u-Eešrin yum. The chicken's incubation period is twenty-one days. 2. adoption, custody mnin mat xay gemna b-le-z dana d-weldu. When my brother died we took custody of his son.

dar city (as opposed to the country)

zdari pl. of z ădra

zădd 1. luck Eăndek l-zădd. You're lucky. 2. share, part hada zăddek. This is your share.

zăddana pl. -t 1. brooding or incubating bird 2. incubator (for eggs)

 τ odday pl. of τ adi (a.p. of τ da)

zădday pl. -a watchman, guard

Tădden Ela 1. to incubate (eggs) 2. to be stingy with, to keep (for oneself) 3. to keep until prices go up (and then sell for big

rădder v.t. 1. to make (s.o.) attend or be present (at some meeting, etc.), to summon gal-lhom l-gadi iz ăddru lli meseulin kollhom. The judge asked them to summon all those who are responsible. -- a-men zăddrek f-dak l-Eers! I wish you had been at that wedding! 2. to prepare (s.th. that is usually written, e.g., a speech or lesson) 3. to civilize, to give culture to was l-gerb huwa lli zădder friqya l-žanubiya? Was it the West that civilized South Africa? 4. to give back, to return bgithom daba iz ăddru-li flusi. I want them to give me my money back right now.

¶ zădder balu ϕ to pay attention

7 di v.n. of 7 da

din v.n. of 7 den

Zden v.t. (v.n. Zdin) to adopt, to take in (child)

¶ 7 den Ela to incubate (eggs)

\(\frac{der}{v.i.} \) \(\frac{dur}{dur}, \) \(\frac{udur}{u}\) to show up, to appear zădret meteexxra. She showed up late.

¶ \(\textit{der } f\)- to attend, to be at \(\textit{be-l-\(\theta\)}\) as\(\textit{a}f\) ma-gad-imken-li-š nez der fe-l-Eers dyalek. I'm sorry I'm not going to be able to attend your wedding.

¶ 7 der Ela to witness, to see 7 derna Ela wazed le-mdabza kbira had s-sbaz.

We saw a big fight this morning.

¶ a.p. zader pl. -in present, in attendance zădra pl. -t, z dari type of instrumental gettogether similar to the American "jam session," often carried out at weddings, parties, etc.

dur v.n. of zder

fa yezfa v.i. 1. to get dull or blunt (as a knife) 2. to become weak, feeble (particu-

larly the mind)

¶ a.p. $\neg afi$ pl. $\neg afyen$ 1. alone, with nothing else, straight klit l-xobz zafi. I ate the bread straight (i.e., with no other food). 2. dull had s-skaken kollhom Zafyen. All these knives are dull.

Tfa (m.) barefootedness, state of being barefooted

¶ b-le- ∇ fa barefoot(ed)

Tfada v n. of Tfed

fali pl. of z ăfla fani pl. of zăfna

fari pl. of zăfra, zofra

fayed pl. of fid

 $\int ed \text{ v.t. } (\text{v.n. } \sqrt{afd}, \sqrt{ada}, \sqrt{ifd}) \text{ 1. to}$ protect (s.o., s.th.) 2. to learn by heart zăfd v.n. of zfed

z ăfda pl. -t n.i. of z fed

** žabettu l-zăfda dayez. He happened to be passing by.

z ăffa v.t. 1. to dull, to blunt (as a knife) 2. to weaken, to make feeble (particularly the mind)

zăffad pl. -in having the ability to learn and remember things well

zăffar pl. -a digger (of wells, holes, trenches, etc., for a living)

răffed v.t. to make learn by heart le-fqiha režčăt tzăffedna d-durus kollha. The teacher started making us learn all the lessons by heart.

Täffef v.t. and v.i. to shave (beard, head) škun kan iz ăffef-lek mnayn konti mṛiḍ? Who shaved you when you were sick? —ma-zal ma-zăffeft had n-nhar. I haven't shaved yet today.

Tfid pl. Tfayed grandson fir v.n. of fer fira dim. of zăfra, zofra zăfla pl. -t, zafalat, zfali 1. ceremony (e.g., wedding) 2. party konti fe-l-zăfla l-barez fe-l-lil? Were you at the party last night? zăfna pl. -t, zfani handful (also with both hands) fer v.t. (v.n. zfir) to dig, to excavate, to hollow out ¶ \(\tau \) fer \(l\)- to plot against I fer Ela to uncover by digging zăfra, zofra pl. zfari (dim. zfira) hole, hollow, excavation, cavity ¶ zăfṛa de-l-ĕăyn eyesocket ¶ zăfra de-z-zin dimple ¶ *fer zăfṛa l-* to set a trap for, to plot against efyan pl. -in barefoot (ed) ged same as zged gir v.n. of ger ger v.t. (v.n. gir) to make fun of, to humiliate zăgra pl. -t n.i. of zger ifd v.n. of zfed zikăm pl. of zekma Zila pl. -t trick, ruse, wile rili pl. -ven wily, tricky, sly ima 1. v.n. of zma yezmi 2 2. protection imaya 1. protectorate (of a country) 2. protection in used in the expr. fe-l-zin immediately, as soon as possible inen immediately, at once iqd v.n. of zged ira v.n. of zar zit 1. since, because zit l-zal bared gadi nelbes kebbuti de-ş-suf. Since it's cold I'm going to wear my wool coat. 2. when zit texrož š-šems, nnšer t-tesbin. When the sun comes out I'll hang the wash out. ¶ men zit same as zit tit pl. z yut wall ziti same as zăyti iwel pl. of zwel zivad 1, v.n. of zad 2. neutrality (on some issue) ziyaza pl. -t n.i. of zaz iyyak pl. of zayek zizeb pl. zab, eezzab 1. party (political) 2. any one of the sixty parts of the Koran ** beddel Eliya had l-zizeb! Will you quit telling me the same thing over and over again! zižr same as zer (often metaphorical) zka yezki v.t. to tell, to relate (story, adventure, etc.) kak pl. of zăkk, zokk z kam same as z okm zkama used in expr. such as baraka men

le-zkama Elina! We've had enough of your ordering us around! z kaya pl. -t story, tale, anecdote ** aži nqul-lek wazed le-zkaya. Let me tell you something (that happened to me on the way to the office, etc.) z kim pl. zukama 1. philosopher, sage 2. magician zăkk izekk, izokk v.t. (v.n. zekkan) 1. to rub 2. to massage 3. (also v.i.) to scratch (an itch) 4. to scrub, to scour (as in wash-** ma-tzekk-š čăl d-debra zetta isil d-demm! You keep at it and you'll get into trouble! ¶ akk Ela to persist in doing or saying s.th. to (usually distasteful to the other) ila ma-bģit-š ngul-lek ma-tz ekk-š Eliya! If I wanted to tell you I'd tell you, so stop insisting! z ăkk, z okk pl. z kak, z kuka small box (for pills, snuff, jewelry, etc.) ¶ zăkk r-rokba kneecap zekka pl. -t 1. n.i. of z ăkk 2. the itch, mange rekkak pl. -a masseur of the public (Moorish) bath zokkam pl. of zakem (a.p. of zkem) and **Cakă**m zekkan v.n. of z ăkk rekkem v.t. to have act as judge, to set up as a judge mnin ka-yuqa bini u-bin xay ši-gnan ka-nzekkmu bbana Elina. Whenever my brother and I have a disagreement we have our father act as judge. them yezkem, yezkom v.t. and v.i. (v.n. give orders to ¶ \(\tau \) kem f- 1. to order, to give an order to 2. to dominate kaynin Eyalat lli ka-izekmu fe-ržalhom. There are women who dominate their husbands. ¶ ∠kem Ela 1. to judge, to pass judgment on (s.o., as in court) 2. to sentence (s.o.) (to) Tekmu Elih be-l-?iEdam. They sentenced him to death. 3. to command, to have command over ¶ a.p. zakem pl. zokkam 1. judge 2. commanding officer σhm 1. v.n. of σkem 2. judgment, verdict ekma pl. -t, zikam 1. maxim, proverb, wise saying 2. wisdom 3. magic (e.g., involved in magic lamps, rings, etc.) zkuka pl. of zăkk, zokk la yezla v.i. 1. to become sweet (taste) 2. to become nice(r) or (more) pleasant (as weather, season, scenery) ¶ ma-zlah (or zlaha)! How sweet it is! (said of food, girl, beautiful day, etc.) zla comp. of zlu afi pl. of ح älfa 2

zlal (no pl.) permitted by religious law
** hiya bent le-zlal. She's well-bred, well
brought up.

zlaleb pl. of zellab 2

clalef pl. of celluf

zlali pl. -yen 1. legitimate (child) 2. honest, truthful 3. pure, genuine (of metals, money) 4. fine, of fine quality had s-sel&a zlaliya. These goods are of fine quality.

zlaqi pl. of zălqa

zlaqem pl. of zălqum, zălquma

clas pl. zlayes, zlales type of pad filled with straw which is placed beneath the šwari on beasts of burden.

zlasa pl. -t, zlayes 1. lazy good-for-nothing 2. slow-acting individual (i.e., does things at a snail's pace)

zlawa pl. -t 1. sweetness (of taste and character; pl. used for intensifying meaning)
2. sweets t-tbib qta Elih le-zlawa. The doctor told him to stop eating sweets.
—Eăndhom wazed le-bnita zlawat. They have such a sweet little girl. 3. tip, commission (e.g., for helping s.o. sell s.th.) 4. hush money

zlawi pl. of z ălwa

Tlayes pl. of Tlas and Tlasa

zlaywi pl. -ya pastry-cook

zlazel pl. of zelzal

cleb v.t. (v.n. clib) 1. to milk (cow, etc.)
2. to milk, to take for mṛatu călbettu men flusu kollhom. His wife milked him of all his money.

Zălba 1. n.i. of z leb 2. fennel seed

zlef v.i. (v.n. zlif, zluf) to swear, to testify by oath zălfet zetta tqul l-zăqq. She swore to tell the truth.

 $\P \subset lef f$ - to be determined to get even with

¶ \(\tag{left}\) left l- to adjure, to plead with \(\tag{left}\)-lha \(\tag{al}\) d-doxxan. I adjured her to stop smoking.

 $\angle \tilde{a}$ If a 1. n.i. of $\angle lef$ 2. pl. $\angle lafi$ esparto grass $\angle li$ (sg.) jewelry

zlib 1. v.n. of zleb 2. milk 3. milky sap (as of the fig tree)

lif v.n. of zlef

z lim v.n. of z lem

zliwa dim. of zălwa

door, bottle, etc.) 2. to open, to start (as a new store) 3. to undo, to untie (a knot, etc.) 4. to unfold, to unroll 5. to unbutton 6. to solve (as a problem) 7. v.i. to take place remain padi it ell fe-š-šher d-daxel.

Ramadan will take place next month.

** Zăllet Elihom krat had š-šher. It's

time for them to pay this month's rent.

¶ p.p. mez lul pl. -in indolent, lazy, with-

¶ p.p. mez lul pl. -in indolent, lazy, without energy \(\tilde{a}ila\) 1. v.t. to sweeten (food) 2. v.i. to eat
s.th. sweet (as candy) \(teb\bar{g}i\) t\(\tilde{a}ili\)? Would
you like something sweet?

で ellaf adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a one who swears or utters oaths a great deal

zellan v.n. of z ăll

ellef v.t. to make or have (s.o.) swear or utter an oath (as in promising to do s.th. or tell the truth)

cellel v.t. 1. to declare permissible (s.th. that is usually forbidden) l-@islam ka-izellel Elina nfetru f-remdan ila konna mrad aw msafrin. Islam makes it permissible for us to break the fast during Ramadan when we are ill or on a journey. 2. to wash (clothes, hands, floors, etc.) 3. to dissolve (as in water)

Zălleq v.i. 1. to spruce up, to dress up, to "doll" up (hair, make-up, etc., as well as clothes) 2. to get by, to be satisfied with s.th. (after trying one's best)

¶ zălleq l- to make beautiful, to give a nice appearance to

celles v.t. to put the clas on (a beast of burden)

Telluf pl. zlalef 1. pig 2. pork

Telluf l-jaba wild pig

Tlzăm l-zelluf pork (meat)

ellufa pl. -t sow

Tlem (v.n. zlim) to dream zlemtek mrid had l-lila. I dreamed you were sick last night.—xellik ka-tezlem! You're just dreaming! (castles in the air, etc.)

zălq pl. zluq, zluqa 1. throat (internal) dima ka-iserrez zălqu qbel l-hedra. He always clears his throat before he speaks.

2. voice (singing, speaking) 3. neck (of bottle)

** hadi telt iyam ma-dazet fertuta de-l-xobz Ela zălqi. I haven't eaten a thing for three days.

Zălqa pl. -t, Zlaqi 1. circle or ring of people (as gathered around a street entertainer)
 2. type of skylight in Moroccan houses over the center patio, often open to the sky, sometimes covered with glass 3. thimble

zălqum, zălquma pl. zlaqem 1. throat (external) 2. (pl.) tonsilitis žawha le-zlaqem. She has tonsilitis.

zlu f. zluwa pl. zluwin (comp. zla) sweet (taste, character)

zluf v.n. of zlef

zluq, zluqa pl. of zălq

zluwa f. of zlu

luwin pl. of בlu

zălwa pl. -t, zlawi (dim. zliwa) 1. pas-

try (cake, cookie, etc.) 2. piece of candy (sucker, bonbon, etc.) 3. (sg. and pl.) sweets

~ălwi pl. -ya 1. confectioner 2. pastry-cook cel al pl. ~la~el lavender (plant)

ma yetma v.i. 1. to get very warm or very hot s-sbăt ka-ikun mberred u-f-le-tšiya ka-yetma l-tal. It's cool in the morning, but in the afternoon it gets very warm. 2. to go up, to go higher (price)

¶ $Tma \ fih^{\phi} \ d$ -demm to become raging mad \neq

 $\P \subset ami$ pl. $\subset amy \in n$ (very) hot (water, a radiator, etc.)

ma ye mi v.t. 1. to heat, to make hot (water, iron, etc.) 2. (v.n. zima) to protect (s.o. from s.th.)

mad v.i. 1. to get or become sour, to sour, to go sour (as milk) 2. to become unbearable (because of objectionable behavior)

mada 1. sourness 2. pl. -t absurd, silly act; s.th. done in bad taste

mal pl. of mel

mala pl, -t, mayel 1. bandolier 2. shoulder belt or cord used in carrying a dagger, sword, or pocketbook; baldric

mali pl. of Zamla

mam n.u. -a pigeon

¶ zmam le-bzăr (sea) gull

mamer pl. of Tammar 2

maq v.i. (v.n. naq, naq) 1. to go crazy or mad, to become insane 2. to pretend to be mad or insane

maq 1. v.n. of maq 2. insanity, madness mar v.i. 1. to turn or become red 2. to blush, to redden (skin)

mar pl. zmir 1. donkey (male), jackass
2. idiot, dolt, jerk

¶ mar l-lil sleep-walking, somnambulism
** derbu \tau mar l-lil. He had a nightmare.

mara pl. -t she-donkey, she-ass

mat cons. of zma

maya same as zimaya

mayel pl of zmala

maymi pl. -ya 1. one who buys, raises, and sells pigeons 2. one who owns or runs a public bath

med v.t. (v.n. zămd) to praise, to glorify (God)

Zămd 1. v.n. of Zmed 2. used in the expr. l-Zămdu l-llah, l-Zămdu li-llah, li-llahi l-Zămd. Praise be to God.

¶l-zămdu l-llah lli . . . thank God (that) . . . l-zămdu l-llah lli žiti! Thank God you came!

zămdel v.i. to say the expr. l-zămdu l-llah (see zămd)

mil v.n. of zmel

mimer dim. of mer

mir pl. of mar

miyyer pl. miyrat dim. of mar

To miyyer swari type of bread pinched in the middle so as to resemble slightly a dumbbell.

¶ zmiyyer (pl. zmiyrat) žedda type of wood louse capable of rolling up into a ball when disturbed (as the pill bug)

mel (v.n. \(\tau ii\)) 1. v.t. to carry (usually on the back) 2. v.t. to stand, to bear \(ma-bqit-\) \(n \) \(\tilde{a}mlu\). I can't stand him any more. 3. v.i. to rise, to swell (as a river) 4. v.i. to become or get pregnant

¶ zmel Ela to attack (verbally)

¶f. a.p. zamla pl. -t pregnant

mel pl. mal 1. load (usually carried on the back) 2. baby, foetus (as carried in pregnancy) 3. responsibility, charge (of a family group) melli bda ixdem rfed lemel de-l-\(\mathcal{E}a^{\rho}\)ila kollha. Since he started working he's taken full charge of the family.

Zămla pl. -t, zmali 1. n.i. of zmel 2. toothache (with abscess and swelling of the jaw)

zomma fever

Zămmal pl. -a one hired to carry or transport items, usually with the help of a pack animal

Zămmam pl. -at 1. public (Moorish) bath2. private bath (as in one's house)

zommaq pl. of zmeq

Zămmar 1. pl. -a one hired along with his donkey to transport items 2. donkey or mule driver, muleteer 3. pl. Zmamer bridge (of violin, guitar) 4. anything (such as a beam) used as a prop

zămmasa pl. -t roaster (machine)

Tămmed v.i. to say l-Tămdu l-llah

¶ Zămmed fe-s-slama l- to say the expr. l-zămdu l-llah Eăl s-slama to (s.o. back safe and sound from a trip)

\[
 \int \text{ammed} \text{ v.t. to make sour, to let go sour (as milk)}
 \]

zommida same as zammayda

zămmel v.t. 1. to have or make (s.o.) assume (responsibility) zămmeltu l-mes uliya. I made him assume the responsibility. 2. to hold and raise the feet of (s.o. to be punished by beating the soles of his feet, i.e. the bastinado) zămmlu baš nă tih le-Esa! Hold up his feet so I can beat them (with the stick)! 3. (Ela) to incite (against)

Tămmem v.t. to bathe, to wash (s.o.)

Zămmeq v.t. 1. to drive mad or insane 2. to drive crazy, to exasperate

\[
 \int \text{ammer v.t. 1. to fry (meat) 2. to make red, to redden (as with a slap, sunburn)
 \]

** weldi ka-i ammer-li wežhi. I'm very proud of my son.

¶ \(\times \times mmer f - 1\). to stare at, to look at 2. to look daggers at, to scowl at (with anger) \(\times \times mmes \) v.t. to roast (e.g. coffee beans)

¶ part. m Zămmes pl. -in made with chick peas (food)

Zămmeș, Zămmus n.u. Zămmusa chick peas

Zămmusa n.u. of Zămmes, Zămmus

Zămmăyda, zommăyda pl. -t sorrel (plant)
zmeq f. zămqa pl. zumeq, zommaq l. crazy
(literal and metaphorical sense) 2. immature (in behavior)

\[
\text{comq 1. v.n. of } \text{\text{maq 2. insanity, madness}}
\]
\[
\text{(literal and metaphorical sense)}
\]

mer f. zămra pl. zumer (dim. zmimer)
1. red 2. rust-colored 3. fawn, reddish
brown (as for animals) 4. tanned, sunburnt

¶ d-dolm le-\taumer gross injustice

¶ l-bațel le-z mer accusatory, bare-faced lies

¶ sokkar mer brown sugar

compani pl. -yen reddish (tending to orange)
 čămri a fine, reddish soil, considered very fertile

muda, mudiya same as mada 1

mum (pl., no sg.) soot

mura, muriya red, redness

na yezni (v.n. zenyan, zni) 1. v.t. to bow, to hang (the head) 2. v.i. to stoop (over), to bend (down) 3. v.i. to squat (down) 4. v.i. to lean (over to the side)

¶ ¬na rasu^{\$\phi\$} to submit, to allow oneself to be "walked all over" ka-ye¬ni-lha raṣu bezzaf. He lets her walk all over him.

na (pl. disjunctive pron.) we, us, our \(\tau na\) adima na\(\text{stin}. \) We're always having a good time. \(-had \) d-\(dar \) dyalna \(\tau na \)! This is our house (not yours)!\(-\text{safna} \) \(7na \)

b-waz edna. He saw only us.

nabel pl. of zănbel

nader pl .of zăndira

rnak pl. of z nk

znani pl. of Zănna

znaš pl. of zenš

nati pl. of Zănța

znaya same as zna

znažer pl. of z anžura

Zănbel pl. Znabel type of thick, heavy, wool carpet (usually for tents)

zăndira pl. znader kind of bedspread

z ni v.n. of z na

nin pl. -in, nan (comp. zănn) 1. kind, kindly, kind-hearted 2. tender, compassion-

nit v.n. of 7 net

zānk pl. znak, znuk, znuka 1. cheek 2. jaw (as in a "blow to the jaw")

Zănn v.i. (v.n. Zanan, mzănna) to be kind,

kind-hearted

¶ Zănn men to have pity or mercy on (e.g., forbearing to kill s.o. for revenge)
¶ Zănn Ela 1. to have pity on (as a

beggar) 2. to be kind-hearted toward

ănn comp. of znin

∠ănna pl. -t, -wat 1. (inh. pos.) grandmother
2. midwife

Zănna v.t. to apply henna to (in bodily ornamentation, shampoo, etc.) Zănnit le-xti yeddiha. I've applied henna to my sister's hands.

Zănna pl. Znani henna (pl. used in intensifying meaning)

~ ănnaț pl. -a dealer in grains (usually wheat)

\[
 \zerightarrow \text{annaya} \]
 pl. -t woman specialized in applying henna (as bodily decoration)

\(\tilde{a}nne\) v.t. to write (s.th.), usually with a
dry pen (for a student to trace with ink;
used in teaching to write)

¶ p.p. m m m m m neš pl. -in sinuous, winding, serpentine

Zănnet v.t. to ignore or not heed the adjuration or solemn appeal of (s.o., may or may not be deliberate)

7 annet v.t. to embalm (body)

cenš, cneš pl. cnuša, cnaš 1. snake 2. type of intestinal vermiform parasite

net v.i. (v.n. \(\nu nut, \nu nit\) to go back on one's promise or sworn statement \(\tilde{a}\) fet \(\nu etta \) dži \(\war{a}\) wa-lakin \(\tilde{a}\) mitt. She swore she'd come but she didn't (i.e., went back on her word).

Zănta pl. Znati 1. any kind of grain used in making bread-stuffs 2. a great quantity, an enormous amount, a (whole) lot of žab Zănța de-z-zrăZ. He brought an enormous amount of wheat.

zăntel fruit of the colocynth

znuk, znuka pl. of zănk

nuša pl. of zenš, zneš

nut v.n. of net

\(\tau_nut\) the substances used in embalming

zenyan v.n. of zna

Zănzez f- to stare at, to gawk at

zănžura pl. znažer throat (external aspect)

Zănzen v.i. 1. to neigh, to whinny (horse)
2. to clear the throat (to get one's attention)
zeed v.t. (v.n. zeed, zeid, ziqd) to detest,

qed v.t. (v.n. abla qed, abla qid, abla 1qed, abla 1qed, abla 1qed, abla 1qed, abla 1qed

¶ fih ϕ le- τ qed to be vindictive, to hold a grudge \neq

7 gid v.n. of 7 ged

zgiqa same as zagiga

z qiqi pl. -yen same as z aqiqi

 $\neg qir \text{ v.n. of } \neg qer \text{ (same as } \neg ger)$

 $\neg qir$ pl. -in (comp. $\neg qer$) looked down on,

contemptible, despicable (at least so considered)

zăqq v.i. to be necessary, to be incumbent ka-izăqq Elik temši le-d-dar. You've got to go home. —xti ş-şġira ma-zal ma-zăqq Eliha ş-şyam. My younger sister can't fast yet.

Táqq pl. \(\tauqua_q\), \(\tauqua_q\) uquq 1. truth \(\quad quad l\). Tell me the truth! 2. justice \(\frac{llah}{llah}\) xda \(\lambda_{\tau}\) aqq \(\quad men\) \(\delta_{\tau}\) alem. God has exacted justice from the culprit. \(-ma-kayen\) \(\tau\) aqq \(\frac{f}{-had}\) \(\lambda_{\tau}\)-blad. There's no justice in this country. 3. duty, obligation \(kan\) men

zăqqek temši le-z-zame. It was your duty to go to the mosque. 4. share, part £tini zăqqi men le-flus! Give me my share of the money! 5. right ma-£ăndek zăqq baš tă£tini l-e awamir. You don't have the right to give me orders. 6. (pl.) law, jurisprudence

** u-zăqq !!ah l-Eadim! (I swear) by God Almighty! (for emphasizing the truth of s.th.)

¶ be-l-Zăqq 1. really (interrogatively)
2. but, however xdit le-mde!! dyali had ş-sbaz, be-l-Zăqq š-šta ma-ṭazet-š. I took my umbrella this morning, but it didn't rain.

¶ $fih^{\phi}l$ -T aqq to be wrong \neq

¶ kulliyăt l-zuquq faculty or college of law

¶ Zăqq š-šher menses, menstruation, period
¶ Ela Zăqq, Ela Zăqq-aš because

ka-nzăbbu Ela zăqq-aš because ka-nzăbbu Ela zăqq-aš huwa ražel mezyan. I like him because he's a good man.

¶ Emel (or xda) l-zăqq f- 1. to make pay (monetarily for some minor wrong) ila ma-žiti-š fe-l-weqt nă Emel fik l-zăqq. If you don't come on time I'll make you pay (for the movie, meal, etc.). 2. to make pay a fine, to fine

¶ Eăndu[¢] l-zăqq, m Eah[¢] l-zăqq to be right Eăndek l-zăqq f-had l-qaḍiya. You're right in this matter.

¶ £ta zăqq !!ah to swear by God, to take an oath

Zăqqăn really, in reality, to tell the truth, as a matter of fact Zăqqăn ana met ellem. As a matter of fact, I'm rather hurt (feelings).

Zăqqeq 1. v.t. to set on the correct time (watch, clock) 2. v.t. to verify kaynin ši-qadiyat xessni nzăqqeqhom qbel-ma nemši. There are some matters I have to verify before I leave. 3. v.i. to be sure, to make sure zăqqeq bezzaf! Make absolutely sure!

¶ Zăqqeq f- to look at closely or carefully

\(\tag{q}er\) 1. same as \(\tag{g}er\) 2. comp. of \(\tag{q}ir\) \(\tag{q}q\) \(\tag{r}af\) pl. of \(\tag{a}rfa\) \(\tag{r}af\) pl. of \(\tag{a}rfa\) \(\tag{r}af\) s.th. forbidden by religion

** \(\tag{ram Elik!}\) You shouldn't have done that!

¶weld le-zram bastard (literal, also invectively epithetic)

¶ zlef b-le-zram to utter Eliya

b-le-zram (as an appeal to s.o. not to do s.th., which, if done, would cause the speaker to divorce his wife)

crami pl. -yen 1. clever, sly, cunning 2. dishonest 3. illegitimate (child) 4. false, fake (gold, diamonds, etc.)

zraq v.n. of zreq

zrar v.i. I. to become hot, spicy (food) 2. to become unbearable (life, person, etc.)

Trar pl. of Torr Trara same as Tarara

zrarek pl. of zarrak

rațen pl. of zărțani

Trayef pl. of Zărfa

crayfi pl. -ya 1. (skilled) craftsman 2. professional (n.)

Trayeq pl. of Triqa
Trayer pl. of Trira

zărb (f.) pl. zurub war

¶ šher l-zărb Ela to declare war against zărba pl. -t 1. spear, lance 2. type of crosier or staff borne by the Imam

Zărbi pl. -yen 1. ready, willing (to act, to do s.th.)
 2. war (adj.) pertaining to war
 3. military (person)

\[
 \int \text{if pl. } \text{T} \text{ruf 1. letter (of alphabet) 2. edge (of table, cliff, paper, etc.)
 \]

Zărfa pl. -t, Zrafi, Zrayef profession, craft

zreg same as zreq zrik v.n. of zrek

rim v.n. of rem

rin v.n. of ren

ziq I. v.n. of zreq 2. burn (on skin) 3. pain, ache

riqa pl. rayeq fire, conflagration (destructive)

rir silkح

zrira pl. zrayer kind of soup, usually of flour, lentils, chick-peas, and maybe rice

** crirtek crira. In your case the matter's worse.

¶ tleq le-zrira to whitewash

¶ *rira de-ž-žir* whitewash

rit v.n. of zret

riyta dim. of z ărt

\[
 \nabla rek v.i. (v.n. \(\nabla rik \)) to go away to war (on horseback)

¶ zrek Ela to run after, to chase down zărka pl. -t, zraki military expedition or campaign (on horseback)

zrem v.t. (v.n. zărman, zrim) to deprive zremtihom men yemmahom. You've deprived them of their mother.

zorm, zărm pl. zruma 1. holy place 2. sanctuary, place of refuge

zorma 1. honor, esteem 2. wife l-zorma dyali byat fe-d-dar. My wife stayed home.

¶ tiyyez l-zorma, zdem Eăl l-zorma to disgrace, to dishonor zedmu-lu Eăl l-zorma dyalu zda szabu. They disgraced him in front of his friends.

ren v.i. (v.n. zin) 1. to balk (as a horse)2. to be stubborn

req v.t. (v.n. zriq, zraq) 1. to burn (including to scorch) zreqt yeddi

be-l-zăddada. I burnt my hand with the iron. —fuq-emma ka-nzădded l-qamižžat l-buyed dyali ka-nezreqhom. Every time I iron my white shirts, I scorch them. 2. to burn (down, up) zreqt d-dar be-l-zani. I burned the house down on purpose. 3. to hurt, to pain

Zărq (no pl.) a burned area that has healed Zărqa acid indigestion, gassy stomach

ărqes v.t. 1. to put black make-up on (the eyes) 2. to put black (beauty) spots on (the face)

~ ăṛqus black make-up (used for eyes and beauty spots)

zărr 1. comp. of zarr 2. same as zarr

zorr pl. -in, zrar 1. free, at liberty 2. free man (not a slave) 3. genuine, real (gold, diamond, painting, etc.) 4. of good quality zărrak pl. zrarek object used for stirring or mixing (as a stick)

zărraqiya pl. -t firework (fire cracker, etc.) zărrar pl. -a 1. dealer in silk 2. maker of silk material

z ărrat pl. -a plowman

Zărratiya (f. adj. used with lerd) arable Zărreb v.t. to train, to drill (especially military)

zărred v.t. (Ela) to incite (against), to sick (on) zărred Elihom l-kelb dyalu. He sicked his dog on them.

Zărref v.t. 1. to distort, to alter (s.th. said or written by s.o.) 2. to place diagonally, to change the attitude of (as from straight to crooked)

zorriga, zărriqa, zorriqa pl. -t (stinging)
nettle

zorriya liberty, freedom

Zárrek 1. v.t. to move, to shake 2. v.t. to stir, to mix 3. v.i. to go or run at a gallop, to gallop (either rider or horse)

zărrem v.t. 1. to forbid, to proscribe, to prohibit the usage of d-din ka-izărrem Elina makelt l-xenzir. Religion (Islam) forbids us to eat pork. 2. to make impossible zărremti Eliya le-xruž. You've made it impossible for me to go out.

zărrer v.t. 1. to set free, to free 2. to give time off to, to give a vacation to 3. to review and correct, to edit 4. to make hot(ter) or (more) spicy 5. to make unbearably difficult zărrerti Eliya 1-Eiša. You've made my life unbearable.

Zărreš v.t. 1. to incite, to sick 2. to make rough, to roughen (a surface)

zreš f. zărša pl. zureš 1. rough, not smooth (surface) 2. coarse, not fine (as sand)

zret v.t. (v.n. zrit, zărt) 1. to plow 2. to prepare for seeding or planting (land)

¶ _ret Ela to exploit (s.o.)

Zărt (dim. _rıyta) 1. v.n. of _ret 2. cultiva-

tion 3. cultivated land Zărțani pl. zraten mulatto

ruf pl. of zărf

zruma pl. of zorm, zărm

zrura spiciness, hotness (food)

zruša, zrušiya 1. roughness (surface)

2. coarseness (as of sand)

Truz, Truza pl. of Zarz

Zărz pl. zruz, zruza kind of written amulet used as a protection

zsab v.t. or v.i. same as szab

zsab pl. -at 1. v.n. of zseb 2. mathematics 3. account (expense) 4. bookkeeping, accounting

¶ țeḷḷă צו le-ן sab d- to add up, to total (s.th.)

¶ Ela zsab (or zasab) according to Ela zsabu huwa had le-ktab ma-fih menfa Ea. According to him this book isn't very useful.

¶ Emel fe-zsab (or be-zsab) to take into consideration, to take into account

zsabi pl. of zsiba zsak, zsaki pl. of zeska

ezsan v.n. of zsen

zsana pl. -t v.n. of zessen

¶ zsana de-ṛ-ṛas haircut ¶ zsana de-le-wžeh shave

ezsas v.n. of zess

zsaybi pl. -ya 1. accountant, bookkeeper 2. one good at figures

zsayef pl. of zsifa

zsaysi pl. -ya a vindictive, retaliatory person zseb v.t. (v.n. zsab) 1. to count zseb šzal men werqa hna. Count how many sheets of paper there are here. 2. to calculate, to figure out zseb šzal dfăzti fe-š-šher lli daz. Figure out how much you spent last month. 3. to take for, to consider, to think of as kont ka-nzesbu ražel mezyan. I used to think of him as a good man.

** \(\seb \) rasu \(\si \) kbir. He thought he was really something.

zseb used in the expr. weld (or bent) le-zseb u-n-nseb son (or daughter) of a respectable

tamily

Zāsb used in the expr. wa-Zāsb llah: žak l-berd u-hada s-sif, wa-Zāsb llah ila žat iyam š-šta! You think you're cold now in summertime, wait till winter comes!

zăsba pl. -t same as zsab 2, 3, 4

¶ dreb l-zăsba same as Emel le-zsab (see zsab)

asbi pl. -yen simple, plain (person)

zeed v.t. (v.n. zsid, zsed) to envy, to be jealous of (s.o.) zesdethom zla darhom. She envied them their house.

sed 1. v.n. of zsed 2. envy, jealousy

zsiba pl. -t, zsabi bill xesskom txellsuh f-dak le-zsiba lli safet-lkom. You have to pay him for the bill he sent you.

sid v.n. of zsed

zifa pl. zsayef rancor, grudge, vindictiveness

¶rfed le-zsifa f- to feel rancor toward, to have a grudge against

sik v.n. of zsek

sek pl. of zeska

zsek v.t. (v.n. zsik) 1. to cut or chop off at the base (with one blow, as a small tree) 2. to thwart or frustrate (plan, project, etc.) 3. to kill (implies in prime of life) zeska pl. -t, zsak, zsaki, zsek candlestick, candelabra

csen b- or mea (v.n. eecsan) to be generous to, to be kind to, to be magnanimous toward (as the poor)

zen 1. comp. of zasăn and mezyan 2. better had le-ktab zen men hada. This book is better than this one. 3. prettier, more beautiful had l-bent zen men xti. This girl is prettier than my sister.

** zen-lek tšedd fommek! You'd better shut up! —zen-li ikun čăndi weld. I'd

rather have a boy.

¶ le-zsen u-l-zusin see zasăn

osn beauty

zess b- (v.n. eezsas, zessan) 1. to feel ka-nzess b-yeddih zla ketfi. I feel his hand on my shoulder. 2. to feel, to perceive ka-nzess b-wazed l-xatar maži. I feel some danger coming.

¶ zess b-γasuφ to feel waš ka-tzess b-γasek ζăyyan? Do you feel tired?

ess sound, noise sma t wated l-ess fe-d-dlem. I heard a sound in the darkness.

** ma-bqa-š Zessu hnaya. There's not a sign of him here.—tteqtā Zessu. You just don't hear about him anymore.

¶ be-l-zess 1. quietly, silently 2. in a low voice

zessab pl. -a same as zsaybi

zessad pl. -in, -a, zossad envious, jealous zossad pl. of zessad

essan v.n. of zess

Tessi messi quietly, without being heard or seen (also metaphorical)

cessen (v.n. zsana, tezsin) 1. v.t. and v.i. to shave (head, beard, etc.) 2. v.t. to cut (hair) 3. v.i. to get or have a haircut, shave 4. v.t. to make more beautiful, to enhance 5. v.t. to improve

T cessen bla ma l- to take, to cheat, to bilk c suwa watery soup (of lentils or onions,

zsa yezsi v.t. (v.n. zsa, eizsae) to count zsa bă da le-gnem. He's already counted the sheep.

zsa (m.) gravel, rock (coll.)

sa v.n. of zsa

zsad v.n. of zsed

zsanbal (no art.) type of incense

sar 1. blockade 2. siege

saser pl. of zessar

sayer pl. of sira

zsayri pl. -ya one who makes zsira

zsed v.t. (v.n. zsid, zsad) to harvest, to reap (grain, sugarbeets, corn, etc.)

sid v.n. of z sed

zida field covered with stubble, stubble-field (after the harvest)

sil v.n. of zsel

sir v.n. of zser

zsira pl. zsayer mat or matting made of rush or similar plant

csel v.n. (v.n. csil, csul) 1. to get trapped (in a room, pit, etc.), to get stuck (in mud, etc.) 2. to be caught up (in a lie or mistake) cesla pl. -t n.i. of csel

zsenbal same as zsanbal

zser v.t. (v.n. zsir, zsur, zesran) 1. to keep, to hold (s.o. from getting away) 2. v.t. and v.i. to stop, to halt

¶ zer nefsu¢ to restrain oneself

esra pl. -t n.i. of zer

¶ya-zesra even though imken-lu irfed myat kilu hada ya-zesra Ead mrid. He can lift a couple of hundred pounds even though he's sick.

** ya zesra! If only I had done it! If only such and such were true! If only . . .!,

etc.

zesran 1. v.n. of zser 2. strangury

Zessad pl. -a harvester, reaper (person)

corn, etc.)

essar pl. zsaser 1. brake (as in each wheel; also the pedal) 2. sluice gate 3. petcock, valve 3. same as zsayri

essel v.t. to catch (a ball, s.o. running away, s.o. lying, a thief red-handed, etc.) ¶ Tessel Ela to get, to obtain, to acquire Tessen v.t. to fortify (a place)

sul v.n. of zsel

zsur v.n. of z ser

zša yezši v.t. (v.n. zešyan) to stick (in), to put (in), to insert

** zšaha-li. He gypped me.

zšayši pl. -ya hashish or marihuana addict
(eater)

zšir v.n. of zšer

šiš grass

ziiša narcotic made from the marihuana

plant (usually eaten)

zšem v.i. (v.n. zšuma) 1. to be or become ashamed or embarrassed 2. to be or get shy or timid 3. to not dare zšemt ndxol. I didn't dare go in.

zešma I. modesty (in dress, actions, etc.)

2. shyness, timidity

zešman pl. -in 1. ashamed 2. embarrassed 3. shy, timid

zšer v.t. (v.n. zšir) to bury (corpse)

¶ yum le-zšer day of resurrection

¶ zšer bu-Elam to crash the party (or any group activity)

zešš v.t. (v.n. zeššan) to cut or mow

** gir zeššiti u-žebti! Looks to me like you just grabbed the first thing you saw (i.e., you didn't use any care in choosing). zešša v.t. 1. to stuff (food) 2. to stick (in), to stuff (into) (as into a drawer)

zešša pl. -t 1. n.i. of zešš 2. handful, shock (of grass, grain, etc.)

zeššan v.n. of zešš

zeššar pl. -a one in charge of burial (of a corpse)

¶ zessar bu-Elam party-crasher, gatecrasher

zeššaš pl. -a ag. n. of zešš

zeššem v.t. to shame, to embarrass

¶ zeššem b- same as zeššem above

zeššumi pl. -yen shy, timid

šuma v.n. of حšem

zšuma pl. zšayem 1. embarrassment

2. shame \(\tilde{z}\) suma \(\tilde{lik}\)! You ought to be ashamed! 3. shyness, timidity 4. modesty (as in dressing)

- šumiya 1. shyness 2. modesty (in dress, action, etc.)

zešyan v.n. of zša

tal to make preparations, to get ready

¶ \(\tau \) to make preparations, to get ready

¶ \(\tau tal \) \(\tau \) to use trickery or wiles on, to try to trick (into doing s.th.)

tarem v.t. to revere, to respect

ztaž v.t. to need ila ztažiti le-flus

nsellefhom-lek b-koll farăz. If you need money I'll be glad to lend you some.

** ma-teztaž-š or ma-iztaž-š. Never mind. —daru Elik mnayn kanu meztažin

fik. They looked for you when they needed you.

ztidar I. v.n. of ztader 2. death throes ztilal v.n. of ztell

tiram v.n. of tarem

tell v.t. (v.n. *i tilal, tilal) to occupy, to take over (country, government, s.o.'s seat, etc.)

Tett Ela to attempt to persuade insistently, to importune ma-tzett-š Eliya bezzaf! Stop

insisting so much!

zetta 1. until (followed by verbs) ġadi-nebqa hna zetta iži. I'm staying here until he comes. 2. after zetta nfetru Ead nxeržu. After we have breakfast we'll go. 3. when (connotes an element of surprise) kont načes zetta deqq Eliya ši-wazed. I was asleep when someone knocked at the door. 4. so much that, to the point that, until bqit neštez neštez zetta ma-bqit-š nqedd nxellef. I danced and danced until I couldn't take another step. 5. in order to, so that, to kif gadı-ndır zetta nemnă E mennu? What am I going to do to get away from him? 6. too, also zett-ana gadi-nsafer š-šher l-maži. I'm taking a trip next month too. – raželha zetta-huwa ka-ixdem Eăndi. Her husband works for me too. 7. even zetta š-šībani ka-īzebb le-bnat. Even an old man (still) likes girls. 8. not . . . either, neither z na ma-xaržin-š.—z ettana. We're not leaving.—I'm not either. 9. used for emphasis in oaths we-llah zetta nži gedda! I swear I'll come tomorrow.

¶ zetta l- 1. until (in time expr.) ġadi-nebqa hna zetta l-l-xemsa. I'm staying here until five o'clock, 2. up to, as far as qrit zetta le-s-sefza Eešrin. I read up to page twenty. —l-Zam lli daz uselt zetta l-merrakeš. Last year I got as far as Marrakech.

¶ zetta ši (or šay, or zaža) nothing, (not) anything ma-čăndi zetta zaža. I don't have anything.

¶ zetta zădd (or wazed) nobody zetta wazed ma-sqet. Nobody failed (the exam). Zettet v.t. to break up into little pieces, to crumble (as bread)

teb (v.n. \(\tau ii\)) 1. v.i. to gather firewood (and bring back) 2. v.t. to gather (firewood)

teb n.u. zetba (fire) wood

tib v.n. of teb

zeii (v.n. zeitan) I. v.t. to put, to place (s.th. somewhere) 2. v.t. (or with men) to degrade, to bring down (s.o.'s reputation, value of s.th.) 3. v.i. to stay, to stop over

ettab pl. -a ag. n. of teb

ettan v.n. of zett

tuta pl. -t penis (child's term)

said upon hearing of the death of s.o. or on Tubus same as Tbas zudud pl. of zădd and zdada seeing a cripple, etc.) zud pl. zwad (with some speakers zwad is răwli pl. rwala male sheep (not young) sg. with pl. wadat) 1. small plot or zwem pl. of zuma garden 2. ditch leading from the noria zāwma same as zuma zudur v.n. of zder wet pl. of zuta ¶ f-z udur, b-z udur in the presence (of) z ăwwa Eve (Adam's mate) r awwat pl. -a 1. fisherman 2. fishmonger zukama pl. of z kim zukuma pl. -t 1. government men čăt zăwwed Ela to dig a (small) ditch around or near (a plant, for watering) l-z ukuma tažemmu čat n-nas. The governrăwwef v.t. to bring down, to lower (a flag, ment has prohibited public assembly. 2. ada window, etc.) ministration (of government) 3. cabinet r awwel v.t. 1. to move (from one place to (government) another) 2. to distort, to twist (what s.o. zuma pl. -t, zwem quarter, section (of a has said) 3. to cross, to make cross (eyes) city) I zawwel t-trig to take another or difzumma fever (sickness) ferent road (from the one you are already rumeg pl. of meg on) Tumer pl. of Tmer zuquq pl. of zăqq easy with (s.o.) uriya pl. -t houri T awwem v.i. 1. to wander around, to roam Tureš pl. of Treš around (walking) 2. to hover or glide in zurub pl. of zărb circles ut n.u. -a fish ¶ \(\tau ut \) musa sole (fish) Trawwem Ela to look (around) for uta pl. -t, wet usually in the phrase zuta (some stealthiness implied) Zawwes 1. v.i. to take a walk or a drive (as de-r-ržel calf (of the leg) Zuwwal pl. zwawel baker's spatula for placon Sunday afternoon) 2. v.t. to rob (s.o. or ing in and taking out of the oven s.th.) (taking everything he has) Zawz 1. with art.) region near Marrakech zužăž pl. of zužža zužža pl. -t, zužăž 1. proof Eăndu zužža 2. pl. \(\tau waz\), \(\text{\$e} \tau waz\) suburb, outskirts (pl.) qwiya Ela bara etu. He has strong proof of zăwzi pl. -yen native of z ăwz (see z ăwz 1) his innocence. 2. evidence záwwež used in the expr. leh-la izáwwžek wad pl. of rud (with some speakers same I hope some day you won't have to depend on anybody for anything (said to s.o. who as zud) wafer pl. of zafer cannot now have s.th. he wants). z wal, ez wal pl. of zal zya yezya v.i. 1. to live zya zyat twila. He zwala pl. of zăwli lived a long life. 2. to come back to life (as from a grave illness, or as a wilted flower) wanet pl. of zanut ¶ yez ya l-malik! Long live the king! wanti pl. -ya shopkeeper, shop owner zya yezyi v.t. (v.n. ^eezya^e) 1. to bring zwaši pl. of zašya zwawel pl. of zuwwal back to life (as from a grave condition) wayež 1. pl. of zaža 2. (pl.) clothes, 2. to revive 3. to resurrect 4. to celebrate clothing (anniversary, etc.) zwaz, eezwaz pl. of zawz 2 zya 1. (m.) modesty, decency 2. (m.) shyness zwažeb pl. of zažeb 3. (f.) life ¶ bent le-zya decent, virtuous girl Tăwd same as Tud ¶ qlil le-zya indecent, immodest zawf v.n. of zaf winta dim. of z anut ¶ qellet le-zya indecency, immodesty eezyae v.n. of zya yezyi zwiyyža dim. of zaža wel f. zawla pl. ziwel cross-eyed, wallyal v.i. to get old, to age (foods; either a good thing or a bad, depending on the food) r awl year (usually used with the verb dar) yala v.n. of zal izil dar l-z awl u-huwa ma-rža E-s men s-sfer. zyat same as zayat It's been a year now, and he hasn't returned yata pl. of z ăyti from his trip. -had z-zṛa & dar Elih zäyran pl. -in perplexed, bewildered, puzzled l-z awl. This wheat is a year old. Täyt same as Zit zăwla 1. f. of zwel 2. strength, power; used zăyti pl. zyati type of tapestry (usually used only in the expr. la-z awla wa-la-quwwata for ceremonies, feasts, etc.) illa be-llah. There is no power or might yut pl. of z it save in God. (expr. of condolence or pity eyy pl. -in alive, living

zeyya pl. -t viper (poisonous)

zoyyak pl. of zayek

zeyyan used in the expr. lyali zeyyan coldest period of winter

eyyana, a-בeyyana used in the expr.

Zeyyana Elik! (expresses an incredulity at s.o.'s excuse or answer) was herresti had z-zaž?—la!—a-zeyyana Elik! Did you break this window?—No!—Well, I think you did.

zeyyaz pl. -a ag. n. of zeyyez

Tayyed v.t. 1. to take (off) Tayved magantek men yeddek! Take your watch off (your wrist)! - r avved sebbatek! Take vour shoes off! 2. to take (out of) z ăyyed yeddek men žibek! Take your hand out of your pocket! 3. to take (away from) xessek tz ayyed l-weldek dak l-mess. You'd better take that knife away from your boy, 4, to put (in) fe-l-berd ka-nz ăvved veddiva fe-žyabi zit ma-ka-ikunu Eăndi sebba Eat. In wintertime I usually put my hands in my pockets when I don't have gloves, 5, to hide (with removal of the object in question) Tayyed had le-ktab degya! Quick! Hide this book! 6. to keep (for) rayved had 1-z ălwa 1-weldek! Keep this candy for your boy! 7. v.i. to move or get away, to move aside răyved men temma! Get away from there!

Zăyyel v.t. to age, to allow to get old (i.e., either to improve or impair quality of foods)

Zäyyer v.t. 1. to puzzle, to perplex 2. to cause a lot of trouble for, to give a lot of trouble

Tăyver v.t. to boil (an egg)

Zăyyez v.t. 1. to frighten away, to run off 2. to rouse (game animals, by beating) 3. to weep and wail

zab, ezzab pl. of zizeb

zam pl. -at, zuma 1. belt had le-zam kbir Ela kerši. This belt is too big for my waist.
2. girth

¶zam lalla fațima (or fațim) z-zohța rainbow

zami pl. of zezma

zan pl. of zin

zim v.n. of zem

zima dim. of zezma

zin pl. -in, zan sad, grief-stricken

ziq v.n. of zeq

zem v.t. (v.n. zim) to tie up or together (in a bundle)

** zem rasek! Pull yourself together! Get on the ball!

Zăzm 1. willingness, readiness 2. resolution, tenacity

cezma pl. -t, zami (dim. zima) bundle (of books, sticks, etc.)

zen v.i. (v.n. zăzn, zozn) to become sad, grief-stricken

Tzen Ela to go into mourning, to mourn zen Ela bbah moddet Eamayn. He mourned his father for two years.

¶ a.p. azen pl. -in in mourning (state of mind)

zozn, zăzn 1. v.n. of zen 2. grief, sadness zeq v.i. (v.n. zziq) 1. to fart 2. to go broke, to go bankrupt 3. to take off, to beat it, to scram

¶a.p. zazeq pl. -in broke, bankrupt (person)

cezqa pl. -t 1. fart 2. bankruptcy, state of being broke (personal)

zuma pl. of zam

zezzab pl. -a one who reads (aloud) from the Koran (in the mosque)

rezzama pl. -t s.th. used as a belt

ezzan pl. -a rabbi

Zezzaq pl. -a, -in ag. n. of Zeq Zezzar pl. -a ag. n. of zezzer

τ ezzem v.i. to put a belt on

Tezzen v.t. to grieve, to sadden, to cause to mourn (subject is death, failure, etc.)

ezzeq v.t. to cause gas in the bowels (as beans) and, therefore, farting

cezzer v.t. to console, to calm the feelings of (usual object is a child)

Žab pl. -at, zžuba 1. veil (as worn by Arab women) 2. charm, amulet (worn as a protection against danger, sickness, etc.)

zžeb v.i. (v.n. zžib) to shut oneself in, to seclude oneself (for privacy), to remain in seclusion men bă d mat raželha zăzbet telt šhur. After her husband's death she remained in seclusion for three months.

zežban pl. of zažeb zžib v.n. of zžeb

zžel (coll.) f. zăžla partridge

zežli pl. -yen hazel (of eyes)

zžer pl. zžura 1. lap d-derri gales fe-zžer bbah. The child is sitting in his father's lap. 2. male genital area, crotch

\[
\tilde{z}er\ \text{n.u.} \cdot \tilde{e}z\ \tilde{r}a\ 1.\ \text{ stone, rock, boulder 2. lump (of sugar) 3. battery (dry-cell, as for a flashlight)
\]

** rasu qasez bzal l-zežra. 1. He's as stubborn as a mule. 2. He's rather dense.

zžuba pl. of zžab

zžura pl. of zžer

τάžž v.i. (v.n. τάžž) to make a pilgrimage
to Mecca

¶ a.p. $\subset a\check{z}\check{z}$ pl. $\subset o\check{z}\check{z}a\check{z}$ one who has made at least one pilgrimage to Mecca, Pilgrim (used also as honorific title)

τ ἄžž v.n. of τ ἄžž

zežža pl. -t 1. n.i. of zažž 2. same as zožža zožža same as zužža

τοžžab pl. of ταžīb

režžam pl. -a barber režžami pl. -yen related to a barber's work (e.g. shop, tool, etc.)

¶ mess zežžami straight razor τοžžaž pl. of ταžž (a.p. of ταžž) režžeb v.t. to seclude, to shut in, to keep

Eab ieib v.i. (v.n. Eavb, Evuba) 1. to turn bad, to become corrupted or ruined (person) 2. to become useless, to become ruined (part of the body, machine, etc.)

Ead i Eud 1. v.i. (v.n. Eawda) to return, to go or come back 2. v.i. (v.n. ¿awda) to become 3. v.t. (v.n. Eyada) to visit, to pay a visit to (s.o. sick)

Ead 1. only (in time expr.) hadi Ead rubu E sača baš šeftu mčaha. It's only been a quarter of an hour since I saw him with her. 2. just Ead wselt! I just got here! 3. then kla, Ead mša in Eas. He ate, then went to bed.

¶ bezzaf Ead 1. very, very; extremely hiva mezvana bezzaf & ad. She's very, very pretty. 2. very, very much; an awful lot 3. much too much

Eada (v.n. Edawa) 1. v.t. to be on unfriendly terms with (s.o.) (a.p. usually used in present) 2. v.t. to treat in an unfriendly manner 3. v.i. to be contagious 4. v.t. to contaminate (s.o.) (with disease) kan fih s-soll, u-Eada bih xutu. He had tuberculosis and gave it to his brother and sisters.

Eada pl. -t, Ewa?id custom, habit, tradition l-makla bekri Eăndna Eada. We're in the

habit of eating early.

¶ fe-l-Eada, or men l-Eada usually ¶ ma-Eada except, but kollhom qsar ma-Eada ana. They're all short except me.

¶ men Eadtuø to be one's custom or habit ≠, to usually (do s.th.) ≠ men Eadti ka-nešreb l-qehwa mea le-ftur. I usually drink coffee with my breakfast.

Eadad 1. number, quite a few grit Eadad d-le-ktub. I've read quite a few books. 2. (sg. also Eadad) pl. Eadad, ? ă Edad number l-Eadad xemsa ma-ka-iqbel-š l-qesma Ela žuž. The number five isn't divisible by two.

Eadar pl. of Eodr

Eadaw used in the expr. Eayyet be-l-Eadaw to call for help

** l-Eadaw, a Eibad !lah! Help, someone!

Eadad same as Eadad 2

Eadi pl. -yen 1. usual, normal 2. habitual Eadid pl. -in numerous, quite a few

(s.o.) in (the house, as some men do their wives)

Zežžer v.t. 1. to cover with gravel, stones, or rocks (as a road) 2. to pacify (as a crying child with candy)

Eadel v.t. 1. to balance, to put in equilibrium 2. to be equal or equivalent to

Eadel a.p. of Edel

Eadam 1. nothing, nothingness, void 2. used in cons. with n. of action to negativize (often translatable by "lack of") Eadam č tiram l-ganun ka-imken i@eddi le-s-sižn. Disrespect for the law can lead to prison. Eadem a.p. of Edem

Eaduw pl. PaEda? enemy, adversary

Eadama 1. enormity, hugeness 2. s.th. monstrous, huge 3. grandeur, splendor, glory, majesty, etc. (mountains, person, etc.) 4. greatness, importance

¶ war ed l-E adama d- monstrous, enormous, huge seft had s-sbar wazed l-Eadama d-wated r-rtila. I saw an enor-

mous spider this morning.

Eadim pl. -in, Eidam, Eudama (comp.

Edem) 1. magnificent, splendid, excellent 2. great, huge, enormous 3. great, eminent, distinguished 4. (with art.) epithet of God Eadud used in the expr. sedd l-Eadud l- to help (out), to aid (other usage rare)

Caf iEif v.t. to be disgusted with, to not be able to stand, to have revulsion for (s.th.,

Eafa v.t. to heal, to restore the health of (subject usually God) !lah i afik! May God restore you your health!

¶ Eafak 1. please Etini šwiya de-l-melza Eafak! Give me a little salt, please! 2. expr. of approving admiration Eafak a weldi! Very good, son!

Eaffak same as Eafak, see Eafa

Eafiya (usually used in conjunction with seててa) health

Cafya pl. Ewafi (dim. Ewifya) fire

** l-Eafya hadi! 1. Man, is it hot! 2. Boy, this is expensive!

Eager a.p. of Eger

Eahed v.t. 1. to promise, to vow to (s.o.) Eahedt mrati baš ma-nxunha-š. I promised iny wife I'd be faithful to her. - E ahedt l-xatiba dyali b-wazed l-zăfla mezyana. I've promised my fiancee a nice party. 2. to make a pact or agreement with

Eahira pl. -t prostitute Cagila pl. -t family

Eakes v.t. to oppose, to object to, to be against Ealama pl. -t 1. sign, indication 2. symptom, indication 3. signal, sign (gesture, etc.) 4. sign (road, directions, etc.) 5. mark (scar, scratch, pencil mark, etc.) 6. mark, brand (e.g., cattle) 7. print, track (foot, finger, animal, etc.) 8. badge, insignia, emblem 9. symbol

Ealaga pl. -t relation, relationship

Ealawi pl. -yen Alawite, of or pertaining to the Moroccan royal family and dynasty

Eali f. Ealya pl. Ealyan (comp. Ela) high l-urıka žbel Eali Zda merrakeš. Ourika is a high mountain near Marrakesh. —sewtha Eali. She has a high voice. —fe-l-meġrıb taman s-siyarat l-amrikiya Eali. In Morocco, the price of American cars is high.

Eali 1. proper m. name 2. (usually sidna Eali) the fourth caliph and successor of the Prophet Mohammed (also the latter's son-

in-law)

Ealăm pl. Eawalim world

Ealem a.p. of Elem

Ealež v.t. 1. to take care of the health of (preventively) 2. to treat, to take care of (s.o. sick)

Eam iEum v.i. (v.n. Eum, Euman) 1. to swim 2. to float (in liquid)

Eam du. -ayn, -in pl. Patwam, snin, sinin year

Eamaliya (žira iya) pl. -t (surgical) operation

Eamal, Eamăl pl. Pă Emal 1. v.n. of Emel 2. act, action 3. accomplishment 4. procedure, course of action 5. execution, doing 6. conduct, behavior

¶ žari bih ϕ l- \mathcal{E} amăl (to be) in effect, in force, in operation \neq (e.g., a law)

Eamil pl. Eumala? flunky, "puppet"

Eamel v.t. to treat, to deal with, to handle (s.o.) ka-i Eamelni bz al xah. He treats me like a brother.

Eamel a.p. of Emel

Eam'l pl. Eommal governor (provincial, etc.)
Eamm pl. -in general (in contrast to specific, etc.)

Eamma (the) common people, (the) masses (generally uneducated, illiterate, etc.)

Eammi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. Ewamm ignorant, illiterate, uneducated

¶l-Eammiya the vernacular, colloquial language or speech (in contrast to the classical)

Eamer a.p. of Emer

Ean iEin v.t. (v.n. muEawana) to help, to assist, to aid (usually financially)

** Einna, Eāl llah! Help us, for the love of God! (expr. of beggars) — llah iEin! Good luck! May God help you!

Eanasir pl. of Eonsor

Eanawin pl. of Conwan

Eaned v.t. 1. to vie or compete with, to try to outdo (s.o.) 2. to attempt to overcome the obstinacy or stubbornness of (s.o., donkey, etc.)

Eani used in the expr. be-l-Eani purposely, on purpose

¶ ma-ši be-l-Eani involuntarily, accidentally

Eag iEig b- (v.n. Eigan) to become aware of, to notice (s.o.) mnin dexlet mmu Eaget bih ka-ikmi. When his mother came in she noticed that he was smoking.

Eaga@id pl. of Eagida

Eagar pl. -at building

Eaqari pl. -yen real estate agent

Eageb v.t. 1. to punish, to chastise Eagbuh Ela lli šarek fe-l-mu? amara. He was punished for taking part in the plot. 2. to sentence Eagbuh b-telt snin de-l-Zăbs. They sentenced him to three years in prison.

Eaqiba pl. -t, Eawaqib consequence

** llah ixerrež l-Eaqiba bi-xir. I hope everything turns out all right.

Eagida pl. -t, Eaga id 1. belief, faith, doctrine 2. school of thought, doctrine

Eagel a.p. of Egel

Ear pl. (of intensity) -at 1. shame, dishonor, ignominy, opprobrium 2. protection (heavenly)

** Ear Elik! Shame on you!

¶ ana f-Earek (or ha l-Ear) ila ma ... could or would you please ... ana f-Earek (or ha l-Ear) ila ma tthella-li fe-d-drari zetta neržă E. Would you please watch the children for me until I get back?

¶ klam l-Ear insulting remarks, insults Earabi pl. -yen 1. Arabic (adj.) 2. Arab

¶l-Earabiya 1. Arabic (classical language) 2. royal carriage (horse-drawn) Earad 1. honor, dignity 2. virtue (moral)

Earafat (f.) (usually žabăl Earafat) mountain near Mecca where pilgrims (zožžaž) gather near the end of their pilgrimage, on the 9th of du-l-zižža, for certain culminating ceremonies called l-wegfa

¶ nhar ξ arafat day on which the above takes place, 9th of du-l-z $i\tilde{z}\tilde{z}a$

Eared v.t. to oppose, to be in opposition to, to object to (s.th., s.o.) Eardu l-fikra de-z-zwaž dyalu biha. They objected to the idea of his marrying her.

Earif pl. Eurafa kind of representative or spokesman chosen to represent a class in school

Easi a.p. of Esa yă Esa and Esa yă Esi Easima pl. -1, Eawasim capital fas hiya l-Easima d-diniya de-l-meġrib. Fez is the religious capital of Morocco. Easir juice (orange, lemon, etc.)

Eaža@ib pl. of Ežuba

Eažami pl. -yen non-Arab, non-Arabic

Easer (with art.) the afternoon prayer ¶ t-tarix l-&ažami Christian calendar (in eaš i eiš v.i. (v.n. e ayš, eiš) to live contrast to Muslim) ** Long live the King! Eažib pl. -in 1. extraordinary, amazing Eaš men rak! It's good to see you!—Eiš 2. marvelous, excellent 3. strange, unusual, weird 4. mysterious nhar tesmae xbar. Another day, another dollar. (lit., live a day and learn s.th.; said Ebana pl. -t, Ebayen blanket (usually handto acknowledge that another day has gone woven) by) Ebar pl. -at (pl. rare) measurement (both ¶a.p. とayeš pl. -in alive, living dimensional and quantitative) šnu huwa Easeg a.p. of Eseg le-Ebar d-had t-tebla? What are the meas-Easer v.t. (v.n. of Eosra) to associate with urements of this table? (s.o.) Ebayen pl. of Ebana Eašer tenth (adj.) Eăbba v.t. to take (s.th. or s.o. somewhere) Eašur 1. first month of the Muslim lunar Eăbbi xak mEak! Take your brother with calendar 2. (also Easura) feast or holiday you! characterized by paying a tithe to the needy abba u-žab to be getting old or along آگ ¶ šaye & Eašur second month of the Musin years ** ma-¿ăbba ma-žab. He couldn't care lim lunar calendar E ateb v.t. to scold, to reprimand eateg a.p. of Eteg Eăbbad adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a ag. adj. and n. of Eatifa pl. Eawatif sympathetic feeling or T Eăbbad š-šems litmus paper (for testsentiment Eawalim pl. of Ealăm ing acidity) Eawagib pl. of Eagiba Eăbbar pl. -a weigher, one whose occupation Eawasim pl. of Easima is weighing goods Labber Ela to express, to tell of (one's feel-Eawațif pl. of Eațifa Eawed v.t. 1. to redo, to do over or again ings, ideas, happiness, etc.) 2. to repeat, to say or tell again 3. to tell Eăbbes (usually used in the expr. Eabbes (a story) 4. used with verbs to denote $we\check{z}hu^{\phi}$) to frown repetition Eawdet basetni. She kissed me Eăbbu 1. proper m. name 2. (also Eăbbu again. -ma-t Eawed-š tsifţu! Don't send we-r-riz or & ăbbu u-giliz) nonsense, "bull" him any more! 3. half-heartedness l-mežhud dyalu ģir Eawed, Eawed tani 1. again shegha Eawed l-كăbbu. His efforts are only half-hearted. tani! Paint it again! 2. also, too, as well Ebed v.t. (v.n. Eibada) to worship (God. (usually also with retta) Eawed tani woman, money, etc.) zetta huma Eăndhom had l-muškila. They Eăbd 1. pl. Ebid (negro) slave, bond servant, also have this problem. bondman (increasing usage as "negro" in Eawen v.t. 1. to help, to aid, to assist 2. to general) 2. pl. Eibad man, creature of God rescue, to save I Eibad !!ah people (usually used voca-Eawtani same as Eawed, Eawed tani tively with ya) Eawet v.t. 1. to fix, to arrange, to put in Ebid pl. of Eăbd 1 (good or proper) order 2. to improve (e.g., bir v.n. of Eber Eber v.t. (v.n. Ebir) 1. to weigh (s.th., s.o.) s.o.'s health) 3. to cut, to prune, etc. (grass, trees, etc.) 2. to measure f في ber خاa to play a dirty trick on Eayel pl. Eyal, f. Eayla pl. -t (chiefly North-Eăbra pl. -t 1. n.i. of Eber 2. dirty trick ern Moroccan usage) child Eebrani pl. -yen Hebrew Eaven v.t. to wait for, to await Eebraniya (with art.) Hebrew (language) Eayer v.t. to insult, to curse at (s.o.) bda Eda yă Edi v.t. 1. to contaminate, to infect ka-i Eayerha b-xaha. He began insulting her (s.o.) (subject is usually the disease) 2. to concerning her brother. affect adversely, to corrupt (as a bad habit Eayeš a.p. of Eaš may a person) Eaza@im pl. of Eazima [?]ă&da? pl. of &aduw Eazba pl. -t virgin (often extended to mean Edab torture, torment, suffering young girl) adad pl. of Eadad 2 و ق Eazima pl. -t, Eazaeim, Ezayem hocus pocus, Edala 1. v.n. of Edel 2. same as Eadl 2 incantation (often used in pl.) Edam pl. of Edim až ivory Edawa v.n. of Eada

Edayez pl. of Eduza (same as Eguza)

Eădd v.t. (v.n. Eăddan) 1. to count Eăddu

zetta le-mya! Count to a hundred! 2. to consider, to think of kont dima ka-n zaddha efdel sadiqa. I always considered her my best friend.

¶ Eădd Ela to count on, to rely on

Eădda v.i. 1. to do the best one can with what one has, to get along on what one has, to manage 2. to pass on, to die

¶ Eădda b- to make do with, to get along on (s.th.) (until s.th. better comes)

jad-n&ăddiw be-lli kayen Ela-ma izellu le-zwanet. We'll get along on what there is until the stores open.

Eedda 1. same as Eidda 2. allowed period of time, time-limit

Čădda pl. -t 1. arms, weapons 2. gear, equipment

Eăddad pl. -a 1. counter, counting machine, meter 2. stop-watch

Eăddan v.n. of Eădd

Eăddawi pl. -yen (adj.) ordinary, nothing special

ĕăddeb v.t. 1. to torture, to torment, to make suffer (physically, mentally, spiritually) 2. to treat badly, to mistreat 3. to weary, to cause to become exhausted

Eădded same as Eădd

Edddel v.t. 1. to balance, to equilibrate (balance system) 2. to fix, to put in order, to set right, to rectify 3. to solve, to settle (problem, difficulty, etc.) 4. to improve, to better 5. to do (less common than Emel or dar)

Edid same as Eadid
Edim pl. -in, Edam 1. poor, indigent, needy
2. helpless (due either to lack of financial means or to poor health)

edir v.n. of Eder

Edel v.i. (v.n. Eădl, Edala) to be just, fair, impartial

¶ Edel Ela to change one's mind about, to decide against (doing s.th.)

¶ a.p. Eadel pl. Edul notary (public)

Eădl 1. v.n. of Edel 2. justice, fairness, impartiality

Eădli pl. -yen 1. of or pertaining to a notary, notarial 2. judicial, judiciary

Edem (v.n. ?iEdam) 1. v.t. to execute, to put to death 2. v.i. to go bankrupt, to go broke, to be (financially) ruined 3. v.i. to become seriously ill, to be on the verge of dying (usually of an aging person)

¶ a.p. Eadem pl. -in 1. broke, penniless,

out of funds 2. invalid, laid up

Eder v.t. (v.n. Edir) to excuse, to not blame (s.o.)

Eodr pl. Eadar excuse, justification
** me-Ederhom (or men Ederhom)

ma-ttafqu-š m Zaha. It's no wonder they didn't agree with her.—šeft xak fe-ţ-ṭriq, ea, xtek, m-Zădri (or men Zădri). On the

way over, I saw your brother . . . I mean your sister.

Edes n.u. Eădsa lentil(s)

Eădsi pl. -yen (adj.) kind of medium brown (theoretically the color of lentils)

Edu pl. Eădyan same as Eaduw Edul pl. of Eadel (a.p. of Edel)

Eduza pl. Edayez same as Eguza

Eadyan pl. of Edu (same as Eaduw)

Edam pl. of Edem

\(\tilde{A} \) \div \text{t.} (v.n. \(\tilde{E} \) \div \div \div \div \text{an} \) 1. to bite (with the mouth) 2. to take a bite of, or out of 3. to sting (bee, scorpion, etc.)

čădda pl. -t 1. n.i. of čădd 2. bite (of food, of dog, etc.) 3. sting (of bee, ant, etc.)

Eăddad adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a 1. ag. adj. and ag. n. of Eădd 2. given to biting (e.g., a certain dog, snapping turtle)

Eăddada pl. -t clothespin

Eăddan v.n. of Eădd

Eădded v.t. to back, to support, to side with Eăddem v.t. to build up, to glorify, to praise, to laud

Edim same as Eadim

Edem comp. of Eadim Edem pl. Edam, Eduma 1. bone 2. seed, pit,

stone (of fruit, etc.)

** ¿ãḍmuゅ faxer He's bony. —ma-bqaw fih ġir le-¿ḍam. He's lost all his strength and energy.

¶mṛiḍ b-le-Eḍam epileptic

¶ taz b-le-Edam to have or suffer an epileptic fit or attack

¶ $tiyy = uh^{\phi} le - \mathcal{E}dam$ to have an epileptic fit \neq

duma pl. of Edemی

Efa yā Efi v.t. (v.n. E ățyan, Efu) to release, to let go (from job, responsibility, etc.)

Efa yăEfu (pl. yăEfiw) Ela (v.n. Eăfw, Efu) to pardon, to give a pardon to

The far elihop !!ah men to (manage to) give up \neq , to abandon \neq , to "kick" \neq (bad habit, sinful practice, etc.) If a elihom !!ah men š-šṛab. They've managed to give up drinking.

Efaret pl. of Eafrit

Eāff used in the expr. lli gleb ičāff. Let the victor be merciful (i.e., once the enemy is beaten, don't rub his nose in the dirt).

¶ qlil l-Eăffa 1. inconsiderate 2. immodest ¶ qellt l-Eăffa lack of consideration (for others)

Eăffen v.t. (v.n. Efuniya) to dirty, to get filthy (with specific implications of some sort of natural filth, e.g., excrement, slaver, vomit, rotting carcass, etc.)

Eaffer v.i. to be or act snobbish, to have

delusions of being better than others (may imply a desire to be coaxed into things, i.e. a sort of false snobbery)

fis v.n. of **E**fes

Efen pl. (of intensity) Efunat filthiness, repulsive or sickening filth (connotes strong revulsion)

Eăfrit pl. Efaret 1. devil, demon 2. (also adj.) brilliant, exceptional, "whiz" 3. (also adj.) charmingly mischievous, devilish

Efes Ela (v.n. Efis) to step on Efes Ela zentit l-qetta u-hiya txebšu. He stepped on the cat's tail and it scratched him.

es کے Afsa pl. -t n.i. of a same as وfes خاع afta pl. -t same as كۆfsa ع fu v.n. of Efa

** l-yum bdu Efu, gedda gebtu u-kettfu. This time excuse him, next time bruise him.

funat pl. of Efen funiya v.n. of Eăffen Eăfw v.n. of Efa yăEfu Eăfyan v.n. of Efa yăEfi *ăf yun* opium gabi pl. of Eăgba ع

gadi pl. of Eogda (same as Eogda) Egaged pl. of Eăggad

gareb pl. of Eagreb (same as Eagreb)

gayez pl. of Eguz and Eguza

Egeb v.i. (primarily country usage; v.n. Egib) to return (go or come back)

Eăgba pl. -t, Egabi hill, slope, incline, grade f-fas kayen bezzaf d-le-Egabi. There are a lot of hills (grades) in Fez. - di rasek mnin thun nazel fe-l-Eagba! Be careful when you go down the hill!

Eogda same as Eogda Eăggad pl. Egaged bat, club Lăgged same as Eăqqed

Eaggez v.t. 1. to discourage, to dissuade (s.o.) 2. to cause or inspire (s.o.) to become lax or lazy

gib v.n. of Egeb gig same as وgiq gir v.n. of Eger egir v.n. of Eger

Eger v.i. (v.n. Egir) to become sterile (land, person, animal)

¶ a.p. Eager pl. -in sterile Eger sterility (land, person, animal)

Eger v.t. (country usage; v.n. Egir) to hurt, to cause pain to (s.o.)

Eăgreb pl. Egareb same as Eăqreb

Eguz pl. Egayez old man

Eguza pl. -t, Egayez 1. old woman 2. motherin-law

 ξgez v.i. (v.n. ξgez) 1. to get or become lazy 2. to become dissuaded, to decide against doing s.th. (usually because it is either futile or easier some other way) Egezt nerža Ela režli u-xdit t-tubis. 1 decided against coming back on foot, so 1 took the bus. 3. to lie dormant (e.g., seeds, certain diseases)

¶ Egez Ela to decide against (s.th.) f-?axir daqiqa Egezna Eăl s-sfer. At the last minute we decided against the trip (too much trouble).

Egez 1. v.n. of Egez 2. laziness

** !lah yă Etik le-Egez! said reproachfully to s.o. who is apparently too lazy to do some particular thing

Eăgzan pl. -in 1. lazy, indolent 2. tired, fatigued

Eăhd pl. Euhud 1. promise, vow 2. time, period, epoch

** Eăhdi bih l-Qusbu Elli daz. Last week

was the last time I saw him.

 \P ک $ar{a}hdu^\phi$ b- (s.o.) . . . to think (usually past tense) that (s.o.) ... $\neq \xi \check{a}hdi \ bik$ dki, s-sa Ea nta men ?ekber l-bulada. 1 thought you were smart, but you're really very stupid.

Eib pl. Eyub, Euyub 1. shameful act or thing, improper act or thing 2. vice, degrading or vicious habit 3. defect, s.th. wrong or defective 4. defect, infirmity (physiological)

** Eib Elik! Shame on you!

 \P \in $lih\phi$. . . he shouldn't or shouldn't have ≠ . . . & ib & lik t& ădda & liha! You shouldn't have hurt her!

Eibad pl. of Eabd 2

Eibada 1. v.n. of Ebed 2. worship

¶ Eibadat l-? asnam idolatry, idol worship Eibara pl. -t 1. expression, term pripellu Eibara mestă Emla kter fe-r-rbaț.

"pripellu" is an expression used mostly in Rabat. 2. indication, sign 3. butt of joking or jest (person)

¶ b-ξibaγa x̂γa . . . in other words . . . Eid pl. Eyad 1. feast, celebration, (traditional) holiday 2. anniversary (as observed by a particular country, group, etc.)

¶l-&id le-kbir Greater Bairam, feast or celebration on the tenth of du l-zižža characterized by the sacrifice of a lamb

¶l-Eid s-sgir Lesser Bairam, feast or celebration on the first of šuwwal when the fast of Ramadan is broken, characterized by the giving of alms, usually wheat, to the poor

I Eid l-mewlid (or l-mewlud, l-milud) birthday of the Prophet Mohammed

Eidan pl. of Eud

Eidda number, large number, quite a few Eăndna Eidda de-l-mašakil. We have a number of problems.

iḍam pl. of Eadim

Eifa pl. -t (wide adj. usage) 1. n.i. of Eaf 2. repugnant or disgusting act or thing 3. filth, filthiness (also moral) had l-?insan hada Eifa, zetta wazed ma-ka-izămlu. This guy is absolutely filthy; no one can stand him.

Eilm 1. v.n. of Elem 2. pl. Eulum knowledge 3. science 4. (often pl.) used in cons. with various words to designate certain sciences e.g. Eilm n-nabat botany, Eilm n-nužum astronomy

Eimara pl. -t building Ein same as Eăyn Einaya n.i. and v.n. of Ena yăEna Eineb n.u. Einba grape Eiqan v.n. of Eaq

Eisawa pl. of Eisawi

¶ Eisawa ġidawa meal consisting of meat, onions, raisins, cinnamon, prepared during l-Eid le-kbir (primarily for the children) Eisawi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. Eisawa banned fraternity characterized by certain savage rites

Eisyan 1. v.n. of Esa yă Esi 2. disobedience, insubordination

iš v.n. of Eaš

Eiša pl. -t 1. n.i. of ¿aš 2. life ka-n ¿iš ¿iša mezyana. I live a good life. 3. way of life,

manner of living

Eiwäd (with -ma before v.; often f-Eiwäd; Eäwd used with pron. endings) 1. in place of, instead of sir f-Eāwād! Go in my place!

—Etani Eāšra Eiwād žuž. He gave me ten instead of two. —Eiwād le-Zmar ka-ndenn zsen-li ila rkebt Eāl l-Eāwd. Instead of the donkey, I think I'd better ride the horse. —Eiwād-ma nemši l-tunes, žit l-l-meģrib. Instead of going to Tunisia, I came to Morocco. —Eiwād-ma tekteb be-qlam zmer, Elaš ma-tekteb-š b-le-kzāl? Instead of writing with a red pencil, why don't you write with a black one? 2. in exchange for

Eiwer pl. of Ewer Eiwež pl. of Ewež

Eizza 1. v.n. of E ăzz 2. glory

Ekaker pl. of Eakkar Ekakez pl. of Eokkaz

E akkar pl. Ekaker lipstick

Eokkaz pl. Ekakez 1. cane, walking stick 2. crutch

Eăkkel v.t. 1. to trip (s.o.) 2. to complicate, to make (more) complicated 3. to leave or put in a difficult or embarrassing position, to leave in the lurch

¿äkker v.i. 1. to put lipstick or rouge on
2. v.t. to cloud, to muddy (usually water)
3. v.t. to trouble, to disturb (water, relationship between two persons)

E akkez v.i. to walk with a cane or crutches

Eker same as Eakkar

čăkri pl. -yen kind of slightly purplish red

Eăks 1. opposite, contrary l-Eăks dyal l-kasal huwa l-ºižtihad. The opposite of laziness is industriousness. 2. contrary to Eăks ma qal, . . . Contrary to what he said, . . . I be-l-Eăks 1. on the contrary 2. back-

wards, in reverse manner

¶u-be-l-ĕăks (and) vice-versa Ela (Eăl before article, sometimes Ele- before forms of the article other than l-, le-; Eli- before pronoun suffixes) 1. upon, on, on top of Emel režlih Eal t-tabla. He put his feet on the table. -senned & ăl l-bab. He leaned on the door, -dar šwiya be-š-šežra u-zad čla triqu. He circled the tree a little (while), then continued on his way, -dfaw d-duw Elina. They turned out the light on us. —le-zsab Eliya. The check's on me. (I'll pay the check.) 2. over neqqez ¿ăl l-zit. He jumped over the wall. 3. by, through qsem ¿ašra ¿la žuž. Divide ten by two. —žit Eăl ț-țriq le-qșira. I came by the shortest way. -lli bga işuq men l-megrib le-franșa ka-ixessu iduz Ela sbanya. Whoever wants to drive from Morocco to France must pass through Spain. 4. along baina gadvin Eal l-wad l-wad zetta l-le-bzăr. We walked along the river as far as the sea. 5. to, at kdeb Eăl l-Qustad. He lied to the professor. -ka-nfeddel t-tmer Eal le-Esel. I prefer dates to honey.—dexlu l-l-mekteb & ăl t-tlata. They entered the office at three o'clock. -kollhom klaw Ela tebļa wezda. They all ate at the same table. 6. from lhitu Ela šoģlu. I distracted him from his work. - Ela had n-namudaž imken-lek txeyyet bezzaf d-le-ksawi. From this pattern you can sew several dresses. -nzel Eăl l-Eăwd. He got down from the horse. 7. away from qul-lu iduwwer wežhu Eliya. Tell him to turn his face away from me. -ma-bga-š imši Elina. He doesn't want to go away from us. 8. about, concerning ddakert meah eăl š-šak lli sifeț lihom. I talked to him about the check he sent them. 9. for -huwa msemmi Ela žeddu. He's named for his grandfather. 10. out of (with numbers) l-?ustad de-l-fransiya Etaha tsăcțaš cla cešrin fe-t-teržama. The French teacher gave her 19 out 20 in translation. 11. between, among qsem had d-della a Ela had l-xemsa de-n-nas. Divide this watermelon among these five people. 12. in, into qsem had-l-werqa Ela setta. Divide this sheet of paper in six. 13. used with an adj. to form the comp. le-glam le-zreg twil Eal le-zmer. The blue pen is longer than the red one. 14. used with adj. to indicate "too (s.th.) for (s.o.)" -huwa qsir Eliha. He's too short for her. —had l-kebbut kbir Eliya. This jacket is (too) big for me. —had l-xedma bezzaf Elik. This work is too much for you.

¶ ma- $\mathcal{E}lih\phi$ - \tilde{s} not to matter (to s.o.) ma- $\mathcal{E}liya$ - \tilde{s} . It doesn't matter to me.

** ma-Elik-š. Never mind.

T Ela-ma 1. according to Ela-ma qal r-radyu ġad-isxon l-zal. According to what the radio said, the weather's going to get hot. —Ela-ma smeEt, baqi mrid. According to what I heard, he's still sick. 2. while, until (in waiting for) gir sber ši-šaviya Ela-ma nnežžel š-šanṭa. Just wait a minute while I bring the suitcase down.

T E la qibal 1. because, because of ma-mken-lhom-š ixoržu E la qibal š-šta kanet ka-ttız bezzaf. They couldn't leave because it was raining very hard. — E la qibali xellaha temši m E a xutha. Because of me (my influence) he let her go with her brothers. 2. about tkellemt m E aha E la qibal l-zāfla dyal nhar ž-žem E a. I talked to her about Friday's party.

¶ $\xi lih^{\phi} l$ -luma to be s.o.'s fault \neq

Ela comp. of Eali Elah same as Elaš Elalef pl. of Eăllafa Elaleg pl. of Eăllaga

Elam pl. -at flag, banner, bunting

¶ weqt le-Elam from 10 a.m. to 12:00 noon, when the white flag is raised over the mosque as a first call to prayer

¿ăčlam pl. of čălăm

Elaš why Elaš gadi u-mxellini wez di? Why are you going away and leaving me alone? tzehzitu fe-l-xedma, ha Elaš ma-feddituha bekri. You were too slow with your work; that's why you didn't finish it on time.

**ma-kayen Elaš. Never mind. It's not worth the trouble.

Ela wedd see wedd Elayel pl. of Ealla

Elayen, Elayen-ma 1. nearly, almost fedditi šoğlek? Elayen! Have you finished your work? Almost! — Elayen teafel

Ecirin Eam. She's nearly twenty years old.

2. about to, on the verge of kont Elayen-ma nexrož. I was about to leave. —mred cetta Elayen imut. He got so sick he was on the verge of dying.

Elef v.i. to eat (said of animals)

Eălf feed, food (esp. for livestock)

Eălk, Elek 1. resin 2. glue

¶ Eălk t-telz gum arabic

Eălla 1. v.t. to raise, to make higher Eăllaw 1-zit be-tlata de-l-miter. They made the wall three meters higher.

-Eăllat yeddiha baš tšiyyer-lu. She raised her hand to signal him. 2. v.t. to throw (into the air) Eălla l-kura le-s-sma. He

threw the ball into the air. 3. v.i. to go up (higher), to rise (in altitude) t-tryara Eăllat baš texrož men s-szab. The airplane went up higher to get out of the clouds.

¶ Eălla . . . Ela to put (s.th.) up out of reach of (s.o) Eăllat d-dwa Zăl d-drari baš ma-yakluh-š. She put the medicine up out of reach of the children so they wouldn't eat it.

Eălla pl. -t, Elayel fault, defect (in a person)
huwa ražel mezyan, m a l-º asaf fih Eălla:
keddab. He's a good man, but unfortunately
he has a fault: he's a liar.

Tla-Eălla wa-Easa 1. hoping, in the hope that qeddmet t-talab la-Eălla wa-Easa iqebluha. She put in a request in the hope that she would be accepted. 2. perhaps Eăyyet-lu la-Eălla wa-Easa ıkun ṛzāE. Call him, perhaps he's back.

Eăllafa pl. -t, Elalef 1. manger, feeding trough 2. feed-bag (e.g. for horses)

Eăllali used in the expr. be-l-Eăllali publicly, openly, overtly

Eăllama pl. -t master (of one's art or field, usually famous)

Eăllaqa pl. -t, Elaleq 1. (clothes) hanger 2. hat and coat tree 3. hook (clothes, crane, etc.) 4. sling (for broken arm)

Eăllef v.t. 1. to feed (cows, sheep, horses, etc.) 2. to fatten (animals for slaughtering)
Eăllek v.t. to make or cause to be chewy (e.g., in making candy)

¶part. meăllek pl. -in gooey, chewy

(e.g., caramel candy)

Eăllem v.t. 1. to teach, to instruct (in) škun lli Eăllmek dak š-ši? Who taught you that? 2. to mark the limits or boundaries of (field, yard, etc.) 3. to mark, to put a mark on (including branding, stamping, etc.) 4. to sign, to put one's signature on

Eălleq v.t. 1. to hang (up) (clothes, tools,

curtains, etc.) 2. to hang (s o.)

¶ ξ *ălleq kra* ξ *u* ϕ (or *režlu* ϕ) to die, to "kick the bucket"

Elem (v.n. Eilm) 1. v.i. to find out, to be informed Elem belli bbah daxel men s-sfer. He found out his father was returning from his trip. —kif-aš Elemti Eăl l-Zăfla? How did you find out about the party? 2. v.t. to inform, to let know

** llahu ? ă Elem ' God only knows!

¶ Elem b- to inform on, to tattle on (s.o.)
¶ a.p. Ealem pl. Eulama 1. scientist (in-

Ta.p. Catem pl. Cutama 1. scientist (including mathematicians) 2. official expert on Islamic law

** llah Ealem! God only knows!

Elem, Pa Elem comp. of Ealem (a.p. of Elem) ana Elem mennek. I know more than you do.

¿ălăm pl. ⁹ă Çlam flag, banner, standard ¿ălg, ¿ălq n.u. -a 1. leech 2. persistently annoying person, one who is always hanging around bothering s.o.

lu (no pl.) height, altitude عاط

Ema yăEma v.i. (v.n. Ema, Emiya) to go blind, to be blinded

Ema yă Emi v.t. (v.n. Ema, Emiya) to blind (s.o.)

** Emah llah! said of s.o. who has done s.th. very stupid, but should have known better

Ema (m.) 1. v.n. of Ema 2. blindness 3. f. Emmya pl. Emmyen, Eumi blind, sightless Ip.p. maEmi pl. -yen unable to understand, dense

⁹ăEmal pl. of Eamal, Eamăl

Emam pl. of Eamm

Emama pl. -t, Emayem turban

Emara pl. -t, Emayer 1. slug, ball (of bullet)
2. bullet, cartridge, shell (also the empty casing) 3. shot (of gun) smact tlata
d-le-Emayer. I heard three shots. 4. con-

tent(s) (of a container)

¶ Emara d-atay tray with all the accessories necessary for serving tea

¶ Emara de-l-musem fair, exposition Emaš matter, rheum (of the eye)

Emayel pl. of Eămla Emayem pl. of Emama

Emayer pl. of Emara

Emed, Eămdan pl. of Emud Eămdăn on purpose, intentionally

mir v.n. of Emer

Emiya v.n. of Ema

Emel v.t. (v.n. Eamăl, Eamal) 1. to do, to perform Elaš Emeltiha? Why did you do it? —waš Emelti l-xedma dyalek wella ma-zal? Have you done your work yet? 2. to make mn-aš Emelti had ș-senḍuq? What did you make this box out of? —baraka ma-tă Emel s-sḍa E! Stop making

so much noise! —wladek daymen

ka-i E mulu-li l-mašakil. Your children are always making a lot of problems for me. 3. to compose (music, poetry) 4. to organize, to set up 5. to put, to place Emel le-ktub f-le-mžer dyalek! Put the books in your drawer!

** ma-tă Emel-š Elih! Don't pay any attention to him!

¶ Emel b- to take into consideration, to consider (what s.o. says, advises, etc.) Emel be-klami (or be-lli qolt-lek)! Consider what I told you!

¶ Emel be-zsab to consider, to have some consideration for, to think of xessna nĕāmlu be-zsab ž-žiran. We've got to have some consideration for our neighbors.

¶ Emelha b- to put one over on, to de-

¶ Emel mea to agree with, to make an agreement with Emelt meaha bas ntlaqaw fe-s-setta. I agree with her that we would meet at six.

¶ Emel xațer to please mšit m Eahom gir baš nă Emel xațer bha. 1 went with them just to please my father.

Temel xairup to be patient, to have

patience (usually impv.)

¶ Emel Eăqlu\$\phi\$ to behave, to act properly ¶ a.p. Eamel pl. Eommal worker, laborer ** kif Eamla? How is it (or she)? —had le-byut Eamlin bzal le-bnayeq. These rooms look like prison cells.

¶ Eid l-Eommal, Eid š-šoġl Labor Day (on first of May)

Eămla pl. Emayel (usu. used in pl.) bad deed, piece of roguery

¶ Emayel š-šiṭan mischief, mischievous-

Eămm pl. Emam uncle (paternal)

¶ sweld (or bent) $\not\in ammu^{\phi}$ 1. (one's) m. (or f.) cousin (i.e., son or daughter of a paternal uncle) 2. s.o. from the same country, compatriot

¶ Čámmi l- Čažž polite title used in addressing a Čažž (extended to any older man, often a stranger)

Eămma pl. -t aunt (paternal)

¶ Eămmti l-zažža f. of Eămmi l-zažž (see Eămm)

Eămmal adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a one given to committing Emayel (see Eămla)

Eommal 1. pl. of Eamil 2. pl. of Eamel (a.p. of Emel)

Emmar pl. -a 1. one whose occupation is stuffing mattresses 2. one who keeps the water buckets full for the bathers at a steambath

¶ Eămmar s-swarež boaster, braggart Eămmariya pl. -t kind of covered seat carried on the back of a camel

Eămmem 1. v.t. and v.i. to generalize (a fact, etc.) 2. v.i. to cover one's head with a turban

Eammer v.t. 1. to fill (up) Eammer l-gerba be-l-ma! Fill the goatskin with water! 2. to fill out (forms, clothes) 3. to load (guns, truck, etc.) 4. to wind (clock, etc.) 5. to open, to start (shop, store as a business) 6. v.i. to live long, to have a full life

** llah i ¿ ămmerha dar. expr. of high praise (of one's greatness, magnanimity, etc.)

Eămmer (used in cons. with n. or with pron. endings; does not admit -ši or -š of negation) ever, (with ma- or with negative v.

or both) never, not ever waš Eămmerha xedmet Eănd ši-Zădd? Has she ever worked for anyone? (i.e., in their house as a maid) ma-Eămmerni (or ma-Eămmri) šefthom. I've never seen them. —Eămmru ma-baqi itxasem mEak. He'll never quarrel with you any more. —Eămmer bha (or bha Eămmru) ma-ka-išreb. My father never drinks,

Emer v.i. (v.n. Emir) to fill (up), to become full or filled up l-bit Emer be-n-nas bă da.

The room has already filled up with people.

\$\[Emer \] le-b \tau \text{ar} to be high tide
\$\]

Ta.p. Eamer pl. -in 1. full 2. high (tide)

3. taken, occupied (seat, etc.)

mer, Eomr 1. life, lifetime 2. age šzal

f-Eomrek? What's your age? How old are
you?

Eomra (no pl.) visit made to a certain chosen holy place during the pilgrimage in Mecca ¶ ?edda l-Eomra to make or accomplish the Eomra

Emeš f. Eamša pl. Eumeš half-blind, afflicted with poor eyesight (usually affected with rheum)

Emud pl. Emed, Eămdan 1. stick, rod (not necessarily wooden) 2. stake, peg 3. pole, post (fence, for pole-vaulting, etc.)

Eămya f. of Ema

Ena yă Ena b- (v.n. Einaya) to take care of, to treat with care

Ena yă Eni (v.n. mă Ena) to mean š-ka-tă Eni? What do you mean? —had l-kelma ma-ka-tă Eni-š dak š-ši. This word doesn't mean that.

¶ yă ni, . . . that is, . . .; in other words, . . .

Enabeb pl. of Eănbub Enaber pl. of Eănber Enad same as mEanda Enager pl. of Eăngra Enag pl. of Eong, Eăng Enaged pl. of Eăngud Eneb n.u. Eănba same as Eineb

Eănber pl. Enaber 1. ambergris (pl. for intensity) 2. dry dock, (shipbuilding) stocks Eănbub pl. Enabeb 1. faucet, tap 2. spout (e.g., of teakettle)

Eănd 1. under, with ka-neqra Eănd d-doktur le-zhabi. I'm studying under Doctor Lehbabi. 2. at the place or house of aži l-Eăndi had l-lila! Come over to my place tonight! —l-barez tEăššina Eănd brahim. We ate supper at Abraham's (place) yesterday. 3. near, close to, beside, by waqfa Eănd š-šeržem. She's standing by the window. 4. at (time) gad-nemšiw Eănd l-Eăšra. We're going to go at ten. 5. among, in the eves of, as far as . . . is

(are) concerned s-slam de-l-yeddin Eănd l-? amirikiyen ma-Eăndu ? ahemmiya kbira. As far as Americans are concerned, shaking hands isn't too important. —had š-ši Eăndi kif walu. I couldn't care less. That doesn't make any difference to me. —aš Eăndi fih? What do I care? What's it to me?

¶ men Eănd from (derivation, origination) had r-risala men Eănd bhak. This letter is from your father.

¶ Eăndu[‡] to have ≠ Eăndna tlata de-l-xut. We have three brothers. — bba Eăndu siyara ždida. My father has a new car.

Eăndak watch out (for), be careful (of)
Eăndak s-siyara! Watch out for the car!
—Eăndak tqul-lha had š-ši! You'd better
not tell her this! Be careful you don't tell
her this!

Eănfež v.t. to squash, to mash (s.th. squashy, usually inadvertently)

Eănger v.t. to place or wear at an angle or cocked (hat)

¶ ξ ănger (ξ la) to be uppity or snobbish (toward)

Eăngra pl. -t, Énager 1. neck (of cow, camel, etc.) 2. bullneck; thick, stout neck (of person)

Eănkbut (no pl.) (spider) web Eănnaqiya pl. -t pillory

Eănneg, Eănneq v.t. to hug, to embrace Eonq, Eănq pl. Enaq 1. neck (animal, person, bottle) 2. collar (of shirt, etc.)

¶ f-E on q (plus n. or pron.) in the charge of, on the shoulders of

Eănqud pl. Enaqed bunch, cluster (usually grapes)

Eonsel n.u. Eonsla squill

Eănser 1. v.t. to spray, squirt, or throw (a liquid) on (s.o.) kanu ka-iguwwtu tezt š-šeržem u-hiya tEănserhom be-l-ma. They were shouting under her window, and she threw some water on them. 2. v.i. to celebrate Eănsra

Eonsor pl. Eanasir 1. element (chemical)
2. component, element, fundamental part
Eansra (no pl.) occasion, occurring at the time of the summer solstice, celebrated by squirting or throwing water on people, going to the beach, feasts, etc.

Eăntiz pl. Eanatiz Negro

¶ucld l-Eăntiza mulatto Eonwan pl. Eanauin 1. address (home, etc.) 2. title (book, subject, etc.)

Egabi pl. of Eăqba (same as Eăgba) Egad, Egadi pl. of Eoqda, Eăqda Egareb pl. of Eăgreb Egareš pl. of Eăgruša Egaveb pl. of Eguba gaveg pl. of Egig and Egiga (n.u. of Egig) Eăgba same as Eăgba

Eged (v.n. Eggdan, Egid) 1. v.t. to tie, to fasten (shoes, tie, knot, etc.) 2, v.t. to button 3. v.t. to make, to conclude (deal, agreement, appointment, etc.) 4, v.i. to solidify, to harden, to coagulate (blood, jello, etc.)

¶ E qed debza to make a fist, to double up one's fist

¶ $\mathcal{E}qed$ $m\mathcal{E}a$ to make an appointment or date with

¶ Eged Eăbsa to frown

Eged, Eagd pl. Egud, Eguda 1. contract 2. necklace

Eogda, Eăgda pl. -t, Egad, Egadi 1. n.i. of Eged 2. knot (in rope, wood) 3. button made of silk 4. contract, agreement 5. difficulty, trouble, tight spot, "bind" 6. Adam's apple, larvnx

Eogdan v.n. of Eged Egid v.n. of Eged

Eqiq 1. pl. Eqayeq bead necklace (see 2) 2. n.u. -a pl. Egayeg bead (actually includes things like pearls, small stones, pieces of glass, etc.)

Eqel Ela to be reminded of, to recall

¶ a.p. Eagel pl. Eugala, Eoggal intelligent, wise, sensible

Egel pl. Egul mind

** le-Eqel u-le-mmen Etah llah. expr. said of s.o. who displays a sensible and intelligent behavior

 $\P b$ - $\mathcal{E} \check{a} g l u \phi$ (to be) sensible, intelligent,

¶ dar $\xi \check{a}glu^{\phi}$ to behave properly, to act one's age, to "straighten up" (usually said to children)

¶ $qal-lu^{\phi} \in \check{a}qlu^{\phi}$ to (suddenly) decide, to get the idea (to do s.th.) kanet galsa

u-gal-lha Egelha tgettă E ščărha. She was just sitting there when she got the idea of having her hair cut.

¶ xrež-lu ϕ \mathcal{E} ăqlu ϕ to go crazy, to go out of one's mind, to lose one's senses (lit. and figurative)

 $\xi and u \phi \xi gel$ (or le- ξgel) to be sensible, intelligent, wise

Eăqli pl. -yen mental, of or pertaining to the

¶marăd čăqli mental illness, psychopathy (broad sense)

¿ ăgliya mentality, temperament

Eggal pl. of Eggel (a.p. of Eggl)

Eăgged v.t. 1. to thicken, to make thick (er), to coagulate 2. to complicate, to make (more) complicated or knotty

 $\xi \check{a}qqel \; rasu^{\phi} \; 1.$ to get serious, to quit being

silly 2. to come to one's senses, to become sensible

E ăgravša same as E ăgruša

Eğgreb pl. Egareb 1. scorpion 2. hand (of clock, watch)

Eăgrusa pl. -t, Egares 1. crab (crustacean) 2. old. crotchety woman

Equba pl. -t, Equipment 1. deformation, physiological defect 2. same as Eagiba

** !lah ixerrež Egaybek Ela xir. I hope everything turns out all right for you.

¶ qra le-Eqayeb to consider the consequences

Equd, Equda pl. of Eged, Exgd

Egul pl. of Egel Era (m.) nudity, nakedness (generally the state of anything uncovered that usually

Eraben pl. of & arbun

is covered) Erad pl. of Erid

Erada pl. -t, Erayed 1, v.n. of Ered 2, recitation (of poem, lesson, etc.) 3. invitation was weslatek le-Erada I-I-Eers wella ma-zal? Have you received the invitation to the wedding yet?

Eraki pl. of Eărka Erag v.n. of Ereg

Eragi used in the expr. zaž Eragi stained

glass Erarem pl. of E arram Erasat pl. of Eers rasi pl. of Eărsa ع raš pl. of Eărš ع Erayed pl. of Erada Erayef pl. of Erifa

Erayes, Eraysat pl. of Erusa

reb n.pl. of Earbi

Eărbi adj. pl. -yen n.pl. Ereb 1. Arab 2. peasant, one living in the country (i.e., not in the city)

Eărbiya (with art.) Arabic (language) (often in context specifically the Moroccan colloquial)

¶ be-l-Eărbiya d-taErebt in plain language, speaking as plainly as possible Earben v.t. to put a deposit on (house, car, etc.)

Eărbet v.i. to be or act drunk

Eărbun pl. Eraben deposit, (partial) advance payment (on s.th.) Etitu fiha Eešrin dular de-l-Eărbun. I gave him a twentydollar deposit on it.

Ered v.t. (v.n. Erada) 1. to expound, to present Ered Eliya r-re?y dyalu. He presented his views to me. 2. to recite (poem, etc.) 3. to invite (s.o.)

3 same as طع *reḍ كاa* same Eărd, Eord width, breadth ered comp. of Erid

Earda pl. -t 1. n.i. of Ered 2. kind of pole used in supporting the sides of the šwari

to avoid spillage

Eref v.t. (v.n. mă rifa) 1. to know (s.th., s.o.) waš ka-tă ref dik l-bent? Do you know that girl? 2. to learn of, to find out about 3. to recognize 4. to tell, to distinguish ma-bga-š l-wazed yă ref bă Ed l-lbas d-le-wlad men l-lbas d-le-bnat. One can no longer tell boys' clothes from girls'. 5. to know how (to do s.th.) ma-ka-nă Eref-š n שש. I don't know how to swim.

Eărf, Eerf know-how, knowledgeability ** hada ¿ărfi. That's the best I can do. I've done my best.

¶ be-l-& ărf 1. skillfully, adroitly (may imply cunning) 2. by force, forcefully Earf, Eorf pl. Eruf, Erufa forelock (horse;

may extend to person)

Eorf socially acceptable customs, standards, or behavior

corfi pl. -yen of or pertaining to corf (social behavior, etc.)

Eărg same as Eărg reg same as وreg

Eărg, Eărga same as Eăra, Eăraa

Eărgan same as Eărgan

Eărgeb v.t. to hobble and hold (a sheep) on its side with the hands (so it can be slaughtered)

čărguba pl. -t, Erăgeb steep (up-hill) grade, (steeply ascending) hill

Erid pl. -in, Erad (comp. Ered) 1. wide, broad 2. vast, sprawling (plains, etc.)

Erifa pl. -t, Erayef kind of policewoman rik v.n. of Erek

Eris pl. Eărsan bridegroom

Erisa dim. of Earsa

Eriwsa dim. of Erusa

Erek v.t. (v.n. Erik) 1. to knead (dough) 2. to treat or handle roughly, to be rough with (physically)

Eărka pl. -t, Eraki 1. n.i. of Erek 2. bundle or load of laundry

Eărma pl. -t pile, heap

Ereq v.i. (v.n. Eraq) to sweat, to perspire Eărg, Ereq pl. (of intensity) Eruqat sweat, perspiration

abb l-كăṛq kind of heat rash which occurs on the forehead

Eărq pl. Eruq 1. blood vessel (vein, artery) 2. tendon, sinew 3. root (tree, tooth)

4. origin, source (usually of some group, e.g., the Jews, Arabs)

¶ Eărq d-demm vein in the arm commonly used in blood tests

¶ ¿ăṛq s-sus licorice (plant, wood) Eărqa pl. -t n.i. of Ereq

Eărqan pl. -in sweaty, covered with sweat or perspiration (person, animal)

Eărra v.t. 1. to uncover (bed, pot, etc.) 2. to strip, to denude (person, tree, etc.) 3. to rob (s.o.; may imply taking one's clothes and all)

Eărram pl. Erarem same as Eărma

Eărraq pl. -in tending to sweat or perspire easily

Eărreb v.t. 1. to translate into Arabic 2. to arabicize (people, customs, etc.)

Eărred v.t. to put, place, hold, or stick (s.th. somewhere) Eărred-lu le-mxedda tezt rasu! Put the pillow under his head!

-xessna nčărrdu l-l-qetra ši-stel. We've got to put a bucket under the leak.

— قrred-li režlu. He stuck his leg out in front of me.

¶ $\xi \tilde{a} r r e d r a s u^{\phi}$ (l-) 1. to get involved (in) (s.th.) 2. to expose oneself (to) (danger, etc.)

Earref v.t. 1. to define (word, term, etc.) 2. to inform, to let (s.o.) know & ărrefni b-had š-ši ba Eda. He's already informed me about this. 3. to introduce, to present bģit nčărṛfek Ela (or b-) saḍiqi. I'd like to introduce you to my friend.

¶ Eărref b-rasuφ (l-) to introduce oneself (to)

Eărrem v.t. to pile or heap up, to put in a pile or heap

Earreg 1. v.t. to make or cause to sweat or perspire 2. v.i. to take root (plant) 3. v.t. to partially cook (meat, usually by steaming; cooking completed at some later time)

arreq l- to insult the origin or lineage إ of (s.o.)

Eărres v.i. 1. to stand on end, to bristle (hair, quills, etc.) 2. to put on airs (of importance), to act the "bigshot"

Eărres v.i. to sprout branches, to branch out (tree)

čărrež v.t. 1. to cripple (s.o., leg or foot) 2. to delay, to (partially) sabotage, to "cripple" (project, etc.)

Eers, Ears pl. Erasat wedding

Eărsan pl. of Eris

Eors same as Eers, Ears

Eărsa pl. -t, Erasi (dim. Erisa) 1. garden 2. orchard

Eărš pl. Eraš, Eruš 1. branch (tree)

2. throne

Erubi pl. -ya peasant, one living in the country (not city)

Erubiya country (in contrast to the city)

Eruf, Erufa pl. of Earf, Eorf

ruq pl. of Eărq

rugat pl. of Earg, Ereq

rus same as خris

Erusa pl. -t, Erayes, Eraysat (dim. Eriwsa)

1. bride 2. doll (toy) 3. daughter-in-law
Eruš pl. of Eărš
Eružiya lameness, limping

Eăryan pl. -in uncovered, naked

Erež v.i. to limp (with a game leg or foot) Erež f. Eărža pl. Eurež afflicted with a limp, crippled (leg or foot)

Eăr Ear arborvitae Esalež pl. of Eăsluž

Esila dim. of Esel

Esel pl. (of intensity) Esulat (dim. Esila)

1. honey 2. pestering, importunity

Eăsli pl. -yen honey-colored

čásluž pl. Esalež artichoke stalk (cooked as a food)

Eăsri pl. -yen 1. left (usually used only with hand or foot) 2. left-handed

Eass v.i. (v.n. Eassan) to have guard duty, to go on guard duty

¶ Eăss Ela 1. to guard, to watch over 2. to watch, to keep an eye on (s.th., s.o.) Eses pl. of Eăssa

Eăssa pl. -t, Eses 1. n.i. of Eăss 2. guard, guard duty 3. guard, guard force

Eăssak 1. much less, let alone l-luga dyalu ma-ka-itkellem-š biha mezyan Eăssak ithellem h-luga gaărahina He dosent oven

itkellem b-luja ?ažnabiya. He doesn't even speak his own language well, let alone (speak) a foreign language. 2. indicates a worse consequence in some other time or situation spir u-ka-yă mel le-f Eayel

Eăssak mnin ikber! You think he's bad now, wait till he grows up!

Eăssan v.n. of Eăss

Eăssas adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a guard, sentinel, one on guard duty

Eăssel v.t. to oversweeten, to make too sweet (coffee, etc.)

¶p.p. mčăssel pl. -in 1. too sweet (e.g. overripe fruit) 2. (coll.) kind of flat, laminated crust food, fried and covered with honey

sulat pl. of Esel

Esa yă Esa v.i. (v.n. Esawa, Eăsyan) to get hard (bread, cake, etc.)

¶ a.p. Easi pl. Easyen (comp. Esa)

1. hard, brittle 2. stiff, inflexible (rope, body, etc.) 3. tough (meat)

¶ $rasu^{\phi}$ & asi 1. to be difficult to get along with \neq 2. to be dumb, dense \neq

Esa yă Esi v.t. (v.n. Eisyan) 1. to disobey 2. to rebel or revolt against

¶a.p. Easi pl. Easyen (comp. Esa) 1. disobedient 2. indocile, intractable 3. pl. Eusat rebel, one in revolt

¶ Easi !lah sinner, irreligious person Esa comp. of Easi (a.p. of Esa yăEsa and Esa yăEsi) Esa (cons. Esat) pl. Esi (dim. Esiwa) stick, rod, staff (wooden)

¶ kla (or qbet, or xda) le-Esa to be beaten (up), to get a beating

¶ Eta le-Esa to beat (up), to give a beating to

Esab pl. of Easba

Esaker, Esakriya pl. of Eășkri

Esat cons. of Esa

Esawa v.n. of Esa yă Esa

¶ Esawt r-ras denseness, dumbness, stupidity

Esayeb pl. of Eassaba

Esayed pl. of Esida 2

Eseb pl. of Easba

Eăsba pl. Eșab, Eseb 1. muscle 2. kind of whip made of animal tendons

Esi pl. of Esa

Esida 1. pl. -t (of intensity) uncooked dough (connotes disgust) 2. pl. Esayed kind of wheat or corn mush served with butter and honey

Esim v.n. of Esem

Esir v.n. of Eser

Esiwa dim. of Esa

Easker army, military force, troops (may extend to navy, air force, etc.)

Easkri pl. Esaker, Esakriya soldier, military man (may extend to navy, air force, etc.) Esem v.t. (v.n. Esim) to cause to get constipated, to constipate (s.o.)

Eser v.t. (v.n. Esir) 1. to squeeze, to press (e.g. against a hard surface) 2. to tighten, to make tight (screw, vise, etc.) 3. to wring out (clothes, etc.) 4. to win out over, to beat (in some competition)

Eăsra pl. -t n.i. of Eser

Eăsri pl. -yen modern, up-to-date

Eăssa v.t. to beat (up), to give a beating to Eăssaba pl. -t, Esayeb scarf (for the head) Eăssara pl. -t squeezer (for juicing oranges, etc.)

Eăsseb v.t. 1. to stiffen, to make stiff (arm, leg, body; in contrast to relax) 2. to wrap with a strip of cloth, bandage, etc. (head, wrist, etc.)

Zășser v.t. 1. to squeeze (lemon, orange, etc.)
2. to wring (out) (wet clothing)

Eăsyan v.n. of Esa yăEsa

Eša pl. -wat (cons. Ešat; dim. Ešiwa)

1. evening meal, supper 2. (with art.) last prayer of the day (after sunset; also the time of this prayer)

¿ă¿šar pl. of ¿ušur

Ešari pl. -yen consisting of ten parts or elements (e.g., ten-gallon tank, ten-pointed star)

Ešariya pl. -t ten-shot rifle Ešaš pl. of Eošš, Eešš Ešat cons. of Eša

čašba 1. pl. -t, čšeb finely shredded palm leaves (used to stuff pillows, mattresses, etc.) 2. pl. & sub type of medicinal herb (unknown to some speakers)

šiq v.n. of كšeq

Ešir pl. Eošran close friend, companion, intimate

šiwa dim. of كغa

Ešiya pl. -t evening (usually from late afternoon to sunset)

Ešeg v.t. (v.n. Ešig) to like, to be fond of (s.o., food, movies, etc.)

¶a.p. Eašeq 1. pl. Eoššag lover (of s.o., food, etc.) 2. (also Easga) pl. Ewaseg

čăšr, čšer, čăšra (first two forms used with pl, of n, admitting du.) ten

Eošra 1. v.n. of Eašer 2. association, relationship (with s.o.)

ošran pl. of Ešir ع

Eešrin 1. twenty 2. twentieth

Eošš, Eešš pl. Ešaš nest (bird; possible metaphor)

Eăšša 1. v.t. to feed supper (the evening meal) to 2. v.i. to pass or spend the evening (Ešiya)

Cošša pl. Ešes kind of conical, thatched hut (similar to American teepee)

Čăššab pl. -a herbalist, dealer in herbs Eăššaq pl. -in ag. adj. of Ešeq

¶ &ăššaq mellal blowing hot and cold, fickle, capricious

Eoššag pl. of Eašeg 1 (a.p. of Ešeg)

Eăsser Ela to tithe or pay tithing on (one's properties) and give it to the poor (during Eašura)

Eăššeš v.i. to nest, to make a nest (bird; possible metaphor)

Ešub, Ešubat (pl. or f. sg.) (see Eăšba) herbs (medicinal)

Esur tithe or tithing (given to the poor during (ašura

Eăswa same as Eăssa 2

Eăšwi (the) late afternoon

¶ qbet l-Zăšwi to spend or pass the late afternoon

Eta (men) bigger, larger (than)

etabi pl. of Eătba, Eotba

Etaber v.t. (v.n. Etibar) 1. to consider, to think of (s.o., s.th.) as ka-na Etaberha erfă mumettila. I consider her the best actress. 2. to take into consideration, to think about (implies subsequent action based thereon)

tali pl. of Eatla

Etamed Ela 1. to rest or lean on, to support oneself on or with 2. to rely on, to count on (for support, etc.)

Etana vă Etani b- (v.n. Etina, Etina?) 1. to take care of, to watch after (child, possession, etc.) 2. to trouble oneself about, to worry about (implies unduly) 3. to be interested in, to take an interest in (actively or passively)

Etaged to think, to believe ka-nă Etaged belli l-makla bla qyas ka-dderr. I believe that overeating is harmful.

Etaref b- 1. to recognize, to acknowledge (e.g., a new government, s.o.'s merits) 2. to admit, to confess (crime, sin, etc.)

¶ Etaref l-xir to be grateful

Etares pl. of E atrus

Etateg pl. of Eattug

čătba, Cotba pl. -t, Ctabi doorstep (at the entrance to a house)

Eotbar, Eătbar (divine) punishment

¶ xerrež l-Eotbar f- to mete out (divine) punishment to

Etibar v.n. of Etaber

tina, Etina? v.n. of Etana

tig v.n. of Eteg Etir v.n. of Eter tali hoeع فظرة

teq v.t. (v.n. Etiq) 1. to save, to rescue 2. to set free, to liberate, to emancipate (slaves)

** & ătqu r-ruz ! Help!

¶ a.p. Eateg pl. -in (comp. Eteg) 1. old, aged (of alcoholic beverages) 2. pl. Ewateq (dim. Ewitqa) young girl, virgin (pre-adolescent)

Eteg comp. of Eateg (a.p. of Eteg)

Eter (f-) (v.n. Etir) to stumble (on, over, in) (hole, rock, etc.)

¶ Eter Ela to stumble across or onto, to come across, to hit on (idea, discovery, some object)

Eătra pl. -t n.i. of Eter

Eătrus pl. Etares billy goat

Eătteb Ela to step (up) onto (e.g., a platform to get into a boat)

¶ Eătteb Ela dar (or bab dar) to set one's foot in the house of, to darken the door of (s.o.) ma-Eămmrek tEawed

teatteb Ela bab dari! Don't you ever darken my door again!

Eăttel v.t. 1. to cultivate (a garden, plot) with the use of a hoe (Eătla) 2. to regulate the flow of irrigation water in (a ditch, etc.) with a hoe (¿ătla) 3. to track up (a newly cleaned floor, with, e.g., muddy feet) Eăttug f. -a pl. Etateg young chicken

(cockerel, pullet)

Eta yă Eti v.t. (v.n. Eti) 1. to give Etini žuž kilu d-le-btata! Give me two kilos of potatoes! —mšit l-Zăndu baš yă Etini

ši-mă Elumat Eăl ș-șfer. I went to him so

he could give me some information on travel. —tqebbtu bih fe-z-zenqa u-Etaweh le-Esa. They grabbed him in the street and gave him a beating. —bbaha Etaha-lu. Her father gave her to him (in marriage). —Etiha-li! Give it to me! 2. to produce, to yield, to give (fruit, crops, etc.)

¶ p.p. $m \check{a} \xi t i$ used in the expr. $m \check{a} \xi t i - l u \phi$ gifted, endowed, having a gift for \neq $m \check{a} \xi t i y a - l h a l - m u s i q a$. She has a gift for

music.

Eteb v.t. (v.n. Etib) to hurt, to injure, to cripple (not necessarily permanently)

¶p.p. mă&tub pl. -in invalid, crippled

(may be permanent)

Etef Ela (v.n. Eătf) to be benevolent or sympathetic toward; to treat with kindness, sympathy, consideration, etc.

Eătf 1. v.n. of Etef 2. sympathetic kindness,

benevolence

Eătfa 1. n.i. of Etef 2. same as Eatifa

ti v.n. of Eta

tib v.n. of Eteb

Etis v.n. of Etes (same as Eteš 2)

tiš v.n. of ځteš 2

tiya (no pl.) gift, talent

Eotla pl. -t time off, holiday, vacation

ter pl. Etur perfume

Eatriya 1. spice(s), condiment(s) 2. drug

Eterša (coll.) geranium

tes same as کوغ 2

Eteš v.i. 1. (v.n. Eteš) to get thirsty 2. (v.n.

Ețiš) to sneeze Ețeš 1. v.n. of Ețeš 1 2. thirst žani le-Ețeš.

I'm thirsty.

¶ b-le-Eteš by the job or contract (implies a time limit and no significant breaks or respites)

Eățšan pl. -in thirsty (person, animal, plant,

\[
 \tilde{a} \text{tital pl. -in ag. adj. of } \tilde{a} \text{titel} \text{ (in the usage with } \tilde{\gammala} \text{la})
 \]

Eăttar pl. -a dealer in herbs and spices

Eattef (Ela) to inspire or make (s.o.) feel sympathy or kindness (for) (e.g., the sight of s.o.'s abject poverty) waxxa

ma-ka-nzămlu-š cățiefni clih lemma

šeftu f-dik l-zala. Even though I can't stand him, I felt sorry for him when I saw

him in that condition.

Exitel v.t. 1. to delay, to make late 2. to postpone, to delay (until later) 3. to stop, to cease (work) 4. (also v.i.) to be absent from, to not show up for, to take time off from (school, work)

¶ Eățțel l-xedma to close up shop, to shut down (usually temporarily)

¶ Eățtel Ela to be in need of, to lack ¶ p.p. mEățțel pl. -in late, delayed Eățter 1. v.t. to perfume 2. v.i. to put perfume on, to perfume oneself

Eătțeș same as Eățțeš 2

čățteš v.t. 1. to make thirsty 2. to make or cause to sneeze

Etur 1. pl. of Eter 2. (pl.) herbs

Eubudiya slavery, bondage, servitude

Eud pl. Ewad 1. wood (material) 2. stick (wooden) 3. (pl.) firewood 4. (also Eud le-qmari) kind of incense

¶ dreb l-Eud to draw lots or straws

Eud pl. Eidan a kind of lute

Eudama pl. of Eadim

Euhud pl. of Eăhd

Eulama pl. of Ealem (a.p. of Elem)

Eulum pl. of Eilm 2 Eum, Euman v.n. of Eam Eumala^o pl. of Eamil

Eumar same as Eumar Eumi pl. of Ema

zumär m. proper name

¶ Eumăr Pibn l-xetțab second Caliph after the Prophet Mohammed

umeš pl. of Emeš

Eumumi pl. -yen public, open to or used by the public

euqala pl. of Eagel (a.p. of Egel)

Euqeb v.t. to cripple, to mutilate (permanently)

Euquba pl. -t punishment, chastisement

uṛafa pl. of Earif

Euret (b- s.o. or f- some place) to ask asylum or sanctuary of (s.o. or some place)

Eurež pl. of Erež

Eusat pl. of Easi 3 (a.p. of Esa yă Esi) Euser v.i. to go on vacation or leave

Eušur pl. -at, e ă Ešar tenth, tenth part

Euyub pl. of Eib

Ewa yă Ewi v.i. (v.n. Ewa) to howl (wolf, coyote, etc.)

Ewa (m.) v.n. of Ewa

Ewad pl. of Eud

wafi pl. of Eafya

とwa?id pl. of とada

Ewamm 1. pl. of Eammi 2. (pl.) people, populace

?ăEwan, Ewan pl. of Eăwn

wašeq pl. of Easeq 2 (a.p. of Eseq)

Ewašer (f.) 1. vacation, leave 2. complete cleaning or cleanup (of a house, e.g. "spring" cleaning)

wateg pl. of Eateg 2 (a.p. of Eteg)

Ewaž v.i. (v.n. Ewaž, Ewužiya) 1. to get bent or twisted 2. to get all fouled up, to get disorganized (said of s.th. or s.o. that is usually in fairly good shape) 3. to go back on one's word

Ewaž v.n. of Ewaž

Eăwd pl. xil (pl. sometimes treated syntactically as f. sg.) horse (specifically male) Eăuda 1. v.n. of Ead 1 and 2 2. pl. -t mare,

Eăwd same as Eiwăḍ Ewifva dim. of Eafva

female horse

win (no pl.) 1. provisions for a trip2. helper, assistant (a personal, temporary sort)

** llah (or rebbi) Ewinek! God help

Ewina dim. of Eayn

Ewitqa dim. of Eateq E ăwla provisions (food)

E awn 1. assistance, aid, help 2. pl. e a Ewan, Ewan aide, assistant

** !!ah ikun f-Eawnu! God help him! \$\bi-Eawni !!ah with the help of God Ewer f. Eawra pl. Eawrin, Eiwer one-eyed, blind in one eye

Exwra 1. f. of Ewer 2. that part of the (human) body which in all modesty should be covered (usually genitalia)

Eăwšer same as Eušer Ewužiya v.n. of Ewaž

Eŭwwad pl. -a 1. lute player 2. maker of lutes (may include similar instruments)

Eawwag pl. -in given to howling and baying (said of a dog; connotes that the dog is announcing an impending death and, therefore, must be killed to avoid it)

Eăwwal pl. -in ag. adj. of Eăwwel Eăwwam pl. -a (good) swimmer

Eăwwaq same as Eăwwag

Eawwaqa hiccups

¶ fih ϕ l-Eŭwwaqa to have the hiccups \neq Eŭwwed v.t. 1. same as Eawed 2. to cause to get hard (usually said of cake, bread, etc., when overbaked) 3. to accustom, to get (s.o.) accustomed or used (to)

ma-tčăwwed-š rasek čăl t-tedxin. Don't get yourself accustomed to smoking.

— Eawwdet d-drari dyalha inudu bekri. She got her children accustomed to getting up early.

¶part. mčăwwed pl. -in 1. tough, not tender or soft (food) 2. hard and dry (bread) 3. inflexible, stiff 4. stubborn, unyielding

E awwed v.t. 1. to replace, to change 2. to give recompense for, to indemnify (s.th.)

Exwweg v.i. 1. to crow (rooster) 2. to bawl, to cry (child)

Exwwel Ela 1. to plan on or for 2. to prepare for, to get ready for 3. to count or rely on Exwwem v.t. 1. to take (s.o.) to or into the water (so he can swim or play in it; may connote teaching to swim) 2. to put or get into the water (boat)

E žwweg same as E žwweg E žwweg v.t. to blind (either temporarily or

partially)

Example 2. v.t. to bend, to twist, (iron rod, s.o.'s words, etc.) 2. v.t. to put or place crooked 3. v.i. to turn (corner, to the left, etc.) sir zetta l-1 as l-qent u-Example 2 Ellinin! Go to the corner and turn right! 4. v.t. to make deviate or veer (road, missile, etc.) 5. v.t. to corrupt, to influence adversely 6. v.t. to dissuade, to change the way of thinking of 7. v.t. to foul up, to put in disorder, to get or put out of order or place 8. to ape, to mimic, to imitate

¶ čăuwež wežhu¢ to make a face or

races

¶ E awwež E al t-triq to make a detour (v.i.)

¶p.p. mčawwež pl. -in crooked, not straight

¿wež f. ¿čawža pl. ¿čawžin, ¿iwež 1. bent, twisted, crooked 2. all fouled up, disorganized, etc.

E awži used in the expr. be-l-Eauži.

1. (while) looking askance (implies disdain, disgust), disdainfully 2. awkward, clumsy (also corresponding adv. usage) 3. botched or all fouled up

Eya yă Eya (men) (v.n. Eya) 1. to get tired, fatigued (from) 2. to get tired (of), to get

fed up (with)

¶ Eya ma to get tired of (doing s.th.) Eyit ma nakol had š-ši! I'm tired of eating this!

Eya (m.) 1. v.n. of Eya 2. fatigue, tiredness Eyad pl. of Eid

Eyada v.n. of Ead 3

Eyadu used in the expr. le-Eyadu be-llah!
God help us (you, me, etc.)!

Eyal 1. pl. of Eayel 2. group or family of wives (usually of the king)

Eyalat pl. of mra

Eyat v.n. of Eayyet in the expr. Eayyet f(see Eayyet)

Eăyb 1. v.n. of Eab 2. same as Eib

Edyn (f.) pl. Eyun (dim. Ewina) 1. pl. also -in (-n dropped before pron. endings) eye (person, animal, needle) 2. evil eye 3. spring (water) 4. buttonhole 5. same žbertha f-Edyn l-makan. I found her in the same place. —had l-Eam Edndi Edyn l-Qustad. I have the same professor this year.

** šaf čăynu fe-qfatu. He went through a lot of trouble and grief before he got what he wanted.

¶ derbatu ϕ l-Eayn, or tsemmrat fih ϕ l-Eayn to be struck or cursed by the evil eye \neq

¶f-Eăyn l-mut dying, near death, at the point of death or dying

¶ $n \not\in as \not\in la \not\in ayn \ qfatu^{\phi}$ to sleep on one's back

¶ sqet men $\xi \tilde{a}yn$ (plus n. or pron. ending) to fall from the good graces of, to lose the favor of (s.o.)

¶ Ela rasuø u-Eäynuø, or Eäl r-ras we-l-Eäyn with pleasure, gladly

¶ ξ mel ξ δ δ δ δ δ δ δ δ δ on the alert, to keep one's eyes and ears open

¶ $\mathcal{E}mel \; \mathcal{E} \tilde{a}ynu\phi \; \mathcal{E}la$ to keep an eye or one's eye on

anus ب قع الله قع الله قط الله

¶ $\xi ayn d$ -le-qfa base of the skull (sensitive area)

¶ €ăyn l-luz knot (also knothole)

¶ ĕăyn l-zut callus (foot)

¶ E ayn š-šems (the) sun

Eăyna pl. -t 1. kind, sort, type 2. brand, make 3. grade, quality

Eăyš v.n. of Eaš

Žayšur, Eayšura same as Eašur, Eašura Eayta 1. pl. -t n.i. of Eayyet 2. pl. -t shout, yell 3. (no pl.) kind of gambling card game 4. pl. Eyut kind of folk song or chant Eyub pl. of Eib

Eyuba v.n. of Eab Eyun pl. of Eăyn

Eyut pl. of Eayn Eyut pl. of Eayta 4

Eayya v.t. 1. to tire, to weary, to fatigue 2. to cause to be or feel fed up

Edyyaf adj. pl. -in n.pl. -a ag. adj. and n. of Eaf

¿ayyan pl. -in 1. tired, fatigued, weary
 2. sick, ill 3. no good, worthless, of no value
 ¿ayyar pl. -a official inspector of scales and balances (used in weighing out merchandise for the public)

Eăyyaț 1. pl. -in ag. adj. of Eăyyeț 2. singer of Eyuț (pl. of Eăyța)

Eăyyeb v.t. to mimic, to ape, to imitate

¶ Eăyyeb Ela to blame

Eŭyyed v.i. to pass, spend, or celebrate a holiday or feast

\[
 \zeta y y e f \quad (l-) \]
 to be disgusting, sickening, or nauseating (to)

¶ $\xi \breve{a}yyef$ l-qelb (l-) same as $\xi \breve{a}yyef$ (l-) above

Edyyen v.t. 1. to appoint, to designate, to name mudir š-šarika Edyyen l-katīb dyalu na[®]īb Elih. The director of the company appointed his secretary as his vice executive. 2. to point out, to indicate, to specify 3. to give or curse with the "evil eye"

Eayyer v.t. 1. to verify the value of, to appraise (s.th. precious, e.g. diamonds, mink)
2. to assay (gold, silver)

Eăyyeš v.t. 1. to support, to provide sub-

sistence for (s.o.) 2. to bring (back) to life E ăyyet Ela or l- 1. to call (on telephone, with a shout, etc.) 2. to summon

¶ Eăyyet f- (v.n. Eyaț) same as Eăyyen 3

Ezafer (pl.) mustache (usually large and dense)

Ezara pl. of Eăzri Ezayeb pl. of Ezib Ezayem pl. of Eazima

Ezayez pl. of Eziz 4 and 5

Ezaz v.i. to become liked, dear, desirable (see Eziz)

Ezaz pl. of Eziz 2 and 3 Ezazef pl. of Ezzzafa Eăzban pl. of Ezib

Ezef v.t. (v.n. Eăzf) to play (music) ¶ Ezef Ela to play (instrument)

Eazf v.n. of Ezef

Ezib pl. Ezayeb, Eazban farm

Ezil v.n. of Ezel

Eziz (comp. Eăzz) 1. pl. -in, Ezaz dear, liked, beloved 2. pl. -in. Ezaz agreeable, pleasant 3. epithet of God 4. pl. Ezayez oldest brother, big brother 5. pl. Ezayez brother-in-law

Eziza pl. -t (also mmuφ le-Eziza) grand-

mother (paternal)

Ezel v.t. (v.n. Ezil) 1. to pick out, to choose 2. to put or set aside 3. to separate (connotes: undesirable from the desirable) 4. to isolate, to seclude

Ezem (Ela) v.n. Eăzm) to decide (on)

Eăzm v.n. of Ezem

Eăzra^eil, Eăzrayn Azrael (angel of death) Eăzri pl. Ezara 1. bachelor 2. young man, adolescent boy

čázz (v.n. čizza, čázz) same as čzaz
** čázzek !!ah! You're welcome! (reply to zašak, which see)

¶ $\xi \tilde{a}zz$ ξla to cause to feel pity, to provoke the pity of (s.o.)

¶ (s.th. or s.o.) $\xi \tilde{a}zz \xi lih^{\phi}$ to be reluctant to part with (s.th. or s.o.) \neq

ka-ičăzzu Elih flusu. He doesn't want to spend his money. — Eăzzet Eliya s-siyara dyali. I'd rather not part with (e.g., sell, lend) my car.

Eăzz 1. v.n. of Eăzz (same as Ezaz) 2. comp. of Eziz

Eazza v.t. to present one's condolences to (s.o.) xeşşek të azzih fe-bbah. You should present your condolences to him on his father's death.

Exiab pl. -a farmer (working on or owning Exib)

Eăzzafa pl. -t, Ezazef long stick or pole used in cleaning high, inaccessible spots (e.g., ceiling corners) Eăzzay pl. -a ag. n. of Eăzza

Eazzeb 1. vt. to hire or employ (for work on a farm or Ezib) 2. v.i to be employed on or work on a farm (Ezib)

Eăzzef v.t. to clean (with Eăzzafa)

Eăzzi (no pl.; also Eăzzi balala) very black negro

Eazzem Ela to cast a spell on or over, to bewitch (with purpose of changing into s.th. else)

Ežayeb pl. of Ežuba

 $\xi \check{z} a \check{z}$ 1. dust, sand (in the air) 2. n u. -a dust or sand storm

Ežeb v.t. to please, to like ≠ ka-yă Ežebni nfiq s-sbaz bekri. I like to get up early in the morning. —ka-tă Ežebni bezzaf Ead. I like her a lot. —zayatı f-? amırıka Eažbanı bezzaf Ead I'm enjoying my stay in America very much.

¶ $\xi a \check{z} b u \phi$ (a p.) $ras u \phi$ conceited, impressed with oneself

¶ $\xi a \tilde{z} b u^{\phi}$ $l-\tau a l$... to be pleased or glad $\neq \xi \tilde{z} e b h o m$ $l-\tau a l$ l e m m a $w q \tilde{a} \xi - l \iota - \tau a d \iota t a$. They were pleased when I had the accident

Ežeb (no pl.) 1. astonishment, amazement, surprise 2. mystery

žib same as كغغ غغغib

Ežin 1. v n of Ežen 2. dough (bread, etc.) Ežina same as Ežin 2

Ežel f. Čăžla pl. Ežul, Ežula 1. calf (bovine) 2. (f.) girl with a good figure or build

¶ احăm d-le-کžel veal

Ežen v.t. (v.n. Ežin) to prepare dough for (bread, etc.)

Ežuba pl. -t, Ežayeb, Eaža⁹tb 1. extraordinary or amazing act or thing, marvel (also wide interjectional usage) 2. mystery, enigma

žul, Ežula pl. of Ežel

ĕăžžel 1. v.t. or v i. to rush, to hurry 2. v t
 to move up the time of, to make earlier
 ĕăžželna l-zăfla. We've moved up the
 time of the party.

¶ Eăžžel b- to rush, to hurry (work,

building, etc.)

\(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) is dust in (a room) or on
\(\) (a road, etc.), to cloud the air of (some place) with dust
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A Dictionary of Moroccan Arabic: English-Moroccan

edited by Harvey Sobleman Richard S. Harrell

> compilation by Thomas Fox Alan McAninch Allal Chreibi Majid Soussane Mohamed Neheiri



The Richard Slade Harrell Arabic Series General Editor: Richard S. Harrell Georgetown University Press, Washington, D.C. 20007 The research reported herein was performed pursuant to a contract with the United States Office of Education, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

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The Arabic Research Program was established in June of 1960 as a contract between Georgetown University and the United States Office of Education under the provisions of the Language Development Program of the National Defense Education Act.

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The eleven books of this series, of which the present volume is one, are designed to serve as practical tools for the increasing number of Americans whose lives bring them into contact with the Arab world. The dictionaries, the reference grammars, and the basic courses are oriented toward the educated American who is a layman in linguistic matters. Although it is hoped that the scientific linguist and the specialist in Arabic dialectology will find these books both of interest and of use, matters of purely scientific and theoretical importance have not been directly treated as such, and specialized scientific terminology has been avoided as much as possible.

As is usual, the authors or editors of the individual books bear final scholarly responsibility for the contents, but there has been a large amount of informal cooperation in our work. Criticism, consultation, and discussion have gone on constantly among the senior professional members of the staff. The contribution of more junior research assistants, both Arab and American, is also not to be underestimated. Their painstaking assembling and ordering of raw data, often in manners requiring considerable creative intelligence, has been the necessary prerequisite for further progress.

Staff work has been especially important in the preparation of the dictionaries. Although the contributing staff members are named on the title page of the individual dictionaries, special mention must be made of Mr. Karl Stowasser's work. His lexicographical experience, acquired in his work on the English version of Professor Wehr's Arabisches Worterbuch fur die Schriftsprache der Gegenwart,*

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^{*}Hans Wehr, A Dictionary of Modern Written Arabic, ed. J Milton Cowan (Ithaca, N. Y.: Cornell University Press, 1961).

along with his thorough knowledge of Arabic, has been critically important for all our lexicographical work, covering the entire range from typography to substantive entries in the dictionaries.

In most cases the books prepared by the Arabic Research Program are the first of their kind in English, and in some cases the first in any language. The preparation of them has been a rewarding experience. It is hoped that the public use of them will be equally so. The undersigned, on behalf of the entire staff, would like to ask the same indulgence of the reader as Samuel Johnson requested in his first English dictionary: To remember that although much has been left out, much has been included.

Richard S. Harrell Associate Professor of Linguistics Georgetown University

Director, Arabic Research Program

PREFACE

The English entries in this dictionary are based on the English-German section of the bilingual German and English Dictionary of Everyday Usage.* A number of changes were of course necessary, both in form and content, to meet the requirements of the differences between American and Moroccan cultural and linguistic uses. Our aim has been to present the core vocabulary of everyday conversational usage. Technical and literary matters have been largely avoided.

The major part of the labor of compiling Moroccan equivalents for the English entries was done by Thomas Fox and Allal Chreibi under the editorial supervision of Dr. Harvey Sobelman. Alan McAninch, Majid Soussane, and Mohamed Neheiri also made substantial contributions. The contributions of Mohamed Benlemlih and Abdel Wahab El-Berday must also be mentioned, although they were able to give us only a limited amount of their time. After the completion of the first draft of the dictionary, the undersigned accepted the task of giving the material a final editorial reworking. In the course of this final revision the entire dictionary was reread and extensive additions, deletions, and corrections were made.

In the compilation of the dictionary, as great a contribution as that of any one individual was made by a Moroccan colleague who has requested that his name be withheld. A conscientious worker with a passion for accuracy, this colleague wished to reread all the material and make a final check on the accuracy of the Moroccan entries. When this proved impossible because of time limitations, he preferred to have his name withheld. Since it is impossible to spell out in detail exactly who wrote which entries, he scrupulously wished to refuse possible implicit responsibility for parts of the dictionary that were not his work. Since much of what is good and very little of the possibly bad which is to be found in this book is due to the work of this colleague, it is only fair to recognize the importance of his contribution in these general terms.

The composition of this first English-Moroccan dictionary proved unusually difficult, quite aside from the normal technical problems of dictionary making. The ideal compiler of a bilingual dictionary is a person with professional linguistic training and a comprehensive command of both languages involved. There exists not even one person who has such qualifications in English, Moroccan Arabic, and scientific linguistics. Our staff consisted of American linguists and assistants with a limited knowledge of Moroccan Arabic, and Moroccan informants with varying degrees of proficiency in English. Under such circumstances, the goal of technical

^{*}German-English English-German Dictionary of Everyday Usage, ed. by J. Alan Pfeffer (New York: Henry Holt and Company). Although the content of this dictionary is, in strictly legal terms, public domain since it was prepared as a part of the American war effort in World War II, we wish to express our thanks to the publishers for raising no copyright objections to our use of the material.

and idiomatic accuracy in the entries turned out to be a severe intellectual, emotional, and physical trial for the staff. These difficulties were compounded by a strict time limitation, and there were periods, one lasting some three months, when our work was broken by the absence of any Moroccan co-workers. As a final problem, the proofs arrived at a moment when no Moroccans were present. Since it was impossible to hold up printing, the proofreading had to be done entirely by Americans. The undersigned read the galley proofs, while Thomas Fox undertook the reading of the page proofs.

For those who have worked on the composition of a dictionary, the temptation to quote Dr. Johnson is always difficult to resist. When a "first" dictionary is involved and the authors have to make their own way without benefit of predecessors, the temptation becomes impossible to resist. One is reminded especially of Dr. Johnson's comparison of dictionaries and watches: That while the best is not completely true, the worst is better than none.

Richard S. Harrell Washington, D. C. September, 1963

TECHNICAL DATA

The transcription used is that explained in A Short Reference Grammar of Moroccan Arabic.* The use of the dictionary presupposes a familiarity with the basic grammatical structure of Moroccan Arabic.

In cases where several Moroccan words correspond to one English word (e.g. "ruler" as the head of a government or as a tool for measuring and drawing), the specific meanings of the Moroccan words are usually indicated by illustrative sentences rather than by parenthetical explanation. The same device of the illustrative sentence has also been widely used to clarify the syntactic and contextual function of the Moroccan entries.

Necessary grammatical information (e.g. irregular plurals, irregular gender) is given with the entries. Verbs are entered in the third person singular of the perfect. The imperfect form is written immediately after the perfect form in those verbs which have an unpredictable imperfect vowel. Where word for word equivalents do not exist, idiomatic entries are signalled by a double asterisk. The abbreviations used are as follows:

adj. adjective

art. definite article

coll. collective

f. feminine

m. masculine

n. noun

pl. plural

sg. singular

^{*}Richard S. Harrel, A Short Reference Grammar of Moroccan Arabic (Washington: Georgetown University Press, Arabic Series: Number 1, 1962).

Ā

a - 1. ši. Do you have a dog? waš Eendek ši-kelb? -Give me a pencil. Etini ši-glam. 2. wahed. He bought a house and didn't like it. **ra wahed d-dar u-ma-Eežbettu-š. 3. (no equivalent in English). He bought a house. ** sra dar. 4. (a form of the definite article). These are 20 ryals a dozen. hadu b-Eešrin ryal le-z-zina.

to abandon - 1. smeh f-. She abandoned her son. semhet f-weldha. 2. gader. He abandoned the burning house. gader d-dar lli kanet ka-

ttehreq.

to abbreviate - xtaşer. In English 'for example' is abbreviated 'e.g.' fe-n-negliza 'for example' kaixtasruha 'e.g.'.

ability - 1. qadar pl. ?aqdar. He has the ability to climb (to the top of) the mountain. Eendu l-qadar baš itl ϵ l-ras ž-žbel. 2. megdura. His writing ability is good. Eendu meadura mezyana l-le-ktaba. 3. 9imkan. did it to the best of his ability. daru b-9eḥsen ma fe-l-9imkan dyalu. 4. Does she have the ability to do the job? was fe-stitaEtha ddir l-xedma?

able - qader. We need an able maid. xeşşna ši-met€ellma qadra.

to be able - 1. qder. I'm able to run. ka-negder nežri. 2. mken-lu. He was not able to pay his rent this month. ma-mken-lu-š ixelles kratu had š-šher.

**How were you able to see the king? kif-aš Emelti baš tšuf

l-malik?

aboard - 1. f-. He got aboard the plane that just left. rkeb fe-ttiyara lli Ead xeržet. 2. l-. The boy got aboard the train to give a newspaper to his father. l-weld tleE l-l-gitar baš veEti žarida le-bbah.

to abolish - 1. $qte\xi$. He abolished the veil. qteE l-ltam. -The slave market has been abolished in Morocco. qetEu s-suq d-le-Ebid fe-l-megrib. 2. lġa ilġa. He abolished three of the old laws. låa tlata men l-qawanin le-qdima.

abortion - seqta pl. -t. My wife almost died from the abortion.

Elayen mrati kanet gadi tmut men s-seqta.

about - 1. tegriben. There are about ten pencils on the table. kaynin tegriben Eešra d-le-qluma fuq t-tebla. 2. ši. The house is about four kilometers from here. d-dar b€ida ši-reb€a de-l-kilumiter men 3. $\mathcal{E}la$. He talked about his children. hder Ela wladu. -He was mad about his brother not coming. tar-lu €la lli xah ma-ža-š. 4. Elayen. Dinner is about ready. le- ξ ša ξ laven tewžed. -He spent just about all of the money. $diyye\xi$ Elayen le-flus kollhom.

**Look at this map, I live about here. $\S uf f-had l-xarita$, ka-neskonf-had ž-žiha. -It's about time you got here! l-hemdu llah ξel s-slama lli žiti daba! -Come about five o'clock. aži fe-žwayeh l-xemsa. -There's something about him I don't like. kayna fih ši-haža ma-ka $te \in \check{z}ebni-\check{s}$. -1 was just about to call you. sebtini yallah gad ndreb-lek t-tilifun. -How about going for a ride in the car? šedher-lek f-ši-msarya fe-t-tumubil? le-ktab?

above - fuq. The bridge is above us. l-gentra fug menna. -Jamal is above average. žamal fuq men l-muEaddal. -A stone fell from above. wahed l-hežra tahet men l-fug.

**He is above stealing. wežhu ma-ši wžeh l-xewna. -He's above suspicion. huwa xarež Eel š-šekk. -Above all I want to see the king. bģit ktirt š-ši nšuf l-malik.

abroad - 1. fe-l-xariž. He was born abroad. xlaq fe-l-xariž. 2. l-l-xariž. We should send more food abroad. xessna nzidu nsiftu l-makla l-l-xariž.

abrupt - 1. xšin pl. xšan. He has a very abrupt manner. sirtu xšina bezzaf. 2. kbir pl. kbar. We noticed an abrupt change in his attitude. lahedna f-sirtu wahed t-tebdil kbir.

abruptly - f-degga wehda. He stopped the car abruptly. hbes s-siyara f-deqqa wehda.

**He treated me rather abruptly. tkerfes Eliya.

absence - giba. He returned to his country after an absence of ten years. ršeć le-bladu men bećd wahed l-giba d-ćešr snin.

to be absent - 1. ġab iġib, ġiyyeb. He was absent for a long time. ġab weqt twil. -Two people were absent yesterday. žuž de-n-nas kanu ġaybin l-bareh. 2. bettel. He was absent from school. bettel l-medrasa.

absent-minded - mtehwer.

absolute - tamm. Suleiman had
absolute power. sulayman kanet

Eendu solta tamma. -That's the
absolute truth. hadi hiya l-haqiqa
t-tamma.

absolutely - tamamen. He is absolutely wrong. huwa galet tamamen.

**He is absolutely right. Eendu

l-heqq bezzaf.

to absorb - 1. šreb. The earth has absorbed the rain water. l^{-9} erd šerbet l^{-ma} de-s-sta. 2. seff. The sponge absorbed the spilled milk. z-zeffafa seffet le-hlib llittehreq.

**You cannot absorb all of that material in one lesson. ma-yemken-š had l-madda kollha ddxol-lek f-rasek

f-ders wahed.

to be absorbed: **He was so absorbed in his prayers that he did not see the fire. kan meblue fe-slatu u-gae ma-šaf le-hriqa.

--He was so absorbed in his play that he didn't hear his mother calling him. fe-l-leeb dyalu, gae ma-smee mmu ka-teeyyet-lu.

to abuse - 1. dlem. He abuses his wife. ka-idlem mratu. 2. gtanem.
Many teachers abuse their authority. Eadad dyal l-?asatida ka-igtanmu s-solta dyalhom. 3. tEedda Ela.
Why do you abuse your little brother?
Elaš ka-tteedda Ela xak s-sgir?
academic - dirasi.

to accelerate - 1. zad (izid) fe-ssor£a. Tell him to accelerate.
qul-lu izid fe-s-sor£a. 2. qewwa
iqewwi. He will accelerate production. ġad-iqewwi l-?intaž.

accelerator - ksiliratur pl. -at, musri&a pl. masari&.

accent - lehža pl. -t. He speaks
Arabic with an American accent.
ka-ihder be-l-Eerbiya b-lehža
amirikiya.

**You must accent the last part of the word. xeşşek tebrek Eel t-tali de-l-kelma. to accept - qbel. He accepted the present from his uncle. qbel
le-hdiya lli \(\xi\)tah \(\xi\)emmu. -The
lawyer did not want to accept the
death sentence. \(l-muhami\) ma-bga-\(\xi\)
iqbel \(l-hukm\) be-\(l-\gammai\) i\(\xi\)dam.

accident - hadita pl. -t, hawadit.
There was an accident on that
street yesterday. weq&et wahed
l-hadita l-bareh f-dak &-&ari&.

**I met them by accident in Paris two years ago. sadefthom f-bariz

hadi Eamayn.

accidentally: **I accidentally heard your friends talking about you. gir sedfa smeet shabek ka-ihedru Elik.
--I accidentally broke the dish.
bla-ma ndirha be-l-Eani herrest t-tebsil.

to accomodate - 1. rfed. His hotel accomodates 200 people. l-?util dyalu ka-irfed myatayn de-n-nas.

2. tkellef b-. I will accomodate four of them. gad ntkellef b-reb&a menhom.

accomodating - 1. ltif pl. ltaf. The man I worked for was very accomodating. r-ražel lli kont xeddam m£ah ltif bessaf.

2. mmerreh. The next time you go to the hotel Balima you will find it very accomodating. l-merra ž-žayya lli tensel f-l-uţil balima rak tsibu mmerreh.

accompaniment - murafaqa. The
accompaniment of the guests from the
airport to the palace was necessary.
l-murafaqa dyal d-dyaf men l-matar
l-le-qser kanet wažba.

to accompany - 1. rafeq. He will accompany you home. rah irafqek hetta l-darek. 2. wsel m£a. Rashid was the one who accompanied my grandfather to the car. rašid huwa lli wsel m£a bba sidi hetta le-t-tumubil. 3. Who will accompany her when she is in France? škun lli gad ibqa m£aha melli tkun f-fransa?

4. mša (imši) tsara m£a. Her aunt wanted the girl to accompany her on a trip through Egypt. had l-bent bġatha £emmtha temši ttsara m£aha f-maser.

to accomplish - 1. dar idir. He accomplished a lot in a short time. dar bezzaf f-weqt qsir. 2. kemmel. He accomplished what he set out to do. kemmel dak š-ši lli dar f-balu idiru. 3. Emel. Did you accomplish anything in Casablanca? waš Emelti ši-haža fe-d-dar l-bida? 4. qda iqdi. It accomplishes what I want it to do. ka-teqdi dak š-ši lli bağiha teqdih.

accomplishment - I. $fi \in l$ pl. $?af \in al$. His accomplishments pleased his friends. $shabu \in e \breve{s}buhom \ l-?af \in al$ dyalu. 2. $\varepsilon amal$ pl. $?a \varepsilon mal$. Building the pyramids was a great accomplishment. $le-bni \ dyal \ l-?ahram kan \varepsilon amal kbir$.

accord - ttifaq. There was complete accord between France and Morocco. kan ma bin fransa u-l-megrib ttifaq tamm.

of one's own accord - men rasu, b-wehdu. Khalid entered the army of his own accord. xalid l-rasu dxel l-l-žiš.

according to - 1. ∈ la hasab. According to what Rashid said you were not coming today. ∈ la hasab ma qal rašid ma-konti-š ĝad dži l-yum.

2. bhal. Did she cook the food according to the written instructions? waš tiybet l-makla bhal lli fe-l-γiršadat?

accordion - kir pl. kyar.

account - hsab pl. -at. What bank do you have your account in? f-ina benk Eendek le-hsab dyalek? -The company's accounts were all burned up. le-hsabat dyal š-šarika kollhom ttherau.

on account of $- \in la$ sabab. The party was postponed on account of the rain. l-hefla $t^{?}e\check{z}\check{z}let$ $\in la$ sabab $\check{s}-\check{s}ta$.

to call to account - xaşem Ela. If she was rude I will call her to account. ila kanet qbiḥa daba nxasem Eliha.

to give an account of - I. Eta yesti le-hsab d-. The servant will give me an account of the food bill. l-metEellem gad yestini le-hsab de-flus l-makla. 2. Eewwed. Give me an account of what happened. Eewwed-li šnu wqeE.

to take into account - Etaber. You have to take into account all of the details of the case. xessek teEtaber t-tafasil dyal l-qadiya kollhom.

to account for - 1. kan ikun mes?ul. The Prime Minister has to account for his actions only to the king. l-wazir l-?ewwel ma-mes?ul &el l-?a&mal dyalu illa qeddam l-malik. 2. fesser. How are you going to account for this? kif-aš gad tfesser had š-ši?

accountant - hsaybi pl. -ya.
accurate - l. dqiq pl. dqaq. This
adding machine is very accurate.
had l-makina d-le-hsab dqiqa

bezzaf. 2. metqun. Are they accurate in their work? was metqunin fe-xdemthom?

accurately - b-tedqiq. This old clock seems to still run accurately. had l-magana le-qdima ka-idher Eliha ma-zala ka-ttmešša b-tedqiq.

**My secretary does her work accurately. l-katiba dyali ka-ttqen xdemtha.

to accuse them. I accused them of stealing the money. themthom be-l-xewna d-le-flus.

to accustom - wellef. She accustomed the children to getting up early. wellfet d-drari inudu bekri men n-n&as.

accustomed - mwellef. I'm not accustomed to small cars yet. and ma-zal ma-mwellef-š t-tumubilat s-sġar.

to get accustomed to - twellef. He got accustomed to seeing tall buildings. twellef išuf l-binayat $l-\xi alya$.

to ache - wžeć, derr. My stomach aches. kerši ka-dderrni.

to achieve - hessel Ela, wsel l-. He achieved the rank of ambassador in three years. hessel Ela mertabt safir f-telt snin.

acid - l-ma l-gate E.

to acknowledge - I. Etaref. Do you acknowledge that what you did was wrong? was ka-teEtaref bi?enna dak š-ši lli Emelti ma-mezyan-š?
2. Eerref, Elem b-. Did you acknowledge his letter? was Eerreftih be-wsul r-risala dyalu?

acorn - belluta pl. -t, coll. bellut.

to acquaint - l. Eerref. I want you
to acquaint him with the place and
the workers. bgitek teerrfu eel
l-mahell u-eel l-xeddama. 2. elem.
He will acquaint you with what
happened. gad ielmek be-snu waee.

to be acquainted: Are you two acquainted with each other? was ntuma b-žuž ka-tt&arfu?

to acquaint oneself - terref. It'll take a week to acquaint myself with the problem. xessni žemea baš nterref eel l-muškila.

to get, become acquainted with - terref mea. I'd like to get acquainted with her. bgit nterref eliha.

acquaintance - meErifa, pl. -t,
mEaref. He is an acquaintance of
mine. huwa wahed men le-mEaref
dyali. --I was happy to make his
acquaintance. freht bezzaf

b-me€riftu.

to acquire - 1. žme£. He acquired many books in one year. žme£ £adad d-le-ktub f-£am wahed. 2. hessel £la. Do you think he will acquire a new position in the government? waš ka-ddennu gad ihessel £la ši-menṣib ždid fe-l-hukuma?

3. kseb. Does he acquire all of that money in business? waš ka-ikseb duk le-flus kollhom men l-bi£ u-š-šra? 4. xda yaxod. Did he acquire that house for his father? waš xda dik d-dar le-bbah?

**We acquire bad habits easily. l-∈adat le-qbiḥa ka-telşeq fina değya değya.

to acquit - berre?. Did they convict him or acquit him? was hekmu Elih wella berr?uh?

across - 1. mqabel. The bank is across the street from the post-office. l-benk žat mqabla m£a l-busta. 2. qbalt. He sat across the table from me. gles qbalti fe-t-tebla. 3. men ž-žiha l-oxra d-. A new hotel will be built across the river. gad ibniw wahed l-util ždid men ž-žiha l-oxra de-l-wad.

**Can we go across the bridge today? was imken-lna nduzu Eel l-qentra l-yum?

act - 1. Eamal pl. ?eEmal. That was a brave act. kan Eamal šžiE.

2. fesl pl. fsul. I don't want to miss the first act. ma-baġi-š nfellet l-fesl l-?ewwel.

in the act - f-Eemla. The burglar was caught in the act. l-xeuwan tteqbet fe-Emeltu.

to act - 1. Emel. Don't act like a child. ma-te£mel-š bhal d-derri ş-şġir. -l'll act on your advice. ġad-ne£mel be-n-naṣiha dyalek.

2. mettel. 1 can't act very well. ma-imken-li-š nmettel mezyan.

**Now it's time to act. hada huwa weqt l-Eamal.

active - našet. He's still very active for his age. ma-zal našet m£a rasu be-n-nesba l-sennu.

activity - 1. našat. He has to give up all physical activity for a while. lazmu ismeh f-koll našat riyadi wahed l-modda. -There's very little activity around here on Sundays. n-našat ka-ikun qlil bezzaf f-had ž-žiha nhar l-hedd. 2. haraka. Why all the activity over there? Elaš dak l-haraka kollha temma? actor - mumettil pl. -in.

actress = mumettila pl. -t.
actual = haqiqi. The actual reason
was something entirely different.
s-sabab l-haqiqi kan ši-axor
tamamen.

actually - 1. fe-l-haqiqa, fe-l-waqi\(\xi\). She works here but her office is actually on the second floor. ka-texdem hna wa-lakin l-mekteb dyalha fe-l-haqiqa fe-t-tebqa t-tanya. 2. haqqen. Do you actually believe that story? wa\(\xi\) haqqen ka-tseddeq dik le-xrafa?

haqqen ka-tseddeq dik le-xrafa?

acute - 1. kbir pl. kbar. He was

stricken by an acute pain. qebtu

wahed le-hriq kbir. 2. dqiq pl.

dqaq. Dogs have an acute sense of

smell. le-klab Eendhom Semman dqiq

bezzaf.

3. hadd. This triangle has two acute angles. had l-mutellat Eendu žuž zawiyat hadda.

**She has acute appendicitis. Eendha l-mesrana z-zayda mrida bezzaf.

to adapt oneself - 1. wellef. He adapts himself easily. deżya ka-iwellef. 2. ttewwer. He adapts himself to situations. ka-iţţewwer m£a l-hal.

to add - zad izid. You'll have to add some sugar. ¿ad ixessek dzid ši-šwiya de-s-sokkar. --I have nothing to add to that. ma-Eendi ma nzid Ela had š-ši. -Add it to my bill. zidha Eel le-hsab dyali. to add up - žmeE. Add up those

figures. **\textit{zmeE} duk r-rqam.

to add up to - tleE l-. How much does this bill add up to? le-\textit{shal}

ka-itleE had le-hsab?

**It all adds up to the same thing. bhal bhal.

addition - hsab. 1s my addition
correct? waš le-hsab dyali huwa
hadak?

in addition to - zyada &la. In addition to that, he asked for ten dollars. u-zyada &la dak š-ši tleb &ešra de-d-dular. -In addition to his regular salary he gets a commission on what he sells. zyada &el le-xlas dyalu l-&adi ka-iqbet heqqu f-dak š-ši lli ba&.

additional - zayed. He gave me an additional amount for incidentals. Etani wahed l-qedr d-le-flus zayed Eel l-mesruf l-žari. -For an additional dollar you'll get something better than this. b-dular zayed taxod haža hsen men had š-ši. address - 1. Eonwan pl. Enawen, drisa

pl. -t. Would you like to write down my address? tebgi tekteb l-Eonwan dyali? 2. xetba pl. -t. The president delivered an important address. r-ra⁹ is lga xetba muhimma.

to address - 1. beet, rsel. The letter is addressed to me. le-bra mebeuta liya. 2. xateb. How shall I address him? kif-as gad nxatbu? 3. lqa ilqi. I would like to address a question to the speaker. nebgi nelqi su?al Eel l-xatib.

adhesive tape - tub de-l-lṣaq.
adjacent to - mžaneb m£a or mžawer.
My garden is adjacent to his.
ž-žerda dyali mžanba m£a dyalu.

adjective - ne&t.

to adjourn - weqqef, ?ežžel. They adjourned the meeting early. ?ežžlale-žtima& bekri.

to adjust - 1. Eeddel, Eewwet. Did you adjust the binoculars? was Eeddelti le-mrayat de-l-hend? -He only adjusted a screw. gir Eewwet \$i-luleb. 2. sleh. The manager will adjust your bill. daba l-mudir işleh-lek l-fatura dyalek.

to adjust oneself - wellef. I can't adjust myself to the climate here. ma-imken-li-š nwellef be-t-tegs hna.

to administer - qam iqum b-. Who's administering his estate? §kun lli qayem-lu be-l- $^{\circ}amlak$ dyalu?

administration - idara.

admiral - amir le-bher pl. umara le-bher.

admiration - ?i{žab.

to admire - tčežžeb f-. 1 admired his patience. tčežžebt fe-s-sber dyalu.

admission - 1. dxul. How much is the admission? be-šhal d-dxul?

2. £tiraf pl. -at. His admission proved my innocence. le-£tiraf dyalu kan hužža £el l-bara?a dyali.

admission charge - taman d-dxul or flus d-dxul.

to admit - 1. xella (ixelli) idxol.

Mention my name and they'll admit
you. dker-lhom smiyti u-rahom
ixelliwek ddxol. 2. Etaref. 1
admit that 1 was wrong. ka-neEtaref
be-lli kont galet. 3. qbel. They
admitted him into the club. qebluh
fe-n-nadi.

to adopt - 1. xda (yaxod) baš irebbi.
My aunt has adopted a little girl.
Eemmti xdat bnita baš trebbiha.
2. ttaxed, xter. He adopted the
new program. ttaxed l-bernameš
E-ždid.

adult - kbir pl. kbar. There was milk for the children and coffee for the adults. kan mužud le-hlib le-d-drari u-l-qehwa l-le-kbar.

advance - 1. taqeddum pl. -at. There's been a great advance in medicine this year. wqe£ taqeddum kbir fe-t-tibb had l-£am. 2. tesbiq pl. -at. Can you give me an advance? was imken-lek te£tini ši-tesbiq?
3. zyada. There will be an advance in prices after six o'clock. men be£d s-setta gad-tkun zyada fe-t-

tamanat.
in advance - Ela tisaE. Let me know in advance if you're coming. Elemni Ela tisaE waš ġad-dži wella

to advance - 1. qeddem. He was advanced rapidly in his work. qeddmuh fe-xdemtu b-sor€a.

2. tqeddem. We advanced thirty kilometers in one day. tqeddemna tlatin kilumiter fe-nhar waḥed.

3. şebbeq. Could you advance me some money? waš imken-lek tṣebbeq-li ši-flus?

advantage - fayda pl. -t, fawa?id.

This method has advantages and disadvantages. had t-tariqa fiha l-fayda u-l-xesran.

to one's advantage - fe-l-meşlaha dyal-. This is to your advantage. had š-ši fe-l-meşlaha dyalek.

to have an advantage over - Eendu mtiyaz Ela. You have an advantage over me. Eendek mtiyaz Eliya.

to take advantage of - leeb ela (people), gtanem (people or things). Don't let people take advantage of you. ma-txelli-*s n-nas tegtanmek. -He takes advantage of every opportunity. ka-igtanem koll forsa.

advantageous - 1. mfeddel comp. ?efdel. He sold his house at the most advantageous time. ba£ daru f-?efdel weqt. 2. mufid, mnaseb, mwafeq. He found himself in an advantageous position. **Eber rasu f-hala mufida.

adventure - mugamara pl. -t. He wrote a book about his adventures in Africa. ?ellef ktab Eel l-mugamarat dyalu f-friqya.

to advertise - 1. Sher. The store is advertising a sale. l-hanut šahra ši-bie fe-r-riklam. 2. dar (idir) ielan. They are advertising for a cook. rahom dayrin ielan ela ši-tebbax.

advertisement - $i \in lan \text{ pl. } -at$, $i \notin lar \text{ pl. } -at$. I saw your advertisement.

šeft l-ičlan dyalek. -The clothes that she's wearing are a good advertisement for her dressmaker. le-hwayež llı labsa išhar močtabar l-l-xeyyat dyalha.

advertising - ıšhar, i&lan. Our company spends a lot on advertising.
š-šarika dyalna ka-texșer zebbala d-le-flus f-l-išhar.

advice - nasiha pl. -t, naṣa⁹ih. My advice to you is to leave immediately. naṣihti lilek hiya texrož daba.

to ask one's advice - tšawer mea. I asked his advice. tšawert meah. advisable - men l-?ehsen. I think it is advisable for us to stay home today. ka-idher-li men l-?ehsen nebgaw fe-d-dar l-yum.

to advise - nșeh, weșșa iweșși. What do you advise me to do? š-ka-tenșehni ndir?

to advise against - hedder men. He advised me against it. hedderni menha.

adviser = mustašar pl. -in. Who is
his adviser? škun huwa l-mustašar
dyalu?

aerial - Emud pl. -at, antin pl. -at.

The aerial on our radio needs fixing.

le-Emud dyal r-radyu dyalna ka-ixessu
itsewweb.

aerial warfare - l-herb l-žewwiya. affair - 1. še?n pl. šu?un. I don't meddle in his affairs. ma-ka-ndxollu- \S fe- \S - \S u $^{\circ}$ un dyalu. 2. suq, \S ġal. That's your affair. dak š-ši šģalek nta. 3. 9amr pl. 9umur. He handled the affairs of the company badly. tkellef b-9umur š-šarika b-kifiya qbiha. 4. fraža pl. -t. That party was the most brilliant affair of the year. dak l-hefla kanet 9ehsen fraža fe-l-Eam. 5. mes?ala ģaramiya pl. mes?alat, masa?il garamiya. The cook had an affair with the chauffeur. wegeet bin t-tebbaxa u-š-šifur ši-mes?ala ģaramīya. to affect - Petter. That damp climate

affected his health. dak l-žeww r-rteb ?etter-lu Ela sehhtu. --His wife's death affected him deeply. l-mut de-mratu ?ettret fih bezzaf.

to afford - qder Ela. I can't afford that. ma-neqder-s Ela hadik.

**You can afford to laugh. dhek a wlidi, Etak llah mn-aš.

to be **afraid** - xaf ıxaf. I'm afraid it's too late. xeft ıkun mša l-hal.
-Don't be afraid! ma-txaf-š!
-He's not afraid of anyone. ma-ka-ixaf men hetta wahed.

after - 1. men be Ed. Can you call me

after supper? was imken-lek ddreb-li t-tilifun men beed le-esa?

2. mura. They left one after the other. msaw wahed mura l-axur.

3. men beed-ma. I answered his letter. sawebtu hinan men beed-ma wesletni risaltu.

**The police are after him. l-bulis ka-tgelleb Elih.

after all - 1. wellahila. You were right after all. wellahila Eendek l-heqq. 2. Ela kolli hal. What can I do? After all he's my son. š-gad-neEmel? hadak weldı Ela kolli hal.

after this: After this, please let us know in advance. had l-merra Elemna Ela tisaE.

day after tomorrow - beed gedda.
to look after - hda yehdi. Is
there anyone to look after the
children? kayen si-wahed lli yehdi
d-drari?

afternoon - beed d-dhur, ešiya. He goes home every afternoon at three. ka-imši le-d-dar koll nhar men beed d-dhur fe-t-tlata.

this afternoon - l-yum f-le-Ešiya. Can you come this afternoon? waš imken-lek dži l-yum f-le-Ešiya? afterward(s) - men beEd. He came at ten and I left shortly afterwards. huwa ža fe-l-Eešra w-ana xrežt ši-šwiya men beEd.

again - Eawed, Eawed tani, nuba xra.
I'll tell him again. gad-ngulha-lu
Eawed tani. -Try it again. hawelha
Eawed.

**That's another matter again. hadik haža xra.

again and again - u-Eawed, ma-hiya merra ma-hiya žuž. I told him again and again. qoltha-lu ma-hiya merra ma-hiya žuž.

time and (time) again - merra Ela

merra, u-Eawed. He tried it time and again. hawelha merra Ela merra. against - 1. dedd. Are you for him or against him? was nta mEah wella deddu? 2. mEa. Put it against the wall. diru mEa l-hit. 3. Ela.

He's leaning against the wall. huwa mtekki Eel l-hit.

**Are you for the idea or against it? was nta mettafeq m£a l-fikra wella-la?

age - 1. senn. State your age and occupation. dker s-senn u-l-herfa dyalek. --He's about my age. huwa teqriben qeddi fe-s-senn. 2. Easr. This is the age of invention. hada

Easr le-xtiraE.

in ages - hadi snin, šhal hadi. We haven't seen them in ages. šhal hadi ma-šefnahom.

to age - śref. He's aged a great deal lately. *šref bezzaf Ead had* l-iyamat.

agency - wikala pl. -t.

agent - wakil, ukil pl. weklan. Your
agent has already called on me.
l-wakil dyalek daz l-Eendi beEda.

to aggravate - 1. sad izid Ela. Don' aggravate the situation. ma-dzid-š Ela had l-hala. 2. qelleq. Sometimes you're awfully aggravating. ši-nubat ka-tqelleqni bezzaf.

aggravation - tetyaru, ģid I get nothing but aggravation from her. ma-ka-nžber fiha ģir tetyaru.

ago - hadi. I was there two months ago. kont temma hadi šehrayn.
-How long ago was that? šhal hadi baš wqe∈ had š-ši? -That was a long time ago. had š-ši kan šhal hadi.

a while ago - hadi ši-šwiya. He left a while ago. hadi ši-šwiya baš mša.

(just) a moment ago - yallah hadi ši-šwiya. Wasn't he here just a moment ago? ma-kan-š hna yallah hadi ši-šwiya?

agony - Eadab, ?alam. It was agony just to watch him. ġir š-šufa fih kanet Eadab. --You're just prolonging the agony. ha-nta ġir ka-ttewwel l-Eadab.

to agree - 1. ttafeq. We agreed to take turns. ttafeqna baš ndiru n-nuba. -They agreed on everything. ttafqu &la koll ši. -That's not what the two of you agreed on. ma-ši dak š-ši &la-š ttafeqtiw b-žuž. Do you agree? waš mettafeq? -The two statements don't agree. l-bayanat b-žuž ma-mettafqin-š. 2. wafeq. Do you agree to these terms? waš ka-twafeq &la had š-šurut? -This food doesn't agree with me. had l-makla ma-ka-twafeqni-š.

agreeable - mešruh. She has an agreeable personality. Eendha šexsiya mešruh.

to he agreeable to - qbel. Is he agreeable to that? was qabel dak \$-\$i?

agreement - 1. muwafaqa pl. -t. The agreement has to be ratified by the senate. l-muwafaqa xeşşha dduz f-mežlis š-šuyux. 2. ttifaq pl. -at. The contract was extended by mutual agreement. zadu fe-l-Eoqda men beEd ttifaq binathom b-žuž.

in agreement - mettafeq. We're all in agreement on that. kollna mettafqin Ela dak š-ši.

agricultural - filahi, ziraki. agriculture - filaha. There isn't much agriculture in this region. ma-kayna filaha ktira f-had n-nahiya.

ahead - 1. metqeddem. He's ahead of everybody. huwa metqeddem & el n-nas kollhom. 2. sabeq, sabeq.

Are you next? No, he's ahead of me. was nubtek nta? la, huwa sabeqnr.

3. luwwel, sabeq. Who's ahead in the race? skun l-luwwel f-le-msabqa? straight ahead - tul. Go straight ahead. sir tul.

way ahead - 1. layen u-layen.

I'm way ahead in my work. ana wselt.
layen u-layen fe-xdemti. 2. sabeq
(bezzaf). Hurry up, the others are
way ahead of us already. serbi
rasek, l-oxrin sabginna beEda.

to get ahead - tqeddem. He doesn't seem to get ahead at all. ka-idher Elih bhal ila ga£ ma-ka-itqeddem.

**You just go ahead, I'll follow later. ġir sir sbeq nta, daba nexlet Elik men beEd. --Go ahead and tell him. ġir qulha-lu.
aid - musaEada, muEawana.

to aid - Eawen, saeed. Can I aid you in any way? was imken-li neawnek f-si-haza?

ailing - Eeyyan. She's always ailing.
hiva dima Eeyvana.

aim - 1. tenyaš. Is your aim good?

waš t-tenyaš dyalek mezyan? 2. hadaf.

His aim is to become a good doctor.

l-hadaf dyalu huwa ikun tbib

mezyan.

to aim - 1. niyyes. Aim higher. niyyes & ali swiya. 2. & ewwel. What do you aim to do? &-ka-t&ewwel adir?

**You're aiming too high.
ka-tniyyeš Ela men le-qyas. --That
was aimed at me. hadik kanet
mwežžha liya.

air - 1. hawa (m.). The air in this room isn't good. l-hawa f-had (m.) l-bit ma-mezyan-š. -I have to get some fresh air. xeṣṣni nšemm šwiya de-l-hawa. 2. žeww. There's an air of mystery about the whole affair. kayen ši-žeww ģrib fe-l-gadiya kollha.

to put on airs - tfexxem u-teeddem. He loves to put on airs. ka-ieežbu rasu itfexxem w-iteeddem.

to air - hewwa ihewwi. Please air the room while I'm out. Eafak hewwi l-bit Ela ma nži.

airfield l-hal. airfield - matar pl. -at. all over - 1. koll žiha. They airplane - tiyara pl. -t. came from all over. žaw men koll airport - maṭaṛ pl. -at; (military) žiha. 2. f-.... kollu. He traveled labaz pl. -at. all over the country. safer f-leaisle - medwez pl. mdawez. blad kollha. 3. kollu. He began ajar - mehlul šwiya. The door was to tremble all over. bda kollu ajar. l-bab kanet mehlul šwiya. ka-iġzel. alarm - zuwwaga, zuwwaka pl. -t. all right - 1. f-?aman llah. **Set the alarm for six. dir everything all right? koll-ši l-magana de-s-sersar fe-s-setta. f-?aman llah? 2. meElum. I'd like to alarm - zeež, šewweš. Her to go all right, but it's impossible. screams alarmed the whole building. nebģi nemši, meElum, be-l-heqq ģwatha zEež l-Eimara kollha. ma-imken-li-š. 3. waxxa. That's to be alarmed - tšewweš. Don't true all right, but nevertheless ... be alarmed. ma-ttšewweš-š. $waxxa dak \check{s}-\check{s}i sehh, be-l-hegg ...$ alarm clock - magana de-s-sersar pl. -All right, l'll do it. waxxa daba maganat, mwagen de-s-sersar. ndirha. alcohol - 1. alkul. Put a little **Is that all right with you? alcohol on the wound. dir ši-šwiya waš ma-Eendek maniE. d-l-alkuļ Eel ž-žerha. 2. šrab. all the better - hsen. If that Muslims do not drink alcohol. leis so, all the better. ila had š-ši mselmin ma-ka-išerbu-š š-šrab. hakda hsen. alert - fayeq. He's an alert fellow. all the time - dima. huwa ražel fayeg m£a rașu. above all - ktirt š-ši, xususen. on the alert: Be on the alert for Above all, don't get discouraged. a call from me. kun Ela bal rani u-ktirt š-ši ma-tebred-š. daba ndreb-lek t-tilifun. after all - wellahila. He's right Algeciras - l-xuzirat, l-žazira l-xedra. after all. la, wellahila Eendu Algeria - l-žaza?ir, dzayer. Algerian - žaza9iri adj. pl. -yin, s-sehh. at all - ga£, walu. He has no n. pl. hel l-žaza9ir; dziri adj. pl. patience at all. ma-Eendu sber gaE. -yin, n. pl. hel dzayer. in all - bin koll-ši. How many alike - bhal bhal, kif kif. These of them are there in all? šhal seats are all alike. had le-krasa kaynin mennhom bin koll-ši? kollhom bhal bhal. -We treat all our customers alike. š-šaryin dyalna once and for all - f-merra. Once kollhom ka-nhesbuhom kif kif. and for all, let's get this over alien - ažnabi pl. -yin. alive - heyy. Get him alive or dead. l-qadiya f-merra. qebţuh heyy wella miyyet. to be alive with - ġla iġli. The store is alive with ants. l-hanut alliance - muhalafa pl. -t. ka-teġli be-n-nmel. all - koll. Did you all go? waš mšitiw kollkom? -l've been waiting all day. n-nhar kollu w-ana kantsenna. -That upsets all my plans. had š-ši hdem le-blanat dyali ally - hlif pl. hulafa?. kollhom. -The bread's all gone. l-xobz mša kollu. almost - $\xi layen$. **That's all. had š-ši lli kayen. Elayen nfeddi. -He isn't all there. xeṣṣu ši-žuž de-l-bulunat. -If that's all there waš saken b-wehdek.

is to it, I'll do it. ila kan gir

hakda, ne Emelha. -- That's all the same to me. ana ma-Eendi sug.

suspected him all along.

šakkin fih men l-luwwel.

all along - men l-luwwel. We've

to be all in - sxef, Eya yeEya.

a sudden it got dark. fuž?a dlam

all of a sudden - fuž?a. All of

konna

with. yallah nthennaw men had alley - medwez pl. mdawez, driba pl. to allow - 1. smeh b-. He won't allow that. $ma-\dot{g}ad-isme\dot{h}-\dot{s}b-dak$ š-ši. 2. hseb. How much should I allow for traveling expenses? šhal ixeşşni nehseb Ela meşruf de-ş-şfer? almond - luza pl. -t, coll. luz. I'm almost finished. alone - b-wehd-. Do you live alone? **Better leave it alone! hsen-lek txellih Elik! -Leave me alone! xellini Elik! along - 1. $m \in a$. We walked along the shore. tmeššina m£a šett le-bher. 2. $b-\check{z}enb$. The road runs along the river. t-triq gadya b-ženb l-wad. all along - men l-luwwel. I told them so all along. men l-luwwell

w-ana ka-nqul-lhom dak š-ši.

to take along - dda iddi m£a.

How many things should I take along?
šhal d-le-hwayež ka-ixessni nddi
m£aya?

**Come along with me! ya!!ah
mEaya!

already - beEda. He already speaks a little Arabic. rah ka-itkellem ši-šwiya de-l-Eerbiya beEda.

also - see too.

to alter - beddel, geyyer. Who altered my speech? škun lli beddel l-xetba dyali?

**I'll have to have the suit altered to fit me. xessni nddi had l-keswa tteşleh baš dži qeddı.

alteration - ?iṣlaḥ pl. -at. There
is no charge for alterations.
l-?iṣlaḥat bla flus.

although - waxxa. I'll be there, although I have very little time. daba nkun temma waxxa ma-fendi-š l-weqt bezzaf.

altitude - Elu. The plane was flying at a very high altitude. t-tiyara kanet gadya fe-Elu kbir bezzaf.

altogether - 1. tamamen. You're altogether right. Eendek s-sehh tamamen. 2. bin l-žamič, bin koll-ši. Altogether there are thirty books. kaynin tlatin ktab bin koll-ši.

alum - šebb.

always - dima. I'm always at home.

ana dima fe-d-dar. -She's always
been rich. hiya dima kanet tažra.

amateur - mulu£. Frequently amateurs play better than professionals. Eadad de-l-merrat l-mulu£in ka-ile£bu hsen men lli mehtarfin. -For an amateur he paints quite well. huwa gir mulu£ walakin ka-isbeg mezyan.

to amaze - bhed. I was amazed at his indifference. behdetni le-bruda dyalu.

to be amazed - téežžeb. ambassador - safir pl. sufara. amber - éenber.

ambition - tumuh. He has no ambition.

ma-Eendu tumuh. -There's no limit
to his ambition. t-tumuh dyalu maEendu hedd.

ambitious - (lli) ξ endu tumuh. ambulance - $siyara\ d-l-is\xi af\ pl.$ $siyarat\ d-l-is\xi af.$

to ambush - xrež f-. They ambushed him in the hills. xeržu fih fe-ž-žbal.

America - %amrika, blad l-mirikan.

American - %amriki; mirikani pl.
mirikan. He's an American. huwa
mirikani.

among - 1. ma bin, f-west. You're among friends. rak f-west le-shab. --Look among the papers. Suf ma bin le-kwaget. 2. Eend. He's popular among the masses. huwa mešhur Eend š-šeEb. 3. f-, He's the biggest one among them. huwa le-kbir fihom. --There were many nice people among them. kanu fihom bezzaf de-n-nas draf.

among other things - zaydun Ela hwayež xrin. Among other things he collects stamps. ka-ižmeE zaydun t-tnaber Ela hwayež xrin.

among ourselves (yourselves, themselves) - ma binatna (binatkom, binathom). We decided it among ourselves. qerrernaha ma binatna. amount - Eadad. What's the amount?

šnu huwa l-Eadad?

to amount to - tlee, ža iži f-.

How much does the bill amount? lešhal tlee le-hsab? or šhal ža fe-lfaktura?

**He doesn't amount to much. maka-iswa-š kter men suldi.

to amputate - qettef. His leg was amputated.

to amuse - dehhek. That amuses me very much. dak š-ši ka-idehhekni bezzaf.
to amuse oneself - lha ilhi raşu.

He amuses himself by reading. kailhi rasu b-le-graya.

amusement - mlahya. He did it only for amusement. darha gir mlahya.

**What do you do for amusement?

as ka-teEmel bas dduwwez l-weqt?

amusing - fih d-dehk. Did you find

this play amusing? was žak had t
temtil fih d-dehk?

ancestors - ždud, slaf or ?eslaf.

anchor - mextaf pl. mxatef. The boat lost its anchor in the storm. l-baxira mša-lha l-mextef fe-l-Easifa.

to drop anchor - tleq l-mextaf.

The ship dropped anchor in the bay. l-baxira telqet mextafha fe-l-xaliž.

to weigh anchor - qelle l-mextaf. We weighed anchor after the sea had quieted down. qelle na l-mextaf men be lambed en le-bher.

to anchor - ressa iressi. They anchored the ship near the mouth of the river. ressaw s-sfina hda fomm l-wad.

**He stood there as if anchored to the spot. bga wagef temma bhal lheĕra.

anchovy - štun.

ancient - qdim pl. qdam. I'm very much interested in ancient art. lfenn le-qdim ka-ihemmni bezzaf €ad.

ıυ

anu --Why did you invest so much money in that ancient building? Elas Emelti had le-flus kollhom f-dak l-Eimara le-gdima? **Oh, that's ancient history! š-ši men Eehd musa. and - 1. u (before consonants), w (before vowels). 2. wiyya- (preceded by ana or hna with some pronoun ending suffixed). Only he and I were there. kont gir ana wiyyah temma. **Wait and see! sber u-daba tšuf. Andalusia - l-?andalus. Andalusian - Pandalusi adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel l-9andalus. anesthetic - benž. angel - malak pl. malayka, mlayka. anger - tetyaru, gadab, z£af.

angle - 1. zawiya pl. -t. Measure each angle of the triangle. Eber z-zawiyat de-l-mutellat kollhom.

2. wžeh pl. wžuh. We considered the matter from all angles. Etaberna l-qadiya men žami€ le-wžuh. angry - gedban. What are you angry

about? Elas nta gedban? to be (come) angry - gdeb, tar-l-, itir-l-. Please don't be angry with me! Eafak ma-tegdeb-š Eliya! -- Are you angry at him? was tayer-lek mEah?

animal - hayawan pl. -at. aniseed - nafeE.

ankle - $ke\xi ba$ pl. -t, $k\xi ab$. Did she sprain her ankle, or what? was ttfekket-lha ke€betha wella šnu? anniversary - dikra pl. -t. They are celebrating their thirtieth anniversary. mehtaflin be-d-dikra

(de-z-zwaž) t-tlatin dyalhom. to announce - 1. $\ell lem b-$. They just announced it on the radio. yallah Eelmu biha fe-r-radyu. 2. Elen Ela. They announced their engage-

ment last night. Eelnu Ela mlakhom l-bareh fe-l-lil. announcement - iElan pl. -at, naba?

pl. ?anba?, xbar pl. ?axbar. announcer - mudie, mudiyyie. The announcer has a pleasant voice.

l-mudit tendu helq drivyef. to annoy - bessel Ela. Is this man annoying you? waš had r-ražel kaibessel Elik? -- Stop annoying that poor dog! baraka ma thessel Ela dak l-kelb l-meskin'

annoyed with - zeEfan mEa.

**That's very annoying. dak š-si ka-itelle z-zEaf.

another - axor, f. xra, pl. xrin. Please give me another cup of coffee. Etini ši-kas axor .

de-l-gehwa men fedlek. --1'd like another pattern. bģit ši-škel axor. --I won't hear another word about it! ma-nebgi-š nesmeE kelma xra Eliha! one another - be€d. (plus pl. pronoun ending) be Ed, be Ediyat (plus pl. pronoun ending). They hit one another. ddarbu beEdhom beEd or ddarbu be Ediyathom.

to sntagonize - teyyru-l-. I don't want to antagonize them. ma-bagiš nteyyru-lhom.

to snticipate - tweqqeE, nwa inwa. The attendance was larger than we had anticipated. hedru n-nas kter men lli konna tweqqeEna.

**He anticipates her every wish. ka-ihedder-lha šnu-ma bjat men qbel gaE ma ttelbu.

anxious - 1. mehmum. He's anxious about his future. huwa mehmum Eel l-musteqbal dyalu. 2. metšuwweq. I'm anxious to see the new book. rani metšuwweg baš nšuf le-ktab ž-ždid. --He was just too anxious to sell. kan metšuwweg kter men leqyas baš ibi€.

any - 1. ši. Do you have any other question? Eendek ši-su?al axor? --Did you find any books there? waš žberti ši-ktuba temma? 2. škunemma kan. Any mechanic can fix it. l-mikanisyan škun-emma kan iqder isuwwebha. -- Any child knows that. koll derri škun-emma kan ka-yeEref dak š-ši. 3. kif-emma kan. work is better than none. xedma kif-emma kanet hsen men blaš. 4. ši-haža d-. Do you have any money with you? waš m∈ak ši-haža d-le-flus? 5. (Often no equivalent in negative expressions). I don't have any money. ma-Eendi flus. **Buy them at any price; šrihom

anybody - 1. ši-wahed. Will anybody be at the station to meet me? was gad-ikun ši-wahed metleggi-li f-le-mhetta? --Did you find anybody? waš žberti ši-wahed? 2. škun-emma kan. Anybody can do that. škunemma kan iqder yeEmel dak š-ši.

b-aš-emma kan!

not...anybody - ma...hetta wahed, ma...hetta hedd. I don't know anybody here. ma-ka-neEref hetta wahed hna.

anyhow - 1. waxxa hakdak. 1 said no, but he did it anyhow. qolt-lu lla u-waxxa hakdak ε melha. 2. men rregm men dak š-ši. 1 would have gone anyhow. kun rani mšit men r-regm men dak š-ši.

**What's the use anyhow! §nu hiya l-menfi&a be&da?

anyone - see anybody.

anything - 1. ši-haža. 1s there anything for me here? waš kayna ši-haža liya hna? --Did he say anything? waš qal ši-haža? 2. šnu-mma, aš-emma. You can have anything you like. imken-lek taxod šnu-mma bģiti.

amything but - ma...ga£, ma... walu. I was anything but pleased. ma-kont-š ferhan ga£.

anything else - ši-haža xra.

Would you like anything else? bġiti ši-haža xra?

not ... anything - ma ... hetta haža. I can't do anything in this case. ma-imken-li ndir hetta haža f-had l-qadiya.

**1 wouldn't do that for anything.
ma-ndir-š dak š-ši waxxa ikun lli

kan.

anyway - 1. Ela kolli hal. Sooner or later you'll have to buy a cardaba wella ma-ši daba, Ela kolli hal gad ixessek tešri tumubil.

2. u-waxxa hakdak. I didn't want to, but I did it anyway. ma-bgit-š neelha, u-waxxa hakdak Emeltha.

anywhere - 1. l-ši maḥell. Are you going anywhere today? waš ġadi l-ši maḥell l-yum? 2. fayn-emma. Anywhere you look, there's dust. fayn-emma šefti ka-džber l-ġebra.

**He'll never get anywhere.

Eemmru ma-gad-yewsel l-ši-haža.

That won't get you anywhere. dak

š-ši rah ma-gad-iqdi-lek say.

not...anywhere - ma...layn. 1 don't want to go anywhere tonight. ma-bġit nemši layn had l-lila.

apart - mefruq. The house stands apart from the others. d-dar zat mefruqa Eel le-xrin.

to take apart - hell traf traf. Take it apart if necessary. hellha traf traf ila kan lazem.

**How do you tell the two apart?

kif-aš ka-tecref wahed men l-axur?

apartment house - Eimara de-s-sokna

pl. Eimarat de-s-sokna.

ape - gerd pl. gruda.

apiece - l-l-wahed. My brother and l earned six dollars apiece. and uxay rbehna setta de-d-dular l-lwahed.

to apologize - Etader, tleb s-smaha.

l apologize for doing that. kaneEtader lli dert dak š-ši. --Did
you apologize to her? waš tlebti
mennha s-smaha?

apparatus - ala pl. -t, makina pl. -t, mwaken.

apparent - daher. It's apparent that
he didn't understand the question.
daher ma-fhem-š s-su?al.

apparently - Ela ma ka-idher. He has apparently changed his mind. geyyer balu Ela ma ka-idher.

appeal - istinaf pl. -at. The appeal
 was denied. talab l-istinaf
 tterfed.

to appeal - 1. twežžeh. Appeal to his conscience. twežžeh le-d-damir dyalu. 2. deqq. It doesn't appeal to me at all. ma-ka-ideqq-li-š ga£. 3. tleb l-istinaf. The lawyer decided to appeal the case. l-muḥami gerrer itleb l-istinaf l-l-qadiya.

to appear - ther, ban. He appeared at the last minute. ther fe-d-dagiga l-lexxra. --This paper appears every Thursday.

had l-ĕarida ka-ddher koll xmis.

--He appears to be very sick. ka-idher Elih mrid bezzaf.

appearance - 1. duhur. It's his first appearance on the stage. hada **ewwel duhur Eendu fe-l-mesreh.

2. hi*a, hey*a. You have to pay more attention to your appearance. xessek tredd balek kter l-l-hi*a dyalek.

**At least put in an appearance. $\mathcal{E}el\ l$ -?agell dher.

appearances - medher, hi?a. 1 never judge by appearances. ma-Eemmri ma-ka-nehkem men l-medher. --Appearances are deceiving. l-medher xedda£.

**To all appearances he is a foreigner. l-hi?a dyalu kollha d-ši-?ažnabi.

appendicitis - l-merd dyal l-meşrana z-zayda.

appendix 1. meṣrana zayda. He had his appendix removed when he was five. heyydu-lu l-meṣrana z-zayda men lli kanet Eendu xems snin. 2. fehres, fihrisa, pl. fhares. Maybe you'll find it in the appendix. imken had š-ši tṣibu fe-l-fehres.

appetite - šehwa, šahiya. Our boy has a good appetite. weldna Eendu šehwa ktira.

appetizing - (lli) ka-ifteh š-šahiya, (lli) ka-išehhi.

to applaud - seffeq. applause - tesfiq.

apple - teffaha pl. -t, coll. teffah. appliance - %ala pl. -t, makina pl. -t, mwaken. We carry all kinds of

electrical appliances. Eendna ?alat

de-d-du Ela koll škel.

application - talab pl. -at. I mailed in my application too late. rselt t-talab dyali mEettel.

application blank - werga de-t-talab, pl. wraq de-t-talab. Fill out this application blank. Eemmer had l-werga de-t-talab.

to apply - 1. qeddem talab. I'd like to apply for a job. bgit nqeddem t-talab dyali l-ši-xedma. 2. tebbeq. You've applied this rule incorrectly. tebbeqti had l-qa&ida galta.

3. ttebbeq. The rule doesn't apply here. l-qa&ida ma-ka-ttebbeq-\$ hna.
4. ste&mel. I had to apply all my strength. tlezzemt neste&mel quwwtikollha. 5. tla itli. Apply the paint evenly. tli s-sbaga f-koll mahell qedd-qedd. 6. wežšeh. This order applies to everybody. had l-?amr mwežšeh l- koll wa&ed.

7. kemmed b-. Apply a hot compress every two hours. kemmed b-futa sxuna merra fe-s-sattayn.

to appoint - Eeyyen, semma, nesseb.

They appointed him judge. Eeyynuh

appointment - 1. mi&ad pl. -at. I had to cancel all my appointments for tomorrow. kan lazem nelģi l-mi&adat lli kanet &endi l-ģedda kollha. --I have an appointment with him. &endi m&ah mi&ad. --Did you make an appointment with the doctor? derti \$i-mi&ad m&a t-tbib?

2. tensib pl. -at, teEyin pl. -at, tesmiya pl. -t. Congratulations on your appointment. ka-nhennik Eel t-tensib dyalek.

appreciation - teqdir. She has no appreciation for art. ma-fendha teqdir l-l-fenn walu.

approach - ⁹uslub, tariqa, wasila. Am I using the right approach? waš l-⁹uslub lli ana meste£mlu huwa hakdak?

**The approaches to the bridge are under repair. t-torqan lli ka-ddi l-l-qentra ka-ttsewweb.

to approach - 1. qerreb. They approached cautiously. qerrbu be-t-tawil. 2. twežžeh l-. Who shall 1 approach about the matter? le-mmen xeṣṣni ntwežžeh &el l-qadiya?
3. dxel &la. How would you approach

3. dxel Ela. How would you approach the problem? kif-aš ġad-ddxol Eel l-muškila nta?

appropriate - (lli) ža f-mahellu. The
 remark is quite appropriate. l mulahada žat f-mahellha.

to appropriate - 1. dar idir yeddu

Ela, xda yaxod. My son has appropriated all my ties. weldi dar yeddu Eel le-krafatat dyali kollhom.

2. xesses, rfeE. The city has appropriated fifty thousand dollars for a new library. le-maktaba Edida.

nnroyal - 1. ttifag. You'll need your

approval - 1. ttifaq. You'll need your parents' approval. gad-ixessek ttifaq waldik. 2. muwafaqa pl. -t. You'll have to get his approval on it. ġad-ixessek thessel Eel l-muwafaqa dyalu Eliha.

**Does it meet with your approval? was had s-si wafqek?

to approve - qbel. Your application has been approved. qeblu t-talab dyalek.

to approve of - 1. wafeq Ela. Do you approve of my suggestion? was (nta) mwafeq Eel le-qtirah dyali?
--He approves of my plans. huwa mwafeq Eel l-mešruEat dyali.

approximate - sayed nages. The approximate length of the room is eight meters. dyal had l-bit huwa tmenya de-l-miter t-tul sayed nages. approximately - teqriben. He left approximately a month ago. hadi

teqriben šher baš mša. apricot - mešmaša pl. -t, coll. mešmaš. April - ibril, abril.

apron - tabliya pl. -t.

apt - 1. fe-l-muduć. That was an apt remark. l-mulahada kanet fe-l-muduć. 2. dki pl. -yin, fih l-qabiliya, fayeq. He's a very apt pupil. huwa telmid dki bezzaf.

Arab - Eerbi pl. Earab.

Arabic - 1. l-Eerbiya. Do you speak Arabic? was ka-ttkellem l-Eerbiya? 2. Eerbi. Do you like Arabic music? ka-tebgi l-musiqa l-Eerbiya?

arch - qews pl. qwas. That bridge has a tremendous arch. dik l-qentra Eendha qews Edim.

fallen arches - režlin mfetthin.
arched - mqeuwes. This room has an
arched ceiling. had l-bit s-sqef
dyalu mqeuwes.

architect - muhendis pl. -in.

area - 1. masaha pl. -t. The area of
this garden isn't very large. had
ž-žnan l-masaha dyalų ma-ši kbira
bezzaf. 2. nahiya pl. -t, nawahi.
Does he live in this area? waš
huwa saken f-had n-nahiya? -The
area around Casablanca is densely
populated. n-nahiya lli dayra
be-d-dar l-bida saknin fiha n-nas
bezzaf.

to argue - 1. tnages. They argue all

the time. dima ka-itnaqšu. won't argue about that. ma-ġadi-š ntnaqeš f- dak š-ši. --Don't agrue with me. ma-tnageš-š mEaya. 2. biyyen. I argued that it would save us a lot of time. biyyent bin had š-ši kan gad-irebbeh-lna wegt. bezzaf.

**You can't argue me into going there again. gir la-thawel-ši teqneEni baš nemši l-temma Eawed. argument - 1. noqta pl. -t, nqati. That's an argument in his favor. hadi noqta men žihtu. 2. hužža pl. -t. 1 don't follow your argument. ma-fhemt-š l-hužža dyalek. 3. $mxa \leq ma$ pl. -t. We had a violent

argument. wegeet binatna mxasma Enifa. 4. mnaqša pl. -t. It was just a little argument. kanet ģir mnaqša sģira.

to arise - 1. nad inud. They arose at the same time. nadu f-wegt wahed. 2. dher, ban. The problem arose some time ago. l-muškila dehret hadi ši-modda. --Buy them as soon as the opportunity arises. **srihom ģir ddher l-forsa.

arithmetic - hsab.

arm - 1. draf, dref pl. derfan. lost an arm. mgetteE-lu derEu. 2. yedd pl. -in. The arms of this chair are too low. had š-šelya yeddiha mehdurin bezzaf. 3. bat pl. bitan. Can you carry the package under your arm? was tegder terfed l-bakit teht batek?

arms - slah (coll.). All arms have to be turned over to the police. s-slah kollu xeşşu itsellem le-š-šorta. to arm - selleh.

armistice - hedna, hodna; tewqif l-herb.

armor - qešra. These shells can't penetrate the armor of a warship. l-kur ma-iqedru-š idexlu fe-l-qešra d-baxira herbiya.

army - žiš pl. žyuš, Eesker. to join the army - dxel l-l-€esker.

around - 1. hna. Is there anybody around? waš kayen ši-wahed hna? 2. f -. He drove around the park. Emel d-dura fe-l-Eersa be-t-tumubil. 3. ši, teqriben. I have around twenty dirhams. Eendi ši-Eešrin derhem.

**He lives somewhere around here. saken f-ši-mahell f-had ž-žwayeh. --She lives right around the corner. ka-teskon fe-d-dura de-d-derb. to arouse - fiyyeq. I was aroused in

the middle of the night by a terrible ši-deqqa ka-tsemmek fiyyqetni f-ness l-lil.

**Her strange behavior aroused my suspicion. s-sira dyalha le-ġriba dexxlet fiya š-šekk.

to arrange - 1. retteb, neddem. arranged the books? škun lli retteb le-ktub? 2. debber. Arrange it so that you'll be here tomorrow. debber kif-aš te∈mel baš tkun hna ģedda.

arrangement - 1. tendim pl. -at. How do you like this arrangement? kif-aš žak had t-tendim? 2. tehyi? pl. -at. They made all the arrangements to leave the following morning. Eemlu t-tehyi?at kollhom baš isafru lla-jedda fe-ssbah.

arrest - qbid.

to arrest - qbet, qbed. arrival - wsul. His arrival caused a bit of excitement. wsulu hezz ddenya.

to arrive - wsel.

arrow - nebla pl. -t, coll. nbel.

art - fenn pl. funun.

art gallery - methef l-fenn pl. mtahef l-fenn.

arthritis - mfașel.

artichoke - quqa pl. -t, coll. quq. article - 1. magala pl. -t. There was an interesting article about it in the newspaper. kanet wahed l-magala mufida \in lih fe-l-žarida. 2. fesl pl. fsul. I'm not clear on Article 3. l-fes! t-talet ma-bġa-š ittefhem-li. 3. haža pl. hwayež. Many valuable articles were stolen. Eadad d-le-hwayež tmina ttxewnet.

artificial - 1. stina£i. Are those flowers artificial? was dak nnuwwar stinati? 2. mesnut. He has an artificial leg. Eendu ržel mesnuEa.

artillery - medfaEiya.

artist - fennan pl. -a.

as - 1. bhal-ma, kif-ma. Write the letter as you wish. kteb le-bra kifma tebģi. 2. men lli, melli. Did you see anyone as you came in? šefti ši-wahed men lli dxelti? 3. men lli, melli, hit. As he is leaving tomorrow, we must hurry. xessna nzerbu men lli ga-isafer ģedda.

dir lli Eežbek. **Do as you wish. -- I regard it as important. neEtaberha muhimma.

as if - bhal ila.

as soon as - ģir. As soon as he

ģir huwa iži. comes, let me know. Elemni.

as usual - bhal l-Eada.

so as to - We'll have to start early so as to be on time. xessna nxeržu bekri baš nweşlu fe-l-weqt. Asafi - asfi.

native of Asafi - sfiwi adj. pl. -vin, n. pl. hel asfi.

ash(es) - rmad.

to be ashamed - hšem. You have no reason to be ashamed of that. ma-Eendek Elaš tehšem men dak š-ši.

ash tray - deffaya pl. -t, siniya ded-dexxan pl. siniyat de-d-dexxan.

ash tree - derdar.

aside - xelli Elik ... All joking aside, I want my money. xelli Elik le-mlaga, bğit flusi. aside from - men øir, waxxa.

Aside from that, he's a nice fellow.

men gir dak š-ši, huwa drif.

to put aside - 1. xebbe£, xella ixelli. Can you put the ties aside for me until tomorrow? was imken-lek txebbe€-li le-krafatat hetta l-ģedda? 2. weffer. I think we have enough money set aside for the trip. kaidher-li Eendna le-flus l-kafvin mweffrin le-s-sefra. 3. xebbe ϵ . Put the book aside now. xebbe E le-ktab daba.

to stand aside - dženneb. Stand aside a little please. dženneb

šwiva men fedlek.

to ask - 1. segsa isegsi, suwwel. asked me whether I had been with them or not. şeqşani waš kont mEahom wella la. 2. tleb. Did you ask him his name? tlebti-lu smiytu? --He asked for permission. tleb l-⁹adn. --He was asked to leave the house. telbu mennu ixrož men d-dar. --How much did he ask for it? šhal tleb fih?

**Ask him in. gul-lu idxol. to ask a question - lga ilqi su?al. asleep - naces.

**I simply couldn't fall asleep. ma-bġa-š iddini n-n∈as tamamen.

asparagus - sekkum. asphalt - zeft.

aspect - žiha pl. -t. We've considered every aspect of the problem. Etaberna l-muškila f-koll sifa men s-sifat dyalha.

aspirin - asbirin.

to assassinate - qtel.

assault - 1. hužum. The assault was repulsed with heavy losses. hužum tweggef b-xasarat kbira. tehdid. He was charged with

assault. tehmuh be-t-tehdid. to assault - hžem Ela.

to assemble - 1. ddžmeć, žtameć. The pupils assembled in the auditorium. t-tlamed ddžemEu fe-l-aaEa d-le-žtima E. 2. rekkeb. He assembles airplane engines. irekkeb l-muturat de-t-tivarat.

assembly - žemčiva pl. -t. žtimač pl. -at. He spoke before a large assembly of lawyers. xteb Ela žemEiva kbira de-l-muhamivin.

to assign - 1. Eta yeEti. The teacher has assigned us two pieces of poetry for tomorrow. l-?ustad Etana žuž de-l-qit&at ši&riya l-gedda. 2. Eeyven. He assigned two men to

guard the prisoner. Eeyyen žuž den-nas baš yehdiw l-mesžun.

assignment - 1. xedma pl. -t.boss gave me an interesting assignment. le-m&ellem Etani xedma mufida. 2. tewzie. The assignment of the various jobs is taken care of by the foreman, tewziE l-xedmat kollhom mkellef bih hadak lli mrageb š-ši. to assist - wgef mEa, Eawen, saked.

assistant - musa&id pl. -in; mu&awin pl. -in.

assistance - musa£ada, mu£awana. associate - šrik pl. šorkan.

to associate - txalet. We never did associate with them very much. Eemmerna ma-txaletna mEahom bezzaf.

association - 1. žemčiva pl. -t. I don't think I'll join the associama-ka-ndenn-š gad-ntšarek fetion. l-žem£iva. 2. Ealaga pl. -t. My association with these people is my business. Ealagti mEa had n-nas suai.

to assort - retteb. Assort these buttons according to size. retteb had s-sdaf €la hasab le-qyas dyalhom.

assorted - mnewwe€, mšekkel. I want a kilo of assorted chocolates. boit kilu de-š-šeklat mnewweE.

to assume - 1. denn (bla šekk). assume that he'll be there too. ka-ndenn bla šekk gad-ikun temma hetta-huwa. 2. hmel. I can't assume any responsibility for that. ma-negder nehmel hetta ši-mes?uliya Ela dak š-ši.

**Don't assume such an air of innocence. ma-ddir-š messek ma-kateEref šay.

assurance - 1. damana. What assurance do I have that I'll get the job? š-men damana Eendi billa gad-nšedd l-xedma? 2. kelma, $we \xi d$. He gave me his assurance that he would pay

on time. Etanı klemtu billa gad ixelleş fe-l-weqt.

to assure - ?ekked. He assured us that he'd come. ?ekked-lna bin ġa-iži.

asthma - diga.

at - 1. f-. The bus stops at the next corner. t-tubis ka-yewqef f-had l-gent. --I'll wait for you at the door. ntsennak fe-l-bab. --I'll be at home. $\dot{g}ad-nkun\ fe-d-dar$. --I met him at the airport. tleqqit-lu fe-l-matar. --He came at three o'clock. ža fe-t-tlata. --The children are at school. d-drari rahom fe-l-medrasa. --It happened at night. had š-ši wqeE fe-l-lil. -- I was astonished at the size of the city. tEežžebt fe-l-qedd d-le-mdina. 2. Ela. I did it at his request. Emeltha Eel t-talab dyalu. --What are you laughing at? Elas ka-ddhek? 3. Eend. We were at the tailor's. konna Eend l-xeyyat. -- They saw him at the dentist's. safuh Eend tbib s-snan. --He lives at my brother's. (house). $ka-iskon\ \epsilon end\ xay$. 4. l-.We still haven't arrived at a decision. ma-zal ma-wşelna l-hetta ši-hell.

**He's hard at work. ka-ixdem b-Behdu kollu. --He could read and write at the age of four. kan kayeEref igra w-ikteb melli kanet Eendu rbeE snin.

at all - ga£. I don't like him at all. ma-ka-nebġih-š ga£.

at all costs - waxxa iqleb s-sma u-l-?erd. We must get it at all costs. waxxa nqelbu s-sma u-l-?erd lazem nhewwzu dak š-ši.

at best - waxxa izyan šhal ma zyan. At best it's an unpleasant job. waxxa dzyan šhal ma zyanet, had l-xedma ma-fiha ma ibģi l-waḥed.

at first - fe-l-luwwel. At first we didn't like the town. fe-l-luwwel ma-&ežbetna-š le-mdina.

at last - l-hemdu llah. He's here at last. l-hemdu llah ha-huwa ža.

at least - Eel l-?aqell. There were at least a hundred people present. kanu hadrın Eel l-?aqell \$i-mya de-n-nas.

at most - kter ma. At most the bill will come to twenty dirhams. kter ma iži fe-l-faktura huwa Eešrin derhem.

at once - 1. daba, fe-l-hin. Do it at once. dirha daba. 2. f-merra wehda, f-weqt wahed. 1 can't do everything at once. ma-imken-li-š

ndır koll-šı f-merra wehda.

at that - hna. Let's leave the matter at that. xellina nhebsu l-qadiya hna.

at times - f-be $\mathcal{E}d$ l-?ahyan, f-be $\mathcal{E}d$ l-merrat. At times 1'm doubtful. f-be $\mathcal{E}d$ l-?ahyan ka-idx0l-li \S - \S ekk.

at will - kif-emma bġa. They come and go at will. ka-idexlu w-ixeṛžu kif-emma bġaw.

even at that - waxxa & la dak &-&i, waxxa b-dak &-&i. Even at that I wouldn't pay a bit more. waxxa & la dak &-&i ma-nzid-& suldi.

to attach - 1. Eessa. Did she attach the belt to the dress? was Eessat s-semta fe-l-keswa? 2. teqqef. We can attach his salary if he doesn't pay. imken-lna nteqqfu š-šehriya dyalu ila ma-xelles-š. 3. Eta yeEti. You attach too much importance to that. ka-teEti ?ahemmiya kbira

that. Ra-teefi 'ahemmiya kbira kter men le-qyas Ela dak š-ši. **I've become very attached to

that child. wellit ka-nhebb dak l-weld bezzaf. —She is very much attached to her grandmother. ka-tebg: žeddatha bezzaf Ead.

attack - 1. hežma pl. -t. The attack was beaten back. l-hežma tthebset.
2. hemla pl. -t, hmula, hmali. He had another attack yesterday. žatu hemla xra l-bareh.

to attack - hmel Ela. He was violently attacked in the newspapers. l-žara?id hemlu Elih hemla mžehda.

attempt - muhawala pl. -t, težriba pl. -t. At least make an attempt. Eel l-?aqell Emel ši-muhawala.

**An attempt was made on his life. hawlu iqetlu.

to attempt - hawel. Don't attempt to do too much at one time. math-hawel-s teemel f-degga wehda ktermen le-gyas.

to attend - 1. hder. Did you attend the meeting? was hderti f-le
žtima ? 2. mša imši l-. I attended business school. kont ka-nemši l
medrasa tižariya. 3. qabel. What doctor attended you? škun huwa t
tbib lli kan mqablek?

to attend to - qda iqdi. 1 still have some things to attend to. mazal Eendi ši-šģal xessni neqdihom.

attendance - hudur. Attendance is compulsory. l-hudur wažeb.

**The attendance at the last three meetings has been very poor. n-nas lli hedru fe-t-tlata d-le-žtima£at t-talya, l-£adad dyalhom kan d£if

bezzaf.

attention - reddan l-bal. The children listened with attention. d-drar: tsenntu b-reddan l-bal.

**Attention please¹ \$wiya d-lentibah men fdelkem! --Can you do
it without attracting attention?
wa\$ imken-lak te€melha bla-ma ireddlek l-bal hetta-waḥed?

to call attention - nebbeh. I've called their attention to that repeatedly. shal men merra w-ana ka-nnebbehhom Ela dak š-ši.

to pay attention - redd l-bal.

Don't pay any attention to the matter. ma-tredd-s balek l-l-qadiya.

attentively - b-intibah, b-ihtimam!

attitude - hey?a. I don't like his

attitude. ma-ka-te&žebni-\$ l-hey?a

dyalu.

attorney - muhami pl. -yin.

to attract - žab ižib, žleb, žbed. What's attracting the flies here? Šnu huwa lli žayeb d-debban lle-hna?

to attract attention - nebbeh. Be quiet, you're attracting people's attention to us. skot men s-sda£, rak ka-tnebbeh n-nas lina.

attractive - 1. žmil, mesyan. She is very attractive. hiya mesyana bessaf. 2. muhimm. He proposed an attractive price to me. Ered Eliya taman muhimm.

auctioneer - dellal pl. -a.
audience - 1. hadrin (pl.). They
asked the audience to remain seated.
telbu men l-hadrin ibqaw galsin fmahellathom. 2. muqabala pl. -t.
I would like an audience with the
king. beit muqabala mea l-malik.

aunt = Eemma pl. -t. (paternal), xala
pl. -t (maternal).

august - ģušt, ?ut.

Austria - namsa.

author - mu?ellif pl. -in.

authority - 1. solta, selta. He has no authority to do that. ma-tendu solta baš idir dak š-ši. --Do you have the authority to sign this contract for him? waš tendek s-solta baš tnezzel xett iddek f-had l-toqda f-mahellu? 2. mxesses. He's an authority on labor problems. huwa mxesses f-mašakil l-tommal.

authorities - sulutat. Apply to the proper authorities. qeddem ttalab dyalek le-s-sulutat lli mkellfa b-dak š-ši.

to authorize - Eta yeEti s-solta.

Who authorized you to spend that money? Skun lli Etak s-solta baš ddfeE duk le-flus?

automobile - tumubil pl. -at, siyara pl. -t.

autumn - xrif.

available - 1. mužud. All available cars are being used. t-tumubilat lli mužudin kollhom mešģulin daba.
2. fadi. When will the director be available? fuq-aš ģad-ikun l-mudir fadi?

**These papers were not available to me. duk le-wraq ma-kan-š mesmuḥ-li newsel-lhom.

avenue - šarić pl. šawarić.

average - 1. metwesset. He's of average intelligence. d-daka? dyalu metwesset. 2. muEeddal. He's better than the average. huwa fuq l-muEeddal.

**We averaged forty kilometers an hour. tmeššina b-mu£eddal reb€in kilumitru fe-s-sa£a.

to avoid - beffed men, bessef men.

Avoid that by all means. beffed
men dak š-ši kif-emma kan.

to await - tsenna, ntader, fayen.

awake - fayeq.

to awake - faq ifiq. I awoke at seven. feqt (men $n-n \in as$) fe-s-seb $\in a$.

to awaken - fiyyeq. Some noise awakened me. fiyyeqni ši-sda£.

aware - fayeq. We're aware of that.

hna fayqin b-dak š-ši.

away - 1. beid pl. bead. His house is far away from here. d-dar dyalu beida bezzaf men hna. 2. msafer, gayeb. Have you been away? was konti msafer?

to go away - safer, mša ımši. When did he go away? fuq-aš safer?

to take away - 1. beffed, bessef. I want you to take this chair away. bgitek theffed had 8-selya.

2. zuwwel. Take it away from him. zuwwelha-lu.

to throw away - siyyeb. Don't throw anything away. ma-tsiyyeb hetta-haža.

awhile - ši-šwiya, ši-modda qṣira.
He was here awhile this afternoon.
kan hna ši-šwiya l-yum men be\(\xi\)d le-\(\rho\)da.

awkward - 1. debbaz. Is he awkward in his work? was huwa debbaz fe-xdemtu? 2. (lli) ka-iheyyer. It's an awkward situation. hadik hala ka-theyyer.

ax - qadum pl. qwadem.

axle - megzel pl. mgazel. The axle of the car is broken. therres l-megzel de-s-siyara. B

baby - 1. terbya pl. -t, derri şğir pl. drari şğar. I won't let anyone treat me like a baby. ma-ğad-nxelli hetta wahed yehsebni bhal ği-derri şğir.

**You baby your children too much.

ka-tfeššeš wladek bezzaf.

baby carriage - kerrusa de-d-drari pl.
kerrusat de-d-drari.

bachelor - Eezri pl. Ezara.

back - 1. dher pl. dhur, dhura. He was lying on his back. kan memdud Ela dehru. —They did it behind my back. Eemluha mura dehri. —This chair has a higher back. dher had \$-\$elya Ela. 2. de-l-lura. The back rooms are dark. le-byut de-l-lura medlamin.

**He isn't back yet. ma-zal ma-

ržeE-š.

back and forth - maši maži. He walked back and forth in the roomback maži maži fe-l-bit.

in back of - wra, mur, mura. There's a garden in back of the house. kayna Eersa mur d-dar.

to come back, to go back - ržeć.
to step back - ržeć l-lur, twexxer.
Step back a little bit. ržeć l-lur
šwiya.

to back - ?eyyed. All parties are backing him. l-?ehzab kollhom

m?eyydinu.

to back up - ržeć l-lur. I still can't back up. ma-zal ma-ćendi kif-aš neržeć l-lur.

backbone - sensul, selsul pl. snasel, slasel. Her backbone was injured when she was a child. therres-lha sensulha men lli kanet sgira.

**Have a little backbone' kan

Eendek ž-žebha šwiya!

background - 1. qa£. The background is too dark. l-qa£ medlam bezzaf.
2. ?erd. The material has a black background with white dots. t-tub l-?erd dyalu kehla u-mneqqta b-le-byed.

backside - qaE pl. qiEan.

backward - 1. m⁹exxer, mwexxer. The people there are very backward. n-nas temma m⁹exxrin bezzaf.
2. naqeş f-Eeqlu. Her child is a bit backward. weldha naqeş f-Eeqlu.

backward(s) - 1. l-lur. He fell backwards. tah l-lur. 2. meqlub.
You've got the coat on backwards.
rak labes l-kebbut meqlub.

bad - 1. qbih pl. qbah. That's not a bad idea. hadi fikra ma-ši qbiha.
2. dEif pl. dEaf. He has bad eyes. Eeynih dEaf. 3. Eeyyan pl. -in, mrid pl. mrad. I feel bad today. ka-nhess b-rasi Eeyyan l-yum.

**His business is going from bad to worse. tižartu gir ka-dzid

tefles.

**Things are getting worse instead of better. \$-\$i ka-izid itfelles f-Eewt ma ithessen.

**Now he feels very bad about it.

daba Ead nadem Elih.

too bad - xṣaṛa. Too bad you couldn't come. xṣaṛa ma-qḍeṛti-š dži.

bag - 1. beztam pl. bzatem. She took some change out of her bag. xdat ši-šwiya de-s-serf men beztamha.
2. šanta pl. šwanet. The porter took his bags. taleb-m£ašu dda-lu š-šwanet dyalu.
3. xenša pl. xnaši. Put these apples in a bag. dir had t-teffahat f-ši xenša.

**He took the money and l'm left holding the bag. Eebba le-flus

u-xellani haşel.

luwlin.

**Who let the cat out of the bag? škun huwa lli fdeh s-serr? baggage - qšaweš (pl.). I want to send my baggage on ahead. bģit nṣifet le-qšaweš dyali huma l-

bail - dmana pl. -t. The court fixed his bail at two thousand dirhams. l-meḥkama ḥekmet ∈lih dmana dyal ⁹alfayn derhem.

to put up bail for - dmen. Who's going to put up bail for him? škun lli ġad-idemnu?

to bail - xwa ixwi. We used our helmets to bail water out of the boat. steEmelna t-tasat dyalna baš nexwiw le-fluka men l-ma.

bait - toEm, toEma.

baker - 1. xebbaz pl. -a. This baker has good bread. had l-xebbaz Eenbu xobz mezyan. 2. helwi pl. -ya. This baker has good pastries. had l-helwi Eendu helwat mezyanin.

balance - 1. mizan pl. myazen. I lost
my balance. sqet-li l-mizan. --The
butcher's balance isn't working right.
right. l-mizan dyal l-gezzar ma-kaixdem-š mezyan. 2. baqiya. Pay one
third down and pay the balance in
monthly installments. sebbeq t-tulut
u-l-baqiya dfe∈ha men š-šher
le-š-šher.

**His life hung in the balance. kanet hayatu \mathcal{E} la hafa.

to balance - weggef. Can you balance a stick on your forehead? was tegder tweggef Eud Ela Zbehtek?

**Does the account balance? was le-hsab metwasen?

balcony - balkun pl. -at.

bald - slet pl. sulet. He was bald at thirty. wella slet men tlatin tam.

ball - 1. kura pl. -t, kwari. They played ball all afternoon. le& & iya kollha u-huma ka-ile& bu lkura. 2. kobba pl. -t, kbeb. I'd
like a ball of white wool. bgit
& i-kobba de-s-suf bida.

halled up - meqlub ras Ela režlin. He's all balled up. koll-šī Eendu meqlub-lu ras Ela režlin.

balloon - neffaxa pl. -t.

ballot - werga de-t-teswit pl. wraq de-t-teswit.

secret ballot - teşwit serri. ballroom - qa&a de-ššţih pl. qa&at de-š-šţih.

banana - banana pl. -t, coll. banan.
band - l. rbaéa pl. -t, rbayeé. A
band of robbers attacked them.
nezlet élihom wahed r-rbaéa d-leqtatéiya. 2. žewq pl. žwaq. The
band played dance music all evening. l-lil kollu u-l-žewq ka-iléeb
l-musiqa de-š-štih.

bandage - fasma pl. -t.

to bandage - dar idir faşma Ela. You'd better bandage the cut at once. hsen-lek ddir faşma Eel ž-žerha fe-l-hin.

bandit - bandi pl. -ya, $qtat \in i$ pl. -ya.

bang - şda£. She was frightened by the loud bang. ş-şda£ le-qwi xle£ha.

to bang - zdeh. He banged the book down on the table. zdeh le-ktab Eel t-tebla. --He banged his fist on the table. zdeh dbeztu Eel t-tebla.

banister - derbuz pl. drabez. Hold on to the banister. qbet fe-d-derbuz.

bank - 1. banka, benk pl. bankat, bnak. I keep my money in the bank. ana ka-nnessel flusi fe-l-banka. 2. herf pl. hrufa, šett pl. štut. He swam to the nearest bank. bqa iEum hetta wşeļ l-?eqreb herf.

to bank on - $ttkel \in la$. You can bank on that. $imken-lek \ ttkel \in la$ $dak \ \S-\S i$.

banker - mul l-banka pl. mwalin le-bnak.

bankrupt - fales.

to go bankrupt - fles. bankruptcy - falas, teflis, teflisa. banner - bendira pl. -t, bnader,

banadir; raya pl. -t.

banquet = dyafa pl. -t.

bar = 1. qet&a pl. -t, qta&i; bala
pl. -t; terf pl. traf. Here's a bar
of soap. ha qet&a de-s-sabun.

2. luha pl. -t. He bought a bar of chocolate. **Sra luha de-*-**seklat.

3. bar. Let's have a drink at the bar. yallah nšerbu ši-haža fe-l-bar. **When were you admitted to the bar? fuq-aš tsemmiti muḥami?

to bar - 1. Eerred. He forgot to bar the gate. nsa ma-Eerred-§ l-bab. 2. qteE. A fallen tree barred our way. wahed §-§ežra tayha getEet-lna t-triq.

barbecue - mešwi.

barbed wire = selk be-s-snan:pl.
sluk(a) be-s-snan.

barber - hežžam pl. -a, heffaf pl. -a, hellag pl. -a.

barber shop - hanut l-hežžam.

bare - 1. Eeryan pl. -in. The trees are still bare. š-šžer ma-zala Eeryanin.

-The walls look so bare. le-hyut ka-ibanu Eeryanin bezzaf. 2. bla tezwaq. These are the bare facts. hada huwa l-waqiE bla tezwaq.

to bare - Eerra iEerri. When the flag passed, the men bared their heads. r-ržal Eerraw ryushom men lli dazet r-raya.

barefoot(ed) - b-le-hfa, hefyan.

barely - yallah. He's barely ten. yallah Eendu Eešr snin.

bargain - 1. ttifaq. According to our bargain, you were to pay half. Ela hasab le-ttifaq dyalna, kan lazmek txelles n-ness. 2. biEa u-šerya mezyana. This book was a bargain. had le-ktab kanet fih biEa u-šerya mezyana.

**All right, it's a bargain! waxxa, !!ah irebbeh!

to bargain - tšetter.

bark - qešra. Palm trees have thick bark. n-nxel Eendu qešra glida.

to bark - 1. nbeh. The dog barked as loud as he could. l-kelb nbeh

Ela ma fih men žehd. —The dog barked at the children. l-kelb nbeh Eel d-drari. 2. guwwet Ela. The foreman barked at everybody today. l-yum le-mEellem guwwet Ela koll-Si. barley — šEir.

barn - kuri pl. kwari.

barrack(s) - berraka pl. -t. Our barracks are built of concrete. l-berrakat dyalna mebniyin men l-gess.
barrel - 1. bermil pl. bramel. We

drank a whole barrel of beer.

Srebna bermil de-l-birra kollu.

2. žećba pl. -t, žćab. This gun

barrel is bent. ž-žecba d-had lemkohla mćewwža.

base - 1. qa£ pl. qi£an. The base of the statute was still standing.
l-qa£ de-t-timtal kan ma-zal waqef.
2. qa£ida pl. qawa£id. There were many American bases in Morocco. kanı fe-l-meğrib £adad de-l-qawa£id amirikiya.

to base - ?esses. What is your calculation based on? Elas m?esses le-hsab dyalek?

basement - lakab.

bashful - hešman.

to be bashful - hšem.

basil - hbeq.

basis - °asas. We can't continue on this basis. ma-imken-lna-8 nkemmlu Ela had l-°asas.

basin - tas pl. tisan.

basket - sella pl. -t, slel, qoffa pl.
 qfef.

basketball - kura de-s-sella.

to baste - seqqa iseqqi. Did you baste the meat? was seqqiti l-lhem? bat - 1. tir l-lil pl. tyur l-lil.

1'm afraid of bats. ka-nxaf men tir l-lil. 2. Esa pl. Esi, zerwata pl. -t, zrawet. He hit the ball so hard that the bat broke. b-quwt z-zehd bas dreb l-kura therrset le-Esa.

to bat - 1. dreb. He batted the ball over the fence. dreb l-kura hetta xeržet men Eel s-sur.

2. remmeš. He's always batting his eyes. dima ka-iremmeš Eeynih.

**He really went to bat for me. huwa bga ihami Eliya.

batch - 1. Eerram pl. Erarem. What happened to that batch of papers that were on my desk? dak l-Eerram d-le-wraq lli kan Eel l-mekteb dyali, fayn mša? 2. žma£a pl. -t. The patrol returned with a batch of prisoners. l-Eessasa rež£u be-žma£a d-le-msažen.

bath - 1. hemmam pl. -at. Do you have

a room with bath? Eendek ši-bit fih hemmam? 2. tehmima pl. -t. I'd like a hot bath. bgit ši-tehmima sxuna.

to bathe - 1. themmem. 1 want to bathe before supper. bgit nthemmem qbel le-&sa. 2. hemmem, gsel. Bathe the baby in warm water. hemmem t-terbya fe-l-ma dafi. 3. &cam v&um. We went bathing in the sea almost every day. konna ka-nemšiw n&umu f-le-bher &layen koll nnar.

bathing cap - tagiya de-l-Eewm pl. tagiyat de-l-Eewm.

bathing suit - mayyu pl. -wat.

bathing trunks - serwal de-l-\(\xi \) ewm, pl. srawel de-l-\(\xi \) ewm.

bathrobe - binwar pl. -at, keswa del-hemmam pl. ksawi de-l-hemmam.

bathroom - 1. hemmam (for bathing).
2. mida pl. -t, bit l-ma pl. byut
l-ma (toilet).

bathtub - banyu vl. -wat.

batter - Ežina. Is the batter for the bread mixed? was mxalta le-Ežina de-l-xobz?

battery - batri pl. -yat. My car has to have a new battery. s-siyara dyali ka-ixessha batri ždida.

battle - mEerka pl. mEarek. battlefield - midan le-mEerka.

to bawl - serser. That child's been bawling for an hour. hadi sa&a u-dak d-derri ka-iserser.

to bawl out - gummet Ela. Why did he bawl you out? Elas gummet Elik? bayonet - herba pl. -t.

to be - 1. kan ikun (pf. kont, konti, etc.) He will be very happy. gadikun ferhan bezzaf. --Were you at home at seven o'clock? waš kontife-d-dar fe-s-seb&a. 2. (usually no equivalent for English present tense). Where is he now? fayn huwa daba? --This is the house that we were talking about. hadi hiya d-dar lli konna ka-ntkellmu &liha.

**Have you been here for a long time? was hadi modda u-nta hna?
--I've been waiting for you since yesterday. men l-bareh w-ana kantsennak.

**Here you are! hak!

**How are you? še-xbarek?

**How much will that be? šhal

**Where have you been! fayn had le-ġwayeb!

there is, are - kayen (m.), kayna (f.), kaynin (pl.). Ask him what there is. seqsih š-kayen. --There are twenty people here. kaynin

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Eešrin de-n-nas hna.
                                           of ground beef. Etini ši-šwiya
                                           de-l-kefta de-l-begri.
beach - šett le-bher.
beam - gayza pl. -t, gwayez. The roof
                                         beehive - žbeh de-n-nhel pl. žbuha
  was supported by strong beams.
                                           de-n-nhel.
                                         beer - birra, serbisa.
  s-sgef kan mehzuz be-gwayez shah.
bean - fula pl. -t, coll. ful.
                                         beet - barba pl.
                                         beetle - xenfusa pl. xnafes, bu-žeEran.
bear - debb pl. dbuba. Are there any
  bears in this forest? was kaynin
                                         before - 1. qbel-ma. Call me up be-
                                           fore you come. dreb-li t-tilifun qbel-ma dži. 2. qbel men. The
  ši-dbuba f-had l-gaba?
    to bear - 1. sber Ela. I can't
  bear that idiot any longer. ma-
                                           telegram should be here before noon.
                                            l-bergiya tkun hna gbel men t-tnaš.
  negder-š nzid nesber Ela dak le-hmeg.
  2. stehmel. He has to bear all the
                                           --Work before pleasure. l-xedma
  trouble by himself. lazem Elih
                                           qbel men le-mlahya. 3. men qbel.
  istehmel l-mašegga kollha b-wehdu.
                                           I hadn't known him before. ma-kont-š
bearable - (lli) ittehmel. The heat
                                           ka-neerfu men qbel. --I've never
  is still bearable. s-sehd ma-zal
                                           been there before. Eemmerni ma-kont
  imken ittehmel.
                                           temma men qbel.
beard - lehya pl. -t, lhi.
                                             before long - men daba šwiya.
beast - hiša pl. hyuš, hayawan pl. -at.
                                              the day before yesterday - wel-l-
to beat - 1. dreb. He was beating the
                                            bareh.
  dog with a stick. kan ka-idreb
                                         beforehand - Ela tisaE. I knew it
  l-kelb b-wahed le-Esa. 2. gleb.
                                            beforehand. kont Earefha Ela tisaE.
  We beat them in today's contest.
                                          to beg - 1. s&a is&a. The children
  ġlebnahom fe−l-mubara de-l-yum.
                                           begged for money. d-drari seaw eel
  3. xellet. Don't forget to beat
                                            le-flus. -- I saw him begging at
  the egg whites. Eendek tensa
                                            the door of the hotel. šeftu
  ma-txellet-š le-byed de-l-bid.
                                            ka-is€a fe-l-bab d-l-uţil. 2. rġeb.
  4. getteb. Did you beat the carpet?
                                            They begged us to help them. regbuna
  waš qettebti z-zerbiya?
                                            nEawnuhom.
    **He beat me to it. sbeqni liha.
                                              **I beg your pardon!
                                                                    smeh-li!
  -- They beat him up. helkuh be-d-derb.
                                          beggar - sa£i pl. se££ay.
beautiful - mesyan, gsal. What a
                                          to begin - bda ibda. The show begins
  beautiful day! walayennı nhar gzal
                                            at half past eight. le-fraža
  hada!
                                            ģa-tebda fe-t-tmenya u-ness.
because - Ela hegg-aš. Ela gibal. He
                                            beginning to rain. bdat š-šta
  didn't come because he was sick.
                                            ka-ttih. --He began his work
  ma-ža-š Ela hegg-aš kan mrid.
                                            yesterday. bda l-xedma dyalu
    because of - Ela sabab, Ela qibal.
                                            l-bareh.
  They went into the house because of
                                              **To begin with, we haven't got
  the rain. dexlu le-d-dar Ela gibal
                                            enough money. ?ewwalen ma-Eendna-š
  š-šta.
                                            le-flus kafyin.
to become - 1. rže£. He became famous
                                          beginning - bdu.
                                          behind - 1. mur, mura. There's a
  overnight. ržeč mešhur f-remša
  de-l-Eeyn.
              2. wqe\xi. What has
                                            garage behind the house. rah kayen
  become of them? *snu wqeE-lhom?
                                            wahed l-garaž mura d-dar. 2. l-lur.
    **What has become of my purse?
                                            He was attacked from behind. hežmu
  fayn mša beztami? --- That color is
                                            Elih men 1-lur.
  very becoming to you. dak l-lun ža
                                              **My watch is always ten minutes
  mEak bezzaf.
                                            behind. l-magana dyali dima fiha
bed - fras pl. -at. He still has to
                                            qeşmayn de-t-tiqal.
  stay in bed. ma-zal ka-ixessu
                                              to fall behind - t exxer.
                                                                         He's
  ibqa f-le-fraš.
                                            fallen behind in his work.
                                                                         t ? exxer
    to go to bed - nees.
                                            fe-xdemtu.
bedbug - begga pl. -t, coll. begg.
                                              to leave behind - xella.
bedding - izur u-gti (pl.). Air the
                                            to leave our suitcases behind.
  bedding today. hewwi l-izur u-le-
                                            tlezzemna nxelliw šwanetna.
  ģţi l-yum.
                                          to belcb - tgerreE.
bedroom - bit n-nEas pl. byut n-nEas.
                                          belief - 1. tiga. My belief in him
bedspread - mlaya pl. -t.
                                            is seriously shaken. t-tiga dyali
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fih tfe&f&et be-l-mufid. 2. &tiqad.

It is my firm belief that ...

bee - nehla pl. -t, coll. nhel.

beef - begri. Give me a little bit

fe-r-rbat.

**1 work best in the morning.

fe-Etiqadi t-tamm ... l-wegt lli ka-nexdem fih mezyan, to believe - 1. denn. 1 don't believe huwa s-sbah. -- I like it best this it's going to be possible for us to way. hakda ka-ye€žebni kter. arrive on time. ma-ka-ndenn-š --Perhaps it's all for the best. ġa−imken-lna nweslu fe-l-weqt. imken mketteb-lek fiha llah xir. 2. tag itig b-. Of course 1 believe --We don't like our new house, but him. meElum ka-ntiq bih. we'll have to make the best of it. to believe in - ?amen b-. d-dar ž-ždida dyalna ma-Eažbana-š, doesn't believe in Christ. be-l-heqq ga-ixessna neqdiw biha. ma-ka-i amen-s be-l-masih. bet - xtar pl. -at. bell - naque pl. nwages. to bet - txater. belladonna - hdež, hedža. to hetray - gder, xan ixun. belly - kerš pl. kruš, bten pl. btuna. **better -** *hsen*. Do you have a better to belong - 1. kan ikun dyal. Does room? waš Eendkom ši-bit hsen men this book belong to you? was had hada? -- Do you feel better? waš le-ktab dyalek? 2. kan ikun men. ka-thess b-rasek hsen? --You'd He belongs to our club too. better go. hsen-lek temši. --The huwa men n-nadi dyalna. longer the better. koll-ma kan belt - semta pl. -t, smati, hzam pl. twil hsen. -at, hzum. between - bin (takes the form binat bench - korsi pl. krasa. before pl. pronoun endings). to bend - 1. Eewwež. He bent the Between you and me, it's his own wire. Eewwež s-selk. 2. lwa ilwi. fault. bini u-binek, l-falta dyalu. The trees bend when the wind blows. -- I want to sit between you. š-šžer ka-ilwiw melli ka-ihebb negles binatkom. r-rih. to beware - redd balu. Beware of the to bend down - hna yehni (l-l-rerd). dog! redd balek men l-kelb! I can't bend down. ma-ka-neqder-š to bewilder - heyyer. nehni l-l-9erd. to be bewildered - har. beneath - teht (men). **I was completely bewildered. **That's beneath him. ma-huwa-š kan Eegli tayeh bezzaf. dyal dak š-ši. beyond - 1. men ... lhih. The house benefit - rbeh. 1 don't expect to is beyond the river. d-dar men get any benefit out of it. ma-nawi l-wad lhih. 2. beEd. The school is itle∈-li rbeh men had š-ši. right beyond the hospital. s-sekwila bent - 1. metni. He's bent with age. beEd s-sbitar šwiya. 3. fuq. rah metni b-le-kber. 2. mEewwež. living beyond her means. Eayša fuq The nail is bent. l-mesmar m£ewwež. l-gedr dyalha. Berber - berbri pl. braber. Bible - inžil. berry - tuta pl. -t coll. tut. bicycle - bešklita pl. -t. We went beside - 1. f-ženb. Please put this bicycle riding last Sunday. l-hedd trunk beside that other one. Eafak lli fat Emelna wahed d-dura Eel hett had s-sendug f-ženb hadak l-bišklitat. l-axur. 2. hda. Who's that standing big - kbir pl. kbar. beside your father? škun huwa bill - 1. hsab pl. -at. I paid this bill yesterday. xelleşt had le-hsab hadak lli waqef hda bbak? **That's beside the point. l-bareh. 2. mengar pl. mnager. š-ši xarež Eel l-muduE. --He was Storks have long bills. beside himself with rage. kan ġa-Eendu l-mengar twil. imut b-le-gdayed. billfold - bestam pl. bsatem. billion - melyar pl. mlayer. besides - zyada €la dak š-ši. He's a good worker, and besides, everyto bind - hzem. binoculars - mraya de·l-hend. body likes him. ka-ixdem mezyan, u-zyada ∈la dak š-ši koll-ši bird - tir pl. tyur. ka-ibġih. birth - zyada pl. -t, wlada. best - 1. hsen, ?ehsen. He's my best birtbday - dikra. bishop - fil pl. fyal (chess). bit - l. lezma pl. -t. This bridle friend. huwa ?ehsen sadiq Eendi. mxeyyer. Give me the best. Etini le-mxeyyer. had l-lžam mezyan. doesn't have a bit. ma-Eendu lezma. 2. šwiya. Give the best in Rabat. hiya l-mezyana

me a little bit of butter. Etini

ši-šwiya de-s-smen. --This tea is

a bit strong. had atay qaseh šwiya.

--Can you wait a bit? imken-lek

ttsenna šwiya? --We learned the

story bit by bit. le-hkaya t&errefna

&el šwiya be-šwiya. 3. leqma. There

isn't a bit of bread in the house.

ma-kayna-š leqma de-l-xobz fe-d-dar.

to smash to bits - herres traf traf.
bite - 1. leqma. We haven't got a bite
left. ma-bqat-šay leqma lina.
2. &edda. The bite itches. l-&edda
ka-takolni.

**Won't you have a bite with us?

**Won't you have a bite with us?

**ma-tebqa-ši hetta takol m£ana?

**to bite - £edd. Will the dog

bite? waš had l-kelb i£edd? --He

bit into the apple. £edd t-teffaha.

*bitter - 1. merr. This food is bitter.

had l-makla merra. 2. \$£ib pl. \$£ab.

He's had some bitter experiences.

dazet £lih ši-tažarib \$£iba.

**It was bitter cold. l-hal kan bared bezzaf. --They fought to the bitter end. harbu hetta le-t-tali. --They're bitter enemies. huma Eedyan bhal l-qett u-l-far.

black - khel pl. kuhel.

**He has a black eye. Eeynu mneffxa.

blackboard - sebbura pl. -t. black-eyed pea - ful gnawa (coll.).

blacksmith - heddad pl. -a.

bladder - nbula pl. -t.
blade - nesla pl. -t, nsalı. I need
a knife with two blades. xessni
mus Eendu žuž de-n-neslat.

blame - lum.

to blame - lam ilum. He blamed us for the accident. lamna Eel le-ksida.

le-ksida.
 **Who's to blame for this? \$kun
lli fih l-lum Ela had š-\$1?

blank - 1. werqa pl. wraq. Would you help me fill out this blank? was imken-lek tEawenni bas nEemmer had l-werqa? 2. mahell xawi pl. mahellat xawyın. Fill in all the blanks. Eemmer l-mahellat l-xawyın kollhom. 3. xawi. There's only a blank sheet of paper in the envelope. le-gsa ma-kayna fiha gir werqa xawya şafı. --My mind is blank. Eeqli xawi.

blanket - gta pl. -wat. Take another blanket and you won't be cold. xud gta axor u-ma-iderrek-š l-berd.

to blanket - getta. A thick fog blanketed the airport. wahed d-dbaba tqila gettat l-matar.

ast - tfergif. People heard the

blast - tfergi€. People heard the blast from a long way off. n-nas sem€u t-tfergi€ men b€id. full blast - Eel ž-žehd. The plant is going full blast. l-meEmel ka-itmešša Eel ž-žehd.

blaze - $\xi a f y a$.

blazing - harr. We had to stand for a half hour in the blazing sun. kan lazem Elina nwegfu ness sa&a f-šemš harra.

to bleach - biyyed.

to bleed - sal isil d-demm. My hand is bleeding. ka-isil d-demm men iddi.
--He nearly bled to death. demmu sal hetta qerreb imut.

blind - 1. Ema f. Eemya pl. Eum; bsir pl. bsar. He's been blind for a long time. Shal hadi u-huwa Ema.
2. derraga pl. -t, drareg. Shall I pull up the blinds? ntelleE d-derraga?

blind in one eye - Ewer pl. Eewrin, Eiwer.

to go blind - thesser, Ema yeEma. I hope he's not going blind. ka-ntleb llah ma-ikun-ši ġad-ithesser.

to blind - Ema yeEmi. The sun is blinding me. š-šemš ka-teEmini. blindman's buff - gommayda (not used

with art). to **blink -** rmeš.

blister - nebbala pl. -t, nbabel.
to block - hbes, qtee. They blocked
the road. hebsu t-triq.

blond - zeer pl. zueer.

blood - demm.

blood pressure - degt d-demm.

bloom - nuwwara pl. -t coll. nuwwar.

in bloom - mnuwwer.

to bloom - number.

blot - tebéa pl. -t. The page is full of blots. l-werga & amra b-tebéat.

to blot - neššef. Blot your signature before you fold the letter. neššef xeţt yeddek qbel-ma ţţwi le-bra.

to blot out - derreq. The trees blot out the view. s-sžer ka-iderreq l-mender.

to blot up - neššef. Take a blotter and blot up the ink. xud neššafa u-neššef le-mdad.

blotter - neššafa pl. -t.

blouse - bluza pl. -t, blayez.

blow - degga pl. -t, derba pl. -t. He killed him with a single blow. getlu b-derba wehda.

to blow - sat isut. A strong wind is blowing. wahed r-rih kbir ka-isut.

to blow away - ddah iddih r-rih. The wind blew the paper away. l-werga ddaha r-rih.

to blow out - 1. dfa idfi.

Blow out the candle. dfi š-šma£a. 2. tferge£. The tire blew out. le-bnu tferge£.

to blow up - 1. neffex. Blow up this balloon. neffex had n-neffaxa.

2. ferge \(\xi\). The enemy has blown up all the bridges. le-\(\xi\) du ferge \(\xi\). Le-qnater kollhom.

3. tferge \(\xi\). The ship blew up. l-baxira tferg \(\xi\) et c blow the horn - zuwweg. We blew the horn three times. zuwwegna tlata de-l-merrat.

blowtorch - kuwwaya pl. -t.

blue - zreq pl. zureq. blunder - gelta pl. -t.

blunt - hafi. This knife is too blunt.
had l-mus hafi bezzaf.

to blush - hmar.

board - luha pl. -t, lwah coll. luh.
We need some large boards. xessna ši-lwah kbar.

to board - rkeb f-. We boarded the train in Tangier. rkebna fe-l-mašina f-ţanža.

boarder - daxili. He's a boarder at this school. huwa daxili f-had l-medrasa.

to boast - ftaxer.

boat - 1. fluka pl. -t, flayek (small,
rowing or sail). 2. bab(b)ur pl.
-at (large, steam).

body - 1. dat, žasad. He has a large body. datu kbira. 2. žetta pl. -t. They took the body to the cemetary. ddaw ž-žetta le-r-ruda.

**They left the room in a body.

xeržu men l-bit fe-žma£a.

boil - nefţa pl. -t, nfați. He had a boil on his neck. kanet εendu nefţa f-εengu.

to hoil - 1. tab itib; gla igli.
The water is boiling. l-ma ka-itib.
2. tiyyeb, gella. Boil this water'
tiyyeb had l-ma. 3. sleq. Please
boil the egg two minutes. sleq
l-bida žuž de-d-dqiqat Eafak.

boiler - berma pl. -t, brem. The boiler exploded. l-berma tfergeet.

bold - zaeem.

bolt - 1. bulun pl. -at. This bolt

won't go into the nut. had l-bulun

ma-bga-s idxol fe-r-ras. 2. hezma

pl. -t, hzami. There are ten meters

of material left in this bolt.

baqyin eesra mitru de-l-kettan f-had

l-hezma. 3. zekrum pl. zkarem.

Did you push the bolt shut? was

šedditt z-zekrum?

to bolt - zekrem. You forgot to bolt the garage door. nsiti ma-zekremti-s bab l-garaž.
bomb - bumba pl. -t, qenbula pl.

ganabil.

bond - bun pl. bwan. He bought government bonds with his money. šra bwan men l-hukuma b-le-flus dvalu.

**There's a firm bond between the two friends. kayna sohba kbira binathom b-zuz.

bone - Edem pl. Edam, Eduma. Give the dog a bone. Eti Edem l-l-kelb.

--He's nothing but skin and bones.

huwa želdu Ela Edama.

**He made no bones about his intentions. ma-xzen-š lli f-niytu.
—I have a bone to pick with you.
Eendi ši-hsiyyba m£ak.
—I have a bone to pick with you.
Eendi ši-hsiyyba m£ak.

book - ktab pl. ktub.

bookkeeper - hsaybi pl. -ya.

booklet = ktiyyeb pl. ktiyybat.
boom = 1. deqq. You could hear the

boom - 1. deqq. You could hear the boom of the cannon. kan imken-lek tesmee d-deqq d-le-mdafee. 2. weqt r-rwaž. He made all his money in the boom. rbeh flusu kollhom f-weqt r-rwaž.

**He has a booming voice. Eendu sut Eali. --Our business is booming now. l-biE u-š-šra dyalna fih r-rbeh bezzaf daba.

to **boost** - telle. The drought has boosted the prices of corn. qellet s-sta tellet t-taman de-d-dra.

boots - sebbat tale E.
border - 1. hdada. When do we cross
the border? weqt-as gadi nqet Eu
le-hdada? 2. hasya pl. -t, hwasi.
The border of this rug is a little
frayed. l-hasya d-had z-zerbiya

melhusa šwiya.

**Morocco is bordered on the east
by Algeria. l-žaza?ir mžawra
l-meģrib fe-ž-žiha š-šerqiya. --That
borders on the ridiculous. had
š-ši Elayen wşel l-le-bsala.

to bore - 1. hfer. We'll have to bore a hole through the wall. lasemna nhefru teqba fe-l-hit.

2. qennet. His talking bored me. qennetni be-klamu.

to be **born** -.xlaq, dzad. Where were you born? fayn xlaqiti? --She was born blind. xlaqet bsira.

to borrow - tsellef, sellef. She borrowed the book from him. tsellfet le-ktab men Eendu.

boss - meellem. Do you know my boss?

waš ka-teeref le-meellem dyali?

**Who wouldn't want to be his own
boss? škun lli kreh ikun d-rasu?

to boss - thekkem. Who gave him

the right to boss me around? škun lli Etah l-hegg baš ithekkem fiya? both - b-žuž. Both brothers are in the navy. l-xut b-žuž fe-l-behriya. --We both visited him. hna b-žuž zernah. -- I like to do them both equally well. and nebgi neEmelhom b-žuž mlih.

botber - 1. bas. It's no bother at all. ma-fiha hetta bas. 2. basel. He's a bother. huwa basel.

**Don't go to any bother on my account. ma-tkellef-& nefsek Ela hsabi.

to bother - 1. bessel Ela, ședdeE. Don't bother me! ma-tbessel-š Eliya! 2. diyyeq ξla . Does the smoke bother you? waš d-dexxan ka-idiyyeq Elik?

**What's bothering you? as Eendek? -- I can't bother with that. ma-baği-š ndiyyeE weqti mEa had šsi.

bottle - $qer \in a$ pl. -t, $qra \in i$, rdumapl. rdayem.

bottom - 1. que pl. qiEan. He found it in the bottom of the box. f-qa ξ s-senduq. 2. teht. They searched the house from top to bottom. fettšu d-dar men l-fuq l-lteht.

**We have to get to the bottom of this affair. xessna nbehtu f-sabab had l-qadiya. --We've reached bottom! wselna l-lli gal žha.

to bounce - 1. dreb mea. This ball doesn't bounce. had l-kura ma-kaddreb-š mEa !-!erd. 2. neggez. The little boy bounced in the chair. neggez le-wliyyed Eel š-šelya.

bound - 1. mwežžeh. This boat is bound for Morocco. had l-babur msafer /l-l-megrib. 2. mektab. It's bound to happen. mektaba tewqeE. 3. hedd pl. hdud. His pride knows no bounds. t-takebbur dyalu ma-Eendu hedd.

to bound - hedd. Algeria is bounded on the East by Tunisia. l-žaza?ır haddaha tunes fe-ž-žiha š-šergiya.

boundary - hedd pl. hdud.

bouquet - mešmum pl. mšamem.

bow - 1. qeddam. I like to stand at the bow of the ship. ka-nebģi newqef fe-l-qeddam de-l-babur. 2. thendiga (as before a king).

to bow - 1. bendeq. He bowed and left the stage. bendeq u-xrež men l-mesreh 2. Emel xater. He bowed to his father's wishes. Emel xater bbah.

bow - 1. qews pl. qwas. Boys like to play with bows and arrows. le-wlad

ka-ibġiw ile€bu be-l-qew\$ u-n-nbel. 2. $\varepsilon eqda$ pl. -t, εqad . She had a pretty bow in her hair. kanet Eendha Eeqda zwina fe-SEerha. bowl - žebbaniya pl. -t, žbaben.

bowlegged - režlih mqewwsin. We're all bowlegged. hna kollna režlina mqewwsin.

box - sendug pl. snadeg. to box - lakem, (sport).

boxer - mlakem.

boxing - mulakama.

box office - taga pl. -t, tyeq.

boy - weld pl. wlad. brace - $\check{z}bira$ pl. -t. He's still wearing a brace on his left leg. ma-zala režlu l-işra fe-ž-žbira.

to brace oneself - ttekka. They both braced themselves against the door, huma b-žuž ttekkaw Eel l-bab. bracelet - demliž pl. dmalež, debliž pl. dbalež.

to brag - fšer, fah ifuh.

braid - tedfira.

to braid - deffer.

brain - moxx pl. mxax, mxuxa; dmag pl. -at. This brain tastes good. had l-moxx fih madag mezyan.

**He hasn't a brain in his head. huwa mfelles.

brains - Eqel. She hasn't got much brains. ma-Eendha Egel bezzaf.

to rack one's brains - herres rasu. Don't rack your brains over that. ma-therres-s rasek Ela had š-ši.

to brain someone - herres r-ras 1-. If you do that again I'll brain you. ila Eawed Emeltiha rani nherres-lek rasek.

brake - hessar pl. hsaser, fran pl. The brake doesn't work. hessar ma-xeddam-š.

to put on the brakes - brek Eel l-hessar.

branch - 1. Eers pl. Erus. The wind broke off several branches. r-rih herres Eadad d-le-Erus. 2. ferE pl. furut. Our firm has a branch in Casablanca. š-šarika dyalna Eendha fer€ fe-d-dar l-bida.

to branch off - ttefreq. road branches off here. t-triq ka-ittefreg hna.

brand - $nu\mathcal{E}$ pl. $nwa\mathcal{E}$, marka pl. -t. What brand do you smoke? aš-men marka ka-tekmi?

to brand - ršem. He was branded as a traitor. huwa rešmuh xa?in. --Have the new horses been branded? waš rešmu l-xil ž-ždad?

brand-new - yallah ždid pl. yallah

ždad.

brandy - ma-hya.

brass - nhas sfer.

brawl - mdabza, mdarba, mšabka.

brave - šž $i \in pl$. šž $a \in .$

bread - xobz.

**How does he earn his bread? kıf ka-ışuwwer meşrufu?

loaf of bread - xobza pl. -t,

kesra de-l-xobz pl. kesrat de-l-xobz.breadtb - Eord.

break - ingitaE. A break between the two countries can no longer be la-bodda yewqeE ingitaE bin avoided. l-beldan b-žuž.

**Let's give him a break' nrexfu Elih!

bad, tough break - mehna pl. mhayen. He's had a lot of tough breaks. huwa dazu Elih le-mhayen.

**That's a tough break! ya latif! to break - 1. herres. I broke his leg. herrest-lu režlu. --Who broke the dish? škun lli herres t-tebsil? 2. rže£ Ela. He won't break his word. ma-gad-iržeE-š Ela klamu. 3. qteE. She broke her engagement with him. geteet le-mlak mEah. 4. getteE. He broke the string. qette& l-qennba. 5. ttegtee. The string broke. gennba ttgetEet. 6. tEedda. He has broken the law. tEedda l-ganun. 7. belleg. We'll have to break the news to him gently. xessna nbellģulu le-xbar b-siyasa.

to break down - 1. txesser. machine broke down this morning. makina txeşşret l-yum fe-ş-sbah. 2. rzem. He broke down when he heard the news. rzem melli sme& le-xbar.

to break in - 1. derreb. have to break in a new man. nderreb ražel ždid. 2. dxel. Thieves broke into our neighbor's house yesterday. l-bareh l-xuwwana dexlu le-d-dar dyal žarna.

to break off - 1. $qte\xi$. have broken off relations. qetEu l-muEalagat. 2. therres. Then the branch broke off. u-men be $\mathcal{E}d$ l-Eerš therres.

to break out - 1. hreb. He broke out of prison. hreb men l-hebs. 2. šeel. The fire broke out toward midnight. l-Eafya šeElet fe-žwayeh ness l-lil.

to break up - 1. ferreq. meeting was broken up by the police. š-šorta ferrqet l-mežmeE. 2. therres. The ice will break up soon. jadi

t-telž itherres men be $\mathcal{E}d$ ši-šwiya. 3. tferreq. Break it up' tferrqu! or siru f-halkom! f-halkom!

to break someone of something ateE Ela. I'll break him of that. ġad-negte€ha Elih.

breakfast - ftur pl. -at.

to breakfast, bave breakfast fter.

breast - bezzula pl. bzazel.

breath - nefs.

out of breath - sexfan.

to catch one's breath - tneffes. I have to catch my breath first. xessnı ntneffes beEda.

**Don't breathe a word of this to anyone. xelli hada bini n-binek.

breeze - rih xfif, gerbi. bribe - rešwa pl. -t.

to bribe - rša irši.

brick - yažura pl. -t coll. yažur.

bricklayer - bennay pl. -a.

bride - Erusa pl. -t, Erayes, Eraysat.

bridge - qentra pl. -t, qnater. bridle - lžam pl. -at.

That was a very brief brief - qsir. had t-tegrir kan qşir report. bezzaf.

in brief - bla-ma ituwwel. brief, this is our plan. bla-ma ntuwwlu, hada huwa l-bernamež dyalna.

to be brief - qesser. Please be brief. Eafak gesser.

bright - 1. naseh. I like a bright fire. ana ka-nebgi l-Eafya nasha. --She likes to wear bright colors. hiya ka-tebği telbes l-lwan naşhın. 2. daki. He's a bright boy. weld dakı. 3. Eažib. That's a bright idea' fikra Eažiba hadik!

**She's always bright and cheerful. hiya dima xfifa u-ferhana. ---We have to start out bright and early. lazemna nebdaw fe-s-sbah bekri.

brilliant - 1. lame€. You can tell his paintings by the brilliant colors. imken-lek teEref tsawru be-lwanhom l-lam€in. 2. mumtaz. He's a brilliant speaker. xatib mumtaz.

**He's the most brilliant man I know. huwa ?adka razel ka-neEref. brim - fomm pl. fwam, fmam. The glass is filled to the brim. l-kas Eamer hetta l-l-fomm.

to bring - žab ižīb. Bring the children along. žib d-drari meak.

to bring back - režže£.

to bring down - hebbet, nezzel. Did you bring down the big box? was hebbetti s-sendug le-kbir?

to bring in - 1. rbeh. We brought in fifty thousand francs with that sale. rbehna xemsin alef frenk f-dik l-bi \in a. 2. hedder. The lawyer brought in a new piece of evidence. l-muḥami ḥedder hužža 3. dexxel. Did you bring ždida. in all the suitcases? was dexxelti š-šwanet kollhom?

to bring out - 1. xerrež. They are bringing out a new edition of my book. ģa-ixerržu ţeb£a ždida dyal ktabi. 2. fesser. He brought out his point convincingly to them. fesser-thom l-fikra dyalu b- $igna \mathcal{E}$.

to bring someone to - fiyyeq. Cold water will bring him to. l-bared ifiyyqu.

to bring up - 1. rebba. She was brought up by her aunt. hiya rebbatha xaltha. 2. geddem. bring it up at the next meeting. ģa-nqeddemha f-le-žtima€ ž-žay. British - britani.

broad - waseE.

**It happened in broad daylight. weqEet f-west n-nhar.

broadcast - ida€a pl. -t.

to broadcast - 1. nšer ida£a. They'll broadcast directly from London. jadi inešru ida£a gasda men London. 2. diyyeE. If you tell her, she'll broadcast it all over the neighborhood. ila qoltiha-lha, raha ddiyyeEha fe-l-huma kollha.

broke - hazeq. I'm broke again. ana hazeg tani.

to go broke - bqa ibqa bla flus. bronze - nhas hmer.

broom - šettaba pl. -t, štateb.

brother - ax pl. xut. My brother xay, xuya; xa- or xu- before the other pronoun endings.

brow - žebha pl. -t, žbeh.

brown - smer pl. sumer, qehwi.

to brown - hemmer. Brown the potatoes first. hemmer le-btata be€da.

bruise - tegsiha pl. -t.

to bruise - gesseh.

brunette - semra pl. -t.

brush - šita pl. -t, šyet.

to brusb - šiyyet. brutal - gaseh, wehši.

bubble - buwwaga pl. bwaweg.

bucket - stel pl. stula (metaI); qobb pl. qbab (wood). dlu pl. delwan, dlawi (leather).

buckle - bzim pl. bzayem.

to buckle - hzem. I can't buckle the strap. ma-imkenli-š nehzem

s-semta.

bud - $zerri \in a$ pl. -t. The frost killed all the buds. t-telž kerrem z-zerri&a kollha.

The uprising was nipped in the bud. l-fetna tthesret f-le-bdu dyalu. budget - mizaniya pl. -t. **bug - bexxuša pl. -t coll. bexxuš.

to build - bna ibni.

building - bni pl. bina?at.

bulb - bula pl. -t. This bulb is burned out. had l-bula ttherget.

Bulgaria - bulgarya.

bulk - ktir. The bulk of my salary goes for food and rent. ka-nesref le-ktir f-l-ožra dyali fe-l-makla u-le-kra.

bullet - gertasa pl. -t, grațeș; rșașa pl. -t coll. rsas.

bump - 1. berguga pl. -t. Where did you get that bump on your head? mnin žatek hadik l-berguga Ela rasek? 2. tqelqiza pl. -t. The car went over a bump. t-tumubil dazet Ela tgelgiza.

to bump into - 1. tlaga. Guess who I bumped into yesterday. ila Erefti škun lli tlagit l-bareh. 2. Eter f-. He bumped into the chair in the dark. Eter fe- š-šelya fe-d-dlam.

bumpy - mgelgez. We drove for an hour over a bumpy road. segna sa£a f-wahed t-trig magelaez.

bunch - rebta pl. -t. Let me have a bunch of radishes please. Etini rebța d-le-fžel Eafak.

bundle - hezma pl. -t, hzami; rezma pl. -t.

burden - 1. hemm pl. hmum, humum. I don't want to be a burden to you. ana ma-bagi nzid Ela hemmek.

2. hmel pl. hmal. That's too heavy a burden for your donkey. le-hmel tgil bezzaf Eel le-hmar dvalek.

bureau - 1. maryu pl. -wat. The bottom drawer of the bureau is stuck. le-mžerr t-tehtani de-l-maryu hasel. ?idara (office, department).

burglar - serraq pl. -a.

burglary - xewna pl. -t.

burial - dfin, dfana, gnaza pl. gnayez. burn - herga pl. -t. This is a serious burn! herga waEra hadi!

to burn - 1. šeel. This wood burns well. had l-Eud ka-išEel mezyan.

2. hreq. They burned their old papers. herqu wraghom le-qdam.

3. ttehreq. The building has burned (down). le-bni tteḥṛeq (kollu). --The lightbulb is burned out.

l-bula ttherget. --His books burned

up in the fire. le-ktub dyalu ttherqu $fe-l-\xi afya$.

**The rice tastes burnt. tibt
le-hraq fe-r-rus. -He's burned up
because he can't come along. tayer-lu
bessaf Ela heqq-aš ma-imken-lu-š iži
m£ana.

to burst - 1. tfergee. The water pipe burst. z-zeeba de-l-ma tfergeet.

--He burst into laughter. tfergee be-d-dehk. --She burst into tears. tfergeet b-le-bka. 2. therres.

Last year the dam burst. s-sedd therres l-eam lli fat.

to bury - 1. dfen. She was buried yesterday. defnuha l-bareh.
2. ġeṭṭa. My passport was buried under the other papers. kan ž-žawaz dyali mġeṭṭi teḥt le-wṛaq le-xṛin.

bus - tubis pl. -at.

bush - šžira pl. -t.
business - 1. tižara, bić u-šra. They
do a lot of business. ka-idiru
l-bić u-š-šra bezzaf. 2. qadiya.
Let's settle this business right now.
yallah nfeddiw had l-qadiya daba.
3. suq. Don't meddle in other
people's business. ma-ddxol-š f-suq
girek. --Mind your own business!
dxol. f-suq rasek. --That's none of
your business. hada ma-ši suqek.
4. šgol. He knows his business.
ka-yecref šoglu. 5. herfa pl. -t,
hrayef (profession). What business
is he in? aš-en hiya hfeftu?

**You have no business around here. ma-Eendek ma teEmel hnaya.
--Business comes before pleasure.
l-xedma qbel le-mlaga.

businessman - biyya£ u-šerray pl. biyya£a u-šerraya.

busy - mešgul. I'm busy and I don't have time to read the newspaper. and mešgul u-ma-fendi weqt baš neqra l-žarida. --The line's busy xett t-tilifun mešgul.

**They live on a busy street. ka-iseknu f-zenqa fiha l-maši u-l-maža.

but - 1. walakin, be-l-heqq. We can go with you but we'll have to come back early. nqedru nemšiw meak walakin xessna nrežeu bekri. --But you know that I can't go. be-l-heqq ka-teeref ma-imken-li-š nemši.

2. ġir, illa. Nobody was there but me. hetta wahed ma-kan temma illa ana. --All but one were saved. nežžawhom kollhom ġir waḥed.

all but - Elayen. He got very upset and all but wrecked the machine. tqelleq bezzaf u-Elayen iherres l-makina.

nothing but - gir. Nothing but lies! gir le-kdub.

butcher - gezzar pl. -a.

butt - 1. qebda pl. -a, qbadi. Take the pistol by the butt. Sebber l-ferdi men l-qebda. 2. denba pl. dnabi. The ash tray is full of butts. d-deffaya Eamra be-dnabi.

to butt - nteh. The goat kept butting his head against the wall. l-Eetrus baa inteh rasu fe- l-hit.

to butt in - dexxel rasu f.

That's none of your business, so don't butt in. hada ma-ši suqek, ma-ddexxel-š rašek fih.

butter - zebda (freshly made), smen. butterfly - bu-fertitu pl. -yat. button - sedfa pl. -t; sdafa pl. -t.

She sewed the button on for me. xeyytet-li s-sedfa. --You have to press the button. xessek twerrek Eel s-sedfa.

buttonbole - Eeyn s-sdafa.

buttonbole - Eeyn s-sdafa.
buy - šerya pl. -t. That's a good
buy. hadik šerya mezyana.
to buy - šra išri.

buzz - dzenzin.

to buzz - zenzen, tenten. by - 1. l-. The house stands close by the river. d-dar qriba l-l-wad. 2. b-. The store was closed by order of the police. l-hanut ttšeddat b-?amer men š-šorta. --Little by little he pushed his way out of the crowd. šwiya be-šwiya xerrež raşu men l-gaši. -- They make this by machine. ka-işenEu had š-ši be-l-makina. --They sell apples by the kilo. ka-ibiEu t-teffah be-l-kilu. --One by one they left the room. wahed b-wahed xeržu men l-bit. 3. f-. I'll send it to you by mail. gad nsifetha-lek fe-l-barid. --We came by car. žina fe-t-tumubil. 4. qbel. He'll be back by five o'clock. gadi irže E qbel l-xemsa.

C

cab - taksi pl. -yat. cabbage - kromba pl. -t, coll. kromb. cabin - 1. berraka pl. -t, brarek. We have a cabin in the mountains. Eendna berraka fe-ž-≥bel. 2. qamra pl. -t. This steamer has a lot of cabins. had l-babbur fih bezzaf de-l-qamrat. cabinet - 1. xzana pl. -t, xzayen. keep our good dishes in a small cabinet. ka-nxebbEu tbaselna l-mezyanin fe-xzana şģira. 2. mežlis The cabinet met yesterday l-wugara. with the king. l-bareh ddžme€ mežlis l-wusara m£a l-malik. cabinetmaker - nežžar pl. -a. cable - 1. selk pl. sluk, slukat. they install the cable within ten days? waš imken-lhom irekkbu s-selk f- ε ešr iyyam? 2. tiligram pl. -at. I want to send a cable to Casablanca. ana bagi nsifet tiligram le-d-dar l-bida. cadet - telmid herbi pl. tlamed herbiyin. cafe - qehwa pl. qhawi. cage - qfez pl. qfuza, qfaz. Cairo - l-gahira. cake - helwa pl. -t, hlawi. cake of soap - sabuna pl. -t. to calculate - hseb, telles. It was difficult to calculate the cost. kan séib itelle t-taman. calendar - 1. yumiya pl. -t. 1 need a good calendar. xessni ši-yumiya mezyana. 2. bernamež pl. baramiž. What events are on the calendar this month? aš men našat kayen fe-l-bernamež had š-šher? calf - 1. Ežel pl. Ežul, Ežula. Cows and calves were grazing in the field. begrat u-Ežul kanu ka-irEaw $fe-l-mer \in a$. 2. Eanan. This satchel is made of calf. had š-škara mesnuEa men l-Eanan. sag pl. sigan. The bullet struck him in the calf. derbatu r-rsasa fe-s-sag. call - ε eyta pl. -t. How much did the call to Tangier come to? be-šhal tahet l-Eeyta l-tanža? to call - 1. Eeyyet Ela. I called Eeyyett him but he didn't hear me. Elih be-l-hegg ma-sme€ni-š. --Shall I call a cab? was neeyyet Ela taksi?

-- Call a doctor! Eeyyet Ela tbib!

-- Ill call for you (make the call for you) now, sir. daba nEeyyet-lek a sidi. 2. semma. What do you call this thing in Arabic? had š-ši š-ka-tsemmiweh be-l-Eerbtya? -- Let's call him Ali. aži nsemmiweh Eli.

to call attention to - nebbeh Ela. I called his attention to it. nebbehtu Eliha.

to call for -1. ža iži mura. Will you call for me at the hotel? was dži muraya l-l-util? 2. staheq. This calls for a party. hadi tstaheq hefla.

to call in - žab ižib. We had to call in a specialist. tlessemna nžibu xtişaşi.

to call off - lġa ilġi. They called off the program because of the rain. lġaw l-bernamež Ela qibal š-šta.

to call on - ža iži išuf or mša imši išuf. We'll call on you next Sunday. ġad nžiw nšufuk l-hedd ž-žay.

to call (out) - 1. Eeyyet Ela. Has my name been called out? was Eeyytu Ela smiyti? 2. Elem b-. The conductor calls out all the stops. l-muraqib ka-yeElem be-l-mahettat kollha.

to call together - žme£. He called us all together. žme£na kollna.

to call (up) - dreb t-tilifun l-.

I'll call you up tomorrow. and
ndreb-lek t-tilifun gedda.

calw - hani pl. hanyin.

to be calm, to become calm -

to calm - 1. hedden. We tried to calm the frightened animals. hawelna nheddnu le-bhayem lli ttfezeu. --Try to calm him down. hawel theddnu. --Calm yourself' hedden rasek!

2. thedden, thenna. It took her some time to calm down. kan xessha ši-wqiyyet baš tthedden. 3. hda ihda. The wind has calmed down. l-berd hda.

camel - žmel pl. žmal (m.), naga pl. -t, nyag (f.).

camera = sumwara pl. -t.
camp = mhetta pl. -t. What camp did
you get your training in? f-as men

mhețța dderrebti?

to camp - xeyyem. We camped in the woods. xeyyemna fe-l-gaba. campaign - hemla Eeskariya pl. hemlat Eeskariyin.

camphor - kafur.
can - hokk pl. hkak.

to can - requed. Every summer my mother cans vegetables. koll sif mmi ka-trequed l-xedra.

can (to be able). 1. qder. Can we get there on time? was ngedru nweslu fe-l-weqt? 2. imken l-.
You can't go swimming in the lake. ma-imken-lek-s temsi teum fe-d-daya.

--Can I see the director? was imken-li nsuf l-mudir? --He could have come. kan imken-lu iži.

**He did everything he could. Emel mežhudu kollu.

canary - kalanyu pl. -wat, kalanya

pl. -t, kanar pl. -at. to cancel - 1. hdef. This order has been canceled. hedfu had t-talab. -- They canceled the meeting. hedfu le-žtima£. 2. tleg. I'd like to cancel my room reservation. ana baği ntleq l-bit lli wessit Elih. 3. $qte\xi$, heer. I'd like to cancel my newspaper subscription. baği neqteE le-štirak dyali fe-l-žarida. 4. tbeE. These postage stamps are canceled. had t-tnaber metbuEin. 5. smeh f-. He canceled the rest of the debt I owed him. f-baqiyt d-din lli ka-isalni. 6. bettel. I had to cancel my appointment with the doctor, kan lazemni nbettel miEadi mEa t-tbib.

cancer - saratan.

candle - $\sharp ma \in a$ pl. -t.

candidate - mreššeh pl. mreššhin. candlestick - heska pl. -t, hsaki. candy - fanida pl. -t, coll. fanid. cane - 1. Eekkaz pl. Ekakez, Esa pl.

Esi. He hit me with a cane. drebni b-waheb le-Esa. 2. qesba pl. -t, coll. qseb. Do they grow much sugar cane in Morocco? waš ka-igersu sokkar d-le-qseb bezzaf fe-l-megrib?

cannon – $medfe \in pl$. $mdafe \in can$ opener – sarut le-hkak pl. swaret

le-hkak.

cantaloupe - bettixa pl. -t, coll.

bettix.

canvas - kiriya.

cap - 1. gurra pl. -t. He's wearing a cap. labes gurra. 2. gta pl. -wat. I've lost the cap to my fountain pen. da£et-li le-gta dyal s-stilu dyali.
3. gettaya pl. -t. Put the cap back

on the bottle. režžeć l-ģettaya ćel l-gerća. 4. ģlaf pl. ģlayef. That tooth needs a cap. dak s-senna xeşsha ģlaf.

capable - hadeq, hadeg. She is a very capable woman. hiya mra hadga.

capacity - 1. sifa. I'm here in the capacity of a guardian. ana hnaya b-sifti wasi. 2. wadifa. What's his capacity, what does he do? aš-en hiya wadiftu w-aš ka-ye£mel?

**The tank has a capacity of one hundred liters. had t-tarru ka-irfed

myat litra.

capital - 1. Easima pl. -t. Have you ever been in the capital? was Eemmrek konti fe-l-Easima? 2. ras-l-mal. How much capital do you need to start your business? Shal xessek d-ras-l-mal bas tebda l-haraka dyalek? -His capital is invested abroad. ras-malu mrewwzu fe-l-xariz.

capitalist - ras-mali pl. -yin. capital punishment - rangle i $\in dam$.

captain - ra?is pl. ru?aşa. Who's the captain of the team? *škun huwa ra?is* l-ferga?

captive - meqbut pl. -in.

to capture - Sebber, qbet. They captured a general and his entire staff. Sebbru žiniral u-shabu kollhom.

**The town was captured without a shot. tahet le-mdina bla meerka.

car - 1. siyara pl. -t, tumubil pl. -at. Would you like to ride in my new car? was tebgi terkeb fe-s-siyara ž-ždida dyali? 2. fagu pl. -wat. How many cars are there in this train? shal de-l-faguwat kaynin f-had l-qitar? kaynin f-had l-qitar?

caraway - kerwiya.

card - 1. karta pl. -t, kwaret. They played cards all night. leebu karta l-lil kollu. --Here's my card, come see me when you need me. ha l-karta dyali, aži tšufni weqt-ma bģitini.

2. teswira pl. -t, tsawer. Did you get my card? waš weslatek t-teswira dyali?

**He's quite a card. huwa ražel

cardboard - kartun.

dehhuki.

care - the lya. She took good care of him. the llat fih wahed t-the lya mezyana.

**May I leave my things in your care? imken-li nxelli hwayži Eendek? --Send me the letter in care of Allal Al-Mlih. sifet-li lebra Eend Eellal le-mlih

to take care of - 1. hda yehdi, thella ithella f-. Don't worry,

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I'll take care of your children.
  ma-txaf-š, ana gad-nthella fe-wladek.
  -- Take care of my money for me.
  hdi-li flusi. You'll have to take
  better care of yourself. xessek
  tthella f-rașek šwiya. 2. fedda
  ifeddi. I still have a few things to
  take care of. baqi-li ši-šwiya
  d-le-hwayež nfeddihom.
    to care - bġa ibġi.
                         I don't care
  to go to the movies. ana ma-baġi-š
  nemši le-s-sinima.
     **For all I care you can go. ma-
  fiha bas, imken-lek temši.
  don't care anything about that.
  dak š-ši ma-ka-ihemmni-š.
                            --I don't
  care what he thinks. ana
  ma-ihemmni-š aš xemmem huwa. --What
  do I care! ma-šekmani-š!
carefully - 1. be-s-syasa.
                            They lifted
  the stretcher carefully.
                            hezzu
  l-mehmel be-s-syasa. 2. be-l-qaEida.
  Check the figures carefully. raže£
  le-hsab be-l-qa€ida.
careless - (lli) ma-ka-ihawel-š Ela.
  He's careless with his money.
  ma-ka-ihawel-š Ela flusu.
cargo - wesq.
carnation - groufla pl. -t, coll.
  gronfel.
carpenter - nežžar pl. -a.
carpet - zerbiya pl. -t, zrabi.
  to carpet - ferreš be-z-zrabi.
carrot - xizzuya pl-t, coll. xizzu
  (no def. art.).
to carry - 1. hezz, hmel. He'll car-
  ry your bags for you. huwa gadi
  ihezz-lkom \S-\Swanet. 2. ba\xi ib i\xi.
  Do they carry socks in this shop?
  waš ka-ibiEu t-tqašer f-had l-hanut?
     to carry away - 1. heyyed. They
  carried away my chair. heyydu š-
  šelya dyali. 2. žleb. The crowd
  was carried away by his speech.
  l-xetba dyalu žleb n-nas.
    to carry out - tebbeq. We'll try
  to carry out your plans. nhawlu
  ntebbqu l-baramiž dyalkom.
cart - kerrusa pl. krares.
cartridge - gertasa pl. -t, grates,
  coll. qertas.
 to carve - 1. ngeš. They carved these
   figures out of wood. negšu had s-
  surat men l-Eud. --He carved his
  name on the tree. nqeš smiytu Eel
  š-šežra. 2. getteE. Who's going to
  carve the meat? škun ģa-iqetteE
   l-lhem?
 carving knife - ženwi pl. žnawi,
   žnawa.
 Casablanca - d-dar l-bida.
     native of Casablanca - bidawi adj.
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pl. -yın, n. pl. bıdawa.
case - 1. sendug pl. snadeg. Leave
  the bottles in the case. xelli le-
  gra£ı fe-s-senduq. 2. ģša pl. -wat.
  I need a case for my glasses.
  xessni gša le-n-ndader dyali.
  3. qadiya pl. -t. What did you do
  about the case of the trip? as derti
  f-qadiyt s-sfer? -- The judge re-
  fused to accept his case. l-gadi
  ma-bģa-š iqbel l-qadiya dyalu.
    in any case - Ela kolli hal.
  drop by for you in any case. Ela
  kolli hal nduz Elik.
    in case - ila. In case he's late,
  give him this letter. ila ža
  mEettel Etih had le-bra. -- In case
  of some illness notify my home.
  wqeE ši-marad Elem dari.
cash - flus. I don't have any cash
  with me. ma-hazz flus mEaya.
    to cash - serref. Can you cash
  this check for me? was imken-lek
  tserref-li had š-šik?
cashier - mul ş-şenduq pl. mwalin
  s-snadeq.
cast - 1. mumettilin (pl.). The new
  play has an excellent cast. r-rwaya
  ž-ždida Eendha mumettilin ha?ilin.
  2. gebs; žbira pl. -t, žbayer. How
  long will you be wearing the cast?
  shal gadi tebqa Eamel 1-gebs?
    **The die is cast. d-defla xeržet
  men l-fomm, ma-terže€-š.
Castile - geštala.
castle - qser pl. qsura.
castor oil - zit l-xerwaE.
cat - mešš, mošš pl. mšaš; qett pl.
  qtut.
catalogue - qayma pl. -t.
catastrophe - musiba pl. -t.
catch - 1. sagta pl. -t, swaget.
                                  The
  catch on the camera is broken.
  saqta de-s-summwra mherrsa.
  2. tesyida pl. -t. Ten fish is a
  good catch. Eešra de-l-hutat
  teşyida mezvana.
to catch - 1. šebber.
                       We caught a lot
  of fish. šebberna bezzaf de-l-hut.
  -- Here, catch this hak, šebber
  hadi! -- They caught him just before
  he could get over the border.
  šebbru šwiya qbel-ma iqte€ le-hdada.
  2. qbet, qbed. I have to catch the
  train at five o'clock. xessni
  negbet l-gitar fe-l-xemsa. --The.
  police caught the thief. š-šorta
  gebdet l-xuwwan. 3. hessel.
  police caught him. hesslettu
  š-šorta. 4. tšebber. My coat caught
  on a nail. tšebber-li kebbuti
 f-mesmar.
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to catch cold - derbu l-berd, trummeh. You'll catch cold. ġaiderbek l-berd, or gadi ttrummeh. to catch fire - gebdet fih l-Eafya, šeElet fih l-Eafya. The wood is so dry that it'll catch fire l-Eud našef bezzaf, tegbed easily. fih l-Eafya degya. to catch hold - šebber. Catch hold of the other end. Šebber men ž-žiha le-xra.to catch one's eye - xtef-lu Eeglu. The necktie in the window caught my eye. le-grabata lli fe-š-šeržem xetfet-li f-Eegli. to catch the measles - lessed fih bu-hemron. I caught the measles. lessed fiva bu-hemron. to catch up - fda ifdi l-wegt lli diyyeE. Try to catch up in your work. šuf waš tefdi l-wegt lli diyye€ti fe-l-xedma. to catch up with - lheq Ela. ahead, I'll catch up with you. sir qeddami, daba nelheq Elik. to be catching - Eada iEadi. Measles are catching. bu-hemron ka-iEadi. caterpillar - hessaka pl. -t. cattle - bger, bger (coll.). cauliflower - Siflur. cause - sabab pl. sbab; sebba pl. -t, sbayeb. What's the cause of the delay? \check{s} nu huwa s-sabab de-t-te \mathcal{E} tal? **What caused the accident? \$nu huwa sabab le-ksida? --He caused her a lot of grief. merretha. --His answer caused surprise. žwabu Eežžeb n-nas. caution - ihtiyat. Caution is needed with that dog. xessek taxod lihtiyat mEa dak l-kelb. cautious - (lli) ka-iredd balu. cave - gar pl. giran, hefra pl. -t, hfari. to cave in - tah itih. I'm afraid the house is going to cave in. ana xayef d-dar gadi ttih. cedar – lerz. ceiling - sqef pl. squfa. to celebrate - htafel b-. We're celebrating independence day tomorrow, gadi nehtaflu b-Eid l-istiqlal gedda. celehration - 1. Eid pl. Eyad (religious). 2. Eers or Eors, pl. Eras, Erasat (wedding). 3. hefla pl. -t, (party). celery - krafes. cell - bniqa pl. -t, bnayeq. Take the prisoner to his cell. ddi l-mesžun

le-bnigtu.

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cellar - dehlis pl. dhales.
cement - berşlana.
cemetary - ruda pl. -t.
censer - mbexra pl. t, mbaxer.
censor - muragib pl. -in.
  to censor - rageb.
censorship - muraqaba.
census - hsab de-s-sokkan.
cent - **He d cesn't have a cent.
  Eendu hetta gerš. -- I wouldn't give
  a cent for it. ma-ka-teswa-š
  rbaEiva.
center - 1. west. The table is stand-
  ing in the center of the room.
  mida meķtuta f-west l-bit. 2.
  2. merkez. Casablanca is a large
  commercial center. d-dar l-bida
  merkez tižari kbir.
    **She's the center of attention.
  ga e n-nas ka-itnabhu-lha.
century - gern pl. qurun.
certain - metyeggen. Are you certain?
  waš nta metyeggen?
certainly - 1. bla šekk. She's cer-
  tainly right. hiya Eendha l-heqq
  bla šekk. 2. meElum.
  certainly, just go on in me Elum,
  ģir dxol!
certificate - šahada, šhada pl. -t.
Ceuta - sebta.
  native of Ceuta - sebti adj. pl.
  -yin, n. pl. sbata, hel sebta.
chain - sensla pl. -t, snasel; selsla
  pl. -t, slasel.
    to chain - rbet b-sensla.
chair - šelya pl. -t, šli, šwali.
chalk - tabašir.
challenge - mnahda pl. -t.
   **I challenge anybody else to do
  it. lli kan slib iži yeEmelha.
chamber of commerce - l-gorfa t-
  tižariya.
champion - batal pl. abtal.
chance - forsa pl. -t. I had a chance
  to go to Egypt. ana žani l-forsa baš
  nemši l-maser.
    **Is there any chance of us catch-
  ing the train? was gad-imken-lna
  nšebbru l-qitar? -- Give me a chance!
  mehhel \mathcal{E}liya! --I met him by chance.
  tlaqitu sodfa.
chandelier - triya pl. -t.
change - 1. tebdil, tebdal.
                             This re-
  quires a change in our plans. xess
  tebdil fe-l-bernamež dyalna. --I'm
  for a change in the government. ana
  nfeddel tebdil fe-l-hukuma. 2. serf.
  Do you have any change?
                            waš Eendek
  serf?
    **You need a change. xessek
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theddel r-rih. -- For a change, I'd

like to go to the movies today.

nbeddel šwiya ana baği nemši le-s-sınima l-yum.

to change - 1. serref. Can you change a ten thousand franc bill for me? imken-lek tserref-li werga dyal & esr alaf frenk? 2. beddel. I want five minutes so I can change my clothes. bgit xemsa de-d-dqayeq bas nbeddel hwayži. --They changed all the tires on my car for me. beddluli le-bnuwat de-s-siyara dyali kollhom. 3. tbeddel. The weather is going to change. l-žuw gadi itbeddel. --I've changed my mind. tbeddel-li n-nadar.

channel - mežra pl. mžari. The two lakes are joined by a narrow channel. d-dayat b-žuž mlaqyin b-wahed l-mežra diyyeq.

chaos - terwin, terwina. chapter - fesl pl. fsul.

character - 1. tbiɛa. I've misjudged his character. ana ġlett fe-tbiɛtu.
2. šexṣ pl. ašxaṣ. How many characters are there in the play? šhal men šexṣ kayen fe-r-riwaya?

**That man is a familiar character here. dak r-ražel mečruf hnaya.
--He's quite a character! walayenni nu£ mennu.

characteristic - xususi. That attitude
is characteristic of her. hadik
l-hala xususiya liha.

charcoal - faxer.

charge - 1. Emara pl. -t, Emayer. The charge is big enough to kill us all. had le-Emara mžehda imken-lha teqtelna kollna. 2. xlas. There's no charge. ma-kayen xlas. 3. tehma pl. -t. What are the charges against this man? šnu huma t-tehmat dedd had r-ražel?

free of charge - bla flus, batel.
in charge - mkellef. Who's in
charge of this work? * *Skun lli
mkellef b-had l-xedma?*

to take charge - thellef. My son is taking charge of the new branch. weld: ġadi ithellef be-l-fer£ ž-ždid.

to charge - 1. hseb. You've charged me very little. ma-hsebti gir šwiya. --Charge it to my account. hsebha Eliya. 2. them. He was charged with theft. tehmuh be-l-xewna.

**You've charged me too much' gelliti Eliya bezzaf. --He gives all his money to charity. ka-iseddeq flusu kollhom.

charming - drif pl. draf, driyyef pl. driyyfin.

to chase - žra ižri Ela. chat - muhadata.

to chat - hder, theddet.

chatter - hdur.

to chatter - 1. hedhed. They chatter incessantly. ka-ihedhdu bla hbis. 2. qerqeb. My teeth are chattering. snani ka-iqerqbu. chaufeur - šifur pl. -at, siyyag pl.

cheap - 1. rxis pl. rxas. Fruit is very cheap here. l-gella rxisa bezzaf hna. 2. tayeh. She looked cheap in those clothes. banet tayha f-dak le-hwayež.

3. basel. That character played a cheap trick on me. dak xiyyna leeb Eliya leeba basla.

**That's cheap stuff. hadi ferya.
--His kindness made me feel cheap.
d-drafa dyalu heššmetni.

cheat - ġeššaš pl. -a. They all know he's a cheat. huma kollhom kai&erfu bin huwa ġeššaš.

to cheat - ġešš, šmet. That shop keeper cheated me out of all my money. dak mul l-hanut ġeššni f-flusi kollhom.

check - 1. \$ik pl. -at. I'll send you
a check tomorrow. daba nsifet-lek \$ik
gedda. 2. btaqa. Give your check
to the porter. Eti le-btaqa dyalek
l-l-hemmal.

to check - 1. xella ixelli. Check your hat and coat here. xelli š-šemrir u-l-kebbut dyalek hna.
2. ršem. Check the items you want. ršem le-hwayež lli bģiti. 3. qelleb. Please check the oil. qelleb z-zit £afak. 4. ražeć. Will you please check the bill once more? ražeć le-hsab merra xra llah ixellik.

to check off - dreb Ela. Did you check this merchandise off the list?

was drebti Ela had s-selEa men l-qayma?

checkers - dama. Let's play a game of

checkers. yallah nleEbu dama. cheek - xedd pl. xdud.

cheerful - ferhan pl. -in. cheese - 1. žben (indigenous).

2. frumaž (European).
chemist - kimawi pl. -yin.
cherry - hebb le-mluk (coll.).
chess - šentrež.

chest - sder pl. sdur, sdura. He has a broad chest. huwa Eendu sder Erid. 2. şenduq pl. şnadeq. Put the tools in the chest. hett d-duzan fe-s-senduq.

**That's a load off my chest.
hadik tneqqset men hemmi.
chestnut - qeştala pl. -t, coll.

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qestal.
to chew - mdeg.
chewing gum - meska.
chicken - džaža pl. -t, coll. džaž.
chicken pox - bu-šwika.
chick-pea - hemmuşa pl. -t coll.
  hemmus.
chief - ra?is pl. ru?asa.
child - derri pl. drari, tfel pl.
  tfal.
    **I've been used to it ever since
  I was a child. and movelle fha men
  sogri.
childhood - sgor, sger.
chill - berd, bruda, brudiya.
  got a chill. derrn: l-berd. --Sud-
  denly I felt a chill. ana degya
  hessit be-l-berd.
    to chill - 1. berred. Chill this
  beer for me please. berred-li had
  s-serbisa barak llahu fik.
chilly - bared. The weather's chilly.
  l-hal bared.
    **They gave us a chilly reception.
  steqbluna be-l-brudiya.
chimney - 1. mdexna pl. -t. They're
  repairing the chimney. ka-iselhu le-mdexna. 2. saža pl. -t. Where's
  the chimney for the lamp? fayn hiya
  z-zaža de-l-lamba?
chin - dgen pl. dguna.
    **Chin up! hess rasek!
China - 1. s-sin (country).
                              2. bdi€.
  Germany is famous for its beautiful
  china. almanya mešhura b-le-bdi£
  dyalha l-mezyan.
Chinese - sini.
chisel - mengaš pl. mnageš (stone);
  mengar pl. mnager (wood).
chocolate - šekļat.
choice - texyira. This is a good
  choice, texyira mezyana hadi.
choke - žiyyaf pl. -a (automobile).
    to choke - 1. žiyyef.
                            The little
  boy is choking the cat.
                            l-iššir
  ka-ižiyyef l-qett. 2. xneq.
  stovepipe was choked up. d-deffaya
  kanet mexnuga.
    **I choked on a fishbone.
                                wehlet-
  li šuka de-l-hut f-helqi.
cholera - bu-glib.
to choose - xtar.
to chop - šeqq. Did you chop the
  wood? was seqqiti le-Ewad? -- Chopped
  olives. z-zitun l-mešquq.
    to chop off - qteE, qetteE, hsek.
    to chop up - qetteE, gerred.
Christian - masihi pl. -yin, nesrani
  pl. nsara.
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Christmas - milad sidna Eisa.

knayes.

church - knisa, knisiya pl. -t,

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cigar - sigar pl. -at.
cigaret - garru pl. -wat.
cigaret lighter - briki pl. -yat.
cigar store - şaka pl. -t.
cinder - rmad. What's that pile of
  cinders for? dyal-aš dak l-Earam
  de-r-rmad? --I've got a cinder in
  my eye. dxel-li rmad f-Eeyni.
cinnamon - qerfa.
circle - 1. dura pl. -t, dur pl. dwar.
  We kept going around in a circle.
  bgina ka-nčemlu dura. 2. žmaća pl.
      He has a wide circle of friends.
  Eendu žma£a kbira d-le-shab.
    to circle - dar idur. The air-
  plane is circling over the city.
  t-tiyara ka-ddur fuq le-mdina.
  -- The wall circles the city. s-sur
  dayer b-le-mdina.
circumstance - hala pl. -t, hal pl.
  hwal.
city - mdina pl. -t, mdun.
civil - 1. ltif pl. ltaf, meddeb pl.
  m?eddbin. At least he was civil to
       be-l-gella kan !tif mEana.
  2. madani. Civil authorities.
  s-sulat l-madaniya.
civilization - tameddun.
civilized - metmedden.
claim - heqq pl. hquq. I lay no claim
  to that. ana ma-taleb-š l-hegg
  f-had š-ši.
    to claim - 1. tleb. I claim my
  share. ana ka-ntleb heqqi. --Where
  do I claim my baggage? fayn ntleb
  le-qšaš dyali? 2. dda£a idda£i.
  She claims to know the man.
  ka-dda£i bin ka-te£ref r-ražel.
to clap - seffeq.
class - 1. qişm pl. aqşam, qşam.
  first class starts at eight-thirty.
  qişmi l-luwwel ka-ibda fe-t-tmenya
  u-ness. 2. ders pl. durus. How
  many classes did you have last year?
  šhal de-d-durus tebbeEti Eam luwwel?
to classify - retteb.
to clatter - qerqeb.
                     The wagon clat-
  tered down the bumpy road.
  kerruşa gadya u-tqerqeb fe-t-triq
  le-mxessra.
claw - mexleb pl. mxaleb, dfer pl.
  dfar.
clay -tin.
clean - nqi pl. -yin.
    to clean - 1. neddef. Hasn't the
  maid cleaned the room yet? was
  l-xeddama ma-zal ma-neddfet l-bit?
  gsel. He went to clean his teeth.
  mša igsel snanu.
    **I asked her to clean the chicken
  for me. tlebt mennha tentef d-džaža
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u-theyyed-lha le-qšaweš.

to clean out - 1. xwa ixwi. This drawer has to be cleaned out. xessna nexwiw had le-mžer.
2. felles. They really cleaned me out! we-llah ila fellsuni! cleaning - tengiya.

clear - safi. The water is deep and clear. l-ma gareq u-safi. --His voice was very clear over the radio. kan helqu safi bessaf fe-r-radyu. --We have had clear weather all week. kan &endna žuw safi ž-žem&a kollha. --Is the road clear up ahead? waš t-triq safya l-l-qeddam?

**It's clear from the letter that he isn't satisfied. daher men had le-bra dyalu bin huwa ma-ši ferhan. --The news came out of the clear sky. le-xbar ža Ela ģefla.

to clear - 1. negga ineggi, xwa ixwi.
Did you clear the table? was
neggiti l-mida? 2. serreh He
cleared his throat. serreh helgu.

to clear away, off - zummel, heyyed. Ask her to clear away the dishes. tleb mennha dzummel tbasel.

to clear out - xwa ixwi. I'm going to clear out this closet tomorrow. gadi nexwi had le-xzana ġedda.

to clear up - 1. fesser. There are still a number of things we have to clear up. ma-zal kayen & adad d-lehwayež xessna nfessruhom. 2. sfa isfa The weather has cleared up. sfa l-žuw.

clerk - ktatbi pl. -ya, kateb pl.
kottab. He's a clerk in my office.
huwa ktatbi fe-l-mekteb dyali.

clever - 1. hadeq. The candidate is a clever speaker. le-mreššeh xateb hadeq. 2. hili. This character is a clever businessman. had xiyyna biyya£ šerray hili.

cliff - žerf pl. žraf, žrufa. climate - žuw (def. art. l-).

to climb - 1. tšebbet f-, tleć f-.

The children climbed a tree and their father yelled at them.

d-drari tšebbtu f-wahed š-šežra

u-bbahom guwwet Elihom. 2. tleć.

I haven't climbed that mountain yet.

ma-zal ma-tlećt l-dak ž-žbel. —I
don't like to climb stairs. ana

ma-nebģi-š ntleć d-druž.

to climb down - hbet. Be careful as you're climbing down the ladder. redd balek u-nta habet men s-sellum. to cling - lseq. The child is clingto its mother. d-derri laseq fe-mmu.

clip - filil pl. -at, fyalel.. She wore a golden clip on her dress.

hiya kan Eendha filil de-d-dheb fe-kswotha.

(paper) clip - meqbet pl. mqabet.
to clip - l. qteć, meqqes,
qesses. Don't clip my hair too
short. ma-teqteć-š šećri qsir
bezzaf. --We have our dog clipped
every summer. ka-nqesssu šćer kelbna
koll sif. --I clipped this article
out of the magazine. ana meqqest
had l-maqala men l-mažella.
2. xellel. Clip these papers together. xellel had le-kwaget
mežmućin.

clipping - $qet \in a$ pl. -t.

cloakroom - bit le-hwayež pl. byut le-hwayež.

clock - magana pl. -t, mwagen. We set our clock by the radio. kanheqqqu l-magana dyalna Eel r-radyu.

to clock - hseb l-wegt, Eber l-wegt.

to clog - xneq. The pipes are clogged. le-quades mexnuqin.

close - 1. tali, nihaya. I'll see you at the close of the meeting. nšufek fe-t-tali d-le-žtimać. 2. grib pl. grab. The hotel is close to the railroad station. l-util grib men lagar. 3. metgareb. We sat close together. glesna metgarbin.
4. tqil pl. tqal. The air is very close in this room. r-rih tqil bezzaf f-had l-bit.

**He's a close friend of mine.
huwa sahbi men r-ruh le-r-ruh.
--Pay close attention. redd balek
bezzaf. --He won by a close vote.
rbeh gir b-si-?eswat binu u-bin
le-xrin. --That was a close call
for me. felletni be-świya.

close by - grib men hna. Is there a restaurant close by? was kayen \$i-metem grib men hna?

from close up - men le-qrib. From close up the situation looks entirely different. men le-qrib l-hala ka-ddher ga£ mextalfa.

to close - 1. šedd, sedd. Don't close the door before nine o'clock. ma-tšedd-š l-bab qbel men t-teseud. --They closed at six. šeddu fe-s-setta. 2. fedda mea. The deal was closed this morning. feddau mea l-biea l-yum fe-s-sbah.

closely - be-t-tedqiq. Examine it closely. qellebha be-t-tedqiq.

closet - xzana pl -t, xzayen.

cloth - 1. tub pl. tyab. Do you have this cloth in a different color? was \(\xi\) \(\xi\) endkom had t-tub f-lun axor? 2. \(\xi\) erwita pl. \(\xi\) rawet. Take a

clean cloth for dusting. xud šerwita ngiya baš tsus l-ģobra. clothes - hwayež (pl.). clothes closet - maryu pl. -wat. clothes hanger $- \mathcal{E}ellaga$ pl. -t. Elaleq. clothes hook - mextaf pl. mxatef. cloud - shaba pl. -t, coll. shab; ġmama pl. −t, coll. ġmam. The sun has disappeared behind the clouds. š-šemš ģebret mur s-shab. to cloud up $-\dot{g}iyyem$. The sky clouded up shortly after we left. s-sma giyymet ši-šwiya men be€d-ma mšina. cloudy - mģiyyem. **clove -** gronfla pl -t coll. gronfel. clover - nefla. cluh - 1. Eşa (const. Eşat) pl. Eşi. The policeman had to use his club. l-bulisi tlezzem isteEmel le-Eşa dyalu. 2. nadi pl. -yat, nwadi. Are you a member of the club? was nta men n-nadi? to club - serwet. clue - dalil; imara pl. -t, imayer. clumsy - kerfaş. coach - 1. fagu pl. -wat. Which coach would you like to sit in? fe-s-men fagu tebģi tegles? 2. muderrib. He's the coach of our team. huwa l-muderrib de-l-ferqa dyalna. coal - faxer. coarse - 1. hreš pl. heršin. The cloth is too coarse for me. t-tub hreš Eliva bezzaf. 2. xšin pl. xšan. His manners are coarse. l-muEamala dyalu xšina. coast - šett pl. štut. **The coast is clear. t-triq safya. coat - 1. kebbut pl. kbabet. You mustn't go out without a coat in this weather. ma-lazmek-š texrož f-had l-žuw bla kebbut. 2. š∈et. The foal has a beautiful coat. had le-žde& Eendu šEer zwin. 3. duza. This door needs another coat of paint. had l-bab xeşşha duza xra de-ş-şbağa. to coat - tla itli. The car was coated with mud. kanet t-tumubil mețliya be-l-gis. coat hanger - Eellaga pl. -t, Ealaleg. cockroach - serraq z-zit, qerwata pl. coconut - guz l-hend, kukuya. codfish - beglaw, lamuri. cod-liver oil - zit l-beglaw. coffee - gehwa. coffee grinder - tahuna (pl. -t, twahen) de-l-qehwa. coffee grounds - text de-l-qehwa.

coffin - tabut pl. twabet. coin - sekka pl. skak. **Let's toss a coin to see who goes. yallah neemlu sfer wella khel bas nšufu škun lli imši. coincidence - $m \neq a d f a$ pl. -t. cold - 1. berd. I can't stand this cold. ana ma-imken-li-š nesber Ela had l-berd. 2. terwiha, rwah. He has a bad cold. Eendu terwiha xayba. 3. bared. The water isn't cold enough. l-ma ma-bared-\$ bezzaf. **The nights are getting colder. l-lyali ka-iberdu. to catch cold - truwweh. to collapse - 1. rab irib. The bridge suddenly collapsed. l-qentra rabet Ela gefla. 2. tah itih. He collapsed in the middle of the street. tah f-west t-triq. collar - reggabiya pl. -t. collar hone - tergya pl. -t. to collect - 1. ZmeE. How much money has been collected so far? shal d-le-flus žem£u hetta l-daba? **Give me a chance to collect my thoughts. xellini nxemmem šwiya. ttežmeć. A crowd collected in the square. džemEu n-nas fe-s-saha. collection - 1. mežmu£a pl. -t. The library has a famous collection of books on America. l-xizana fiha mežmuEa d-le-ktub mešhura Ela amirika. 2. žmič. When is the last collection? fuq-aš ikun ž-žmič t-tali? collision - msadma pl. -t. colony - musteEmara pl. -t. color - lun pl. lwan. to color - luwwen. colored - mluwwen. colt - ždeć pl. žduća. column - 1. sarya pl. -t, swari. You can recognize the house by its white columns. imken-lek teEref 2. delEa d-dar be-swariha l-buyed. pl. -t, dluE, dlaEi. Write your name in the right-hand column. kteb smiytek fe-d-del&a l-imna. comh - mešta pl. mšati. to comh - mšet. **The police combed the whole l-bulis fettšet le-mdina city. kollha. to come - ža iži (act. ptc. maži, žay; impv. aži). This cloth comes in only two colors. had t-tub ka-__I've iži ģir f-žuž de-l-lwan. come for my passport. ana žit Eel

t-tesrih dyali.

**Come now, you don't really mean that. xlas, was b-niytek? --How did you come to think of that? mnin tahet Elik had l-fikra? --He comes from Rabat. huwa men r-rbat. --I don't know whether I'm coming or going.

ana ma-Earef rași men režliya.

to come about - tra itra, žra ižra. How did all this come about? kif-aš tra had š-ši?

to come across - 1. tah itih f-. He's the best professor I've ever come across. Eemmri ma-teht f-ši-?ustad hsen men hadak.

to come along - 1. ža iži. you want to come along? was bagi dži m£ana? 2. tmešša. Everything's coming along fine, kollši ka-itmešša f-gaya.

to come apart - tfekk. This chair is coming apart already. had š-šelya bdat ttfekk be€da.

to come by - 1. daz iduz men. He's coming by here this afternoon. ģa-iduz men hna f-le-Ešiya. 2. žah ižih. How did he come by all that money? u-mnin beEda žaweh duk le-flus kollhom?

to come down - 1. haf ihuf. you come down here for a moment? waš imken-lek thuf hnaya ši-šwiya? 2. tiyyeh. We can't come down a penny on this price. ma-nqedru-š ntiyyhu suldi men had t-taman.

to come in - dxel idxol. Please come in! tfeddel, dxol!

to come in handy - slah. It'11 come in very handy later. ga-islah bezzaf men beEd.

to come off - 1. tfekk. One of the legs has come off the table. wahed le-kra& tfekk men t-tebla. 2. tqelleE, theyyed. The button has come off. s-sedfa $tqell \in et$.

to come out - 1. xrež, ixrož. book has just come out. le-ktab dyali yallah xrež. -- The dirt won't come out. le-wsex ma-bga-š ixrož. --Who knows what will come out of all this? škun lli Eref aš gadi ixrož men had š-ši kollu? 2. ban iban. Now it comes out that I was right. daba ban bin kan Eendi l-heqq.

l-hegg.

to come through - 1. daz iduz men. You can't come through here. maimken-lek-š dduz men hna. 2. xrež men. He came through the operation nicely. xrež men le-ftih b-xir.

to come to -1. ža $i \not\ge i f$. The bill comes to two dollars. le-hsab žat fih žuž dular. 2. fag ifig. After a few minutes she came to. faqet men beEd ši-šwiya.

to come to pieces - ža iži štat. It'll come to pieces if you touch it. rah iži štat ila messitih.

to come up - 1. $tle\xi$. Would you like to come up for a cup of coffee? waš tebģi ţţle€ baš tešŗeb ši-kas de-l-gehwa? 2. hdet. This problem comes up every day. had l-muškila ka-tehdet koll nhar. -- Something has come up. ši-haža hedtet.

to come upon - tah itih $\in la$. came upon the solution by accident. țeht Eel l-hell gir sodfa.

comedy - riwaya hazliya.

**Cut the comedy! heer had le-mlaġa!

comfortable - fih r-raha, mriyyeh. comical - fih d-dehk, mudhik. command - amr pl. awamir.

to command, be in command - hkem. Who's in command here? * *kun lli hakem hnaya? -- Does he have a good command of English? was huwa kayehkem l-luga l-ingliziya mezyan? commander - hakem pl. hokkam.

to commend - šker. He was commended for his good behavior. Sekruh Ela sirtu l-mezyana.

comment - mulahada pl. -t; tenbih. commercial - tižari.

commission - 1. ležna pl. -t. commission has promised to investigate the matter. l-žem£iya qawlet baš tebhet fe- l-qadiya. 2. soxra pl. -t, sxari. I wouldn't take any commission on this sale. ma-naxod f-had l-biEa.

to commit - 1. Emel. Who committed the crime? škun lli Emel l-žarima? 2. dexxel. They committed her to an asylum. dexxluha l-l-merstan.

**He committed suicide. rasu.

to commit oneself - gawel rasu. committee - ležna pl. -t.

common - $\mathcal{E}adi$. That's a common kind of shoe in this area. had s-sbabet Eadiyin f-had n-nahiya.

**It's common knowledge that he lies. huwa meEruf bin ka-ikdeb. commotion - haraž u-maraž.

communist - šuyu£i.

compact - medkuk. That's a compact package. rezma medkuka hadik. company - 1. kubbaniya pl. -t, šarika pl. -t. Does he work for your company? was ka-ixdem fe-s-sarika dyalek? 2. rfaqa, rfaga, dyaf (pl.). We're having company this evening. $\mathcal{E}endna$ d-dyaf had $le-\mathcal{E}siya$.

**A man is known by the company he keeps. mEa men šeftek šebbehtek.

comparatively - be-n-nesba. It was comparatively easy. be-n-nesba, kanet sahla.

to compare - 1. qaren. We compared the two methods. qarenna t-tariqat b-žuž. 2. tqedd. I can't compare with you. ana ma-ntqadd-8 mEak.

comparison - mušbiha, tešbih. That's a lame comparison. had l-mušbiha Eemža.

compartment - 1. qmara pl. -t; bniqa pl. bnayeq. All the compartments in this car are crowded. ga£ le-bnayeq f-had l-fagu £amrin. 2. xziyna pl. -t, mžiyyer pl. mžiyrat. The document was hidden in a secret compartment. l-watiqa kanet mxebb£a f-wahed le-xziyna mestura.

compass - 1. busula pl. -t. Without the compass we would have been lost. u-kan ma-kanet-š l-busula u-kan tlefna. 2. dabed pl. dwabed. I can't draw a good circle without a compass. ma-neqder-š nxettet dur bla dabed.

to compel - lezzem Ela. I compelled him to go. lezzemt Elih imši.

compensation - teEwid pl. -at. I demand full compensation. ntleb t-teEwid t-tamm.

to compete - 1. dadd. Of course I can't compete with you. meElum and ma-neqder-\$ ndaddek. 2. \$arek.

Are you competing in the contest? was nta msarek fe-l-mubara?

competent - qader. He's competent in his work. huwa qader Ela xdemtu.

competition - msabqa, mubara (sport);
msahma (business).

competitor - musahim.

to complain - ška iški, tšekka. Stop complaining! baraka ma teški.

---We complained to the manager about the noise. tšekkina l-l-mudir čel s-sda£.

complaint - šekwa pl. -t.

complete = 1. kamel. Is your work
complete? waš l-xedma dyalek kamla?
2. tamamen. He's a complete fool.
huwa tamamen hmeq.

**This volume makes my collection complete. had le-ktab kemmel l-mežmuća dyali.

to complete - kemmel. Did you

complete your work? was kemmelti xdemtek.

completely - tamamen. He convinced me completely. qenne£ni tamamen. --He's completely out of his mind. huwa xarež-lu £eqlu tamamen.

**I admit that I was completely wrong about him. ana ka-nectaref bin kont geltan bezzaf men žihtu.

to complicate - seefeb, fekkel.

to comply with - qbel. We regret that we cannot comply with your request. hna met? essfin bin manqedru-8 nqeblu t-talab dyalkom.

to compose - lehhen, kteb. He composed that song during the war. lehhen dik l-gonya f-weqt l-herb.
to compose oneself - žmež rasu, seffa xatru.

composed - mhedden. His face remained composed during the entire trial. we had a mhedden f-moddet d-de wa kollha.

to be composed of - mesnue men. This fabric is composed of wool and cotton. had t-tub mesnue men s-sufu-le-qten.

composition - 1. telhin pl. -at. The orchestra is going to play his compositions tonight. l-žewą żadi ileeb t-telhinat dyalu l-yum fe-l-lil.

2. inša? pl. -at. Have you done your English composition? waš £melti inša? de-n-negliza dyalek?

compress - tekmida pl. -t '(hot),
 derra pl. -t. A hot compress will
 relieve the pain. wahed t-tekmida
 ġa-txeffef-lek le-hriq.

to compress - dget, Eser. The air is compressed by a pump. ka-idegtu r-rih be-l-bumba.

compromise - tawil.

to compromise - ttawa, tsaleh, tfasel. We compromised with him. ttawina m£ah.

to conceal - 1. xebba, xebbe. Are you concealing something from me? was nta mxebbe si-haza Eliya?

2. xeen. The paper was found concealed in the wall. lqaw l-werqa mexzuna fe-l-hit.

conceited - metkebber.

to concentrate - 1. *me£. The most important industries are concentrated in the north. \$\sigma_sna£i \ l-muhimmin \ me\colon me\colon samal. 2. redd balu. We'll have to concentrate on the first section. \$xessna nreddu balna \ l-l-fesl \ l-luwwel.

concern - 1. šarika pl. -t. How long
have you been with this concern?

shal hadi u-nta mea had s-sarika?
2. sgal. She told me it was no concern of mine. qalet-li ma-si sgali hadak. 3. swas. There's no cause for concern. ma-kayen ela-s s-swas.

to concern - 1. teelleq b-. This matter concerns you. had l-qadiya ka-tteelleq bik. 2. heyyer. We're concerned about their safety. hna mheyyrin ela slamthom. 3. hemm. The details don't concern me. maka-ihemmuni-š t-tafasil.

concert - tarab pl. -at.

to conclude - 1. xtem, kemmel. He concluded the investigation yesterday. kemmel l-beht l-bareh.

2. fhem. What did you conclude from that remark? as fhemti men dak l-mulahada?

concrete - 1. gess. The bridge is built of concrete. l-qentra mebniya be-l-gess. 2. shih pl. shah. Give me a concrete example. Etini Simatal shih.

to condemn - 1. hkem Ela. He was condemned to death. hekmu Elih be-l-mut. 2. teqqef. They've condemned this building. teqqfu had le-bni.

condition - 1. hala pl. -t, hal pl. hwal. You're in no condition to go out. nta haltek ma-ši d-le-xruž. -The house is in poor condition. d-dar haletha hala. -The rug is in good condition. z-zerbiya f-hala mezyana. 2. šert pl. šrut, šurut. I accept all your conditions for the sale. ana qbelt š-šurut dyalek kollhom fe-l-bi&a.

**I won't go on any condition.

£la kolli hal ma-nemši-š. --He
keeps his things in good condition.
ka-ithella fe-hwayžu.

conduct - sira. Your conduct is disgraceful. sirtek the § § ēm.

to conduct - 1. siyyer. Who's going to conduct the orchestra? Skun lli gadi isiyyer l-žewq?

2. wessel. Metal conducts heat better than wood. le-hdid ka-iwessel le-hmaya hsen men l-Eud.

**She conducts herself like a lady. sirtha sirt lallat le-Eyalat. conductor - 1. muraqib. Did the conductor punch your ticket? waš l-muraqib Eellem n-nfula dyalek?
2. ra°is pl. ru°asa. Where is the conductor of the orchestra? fayn r-ra°is de-l-žewq?

conference - mo?tamar pl. -at.
to confess - 1. Etaref. I confess
that I haven't read it yet.

ka-nectaref bin baqı ma-qritha-s.
2. gerr. The defendant confessed.
l-med&i gerr.

confession - gerran.

confidence = tiqa. I have confidence
in him. ana Eendi t-tiqa fih.
 **He told it to me in confidence.

qalha-li bini u-binu.

confident - myeqqen. I'm confident that it will turn out all right. ana myeqqen ikun f-?aman llah.

to confirm - 1. heqqeq. Hasn't the news been confirmed yet? was ma-zal ma-heqqqu le-xbar? 2. tebbet. That only confirms my faith in him. had s-si gir ka-itebbet tiqti fih. conflict - xilaf.

to conflict - txalef. These two reports conflict. had t-tegrirat b-žuž ka-itxalfu.

to confuse - 1. heyyer. His talk confused me. klamu heyyerni.

2. tšebbeh-lu. I confused you with someone else. tšebbehti-li b-ši-wahed axor.

confusion - 1. terwina. That's going to cause a lot of confusion. had š-ši ġa-ye∈mel bezzaf de-t-terwina. 2. rebla pl. -t, rbali. He escaped in the confusion. hreb men lli kanet r-rebla.

to congratulate - henna. Let me congratulate you on your birthday. ka-nhennik b-Eid l-milad dyalek.

congratulation - tehniya pl. -t.

**Congratulations! mbarek mes Eud!

to connect - laqa. Connect these
wires to the battery. laqi kad
s-sluka mEa l-batariya.

connection - 1. m£erfa pl. -t,
m£aref. He has very good connections. huwa €endu m£aref mezyana.
2. munasaba. In what connection
did he mention it? €la §-men

munasaba qalha? 3. muwasaba pl. -t.
The connections with that town are
poor. l-muwasabat m&a dik le-mdina
s&ab. 4. tebdil l-qitar. I missed
a train connection in Casablanca.
ana fellett tebdil l-qitar fe-d-dar
l-bida.

to conquer - fteh.

conscience - qelb. I have a clear conscience. ana qelbi safi.

conscientious - b-niytu. He's a conscientious worker. huwa xeddam b-niytu.

conscious - 1. wa\(\xi\). I wasn't conscious of it. ma-kont-\(\xi\) wa\(\xi\) biha.
2. fayeq. Doctor, is he conscious?
ya doktur, wa\(\xi\) huwa fayeq?

consent - qbul, qabul. They sold the

house without my consent. ba\(\xi\) d-dar bla le-qbul dyali.

to consent - qbel. He consented to stay. qbel ibqa.

consequence - natiza pl. -t, nata?iz; Eaqiba pl -t, Eawaqib. I'm afraid of the consequences. ana xayef men l-Eawaqib.

conservative - muhafid.

to consider - 1. šaf išuf. We have to consider the problem from every angle. xessna nšufa l-muškila men koll žiha. 2. xemmem f-. I'll consider it. qad-nxemmem fiha.
3. £taber. I consider him an able chemist. ka-ne£tabru kimawi £endu meadura.

**He never considers other people.
huwa ma-Eemmru ka-iddiha f-nas xrin.
considerable - Edim pl. Edam. That's
a considerable sum. hada mebleg
Edim.

to consist - trekkeb. That drug consisted of three poisonous substances. dak d-dwa kan metrekkeb men tlata de-l-mawadd de-s-semm.

consistent = tabet. He isn't very
consistent in his work. ma-huwa-ši
tabet fe-xdemtu.

conspiracy = dasisa pl. -t, dasayes,
dsayes.

constant - dayem. He's in constant
danger. huwa f-xatar dayem.
constantly - bla hbis, bla hsir,

constitution - 1. destur pl. -at. The king signed a new constitution last year. l-malik nezzel xett yeddu Ela wahed d-destur ždid l-Eam lli fat. 2. xelqa. He has a very strong constitution. l-xelqa dyalu shiha bezzaf.

to construct - bna ibni. construction - benyan.

consul - qunsu pl. qwansa.

consulate - quisuliya.

to consult - šawer. You should have consulted us. kan xessek tšawerna.

to consume - 1. Steb. My car consumes a lot of gas. t-tumubil dyali kates testeb bezzaf de-l-lisans. 2. kla yakol. How much meat do you consume a year? Shal de-l-lhem ka-takol fe-l-Eam?

consumption - 1. stihlak. Consumption has gone up fifty percent.
s-stihlak tle€ xemsin f-le-mya.
2. sell, merd s-sder. He has consumption. huwa fih s-sell.

contact - ttisal pl. -at. I've made several new contacts. Emelt Eadad d-le-ttisalat ždad.

**He's never been in contact with foreigners. huwa ma-Eemmru ttasel m&a l-berraniyin.

to contact - ttasel b-. I'll contact you as soon as I arrive. ana gir newsel u-nttasel bik.

to contain - (kan ikun) fih, rfed.

That trunk contains only clothing.
had ssenduq ma-fih gir le-hwayež.
container - maeun pl. mwaeen.

contempt - hogra.

content = 1. lli fih. The alcholic
content is small. l-alkul lli fih
sgir. 2. ferhan. He was content
with what we gave him. kan ferhan
b-dak \$-\$i lli \(\xi \) tinah.

contents - lli fih. Dissolve the contents of the package in one glass of water. hell lli f-had l-bakit f-kas de-l-ma.

table of contents - fehrisa pl.

fhares.

contest - mubara pl. -t.

to contest - nazec. They're contesting the will. ka-inazeu l-wasiya.

continual - mettabe ξ , dayem. continually - dima.

to continue - sad isid. Let's continue with our work. yallah nsidu fe-xdemtna. --We'll continue our discussion tomorrow. gedda nsidu fe-l-mudakara dyalna. --Continue, I'm listening to you. sid, ana kantsennet-lek. --I want to continue on to Fez. bagi nsid hetta l-fas. contract - Eeqda pl. -t, Eqad.

to contract - 1. qesser. Heat expands, cold contracts. le-hma kaituwwel u-l-brudiya ka-tqesser.

2. tqesser. The metal must have contracted. rebbama l-meEden tqesser.

3. tteEqed. They've contracted to put up the building in five months. ttEeqdu bas itellEu le-bni f-xems shur.

4. šebber.

1've contracted pneumonia. šebbert merd ž-ženb.

contractor - tašrun pl. -at. to contradict - xalef, keddeb.

contradictory - mxalef. We've heard the most contradictory talk about it. sme€na klam mxalef bezzaf €liha.

contrary - meekkes. She's very contrary. hiya meekksa bezzaf.

contrary to - dedd. That's contrary to our agreement. had §-\$i dedd le-mwafqa dyalna.

on the contrary $-be-l-\xi eks$. contrast -ferg. There's a big con-

trast between the two brothers. to cook - tiyyeb. kayen ferg kbir bin l-xut b-žuž. cookie - helwa pl. hlawi, hlawat, to contrast - qabel. He conhalawat. trasted the programs of the two parcool - 1. bared. Keep it in a cool ties. gabel baramiž le-hzab b-žuž. place. xelliha f-mahell bared. to contrast with - xalef mEa. 2. xfif pl. xfaf. Wait until I get These red flowers contrast well with into something cooler. tsenna the white ones. had n-numwar lehetta nelbes ši-haža xfifa. hmer ka-ixalfu mezyan mEa l-buyed. ** It gets pretty cool here toto contribute - 1. tberre€ b-. Have wards evening. l-hal ka-ibred you contributed anything to the šwiya hnaya f-le-Ešiya. -- I tried fund? waš tberreEti b-ši haža Eel to keep cool. hawelt nšebber rasi. le-frida? 2. zad izid f-. This to cool - 1. bred. Don't let this noise just contributes to the consoup cool too much. ma-txelli-š had fusion. had s-sdat gir ka-izid fele-hrira tebred bezzaf. 2. berred. Take these bottles and cool them. control - hokm, hkam. The children xud had r-rdayem u-berredhom. are getting beyond my control. dcoop - qfez pI. qfaz, qfuza. drari xaržin Ela hkami. to coop up - hbes. I don't want to **He lost control of the car. keep the children cooped up in the gelbet Elih t-tumubil. --He always house all day long. ana ma-bagi-š has himself under control. huwa nehbes d-drari fe-d-dar n-nhar dima galeb nefsu. -- Everything is kollu. under control. koll-ši fe-l-gaya cooper - gebbab pl. -a, gbaybi pl. u-n-nihaya.to control - mlek, rageb. He controls co-operation - meawna. Can we count sixty percent of the business. kaon your co-operation? was imkenimlek settin f-le-mya de-l-haraka. lna ntwekklu Eel le-mEawna dyalkom? to control oneself - gleb nefsu, copper - nhas. šebber rașu. coppersmith - swayni pl. -ya convenience - suhula pl. -t. Our new copy - nesxa pl. -t, nsaxi. 1 made a apartment has every modern convencopy of the letter. Emelt nesxa ience. s-sekna dyalna ž-ždida d-le-bra. Eendha gaE s-suhulat l-Eesrivin. to copy - 1. nsex. Copy the let-**Call me at your earliest conter carefully. nsex le-bra be-tvenience. Eeyyet-li f-?ewwel wegt tedgiq. 2. neggel. She copies the mnaseb. clothes that she sees in the movies. convenient - mwafeq, mnaseb. ka-tneqqel le-hwayež lli ka-tšuf convention - mužtama£ pl. -at. f-l-aflam.conventional - 1. mtebbe & l-Eada. cord - 1. gennba pl. -t coll. genneb. She's very conventional. hiya The cord isn't long enough for me to mtebbEa l-Eada bezzaf. 2. Eadi. tie up the package with. ma-kaprefer the conventional method. tqeddni-š l-qennba baš nehzem rana hsen-li t-tariga l-Eadiya. resma. 2. xit pl. xyut. We'll have conversation - mudakara pl. -t. to get a new cord for the iron. convict - mesžun pl msažen. xessna ndebbru Ela xit ždid l-leto convict - tebbet. He was conblanša. victed of murder. tebbtu Elih le-Cordova - gortuba. coriander - qesbur, qesbur. to convince - dexxel fe-r-ras. You cork - feršiya pl. -t coll. ferši. can't convince me of that. macorn - 1. dra (grain). 2. meşmar pl. imken-lek-š ddexxel dak š-ši f-rași. msamer (on foot). convinced - myeggen. I'm convinced corner - 1. gent pl. qnut (internal or she's innocent. and myeggen bin external). 2. rokna pl. rkani hiya barya. (internal). cook - tebbax pl. -a (m.); tebbaxa corporal - kabran pl. -at. tebbaxa pl. -t (f.). She's the corpse - gnaza pl. gnayez; žetta pl. -t;

miyyet pl. muta.

correct - shih pl. shah.

to correct - sleh.

correction - islah pl. -at.

to correspond - 1. naseb. The trans-

best cook we ever had. hadi %ehsen

yeddi u-yedd l-qabla, ka-ixrež le-

**Too many cooks spoil the broth.

tebbaxa lli tehna Eliha.

hrami Ewer.

lation doesn't correspond to the original. t-teržama ma-mnasba-š m£a l-aşili. 2. tkateb. We've been corresponding with each other for six years. hadi sett snin u-hna ka-ntkatbu.

correspondence - murasala, mkatba. correspondent - murasil pl. -in. corridor - setwan pl. stawen. cost - taman pl. -at.

at any cost - baš-emma kan.

to cost - 1. swa iswa. How much does this one cost? Shal ka-teswa hadi? 2. tah itih. That will cost him dearly. hadik gadi ttih-lu galya.

cottage - dwira.

cotton - qten, qton.

couch - seddari pl. sdader.

cough - kehba pl. -t; kehha pl. -t; se \in la pl. -t.

to cough - kheb, kehh, séel.

counsel - 1. nasiha pl. -t, nasayeh.

Let me give you some good counsel.

xellini neétik ši-nasiha mezyana.

2. muhami pl. -yin. Who is their

counsel in the case? škun huwa

l-muhami dyalhom fe-l-qadiya?

count - hsab pl. -at. The count has
not yet been made. le-hsab ma-zal
ma-tte\u00e9mel.

to count - hseb.

to count on - Eerwel Ela.

counter - baset pl. bwaset. Don't

stand in front of the counter. matewgef-* gbalt l-baset.

counterfeit - mauwwer.

to counterfeit - zuwwer.

country - 1. blad pl. beldan, boldan.

I've seen many countries. šeft
bezzaf de-l-boldan. 2. £rubiya,
badiya. They want to move to the
country. huma bağyin itheumlu lle-£rubiya. --That's beautiful
country. walayenni hadi badiya
mezyana.

courage - režla, ržuliya, šžaća.

course - 1. triq pl. torqan. The

plane is holding a straight course.

t-tiyara tabća triq mserrha — The

river has changed its course. l
wad beddel t-triq dyalu. 2. makla

pl. -t. The dinner had four

courses. kanu f-le-čša rebća de-l
maklat. 3. ders pl. durus. What

courses did you take? š-men durus

xditi?

of course - meElum.

rooms opening on the court. Eendna žuž d-le-byut Eatyin Eel le-mrah.

3. hašiya. The ambassador has not yet been received at court. s-safir ma-zal ma-tteqbel fe-l-hašiya.

4. saha pl. -t. The court is still too muddy for them to play in. s-saha baqa mģiyysa u-ma-imken-lhom-šile£bu fiha.

to court - zellel. He's been courting her for quite some time. Sella hadi u-huwa ka-izellelha. courteous - ltif pl. ltaf.

courtesy - swab.

cousin - weld (m.) or bent (f.) used in construct with Eemm, Eemma, xal, or xala, depending on the specific relationship (father's brother's son, etc.).

cover - 1. ½ta pl. -wat. I didn't have enough cover last night. l-bareh ma-qeddetni-š le-ġta. --Where are the covers for these boxes? fayn le-ġtawat dyal had ṣ-ṣnadeq? 2. ġlaf pl. -at. Who took the cover off this book? škun lli heyyed le-ġlaf men had le-ktab?

**I read this book from cover to cover. qrit had le-ktab men l-luwwel l-l-axir. --Take cover! xzen rasek!

to cover - 1. getta. They covered our roof with tile. gettaw stahna be-l-qermud. --Everything is covered with snow. koll-ši mģetti b-telž. 2. ģellef. We covthe sofa with cretonne. gellefna s-seddari b-šit. 3. dmen. This check is covered. had š-šik medmun. 4. fesser. I believe that you've covered all the questions. bin fesserti l-?as?ila kollhom. 5. qteE. We covered the distance in three hours. qteEna l-masaha f-felt swayeE.

**Is your house covered by insurance? was darek msugra? --What territory do you cover? f- as men nahiya ka-texdem?

to cover up - getta. Cover me up! gettini!

up: gettin:

to cover up for - ster. Did you
cover up for me? was stertini?

cow - begra pl. -t coll. bger.
coward - xuwwaf pl. -in.
cozy - mriyyeh. What a cozy room!
walayenni bit mriyyeh hada!
crah - Eeqriša pl. -t, Eqares; bužniba pl. -t.

**He's an old crab. huwa bhal l-Eetrus. crack - 1. šeqqa pl. -t, šqayeq, šqeq, šquq; coll. šeqq. The crack in the dam is getting wider. šegga fe-s-sedd ka-tewsa£. --There's a crack in the glass. kayna wahed š-šegga fe-z-zaž. 2. teqtiq. I thought I heard the crack of a rifle. dher-li sme t t-tegtiq de-mkohla.

at the crack of dawn - f-le-fžer. to crack - 1. herres. I'll crack the nuts. ana ġad-nherres lgerga£. 2. ttšeqq. The glass cracked when I poured the hot water in it. l-kas ttseqq men-lli kebbit fih l-ma sxun.

to crack jokes - tleq xrayef, tmelleģ.

cradle - kuna pl. -t.

to cram - xša ixši. He crammed everything into one trunk. xša koll-ši f-sendug wahed.

cramp - hebza pl. -t. I have a cramp in my leg. Eendi hebza f-sagi. cranky - (lli) ka-itgelleg, kaithiyyež.

crane - 1. żernug pl. żraneg (bird). 2. buži pl. bwaža (machine).

to crash - tah itih One of the planes crashed into the sea. wehda men ttiyarat tahet f-le-bher.

crawl - hba yehbu.

**The shop was crawling with ants. l-hanut kan ka-iğli be-n-nmel. crayfish - qemruna pl. -t coll. qemrun. crazy - 1. hmeq pl. humeq. He was crazy, that's why they put him in the asylum. kan hmeq, biha bas dexxluh fe-l-merstan. 2. mfelles. That's a crazy ida! fikra mfellsa hadi!

to creak - zwa izwi. Shut the door so it won't creak. sedd l-bab baš ma-dzwi-ši.

cream - 1. frara. We make butter from from the cream. ka-nsawbu z-zebda men le-frara. 2. dehna. Put some of this cream on your hands and they won't hurt any more. dir ši-šwiya d-had d-dehna Ela yeddik u-ma-ibqaw-š iderruk. 3. semni. The walls are cream colored. lun le-hyut semni.

the cream of the crop - xyar ma fe-l-ģella.

to create - 1. xleq. God created the

2. xtareE. We have to create a new position for him. xessna nextarEu-lu blasa ždida.

**The incident created a lot of excitement. l-hadita kanet s-sabab d-bezzaf de-l-haraž.

creature - mexluq pl. -at. credit - telq. We can buy the furniture on credit. imken-lna nešriw l-?atat be-t-telq.

**He likes to take credit for what somebody else does. huwa kaiftaxer be-dyal giru. -- I did the work and he got the credit. ana Emelt l-xedma u-huwa dda le-fdel.

creditor - mul d-din, saheb d-din. crew - ferga pl. -t.

crih - 1. meElef pl. mEalef. Did you put hay in the crib? was hettiti t-tben fe-l-meElef? 2. fraš pl. -at. Our boy is getting too big for his crib. weldna ma-bqa-š iži qeddu frašu.

crime - žarima pl. -t, žrayem. criminal - mužrim pl. -in.

cripple - meEtub.

to cripple - Eetteb. crisis - 1. šedda (physical).

2. azma (political). 3. ksad (commercial).

crisp - 1. mgermel. The bread is fresh and crisp. l-xobz ždid u-mgermel. 2. bared šwiya. weather is a bit crisp tonight. l-hal bared šwiya had l-lila.

to criticize – Eeyyeb Ela. to crochet - gzel be-l-mextaf.

crockery - bdiE.

crocodile - temsah pl. -at, tmaseh.

crocus - zeEfran.

crooked - 1. meewwež. This pin is crooked. had le-fnita m£ewwža. 2. xettaf pl. -a. All those people are crooked. duk n-nas kollhom xețțafa.

crop - saba. The farmers expect a good crop this year. l-fellaha mwekklin Ela saba mezyana had l-Eam.

cross - 1. slib pl. solban. Do you see the church with the big cross on the steeple? waš ka-tšuf le-knisiya lli Eendha s-slib le-kbir Eel l-borz? 2. ģedban. He's cross today. huwa jedban l-yum.

to cross - 1. qteE. Cross the street at the green light. qteE t-triq fe-d-du le-xder. 2. tlaga. The two principal avenues cross in front of the post office. ka-itlagaw le-mḥažž le-kbar b-žuž qbalt l-buṣṭa.

to cross out - dreb Ela. Cross out the things you don't want. dreb Eel le-hwayež lli ma-baģi-š

to cross one's mind - ža iži f-balu. It never crossed my mind that he would oppose me. Eemmerni ma-žani f-bali bin iEaredni. crossed-eyed - hwel pl. hiwel.

crow - ġrab pl. -at, ġorban, ġrobba.

to crow - wedden. I woke up when
the rooster crowed. ana feqt men-lli
wedden l-ferruž.
crowd - ġaši, zham.
crown - taž pl. tižan.

crude - 1. xšin pl. xšan. That man is just a bit crude! ražel xšin šwiya hada! 2. qbih pl. qbah. That was a crude remark! kanet mulahada qbiha hadi!

cruel - gașeh.

cruelty - qşuha, qşuhiya, qşuhiyt l-qelb.

crumb - tfertita.

to crush - 1. dget. You're crushing my hat. nta ka-ddget s-semrir dyali.

2. mees. Careful, you're crushing the eggs. Eendak, nta ka-temees l-bid.

3. hettem. He was crushed by the news. huwa hetmatu le-xbar. crust - qesra.

crutch - Eokkaz pl. Ekakez.

cry - guta pl. -t. Then we heard a loud cry. u-men be\(\xi\)d sme\(\xi\)na wahed \(\lambda\)-guta kbira.

a far cry from - béid men. Your story is a far cry from the truth. le-hkaya dyalek béida men l-haqiqa. to cry - bka ibki.

cucumber - feggusa pl. -t coll. feggus. culture - tameddun.

cultured - mteqqef, qari. She's a
 cultured woman. hiya mra mteqqfa.
cunning - hili, mtuwwer.

cup - 1. taṣa pl. -t. Is there any coffee left in your cup? waš ma-zal kayna ši-qehwa fe-t-taṣa dyalek?
2. kas pl. kisan. Who won the cup? škun lli rbeh l-kas?

cupboard - xzana pl. -t, xzayen. cure - dwa pl. -yat, duyan, adwiya.

There is no cure for cancer. makayen-š dwa l-l-merd s-saratan.

to cure - dawa. They cured him in two months. dawaweh f-šehrayn. curfew men£ t-tažewwol.

curiosity = 1. hobb l-meErifa
 (intellectual). 2. fdul (indiscrete,
 prying).

curious - 1. fduli (indiscrete, prying). 2. grib pl. gribin, grab. What a curious looking man! walayenni grib had r-ražel!

currant - zbiba rumya pl. zbibat rumyin coll. zbib rumi.

current - 1. serraf (de-l-ma). He got caught in the current. helfe-sserraf. 2. du, kehraba. The (electric) current has been turned off. tteqte d-du. 3. žari. Have you paid the bill for the current

month yet? waš xelleşti le-hsab de-š-šher ž-žari wella ma-zal? curry - kerkub.

curse - $le \in na$ pl. -t.

to curse - léen, xța ixți f-, déa idéi éla.

curtain - xamiya pl. xwami.

curtain rod - qtib (pl. qetban, qtayeb) de-l-xamiya.

curve = dura pl. -t. There are many
 curves in this road. kaynin bezzaf
 de-d-durat f-had t-triq.

to curve - dur idur. The road curves around the town. t-triq ka-ddur Eel le-mdina.

cushion = mxedda pl. -t, mxadd, mxayed; xeddiya pl. -t, xdadi.

custody - 1. hdaya (of children).

2. hebs (arrest).

custom - qaEida pl. -t, qwaEed, qawaEid; Eada pl. -t, Ewayed. customary - Eadi, fe-l-Eada.

customs - diwana pl. -t. Do we have
to pay customs on this? was lazemna
nxellsu heqq d-diwana Ela hadi?
customs inspection - teftis
d-diwana.

cut - žerha pl. -t, žrahi. The cut is nearly healed. ž-žerha griba tebra.

to cut - 1. qtee. Cut the bread please. qtee l-xobz eafak.

2. žreh. I cut my finger. žreht sbaei. 3. tiyyeh. We're going to cut these prices next month. had t-tamanat gad-ntiyyhuhom š-šher ž-žay. 4. nqes men. His salary was cut. neqsu men ižartu.

5. hsek. Haven't you cut the grass yet? waš baqi ma-hsekti-š r-rbie?

**During the whole term he cut
only two classes. moddet l-feşl
kollu huwa bettel gir žuž de-d-durus.

to cut across - qteE. He cut across the field. qteE l-feddan. to cut down - 1. qteE. These

trees will have to be cut down.
had \$-\$žer xesshom ittqet&u.
2. nqes men. We'll have to cut our
expenses down. xessna nneqsu men
sayerna.

to cut off - qteE.

to cut out - meqqes. I'm going to cut the picture out. gad-nmeqqes t-teswira.

**Cut it out! xlas men hadi!
to cut short - nges men. We had
to cut our trip short. tlezzemna
nneqsu men s-sfer dyalna.
**He cut me short. xtef menni

le-klam.
to cut through - tgeb. You've

cut through the lining. tqebti t-tebtin.

to cut up - qsem. Cut it up into four pieces. qsemha Ela rebEa de-t-traf.

cute - drif pl. draf, driyyef. cutlet - delea pl. dluc. I want the cutlet to be well done. bgit d-del€a tkun tayba šwiya. cylinder - že£ba pl. -t, ž£ab.

dad(dy) - ββa, baba. Is your dad home, Ali? ββak fe-ddar a Eli? daffodil - neržis.

dagger - xenžar pl. xnažer, kommiya pl. -t, kwami.

daily - 1. fe-n-nhar. The mail is delivered twice daily. le-brawat ka-itferrqu merrtayn fe-n-nhar. 2. koll nhar. That's a daily occurrence around here. had š-ši ka-yuqeE hnaya koll nhar.

daily (paper) - žarida yumıya. Our town has only one daily paper. mdıntna ma-Eendha ğır žarida wehda yumiya.

dam - sedd pl. sdud. The dam is broken. s-sedd metfergeE.

damage - xaşara, darar. How much damage has been done? šhal de-l-?xasara weqEet?

damages - xsayer. He had to pay damages. lezzmuh i ewwed le-xsayer.

to damage - xesser. The storm damaged the roof. l-hemla xessret ş-şteh.

Damascene - dimešqi.

Damascus - dimešq.

 $damn - mel \mathcal{E}un$. Throw that damn cat out! rmi dak l-gett l-melEun berra! **I don't give a damn what he says. w-ana ka-nddiha fe-klamu?

damn it! - xzit! ixzit! Damn(it), I have to go. ixzit, xeşşni nemši.

to damn - sxet. I'll be damned if I do it! and mesxut la dertha!

damp - mtebbeb. Don't lean against that wall, it's damp. la-ttekka-\$ Ela dak l-hit, rah mtebbeb.

to get damp - fzeg. Everything gets damp in the cellar. koll haža ka-tefzeg fe-d-dehliz.

dampness - rtuba, bruda.

dance - 1. šetha, štih. May I have the next dance? was tsemhi-li be-š-šetha ž-žayya? 2. štih. Are you going to the dance? was gadi le-3-8tih?

to dance - šteh. They danced until midnight. by aw ka-išethu hetta

l-ness l-lil. dancer - šettah pl. -a. The dancers will begin their performance at eight o'clock. š-šettaha gadi

**He's a good dancer. ka-yeEref išteh mezyan.

dandelion - asra.

ibdaw fe-t-tmenya.

danger - xatar. The doctor says she is out of danger now. qal-lek t-tbib daba mentet men l-xatar. -He's in danger of losing his job. xdemtu raha f-xatar.

dangerous - xatir. Is it dangerous to swim here? was l-Eewm hnaya xatir?

to dare - 1. qedd. I didn't dare leave the baby alone. ma-qeddit-\$ nxelli t-terbya whedha. 2. zeem. I don't dare tell him. ma-ka-nezEem-š ngulha-lu.

**Don't you dare! Eendak! --Don't you dare take it' ila konti slib xudha! ---How dare you open my mail? š-binek u-bin brawatı thellhom?

dark - 1. dlem. The road is hard to find in the dark. seib ilga l-wahed t-triq fe-d-dlem. 2. medlam. couldn't find my seat because the room was dark. ma-žbert-ši rhebti hit l-bit kan medlam. 3. megluq. I want a darker color. bgit lun meģlug Ela hada.

to get dark - dlam. In summer it gets dark late. fe-s-sif l-hal ka-idlam meettel.

to keep (someone) in the dark xebbef Ela. Don't keep me in the dark! la-txebbeE šay Eliya.

darling - Eziz bezzaf. He's his mother's darling. huwa Eziz Ela mmu bezzaf.

to darn - reqqeE. Did you darn my socks? waš reqqeEti tqašri? **He knew darn little about it. xlas, ma-Eref gir šwiya Ela dak š-ši. -I'll be darned if that isn't Mustafa' rani kafer ila ma-tṣab-ši hadak mostafa! -- I don't give a

darn about it! aš Eendi fiha? --Darn it! Where's my tie? fayn le-xșara de-l-gerfața dyali? dash - 1. šerta pl. šrati. Put a dash after the first word. hett šerta men be $\mathcal{E}d$ l-kelma l-luwla. 2. teftifa pl. tfatef. All it needs is a dash

of salt. ma-xessha gir ši-teftifa d-le-mleh.

to dash - 1. neggez. He grabbed his coat and dashed for the door. xtef l-kebbut dyalu u-neqqez l-l-bab. 2. rma irmi. He came right to when I dashed some water in his face. faq değya değya melli rmit šwiya de-l-ma Ela wežhu.

to dash off - mša imši be-z-zerba. Before I could answer, he dashed off. mša be-z-zerba qbel-ma mken-li nžaweb.

dashboard - tablu t-tumubil pl.

tabluyat t-tumubil. date - 1. temra pl. tmer. How much are dates by the kilo? be-shal t-tmer l-kilu? 2. tarix. On what date did your brother leave for America? fe-šmen tarix şafer xak l-9amirika? 3. mi \in ad pl. -at. have a date for lunch today. Eendi $mi \in ad l-yum f-le-\dot{g}da$. 4. weqt pl. wgat. You set the date! nta Eeyyen l-wegt.

**What's the date today? šhal mEana l-yum?

out-of-date - zemni. These machines are out of date. had lmakinat zemniyat.

to date -l-daba. We haven't heard from him to date. ma-wselna mennu hetta xbar.

up-to-date - 1. weqti. Her clothes are always up-to-date. hwayežha dima weqtiyen. 2. mtebbe E. I'm not up-to-date on this matter. and mamtebbe∈-š had l-qadiya.

to date - 1. turex. The letter is dated June 6th. le-bra mturxa nhar setta yunyu. 2. ržeć. The oldest house in town dates from the 17th century. 9eqdem dar f-le-mdina ka-teržeć l-l-yern s-sbečtaš.

date-palm, date-tree - nexla pl. nexlat coll. nxel.

daughter - bent pl. bnat.

daughter-in-law - mert l-weld pl. Eyalat le-wlad, Eyalat l-weld; Erușa pl. Erayes.

dawn - fžer. We had to get up at dawn. konna melzumin baš nnudu fe-l-fžer.

to dawn on - ban iban l-. finally dawned on me what he meant.

f-l-axer €ad ban-li še-bġa iqul. day - 1. nhar pl. -at, nhayer. He's been sleeping all day. n-nhar kollu u-huwa na Ees. 2. yum pl. iyam, iyamat. He's seen better days. dazet Elih iyam hsen men hadi. 3. wegt. He's had his day. fat

**Tuesday is my day off. ana kanriyyeh nhar tlata.

a day - fe-n-nhar. Three times a day, tlata de-l-merrat fe-n-nhar. --He earns forty dirhams a day. ka-işewwer reb€in derhem fe-n-nhar.

**Let's call it a day! iwa nhebsu

hnaya l-yum.

by the day - 1. koll nhar. He gets fresher by the day. ka-dzid fih d-dsara koll nhar. 2. be-n-nhar. You can rent this room by the day. imken-lek tekri had l-bit be-n-nhar.

day after day - nhar Ela nhar. Day after day he tells us the same old story. nhar Ela nhar ka-iEawedna dak le-xrafa l-bayta. -- Day after day his condition is improving. haltu ka-dzyan nhar Ela nhar.

day in, day out - n-nhar Ela xah. They fed us beans day in, day out. kanu ka-iwekkluna l-lubya n-nhar Ela xah.

every day - koll nhar. He works every day except Sunday. ka-ixdem koll nhar men gir l-hedd.

from day to day - men nhar le-nhar. It's getting worse from day to day. ka-dzid tkeffes men nhar le-nhar.

one of these days - 1. ši-nhar. I'll drop by your house one of these days. ši-nhar gadi nži l-Eendkom. \$i-yum. One of these days you'll be sorry. ši-yum men l-iyam gadi tendem.

(the) day after tomorrow - beEd ģedda. He's leaving the day after tomorrow. jadi imši beEd jedda.

the other day - dak n-nhar. I met him the other day. tEareft meah dak n-nhar.

these days - had l-iyam. are very high these days. $l-iyam\ t-tamanat\ tel \in et.$

daybreak - tlue n-nhar.

dazed - dehšan. He seemed completely dazed. dher dehšan tamamen.

dead - miyyet adj. pl. miyytin, n. pl. muta. They buried their dead. --His father defnu l-muta dyalhom. is dead. bbah miyyet.

**He brought the car to a dead stop. hbes t-tumubil tamamen. in dead earnest about it. hadi

niyti be-l-mufid. —It happened in the dead of night. Erat f-ness l-lil. —That's been dead and buried a long time. had \S - \S i tteqte ξ -lu r-ras \S hal hadi. —The fire is dead. l- ξ afya tfat.

dead broke - mezlut. I'm dead broke. r-ana mezlut.

dead certain - mheqqeq tamamen. I'm dead certain I put it there. ana mheqqeq tamamen billa hettitha temma.

dead-end street - derb ma-kaixerrež-š pl. druba ma-ka-ixerrzu. This is a dead-end street. had d-derb ma-ka-ixerrež-š.

deadly - lli ka-iqtel. This poison is deadly. had s-semm ka-iqtel. deaf - treš pl. tureš, teršin; smek pl. sumek. He's completely deaf. huwa treš tamamen.

**He's deaf to all requests.

ma-ka-iqbel hetta talab. --He can
talk you deaf, dumb, and blind!
rah iseddeek.

to deafen - semmek, terres. The noise is deafening. s-sda ka-iterres.

deal - 1. bi&a-u-šerya pl. bi&at-ušeryat. He made a lot of money on that deal. walayenni šhal de-l-flus &melf-dak l-bi&a-u-š-šerya. 2. demsa. Whose deal is it? fe-mmen d-demsa?

**He got a raw deal. tEeddaw Elih. --All I want is a square deal. ma-ka-ntleb gir heqqi.

a good deal - bezzaf. He smokes a good deal. ka-ikmi bezzaf.

a great deal - qder kbir, ši-kbir. There's a great deal to be done yet. ma-zal qder kbir xessu itteEmel.

to deal - ferreq. Who dealt (the cards)? Skun lli ferreq l-karta?
to deal with - 1, teelleg b-.

The book deals with labor problems. le-ktab ka-iteelleq b-mašakil l-tommal. 2. ttamel mta. He deals directly with the company. ka-ittamel b-rasu mta š-šarika.

to deal fairly with - tsewweb ma. He dealt fairly with me. tsewweb maya.

dealer - 1. biyyaé-ušerray pl. biyyaéau-šerraya, tažer pl. tožžar, džar (merchant). 2. ferraq l-karta pl. ferraqa l-karta (cards).

dear - Eziz pl. Ezizin, Ezaz. His sister is very dear to him. xtu Eziza Elih bezzaf.

oh dear - ya latif. Oh dear, we'll be late again! ya latif gad nweşlu meettlin tani.

death - mut. His death was announced in the newspapers. l-žaridat xebbret be-l-mut dyalu. --That carries the death penalty. dak š-ši ka-iteb Eu le-hkam be-l-mut.

**You'll catch your death of cold.

mta ġad-tmut be-r-rwah. --He'll be
the death of me yet. hada ġad-ihlekni.

--Don't work yourself to death.

ma-tehlek-š rasek be-l-xedma.

debate - mlažža pl. -t, munaqaša pl. -t, mužadala pl. -t, muhažaža pl. -t, niqaš, židal. The debate in the city council went on for hours. l-munaqaša ṭalet swaye€ fe-l-mežlis l-baladi.

to debate - lažež, naqeš, žadel. The question was debated for a long time. l-qadiya tnaqšet modda twila. twila.

to debate with oneself - tšawer mea rasu. I debated with myself whether or not to go. tšawert mea rasi waš nemši wella la.

debt - din pl. dyun. This payment settles your debt. had le-xlas seffa d-din lli Elik.

in debt - be-d-din, be-d-dyunat.

Is he still in debt? was huwa
ma-sal be-d-din? --He's up to his
ears in debt. huwa gareq fe-d-dyunat.
--They were always in debt. dima
kan Elihom d-din.

debtor - medyun pl. -in, medyan pl. -in. pl. medyanin.

decay - 1. (physical) susa. Decay set in rapidly. s-susa dexlet degya.
2. (social) fsad, nhilal.

decayed - msewwes, fased, menhell.

The root is decayed. ž-žder msewwes.
deceit - ģešš, xdi£a pl. xdaye£, xda£,
šemta.

deceitful - ġeššaš. He's very deceitful. huwa ġeššaš kbir.

to deceive - xiyyeb d-denn, gder, gerr b-. Appearances are deceiving. d-dwaher ka-ixiyybu d-denn. --His wife is deceiving him. mratu ka-tgedru. --He deceived us. gerr bina.

December - dužanbir.

decency - swab. It's common decency to answer letters promptly. men s-swab l-wahed ižaweb deżya Eel le-brawat.

decent - 1. fih le-hya, heššumi,
ka-ihšem. He's a decent fellow.
huwa wahed r-ražel ka-ihšem.
2. mwalem, mnaseb. He makes a decent
living. ka-isewwer Eiša mwalma.

to decide - 1. Esem. I decided to stay. ana Esemt baš nebga. 2. fsel.

He's the one to decide the case between them. huwa lli if sel l-qadiya binathom. 3. fedda b-. What did you decide on? b-as fedditi?

4. qtee r-ras l-. It isn't easy to decide that question. dak l-qadiya ma-si sahla itteqtee-lha rasha.

decided - bayen, wadeh. There's a decided difference between him and his brother. kayen ferq wadeh binu u-bin xah.

decidedly - be-l-mufid. He is decidedly worried about the exam. huwa mšewweš Eel l-imtihan be-l-mufid.

declaration - 1. testih pl. -at.

?i&lam pl. -at, ?i&lan pl. -at.

Declaration of war. ?i&lam be-lherb. 2. bayan pl. -at. He presented his declaration to the custom's inspector. qeddem bayanu lmuraqib d-diwana.

to declare - 1. Sher. They declared war on us. Sehru l-herb Elina.

2. biyyen. Do I have to declare the tobacco at the customs? was lazem nbiyyen d-doxxan fe-d-diwana?

decline - neqsan, seqt pl. squt. There was a decline in exports. kan neqsan fe-l-wesq.

to decline - 1. tah itih, nzel, qlal. His strength is declining rapidly. sehhtu ka-teqlal degya. 2. rfed. They had to decline his invitation. tsabu melzumin baš irefdu l-Eerda dyalu.

to decorate - 1. ziyyen. They decorated the streets for the king's visit. ziyynu z-znaqi le-d-dexla de-l-malik. 2. Eelleq wisam l.. He was decorated for heroism. Eellqu-lu wisam Ela šaža£tu.

decoration - 1. tesyina pl. -t; zina.

The decorations are in very bad taste. ma-kayen hetta duq fe-z-zina. 2. wisam pl. -at. What did he get the decoration for? Se-Emel bas xda l-wisam?

decrease - neqsan. Statistics show a decrease in the death rate in the last few years. l-?ihsa?at ka-tbiyyen neqsan fe-n-nesba de-l-mut had s-snin t-talya.

decree - dahir pl. dwaher. The decree goes into effect tomorrow. d-dahir gad-ittebbeg gedda.

to decree - ?amer, ?aden. The government decreed a holiday. l-hukuma ?adnet be-nhar de-l-Eotla. to deduct - nqeş, zuwwel. Deduct

ten per cent. zuwwel Eešra fe-lmya.

deed - 1. rsem pl. rsuma. The deed to

the house is at the lawyer's.

r-rsem de-d-dar Eend le-wkil.

2. feEla pl. fEayel, fEal; Eemla
pl. Emayel, Emal. There are good
deeds and bad deeds. kayna le-Emal
lli mezyana u-le-Emal lli qbia.

to deed - kteb f-esm-. My father has deeded the house to me. bba kteb-li d-dar f-esmi.

deep - 1. gareq, Emiq. Is this lake very deep? was had d-daya garqa bezzaf? 2. gmiq, Emiq. That subject is too deep for me. dak l-mudu£ gmiq Eliya bla qyas.

**How deep is the swimming pool? It's seven meters deep **Shal* de-l-gorg f-had s-sehriž? fih seb&a miter de-l-gorg.

deeply - bezzaf, bla qyas. He was deeply affected by their story. huwa t⁹etter bezzaf b-qeşşetham.

defeat - 1. qehra pl. -t, nhizam pl. -at. The enemy suffered a crushing defeat. le-Edu şabtu qehra qat£a.

2. ģelba pl. -at. Our forces inflicted an unprecedented defeat on the enemy. l-quwwat dyalna ģelbu le-Edu wahed l-ġelba Eemmerha ma-kanet.

to defeat - gleb. He's been defeated twice in the elections. ttegleb merrtayn f-l-intixabat.

defect = \(\xi\)ib pl. \(\xi\)yub. There must be
a defect in the motor. imken kayen
\(\xi\)-\(\xi\)ib fe-l-mutur.

defective - Eayeb.

to defend - dafe£ Ela. They decided not to defend the town. qerrru ma-idfa£u-š Eel le-mdina.

**You needn't defend yourself.
ma-kayen l-aš teEtader.

defense - 1. mdaféa, difaé. The defense was weak. le-mdaféa kanet déifa. --What can you say in your defense? aš imken-lek tqul fe-d-difaé éla rasek? 2. mhamya pl. -t. I didn't want him to come to my defense. ma-bġit-š le-mhamya dyalu.

Ministry of Defense - wisarat d-difae.

He works for the Ministry of Defense. huwa ka-ixdem f-wizarat d-difae.

to define - 1. hedded. Can you define the word 'democracy'? was tegder thedded kelmet d-dimugratiya?

2. Eeyyen. The boundaries were newly defined by the treaty. l-hudud teeyynu Eewwed fe-l-muEahada.

definite - mxettet, mqerrer, meeyyen. Do you have any definite plan? waš Eendek ši-bernamež mxettet?

definitely - bla hetta šekk. I'm def-

initely coming. ana žay bla hetta šekk.

to defy - thedda. The deputy defied the Opposition to find a solution to the problem. n-nayeb thedda l-muEarada baš ilgaw hell muškila.

degree - 1. daraža pl. -t. Last night the temperature dropped ten degrees. l-bareh fe-l-lil l-harara tahet b-Eesra de-d-daražat. 2. šahada pl. -t. He received his degree last year. šebber šahadtu

l-Eam lli fat.

to a certain degree - l-wahed lhedd, l-wahed d-daraža. To a certain degree he's responsible. 1wahed l-hedd, huva mes ?ul.

delay - te?xir, ažal. What's causing the delay? aš lli Eamel had t-te?xir?

to delay - wexxer. We're going to delay the trip for a week. nwexxru s-safar b-žem£a.

to be delayed - t?exxer. I was delayed on the way. ana texxert

fe-t-tria.

delegate - 1. Eudw wefd pl. ?aEda? wefd. The delegates will arrive tomorrow. ?a&da? l-wefd gad iweşlu ģedda. 2. mumettil pl. -in. Her uncle has been delegate to the U.N. for two years. hadi Eamayn u-Eemmha mumettil f-hay? at l-? umam. 3. nayeb pl. nuwwab. They've elected him to the House of Delegates. ntaxbuh l-mežlis n-nuwwab.

delegation - wefd pl. wufud, beeta pl. -t. Will you receive this delegation? was imken-lek tqabel had l-wefd?

deliberate - mEemmed, metEemmed. caught him in a deliberate lie. hesselnah f-kedba mEemmda.

deliberately - be-l-Eani. I don't think he did it deliberately. maka-ndenn-š darha be-l-Eani.

delicate - 1. raši. Her health is very delicate. sehhtha rašya bla qyas. 2. dqiq. That's a delicate question. qadiya dqiqa hadi.

delicious - ldid pl. ldad. This is delicious candy. had l-fanid ldid.

delighted - ferhan, mesrur. I'm delighted to have seen him. ana ferhan lli šeftu.

delightful - bahež, našet. We've had a delightful evening. duwwezna tegsira bahža.

to deliver - 1. dfeE. They 'll deliver it to you there. $\dot{g}ad$ $idef \in u-lek$ dakš-ši temma. 2. ferreq. How many times a day do they deliver the mail

here? Shal men merra fe-n-nhar kaiferrau l-barid hnaya? 3. sifet or safet isifet. We can deliver these purchases to you later. imken-lna nsiftu-lek had s-sel&a men be&d.

to be delivered - 1. $ttedfe\xi$, tteEta, tsellem. The goods are to be delivered at the back door. ssel&a ka-ixessha ttedfe& men l-bab l-lurani. 2. wled. His wife was delivered of a girl. mratu weldet bnita.

delivery - 1. dfu. The delivery of tne merchandise was delayed. t exxru be-dfu & s-sel & 2. tefriqa pl. -t. The letter came in the second delivery. le-bra žat fe-ttefriqa t-tanya.

demand - talab pl. -at. There's a big demand for fresh fruit. l-gella t-triyya Eliha talab kbir. --The library can't supply the demand for books. l-xizana ma-tegder-* tneffed t-talabat lli kayna €el le-ktub. -- He makes no demands whatsoever. ma-ka-ye∈mel hetta ši-talab abadan.

to make demands on - ttelleb men. They make many demands on our time. ka-ittellbu mennna l-wegt bezzaf.

in demand - metlub, Elih t-talab. He was in great demand as a speaker. kan meţļub bezzaf baš yeEmel kalimat.

to demand - taleb. He's demanding more money. ka-italeb be-z-zyada fe-l-flus.

democracy - dimugratiya.

democratic - dimugrati. democratically - be-d-dimugrativa.

demon - Eefrit pl. Efaret, Eafarit; šiţan pl. šyaţen, šayaţin.

to demonstrate - 1. werra, biyyen. I'll now demonstrate how the machine works. daba gad nbiyyen kif-aš lmakina ka-texdem. 2. ddaher. The students demonstrated against the new law. t-talaba ddahru dedd lqanun ž-ždid.

demonstration - 1. bayan. He gave me a very clear demonstration of the problem. Etani bayan wadeh l-l-2. mudahara pl. -t. There muškila. was a demonstration yesterday in front of the Prime Minister's residence. yames kanet mudahara qeddam dar ra?is l-wizara.

den - ġar pl. ġiṛan. Why venture into the lion's den? š-bini u-bin s-sbe& neEmel rași f-garu?

dense - 1. mteggel. We drove through (a) dense fog. segna f-wahed d-dbaba mteqqla. 2. mkellex. I've never seen anyone as dense as he is. Eemmri ma-šeft ši-wahed mkellex bhalu.

3. meahem. This area has a dense population. had ž-žiha meahma be-s-sokkan.

dent - t\(\xi\)enfi\(\xi\)a pl. -t. Who put this dent in my car? \(\xi\)kun lli \(\xi\)mel-li had t-t\(\xi\)enfi\(\xi\)a fe-t-tumubil?

to dent - Eenfež, Eenwež. The fender was badly dented. d-dEama de-t-tumubil tEenfžet bezzaf.

dentist - tbib de-s-snan pl. tobba de-s-snan.

to deny - 1. nker. He denies having been a member of that party. ka-inker billa kan Eudw f-dak l-hizeb.
2. redd fe-wžeh-. I couldn't deny my uncle the favor. ma-qdert-š nreddha fe-wžeh Eenmi.

to deny oneself - hrem raşu men, qte Ela raşu. She never denies herself anything. Eemmerha ma katehrem raşha men ši-haža.

to depart - şafer, mša imši. He departed for Beirut yesterday. şafer l-bayrut l-bareh.

department - 1. qent pl. qnut; rehba pl. rhabi; rekna pl. rkani; da?ira pl. -t. In which department of the store does he work? fe-5-men qent de-l-hanut ka-ixdem? 2. xtisas. That sort of thing isn't in my department. haĕa bhal dak 5-5i ma-5i men xtisasi.

Department - wisara pl. -at.
This matter is for the Department of State. hadi qadiya xassa b-wisart l-xarižiya.

departure - mši, safar. The departure is scheduled for three o'clock. le-mši gad'ikun fe-t-tlata.

to depend - Etamed Ela, ttkel Ela,
Eewwel Ela. Can I depend on him?
waš imken-li neEtamed Elih? --You
can depend on that. imken-lek ttkel
Ela dak š-ši. --I depend on him for
support. r-ana mEewwel Elih iEawenni.

**That depends on the circumstances. dak š-ši $\mathcal{E}la$ hasab d-duruf. dependent on - mettkel $\mathcal{E}la$, me $\mathcal{E}tamed$ $\mathcal{E}la$. I'm financially dependent on him. and mettkel $\mathcal{E}lih$ fe-l-flus.

to depose - zuzwel, qelle. They want to depose the king. bġaw izuwwlu l-malik.

deposit - 1. flus. I still have to make a deposit at the bank. ma-zal ka-ixessni nnezzel le-flus fe-l-benk.
2. Eerbun pl. Eraben. If you leave a deposit, we'll lay it aside for you. ila xelliti l-Eerbun nxebbEuha-lek.

to deposit - nezzel, hett. I'll

have to deposit some money at the bank. gad ixessni nnezzel \$i-flus fe-l-benk.

to depress - kedder. His letters always depress me. brawatu dima ka-tkedderni.

depressed - mkedder, tayer-lu. He's been very depressed lately. huwa mkedder bezzaf had l-iyam.

depressing - (lli) ka-ikedder, (lli) ka-iqbet, (lli) ka-yeEmel l-kadar, (lli) ka-iqennet. His very presence is depressing. hduru ka-iqennet.

depression - iyam le-ksad, iyam l%ezma. We lost all our money in the
depression. xserna flusna kollhom
f-iyam le-ksad.

to deprive - hrem, gseb. I wouldn't want to deprive you of your cigarettes. ma-nebgi-ši nhermek men d-doxxan dyalek. --He doesn't deprive himself of anything. ma-ka-ihrem raşu hetta men haža.

depth - gorg, Eomq.

deputy - nayeb pl. nummab. The deputy spoke before the council. n-nayeb xteb Eel l-mežlis.

Chamber of Deputies - mežlis n-nuwwab pl. mažalis n-nuwwab.

to be derailed - xrež Eel t-triq, xrež Eel s-sekka. The express was derailed near Tangiers. l-qitar s-sriE xrež Eel s-sekka hda tanža.

Dervish - derwiš pl. draweš.

to descend - 1. nzel, hhet. The plane descended slowly. t-tiyyara neslet be-\$-\$wiya. --All our relatives have descended upon us. hbabna kollhom neslu Elina.

2. tiyyeh b-raşu. I'd never have thought she'd descend so low. Eemmerha ma-dži l-bali ttiyyeh b-raşha l-had l-hedd.

descended - maži. He's descended from an old Arab family. hwwa maži men wahed l-Ea?ila Earabiya qdima.

descendant - weld pl. wlad; men wlad.

He claims he's a descendant of Mulay
Idris. ka-iqul huwa men wlad mulay
idris.

to describe - wsef. She described the scene accurately. wesfet lmender be-tedgig.

description - wesf pl. wsaf. Can you give me a detailed description?
was tegder testini wesf mfessel?

desert - sehra pl. shari. They crossed
 the desert in twenty days. qet&u
 s-sehra f-&e*srin yum.

to desert - 1. hreb Ela. Don't desert me now' ma-tehreb-š Eliya daba. 2. gerta. The soldiers deserted in droves. l-Eesker zertaw žma£a žma£a.

deserted - xali. After a long march they came to a deserted village. be\(\xi\) modda twila d-le-m\(\xi\)i weslu wahed d-duwwar xali.

to deserve - staheq, tteshel. Such a good worker deserves better pay. xeddam mezyan bhal hada itteshel ⁹užra hsen men hadi.

design - 1. textit pl. -at. He's working on the design for a new refrigerator. huwa xeddam f-textit tellaža ždida. 2. zwaq pl. zwagat; zuwwaga pl. -t. The tablecloth has a simple design. l-mendil fih zwac metluq.

to design - fessel. She designs her own clothes. ka-tfessel hwayežha

l-rasha.

desirable - 1. mehbub, meqbul. A change would be very desirable. ila wqe & ši-teģyir ġad ikun mehbub bezzaf. 2. f-ġaya. This is a very desirable neighborhood for a hotel. had l-hewma f-ġaya bezzaf l-ši-util. desire - murad pl. -at; reġba pl. -t.

My desires are easily satisfied.

muradati degya ka-ttheggeg.

desk - mekteb pl. makatib. This desk is too small for me. had l-mekteb sgir Eliya bezzaf.

despair - ya?s, iyas.

to despair of - qte l-iyas men. desperate - ya es, mye es. She was desperate. kanet ya sa.

desperate situation - hala ya?isa, hala ba?isa. The failure of his business left him in a desperate situation. xfuqu fe-l-haraka dyalu xellah f-hala ya?isa.

to despise - hger, htager. They depise him because of his cowardice. ka-ihegruh Ela iter l-xewf dyalu.

destination - mahell layn maši. When do we reach our destination? fuq-aš gad nweslu l-l-mahell layn mašyin?

destiny - 1. mektub pl. makatib. It was his destiny to die in a foreign country. kan mektubu imut fe-blad xra. 2. maṣiṛ. The Algerians want to decide their own destiny. lases iriyen bgaw iqerṛru maṣiṛhom b-iddhom.

destroy = ,heddem, hettem. The earthquake destroyed a third of the
town. z-zelzal heddem t-tulut fle-mdina.

to be destroyed - theddem, thettem. All my papers were destroyed in the fire. wraqi kollhom thettmu $fe-l-\epsilon afya$.

destroyer - 1. heddam pl. -a. 2. (ship) mudemmira pl. -t.

destruction - tehdim, tehtim. The fire caused a lot of destruction. l-Eafya Eemlet bezzaf de-t-tehdim.

to detach - freq.

detail - tefsil pl. tafaşil. Today's paper gives further details. Earidt l-yum ka-tecti tafaşil Ara. in detail - be-t-tefsil, koll-. He described the incident in detail. huwa wsef l-waqica be-t-tefsil. --But I explained it to you in detail. walakin fessertha-lek kollha. to go into detail(s) - dxel fe-t-

to go into detail(s) - dxel fe-t-tafasil. I don't want to go into details. ma-bagi-s ndxol fe-t-tafasil.

detailed - mfessel. He gave a detailed report. Eta tegrir mfessel. detective - mufettiš š-šorta pl. mufettišin š-šorta.

determination - Eezm, Eazima pl. -t, Eazayem. He showed great determination. dehher Eezm kbir.

determined - εαzem. She's determined to have her way. hiya εαzma ttbeε nadarha.

detour - dura pl. -t. We made a long detour to see the lake. Emelna dura kbira baš nšufu d-daya.
2. tehrif, teEwiža. There's a detour here because the road is under repair. kayen tehrif hnaya hit ttriq ka-ttesleh.

to detour - herref. Traffic was detoured because of the automobile accident. s-siyarat herrfu \(\ext{la-wedd} \) \(l - hadita \) \(l l i \) \(kanet. \)

develop - 1. xerrež. Would you develop this film for me? waš txerrež-li had l-qennut? 2. tleć, kber, ndež. The boy's developing nicely. l-weld taleć f-żaya, tbarek llah. 3. ttuwwer. His cough developed into a serious illness. séeltu ttuwwret l-wahed l-merd séib. 4. ržeć, sar isir. The plant developed into a big tree. n-neqla režéet šežra kbira.

development - tatewwwr pl. -at. Do you know anything about the latest developments? was Earef Si-haza, Eel t-tatewwwrat t-talya?

device = ?ala pl. -t. fhat's an ingenious device. dak l-?ala bariξa. devil = šitan pl. šayatin, šyaten.

to devote - xeşşeş, sebbel, Eta yeEţi.
He devoted all his time to his
studies. weqtu kollu xeşşşu ldirastu.

dew - nda.

diabetes - merd s-sokkar.

dial - 1. nmari (pl.). Telephones with dials are a rather recent invention. t-tilifunat lli be-n-nmari xtiras qrib. 2. rxama pl. -t. The dial on my watch is dirty. rxamt maganti mwossxa.

to dial - duwwer. She dialed the wrong number. n-nemra lli duwwret salta.

dialect - lehža pl. -t. Many dialects are spoken here. n-nas ka-itkellmu bessaf de-l-lehžat hnaya.

diamond - žohra pl. -t coll. žuher, hežra pl. -t coll hžer. He put his diamonds in the safe. xzen ž-žuher dyalu fe-s-sendug.

diarrhea - džerya, kerš metluga. He had diarrhea. l-kers kanet metluga Elih.

dice - dwades (pl.). sg. dadus. Let's play with my dice. nle&bu be-dwades dyali.

**The die is cast. lli Eţa llah

to dictate - fta ifti. He's dictating a letter. ka-ifti wahed le-bra.

**I won't be dictated to. hetta wahed ma-gad iqul-li š-gad necmel. to take dictation - kteb lli ttefta-lu. Will you please take some dictation? Eafak kteb had š-ši lli gad nefti-lek.

die - see dice.

to die - 1. mat imut, tweffa. He died this morning at two o'clock. mat l-bareh fe-z-zuz de-l-lil. - The tree is dying. š-šežra ka-tmut. - I just about died laughing when I heard that. kont ġad nmut be-d-dehk melli smeet dak š-ši. 2. wqef. The motor died. l-mutur wqef. 3. hmaq. I'm dying to find out what he said. ka-nehmaq neeref š-qal. 4. ġber, tqada. Old customs die hard. l-Eadat le-qdam ṣeab baš iġebru.

to die away - ġab iġib. The noise of the train died away in the distance. haṛaž l-mašina ġab m£a l-bo£d.

to die down - 1. tfa itfa. We let the fire die down. xellina l-Eafya ttfa. 2. bred, hmed. The excitement will die down in a few days. t-tehžiž ġad-ibred men daba ši-iyamat.

to die off - tqada, tsala, mša imši. The old inhabitants are dying off. s-sokkan le-qdam ka-itqadaw.

to die out - mša imši, tqada, tsala. This old custom is gradually dying out. had l-Eada le-qdima katemši šwiya be-šwiya.

diet - 1. makla pl. -t, mwakel. The Moroccan diet is highly varied. l-makla l-megribiya matnuwwea bezzaf.
2. qanun fe-l-makla. An ailing person should follow a diet. le-mrid ka-ixessu itebbee l-qanun fe-l-makla.

**I have to keep to a strict diet.
ka-ixessni nehdi rasi fe-l-makla.
to diet - kia yakol be-l-qanun.
I've been dieting for a month, but
still I haven't lost any weight.
hadi sher w-ana ka-nakol be-l-qanun
u-ma-sal ma-tiyyeht walu.

to differ - 1. xtalef. They differ in every respect. ka-ixtalfu men koll žiha. —Opinions differ here. leryay ka-ixtalfu hnaya. 2. xalef, xtalef mea. I beg to differ with you this time. smeh-li nxalfek had l-merra.

difference - ferq pl. fruqa. Can you
 explain the difference to me? was
 tegder tfesser_li l-ferq?

**Does it make any difference if I write in pencil? was kayen ši-bas ila ktebt b-le-qlam d-le-xfif? ——It makes no difference when you come. wegt-as-emma žiti huwa hadak.

different - 1. mextalef. The two brothers are very different. l-xut b-žuž mextalfin bezzaf. 2. axur f. xra pl. xrin f. pl. xrat. That's quite different. hadak ši-axur. --That's a different matter. hadik haža xra.

differently - b-kifiya xra, fe-škel axur. I think differently about it. ka-nfekker fiha b-kifiya xra.

difficult - \$\xiib pl. \$\xiab \xiab \xi \xi bin.

It's difficult to understand what he means. \$\xiib ba\xi ittefhem \xi-ka-ye\xini.

difficulty - sučuba pl. -t, sičab. He overcame all difficulties. s-sučubat kollha tgelleb čliha.

to dig - hfer. Dig a hole here, please. hfer ši-teqba hnaya £afak.

to dig up - žbed. I don't know why he dug up that old story. ma
£reft-ši £laš žbed dak le-xrafa.

**If you're hungry just dig in.
ila kan bik ž-žu£, kul £la rasek.

to digest - hdem.

digestion - hdim.

dignified - (lli) Elih l-hemma. His father was a dignified old gentleman. bbah kan ražel kbir u-Elih l-hemma.

dim - mdeEmeš. I couldn't see anything in that dim light. ma-qdert nšuf hetta haža f-hadak d-duw le-

mde∈meš.

dimple - hfert z-zın, hofra de-z-zın.
to dine - 1. (evening meal) t∈ešša.
2. (midday meal) tġedda. We always

dine out on Sundays. dima kantģeddaw berra nhar l-hedd.

dining room - 1. bit l-makla pl. byut l-makla. Bring another chair into the dining room. žib šelya žra l-bit l-makla. 2. šala de-l-makla pl. - t de-l-makla, metem pl mataeim. The hotel has two dining rooms. l-util Eendu žuz de-s-salat de-l-makla.

dinner - 1. (evening meal) Eša pl
-wat. Dinner will be ready at six
le-Eša tkun wažda fe-s-setta.

2. (midday meal) ġda pl -wat. On
Sundays we serve dinner at two
o'clock nhar l-hedd ka-nnezzlu
le-ġda fe-ž-žuž. 3. zerda pl. -t,
zradi. We're giving a dinner in
his honor. ġad ndiru-lu wahed zzerda.

to have dinner - see dine.
dip - Eewma pl. -t. Shall we take a
dip? nEemlu ši-Eewma?

to dip - 1. hebbet. They dipped the flag in salute. hebbtu r-raya le-s-slam. 2. gtes. I dipped my finger into the water. gtest seber fe-l-ma.

**I have to dip into my savings now. xeşşni neğbed men le-hşiyyşa daba.

direct - 1. qaşed. There is no direct route. ma-kayen-š ţriq qaşda.
2. doğri. I like his direct manners. ka-ye£žebni kif ka-it£amel doğri. 3. tamamen. It's the direct opposite of what we expected. had š-ši tamamen £akes lli konna metweqq£ineh.

to direct - 1. ?amer. We were directed to follow the old regulations. ?amruna baš ntebbEu lgawanın le-qdıma. 2. gabel. A policeman is directing the traffic. wahed l-bulisi maabel le-mii u-lemži. 3. werra. Can you direct me to the post office? was imken-lek twerrini l-buşta. 4. siyyer. Who directed the orchestra yesterday? škun llı sıyyer l-žuq l-bareh? 5. wežžeh. The speech was directed to the young people l-kalıma kanet mwežžha le-š-šobban. mešša. Who's directing the play? * * kun lli ka-ımeššı r-rıwaya?

direction - žiha pl. -t, žwayeh. In which direction did he go? le-š-men žiha mša? directly - 1. qaṣeḍ, doġrī. Let's go directly to the hotel. yaḷḷah nemšīw qaṣḍɪn l-l-uṭiḷ. 2. be-d-dat. Our house is directly opposite the store. ḍaṛna mgabla l-ḥanut be-d-dat.

dirt - trab pl. trabat, trubat. My gloves fell in the dirt. sebbaEati tahu fe-t-trab.

dirty - 1. mwossex. The floor is dirty. l-lerd mwossex. 2. Ewež pl. Eiwež, mherref. He gave us a dirty look. šaf fina šufa Eewža.
3. mberreq. That's a dirty lie. hadik kedba mberrqa. 4. mseffeh. Most of his stories are pretty dirty. xrayfu ktir š-ši mseffha.

**He played a dirty trick on us. darha bina. --That's a dirty shame! hsuma kbira hadi!

to dirty - wessex. Don't dirty your shoes. ma-twessex-s sebbatek. disability - Eatab pl Etab, Etub. He cannot play soccer because of a disability ma-ka-iqder-s ileeb

l-kura Ela peqq Eendu Eatab.
to be **disabled** - tEetteb. The soldier
was disabled for life. l-Eeskri

teetteb ela tul eemru.

disadvantage - maderra pl. -t. I'm at
a disadvantage. Eendu maderra.

to disagree - 1. ma-ttafeq-8. I disagree with you. and ma-mettafeq-8 meak. --I disagree with this method and ma-mettafeq-8 meak had t-tariqa.

2. ma-wafeq-8. Cucumbers disagree with me le-xyar ma-ka-iwafeqni-8.

to disappear - gber. He disappeared in the crowd. gber fe-z-zham.

to disappoint - x1yyeb.

to be disappointed - xab ixib dennu. I was very much disappointed. xab denni bezzaf.

disappointment - x1ba, xayba pl -t.

It was a great disappointment xayba kbira kanet.

to disapprove of - ma-wafeq-\$ Ela.

He disapproves of our plans. maka-iwafeq-\$ Ela me\$ruEna.

to disarm - 1. xda yaxod s-slah men, žerred men s-slah. The prisoners were quickly disarmed degya xdaw s-slah men le-msažen.

2. nze£ s-slah Do you think the great powers will ever disarm? waš ka-ddenn d-duwal le-kbira Eemmerha gad tenze£ s-slah?

disarmament - naze s-slah.

disaster - muşıba pl -t, mşayeb. The airplane crash was a great disaster haditat t-tiyyara kanet muşıba kbira. disastrous - mudir, muşıb.

discharge - tehrir (men l-žiš). I got
my discharge (from the army) in
November. šebbert tehriri men l-žiš
f-nuwanbir.

to discharge - 1. dha idhi. Why was he discharged from that job? Elaš dhaweh men dik l-xedma?
2. qam iqum b-. He discharged his duties promptly. qam b-wažibatu b-sor£a.

discipline - terbiya pl. -t; nidam. He insists on strict discipline. ka-ileḥḥ ∈la terbiya žiyyda.

to disclose - dehher, biyyen. The investigation disclosed new facts.

l-beht biyyen haqyeq xra.

discount - texfid, tyuh, neqsan. Can you get a discount on these books? was imken-lek thessel Ela Si-texfid f-had le-ktub?

to discourage - berred, ma-šežšeć-š. It discouraged me completely. had š-ši berredni tamamen.

to discourage from - redd. He did everything he could to discourage me. Emel koll-ma f-žehdu baš ireddni.

to get discouraged - mell, bred, Eya, fšel, qnet. He gets discouraged easily. deżya ka-imell.

discouraging - (lli) ma-ka-išežžeć-š, (lli) ma-ka-ibčet-š čel n-našat. The results are very discouraging. n-nat?iž ma-ka-tšežžeć-š bezzaf.

to discover - ktašef, žber. Columbus discovered America in 1492. kuļun ktašef ⁹amirika f-Eam ⁹alef urbeē mya u-tnayn u-tesēin.

discovery - ktišaf pl. -at. He made an important discovery. Emel wahed le-ktišaf muhimm.

to discuss - ddaker, nageš, žbed.
Discuss the matter with him. ddaker
meah fe-l-qadiya. --The question
was discussed at length. ra lqadiya ddakru fiha b-tetwil.
discussion - mudakara pl. -t,

muhadata pl. -t, munagaša pl. -t.
disease - merd pl. ?amrad. This
disease is contagious. had l-merd
ka-iEadi.

disfigure - xeşşer. The scar disfigures his face. *atar ž-žerh xeşser-lu wežhu.

disgrace - 1. Ear pl -at, Eiran;
hšuma pl. -t, hšayem. Her behavior
brought disgrace on her family.
sirtha žabet le-hšuma l-Ea?iltha.
2. (lli) ka-ižib le-hšuma. These
pupils are a disgrace to the school.
had t-tlamed ka-ižibu le-hšayem ll-medrasa.

to disgrace - heššem b-.
disguise - txefya pl. -t, texbića pl.
-t. I didn't recognize him in his
disguise. ma-Ereftu-š fe-t-txefya

dvalu.

to disguise - 1. beddel. He disguised his handwriting. beddel ktabtu. 2. xebbec. They succeeded in disguising their feelings well. Eerfu ixebbeu Eawatifhom.

to disguise oneself - xfa ixfi raşu. He disguised himself to avoid capture. xfa rasu baš ma-itteqbet-š.

to disguise oneself as - Emel raşu bhal. She had disguised herself as a man. kanet Eamla raşha bhal r-ražel.

disgust - mellan. He turned away in disgust. duwwer wezhu be-l-mellan.

to disgust - Eeyyef, tleE fe-r-ras l-. His conduct disgusts me. sirtu ka-ttleE-li f-rasi.

to be disgusted - mell men. I'm disgusted with everything. ana mellit men koll-ši.

dish - 1. tebşil pl. tbaşel. How many dishes did your little sister break today? xtek ş-şġira, šhal men tebşil herrset l-yum? 2. makla pl. -t, mwakel. I have a recipe for a new dish. Eendi l-iqama l-wahed l-makla ždida.

to disinherit - berra f-, hrem men lwert. His father threatened to disinherit him. bhah hedded billa gad iberri fih.

dislike - kerh, nfur. I couldn't conceal my dislike for him.
ma-qdert-s nexfi kerhi lih.

to dislike - kreh, ma-bga-s, ma-hmel-š. I. dislike that fellow. ma-ka-nehmel-š dak xiyyi.

to dislocate - fekk. He dislocated his shoulder. fekk ketfu.

disloyal - xedda pl. -a.
dismal - hazen, mkedder. It's a dismal day today. nhar mkedder hada.

to dismiss - 1. dha idhi, sifet or safet isifet f-halu, tred. She was dismissed after two weeks. saftuha f-halha žmečtayn men bečd. The court dismissed the complaint. l-mehkama refdet š-šekwa.

**He dismissed the matter with a shrug of the shoulder. xser Eel l-qadiya hezza d-ketfu.

display - testifa de-s-seléa, pl.

testifat s-slaéi. Did you see the
beautiful displays on Mohammed V

Avenue? šefti testifat s-slaéi

l-mezyana f-šarić muhemmed l-xamis?

on display - mećrud, mćelleq.

The paintings are on display at the museum. l-luhat rahom mećrudin fel-methef.

to display - dehher, biyyen. He displays great courage. ka-idehher ržuliya kbira.

to dispose of - tfekk men, thenna men, rtah men. They will leave as soon as they dispose of their furniture. gir itfekku men hwayežhom gad imšiw f-halhom. --Because of the gasoline shortage, we had to dispose of our car. Ela qibat qellt l-isans tterrina nthennaw men s-siyara. --Where can 1 dispose of this? favn imken-li ntfekk men had š-ši?

disposed - mayel. He is kindly disposed towards you. huwa mayel-lek ši-šwiya.

disposition - tbica. He has a mean disposition. Eendu tbica qbiha.

to disregard - 1. ma-ddaha-š ma-iddiha-š
f-. If I were you, I'd simply disregard
the letter. la kont and bhalek gat
ma-nddiha f-le-bra. 2. tEama Ela, hmel.
We can't disregard his objections.
ma-ngedru-š ntEamaw Eel l-muEaradat
dyalu.

to dissipate - 1. dfeE, sref, bedder, xser. He dissipated his entire fortune. maliytu kollha bedderha.
2. taš itiš. If he continues to dissipate at this rate, he won't last long. ila bqa tayeš Ela had l-hala, ma-izid-ši men hna l-temma.

dissipated - tayeš. He leads a dissipated life. ka-iĉiš ĉiša tayša.
**He has a terribly dissipated

look. Šuftu tamamen ma-ši hiya hadik.

to dissolve - 1. duwweb. Dissolve the tablet in a glass of water. duwweb l-hebba f-kas de-l-ma. 2. dab idub. It dissolves in water ka-ddub fe-l-ma. 3. zell. The king dissolved the consultative assembly. l-malik zell l-mežlis l-istišari.

distance - masafa pl. -t. The distance between Rabat and Casablance is ninety-nine kilometers. l-masafa ma bin r-rbat u-d-dar l-bida tes Eud u-tes Ein kilumiter. --We can cover the distance in three hours. nqedru nqet Eul-masafa fe-tlata de-s-swaye E.

from a distance - men $b \in id$. You can see the tower from a distance imken-lek tsuf l-borz men $b \in id$.

in the distance - b&id, ra fayn. You can see the village in the distance. imken-lek t*uf d-duwar b&id. to keep one's distance - wegger rasu, sebber wegru. He knows how to keep his distance. ka-yeeref kif-as isebber wegru.

distant - $b \in id$.

distinct - wadeh, bayen. There's a distinct difference between the two. kayen ferq wadeh binathom b-žuž.

distinctly - be-s-saraha, b-kifiya wadha. I told him distinctly not to come. qolt-lu b-kifiya wadha ma-iži-š.

to distinguish - freq, miyyez. I can't distinguish the colors. ma-ka-nefref-8 nmiyyez l-lwan.

to distinguish hetween - freq bin, ferreq bin, fref, frez. Can you distinguish between the two? was teqder tefreq bin hada u-hada? --I could hardly distinguish one twin from the other. ma-qdert-s hetta nefrez t-twam.

to distinguish oneself - tmiyyez, ban, tteEref. He distinguished himself by his courage. tmiyyez ber-ržuliya dyalu.

distress - 1. šedda pl. -t, šdayed.

The Red Crescent did everything to relieve the distress. l-hilal le-hmer dar žehdu baš ixeffef š-šedda.

2. xatar. The ship was in distress. l-babbur kan fe-l-xatar.

l-babbur kan fe-l-mum. He caused his mother much distress.

dar le-mum bezzaf de-l-hem

to distribute - ferreq, wesset. What time do they distribute the mail? fe-s-men sata ka-iferrqu l-barid?

district - 1. nahiya pl. -t, nawahi.

This is a very poor district. had n-nahiya fqira bezzaf. 2. muqata£a pl. -t. The city is divided into ten districts. le-mdina mqessma £la £ešra de-l-muqata£at.

to disturb - 1. Summes Ela. Don't disturb the others. ma-tsummes-s Eel le-xrin. 2. rummen, xellet. Someone has disturbed my papers. Si-wahed rummen-li kwagti.

**This news disturbs me. had lexbar qleb-li dmagi.

ditch - hefra pl. -t, hfari, hafa pl.
-t. The car got stuck in the ditch.
t-tumubil heslet fe-l-hefra.

to divide - 1. qsem, freq, wezzeć. My partner and I divided the profits. ana u-šriki qsemna le-fdel. --The land was divided among the peasants. l-lerd twezzéet éel l-fellaha.

2. xtalef. Opinions are divided on that question. le-ryay ka-textalef f-had l-qadiya.

**The book is divided into two

parts. le-ktab fih žuž d-le-qşam. divorce - tlaq pl. -at.

to get a divorce - šebber t-tlaq, šedd t-tlaq, ttelleq. She wants to get a divorce. hiya bağya tšebber t-tlaq.

to divorce - telleq. She divorced her husband several years ago. tellet raželha hadi snin. --He's divorced from his wife. huwa mtelleq men mratu.

dizzy - dayex, bih d-duxa. I feel dizzy and so does she. ana dayex u-hetta hiya biha d-duxa.

to do - 1. qam i qum b-. He does his duty. ka-iqum b-wažbu. 2. Emel, dar idir. I can't do more than forty kilometers an hour. maneqder-s neemel kter men rebein kilumiter fe-s-sa€a. --Do as I do. dir bhali. -- I'll do my best to have it ready on time. gad ne Emel žehdi baš tkun wažda fe-l-weqt. 3. qda iqdi. What am I going to do with this hammer? š-gad negdi b-had le-mterga? 4. duwwez. He did five years in jail. duwwez xems snin fe-l-hebs. 5. gedd, kfa ikfi. This roast will do for four people. had le-mhemmer gad iqedd l-xemsa de-n-nas. 6. walem. This will do very nicely. had š-ši iwalem f-gaya. 7. xemmel. My room hasn't been done yet. l-bit dyali ma-zal ma-txemmel. 8. summeb. It takes her an hour to do her hair. ka-ixessha sa£a baš tşuwweb raşha.

**What's to be done with this? l-aš ġad ixdem had-š-ši? --That has nothing to do with this question. dak š-ši ma-£endu £alaqa m£a had l-mes°ala. --They can't do a thing to him. ma-£endhom-ši baš i?adiweh. --This won't do, my friend! had š-ši ma-imken-š, a şahbi.

to do away with - fedda men. They plan to do away with all the requirements. ka-ifekkru ifeddiw men š-šurut kollha.

to do good - nfee, Eewwen, Emel xir f-. It won't do you much good to complain. ma-gadi-š inefeek teška. --A vacation will do you lots of good. ši-Eotla. teemel fik l-xir bezzaf.

to do harm - derr. Will it do harm if I leave it out? was iderrila xellitha?

to do out of - Eebba, dehmer f-. He did me out of all my money. Eebba-li flusi kollhom.

to do the dishes - gsel l-lwani,

gsel le-mwaten. We have to do the dishes now. ka-ixessna ngeslu l-lwani daba.

to do the laundry - sebben, gsel tesbin. Do you have to do the laundry tomorrow? was lazem tsebben gedda? --Where can I have my laundry done? fayn imken-li neeti hwayzi itsebbnu?

to do well - 1. tlee mezyan. The wheat's doing well this year. legemb talee mezyan had leam.

2. tmešša mlib. My sister is doing well at school. xti ka-ttmešša mlib fe-l-medrasa.

to do with - bga ibgi, ma-kreh-8. We could do with a little more help. ma-nkerhu-8 8i-maEuna 3ra.

to do without - bqa ibqa bla, ttegna Ela. Can you do without this book for a while? was imken-lek tebqa bla had le-ktab ši-šwiya? dock - mun pl. -a. I nearly fell off the dock. gir šwiya kont gad ntih men l-mun.

to dock - ressa. Where does the boat dock? fayn ka-iressi l-babur? doctor - tbib pl. tobba. Please send for a doctor. Eafak sifet Ela Sitbib. 2. doktur pl. dakatira. He's a Doctor of Philosophy. huwa doktur fe-l-felsafa.

document - watiqa pl. watayeq. Do you
have all the documents? Eendek
l-watayeq kollha?

dodge - hila pl. -t, hiyal. What sort
 of dodge has he thought of now?
 *S-men hila Eawed tahet Elih?

to dodge - 1. xwa ixwi. If I hadn't dodged, he would have hit me. kun ma-xwit-\$\overline{s}, kan jadi idrebni.
2. dženneb. He tried to dodge the question. hawel idženneb l-mudu£.
dog - kelb pl. klab. Please take the dog out for a walk. \(\int afak ddi\) \(l-kelb ittsara. \)

to go to the dogs - hlek raşu, $qda \ \mathcal{E}la \ raşu$. She's going to the dogs. ka-teqdi $\mathcal{E}la \ rasha$.

to dog - $tbe\mathcal{E}$. He's been dogging my footsteps all day. $n-nhar\ kollu$ $u-huwa\ tbe\mathcal{E}ni$.

dog tired - miyyet b-le-Eya. They were dog tired after the excursion. kanu miyytin b-le-Eya men beEd le-msarya.

doing - Eamla, šģal, xedma. That must
 be his doing. bla šekk hadi xdemtu.
doll - munika pl. -t. She likes to
 play with dolls. ka-tebģi teleeb
 be-l-munikat.

dollar - dular pl. -at.

domestic - 1. mwollef d-dar. She's always been very domestic. dima kanet mwollfa d-dar. 2. mahelli. Those are all domestic products. hadik kollha mentužat mahelliya.
3. daxili. The government knew how to solve some domestic problems. l-hukuma Eerfet thell beEd l-mašakil d-daxiliya.

domestic animal - hayawan mrebbi, pl. hayawanat mrebbya.

to donate - Eta yeEti, tberreE, hda
ihdi. I donated five dirhams.
tberreEt b-xemsa de-d-drahem.

donation - hdiya pl. -t, taberrue pl.

done - 1. mhiyye? pl. mhiyy?in,
mwežšed pl. mwežšdin. All my
lessons are done. durusi kollha
mhiyy?a. 2. tayeb pl. taybin. In
ten minutes the meat will be done.
men daba & & sra de-d-dqayeq ikun

to be done - kemmel, sala. Are you done with the ironing? was kemmelti be-t-tehdad?

to be done for - 1. tsala. These tires are done for. had le-bnuwat tsalaw. 2. mša f-halu. If the boss finds out, I'm done for. ila saq le-m£ellem le-xbar l-had š-ši, mšit f-hali.

to be done in - ttehlek, mat.

I'm done in from working in this heat. ana ttehlekt be-l-xedma f-had s-sehd.

donkey - hmar pl. hmir. door - bab pl. biban.

l-lhem tayeb.

**They live three doors down.
darhom hiya t-talta men hna.

out of doors - berra. Did you ever sleep out of doors? was Eemmrek neesti berra?

doorknob - qebţa pl. -t, qbaţi. doorman - buwwab pl. -a.

dose - meqdar pl. -at, qyas pl. -at.

That's too big a dose for a child.

had l-meqdar kbir bezzaf Eel d-derri.

--Take this medicine in small doses.

xud had d-dwa be-qyas qlil.

dossier = mileff pl. -at. Let me see
Ali's dossier. xellin: nšuf l-mileff
de-€li.

dot - noqta pl. -t, nqati. Add three
dots. zid tlata d-noqtat.

with dots - mnegget. Wear your dress with the blue dots. lebsi ksuwtek lli mneggta b-lezreg.
on the dot - be-d-debt, tamam. I'll see you at three on the dot. nšufek fe-t-tlata tamam.

double - 1. twam. He could be your

double. tqul twam nta wiyah.

2. žuž. May I have a double portion of ice cream? imken-li naxod žuž d-le-hquq de-l-baṣṭa? 3. Ela žuž de-l-merrat. Our house is double the size of theirs. darna kber men darhom Ela žuž de-l-merrat.

to double - 1. tna itni. He's doubled his capital in two years. tna rasmalu f-Eamayn. 2. zad izid qedd. He doubled my bid. zad Eliya qedd lli Eţit.

to double up - lumma, tna itni, twa itwi. He (was) doubled up with pain. kan ka-itlumwa b-le-hriq.

**We had to double up because there weren't enough beds to go around. kan lazem nessu žuž hit le-frašat ma-geddu-š.

double-breasted - mrebbec. He wore a double-breasted suit. kan labes keswa mrebbca.

doubles - metgablin. Let's play doubles. ažiw nlečbu metgablin.
doubt - šekk pl. škuk. Do you have any doubts? waš čendek ši-šekk?
-No doubt the train will be late.

bla šekk gad tkun l-mašina meettla.
--Without doubt he's the best man for this job. ma-kayen šekk huwa?ehsen wahed l-had l-Eamal.

to doubt - šekk, Eendu š-šekk.

I doubt if the story is true. kanšekk waš had le-hkaya shiha. --I
don't doubt it the least. ma-Eendiši š-šekk fiha ?abadan.

doubtful - šakk. I'm still doubtful about it. ana ma-zal šakk fiha.
doubtless - bla šekk.

dough - Ežina pl. -t, Ežayen. The dough has to be allowed to rise first. xeṣṣ le-Ežina teba be∈da texmer.

doughnut - sfenža pl. -t coll. sfenž. down - l-teht. Did you look down

there? reggebt: l-teht?

**When you really get down to it
the difference is insignificant.

mnayn ka-dži tšuf l-haqiqa ka-tṣib
ši-ferq qlil. --Why is he so down
in the mouth? ma-lu tayer-lu?

--They're down and out now. bqaw
llah l-ćati daba.

to go up and down - $tle\ell$ hbet, msa lmsi tul $u-\ell erd$. He was walking up and down the room. kan $tale\ell$ habet fe-l-bit.

to go down - hbet. The elevator is going down. l-mi&raž habet.
to down - sret, gențeh. He downed a glass of tea and ran outside. sret kas d-atay u-xrež ka-isbeg.

downgrade = hebta pl. -t. The road
 has a steep downgrade. t-triq fiha
 hebta mderdba.

downhill = habet. The road goes downhill. t-triq žat habta.

down payment - tesbiq pl. -at. How much will the down payment be? **Shal gad neemlu fe-t-tesbiq?

downstairs - l-teht. I'll be waiting downstairs. ġad ntsenna l-teht. to doze - ġemmed, Emel ši-tģimda.

I've just been dozing. Ead gemmedt.

-She dozed off after supper.

Eemlet \$i-tgimda beEd le-E\$a.

dozen - zina pl. -t, zyen (with art.
l-zina). Please give me a dozen eggs.
Etini zina de-l-bid men fedlek.

draft - 1. rih pl. ryah, berd. I can't stand the draft in this room. ma-neqder-* nesber le-r-rih f-had l-bit. --The fire went out because there wasn't enough draft. l-Eafya ttetfat men qellet r-rih. 2. tenfisa pl. -t, tnafes. Did you open the draft of the furnace? helliti t-tenfisa de-l-kanun? 3. rsem pl. rsuma, mextut pl. -at. The first draft is ready. r-rsem l-luwwel wažed.

to draft - xda yaxod l-l-žeyš, dexxel l-l-žeyš. He was drafted last month. dexxluh l-l-žeyš š-šher lli fat.

to drag - 1. žerr. I had to drag the trunk into the house myself. mafadni gir nžerr s-senduq b-iddi
le-d-dar. —He could hardly drag himself to work. yallah waš qedd ižerr rasu l-l-xedma. 2. džeržer. Your coat is dragging on the floor. baltuk ka-idžeržer fe-l-lerd.
3. džebbed, twal. Time drags when you don't have anything to do. l-weqt ka-idžebbed mnayn ma-ka-ikun čendek ma tećmel. 4. xemmel, neqqa, xwa ixwi. They dragged the river for the body. xemmlu l-wad baš ilqaw l-kesda.

to drag on - 1. tal itul. The meeting dragged for three hours. tlata de-s-salat tal l-žeme.

2. twal, džebbed. The days just dragged on. l-iyam gir kanet ka-džebbed.

drain - qadus pl. qwades. The drain
 has stopped up again. l-qadus
 ttexneq tani.

to drain - neššef, hell. They drained the swimming pool only yesterday. gir l-bareh neššfu s-sehriž.

to drain off - mša imši, ttegteE.

The water doesn't drain off. l-ma ma-ka-itteqte\(\xi\)-\(\xi\).

drastic - šdid pl. šdad, qwi pl. -yin.
The government took drastic measures.
l-hukuma xdat tadabir šdida.

to draw - 1. sewwer, rsem. He draws best with crayons. ka-isewwer hsen ktir š-ši b-le-qluma de-l-lwan.

žbed. He drew the winning number. huwa žbed n-nemra r-rabha.
 žleb. The film is sure to draw a big crowd. bla šekk had l-film ga-ižleb bezzaf de-n-nas.

to draw into - 1. dxel. The train is just drawing into the station.

l-mašina yallah daxla l-lagar.

2. dexxel, žerr. I've been drawn into this argument against my will.

dexxluni l-had s-sdat be-z-zez Eliya.

to draw out - xerrež men. I'll have to draw out fifty dirhams from the bank. gad ixessni nxerrež xemsin derhem men l-benk.

to draw to a close - gerreb ikmel. This work is drawing to a close. had l-xedma gerrbet tekmel.

to draw up - 1. xettet, sewweb. Who drew up the plan? škun lli xettet r-rsem? 2. kteb. I'll draw up the report. ana gad nekteb t-tegrir. 3. gerreb. Here's a taxi drawing up. ha wahed t-taksi ka-igerreb.

to draw breath - tellee n-nefs.
to draw conclusions - fhem, stentež.
Draw your own conclusions from that!
lli bģiti fehmu men dak š-ši.

drawer - mžerr pl. mžura. My passport is in the top drawer. tesrihi rah f-le-mžerr l-fuqani.

dread - rehba. 1 have a dread of
 doctors. ka-džini r-rehba men
 t-tobba.

to dread - 1. xaf ixaf men. I dread the dark. ana ka-nxaf men d-delma. 2. rfed dbila l-, rfed dbayel l-. I dread going to the dentist. ka-nerfed dbila l-le-mši Eend tbib s-snan.

**I dread the very thought of it. gir t-tefkir fiha ka-yeEmel fiya r-rehba.

dream - mnam, mnama pl. -t, mnayem.
I had a funny dream last night.
šeft mnama ģriba l-bareh fe-l-lil.

to dream - 1. hlem. Last night I dreamed that I was home. l-bareh hlemt rasi f-darna. 2. ža iži l-l-bal f-le-mnam. I wouldn't dream of doing it. hetta f-le-mnam ma-džini-š l-l-bal ndirha.

dreary - mbu?es. It was an awfully

dreary day. nhar mbu 9 es kan bla qyaş.

dress = lebsa pl. -t, lbasi; keswa pl.
ksawi. She wants to buy a new dress
bgat tešri keswa ždida.

to dress - 1. lbes hwayež, lbes. I'll dress quickly. ¿ad nelbes hwayži b-z-zerba. —His wife dresses in good taste. mṛatu katelbes b-duq. —He's always well dressed. hwa dima labes mezyan.

2. lebbes. Mother is just dressing the baby. mmi yallah ka-tlebbes le-t-terbya hwayežha.

3. ziyyen. They dress the store windows in the evening. fe-l-lil ka-iziyynu z-zažat d-le-hwanet.

**Look at him, all dressed up!

\$uf \in la te\symbol{s}yika f-a\simeder en huma!

to dress a wound - rbet \setminuserha.

Did you dress the wound? rbetti
\subsection = \setminuserha?

dressing - 1. meemmer pl. meemmrin.

They served roast turkey with a dressing of almonds and raisins. nezzlu bibi mešwi b-le-meemmer de-l-luz u-z-zbib. 2. fasma pl. -t, fasmawat, rebt pl. rbati. The nurse changes his dressing every morning. l-mumerrida ka-tbeddel-lu l-fasma koll sbah.

dressing gown - keswa de-d-dar pl. ksawi de-d-dar.

dressmaker - xeyyata pl. -t.

dried - myebbes pl. myebbsin, yabes
pl. yabsin, šahet pl. šahtin. Buy
me a kilogram of dried figs. šri-li
kilu de-l-kermus yabsa.

drill - 1. teqqaba pl. -t. The mechanic needs another drill.
l-mikaniki xessu teqqaba xra.
2. temrin pl. tamarin. The soldiers went out for a rifle drill. l-Eesker xeržu le-t-temrin d-le-mkahel.

to drill - 1. tqeb, hfer. Drill a hole in this beam. tqeb teqba f-had l-gayza. 2. hfer, xwa ixwi. The dentist has to drill this tooth. la-bodda t-tbib ixwi had s-senna.
3. derreb, merren. Their teacher drills them in conversation a great deal. ustadhom ka-iderrebhom ktir & l-muhadata. 4. dderreb, tmerren. The soldiers drill every day. l-& sker ka-itmerrnu koll nhar. --We were drilled in arithmetic. tmerrenna f-le-hsab.

drink - 1. mešrub pl. -at, muberrid pl. -at. What kind of drinks do you have? š-men mešrubat Eendek?

2. šriba pl. -t, žģima pl. -t. May I have a drink of water? Eafak

ši-šriba de-l-ma. 3. kas pl. kisan. He had only three drinks. ma-xda gir tlata de-l-kisan.

to drink - šreb. Drink plenty of water! šreb l-ma bezzaf. --Let's drink to your return. yallah nšerbu le-ržućek.

to drip - qetter. The faucet is dripping. l-bezbuz ka-iqetter.

drive - 1. triq pl. torqan. The drive goes around the lake. t-triq dayra be-d-daya. 2. hemla pl. -t. In the last drive we raised five thousand dirhams. fe-l-hem la t-talya žme£na xems alaf derhem. 3. msarya be-t-tumbil pl. msaryat be-t-tumubil. We took a nice drive. £melna wahed le-msarya ha?ila be-t-tumubil.

to drive - 1. sag isug. Can you drive his car? teeref tsug siyartu?
--Drive the horses over to the left. sug l-xil eel l-iser. 2. dfee b-, edda b-. Hunger drove him to stealing. E-zue dfee bih le-s-sriqa.

3. xeddem. The foreman drives his workers continually. l-weqqaf ka-ixeddem l-xeddama dyalu bla raha.

4. deqq. Drive this nail into the wall. deqq had l-mesmar fe-l-beyt.

**What are you driving at? \$-ka-tebġi teqsed? --I'll drive you there. nddik fe-s-siyara l-temma.

to drive away - 1. tred, žra ižri Ela. Drive the dog away. žri Ela had l-kelb. 2. zad izid be-t-tumubil, mša imši be-t-tumubil. He just now drove away. yallah kif zad be-t-tumubil.

to drive crazy, mad - hemmeq. You'll drive me crazy yet. nta rak gad themmeqn:

to drive off - xerrež, Eewwež.

The wind drove the boat off its course. r-rih xerrež le-fluka Eel t-triq.

driver - 1. sayeq pl. suwaq. He's the ambassador's driver. huwa s-sayeq dyal s-safir. 2. suwwaq pl. -a, guwwad pl. -a. The driver lost control of the horses. s-suwwaq gelbet Elih l-xil.

**He's a good driver. ka-işug mezyan.

driver's license - rexsa de-s-siyaqa pl. rexsat de-s-siyaqa. Let me see your driver's license. werrini r-rexsa de-s-siyaqa dyalek.

to drizzle - bexxet š-šta. It's been drizzling all day. n-nhar kollu u-š-šta ka-tbexx.

droop - tterxa, tluwwa. The flowers are beginning to droop. n-numwar

hda itlumma.

drooping - habet. He has drooping shoulders. ktafu habtin.

drop - qetra pl. -t, qtari; noqta pl.
-t, nqati. Take three drops in a
 glass of water. xud tlata de-n nqati f-kas de-l-ma.

**He'll give you a lecture at the drop of a hat. gir lli žebdu ka-

isemme€-lu.

to drop = 1. tah itih. The box dropped out of the window. s-sendua tah men š-šeržem. -- The temperature dropped very rapidly. mizan l-harara tah degya degya. -- I dropped my billfold. tah-li l-bestam dyali. 2. tiyyeh. He dropped the pistol when he saw the police coming. tiyyeh l-ferdi mnin šaf l-bulis maži. 3. nsa insa. Let's drop the subject! l-hasil nnsaw l-mudu ?! 4. nezzel. Please drop me at the corner. nezzelni fe-l-qent Eafak. 5. xerrež. I'll be dropped by the club. gad ixerržuni men n-nadi. 6. rma irmi. Please drop this card in the (letter) box for me. Eafak rmi-li had s-sura f-sendug l-barid.

to drop a hint - fehhem. She dropped a hint that she wanted to go. kanet fehhmet billa beat temši.

to drop in - ža iži išuf. Drop in to see me tomorrow. aži šufni ģedda.

to drop off - 1. nezzel, hett.
Can you drop this off at the tailor's for me? imken-lek thett-li had \$-\$i & end l-xeyyat? 2. tah itih.
I dropped off to sleep immediately. teht be-n-n&as hiya hadik.

drought - keht.

to drown - 1. greq. He drowned in the river. greq fe-l-wad.
2. gerreq. She had to drown the kittens. kan lazem baš tģerreq le-mšišat.

to drown out - getta. The noise drowned out his remarks. ş-şda£ getta mulahadatu.

drowsy - žah ižih n-n£as. I'm getting drowsy. bda ižini n-n£as.

drug - 1. dwa pl. -yat, ?adwiya.

This drug is sold only on prescription. had d-dwa ka-ittba£ gir
b-?aden t-tbib. 2. £efyun pl. -at,
muxeddir pl. -at. He became addicted to drugs. ttebla be-lmuxeddirat.

drugstore - seydaliya pl. -t. Where is the nearest drugstore? I have to have a prescription filled. fayn egreb seydaliya hnaya? xessni nešri ši-eadwiya ktebhom-li t-tbib.

drum - 1. tbe! pl. tbu!a. Can you
hear the drums? waš ka-tesme
t-tbu!a? 2. bermil pl. bramel. They
emptied six drums of gasoline. xwaw
setta d-le-bramel d-l-isans.

to drum - 1. dreb, tebbel, deqdeq.
Please don't drum on the table! men
fedlek baraka u-ma-ttebbel Eel t-tabla!
2. dexxel f-ras-. These rules have
been drummed into me. had l-qawaEid
dexxluhom-li f-rasi.

drunk - sekran.

to get drunk - sker.
dry - 1. yabes, našef. The wash isn't
dry yet. ma-zal t-tesbin ma-ši yabes.
Let's gather some dry wood. yallah
nžem£u šwiya de-l-£ud yabes. --My
throat is dry. helqi yabes. --The
well is dry. l-bir našef. 2. žaff.
The lecture was so dry, I walked out.
l-muhadara kanet žaffa l-hedd ?annani
xrežt f-hali. 3. šahet. It's been a
dry summer. had ş-şif kan šahet.

dry land - berr. It's good to be on dry land again. r-ržu£ l-l-berr

u-ma-hlah!

to dry - 1. ibes. This paint dries in five hours. had s-sbaga ka-tibes f-xems swaye. 2. neššef, mseh. Who's going to dry the dishes? škun gad ineššef l-lwani?

to dry oneself - Dry yourself well. neššef rasek mezyan.

to dry up - nšef. Every summer this stream dries up. had l-wad koll šif ka-inšef.

dual - mutenna. What's the dual of this word? Snu huwa l-mutenna dyal had l-kelma?

duck - berka pl. -t coll. berk.

to duck - hna yehni, hder. He ducked his head. hna raşu. --Duck! hni raşek!

to be due - wžeb. The rent is due next Monday. le-kra ġad tužeb t-tnaven ž-žav.

due to - b-sabab. Due to an oversight, she wasn't invited. b-sabab' l-?ihmal ma-kanet-š mečruda. --That's due to a mistake. dak š-ši wqeć b-sabab ģelta.

**He's due to arrive at ten.

muntadar yuşel fe-l-Eeğra.

dull - 1. hafi. This knife is dull.
had l-mus hafi. 2. (lli) ka-iqennet.
He's terribly dull. ka-iqennet bla
qyaş. 3. mdehmes. She likes dull
colors. hiya ka-tebgi l-lwan
mdehmsin. 4. balid pl. bulada. I
have seen dull students before, but
not like him. šeft t-tlamed l-bulada
men qbel u-la-šeft bhalu.

dumb - 1. zizun pl. zyazen. Can't you speak? You're not dumb, are you? ma-teqder-* ttkellem? ma-rak-* i zizun? 2. mtemmes. Boy, that guy is dumb! ya latif hadak xiyyna kifa* mtemmes! 3. basel, mebluz. That was dumb of you. Emeltiha basla.

**We were struck dumb by the news.

le-xbar zessezna.

dumfounded - mešļut, mebhut, mzeggez. I was completely dumbfounded when I heard it. bqit tamamen mešlut melli sme£tha.

dump - 1. zebbala pl. -t. That empty lot is used as a dump. dak s-saha l-xawya msellhinha zebbala. -Their house is an awful dump. darhom kollha bhal z-zebbala. 2. diqa u-gemma. I've been down in the dumps all day. n-nhar kollu w-ana fe-d-diqa u-l-gemma.

to dump - 1. qleb, kebb. They dumped the coal in front of the basement. rahom kebbu l-faxer qeddam d-dehlis. 2. xwa ixwi, ferreż. He simply dumped all his packages on the floor. żir ža u-ferreż hezmatu kollha Eel l-lerd. 3. xwa ixwi, rma irmi. Please don't dump the coffee grounds in the drain! Eafak ma-termi-š t-text de-l-qehwa fe-l-qadus.

dung - gbar.

duplicate - nesxa pl. -t, nsaxi. Is this an original or a duplicate? waš hadi l-?asliya aw nesxa?

to duplicate - nsex, ngel. That can't be duplicated. dak š-ši ma-imken-lu-š ittensex.

durable - 1. dayem. The delegates to the United Nations are discussing the means to a durable peace. l-mumettilin fe-l-?umam l-muttahida ka-itkellmu Eel t-turuq lli twessel le-s-salam d-dayem. 2. qaseh, shih, de-s-sehh. Steel and cement are used for making durable goods. l-

hend u-l-berslaba ka-itsuuwbu bihom hwayež de-s-sehh.

during - f-weqt. I met him during the war. teareft meah f-weqt l-herb.
dust - gobra pl. -t, gbaber. There's a neavy layer of dust on the table. kayna tebqa de-l-gebra qedd-aš fuq t-tebla.

to dust - mseh l-gobra, nfed l-gobra. Please dust my desk. Eafak mseh l-gobra men l-mekteb dyali.

msen t-goora men t-mekteo ayalı.

duty - 1. wažeb, wažib pl. -at. It

was his duty to support his parents.

kan wažeb Elih irfed b-waldih.

2. muhimma pl. -t. Answering the phone is one of my duties. men l-muhimmat dyali nžaweb t-tilifun.

3. heqq d-diwana pl. hquq d-diwana. How much duty is there on this to-bacco? Shal heqq d-diwana Ela had d-doxxan?

to be off duty - sala men l-xedma. I'm off duty after five-thirty. kansali men l-xedma men beEd l-xemsa u-ness.

to dwell - 1. sken iskon. They used to dwell outside the city. kanu kaiseknu xarež le-mdina. 2. bga ibga. There's no point in dwelling on this subject any longer. ma-\(\xi\)endha me\(\xi\)na nebgaw f-had l-mudu\(\xi\) kter men had \(\xi\)-\(\xi\).

dye - sbağa pl. -t. Please get me a package of blue dye. Eafak xud-li mEak senduq de-ş-sbağa zerqa.

to dye - sbeg. I had my blue dress dyed black. ksuwti z-zerga sbegtha b-le-khel.

dyed-in-the-wool - xluq. He's a dyed-in-the-wool conservative. huwa muhafid xluq.

dyeing - tasebbaget.

dyer - sebbag pl. -a.

dynamic - našit, heyy. He's dynamic in everything he does. huwa našit f-koll haša ka-ye\(\epsilon\) melha.

dysentery - zehma.

E

each - 1. koll wahed. Each of us received a pack of cigarettes. koll wahed menna & taweh bakiya de-l-garru. 2. koll. He comes here each week. ka-iži lle-hna koll simana.

--Give one to each child. & ti wehda l-koll derri. 3. l-wahed f. l-wehda. These apples are five francs

each. had t-teffah ka-iswa xemsa frenk l-wehda.

**You can count on each and every one of us. imken-lek twekkel Elina u-Ela koll wahed menna.

each one - koll wahed. Each one has to contribute his full share. koll wahed xessu yefti heggu kollu.

each other - be Ediyat - (plus pl. pronoun ending.). They're hitting each other. ka-iderbu beEdiyathom.

**Do you see each other every day? waš ntuma ka-tšawfu koll nhar? --We have to help each other.

xessna ntEawnu.

eager - 1. muštaq. I'm eager to meet your friend. ana muštag ntlaga bsahbek. 2. zerban. He's eager to get started. huwa zerban baš ibda. eagle - Egab pl. -at, Eogban.

ear - wden pl. wednin (pl. wednibefore possessive endings, e.g., wedniya 'my ears', etc.) My ear hurts. wedni ka-iderrni. --The walls have ears. le-hyut Eendhom l-wednin. -- It goes in one ear and out the other. ka-ddxol men wden u-texrož men l-oxra. --He's up to his ears in debt. huwa gareq hetta l-wednih fe-d-din. --He has his ear to the ground. huwa raxi wednu.

all ears - wednin mea. Go on with your story, I'm all ears. gir Eewwed hkaytek, wedniya mEak.

ear of corn - kbala pl. -t coll. kbal.

ear of wheat - sbula (pl. sbulat, sbayl) de-l-gemh.

earlier - qbel. Come earlier than usual. aži qbel men l-Eada.

early - 1. bekri. Please wake me early. fiyyeqni bekri Eafak. 2. Eazel. We expect an early reply. hna ka-nntadru žwab Eažel.

**Tell me something about your early life. tkellem-li Eel l-iyam

l-luwwla d-hayatek.

to earn - 1. rbeh How much do you earn a week? šhal ka-terbeh f-lusbuf? -- She earns her living as a dressmaker. ka-terbeh mEaštha fe-lxeyyata.

earring - halaga pl. -t, Ealaga pl. -t. earth - 1. denya. Nothing on earth can save him. hetta haža f-had ddenya ma-teqder tnežžih. 2. trab. This ditch has to be filled with earth. had l-hefra xessha ttEemmer be-t-trab.3. lerd. The earth is a sphere. !-!erd mkuwwra.

**He has a down to earth attitude.

huwa Eendu hey?a Eamaliya.

earthquake - zelzla pl. -t. ease - suhula. Did you notice the ease with which he does things? was laḥedti kif-aš ka-ye€mel le-ḥwayež b-suhula?

at ease - (lli) ka-ihess b-rasu mezyan. I never feel quite at ease wnen I'm with her. Eemmerni ma-kanhess b-rasi mezyan w-ana mEaha.

to ease - xeffef. This medicine will ease the pain. had d-dwa gadi ixeffef le-wžeE.

easily - 1. b-suhula. That's easily done. had š-ši ka-itte€mel b-suhula or hadi haža griba. 2. men le-b \in id. That's easily the best. men $le-b \in id$ hada huwa le-mxeyyer.

east - šerq. The wind's coming from the east. l-berd žay men š-šerg. -Our house is east of the railroad tracks. darna f-šerg sekket lmašina.

the Far East - š-šerg l-?eqsa. the Middle East - š-šerg l-?ewset. east wind - šergi.

eastern - šergi.

easy - sahel. That was an easy question. kan su?al sahel hada.

**He's now living on Easy Street. huwa Eayeš fe-t-tebxir. -- Take it easy! Why get excited? be-swiya Elik! Elaš ka-iţir-lek?

to eat - kla yakol. (a. p. wakel, p. p. mukul).

**She's eating her heart out. hiya ka-tkemmed l-kuwya ∈la qelbha. echo - sada.

economic - qtisadi. Their economic condition is bad because of the drought. halthom le-qtisadiya xayba men sabab l-keht

economical - 1. mhawel. She's very economical. hiya mhawla bezzaf. 2. (lli) ka-iweffer. This type of heating is very economical. had n-nuE de-t-tesxan ka-iweffer bezzaf. economics - iqtisad.

to economize - hawel Ela. She economizes in household expenditures. ka-thawel Eel s-serf de-d-dar.

edge - 1. hašiya pl. -t. He lives at the edge of town. ka-iskon f-hašiyt le-mdina. --Don't put the glass too close to the edge. ma-ddir-š l-kas qrib bezzaf men l-hašiya. 2. šefra pl. -t, šfari. The edge is dull. š-šefra hafya.

on edge - maelleq. She's on edge today. hiya mqellqa l-yum.

**You have the edge on me. nta fayetni be-šwiya. -- I could hardly edge my way through the crowd. ana tsellett be-s-su&uba men z-zham.

edition - $teb \in a$ pl. -t.

editor - ra?is t-tehrir pl. ru?asa t-tehrir.

to educate - Eellem. educated - mteggef, gari.

education - teElim.

Ministry of Education - wisart tte Elim.

eel - nuna pl. -t coll. nun; sennur. effect - te?tir.

**He just does it for effect. ka-yeEmelha Ela Eeyn n-nas.

to go into effect - ttebbeq. This new law will go into effect next month. had l-qanun ž-ždid gadi ittebbeq š-šher ž-žay.

to bave an effect - ?etter. Scolding has no effect on him. lexsam ma-ka-i?ettru-š.

to put into effect - tebbeq. The new ruling was just put into effect. yallah tebbqu l-qarar z-zdid.

to take effect - šebber. The injection is beginning to take effect. š-šuka bdat ka-tšebber.

effort - mežhud pl. -at, žehd pl.
žhud. All his efforts were in vain.
l-mežhudat lli Emel kollhom baţlin.
--That's a waste of effort. had
š-ši tedya£ ž-žehd.

to make an effort - dar idir mežhud. Did he really make an effort? waš huwa dar mežhudu be-lme£gul?

egg - bida pl. -t coll. bid. How
much is a dozen eggs? be-\$hal
z-zina de-l-bid?

to egg on - nges. His friends egged him on. shabu negsuh.

eggplant - denžala pl. -t coll. denžal; bu-denžala pl. -t coll. bu-denžal.

Egypt - maser.
Egyptian - mesri.

eight - tmenya, tmen, temn. Give me eight eggs. Etini tmenya de-l-bid or tmen bidat.

eighteen - tmentaš, tmentašer. There are eighteen men. kaynin tmentaš de-r-ržal or tmentaser ražel.

eighth - 1. tmen. He could only get an eighth of a kilo of butter. huwa ma-qder yaxod gir tmen kilu de-zzebda. 2. tamen. That's his eighth book. hada huwa ktabu t-tamen.

eighty - tmanin.

either - amma. I leave either tonight or tomorrow morning. gad nemši amma l-yum fe-l-lil wella gedda fe-s-sbah.
--Either I go or he goes. amma huwa imši walla ana nemši.

**He doesn't know it either. hetta huwa ma-ka-ye&refha-š. --Either one is correct. lli kan fihom shih.

elaborate - metqun, mdeqqeq. He gave us an elaborate description of the thief. Etana neEt mdeqqeq Eel s-serrag.

elastic - lastik. Do you need some elastic for the dress? was xessek ši-lastik l-l-keswa?

elbow - merfeg, merfeq pl. mrafeg, mrafeq.

to elect - ntaxeb.

election - intixab pl. -at.

electric - kehraba?i.

electric bulb - bula pl. -t.
electrician - mul (pl. mwalin) d-du.
electricity - kehraba, trisinti, du.
elementary - ?asasi.

elementary school - medrasa

ib tida 91 ya.

elephant - fil pl. fyal.

elevation - Elu. The elevation of this village is six hundred meters above sea level. le-Elu d-had l-qerya sett myat mitru fuq le-bher.

elevator - mieraž pl. -at.

eleven - hdaš, hdašer.

eleventb - hades.

to eliminate - 1. hdef. We can eliminate these difficulties easily. had s-suEubat imken-lna nhedfuhom b-suhula. 2. dha idhi. He was eliminated in the third race. huwa dhaweh f-le-msabqa t-talta.

else - axor f. xra pl. xrin. What else are we going to do? as axor gadi ntemlu?

anybody, somebody else - ši-wahed axor. Is anybody else here? waš kayen ši-wahed axor hna?

anything, something else - ši-haža \hat{x} ra. Do you have anything else? waš \mathcal{E} endek š \hat{i} -haža \hat{x} ra?

anywhere, somewhere else - šimahell axor. Can't we meet anywhere else? waš ma-imken-lna-š
ntlagaw f-ši-mahell axor?

everybody, everyone else - lexrin. Everybody else has gone. le-xrin kollhom mšaw.

everything else - ga£ š-ši l-axor. to embarrass - heššem. That child is always embarrassing me. had d-derri dima ka-iheššemni.

to be embarrassed - hšem. I was terribly embarrassed. hšemt bezzaf. embassy - sifara pl. -t.

to embrace - Eenneg, Eenneq.

emigrant - mhažer.

to emigrate - hžer. emir - ?amir pl. ?umara.

emotion - dehša (surprise, etc.),
xel&a (fear), šafaqa (compassion,
etc.).

to employ - xeddem. This factory employs a thousand workers. had l-me&mel ka-ixeddem alef de-l-xeddama.

...¥₹.....

**Where are you employed? fayn xeddam nta?

employee - xeddam pl. -a (laborer),
 mweddef pl. mweddfin (white-collar).
employer - mfellem, batrun.

empty - xawi. Do you have an empty box? was Eendek senduq xawi?

--He made empty threats. huwa Emel tehžimat xawva.

**I wouldn't drink on an empty stomach. ana ma-nešreb-š &e l

r-riq.

to empty - 1. xwa ixwi, ferreg.

Please empty this barrel. Eafak xwi
had l-bermil. 2. xwa ixwa. The hall
emptied in five minutes. s-sala xwat
fe-qsem.

3. kebb. This river empties into the ocean. had l-wad ka-ikebb f-le-

oner.

to enable - Eta yeEti l-kifiya. This experience should enable you to get a good position. had t-tedrib lazemha teEtik l-kifiya baš tṣib wadifa mezyana.

to enclose - sifet f-daxel. I am enclosing the newspaper clipping. ana ka-nsifet f-daxel l-qet&a de-l-žarida.

enclosed - f-daxel. Enclosed is the
sum still due you. f-daxel kayen lmebleg lli ka-tsal.

to encourage - šežžeć. He encouraged me to stick it out. šežžećni baš nšebber hetta l-l-axir.

encouragement - $te\check{s}\check{z}i\mathcal{E}a$, $te\check{s}\check{z}a\mathcal{E}$.

end - 1. axer, ?axir. I'll pay you the balance at the end of the month. ana nxelles-lek l-baqiya f-axer š-šher. 2. ras pl. ryus. Tie the two ends together. hzem had r-ryus b-žuž.

**He scolded him a bit and that was the end of it. *gummet & lih u-safi. --You can't go to the movies, and that's the end of it! *ma-imken-lek-\(\delta\) tem\(\delta\) i \(le\) i \(le\) in a safi. --We had no end of trouble on the trip. *\land hna msafrin u-l-ma\(\delta\) akil ma-hesru-\(\delta\) bina. --He gave us no end of trouble. *ma fedda-\(\delta\) bina be-l-ma\(\delta\) akil dyalu.

odds and ends - hwiyža pl. -t. I still have some odds and ends to take care of. bqaw-li ši-hwiyzat manfeddi.

to make (both) ends meet - qadd terf mea terf. He hardly earns enough to make both ends meet. be-d-dree bas ka-iqadd terf mea terf.

to put an end to - fedda ifeddi. Can't you put an end to these squabbles? waš ma-imken-lek tfeddi had le-mdabza?

to end - 1. fedda ifeddi. He ended his speech with a quotation from the Koran. fedda l-xetba dyalu b- 2 aya de-l-qote 2 an. 2. tfedda. Won't this gossip ever end? was gad itfedda had t-thedris? --When did the movie end? fuq-as tfedda l-film?

endless - ma-fih-š nihaya.

to endure - sber. She endured the pain quietly. sebret be-swiya Ela wžeEha.

enemy - Edu pl. Eedyan.

**He's my worst enemy. huwa demm

energy - quawa. We need more electrical energy. xessna kter de-l-quawa l-kehrabiya.

**He's full of energy. huwa heyy bezzaf.

to enforce - tebbeq. They have never strictly enforced this law. Eemmerhom ma-tebbqu had l-qanun bet-tedgig.

to engage - 1. xeddem. We've just engaged a new maid. Ead xeddemna mettellma ždida. 2. Eerben. We engaged him for two concerts. Eerbennah l-žuž de-l-heflat musiqiyin. 3. dexxel raşu. I don't engage in politics. ma-ka-ndexxel-š raşi fe-s-siyasa.

engaged - mmellek. How long have they been engaged? * * hal hadi u-huma mmellkin?

engagement - 1. mi£ad pl. -at. I have an engagement this evening. £endi wahed l-mi£ad had le-£šiya. 2. mlak. She announced her engagement. hiya £elmet b-le-mlak dyalha.

engine - 1. mutur pl. -at. You left the engine running. xelliti l-mutur xeddam. 2. makina pl. -t, mašina pl. -t. The train has two engines. had s-smandifir Eendu žuž de-l-makinat.

engineer - 1. muhendis pl. -in. I've asked the engineer to draw a new set of plans. qolt l-l-muhendis isaweb ši-rṣam ždad. 2. siyyag (pl. -a) l-qitar. The engineer was the only one hurt in the crash. siyyag l-qitar b-wehdu ttežreh fe-l-musiba.

to engineer - quawed. You engineered that affair rather well. quawedti dak-l-qadiya mezyan.

engineering - hendasa. English - 1. negliza, ingliziya. Englishman 64

speaks very good English. kaitkellem n-negliza mezyan bezzaf. 2. neglizi. That's an old English custom. hadi Eada negliziya qdima. --I'm English. ana neglizi.

Englishman - neglizi.

to enjoy - 1. stab. He's enjoying life. ka-istab l-hayat. 2. žah ižih. How did you enjoy the picture? kif žak l-film?

3. Eežbu. Did you enjoy the swim?

was Eezbek l-Eewm?

**He's enjoying excellent health.
huwa sehhtu mezyana. --Did you enjoy
yourself at the party? was dazet

l-hefla mezyan?

to enlist - dxel, gaža igaži (f-).

He enlisted in the army two days ago.
hadi vumavn baš dxel l-l-ževš.

hadi yumayn baš dxel l-l-žeyš.
enormous - kbir pl. kbar (bezzaf).

enormously - bezzaf. I liked the play enormously. Eežbetni r-riwaya bezzaf.

enough - (lli) qadd, kafi. Do you have enough money? was qadduk le-flus? --Have you had enough to eat? was qaddettek l-makla?

to be enough - kfa ikfi. Your answer isn't enough for me. žwabek

ma-kfani-š.

**He seemed glad enough to do it. ban-li bin ršeq-lu idirha. --Would you be good enough to hand me the paper? medd-li llah ixellik l-žarida? --Would you be kind enough to open the window? waš imken-lek llah ixellik thell š-šeržem?

to enroll - 1. qeyyed. I'm going to enroll my son in first grade. ġadi nqeyyed weldi fe-s-satta l-ibtida?iya.

2. tqeyyed. He's going to enroll in night school. ġadi itqeyyed fe-d-durus de-l-lil.

when the judge entered. kollhom weafu men-lli l-hakem dxel.

--Enter the house by the rear door. dxel le-d-dar men l-bab l-lurani.

2. qeyyed, kteb. Enter these names in the list. qeyyed had s-smiyat fe-l-qayma.

enterprise - mešruć. The enterprise was successful. l-mešruć nžeh

to entertain - 1. laha. He entertained the guests with his amusing stories. huwa laha d-dyaf be-xrafatu lli ka-idehhku. 2. qabel. They entertain a great deal. ka-iqablu bezzaf.

entertainment - fraža, tselya. Who's
 going to provide the entertainment'
 škun lli ġad iqabelna le-fraža?
 **What do you do for entertainment

around here? kif-aš ka-dduwwzu l-wegt hna?

enthusiasm - hamasa. He didn't show any enthusiasm. ma-biyyen hetta hamasa.

enthusiastic - methemmes. I'm quite enthusiastic about it. ana methemmes bezzaf Ela dak š-ši.

entire - koll, ga£. The entire amount has to be paid in cash. ž-žem£ kollu itxelles £el t-tebla.

entirely - 1. tamamen. You're entirely right. nta Eendek tamamen l-heqq or Eendek l-heqq t-tamm.

-The two are entirely different.

ž-žuž tamamen metxalfin. 2. H charged you entirely too much. hsebha-lek bezzaf ga£.

entrance - dexla pl. -t. Where is the entrance? fayn hiya d-dexla?

entry - tesžil. The last entry was
five dollars. t-tesžil t-tali kan
xemsa de-d-dular.

envelope - ġsa pl. -wat, ġešyan. I need an envelope for this letter. xeṣṣni ġša l-had le-bṛa.

envy - hsed. He was green with envy. huwa kan ka-imut b-le-hsed.

**You'll be the envy of all your friends. shabek kollhom gad ihesduk.

to envy - They envied him his success. hesdu-lu n-nažah dyalu.

**I envy you! seEdatek!
epidemic - merd sari. An epidemic has

broken out among the cattle. wahed l-merd sari waee Eend le-bger.

Epsom salts - melha Eerbiya.

equal - qedd-qedd. Cut this bread into two equal parts. qteE had lxobz Ela žuž de-ţ-traf qedd-qedd.

**The two books are equally important. dak le-ktub b-žuž Eendhom ahammiya wehda. --I liked his first play equally well. Eežbetni riwayta l-lumwla gedd le-xra.

to be equal to (something) - qder (idir). I don't think I'm equal to that job. ma-ban-li-š bin neqder ndir had l-xedma.

to equal - qedd. --The gains will never equal the losses. r-rebh & emmru ma-iqedd le-xser.

equality - msawya.

to equip - rekkeb. They've equipped the planes with the latest instruments. rekkbu t-tiyarat be-mwa£en Eesriyin.

to erase - 1. mha imhi. He erased the signature. mha xett l-yedd.
2. mseh. Will you please erase the board? mseh s-sebbura Eafak.

eraser - 1. msaha pl. -t, guma pl. -t. I bought two pencils and an eraser. šrit žuž d-le-qluma u-msaha. 2. msaha pl. -t. We need some chalk and an eraser. xeşşna ši-tabašir u-msaha.

errand - sexra pl. -t, sxari. I have a few errands to do. Eendi ši-sexrat ma neEmel.

error - 1. galat. There must be some error. la-bedd kayen ši-galat. ġeļţa pl. -t. Did I make an error? waš dert ši-ģeļţa?

escape - hrib, herba pl. -t. The prisoners' escape was cleverly planned. le-hrib d-le-msažen kan mneddem mezyan.

**We had a narrow escape.

felletnaha.

to escape - 1. hreb. Two prisoners have escaped from the penitentiary. žuž d-le-msažen herbu men l-hebs. --The thief escaped. xuwwan hreb. --We escaped to France. hrebna le-fransa. 2. tleflu. Her face is familiar but her name escapes me. wežha ka-nEerfu walayenni smiytha telfet-li. --Nothing escapes her. ma-ka-ttleflha hetta haža.

especially - xuşuşen, be-l-xuşuş.

espionage - tabiyyaEet. essential - daruri. Fresh vegetables are essential to good health. lxedra t-triya daruriya le-s-sehha. essentials - l-muhimm. You can learn the essentials in an hour. imken-lek ttEellem l-muhimm f-saEa. to establish - 1. Pesses, gam iqum b-. They established this firm in 1905. %esssu had š-šarika f-sana tse€taš mya u-xemsa. 2. Emel. He established a new record. Emel requ qiyasi ždid.

estate - melk. His entire estate went to his son. l-melk dyalu kollu mša l-weldu.

estimate - teqdir. My estimate was pretty accurate. t-teqdir dyali kan Elayen shih.

**The painter made us an estimate. s-sebbağ qedder-lna t-taman.

They estito estimate - qedder. mated the flood damages at a million dollars. l-musiba de-l-fida qeddruha b-melyun dular.

eternal - dayem.

Ethiopia - blad l-ḥabaša.

Ethiopian - habaši pl. -yin, hel lhabaša.

Euphrates - l-furat. Europe - urubba.

European - rumi, nestani (Christian). How can you tell that he's a European? kif imken-lek teEref bin huwa rumi?

**Most European countries are thickly populated. akter boldan furubba fihom sokkan bezzaf. to evade - tsellet men. He evaded the

question. tsellet men l-?as?ila. to evaporate - nšef, tar itir. The alcohol has all evaporated. l-alkul

kollu nšef.

evaporated milk - hlib d-le-hkak. even - 1. zuži, zewži. Two, four, and six are even numbers. žuž, rebξa u-setta huma raam zužiyin. 2. wase£. He has an even disposition. huwa xatru wase E. 3. msawi, metfadi, qedd-qedd. Now we are even. daba hna msawyin. 4. hetta. Even a moron can understand that. le-hmar imken-lu ifhem had š-ši.

**That's even better. u-daba Ead hsen. --I have an even dozen left.

bqat-li tamamen zina.

even so - waxxa hakka, regma had š-ši. Even so I can't agree with you. waxxa hakka ma-imken-li-š nttafeq mEak.

even though - waxxa. Even though he succeeds in everything he's not satisfied. waxxa ka-inžeh f-kollši Eemmru ma-igneE.

not even - 1. ma ... ga€. I couldn't even see him. ma-mken-li-š ga£ nšufu. 2. hetta ... ma. Not even he knows the truth. hetta huwa ma-ka-ye€ref l-haqiqa.

to break even - ža iži Eel t-tmam. He's just breaking even. yallah kaiži Eel t-tmam.

to get even with - fdaha ifdiha f-. Just wait, I'll get even with you! tsenna, daba nefdiha fik!

evening - ξ iya pl. -t. The evenings here are cool. le-Ešiyat ka-ikunu bardin hna. -- Are they coming this evening? waš jad ižiw had le-Ešiya? --We take a walk every evening. ntmeššaw koll Ešiya.

**Good evening! mse-l-xir!evenings - f-le- ℓ šiya. Is this restaurant open evenings? waš had l-meț€em ka-iḥell f-le-€šiya?

evenly - 1. msawi. The paint isn't spread evenly. had s-sbaga ma-metliya-š msawya. 2. metqadd. Divide the apples evenly among you.

qsem t-teffah metqaddin. It was the event - hadita pl. hawadit. most important event of the year. kan hadak ahemm hadita de-l- ε am.

in any event - šnu-mma wqe£. I'Il be there in any event. šnu-mma wqe£ gad nkun temma.

in the event of - ila wqee ši ... In the event of an accident, notify the police. ila weqeet ši-musiba Elem š-šorta.

ever — Eemmer (plus pronoun endings).

Have you ever been in the United
States? was Eemmrek msiti l?amirika? — Who ever heard of such
a thing! skun lli Eemmru smeE men
had s-si! — Haven't you ever been
there? was Eemmrek ma-Ziti-s l-temma?
ever since — men ... u-. Ever
since the accident I've had pains in
my leg. men dak l-musiba w-ana

mweEEet f-režli.

hardly ever - qlil fayn. I hardly
ever have a headache. qlil fayn kaižini hriq r-ras.

every - koll. He comes here every week. ka-iži le-hna koll žem£a.

--Give every chiId one. £ti l-koll derri wahed. --I see him every day. ka-nšufu koll nhar.

every now and then - men merra l-merra, merra f-xta. He takes a drink every now and then. ka-ye&mel \$i-kwiyyes men merra l-merra.

every one - koll wahed. Every one of us received a pack of cigarettes. Etaw l-koll wahed menna bakit d-garru. --Every one of the children came. ža koll wahed men d-drari.

every other day - koll yumayn. They have meat every other day. ka-yaklu l-lhem koll yumayn.

every other week - merra žmečtayn. I see him every other week. ka-nšufu merra fe-žmečtayn.

every other month - merra fšehrayn. He comes to see us about every other month. ka-izurna merra f-šehrayn.

every time - fuq-emma. It rains every time we want to go out. kattih š-šta fuq-emma ka-nebģiw nxeržu.

everybody - koll wahed. Everybody has to do his duty. koll wahed xessu yeémel šgalu. --Everybody laughed. koll wahed dhek.

everybody else - le-xrin. It's all right with me if it's all right with everybody else. ana mettafeq ila kanu mettafqin le-xrin.

everything - 1. koll-ši. He's mixed up everything. xerbeq koll-ši.
2. lli. I'll do everything that's necessary. ġadi ne£mel lli ḍaruri.
everywhere - f-koll muḍe£. I've looked everywhere for that book.

qellebt f-koll mudeé éla had le-ktab. evidence - hužža pl. -t, hužaž. He was acquitted for lack of evidence. telquh éla sabab qellt l-hužža.

evident - daher. It was quite evident that she was sick. daher Eliha bin kanet mrida.

evil - bla. He chose the lesser evil. xter le-bla l-hiyyen.

exact - shih pl. shah. Is this an exact copy? was had n-nesxa shiha? exactly - tamamen. That's exactly like the other one. hadi tamamen bhal le-xra.

**That wasn't exactly nice of you. ma-Emeltiha-* mezyan.

to exaggerate - zad izid f-. You're exaggerating as usual. kama l-Eada ka-dzid fih.

exaggeration - zyada. There's too much exaggeration in that story. kayna zyada bezzaf f-dak le-xrafa.

examination - 1. imtihan pl. -at.

The examination was easy. l-imtihan kan sahel. 2. teglab. What did the examination show? Snu ban fe-t-teglab? 3. (i)stintag. The examination of the witnesses lasted two hours. tal l-istintag de-š-šwahed sa£tayn.

to examine - qelleb. The doctor exmined me thoroughly. qellebni t-tbib men l-fuq hetta l-teht. --I'm here to examine the books. ana hna baš ngelleb le-ktuba.

example - mital.

for example - matalen.

**We must make an example of this man. xeşşna b-had r-ražel n£ellmu n-nas.

excavation - hfir, (action); hefra pI. -t, hfari (hole).

excellent - moEtabar. This soup is excellent. had s-subba moEtabara.

except - men gir. Everybody believed it except him. koll wahed tag b-dak-š-ši men gir huwa.

except for - men gir. I like the book except for one chapter. Ežebni le-ktab men gir fesl wahed.

exchange - tebdil. The Red Cross arranges for the exchange of prisoners. s-salib le-hmer ka-idebber Ela tebdil le-msažen.

rate of exchange - taman s-serf. What's the rate of exchange today? snu huwa taman s-serf l-yum?

stock exchange - suq s-serf, bursa.

to exchange - beddel. I want to
exchange this book for another one.
bgit nbeddel had le-ktab b-wahed
axor.

**I've been exchanging ideas with your friend. ferreat l-lġa m€a şaḥbek. saḥbek.

to excite - 1. dda iddi l-Eeql l-.

That was an exciting movie. had lfilm dda-li Eeqli. 2. hiyyež. I'm
so excited! ana mhiyyež!

**I'm not too excited about it.

ma-ka-ihemmni-š bezzaf.

to get excited - thiyyez. Don't get excited. ma-tthiyyez-s.

excitement - haraž. Why the excitement? Elaš dak l-haraž?

exclusive - xass. We have exclusive rights to this invention. Eendna huquq xassa f-had le-xtiraE. --This is quite an exclusive club. hada nadi xass.

excuse - Eder pl. Edar. That's no excuse! hada ma-ši Eder!

to excuse - smeh-l. Please excuse my bad Arabic. smeh-li &afak l-&erbiya le-qbiha dyali. --He was excused for the afternoon because of a headache. semhu-lu &el le-&siya &la qibal kan &endu w&i&er-ras.
--Excuse me, please' smeh-li &afak!

to execute - 1. qtel. The murderer was executed this morning. qetlu l-qatel f-had s-sbah. 2. neffed. Have you executed my order yet? was neffedti š-šgal lli Etitek wella ma-gal?

execution - qtila.

exercise - 1. temrin. Exercise ten is very difficult. t-temrin l-&aser wa&er bessaf. 2. tedrab, tedrib. I need more exercise. xessni kter de-t-tedrab.

to exercise - dderreb. You have to exercise every morning. xessek tedderreb koll sbah.

exhausted - mehluk. I was completely exhausted after that long trip. and kont mehluk men beed had s-safar t-twil.

exhibit - fraža pl. -t. Have you seen the exhibit? waš šefti le-fraža?
to exhibit - werra. His wife loves to exhibit her gold jewelry.
mratu ka-tebģi twerri le-qšawes de-d-heb dyalha.

exhibition - meErid.

exile - 1. nefyan (action, state).
2. menfi (person).

to exist - 1. kan ikun. That exists only in your imagination. had š-ši ma-kayen ģir fe-t-texyil dyalek.

--Such a thing doesn't exist. had l-haža ma-kayna-š. 2. £as i£iš. How does he manage to exist on so

little? kif-aš ka-idebber i£iš ģir b-had le-flus?

**He doesn't exist, as far as I'm concerned. ila žiti Eliya, ma-ka-iswa Eendi hetta haža.

existence - hayat. He's leading a miserable existence. Eayes hayat ba?isa.

**He's not even aware of my existence. ma-ša£er-š biya be-l-koll kayen. --This business has been in existence for fifty years. hadi xemsin & am u-had & -šarika xeddama.

exit - bab l-xuruž. There's the exit.

ha bab l-xuruž.

**He made a hasty exit. xrež be-z-zerba.

to expect - 1. tsenna. I expect him at three o'clock. ka-ntsennah iži fe-t-tlata. 2. Eemwel Ela. Does he expect a tip? waš ka-iEemwel Ela ši-ižara.

expectation - intidar. Contrary to my expectation, the experiment turned out well. b-xalaf l-intidar dyali, t-težriba dazet mezyana.

expedition = be\(\xi ta \) pl. -t; hemla pl.
-t (military).

-t (military).

to expel - dha idhi. The boy was expelled from school. dhaw l-weld men l-medrasa.

expense - sayer pl. swayer. The expense is too much. had s-sayer bezzaf.

at the expense - b-meṣruf. He made the trip at his company's expense. ṣafer b-meṣruf š-šarika. expensive - ġali. This apartment is too expensive. had s-sokna ġalya bezzaf.

experience - težriba pl. -t. Have
you any experience in such matters?
waš Eendek ši-težribat f-had
l-?umur? -I had a strange experience
last night. kanet Eendi težriba
ġriba l-bareh fe-l-lil.

to experience - žerreb. I never experienced anything like it. Eemmri ma-žerrebt ši-haža bhal hadi.

experiment - težriba pl. -t. The
 experiment was successful. had
 t-težriba nežhet.

to experiment - žerreb. I experimented with new colors. žerrebt b-?alwan ždad.

expert - 1. mxeşşeş. The experts
declared the document to be a forgery.
le-mxeşşşin qal bin r-rşem meşnut.
--We need an expert mechanic.
xeşşna makaniki mxeşşeş. 2. d-lemEellmin. I need some expert advice.
xeşşni ši-naşiha d-le-mEellmin.

to expire - fat ifut l-?ažal d-. His visa expired last week. fat l-?ažal de-l-biza dyalu ž-žemća lli fatet. to explain - fesser.

explanation - tefsira.

to explode - tfergec. The bomb didn't explode. l-qenbula ma-tfergec-š.

exploit - mziya pl. -t. He never stops talking about his exploits. huwa dima ka-iftaxer b-le-mziyat dyalu.

**He exploits his employees. ka-ixeddem l- \mathcal{E} ommala dyalu kif le- \mathcal{E} bid.

to explore - 1. qelleb. Let's explore that island. yallah nqellbu l-žazira.
2. bhet. We explored all the possibilities. bhetna l-imkaniyat kollhom.

explosion - $tfergi \in a$ pl. -t coll. $tfergi \in c$.

export - sadıra pl. -t, bič l-l-xariž.

The country has no exports. had
le-blad ma-fendha bić l-l-xariž.

to export - bać ibić l-l-xariž.

Germany exports cameras. almanya ka-tbie l-l-xariž makinat de-teswir. to expose - 1. xella fe-d-du. How long did you expose the film? šhal xelliti l-film fe-d-du? 2. biyyen. He was exposed as a spy. biyynu bin huwa xa?in.

**He's exposed to constant danger. huwa dima f-hala xatira.

express - 1. sarit. Is the next train an express? was l-qitar ž-žay sarit? 2. wadeh. It was his express wish. kan hadak talabu l-wadeh.

(by) express - m£ežžel. We're sending your trunk by express. gad nsiftu-lek s-senduq dyalek m£ežžel.

to express - 1. Eebber Ela. He expressed his opinion freely. Eebber Eel l-fikra dyalu be-s-saraha.

2. dker. Did he express any wish?

dker. Did he express any wish? was dker \$1-murad?

expression - Eibara pl. -t. There's no better expression for it. makayna hetta Eibara hsen mennha.

extension - 1. ?ažal. He gave me another week's extension. Etani?ažal axor d-žemća. 2. tusić. The

extension to our house will soon be finished. t-tusi \(\xi\) dyal darna gadi itfedda men daba \(\xi\)wiya.

extensive - waseE.

extent - hedd. To a certain extent he is responsible for the disaster. l-wahed l-hedd huwa sabab l-musiba.

extra - zayed. Do you have a few extra pencils? was fendkom si-qluma zaydın? --Do I get extra pay for this job? was gad yeftiwni izara zayda l-had l-xedma?

extraordinary - & & ib pl. & & ab. Only an extraordinary woman could accomplish all that. gir le-mra lli & & iba imken-lha ddir had š-ši kollu.

extreme - šdid pl. šdad. We had to resort to extreme measures. tlessemna naxdu tadabir šdida.

**Their house is at the extreme end of the island. darhom f-qa£ ž-žazira.

extremely - bezzaf (Ead). This news is extremely sad. had le-xbar hzin bezzaf Ead.

eye - Eeyn (f.) pl. Eeynin (Eeynibefore pronoun endings), Eyun. Her eyes are blue. Eeyniha zurea. --I've had my eye on that for a long time. Shal hadi u-Eeyni f-dak š-ši. --The eye of this needle is too small l-Eeyn d-had l-ibra sgira bezzaf. --I never laid eyes on him. Eemmer

Eeyniya ma-šafuh.

**We just don't see eye to eye.

Eemmerna ma-ka-nttafqu.

black eye - Eeyn mneffxa. Where did you get that black eye? Elaš Eeynek mneffxa?

to keep an eye on - redd l-bal l-. Keep an eye on the children while I'm out. redd l-bal le-d-drari melli nexrož.

to eye - bellez Eeynu f-. He eyed the chocolate longingly. bellez Eeynu fe-š-šeklat be-š-šekwa.

eyebrow - hažeb pl. hwažeb. eye glasses - ndader (pl.). eyelash - šfer pl. šfar. eyelid - žfen pl. žfan.

fahric - tub pl. twab. What kind of fabric is this shirt made of?
be-š-men tub mensuba had l-qamıža?

face - 1. wžeh, wežh pl. wžuh; sifa pl. -t, syuf. I'd tell him that right to his face. ngulha-lu

f-wežhu. --He tripped and fell on his face. Eter u-tah Ela wezhu. -- She slammed the door in my face. šeddet-li l-bab Ela wežhi. 2. kemmara pl. kmamer. He has a horrible face. Eendu wahed

l-kemmara ka-texleE. face to face - 1, metgablin. They were sitting face to face. kanu galsin metgablin. 2. wžeh le-wžeh. They discussed it face to face. tkellmu Eliha wžeh le-wžeh.

at face value - men l-medher. She takes everything at face value. koll haža ka-tgedderha men l-medher dyalha.

on the face of it - Ela ma kaidher. On the face of it, it looks like a good idea. Ela ma ka-idher hadi fekra mezyana.

in the face of danger - qbalt l-xatar.

to lose face - thessem, thehdel. to make (cause to) lose face heššem, behdel b-.

to make faces - Eewwež wežhu. Stop making faces. u-ma-tEewwež wežhek.

to save face - menne e rașu men t-tbehdila.

to show one's face - dehher wežhu, biyyen wežhu. He doesn't dare show his face around here again. maka-iqder-š Eawed ibiyyen wežhu hna. to face - 1. Eta yeEti wežhu.

Face the wall! Eti wezhek l-l-hit! 2. qabel. My window faces south. š-šeržem dyali maabel l-žanub. 3. wažeh, gabel. Face the facts! wažeh l-wagiE! -- I can't face him. ma-neqder-š nwažhu.

face-powder - burbu d-le-wžeh. facing - magbel. He lives in the house facing the theater. saken fe-d-dar lli maabla s-sinima.

fact - waqi€a pl. waqaye€, haqiqa pl. haqa9eq.

in fact - fe-l-haqiqa, fe-l-waqiE. factor - ?ase! pl. ?usu!; sabab pl. ?asbab. His perseverance was the main factor of his success. t-tbat dyalu kan ?ahemm sabab de-n-nažah dyalu.

factory - meemel pl. maeamil. to fade - 1. kšef. My socks faded in the wash. tqašri kešfu fe-t-tesbin. 2. dbal. These roses faded very quickly. had l-werd degya degya

to fade away - gab igib šwiya be-šwiya. The music faded away. l-musiqa gabet šwiya be-šwiya.

to fail - 1. ma-nžeh-š, xser, xfeq. His experiment failed. t-težriba dyalu ma-nežhet-š. --All our efforts failed. mežhudatna kollha xefqet. 2. sqet. Five students failed the exam. xemsa de-t-tolba seatu f-lemtihan. 3. glal, mša imši Elih. His eyesight is failing. n-nder dyalu ka-iqlal. 4. dae idie. The crops failed last year. 1-Eam lli fat s-saba da Eet. 5. smeh f-, daz iduz, xella. I won't fail you. ma-nesmeh-š fik or ma-nduzek-š. keddeb. If my eyes don't fail me. it's him. ila ma-keddbunı-š Eeyniya rah huwa hadak. 7. Eendak ma, wiyyak ma. Don't fail to go there. Eendak ma-temši-š l-temma. without fail - bla šekk. I'll be there without fail. bla šekk gad

nkun temma.

failure - sugut. His failure in the exam made him sad. s-sugut dyalu f-le-mtihan mtiyyru-lu.

faint - 1. sexfan. I feel faint. ka-nhess b-rasi sexfan. 2. xfif. pl. xfaf. I heard a faint noise. sme Et ši-hess xfif.

**She lay in a dead faint. kanet ġayba Ela Eqelha. --I haven't the faintest idea. ma-Eendi hetta fikra. -- There's only a faint hope left. baqi gir šwiya de-l-?amal.

to faint - sxef. She fainted from fright. sexfet be-l-xel&a.

fair - 1. hegg. That wouldn't be fair! ma-ši hegg hadak. 2. mnaseb, meEqul. That's a fair price. had t-taman taman meEqul. 3. zeer pl. zueer. She has blue eyes and fair hair. Eendha Eeynin zureq u-šeer ster. 4. Ela gedd l-hal. The work is only fair. l-xedma Ela gedd l-hal.

faith - 1. iman, tiga. Do you have faith in God? was Eendek l-iman fe-llah? -I lost faith in him. da€et t-tiga dyali fih. 2. din pl. diyanat, dyun. I don't know what his faith is. ma-ka-neEref-š šnu huwa d-din dyalu.

to have faith in (God) - amen be-llah, taq itiq fe-llah.

to have faith in (someone) - tag itiq b-.

faithful - xales, muxlis. He's faithful to his wife. huwa ražel xales le-mratu. -She's very faithful in hiya muxlisa fe-l-xedma her work. dyalha.

fake - 1. mzuwwer, ma-ši haqiqi. picture is a fake. dak t-teswira mzuwwra. 2. šharat pl. šhartiya. He's not a real doctor, he's a fake. ma-huwa-ši tbib haqiqi, huwa gir šharat.

to fake - 1. zuwwer. He faked the passport. zuwwer l-žawaz. 2. dar idir b-nefsu, dar idir b-rasu, dar idir b-ruhu, Emel messu. I think you're just faking that you're tired. ka-ndenn gir ka-ddir b-rasek Eeyyan.

to fake poverty - tmesken.
to fake illness - tmerred.

fall - 1. tiha pl. -t. He hasn't recovered from his fall yet. ma-zal ma-bra-š men t-tiha dyalu. 2. xrif. I'll be back next fall. ġad neržeć le-xrif ž-žay.

to fall - tah itih. He fell from the ladder. tah men s-sellum. --He fell down the stairs. tah

fe-d-druž.

to fall apart - tah itih be-t-traf.

The chair is falling apart. š-šilya ka-ttih be-t-traf.

to fall asleep - nees, tah itih be-n-neas. I fell asleep. teht be-n-neas.

to fall back on - ttkel Ela. We can always fall back on our savings. imken-lna daymen ntteklu Eel le-flus lli wefferna.

to fall behind - t?exxer, twexxer. We fell behind in the rent. t?exxerna b-le-kra. --He fell behind the rest of them. twexxer murahom.

to fall in love - Eseq. She fell in love with him. Eesqettu.

to fall off - qlal. Profits have been falling off lately. r-rbeh ka-iqlal had l-iyam.

to fall on - ža iži, kan ikun. New Year's falls on a Monday this year. ras $l-\epsilon$ am ġad iži n-nhar t-tnin had $l-\epsilon$ am.

to fall out - 1. tah itih. All his hair fell out. Seeru kollu tah. 2. txasem. They've fallen out with each other since she wrecked the car. txasmu beediyathom men beed-ma wegeet-lha l-hadita be-ssiyara.

fallen arches - režlin mgerrsin, režlin mbešštin.

false - ma-ši shih pl. ma-si shah.
Is this true or false? waš had š-ši shih wella la?

false teetb - snan rumiyin.

familiar - 1. metsanes. I'm not
familiar with that. ana
ma-metsanes-ši b-dak š-ši. 2. ma-ši
berrani. You have a familiar face.
wežhek ma-ši berrani Eliya.

to get familiar with - $dser \in la$.

Don't get too familiar ma-ddšer-š!

to become familiar with - tsanes
b-, walef b-.

family - $\xi a^{9}ila$ pl. -t.

famine - qeht, mža£a pl. -t.

famous - mešhur.

fan - 1. riyyaha pl. -t. Turn on the fan. duwwer r-riyyaha. 2. merweh pl. mraweh. She has a fan from Spain. Eendha merweh men sbanya.

to fan - ruwweh. Fan yourself with the newspaper. ruwweh rasek be-l-žarida.

fancy - 1. ršuq de-s-sa£a. It's just a passing fancy with her. hadak gir r-ršuq dyalha de-s-sa£a.

2. de-š-šiki. She doesn't like fancy clothes. ma-ka-tebģi-š le-hwayeš de-š-šiki. 3. mšiyyek. Don't you look fancy! ka-ddher mšiyyek bezzaf!

far - 1. beid pl. bead. People came from far and near. n-nas žaw men qrib u-men beid. 2. bezzaf. That's not far wrong. ma-fih-š l-galat bezzaf.

far be it - haša. Far be it from me to criticize you. haša hetta nlahed Elik.

to go far - 1. tbeffed. Don't go far, children! ma-tbeffdu-š a d-drari! 2. nžeh bezzaf. He'll go far in this profession. ġad inžeh bezzaf f-had l-mehna.

to carry things too far - zad izid fih, bessel. At times he carries things too far. beed l-merrat ka-izid fih.

far away - beid pl. bead. Is he far away? was huwa beid?

far off - beid bezzaf. The wedding is not far off. z-zwaž ma-beid-š bezzaf.

as far as - 1. hetta l-. We walked as far as the gate. mšina hetta l-l-bab. 2. Ela boEd. As far as you could see, everything was covered with snow. Ela boEd n-nder kan t-telž mgetti koll-ši. 3. Ela-ma. As far as I know he's still alive. Ela-ma ka-neEref huwa baqi Eayeš.

**The idea is good, as far as it goes. hadı fekra mezyana, be-l-heqq ma-ka-thell-š l-moškila kollha.

as far as I'm concerned, etc. ila žiti Eliya, etc. As far as
he's concerned it's all right. ila
žiti Elih huwa qabel.

by far - bezzaf Ead. He is by far the most famous man in town.
huwa me\$hur kter men koll wahed f-

f-had le-blad u-bezzaf Ead.

few and far between - qlal bessaf $\mathcal{E}ad$. Honest people are few and far between. n-nas lli fihom l-aman qlal bessaf $\mathcal{E}ad$.

on the far side - Eel ž-žiha le-xra. Our house is on the far side of the river. darna žat Eel ž-žiha le-xra de-l-wad.

so far - hetta l-daba. So far you've been pretty lucky. hetta l-daba kan Eendek g-zher beszaf.

Far East - š-šerg l-9eqsa.

farewell party - hefla de-l-wada£ ol. -t de-l-wada£.

far-fetched - bEid Eel d-denn. That's

a bit far-fetched. had š-ši bčid Eel d-denn ši-šwiya. farm - Ezih nl Ezaveh firma nl -t

farm - Ezib pl. Ezayeb, firma pl. -t. farm hand - xeddam d-le-Ezib pl. xeddama d-le-Ezib.

farming - flaha. There isn't much farming in this region. ma-kayna-š le-flaha bezzaf f-had ž-žiha. ž-žiha.

to fascinate - bhed. The entire audience was fascinated by his story. le-xrafa dyalu behdet ž-žma£a kollha.

fascinating - εαžib. This is a fascinating book. had le-ktab εαžib.
fashion - muda pl. -t. Green has gone out of fashion. l-lun le-xder ma-bqa-š muda.

**She keeps house, after a fashion.
ka-thella f-darha f-wahed š-škel
m£awet u-kan.

fashionable - muda, fe-l-muda.

fast - 1. syam. One of the five pillars of Islam is the Fast. s-syam huwa wahed men l-xemsa de-r-rkayez lli ka-ittebna Elihom l-?islam.

2. be-z-zerba. Don't talk so fast. ma-tehder-š be-z-zerba. 3. sri£ pl. -in. He has a fast car. £endu siyara sri£a. 4. asili. Are these colors fast? waš had s-sbaga asiliya?

**My watch is ten minutes fast.
maganti fiha Eešra de-d-dqayeq de-lxeffa. --He's fast asleep. nEasu
tqil.

fast company - nas de-r-ršuq. He travels in fast company. ka-idžemme£ m£a n-nas de-r-ršuq.

to go fast - sree, žra ižri. His new car will go very fast. tumubiltu ž-ždida ka-tesree bezzaf.

to fast - sam 1 sum. to fasten - Eqed.

fat - 1. shem pl. sehmat. This meat has too much fat. had l-them fih

shem bezzaf. 2. smin pl. sman. The woman is too fat. had le-mra smina bezzaf.

to get fat - sman. He's gotten fat this year. sman had $l-\epsilon$ am. fatal - 1. (lli) ka-iqtel, qatel, del-mut. He received a fatal blow. xda deqqa de-l-mut. 2. muhlik, (lli) ka-ihlek, de-l-halak. That was a fatal mistake. kanet l-gelta muhlika.

fate - l-mektab, l-mektub.

father - bu, bba.

faucet - Eenbub pl. Enabeb, besbus pl. bsabes. The faucet is dripping. l-Eenbub ka-iqetter.

fault - 1. Eib pl. Eyub. We all have our faults. koll wahed fina Eendu Eyubu or hetta zin ma-xtatu lula.

2. galat pl. glati, geltat. It's not his fault. ma-ši l-galat dyalu.

to find fault - lahed. You're always finding fault. daymen ka-tlahed.

faultless - shih pl. shah, ma-fih hetta gelta.

faulty - Eayeb.

fava hean - fula pl. -t, coll. ful.
favor - 1. mziya pl. -t. I want to
ask you a favor. hebbit ntleb
mennek wahed le-mziya. 2. xir.
Don't do me any favors! ma-ddir
fiya hetta ši-xir! or xelli xirek
f-darek!

to he in favor of - mal imil l-.

I'm in favor of this party. ana
ka-nmil l-had l-hizeb.

in one's favor - men žiht-. She spoke in my favor at the trial. žat men žihti fe-l-muhakama.

to speak in one's favor - šker, tna itni Ela. She spoke to the boss in my favor. šekretni l-le-mEellem.
--That speaks in his favor. had šši ka-itni Elih.

to favor - 1. ža iži men žiht.

He favors the youngest child. kaiži men žiht l-weld s-sģir.

2. feddel. I favor black horses.
ka-nfeddel l-xil l-kuhel.

favorable - mnaseb. He bought the house on very favorable terms. §ra d-dar b-taman mnaseb.

favorahly - b-le-Etina. The play was favorably received. steqblu t-temtil b-le-Etina.

fear - xuf. Your fears are unfounded.

l-xuf dyalek ma-tendu metna. --He
turned pale with fear. ržet sfer
be-l-xuf.

for fear of - Ela wedd xaf ixaf.

He took a taxi for fear of missing the train. xda taksi $\mathcal{E}la$ wedd xaf l-ma $\sin a$ tem $\sin \mathcal{E}lih$.

to fear - xaf ixaf. You have nothing to fear. ma-Eendek-8 mn-a8 txaf.

fearful - 1. xayef. Mother is so fearful about my health. mmi xayfa bezzaf Ela sehhti. 2. (lli) ka-ixewwef. He was a huge, fearful man. kan ražel twil u-ka-ixewwef.

fearfully - bla qyas, bezzaf εad. I was fearfully seasick on the boat. kont mrid bla qyas fe-l-babbur.

feast - zerda pl. -t, zradi; \mathcal{E} id pl. \mathcal{E} yad.

feather - riša pl. -t coll. riš.
feature - 1. herf pl. hruf. He has
pleasant features. Eendu hruf
mezyanin. 2. xessisa pl. -t. A
feature of capitalism is free trade.
men xessisat r-rasmaliya horriyt
t-tižara.

February - febrayer, ibrayer.

fee - xlas pl. -at. How much was the
fee? šhal kan le-xlas?

feehle - d&if pl. d&af.

feed - makla pl. -t. Have you bought the feed for the chickens? was šriti l-makla le-d-džaž?

to feed - wekkel. She's feeding the chickens. ka-twekkel d-džaž.

to be fed up with - Eya yeEya, šbeE, tleE f-rasu. I'm fed up with this whole business. ana Eyit men had š-ši or had š-ši kollu taleE-li f-rasi.

to feel - 1. qelleb. The doctor felt my pulse. t-tbib qelleb n-neht dyali. 2. hess b-. He felt a strange hand on his shoulder. hess b-ši-yedd Ela ketfu. --He doesn't feel well. ma-ka-ihess-8 b-rasu la-bas. 3. denn, hess. I feel she doesn't like me. ka-nhess biha ma-ka-tebgini-8.

**We feel his loss keenly. l-mut dyalu xellatha fina. --I'll feel him out and let you know. ġad nšuf šnu teḥt raṣu u-nqul-lek.

to feel about - denn f-. How do you feel about this? $\S-ka-ddenn$ f-had $\S-\Si$?

to feel for - t?essef Ela, Eezza. I really feel for you. ka-nt?essef Elik bezzaf.

to feel like - 1. bga ibgi. I feel like a cold drink. bagi nešreb ši-haža barda. --I feel like dancing. bagi nešteh. 2. hess b-raşu bhal. I feel like a fool. ka-nhess b-raşi bhal le-hmeq.

to feel one's way - desses. He felt his way to the window. desses Eel t-triq le-š-šeržem.

to feel up to - hess b-qabiliya, Eendu l-qabiliya. I don't feel up to it right now. ma-Eendi-š l-qabiliya l-had š-ši daba.

to get (used to) the feel of tsanes. I haven't got the feel of the car yet. ma-zal ma-tsanest-š be-t-tumubil.

feeling - Eatifa pl. Eawatef. I didn't mean to hurt your feelings. ma-bgit-s ngesseh l-Eawatef dyalek.

**I have a feeling (that) he won't come. ka-nšekk ma-gad iži-š.

to have a feeling for - dduwweq. He has no feeling for music. ma-ka-idduwweq-š l-musiqa.

to have feeling in - hess ihess b..

I have no feeling in my right arm.

ma-ka-nhess-š be-l-yedd l-imna.

fellow - Pensan, Pinsan pl. nas. He's a nice fellow. huwa wahed l-Pensan drif.

the fellows - d-drari. Where are the fellows going to meet tonight? fayn gad itlaqaw d-drari had l-lila?
**Poor fellow! meskin!

felt - lbed, mlifa.

female - nta pl. -wat. Is this animal a male or a female? waš had l-hayawan dker wella nta?

fence - syaž pl. -at.

wire fence - zerb pl. zrub.
to fence (in) - siyyez. They
fenced the house in. siyyzu d-dar.
to ferment - xmer, xellel. The grapes
are fermenting. l-Eineb ka-ixellel.
fertile - l. xesb. This soil is very
fertile. had l-?erd xesba bezzaf.
2. muntiz. He has a very fertile
mind. Eendu fiker muntiz bezzaf.
to fester - qeyyeh. Is the wound
still festering? was z-zerha baqya

ka-tqeyyeh?
festival - musem pl. mwasem; ferh pl.
frah, frahat, fruha. The festival
was canceled at the last minute.
hedfu l-musem f-γaxir saξa.

fever - sxana.

feverish - fih sxana. He's been
feverish all day. bqat fih s-sxana
n-nhar kollu.

few - qlil pl. qlal. Few people come to see us in the summer. ka-ižiw nas qlal išufuna fe-s-sif.

few and far hetween - qlal bezzaf €ad. Honest people are few and far between. n-nas ş-ṣaḍqin qlal bezzaf €ad.

a few - ši. May I ask a few ques-

tions? was imken-li newdet šias?ila?

a few things - ši-hawyež. There are a few things on the table. kayen ši-hwayež Eel t-tabla.

a few times - beEd l-merrat. saw him only a few times. šeftu ģir beEd l-merrat.

quite a few - ktar šwiyeš, Eadad ktir. Quite a few people were present. kanu n-nas ktar šwiyeš hadrın or kanu Eadad de-n-nas hadrin.

Fez - fas.

native of Fez - fasi pl. fasiyen, hel fas.

fez - terbus pl. trabeš.

fickle - tayeš. fiddle - kamanža pl. -t.

**He won't play second fiddle to anyone. ma-ibģi-š ikun mura ķetta ši-wahed.

to fiddle - dreb l-kamanža, lEeb l-kamanža.

to fiddle (around) with - xerbeq f-, $l \in b$ f-. Don't fiddle (around) with the radio! ma-txerbeq-* fe-rradvu!

to fiddle away - $diyye\xi$. He fiddled away the whole day doing absolutely nothing. diyye n-nhar kollu bla-ma yeEmel hetta haža.

field - 1. feddan pl. fdaden. We walked across the fields. qte€na l-feddan. 2. $qet \in a de - l$ -erd. How much did you pay for that field? be-šhal šriti dak l-qet€a de-l-?erd? 3. midan pl. myaden, mihna pl. -t.He's the best man in his field. huwa hsen wahed f-midanu. 4. mel \mathcal{E} eb pl. mlakeb. The teams are coming onto the field. l-fergat daxlin l-me $l \in eb$.

fierce - ferras, hayež. The lion I saw was very fierce. s-sbe€ lli šeft kan ferras bezzaf.

fiery - hayes. He made a fiery speech. dar xetba hayža.

fifteen - xemstaš, xmestaš.

fifth - 1. xumus pl. xmas. He got only a fifth of the estate. žah \dot{g} ir l-xumus de-l-melk. 2. xames. He was born on October fifth. dzad nhar l-xames fe-ktuber.

fifty - xemsin.

fight - 1. muḥaraba pl. -t. He played an important part in the fight against tuberculosis. šarek mušaraka muhemma f-muharabet merd s-sell. 2. mdabza pl. -t. It was a fight to the finish. kanet mdabza dyal tyuh r-ruh. 3.-mulakama pl. -t. Were you at the fight last night? waš tferrežti fe-l-mulakama l-bareh fe-l-lil?

**He hasn't any fight left in him.

ma-bqa fih ma idabez.

to have a fight - ddabez. He and his wife had a fight. ddabez m£a mratu or ddabez huwa u-mratu.

to fight - 1. hareb. They fought bravely. harbu b-šaža£a. --You've got to fight that habit. xessek thareb had t-tbiEa. 2. dafeE Ela. I'm going to fight this suit. gad ndafe Ela had l-qadiya.

figure - 1. reqm pl. rqam, ?erqam. Add up these figures. ** *meE had l-?ergam. 2. sura pl. -t. Figure seven shows the parts of the engine. ş-şura reqm seb€a ka-tbiyyen t-traf dyal l-makina. 3. šexsiya pl. -t.

He's a mighty important figure in this town. huwa šexsiya muhemma bezzaf f-had le-mdina.

**Are you good at figures? ka-

teEref tehseb mezyan?

to figure - denn. I figure it's about five-thirty. ka-ndenn thun tegriben l-xemsa u-ness.

to figure out - 1. hell, xerrež. Can you figure out this problem? ımken-lek thell had l-muškila? 2. hseb. Figure out how much it will cost. hseb šhal gad 1swa. 3. fhem. Can you figure out what he means? waš imken-lek tefhem š-kaibģi iqul? -- I can't figure you out. ma-neqder-s nfehmek.

file - 1. mebred pl. mbared. need a finer file than that. xessek mebred regg men hadak. 2. mileff pl. -at. This student's file must have been misplaced. l-mileff dyal had t-taleb ma-huwa gir talef. --You'll find that in our files. džber dak-š-ši Eendna fe-l-mileffat. 3. seff pl. sfuf. Line up in single file' diru seff wahed!

on file - mEa l-mileffat. Do we have his application on file? was Eendna t-talab dyalu m€a l-mileffat?

to file - 1. bred. I have to file my nails. ka-ixessni nebred dfari. 2. retteb. The letters have not yet been filed. ma-zal ma-rettbu-š lebrawat. 3. qeddem. I filed my application yesterday. qeddemt t-talab dyali l-bareh.

to fill - 1. Eemmer. Fill this bottle with water. Eemmer had l-gerea bel-ma. --The hall was filled to capacity. Eemmru l-qaEa kollha. -- This tooth will have to be filled.

had d-dersa ka-ixessha tteemmer. 2. xda yaxod, šģel. The bed just about fills half of the room. lefraš ka-yaxod Elayen n-ness fe-l-bit. to fill in - 1. Eemmer. The ditch has been filled in. Eemmru l-hefra. 2. kteb. Fill your name in here. kteb smek hna. 3. nab inub. I'm just filling in here. ana gir nayeb hna.

to fill out - Eemmer. Fill out this application. Eemmer had l-

to fill up - Eemmer hetta l-lfomm. He filled up the glasses. Eemmer l-kisan hetta l-l-fomm.

**1've had my fill of it! \$beet mennu!

film - 1. beg ϵ a pl. -t, bga ϵ i. A thin film of oil formed on the water. begEa de-z-zit telEet Ela wžeh l-ma. 2. film pl. %eflam. I don't particularly like funny films. ma-kanebģi-š l-?eflam de-d-dehk hetta l-temma.

roll of film - film pl. ?eflam, qanut (de-tsawer) pl. qnanet (detsawer). I have to get another roll of film. xeşşni naxod qanut axur de-tşawer.

to film - suwwer. They filmed the entire ceremony. summeru l-hefla kollha.

filter - seffaya pl. -t.

to filter - seffa. final - 1. ?axir. Is that your final decision? waš hada l-qarar dyalek l-?axir? 2. mtihan ?axir. How did you make out on your French final? kif kan le-mtihan l-9axir dyalek fe-l-fransawiya?

finally - fe-l-?axir, fe-t-tali.
financial - maddi, mali. For financial reasons I must say no. Ela wedd ?esbab maddiya ma-imken-li-š neqbel.

to find - žber, sab isib, lga ilga. I found a coin in the street. Zbert fels fe-t-triq. -- I found him at home. lqitu fe-d-dar.

a real find - wežba pl. -t. This book is a real find. had le-ktab wežba mezyana.

to find one's way around - sab isib triqu. 1 never can find my way around here. ma-Eemmri ma-ka-nsib triqi hnaya.

to find out - 1. Eref, $ttale \epsilon$. found it out just yesterday. Ead l-bareh Ereftu. 2. fag ifig b-. found him out long ago. feqt bih men hadi šhal.

fine -1. x_{tiya} pl. -t. He had to pay a stiff fine. tlezzem ixelles

xtiva kbira. 2. moEtabar. Where did you get that fine material? mnayn xditi dak t-tub l-moEtabar? 3. sgir pl. sgar. That's too fine a distinction. hada ferq sgir bezzaf Ead. 4. mezyan. That's fine! had š-ši mezyan! 5. drif pl. draf. That was mighty fine of him. kan drif bezzaf Ead. 6. la-bas. Thanks, I'm feeling fine. barek llahu fik, r-ana la-bas. 7. rqiq pl. rgaq. I'd like a pen with a fine point. bgit glam rasu rqiq. to fine - dreb b-le-xtiva. The

judge fined him five hundred dirhams. l-qadi derbu be-xtiya d-xemsa myat derhem.

finger - sbee pl. sebean.

fingerprint - xett de-s-sbee pl. xtut de-s-sebEan.

finish - tali. I read the book from start to finish in one day. le-ktab men l-9ewwel hetta le-t-tali fe-nhar wahed.

to finisb - 1. fedda. Have you finished the job? was fedditi l-xedma? 2. kmel, tsala, tqada, tfedda. The work is finished. l-xedma kemlet.

**It was a fight to the finish. kanet mdabza dyal tyuh r-ruh. --If he does that once more, he'll be finished. ila Eawed darha merra xra gad tkun t-taliya ∈lih.

fire - 1. Eafya pl. Ewafi, nar pl. niran. -- Has the fire gone out? was tfat l- ξ afya? 2. hriga pl. -t, hrayeq. We had a big fire in town last year. kanet hriga kbira f-leblad l-Eam lli fat.

to be on fire - ttehreq, kan ikun nayda fih l- ϵ afya. The house is on fire. d-dar ka-ttehreg or d-dar nayda fiha l-Eafya.

to build a fire - šeel l-eafya. Let's build a fire. aži nšečlu l-Eafya.

to catch fire - šeElet l-Eafya f-. The hay caught fire. t-tben še Elet $fih\ l$ - $\mathcal{E}afya$.

to light a fire - ščel l-čafya. Will you light the fire? was tebģi teš£el l-Eafya?

to set on fire - \$\xie el l-\xi afya f-. He set the house on fire. §Eel 1-Eafya fe-d-dar.

to fire - 1. dreb (l-gertas). Why didn't you fire? Elas madrebti-š l-qertas? 2. xerrež men l-xedma dha idhi. Why did the boss fire him? Elas dhah le-mEellem?

**I'm all ears, fire away! h-ana

ka-ntsennet, tleg ma Eendek.

fire department - l-bumbiya. Call the Fire Department! Εεγγεί l-bumbiya!

fire escape - druž l-?igata. fireman - bumbi pl. -ya.

firm - 1. šarika pl. -at. What firm do you represent? \$-men šarika ka-tmettel? 2. rasi, gaseh The ground is firmer here than it is there. 1-9erd gasha hna kter men temma.

**I'm a firm believer in it. ana

m?amen b-had š-ši bezzaf.

first - 1. luwwel. I get paid on the first. ka-ixellsuni l-luwwel fe-s-sher. --I wouldn't believe it at first. ma-teqt-s fe-l-luwwel. --I always travel first-class. daymen ka-nsafer fe-d-daraža l-luwla.

2. ?ewwalen. First let me ask you a question. ?ewwelen xellini nsuwwlek.

**He doesn't know the first thing about soccer. ma ka-yeEref hetta

haža f-le€b l-kura. first-class = nimiru :

first-class = nimiru wahed. It's a
 first-class job. hadi xedma nimiru
 wahed.

first of all - be \(\xi da, \) qbel koll-\(\xi i. \)
First of all, you misunderstood me.
qbel koll-\(\xi i. \) rak ma-fhemtini-\(\xi . \)

in the first place - ?ewwalen.

In the first place I have no money, and besides... ?ewwalen, ma-Eendi flus, u-zaydun...

fish - huta pl. -t coll. hut.

to fish - 1. siyyed l-hut. Do you want to go fishing? was tebgi temsi tsiyyed l-hut? 2. qelleb, duwwer. She's just fishing for compliments. gir ka-dduwwer Eel l-qobba.

fist - buniya pl. -t, Eeqda de-l-yedd. to fit - ža iži qedd. These shoes don't fit me. had s-sebbat ma-ka-

iži-š qeddi.

**I'm busy, but I'll try to fit you in somewhere. ana mešģul, be-l-heqq ndir žehdi baš nsib-lek ši-wqiyyet.

to fit together - tlaqa. These parts don't fit together. had t-traf ma-ka-itlaqaw-š.

to have a fit - džennen. Every time I mention it he has a fit. fuq-emma ka-nžbedha-lu ka-idžennen.

**This suit isn't a good fit. had l-keswa ma-ši qeddi.

to be fit - slah. What sort of work is he fit for? le-š-men xedma islah? --This meat isn't fit to eat. had l-lhem ma-islah-š l-l-makla.
--This water isn't fit to drink.

had l-ma ma-islah-š le-š-šrib.

**He's fit to be tied. bezqu tayer be-ž-žnun.

to feel fit - hess b-raşu mesyan. He doesn't feel fit today. ma-kaihess-ši b-raşu mesyan l-yum.

fitting - 1. qyas pl. -at. When will the suit be ready for a fitting? mtaš tužed l-keswa l-le-qyas?

2. mnaseb. Let's wait for a more fitting occasion. xellina nsaynu weqt mnaseb kter.

five - xemsa, xems.

fix - me⁹zeq pl. m⁹azeq. He's in a terrible fix. huwa f-wahed l-me⁹zeq seib.

to fix - 1. dar idir, Emel. The price was fixed at one hundred dollars. Eemlu t-taman myat derhem.

2. Eewwet. Fix your tie. Eewwet le-grabata dyalek. 3. sleh. Can you fix the typewriter for me? was imken-lek tesleh-li l-makina d-lektaba? 4. wežžed, saweb. I have to fix supper now. ka-ixessni nwežžed le-Eša daba. 5. Eageb. I'll fix that swindler. gad neageb dak l-xettaf.

to fix up - saweb, Eawet. They fixed everything up again. sawbu koll-ši Eawed.

flabby - merxuf, merxi. My muscles got all flabby when I was sick. l-Eseb dyali wellaw merxiyin bezzaf melli kont mrid.

flag - Elam pl. Eluma, Ealamat; bendira pl. -t, bnader; raya pl. -t.

flake - qešra pl. -t, qšur. The paint is coming off the wall in big flakes. ka-itihu qšur kbar de-s-sbaga men l-hit.

flame - šeffala pl. -t. The flame of the candle was red. š-šeffala de-š-šmafa kanet hemra.

flap - ġlaf pl. -at; ġta pl. -wat, ġti. Do you want your pockets with or without flaps? waš tebġi żyubek b-le-ġţi wella blaš?

to flap - ferfer. The bird flapped its wings and flew away. l-bertal ferfer be-znawhu u-tar.

to flare up - 1. lheb. The fire flared up when I poured some gasoline on it. l-Eafya lehbet mnin kebbit Eliha l-lisans. 2. zEef. He flares up at the slightest provocation. gir ka-džebdu Elik ka-izEef.

flash - š£a. The flash of light blinded me. š-š£a de-d-duw £emmani.

in a flash - bhal le-breq. It was all over in a flash. daz bhal

le-breg.

flash of lightning - berga pl. -t coll. breg.

quick as a flash - bhal le-breq. He answered quick as a flash.

žaweb bhal le-breq. to flash - 1. breq. His eyes

flashed with anger. Eeynih berqu b-le-gdeb. 2. šeel. He flashed the light right in my face. d-duw f-wežhi.

**Many thoughts flashed through my mind. bezzaf de-l-fikrat žaw l-bali f-degga wehda.

to flash on $- š \in l$. I saw the light flash on. šeft d-duw ščel. flashlight - fnar pl. -at.

flat - 1. dwira pl. -t, sekna pl. -t. I just moved into a new flat. Ead rhelt l-wahed d-dwira ždida.

 rwida mefšuša pl. rwayed mefšušin. You'll have to get the flat fixed. xessek tsaweb r-rwida l-mefšuša.

3. mwati. All houses in Morocco have flat roofs. fe-l-megrib d-dyur kollhom Eendhom stupa mwatyin.

4. basel. The food tastes flat. l-makla basla. 5. u-safi, u-baraka, getEen. His answer was a flat no. žwabu kan la u-safi. 6. mbezzet. He has a flat nose. Eendu menxar mbezzet.

to have a flat - ttfeššet rwida l-. On the way back we had a flat. mnin konna ražčin ttfeššet-lna rwida.

to flatten - wata.

to flatter - lehleh.

to flatter oneself - shab-lu rasu. He flatters himself he's a good speaker. ka-ishab-lu rasu ka-ixteb mezvan.

to feel flattered - Eežbu raşu. She felt flattered by his remarks. Ežebha rasha be-l-mulahadat dyalu. flat tire - rwida mefšuša pl. rwayed mefšušin.

flavor - madaq. The coffee has lost all its flavor. l-qehwa mša-lha l-madaq dyalha kollu.

flavorless - basel.

flaw - εib pl. εyub .

flax - kettan.

flea - berguta pl. braget coll. bergut. to flee - hreb.

fleece - gezza pl. gzez.

fleet - fraget, ?ustul.

flesh - lhem pl. lhum, lhumat.

to flex - tna itni.

flexibility - lyana, lyuna.

flexible - liyyen.

to flicker - gmez, gzel, de£meš. The

light is flickering. d-duw ka-igmez. flight - 1. tayran. The flight lasted four hours. t-tayran tal reb€a 2. hežra pl. -t. What de-s-sa£at. do you know about the flight of the prophet? š-ka-teEref Eel l-hežra de-n-nbi? 3. seff pl. sfuf de-ddruž. How many more flights do we have to climb? shal men seff de-ddruž ma-zal ka-ixessna nțelEu? flimsy - 1. raši, ma-ši shih. The flimsy house was destroyed by the wind. d-dar r-rasya thedmet be-r-r-

That was a flimsy excuse 2. xawi. hadak kan Eder xawi.

to fling - lah iluh, rma irmi.

flock - 1. $qet \in a$ pl. -t. They followed him like a flock of sheep. tebEuh bhal qeț€a d-le-gnem. 2. qetta pl. -t. We saw a flock of birds flying south. šefna qetta de-t-tyur metwežžhin l-l-žanub.

to flock - dzahem. The children flocked into the movie. dzahmu d-drari fe-s-sinima.

to flock around - džuwwqu Ela, daru ž-žuga Ela. They flocked around the injured man. džumuqu Eel r-ražel l-mežruh.

flood - fida.

to flood - 1. hmel, fad ifid. The river floods every year. ka-yehmel koll Eam. 2. gerreq, getta (be-l-ma), fad ifid Ela. The high tide flooded the beach. fad le-mlu Eel le-blaya.

floor - 1. lerd. My glasses fell on the floor. n-ndader dyali tahu fe-l-lerd. 2. tebqa pl. -t. I live on the third floor. ka-neskon fet-tebqa t-talta.

**May I have the floor? was imken-li ntkellem?

first floor - sefli. We live on the first floor. ka-nseknu fe-ssefli.

florist - biyyat n-nuwwar. Her brother is a florist. xaha biyya€ n-nuwwar. florist. xaha biyya n-nummar.

to flounder - 1. xebbet. The horse floundered in the mud. by a l- \mathcal{E} ewd ka-ixebbet fe-l-gis. 2. tfafa. He floundered a while before finding the right answer. tfafa šwiya qbelma isib ž-žwab.

flour - thin.

to flourish 1. nbet mezyan. The plants are flourishing here. l-ģers kainbet mezyan f-had l-mudeE.

2. tmešša mezyan. His business is flourishing now. daba t-tižara dyalı metmeššva mezyan.

to flow - sal isil.

flower - numwara pl. -t, nwawer coll.

to fluctuate - 1. tlee u-hbet. Prices fluctuate. l-?etman ka-ttlee u-tehbet. 2. tgeyyer, tbeddel.

Around here the weather fluctuates a lot. l-hal ka-tgeyyer hna bezzaf.

fluently - belbel, be-z-zri u-l-ma.

He speaks Arabic fluently. kaitkellem l-Eerbiya belbel.

fluid - 1. haža žarya, ši žari. What is the fluid in this glass? š-had š-ši žari f-had l-kas? 2. žari. I watched them pour the fluid metal into a mold. šefthom ka-ikebbu l-me£den žari fe-l-qaleb.

to flutter - 1. ferfer, refref. The scarf fluttered in the breeze. d-derra kanet ka-trefref fe-r-rih.

2. rdeh. My heart fluttered when I saw her. mnin šeftha qelbi bda irdeh.

fly - debbana pl. -t, dbaben; coll. debban.

to fly - 1. tar itir. The birds are flying south. le-bratel tayrin l-žiht l-žanub. 2. xda yaxod t-tiyara. We're flying to Paris tomorrow. ġedda ġad naxdu t-tiyara l-bariz. 3. ṣag iṣug. Can you fly a plane? waš ka-te-erf tṣug t-tiyara?

**The ship was flying the Moroccan flag. l-baxira kanet mtell&a r-raya l-megribiya.

to fly into a rage - tar-lu, zef. When I told my father he flew into a rage. mnin qoltha le-bba tar-lu.

flyer - tiyyar pl. -in, -a.

foal - ždeć pl. žduća.

foam - 1. regwa pl. -t, rgawi. This soap doesn't produce much foam. had s-sabun ma-ka-ixerrež-š r-regwa bezzaf. 2. keškuša pl. -t. There's more foam than beer in this glass. kayen l-keškuša kter men l-bira f-had l-kas.

**He was foaming with rage. kan ka-iġli be-l-ġedda.

fog - dbab, dbaba.

fogged (up) - My glasses are fogged (up). n-ndader dyali mdebbbin.

foggy - mdebbeb.

fold - tenya pl. -t. The curtains are faded at the folds. t-tenyat d-lexwami kašfin.

to fold - 1. twa itwi. Help me fold the blanket. Eawenni ntwi le-gta. 2. tna itni. Shall I fold the letter? was ntni le-bra?

3. kemmes, gellef, lemm, leff. Fold

the gloves in some paper. kemmes ssebba£at fe-l-kaġit. 4. šebbek. She
sat there with folded hands. kanet
galsa seb£an mšebbkin. 5. rebbe£.
He folded his arms. rebbe£ iddih.

to fold in one's arms - Eenneq. She folded the child in her arms. Eennget le-wliyed.

to fold up - fles. That business folded up last year. dak $l-bi \in u \S-\S ra$ fles $l-\xi am$ lli fat.

folder - glaf pl. -at, mileff pl. -at.
The copies are in the blue folder.
ra n-nesxat fe-l-mileff le-greq.

to follow - 1. the E. Somebody's following us. Si-wahed tabe Ena.

2. tebbe E. I think I'll follow your example. ka-ndenn gad ntebbe Elmital dyalek. --Her eyes followed him sadly. tebbe ettu b-Eeynin fihom l-hoen. 3. xlet, the E. We'll follow you in a little while. nxeltu

Elikom men daba \$wiya.
 **From this it follows that ...
Ela had \$-\$i ...

to follow up - tebbec. We try to follow up every complaint. ka-nhawlu

ntebbeu koll šekwa.

**The letter reads as follows ...

h-aš ka-tqul le-bra ...
following - 1. Petba£ (pl.). He has a
very large following. Eendu Petba£
bezzaf. 2. (lli) men be£d. The
following day it rained. n-nhar lli
men be£d tahet š-šta.

**I need the following items ...
ha le-hwayež lli mehtaž-lhom ...
food - makla pl. -t, mwakel; t£am pl.
-t. Food got scarcer and scarcer.

l-makla qbalet šwiya be-\$wiya.
 **This will give you food for
thought. had š-ši gad ye£tik f-aš
txemmem.

fool - buhali pl. -yin, buhala; hmeq pl. humeq. He's a fool if he believes that story. rah hmeq ila taq b-dak le-hkaya.

to make a fool of oneself - redd rasu dehka. If you do that you'll make a fool of yourself. ila ddir dak š-ši gad tredd rasek dehka.

to fool - 1. tmelleg. I was only fooling. gir kont ka-ntmelleg.
2. tfella Ela. You can't fool me.
ma-imken-lek-š ttfella Eliya.

to fool around - 1. xerbeq. Don't fool around with that radio while I'm gone. ma-txerbeq-\$ f-dak r-radyu melli nkun gayeb. 2. tlaha. He just fools around. gir ka-itlaha. foot - ržel (f.) pl. režlin. (pl. režli- before pronoun endings).

--The chest of drawers stood at the foot of the bed. le-xzana kanet Eend režlin le-fraš.

on foot - Ela režlin. We had to cover the rest of the way on foot. tterrina nderbu t-triq lli bqat Ela režlina.

to put one's foot down - ziyyer \$-\$\delta_o i'\). Things won't improve until you put your foot down. \(\ilde{\pi}\) la ma-ziyyerti-\(\delta_i\) \(\delta_0\) down. \(\delta_0\) hetta \(\ha \tilde{\pi}\) a ma-tthessen.

to put one's foot in it - keffesha. I really put my foot in it that time! walayenni keffestha dak n-nuba!

to stand on one's own feet - ttkel Ela rasu. He's old enough to stand on his own feet. huwa kbir daba iqder ittkel Ela rasu.

for - 1. l-. Aspirin is good for headaches. sbirin mezyan le-hriq r-ras. --The train for Casablanca leaves in five minutes. l-mašina lli ka-temši le-d-dar l-bida ģadi tqelleć men daba xemsa de-d-dqayeq. --Is that for me? waš hadak lili? --What's that thing good for? l-aš ka-islah dak š-ši? 2. Ela. Did anyone ask for me? waš suwwel Eliya ši-wahed? 3. Ela wžeh. She married him for his money. xdatu Ela wžeh flusu. --I did it for my mother. dertha Ela wžeh mmi.

for a long time - šhal hadi. I haven't heard from him for a long time. šhal hadi ma-sme&t & lih xbar. force - quwwa pl. -t.

to force - lezzem.

to force open - fret.

forehead - žebha pl. -t.

foreign - ažnabı.

foreigner - ažnabi pl. -yin, ažaneb.

forest – gaba pl. –t, gyeb.

forever - daymen, dima.

to forget - nsa insa.

to forgive - smeh l-, sameh.

fork - 1. mtekka pl. -t, mtekk; metšekka pl. -t. Could I have a knife and fork please? Etini sekkin u-mtekka barek llahu fik. 2. mefreq pl. mfareq. Go until you reach the fork in the road. sir hetta tusel l-mefreq t-torgan.

to fork - ttefreq. The road forks beyond the village. t-triq kattefreq men mur l-qeryo.

form - 1. werga pl. -t, wraq. You'll have to fill out this form. ka-ixessek t∈emmer had l-werga.
2. qaleb pl. qwaleb. They're pouring the molten iron into the form. ka-ikebbu le-hdid le-mduwweb

fe-l-galeb.

in good form - našet. I'm in good form today. ana našet l-yum.

to form - 1. ?esses. He formed a new cabinet. ?esses diwan ždid.
2. ttaxed. I haven't formed an opinion yet. ma-zal ma-ttaxett hetta ši-nadar.

formal - 1. met peddeb. You needn't be that formal. ma-tkun-s met peddeb bessaf. 2. resmi. He paid him a formal visit. saru siyara resmiya.

former - 1. sabeq, qdim. The former owner of the shop has retired. mul l-hanut le-qdim fedda men l-bi€ u-š-šra f-nuba. 2. luwwel. I prefer the former suggestion. ka-nfeddel l-fikra l-luwla.

formerly - men qbel. fort - berž pl. bruž.

fortunate - sacid pl. sucada. That was a fortunate coincidence. kanet muşadafa sacida.

to be fortunate - Eendu s-seEd. He was very fortunate. kan Eendu s-seEd bezzaf.

fortune - terwa, mal. She inherited a large fortune. wertet terwa kbira.

to tell someone's fortune - dreb
l-fal l-. He told my fortune.

dreb-li l-fal.

fortune teller - derrab l-fal pl. derrabin l-fal.

forty - rebein.

forward - l-l-qeddam.

to come, go forward - tqeddem.
to look forward to - trežža. I'm
looking forward to your visit.
ka-ntrežža z-ziyara dyalek.

foul - 1. ġelta pl. -t, ġlati. A team member committed a foul. wahed men l-ferqa dar ġelta. 2. xanes, qbih pl. qbah. Where does that foul smell come from? mnin žayya had r-riḥa l-xanza?

to foul up - xesser, keffes. That mechanic fouled up my whole car! dak mul l-garaž xesser-li t-tumubil kollha.

foundation - 1. sas pl. -t, lsas pl. -at. The earthquake shook the foundations of the building. l-hessa l-?erdiya zeezeet l-lsas de-l-binaya.

2. ?asas pl. -at. Your remarks are completely without foundation. l-mulahadat dyalek ma-Eendhom hetta ?asas.

3. mu?essasa pl. -t, žem£iya pl. -t. Does the foundation for the blind have a branch in your city? waš l-mu?essasa de-l-Eumi Eendha

ši-fer€ fe-mdintkom? fountain - xoṣṣa pl. -t, xṣeṣ, (wall fountain) seqqaya pl. -t. fountain pen - stilu pl. -yat. four - rebEa, rbeE. fourteen – ŗbe∈ţaš. fourth - 1. rubu€ pl. -at; rbe€ pl. rbaE. Only one fourth of the students were listening. gir rbe& de-t-tlamed kan ka-itsennet. 2. rabe€. He died on the fourth. mat n-nhar r-rabe fe-s-sher. **fox -**.te∈leb pl. t∈aleb. fraction - 1. qesma pl. -t, qsam. Leave out the fractions and just give me the round numbers. Etini l-gergam s-shah u-xelli le-qsam. terf şğir, qesma şğira. He got only a fraction of his father's fortune. ma-žah ģir terf sģir men t-terwa de-bbah. fracture - tehrisa pl. -t, teksira pl. -t, gerda pl. -at. The fracture is healing slowly. t-tehrisa ka-tebra šwiyeš be-šwiyeš. to fracture - kesser, herres, gred. He fell off the bicycle and fractured his arm. tah men l-bisklit u-kesser yeddu. have a frame for this picture.

frame - qžer pl. qžura. I'd like to hebbit qžer l-had t-teşwira. broken the frame of my glasses. qžer de-n-ndader dyali therres. **He has a heavy frame. Eedmu

faxer.

to frame - dar idir qžer l-. I'll have the picture framed. gad ndir qžer le-t-teswira.

France - franșa. frank - sarih pl. srah, srihin. Be frank with me! kun sarih mEaya.

**1s that your frank opinion? was hada huwa n-nadar dyalek b-saraha? frankly - b-saraha. Why don't you tell me frankly what really happened? \mathcal{E} laš ma-tqul-li-š b-saraha šnu wqe \mathcal{E} ?

fraud - 1. ġešš. Fraud is a crime. l-ģešš žarima. 2. ģeššaš pl. -a, -in. He was exposed as a fraud. dher bin huwa ģeššaš.

freckle - hebba de-n-nems pl. hebbat de-n-nems.

freckles - nems (coll.). freckles - mnemmes.

free - 1. msali. Will you be free tomorrow? waš gad tkun msali gedda? 2. batel, bla flus. Take one! lt's free. xud wahed rah batel. 3. horr pl. hrar. I prefer a free nation. ka-nfeddel d-dula tkun horra.

free and easy - tabili mea rasu.

He has a free and easy way about him. huwa ražel tabiči mča rasu.

free speech - horriyt t-teEbir. Without free speech there is no real democracy. ma-kayna dimuqratiya haqiqiya bla horriyt t-teEbir.

to have a free hand - Eendu horriya tamma. Can 1 have a free hand in this matter? was imken thun Eendi horriya tamma f-had l-qadiya?

of one's own free will - b-xatru. Did you do it of your own free will? waš dertih b-xatrek?

to free, to set free - herrer, tleq. The prisoners were set free. telqu le-msažen.

freedom - horriya pl. -t.

freedom of speech - horriyt t-teEbir.

freely - 1. mennu l-rasu, b-xatru. He admitted freely that he had taken it. mennu l-rasu Etaref bin xdah. 2. bla-ma ixaf. You can speak freely. hder bla-ma txaf. 3. bla hsab. He spends his money freely. ka-idfe€ flusu bla þsab.

to freeze - 1. dxel Elih l-berd, mat imut be-l-berd. We froze all winter long. dxel ∈lina l-berd iyam š-šta kollha. -- I'm freezing. ka-nmut be-l-berd. 2. žmed, ttellež. water in the pitcher froze during the night. l-ma žmed fe-l-gorraf fe-l-lil. 3. weggef. The government has frozen all foreign accounts. l-hukuma weggfet žmi€ le-hsabat l−?ažnabiya.

French - fransawi.

frequently - bezzaf de-l-merrat, merrat muta Eeddida. I see him frequently. ka-nšufu bezzaf de-l-merra t.

fresh - 1. tri. Are these eggs fresh? waš had l-bid tri? 2. ngi. Let's go out for some fresh air. yallah nxeržu nšemmu šwiya de-l-hawa nqi. mežhed. A fresh wind was blowing. kan rih mežhed ka-isut. 4. dsuri. I can't stand that fresh kid. ma-ka-nehmel-š dak l-weld d-dsuri.

friction - 1. hekkan. There's too much friction in this wheel. kayen hekkan bezzaf f-had r-rwida. 2. mhakka, gnan. There's friction between the two sisters. ėnan bin ž-žuž de-l-xwatat.

Friday - ž-žem£a, yum ž-žem£a. friend - saheb pl. shab, sadiq pl. ?esdiga? He's a good friend of mine. huwa sahbi bezzaf. --We became fast friends. ržečna shab **Are we friends again? waš tsalehna?

friendly - drif pl. draf. She is friendly to everybody. hiya drifa méa koll wahed.

**They came to a friendly agreement. ttafqu be-l-xater.

friendship - sehba pl. -t, msehba pl.

fright - xel & pl. xewwef. to frighten - xle&, xewwef.

to he frightened - xaf ixaf, ttexleE.

frog - žrana pl. -t žrayen, coll. žran.

from - 1. men Eend. He just received a check from his father. Ead weslu sik men Eend bbah. 2. men. I've just come from the rehearsal. žit men t-temrin. -I live ten kilometers from the city. ka-nskon Ela boEd Eešra de-l-kilumitrat men le-mdina. --He's from Rabat. huwa men r-rbat. --He was tired from overwork. kan Eeyyan men l-xedma bezzaf. --From now on I'll be on time. men daba l-l-qeddam gad nebda $n \not\equiv i \quad fe-l-wegt.$ —The situation changes from day to day. l-hala katgeyyer men nhar le-nhar. --Office hours are from eight to twelve. l-mekteb meftuh men t-tmenya le-ttnaš. -- The situation went from bad to worse. l-ḥala tġeyyret men kfes le-nhes. -- The chair slipped out from under him. š-šelya zehqet men teht mennu. 3. Ela. From what he says it must be very interesting. Ela ma ka-igul dak š-ši mufid.

**He kept me from making a big mistake. reddni men wahed l-gelta kbira.

where ... from - mnin, mnayn. Where are you from? mnin nta?

**Where I come from it often rains for weeks. fe-bladi ktir ma ka-ttih š-šta muddat ?asabić.

front - 1. wžeh pl. wžuha. The front of the house is painted white. lewžeh de-d-dar mesbuž be-l-byed.

2. qeddam. The front of the room was all black with smoke. l-qeddam de-l-bit kan kollu khel be-d-doxxan.

3. qeddami. We were sitting in the front row. konna galsin fe-s-seff l-qeddami.

4. luwwel. The table of contents is in the front of the book. l-fehres fe-l-luwwel d-le-ktab.

in front of - 1. f-bab. Let's meet in front of the post office. ntlagaw f-bab l-busta. 2. qeddam.

1 sit in front of him in school. ka-negles qeddamu fe-l-medrasa.
3. qbalt. He stopped the car in front of the building. weqqef s-siyara qbalt l-binaya.

to frown - Eebbes.

to frown at - xzer f..

**Her whole family frowned on the match. kanet l-&a^ila dyalha kollha ma-radya-* be-z-zwaž dyalha.

fruit - fakya pl. -t; ģella pl. -t, ģell.

to fry - gla igli.

fuel - muqud pl. mwaged.

to fulfill - Emel, qam iqum b-. He fulfilled his duty. Emel lli Elih.

to be fulfilled - kmel. Her wishes were fulfilled. kmel-lha ržaha.

full - 1. Eamer. The glasses are full of oil. l-kisan Eamrin be-z-zit.

--The book is full of mistakes. le-ktab Eamer be-l-?eglat. 2. koll. I paid the full price. xellest t-taman kollu. 3. šebEan. I'm full. ana šebEan. 4. kamel. The papers carried a full account of the incident. l-žara?ed Eewwdu l-hadita kamla.

fume - buxar, doxxan pl. dxaxen. The escaping fumes are deadly. d-dxaxen lli tal&in ka-iqetlu.

fully - 1. tamamen. Are you fully aware of what is going on? was nta fayeq tamamen be-lli ka-iruž?

2. kollu. He described it fully. wesfu kollu. 3. Eel l-?aqell.

There were fully two hundred people at the reception. kanu Eel l-?aqell myatayn de-n-nas fe-l-hefla.

fun - našat. Fishing is a lot of fun. s-syada de-l-hut fiha n-našat bezzaf. for fun - baš itmelleg, l-le-mlaga. I just did it for fun. dertha gir baš ntmelleg.

to make fun of - tfella Ela. Are you making fun of me? was ka-ttfella Eliya?

function - wadif pl. wdayef. What is his function in the office? Snu l-wadif dyalu fe-l-mekteb?

to function - tmešša, xdem. The radio doesn't function properly. r-radyu ma-ka-ixdem-š mezyan.

fundamental - ?asasi.

funeral - gnaza pl. -t, gnayez.
funnel - 1. mdexna pl. -t. The
steamer has three funnels. l-babbur
Eendu tlata d-le-mdexnat. 2. mehgen
pl. mhagen, duwwaz pl. -a. The funnel is too big for the bottle. lmehgen kbir Ela fomm l-qerEa.

funny - 1. (lli) ka-idehhek, mudhik.
That's a very funny story. hadi
xrafa ka-ddehhek. 2. Ežuba. Funny,
I can't find my pen. Ežuba, mažbert-š glami.

funny bone - qebtal. furious - mguwwel.

furnace -kuša pl. -t.

to furnish - 1. ?ettet. I want a furnished room. bgit bit m?ettet.

2. Eta yeEti, qeddem. Can you furnish proof? waš imken-lek teEti ši-

furniture - ?atat. We still have to buy some furniture. baqi ka-ixessna nesriw ši-?atat.

furthermore - u-zaydun.

fuse - 1. rettaha de-d-duw. The fuse blew out. r-rettaha de-d-duw

ttherget. 2. ftila pl. ftayel. He lit the fuse and ran away as fast as he could. § £el le-ftila u-drebha b-sebga.

fuss - haraž, sda£ pl. -at. Don't make such a fuss over him! ma-ddirš had l-haraž Ela weddu.

fussy - mzeélek. He's very fussy about food. huwa mzeélek fe-l-makla dyalu.

future - musteqbal.

in the future - men daba l-lqeddam, men daba l-fuq. In the future, come on time! men daba l-lqeddam aži fe-l-weqt.

(sometime) in the future - fe-l-musteqbal. Sometime in the future I'm going to buy a car. fe-l-musteqbal gad nešri siyara.

G

gag - lekkaka pl. -t, lekka pl. -t.
Take the gag out of his mouth.
zuwwel-lu l-lekkaka men fommu.

to gag - 1. lekkek l-fomm l-. They bound and gagged him. kettfuh u-lekkku-lu fommu. 2. mudhika pl. -t. There are a few good gags in the new show. kaynin ši-mudhikat mezyanin fe-l-fraža ž-ždida. 3. žaf izif. I almost gagged on the bone. cla šwiyeš kont gad nžif b-le-Edem. 4. žiyyef. The shirt collar is gagging me. l-Eenq de-l-qamiža mžiyyefni.

to gain - 1. rbeh, tle\(\xi-lu\). What did he gain by that? Snu rbeh men dak \(\xi-\xi\)? 2. mlek. He has gained my confidence. mlek t-tiqa dyali.

3. lheq. Can't you go faster? The car behind us is gaining. was marimken-lek-\(\xi\) i dzid d\(\xi\)ri? t-tumubil lli wrana \(\xi\)layen telheqna.

**The patient is gaining rapidly. le-mrid bdat haltu tthessen b-sorea.
--He couldn't gain a footing anywhere. ma-sab fayn ihett režlih.
--She's gained a lot (of weight) recently. zadet smanet bezzaf had l-iyam.

gall - mṛaṛ.
gall bladder - meṛṛaṛa pl. -t. mṛayeṛ.
to gallop - herrek. The horse began
to gallop. l-Eewd bda iḥerrek.
galosh - ġlaf ṣ-ṣebbaṭ. pl. ġlafat

s-sbabet.
gamble - zher pl. zhur. It was a

pure gamble, but we had to risk it. kan gir zher be-l-heqq tlezzemna nxatru bih.

to gamble - 1. qemmer, leeb lequer. They were gambling for high stakes. kanu ka-iqemmru b-le-flus bessaf. 2. xater b-. He's gambling with his life. ka-ixater b-hayatu.

to gamble away - xser f-le-qmer.

He gambled his whole salary away.

xser le-xlas dyalu kollu f-le-qmer.

gambling - qmer, taqemmaret. Gambling is not allowed here. taqemmaret.

memnuca hnaya.

game - 1. terh pl. truh, leeba pl.
-t. Would you like to play a game
of chess? was tebgi teleeb šiterh dyal s-sentrež? 2. syada, sid,
svad. There's a lot of game in
this region. kayna s-syada bezzaf
f-had n-nahiya.

**I saw through his game. Eeqt bih or feqt bih. They realized that their game was up. Eerfu rashom bin ttfedhu.

gang - 1. £iṣaba pl. -t. The head of the gang was a notorious criminal. kan ra'is l-£iṣaba mužrım mešhur.

2. zma£a pl. -t, rba£a pl. -t. I can't stand the whole gang. ma-kanehmel-š ž-žma£a kollha. 3. ferqa pl. -t. Who's the foreman of your gang? škun huwa ra'is l-ferqa dyalkom?

gap - 1. xewya pl. -t, $ter \in a$ pl. -t.

The gap has to be filled. l-xewya ka-ixeşşha ttemmer. 2. noqşan. There are large gaps in his education. Eendu noqşan kbir fe-t-taqafa dyalu.

garhage - zbel.

garden - Eersa pl. -t, Erasi.

to gargle - gerger. Gargle with this medicine every three hours. gerger b-had d-dwa Ela ras tlata de-s-sa£at.

garlic - tuma pl. -t coll. tum.
to garnish - šermel. The fish was
garnished with parsley and lemon.
l-hut kan mšermel b-le-mædnus
u-l-limun.

gas - 1. butagaz. We cook with gas.

ka-nţiyybu be-l-butagaz. 2. gaz.
Gas was used in the First World
War. fe-l-herb l-Ealamiya l-luwla
steEmlu l-gaz. 3. lisans. He had
enough gas for ten kilometers. kan
Eendu l-lisans lli iqeddu l-Eesra
de-l-kilumitrat. 4. benž. Did the
dentist give you gas? dar-lek lbenž t-tbib de-s-snan?

gasoline - lişanş. gate - bab pl. biban.

to gather - 1. žmeć. The children gathered wood in the forest.
d-drari žemću le-hteb fe-l-gaba.
2. ddžmeć. A large crowd gathered in front of the courthouse.
ddžemćet žuqa kbira qbalt l-mehkama.
3. fhem, dher-lu, ban-lu. I gather from what you say that you don't like him. men klamek ka-nefhem bin ma-ka-tebġih-š

to guage - qedder. I couldn't gauge the distance very well. ma-mken-li-s nqedder tamamen shal kayen de-l-boed. gay - 1. raseq-lu, naset. He's in a

gay mood today. ka-idher rašeq-lu l-yum. 2. mluwwen. The street was decorated with gay flags. z-zenqa kanet mziyyna b-rayat mluwwna.

gem - 1. hežra horra pl. hežrat horrat coll. hžer horr. Those gems were invaluable. dak le-hžer l-horr kan ma-Eendu taman.

general - 1. žiniral pl. -at.
2. Eumumi, Eamm. A general election is held every year. koll Eam ka-ikun ntixab Eamm.

in general - b-sifa Eamma. In general, things are all right. b-sifa Eamma, koll-ši ka-itmešša mezyan.

general delivery - barid Eumumi.
Write to me (in care of) general
delivery. kteb-li l-l-barid
l-Eumumi.

generally - 1. f-galeb l-?ehyan. He's

generally on time. f-galeb l- $^{\circ}$ ehyan ka- $^{\circ}$ i $^{\circ}$ i $^{\circ}$ fe-l-weqt. 2. \mathcal{E} el l- \mathcal{E} umum. That's generally known. had \mathcal{E} - \mathcal{E} i me \mathcal{E} ruf \mathcal{E} el l- \mathcal{E} umum.

generally speaking - b-sifa Eamma.
generation - 1. žil pl. ?ežyal. His
family has been in America for four
generations. hadi rebEa de-l-?ežyal
u-l-Ea?ila dyalu mužuda f-?amirika.
2. težhiz. The generation of electricity is inexpensive. težhiz
l-kehraba ma-gali-š bezzaf.

generous - karim, krim pl. kurama?, kram. He's one of the most generous persons I ever met. huwa ?ekrem ražel tEareft bih.

to he generous with - sxa isxa b-. He was very generous with his money. kan ka-isxa be-flusu. **Don't be so generous with other people's things. ma-tseddeq-* men

dar žartek.

genius - 1. ražel Eebgari pl. ržal

Eebgariyin. Many people consider him
a genius. bezzaf de-n-nas ka-ihesbuh
ražel Eebgari. 2. Eebgariya. Someday
my genius will be recognized. wahed
n-nhar gad yeetarfu n-nas b-Eebgariyti.

gentle - 1. xfif pl. xfaf. There was a gentle breeze coming from the sea. kan hwa xfif maži men le-bher.

2. sahel. This horse is very gentle. had l-Eewd sahel bezzaf. 3. drif pl. draf. He's always very gentle with his children. huwa dima drif m&a d-drari dyalu.

gentleman - 1. siyyed pl. sadat. Will you wait on this gentleman, please? qabel had s-siyyed, barek llahu fik. 2. m²eddeb. He's always a gentleman with me. daymen m²eddeb m£aya.

gently - 1. be-šwiyeš. He knocked gently on the door. dega fe-l-bab be-šwiyeš. 2. be-d-drafa, be-l-ltafa. You'll have to treat him gently. ka-ixessek t&amlu be-d-drafa.

genuine - Pasili.

geography - žuģrafiya (with art. l-žuģrafiya).

germ - žurtuma pl. -t, žaratim. German - l. almani noun pl. alman. Are there many Germans here? waš kaynim ši-alman bezzaf hna? 2. almaniya. He speaks good German. ka-itkellem l-almaniya mezyan.

Germany - almanya.

to get -1. twessel b-. When did you get my letter? mtaš twesselti b-le-bra dyali? 2. žber. Where did you get that book? fayn žberti dak le-ktab? 3. xda yaxod. Wait until I get my hat. sber hetta naxod

š-šemrir dyali. 4. ttasel b-. 1 couldn't get you on the phone. ma-mken-li-š nttasel bik fe-ttilifun. 5. hessel Ela. That's hard to get now. dak š-ši sčib thessel Elih daba. --You can get the answer by Monday. imken-lek thessel Eel ž-žwab žwayeh t-tnayn. 6. sab isib. I have to get something for dinner. xessni nsib ši-haža l-le-ģda. 7. sdeq, dxel. got into the wrong room. dxelt l-bit axur galat. 8. redd, režže€. soot from the factory gets everything dirty. d-doxxan de-l-meEmel ka-iredd koll-ši mwessex.

**Do you get the idea? was fhemti? -I get it! fhemt! --I can't seem to get going today. ma-imken-li ndir hetta haža l-yum. --Let's get going! ya be-smellah! -- What does it get me? šnu fayda Eendi f-had š-ši? -You've got me wrong. rak galet fiya. --He gets about a great deal. huwa ražel našet bezzaf.

to get across - fehhem l-, fesser l-. I wasn't able to get the idea across to him. ma-mken-li-š nfehhemlu l-fikra.

to get a glimpse of - šaf išuf be-z-zerba. I just got a glimpse of him. yallah šeftu be-z-zerba.

to get along - 1. mša imši. have to be getting along now. kaixeşşni nemši daba. 2. debber (Ela rasu). I'll get along somehow. ndebber (Ela rasi) kif-emma kan. 3. tEaser. I can't get along with him. ma-neqder-š ntEašer mEah. --We get along well with each other. ka-ntEašru mezyan.

**He's getting along in years. bda išref. --How are you getting along? še-xbarek m£a d-denya?

to get around - 1. tsara, dar idur. Did you get around much when you were in Morocco? waš tsariti bezzaf melli konti fe-l-megrib? 2. ša£ iši£. The story got around quickly. le-xbar ša & b-sor &a. 3. qneE. You won't get around him. rah ma-imken-lek-š tqen€u.

**She gets around pretty well for her age. baqya ka-ddegg u-ddegdeg.

to get at - 1. lheq. I can't get at my luggage. ma-imken-li-š nelheg l-ḥagaž dyali. **2.** žber, teļļe€. I'll get at the real reason yet. daba nežber s-sabab l-haqiqi.

to get away - 1. be EE ed. couldn't get her away from the window. ma-mken-li-\$ nbeEEedha men

š-šeržem. 2. be&Eed Ela, xrež men. I want to get away from the city for awhile. bġit nbe&&ed &el lemdina ši-šwiya. 3. flet. If you think you can get away from me, you're mistaken. rak galet ila qal-lek Eeqlek gad teflet.

to get back - 1. rže E. When did you get back? fuq-aš ržečti? 2. ržeE-lu. Did he get his money back? waš režEu-lu flusu?

How did to get by - 1. flet men. you get by the guard? kif-as derti hetta fletti men l-Eessas? 2. qda igdi. I don't have much money, but I think I'll get by. ma-Eendi flus bezzaf, be-l-heqq ka-ndenn gad neqdi.

to get by with - mne & b-. Do you think you'll get by with that excuse? shab-lek gad temne b-dak l-Eodr?

to get even - fdaha ifdiha. I'll get even with him some day. gad nefdiha fih ši-nhar.

to get hungry - žah ižih ž-žu£, žać ižuć. I got awfully hungry. žani ž-žuE bezzaf.

to get in - 1. dxel idxel. How did he manage to get in here? kif-as dar hetta dxel le-hna? 2. wsel. What time did the train get in? fuq-aš weslet l-mašina? 3. tleE. Get in, we'll take you down town. tleE, nwessluk le-mdina. 4. dexxel. Please get the clothes in before it rains. !lah ixellik dexxel lehwayež qbel-ma ttih š-šta.

**He doesn't let you get a word in edgewise. ma-ka-ixellik taul

hetta kelma.

to get in(to) - 1. dxel. How did you get into the house? kif-as dxelti le-d-dar? 2. tle€, dxel. Then he got into the car and drove off. u-men be Ed tleE fe-t-tumubil u-zad. 3. dexxel, Emel, siyyeE. How did you manage to get everything into one room? kif mken-lek ddexxel koll-ši f-bit wahed? 4. tah itih f-. He got into bad company. tah fmuxalata qbiha.

to get late - bda imši l-hal. getting late. bda imši l-hal.

to get off - 1. nzel, hbet. have to get off in ten minutes. xeşşek tenzel men daba Ee**š**ra de-ddaayeq. 2. zuwwel. I can't get my shoes off. ma-qdert-s nzuwwel sebbati. 3. xrež, tle⊱lu. He got off with a light sentence. xrež be-hkam mxeffef. 4. mneE, flet. This time you won't get off so easy. had n-nuba la-iqul-lek-ši Eeqlek gad temne E gir hakdak.

to get old - kber, šref. He's

getting old. bda ikber.

to get on - I. tleE, rkeb. We got on in Rabat. rkebna fe-r-rbat. 2. tEaser. The three of us get on very well. hna be-tlata ka-ntεašru mezyan. 3. tmešša. How are you getting on in your work? kif kattmešša fe-l-xedma dyalek?

**He's getting on in years. bda ka-isref. -- How are you getting on?

še-xbarek mEa d-denya?

to get on with - kemmel, tabe E. Now let's get on with the discussion. daba ažiw nkemmlu l-mudakara dyalna.

to get oneself something - debber Ela rasu f-. I got myself a radio.

debbert Ela rasi f-radyu.
to get out - 1. xerrež, zuwwel, qelleE. I can't get the nail out. ma-qdert-š ngelle€ l-meşmar. --Get that out of your head. zuwwel dak š-ši men balek. 2. xerrež, xrež b-. They're getting out a new book. gad ixerržu ktab ždid. —I was so frightened, I couldn't get a word out. b-quwwet l-xel&a ma-qdert nxerrež hetta kelma. 3. ttefdeh. I don't know how the story got out. ma-Ereft-8 kif ttfedhet l-qadiya. 4. nzel, hbet. I'll have to get out at the next stop. xessni nnzel f-le-mhetta l-mažya. 5. ša ξ iši ξ , We mustn't let this news get out. ma-ka-ixessna-ši nxelliw had le-xbar iši€.

to get out of - 1. žbed men. You won't get anything out of him. imken-lek džbed mennu hetta haža. 2. rbeh f-, $tle\xi$ -lu. How much did you get out of this sale? šķal $tle\xi$ -lek men had l-bi ξ a? 3. xerre ξ . Get the dog out of the house! xerrež l-kelb men d-dar! 4. xrež men. How did you get out of that room? kif-aš xrežti men dak l-bit? 5. nzel men. Get out of that car! nzel men dak t-tumubil!

**Get out (of here)! zid xelfa! -Get out of his way! zul men triqu! or be EEed mennu! --How did you ever get out of that mess? kif-aš derti ķetta selliti ker£ek

men dak l-heşla?

to get over - 1. bra ibra men, rtah men. Has she gotten over that illness yet? was brat men dak l-merd wella ma-zal? 2. nsa insa, zal-lu izul-lu men balu, ttensa-lu. He never has gotten over her.

Eemmerha ma-zalet-lu men balu.

**He certainly got over his wife's death quickly. deģya deģya zalet-lu l-feqsa de-l-mut de-mratu.

to get ready - 1. wežžed. I have to get breakfast ready. xessni nwežžed le-ftur. 2. wežžed rasu, wžed. How long will it take you to get ready? Shal xessek de-l-weqt baš twežžed rasek?

to get rid of - thenna men. can I get rid of him? kif-as imken-

li nthenna mennu?

to get sick - mred, tah itih mrid. I hope he doesn't get sick. kantmenna ma-imred-š.

to get someone to - heer f-, $dfe\mathcal{E}$. Can you get him to go there? was imken-lek tehşer fih baš imši ltemma?

to get something to someone wessel l-. Can you get this money to him? waš imken-lek twessel-lu had le-flus?

to get tired - wella Eeyyan, Eya ye∈ya. He never gets tired. ∈emmṛu

ma−ka−yeEya.

to get to (someplace) - wsel, mša imši. How can I get there? kif imken-li nemši l-temma? --I'll get there in an hour. gad nuwsel men daba saEa.

to have got to - xessu, la-boddalu. I've got to go. ka-ixessni nemši.

to get through - 1. daz iduz men. You can't get through there. maimken-lek-š dduz men temma. kemmel. l'll see you after I get through. nšufek men beEd-ma nkemmel.

to get together - 1. ttežmeE. Let's get together tonight at my house. nddžemEu fe-d-dar dyali They never had l-lila. 2. ttafeq. seem to get together on anything. u-tqul Eemmerhom ma-ittafqu Ela ši-haža.

to get to work on - bda ibda f-. When are you going to get to work on the new house? fug-as gad tebdaw fe-d-dar ž-ždida?

to get up - nad inud. I get up at six every morning. ka-nnud koll şbah fe-s-setta.

to get well - bra ibra. ghost - ženn pl. žnun, xyal pl. -at. I don't believe in ghosts. ma-kanamen-š be-ž-žnun.

**He hasn't a ghost of a chance to escape. u-tqul Eendu kif ye∈mel ihreb.

giant - 1. Eemlaq pl. Eamaliqa. Compared to me, he's a giant. be-n-nesba lili huwa Eemlaq. 2. qedd sext llah. There was a giant spider in my room. f-biti kanet wahed r-rtila qedd sext llah.

**He's no mental giant. ma-Endu-

ši Eqel bahed.

Gibraltar - žbel t-terr, žabal tariq. gift - 1. hdiya pl. -t. Thank you

for your beautiful gift. ka-neškrek Ela dak le-hdiya dyalek l-moEtabara.

2. Etiya pl. -t, muhiba pl. -t, mwaheb. He has a gift for drawing.

t-tiswit Eendu Etiya.

**I wouldn't take that as a gift! waxxa ittehda-li ma-naxdu-š!

gifted - muhub. He's a gifted boy.
huwa weld muhub.

to giggle - qaqa. The girls kept on giggling. le-bnat bqaw gir kaiqaqiw.

ginger - skinžbir (not used with art.).
giraffe - zarafa pl. -t.

girl - 1. bent pl. bnat, tefla pl. -t. Isn't she a pretty girl! walayenni bent gzala! 2. xeddama pl. -t, met & ellma pl. -t. We pay our girl a hundred dirhams a month. kanxellsu l-xeddama dyalna myat derhem fe-š-šher.

little girl - bniya pl. -t, bnita pl. -t, tfila pl. -t. Your little girl has grown a lot. bniytek

kebret bezzaf.

to give - 1. Eta yeEti. Please give me the letter. Etini le-bra men fedlek. -- I'll give you five dirhams for it. ne€tik fih xemsa de-d-drahem. 2. hda ihdi, €ta yetti. What did he give you for your birthday? šnu hda-lek f-Eid l-milad dyalek? 3. sellem. Give the letter to him personally. sellem-lu r-risala l-iddih. 4. gal iqul, Eta yeEti. Did he give a reason? waš gal-lek ši-sabab? 5. džebbed. Does this belt give? waš had le-hzam ka-idžebbed? 6. Emel 1-. This noise gives me a headache. s-sda£ ka-yeEmel-li hriq r-ras. 7. smeh b-. Can you give me another hour to finish? tesmeh-li b-wahed s-swi&a xra nkemmel? **I don't give a damn. ma-ka-

ihemmni-š be-l-koll. —Why did you give him the gate? Elaš

dhitih? -- Give him my regards.

ixessni nfeddi f-wahed l-weqt

to finish in a given time.

sellem Elih men Eendi. -- I have

mehdud.

to give a speech - xteb, lqa ılqi xotba, Emel kalima. Who's giving the speech at the dinner? Skun gad ixteb fe-l-hefla d-le-ESa?

to give away - 1. seddeq, Eta yeEti. I gave my old clothes away. seddeqt hwayži le-qdam. 2. fdeh. Don't give my secret away! matefdeh-š s-serr dyali!

to give back - redd, režžeξ. Please give me back my pen. redd-li

rišti ļļah ixellik.

to give in to -1. traxa m£a. You give in to the child too much. kattraxa bezzaf m£a had l-weld.

2. qbel. I wanted to borrow his car but he wouldn't give in. bġitu isellefni t-tumubil dyalu be-l-heqq ma-bġa-š iqbel.

to give off - tleq. This flower gives off a strange odor. had n-nummara ka-ttleq ši-riha f-ši-škel.

to give oneself up - steslem, Eta yeEti rasu. He gave himself up to the police. steslem l-l-bulis.

to give out - 1. ferreq, therres b-. Who's giving out the candy? Skun lli ka-iferreq l-fanid?
2. tqada. My supply of ink is giving out. le-mdad dyali ka-itqada.

to give service - qda iqdi haža, slah. My old coat still gives me good service. kebbuti le-qdim baqi ka-iqdi haža.

to give time - mehhel Ela, sher Ela. You'll have to give me more time. xessek tmehhel Eliya.

to give trouble - šuwweš. That fellow gives me a lot of trouble. dak xiyna ka-išuwweš Eliya bezzaf.

to give up - 1. smeh f-, txella Ela. Joseph gave up his job. yusef smeh fe-l-xedma dyalu. 2. qte, fedda men, sala men. I'm going to give up smoking. gadi neqtee d-doxxan. 3. qtee l-iyyas, i?es. I don't give up easily.

ma-ka-neqtee l-iyyas degya.

to give way - hwa ihwa. The boards gave way under his weight. le-xšeb hwa bih or le-xšeb hwa be-t-tgel dyalu.

glad - ferhan. We're very glad about it. hna ferhanın bezzaf b-had

**Glad to meet you! metserref!
—I'll be glad to do that for you.

Ela rasi u-Eeyniya or b-koll farah.
gladly - Eel r-ras u-l-Eeynin, b-koll
farah. Would you do me a favor?

glance Gladly. waš tebģi ddir fiya šimziya? Eel r-ras u-l-Eeynin. glance - remqa de-l-Eeyn, šufa wehda. I could tell at a glance that something was wrong. f-remqa de-l-Eeyn Ereft ši-haža ma-ka-ttmešša-š mezyan. to glance - šaf išuf, rmeq. He glanced at his watch. šaf f-magantu. glare - š&a (m.), š&a&. The glare hurts my eyes. š-š&a ka-iqewqeš-li Eeyniya. to glare at - xzer f-. Why are you glaring at me like that? Elas ka-texzer fiya hakdak? glaring - (lli) ka-yeEmi, mežhed. How can you work in that glaring light? kif ka-teqder texdem f-dak d-duw ka-yeEmi? glass - 1. zaž, žaž. This pitcher is made of glass. had l-gorraf msuwweb men z-zaž. 2. kas pl. kisan. May I have a glass of water? was imken-lek teEtini ši-kas de-l-ma? glasses - ndader, neddarat. can't read that without glasses. ma-negder-š negra had š-ši bla ndader. magnifying glass - bellara pl. -t. pane of glass - zaža, žaža pl. -t. gleam - š£a, š£a£. There was still a faint gleam in the sky. kan ma-zal wahed š-šEa glil fe-s-sma. to gleam - dwa idwi, lmeE. His eyes were gleaming. Eeynih kanu ka-idwiw. to glisten - dwa idwi, lme£. tower was glistening in the sun. s-semEa kanet ka-ddwi fe-š-šemš. to glitter - bra ibri, lme&. The snow glittered in the sun. t-telž kan ka-ibri fe-š-šemš. **All that glitters is not gold. a le-mzuwweg mne-Ela berra, šexbarek men daxel! gloomy - 1. medlam. Yesterday was a very gloomy day. l-bareh kan nhar medlam bezzaf. 2. mkedder. He looks gloomy. ka-idher mkedder. glorify - mežžed f-. He may be good, but let's not glorify him. imken ikun ražel mezyan be-l-heqq ma-kayen Elaš nmežždu fih. glorious - 1. mažid pl. mžad, kbir pl. *bar. The day we won the war was a glorious day. n-nhar f-as rbehna l-herb kan nhar mažid. 2. Edim pl. Edam. What a glorious day it is! walayenni hada nhar

Edim!

glory - mežd, Eezz.

glove - sebba£iya pl. -t, sebba£a pl.

-t. I bought a pair of gloves

l-bareh. **They worked hand in glove. xedmu yedd f-yedd. --This suit fits me like a glove. had l-keswa kadži tamamen qeddi. glue - lsaq. I bought a bottle of glue. šrit metreb de-l-lsaq. --He stuck to me like glue. lseq fiya bhal l-lesga. to glue - lesseq. They glued the picture to the wall. lessqu t-teswira fe-l-hit. **He stood as if glued to the spot. bqa waqef tqul nabet fe-llerd. --He kept his eyes glued on her. ma-zuwwel-š Eeynih mennha. glutton - bu-kerš; wekkal pl. -in, -a: keršawi pl. -ven. Don't be such a glutton. ma-tkun-š bu-kerš. to go - 1. mša imši (imperative sir). I go to the movies once a week. ka-nemši le-s-sinima merra fe-l-?usbu£. --Go to the store. sir l-l-hanut. 2. tah itih, ža iži, mša imši. --The old chair went to pieces when he touched it. dakš-šelya le-qdima ģir qasha žat ţraf. 3. žra ižri, mša imši. The train is going fast. l-mašina ka-džri bezzaf. 4. kan ikun. This chair goes in the corner. had š-šelya ka-tkun fe-r-rekna. 5. tle€. The wine has gone to his head. le-xmer tle€-lu le-ṛ-ṛaṣ. 6. qedd l-, kfa ikfi l-. There's enough cake to go around. kayna l-helwa lli tgedd l-koll-ši. 7. bga ibga. They went without food for three days. bgaw telt iyam bla makla. 8. daz iduz, kan ikun. Whatever he says goes! lli qalha huwa hiya lli dayza. **Go to the devil! sir le-zžayha l-kehla. ---Don't go to any trouble. ma-t∈eddeb-š rasek. -- I don't know whether I'm coming or going! hert ma-bait neEref rasi šnu ka-ndir. -That goes without saying. dak \S - \S i me \in ruf. --That's the way things go. hadi hiya d-denya. --We'll let it go at that. aži nweqqfu l-qadiya hna. --That's going a little too far! iwa la! had š-ši t edda l-hudud. going to - gad (+ imperfect). I'm going to do that work tomorrow. gad ne€mel had l-xedma gedda. --We're going to leave today. nemšiw l-yum. -- The roof is going to fall in. s-sqef gad itih. to go ahead - sbeq. You go ahead,

yesterday. šrit žuža de-ş-şebba€iyat

I'll follow later. sbeq, daba nexlet Elik.

**Just go ahead and finish. ġir kemmel. --Go ahead, take it! ġir xudu! --Go ahead, you tell him! iwa qulha-lu nta! or zid, qulha-lu nta!

to go at - 1. hzem $\in la$. He went at him with a knife. hzem $\in lih$ b-sekkin. 2. tah itih f-. --They went at the food like wolves. tahu fe-l-makla bhal d-dyab.

**You're not going at it right.
had š-ši lli ka-ddir ma-ši huwa

hadak.

to go back - ržeć. She went back home. režćet l-darha. --I never go back on my word. ćemmri ma-ka-neržeć fe-klami.

**I don't go back on my friends.
ma-ka-negder-š shabi or ma-ka-ndur-š
Ela shabi.

to go by - 1. daz iduz. I wouldn't let that opportunity go by, if I were you. u-kan kont mennek ma-nxelli-š had l-forsa dduz.

2. tebbeé. Don't go by what he says. ma-ttebbeé-š klamu. 3. steémel. He goes by an assumed name. ka-isteémel smiya mzuwwra.

to go down - 1. tah itih, nzel, hbet. Prices are going down. letman ka-ttih. 2. hbet, nzel. Go downstairs and get my book. hbet
l-teht u-žib-li le-ktab dyali.

to go in - dxel. Has he gone in yet? was dxel wella ma-zal?

to go in for - 1. htemm b-. Do you go in for sports? was ka-tehtemm be-r-riyada? 2. tEata l-. I don't think he goes in for gambling. ma-ka-ndenn-š ka-itEata l-le-amer.

to go in on - šarek f-. Would you like to go in with me on this deal? waš tebģi tšarekni f-had l-bi£a u-š-šerya?

to go into - 1. dxel l-. Let's go into the house. aži ndexlu le-d-dar. 2. žbed. There's no reason for us to go into that matter now. ma-kayen Elaš nžebdu dak l-qadiya daba.

to go off - 1. tterteq. Be careful, the revolver might go off! redd balek, daba l-ferdi itterteq!
2. daz iduz. The meeting went off without an incident. le-žtima£ daz bla-ma tuqe£ hetta haža.

to go on - 1. bqa ibqa, tal itul. We mustn't let this lawsuit go on any longer. had d-deEwa ma-xessna-s nxelliwha ttul kter men had š-ši.

2. bgg ibga, zad izid. He went on talking. u-zad ka-itkellem.

**Please go on! zid kemmel, barak llahu fik. --Go on! I don't believe that! Eemwed le-s-seqqaya teddi-lek l-gayo!

to go on the road - 1. qbet t-triq. Our salesman is going on the road next week. le-msuwweq dyalna gadi iqbet t-triq ž-žemća ž-žayya.

2. Emel wahed l-žewla. Is the whole cast going on the road? waš l-ferqa de-t-temtil kollha gadi temši tečmel wahed l-žewla?

to go out - 1. xrež. He just went out. Ead xrež. --If you'd like, we'll go out for a little walk after dinner. ila bgiti nxeržu ntsaraw ši-šwiya men beed le-eša. 2. dfa idfa. Suddenly the lights went out. d-duw dfa ela begta.

**Sometimes we go out to dinner. beEd l-merrat ka-nxeržu ntEěšsaw fe-l-metEem.

to go over - 1. mša imši l-. I'm going over to his house for an hour. gad nemši l-daru u-nebqa temmak ši-sa£a. 2. nžeh. Do you think my play will go over? waš ka-ddenn?enna t-temtil dyali gad inžeh? 3. raže£. Let's go over the details once more. aži nraž£u t-tafasil kollha £awed. --I've gone over all the figures, but I can't find the mistake. răze£t le-hsabat kollha u-ma-žbert-š l-gelta.

to go through - 1. tteqbel. Do you think my application will go through? was ka-ddenn t-talab dyali gad itteqbel? 2. das idus f-, qtelf-. He went through the red light. das d-duw le-hmer.

**The poor woman has gone through a lot. le-mra meskina duwwset Ela qelbha.

to go to - tteeta l-. The first prize went to a young man. l-ža?isa l-luwwla tteetat l-wahed š-šabb.

to go under - 1. steemel. Although she is married, she goes under her family name. waxxa msuwwža ka-testeemel s-smiya de-l-&2ila dyalho. 2. graq. The ship went under at midnight. l-baxira graqet f-ness l-lil.

to go unnoticed - daz ıduz f-xefya. I hope the incident will go unnoticed. ka-ntmenna l-mes?ala dduz f-xefya.

to go up - 1. $tle\mathcal{E}$. Did you see him go up? was seftih $tle\mathcal{E}$? 2. zad

izid (fe-t-taman), ġla iġla. Meat has gone up this week. l-lḥem zad (fe-t-taman) had ž-žem£a.

to go with - ža iži m£a, walem. This tie doesn't go with the suit. had le-kravata ma-žat-š m£a had l-keswa.

**The trip and everything that went with it cost me a hundred dollars. tah Eliya s-sfer kollu be-myat dular.

to let go (of) - tleq (men). I go of my hand! tleq men iddi!

to let oneself go - 1. hmel rasu, smeh f-rasu. Lately she's let herself go terribly. f-had l-yam t-taliya hemlet rasha bezzaf.

2. ttetleq mea rasu. If you want to

have fun, you'll have to let your-self go terribly. f-had l-iyam t-taliya hemlet rasha bezzaf.

to let someone go - smeh l-.
This time we'll let you go. had
n-nuba gad nsemhu-lek.

on the go - Ela kreE. He's on the go day and night. daymen Ela kreE lil u-nhar.

goal - 1. hadaf pl. ?ehdaf, gaya pl.
-t. He has set himself a very high goal. dar qeddamu wahed l-hadaf Eali bezzaf.

2. işaba pl. -t. Our team made three goals in the first half. l-ferqa dyalna sežžlet tlata d-l-işabat fe-t-terh l-luwwel.

goat - 1. m. Eetrus pl. Etares, f.

meEza pl. -t, mEiz. How old do

goats live to be? Shal men Eam

ka-iEisu le-mEiz? 2. hmar d-dbez.

He's always the goat. huwa daymen

hmar d-dbez.

**Don't let him get your goat.
ma-txellih-š ixerrež-lek &eqlek or
ma-txellih-š yakol-lek moxxek.

God - !lah (in a certain number of fixed expressions, !lah). God forbid' !lah yehfed! --Thank God' l-hemdullah! --God bless you! irehmek !lah! --God willing! "en&a" !lah!

god - ilah pl. -at.

go-getter - (lli) ka-idebber Ela raşu. That boy is a go-getter. dak l-weld ka-idebber Ela raşu.

goiter - tarta.

gold - 1. dheb pl. dhuba, dhubat. Is that real gold? was hadak dheb haqiqi? 2. de-d-dheb. I bought my wife a gold watch. šrit le-mrati magana de-d-dheb.

goldsmith - siyyağ pl. -a. goldsmith's craft - tasiyyağet. good - 1. xir, meslaha. I'm only thinking of your good. ka-nxemmem gir fe-l-xir dyalek. —He did it for the common good. daru fe-l-meslaha de-l-žamić. —The vacation has done him good. l-Eotla dyalu daret fih l-xir.

good - 2. mezyan. That was a good joke. kanet mudhika mezyana.

--This is a good piece of work!

xedma mezyana hadi! --He's very good at figures. huwa mezyan bezzaf f-le-hsab. --Is this clay good for making pitchers? waš had t-tin mezyan l-le-graref? 3. drif pl. draf. They are good children. huwa drari draf.

**At the end of the game he was fifty dirhams to the good. f-?axer t-terh kan rabeh xemsin derhem.
--What good will it do him? b-aš gad inefeu had š-ši? --Good morning! sbah l-xir! --Good evening! mse-l-xir! --Good night. lila sa&ida or |lah imessik &la xir. --He has a good head on his shoulders. &endu r-ras.

--These tires are good for another year. had r-rwayed baqyin ižebdu Eam axor.

good and - bezzaf. Make the tea good and strong. saweb atay mežhed bezzaf.

good turn - xir. He did me a real good turn yesterday. \mathcal{E}_{mel} fiya xir kbir l-bareh.

a good deal of - bezzaf d-, xir llah d-. He spent a good deal of time on it. duwwez fih bezzaf de-l-wegt.

a good many - ε adad d-, ketra d-. There were a good many foreigners in the hotel. kanu ε adad d-l-ažanib f-l-util.

for a good while - hadi modda. I haven't seen him for a good while. hadi modda ma- šeftu.

for good - men daba l-qeddam. I'm through with him for good. men daba l-qeddam ma- bqa bini u-binu walu. walu.

to be good - şlaḥ, daz iduz. The passport is good until the fifteenth. l-žawaz baqi işlaḥ ḥetta l-l-xemstaš.

to have a good time - tsella mea rasu. Did you have a good time? tselliti mea rasek?

to make good - 1. nžeh, tmešša mezyan. I'm sure he'll make good. ana metyeqqen bin gad itmešša mezyan. 2. tkellef b-. I'll make good the damage. ana ntkellef be-l-xaṣa?ir. 3. wfa yufi b-. He made good his promise. wfa be-l- Eehd dyalu.

good-by - llah ihennik (sg.), llah
ihennikom (pl.). Good-by, have a
good trip! llah ihennik, triq
s-slama!

good-natured - tiyyeb. He's a good-natured fellow. huwa ražel tiyyeb. goods - sel&a, bada?e&. We sent the goods yesterday. sifetna s-sel&a l-bareh.

goose - wezza pl. -t coll wezz. We had goose for dinner. teešina be-l-wezz.

**I'll cook his goose! daba neewwtu mea rasu.

gorgeous - badi\(\epsilon\) pl. bda\(\epsilon\). It was a gorgeous day. kan nhar badi\(\epsilon\).

gospel - ?inžil.

gossip - 1. heddar pl. -a, -in f.
heddara f. pl. -t, (lli) fommu kbir
(or wase£), kbir (or wase£) l-fomm.
His wife is an old gossip.
walayenni mratu wahed kbirt l-fomm
mennha. 2. hdur pl. -at, ?isa£a pl.
-t. I wouldn't believe that gossip.
ma-ntiq-š b-dak le-hdur.

to gossip - hder, kebber fommu, hder fe-n-nas. She gossips too much. ka-tehder bezzaf.

to gouge - hfer. He gouged a piece out of the new table. hfer t-tabla z-ždida.

gourd - qer&a herša pl. -t heršat, -t hureš coll. qre& herša.

gourmand - šehwani pl. -yin, keršawi pl. -yin.

gournet - duqi pl. -yin, dwayqiya. to govern - hkem (ξla).

government - hukuma a -t. Who heads the new government? škun metre??es l-hukuma ž-ždida?

governor - 1. hakem pl. hokkam. Who's the governor of this colony? §kun l-hakem d-had l-muste Emara?

2. Eamel pl. Eommal. Who's the governor of this province? §kun l-Eamel d-had l-?iqlim?

to grab - 1. qbet, qbed. He grabbed her by the arm. qbetha men dracha.

2. xtef. Don't grab, you'll get your share all right. ma-txetfu-š daba yusel-lkom heqqkom.

to grab (by the collar, etc.).
1. **sneq & Ela, lget & Ela. He grabbed the thief (by the collar). **sneq & Eel **s-*seffar.

**I just want to grab a bite. gir bgit neEmel ši-šdiyeq. gracious - ltif pl. ltaf. She's a very gracious queen. hiya malika ltifa bezzaf.

**My gracious! What a mess! walayenni txerwida hadi!

grade - 1. neqta pl. nuqat. He received the highest grades in the class. xda ?ehsen nuqat fe-l-qism.
2. qism pl. ?eqsam. What grade is your boy in? fe-s-men qism weldek?
3. daraža pl. -t. We buy the best grade of milk. ka-nesriw le-hlib dyal ?ehsen daraža.
4. (upgrade) Eeqba pl. -t, Eqabi. This old car won't make it up the grade. had t-tumubil l-balya ma-teqder-s ttleE fe-l-Eeqba.

5. (downgrade) hdura pl. -t, hdayer. Be careful going down the grade. redd balek melli thun habet f-le-hdura.

**He'll never make the grade. Eemmru ma-yuşel.

to grade - Ezel, xter. Oranges are graded according to size and quality. ka-iEezlu l-letšin (l-limun) Ela hasab le-kber u-n-nu£.

gradually - šwiya be-šwiya, be-ttedriž. He's gradually getting better. şehhtu ka-dzyan šwiya be-šwiya.

to graduate - txerrež. He graduated from the law school. txerrež men l-kolliya de-l-huquq.

grain - 1. hebb pl. hbub. Canada exports meat and grain. l-kanada katuseq l-lhem u-le-hbub. 2. terkib. This wood has a beautiful grain. had le-xšeb fih terkib žmil.

**That goes against my grain.
dak š-ši ka-iqelleqni. --There
isn't a grain of truth in the matter. gram de-s-sedq ma-kayen-ši
temma.

grammar - 1. nehw. I never really studied Arabic grammar. Eemmri fe-l-haqiqa ma-qrit n-nehw l-Earabi.

2. ktab de-n-nehw pl. ktub de-n-nehw. Do you have a good Arabic grammar for beginners? waš Eendek ši-ktab de-n-nehw dyal l-Eerbiya islah l-lli Ead bdaw?

Granada = gernata.
grandchild = m. hfid pl. hfayed f.
hfida f. pl. -t.

granddaughter - hfida pl. -t.
grandfather - (with art l-žedd) žedd
pl. ždud, bba sid-. That's his
grandfather. hadak bbah sidu.

grandmother - šedda (with art. l-šedda)
pl. -t, mm- lalla. That's her
grandmother. hadik mmha lallaha.
grandparents - šdud.

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grandson - hfid pl. hfayed.
to grant - 1. Eta yeEti. We were
  granted the entire amount. Etawna
  le-qder kollu. 2. Etaref. I grant
  that I was wrong. ka-neEtaref
  ?ennani kont galet.
grape - Einba pl. -t coll. Eineb.
grapefruit - letšina rumiya pl. -t
  rumiyat coll. letšin rumi.
to grasp - 1. šedd f-. She grasped
  the rope with both hands.
  fe-t-twa! b-iddha b-žuž. 2. fhem.
  I don't quite grasp what you mean
 by that. ma-fhemt-ši tamamen šnu
  bģiti tqul.
    to have a good grasp of - Eendu
 meErifa kbira f -. He has a good
  grasp of the subject. Eendu
  meErifa kbira f-had l-muduE.
grass - rbit.
grasshopper - bu-qeffaz (sg. and pl.).
grate - šebka pl. -t, šbek.
  furnace needs a new grate. le-
 msexna xessha šebka ždida.
    to grate - hekk. Grate some
  cheese, please. hekk šwiya de-ž-
  žben barek llahu fik.
    **This noise grates on my nerves.
  had s-sdaE ka-yeEmel-li l-meEEak
  f-dati.
grateful - meetaref. I'm grateful to
  you for your help. and meEtaref-lek
  be-l-musa€ada dyalek.
to gratify - lebba. He gratified her
  every wish. lebba žmić r-regbat
  dvalha.
gratifying - (lli) iferreh. The news
  is very gratifying. le-xbar ka-
  iferreh bezzaf.
gratitude - Etiraf be-l-xir. His
  gratitude knew no bounds. Etirafu
  be-l-xir ma-kan Eendu hedd.
    **That's gratitude for you! hakda
  ka-ireddu n-nas l-xir!
grave - 1. qbur pl. magber. The coffin
  was lowered into the grave. hebbtu
  t-tabut l-le-qbur. 2. mkedder, waqef.
  His face was very grave. wežhu kan mkedder bezzaf. 3. xtir, f-xatar.
  His condition is grave. haltu xtira.
  4. kbir pl. kbar. That's a grave
  mistake. hadi ģelta kbira.
gravel - coll. hess sg. -a pl. -t.
  The path is covered with gravel.
  t-triq mgettya be-l-hess.
graveyard - maaber (sg. and pl.).
  ruda pl. -t.
gravy - mreq, merga pl. -t, mragi.
  Would you like a little gravy on
  your meat? waš bģiti šwiya d-le-
```

mreq mEa l-lhem dyalek?

gray - 1. rmadi. Gray and red go

together well. r-rmadi u-le-hmer ka-itwataw mezyan. 2. byed f. bida pl. buyed. He has a few gray hairs although he is very young. waxxa ma-zal sgir Eendu ši-šeErat buyed. to gray - byad. His hair is beginning to gray. Seeru bda ibyad. to graze - 1. réa iréa. The cows are grazing in the fields. bger ka-ir Eaw f-le-mra Ei. 2. daz u-qas, iduz w-iqis. The bullet just grazed his shoulder. l-qertasa ğir dazet u-qaşet ketfu. grease - idam pl. idumat, idayem; šhem, šehma pl. -t. Don't leave the grease in the pan. ma-txelli-š $l-idam \ fe-l-meqla$. to grease - 1. dhen b-l-idam, Emel l-idam. Don't forget to grease the pan. Eendak tensa ma-ddhen-\$ l-megla b-l-idam. 2. $\S{e}hhem$. They're greasing the car. ka-išehhmu t-tumubil. to grease somebody's palm - Eta yeEti r-rešwa l-, dhen helq. They had to grease somebody's palm to get these seats. dterru yeEtiw r-rešwa l-ši wahed baš igelsu f-had le-krasa. greasy - 1. metli b-l-idam. The dishes are still greasy. had l-getran ma-zalin metliyin b-l-idam. 2. midum, mšehhem. The soup is too greasy. ş-şubba miduma bezzaf. great - 1. kbir pl. kbar. The risk would be too great. l-xatar gad ikun kbir bezzaf. --You'd be doing me a great favor. gad tkun Emelti fiya xir kbir. 2. bezzaf. He was in great pain. kan fih bezzaf dle-wže€ or kan fih le-wže€ bezzaf. 3. mezyan, moEtabar. That's a great idea! hadi fikra mezyana bezzaf! 4. Eažib. She's a great singer. hiya muģenniya Eažiba. **It's a great pity! xsara! great at - Eefrit. He's great at telling stories. huwa Eefrit f-teEwid le-xrayef. a great many - wahed l-Eadad kbir. A great many books have been written on that subject. wahed l-Eadad kbir d-le-ktub t⁹ellfu f-dak lgreatly - bezzaf. She exaggerated greatly. zadet fih bezzaf. Greece - l-yunan. greed - tmeE. greedy - temma£. Ğreek - 1. yunanı. His father is a Greek. bbah yunani. 2. (language) yunaniya.

**That's all Greek to me. ma-kanefhem-š hebba f-had š-ši.

green - 1. xder pl. xuder. What did you buy green apples for ? Elas šriti t-teffah xder? -- Give me that green book. Etini dak le-ktab lexder. 2. ždid pl. ždad. I'm still green at this job. ana ma-zal ždid f-had l-xedma.

**He turned green with envy. Zatu l-ģira bezzaf.

greengrocer - xeddar pl. -a.

to greet - sellem Ela.

greeting - slam: He didn't notice my greeting. ma-dda-š l-gaya le-s-slam dyali.

grief - gbina pl. gbayen. She couldn't conceal her grief. ma-qedret-\$ dderreg le-gbina dyalha.

grill - šuwwaya pl. -t. Broil the meat on the grill. Swi $l-lhem \in l$ š-šuwwaya.

to grill - 1. šwa išwi. Are you going to grill the meat? waš ġadi tešwi l-lhem? 2. stenteg. They grilled the prisoner for hours. stentqu l-mesžun Eadad de-s-saEat. grim - meebbes. There was a grim look

on his face. kan wežhu m£ebbes. to grind - then.

to grip - qbed, qbet.

to have a grip on - rageb. He has a good grip on the situation. irageb l-hala mezyan.

to come to grips with - wažeh. They came to grips with the problem and solved it. wažhu l-muškila u-helluha.

to gripe - tšekka, ška iški. Stop griping about everything! feddi u-ma-tšekka men koll-ši!

grippe - lagrip (not used with art). Our whole family had the grippe. l-Ea?ila dyalna kollha žatha lagrip.

groan - tenwih, tenwah. We hear his groans all night long. ka-nsemEu t-tenwih dyalu l-lil u-ma tal. to groan - nummeh. He groaned in

his sleep. nuwweh fe-n-nEas dyalu. grocer - beggal pl. -a. I bought the salt at the grocer's. šrit le-mleh men Eend l-beggal.

groceries - temwin. Send these groceries to my house. sifet had t-temwin le-d-dar dyali.

grocery (store) - hanut l-beggal. to grope - desses. He groped for the switch in the dark. desses Eel d-deffaya fe-d-dlem.

grouchy - meebbes. Why is he so grouchy? Elaš huwa mEebbes bezzaf? ground - ?erd f. pl. aradi. The ground is still wet. ma-zala l-9erd fazga. -- How much ground goes with the house? shal men mitru de-l-?erd kattbaE mEa d-dar?

**The new method is rapidly gaining ground. l-kifiya ž-ždida €liha le-qbal bezzaf.

grounds - tfel. Throw the coffee grounds into the trash can. siyyeb t-tfel de-l-qehwa fe-s-stel de-z-zbel. **The house is very small but the

grounds are beautiful. d-dar sgira bezzaf lakin l-9erd lli dayra biha fiha mender mezyan.

groundfloor - sefli. Our apartment is on the ground floor. l-mesken dyalna fe-s-sefli.

group - žma£a pl. -t. The class is divided into three groups. t-tabaga metqessma Ela tlata de-ž-žmaEat.

to group - žmeč. Group the people according to age. Emet n-nas Ela hasab s-senn dyalhom.

to grow - 1. twal. Your boy has grown a lot. weldek twal bezzaf. 2. tquuwa, kber. The crowd grew rapidly. degya kebret ž-žuga. 3. zreć. They grow a lot of grain in this region. ka-izerEu le-hbub bezzaf f-had n-nahiya. 4. ģres.

-- I grow roses. ka-negres l-word. **She grows on you as you get to know her. ma-heddek ka-teEref biha u-hiya ka-tEežbek. --He has grown away from his family. the EEed Ela Ea?iltu. -- The weather's growing colder (and colder). l-hal ka-izid fe-l-bruda. -- The situation grew worse and worse. theffset l-hala. -My father's growing old. bba bda išref.

to grow up - 1. kber. The children are growing up fast. d-drari ka-ikebru değya. 2. trebba. We grew up together. trebbina b-žuž. to growl - hernen. The dog growled when he heard the noise. l-kelb

bda ihernen melli smet s-sdat grown-up - kbir pl. kbar. She has a grown-up daughter. Eendha bent kbira. -- Their children are already grown up. wladhom rahom wellaw kbar.

grownups - n-nas le-kbar. Children should keep quiet when grownups are talking. ka-ixess d-drari s-sģar isektu mnin ikunu n-nas le-kbar kaitkellmu.

growth - demmala pl. -t, dmamel. growth will have to be removed. hadik d-demmala ka-ixessha ddzuwwel. **He has a two days' growth of

beard. hadi yumayn ma-hessen lhitu. grudge - hsifa pl. hsayef. She has a grudge against me. rafda fiya le-hsifa.

to hold (bear) a grudge - rfed le-hsifa. I don't bear a grudge against him. and ma-rafed-8 fih le-hsifa.

gruff - glid pl. glad. He has a gruff voice. helqu glid.

to grumble - gemgem. He grumbles each time we ask him for help. kaigemgem koll merra melli ka-nțelbu mennu l-i Eana.

guarantee - 1. garantiya pI -t;
garanti pl -yat. This watch has a
five year guarantee had l-magana
fiha xems snin garanti. 2. damana
pl -t. What guarantee do I have
that he'll pay me' s-men damana
Eendi bas gad ixellesni'

to guarantee - dmen. I guarantee that you'll like that movie. ndmen-lek bin l-film gad iEezbek.

guard - 1. éessas pl -a. The guard didn't let me pass. ma-xellanı-š l-Eessas nduz. 2. Eessa. The guard is changed at two o'clock. kaibeddlu l-Eessa fe-z-zuz.

on one's guard - Ela balu. You have to be on your guard with her. ka-ixessek thun Ela balek mennha.

to stand guard - hda yehdi. I'll stand guard for a couple of hours. gad nehdi sa£a wella žuž.

to guard - hda yehdi. The building is guarded day and night. dak le-bni mehdi lil u-nhar. --You can't

guard against everything. maimken-lek-š tehdi rasek men koll-ši.
guardian - hadi pl. hodday. I was
appointed guardian of his son.
semmawni l-hadi d-weldu.

to guess - 1. Eref. If you guess what's in my pocket, I'll give it to you. ila Erefti šnu f-žibi, neEtih-lek. 2. denn. I guess he's sick ka-ndenn bin huwa mrid.

--Who would have guessed that' škun llı ımken-lu ıdenn had š-šı' guest - dıf pl. dyaf.

guide — I. dalil pl. -at. All the theaters are listed in the guide. s-sinimat kollhom medkurin fe-d-dalil. 2. dalil pl. ?adella. The guide showed us the old mosque. d-dalil werrana ž-žame£ le-qdim.

to guide - guwwed. Can you guide us there? was imken-lek tguwwedna l-temma?

guII - hamam (coll.) d-le-bher.
gum - lhem s-snan. My gum is sore.
to gum - hett lsaq Ela. Did you gum
the Iabels? was hettiti lsaq Eel
le-btayeq?

gum Arahic - Eelk t-telh. gun - see rifle, pistol, etc. gutter - mežra pl mžari.

gym - 1. sala de-r-riyada pl. -t

de-r-riyada. Our school has a large gym. l-medraşa dyalna Eendha şala de-r-riyada kbira. 2. riyada. We have gym three times a week. Eendna r-riyada tlata de-l-merrat fe-ž-žem£a.

H

habit - Eada pl. -t. That's a bad habit. Eada qbiha hadik.

in the habit of - mettewwed. I'm in the habit of sleeping late. and mettewwed ka-nntes mtettel.

to get in(to) the habit of bda ibda l-Eada dyal. I got into
the habit of smoking at college.
bdit l-Eada de-d-doxxan fe-l-žamiEa.
haggard - mextuf. His face Iooks

haggard. ka-iban wežhu mextuf. hail - 1. tebriru, tebruri. That's not rain, that's hail. hadik ma-ši š-šta, tebriru. 2. hemla de-t-tebriru. The hail destroyed the entire crop. l-hemla de-t-tebriru xeşşret ş-şaba kollha.

to hail - 1. tah itih tebriru or tah itih tebruri. It's hailing. tebriru ka-itih. 2. Eeyyet l-.
The doorman hailed a cab. l-buwwab Eeyyet l-taksi. 3. htef b-. Crowds hail him everywhere l-žamahir ka-tehtef bih f-koll mahell.

**His parents hail from Tetuan.
waldih *selhom men titwan.
hair - se&ra pl. -t, *&urat coll.

ščer. What color is her hair? š-men lun ščerha?

to get into one another's hair - tganen. They're always getting into each other's hair. dima ka-itgannu.

**The stone missed me by a hair. Ela šwiya kanet ģad tqisni l-hežra.
-That's splitting hairs! ferq dqiq hada!

haircut - tehsina pl. -t; hsana pl. -t, hsayen. Where'd you get that funny haircut? škun Emel-lek had le-Ežuba men tehsina?

**Haircut, please. hessen-li rași men fedlek.

to get a haircut - hessen rasu. I have to get a haircut. xessni nhessen rasi.

hair-dresser - hežžam pl. -a.
hair-raising - (lli) ka-išuwwek
d-dat. That was a hair-raising
experience. težriba kanet
ka-tšuwwek d-dat.

half - ness pl. nsas, nsusa. I'll give him half of my share. daba ne£ţih n-ness f-heqqi.

to cut in half - qsem fe-n-ness. Shall I cut it in half? neqsemba fe-n-ness?

to go halves with - Emel be-n-nsisa. Will you go halves with me? teEmel mEaya be-n-nsisa?

half price - ness taman. I got it for half price at a sale. xditha b-ness taman de-l-?išhar.

half a kilo - ness kilu. Give me half a kilo of butter. Ețini ness kilu de-s-smen.

half an hour - ness safa. I'll be back in half an hour, gad neržeć men daba ness safa.

half done - 1. msuwweb hedd n-ness. This job is only half done. had l-xedma msuwwba gir hedd n-ness.

2. ness tayeb. The meat is only half done. had l-lhem gir ness tayeb.

half past - w-ness. We'll be there at half past eight. nkunu temma fe-t-tmenya w-ness.

**1've been listening with only half an ear. kont ka-ntsennet gir b-terf wedni. --I've half a mind to go tomorrow. Elayn gerrert nemši gedda. --That isn't half bad. dak š-ši ma-ši qbih be-l-koll.

halfway - f-ness t-triq. We ran out of gas halfway to town. f-ness t-triq l-le-mdina tqada-lna l-isans. hall - nbeh pl. nbuha, nbayeh. Mr. Ali lives down the other end of the

hall. s-si Eli ka-iskon fe-l-qent l-axor d-had n-nbeh.

(meeting) hall - qa&a pl. -t. We stood at the back of the hall. wqefna fe-l-lur de-l-qa&a.

city hall - baladiya pl. -t. His office is in the City Hall. l-mekteb dyalu fe-l-baladiya.

to halt - wqef. Halt! Who's there? wgef! škun hnak?

halting - mfafi, (lli) ka-ilhet. He spoke in a halting voice. kan ka-idwi u-helgu mfafi.

hammer - mterqa pl. -t, mtareq.

to hammer - terreq. Our neighbor has been hammering all day long. n-nhar kollu u-žarna ka-iterreq.

to hammer in - terreq, dexxel. He can't even hammer in a nail. ma-yefref-si idexxel hetta mesmar.

**The rules have been hammered into me. l-qawa&id dexxluhom-li be-d-dra& f-rasi.

hand - 1. idd, yedd pl. iddin (iddibefore possessive endings). Where can I wash my hands? fayn imken-li negsel iddiya? --The matter is out of my hands. l-mes?ala xeržet men iddi. 2. muri pl. mwara. The hour hand is broken. l-muri le-kbir mherres. --The minute hand doesn't work. l-muri s-sgir ma-xeddam-š.

hand in glove - mettafeq. They worked together hand in glove. kanu ixedmu mežmučin mettafqin.

at first hand - men ras l-Eeyn. I got this information at first hand. xdit had le-xbar men ras l-Eeyn.

hy hand - be-l-yedd. This job has to be done by hand. had l-xedma ka-ixessha ttsummeb be-l-yedd.

on hand - teht l-idd, qrib pl. qrab. We don't have that size on hand. ma-\(\xi\)endma-\(\xi\) dak le-qyas teht iddna. -He's always on hand when I want him. weqt-a\(\xi\) ma bgitu ka-nsibu qrib.

on the one hand ... on the other hand - men žiha ... u-men žiha xra, la men ... la men. On the one hand he wants it finished, but on the other hand he doesn't give us the material. la mennu ka-ibģiha mkemmla, la mennu ma-ka-iyectina-š le-qwam.

to get out of hand - zag izig. His students are getting out of hand. t-talaba dyalu bdaw izigu.

to give a hand - Eawen, Eewwen, Eta yeEți idd llah. Can you give me a hand with this box? llah

ixellik waš ma-te£ţıni-š idd ļļah f-had ş-şendug?

to have in hand - qbet l-lžam. He has the situation well in hand, rah qabet l-lžam de-l-wed£iya.

to have a hand in - Emel iddu, dexxel raşu f-. He must have had a hand in that. ma-huwa gir kan Eamel iddu temma.

to keep (one's) hands off - xella iddu Eendu. Just keep your hands off that! gir xelli iddik Eendek! to lay hands on - nezzel iddu Ela, žber. I can't lay my hands on it right now. ma-neeref-ši fayn nnezzel Eliha iddi f-had s-sa£a.

to shake hands - tsafeh. They shook hands. tsafhu.

to take off someone's hands henna men, fekk men. Can you take these tickets off my hands? imken-lek tfekkni men had le-btayeq?

to take into (one's) hands - mešša b-iddih. From now on I'll take things into my own hands again. men daba l-fuq gad n£awed nebda nmešši l-?umur b-iddiya.

**Hands off! zuwwel iddik! --He's very clever with his hands. iddih ka-iEerfu ma iEemlu. --I've got a lot of work on my hands. Eendi bezzaf de-Š-Šģal.

to hand - mekkel, medd. Will you hand me that pencil? Eafak medd-li dak le-glam.

to hand in - qeddem, dfe£. I'm going to hand in my application tomorrow. gad nqeddem talabi gedda.

to hand out - ferreq. Hand out these tickets. hak ferreq had le-btayeq.

to hand over - 1. medd, mekkel. Would you hand that book over, please? b-le-fdel mennek medd-lidak le-ktab. 2. dfee, hett, eta yeeti. They made us hand over all our money. lezzmuna nhettu-lhom flusna kollhom.

handbag - šekkara pl. -t, škayer. hand brake - hessar de-l-yedd pl. hessara de-l-yedd.

handcuff - gtina pl. -t.

de-l-guz.

pair of handcuffs - nimiru xemsa. Here every policeman carries a pair of handcuffs with him. koll šorti hnaya rafed m£ah nimiru xemsa dyalu.

to handcuff - Emel nimiru xemsa l-.
They handcuffed the prisoners.
Eemlu nimiru xemsa l-le-msažen.
handful - kemša pl. -t, kmeš. He
took a handful of nuts. xda kemša

to handicap - xella l-lur. He's been handicapped by poor eyesight all his life. n-nder le-glil huwa lli xellah l-lur hyatu kollha.

handkerchief - derra pl. drer, zif pl. zyufa.

handle - 1. qebţa pl. -t, qbaţi, qbeţ.
My suitcase needs a new handle.
šaneţti xeşşha qebţa ždida.
2. wden pl. wednin. The handle of this cup is broken off. wden had z-zlafa therrset.

to fly off the handle - džennen. At the slightest occasion he flies off the handle. Elaš-emma kan ka-idžennen.

to handle - 1. Eamel, tmešša mEa. He knows how to handle people. ka-yeEref kif iEamel n-nas. --You have to handle him with kid gloves. xeşşek ttmešša mEah be-s-syasa. ruwwež, žab ižib. We don't handle that brand. ma-ka-nžibu-š dak l-Eeyna. 3. xeddem, qbet. Can you handle a gun? ka-teEref tegbet mkohla? --He knows how to handle your car. ka-yeEref ixeddem siyartek. 4. tsa£ mEa. I can't handle him any more. ma-bqit-š ntsa£ m£ah. 5. themmel. I simply can't handle all the work by myself. ma-negder-\$ tamamen nthemmel l-xedma kollha wehdi. 6. rfed. Please handle this box with care, it contains glass. Eafak rfed had ş-şenduq ğir be-š-šwiya, rah fih z-zaž.

**Look at it all you want, but don't handle it. Suf b-Eeynik u-hda b-iddik.

handmade - meşnu£ be-l-yedd, mşuwweb be-l-yedd.

handsome - 1. žmil, mendur. He's a handsome man. ražel mendur hadak.
2. kbir pl. kbar. That's a handsome sum of money. qder kbir d-le-flus hadak.

handwriting - xett l-idd pl. xtut l-idd. His handwriting is illegible. xett iddu ma-ka-itferrez-š.

handy - 1. sahel le-t-texdam. This tape recorder is very handy. had l-musežžila sahla le-t-texdam.

2. qrib pl. qrab. Have you got a pencil handy? Eendek ši-qlam qrib?

3. ka-yeeref ma yeemel b-sebeanu. He's a very handy fellow. huwa ražel ka-yeeref ma yeemel b-sebeanu. to come in handy (to) - nfee.

Typing will come in handy to you some day. le-ktaba Eel le-mţebEa ġad tnefEek ši-nhar.

hang - 1. šneg, šenneg. He was

hanged yesterday. l-bareh šennquh.

2. Eelleq. Can't you hang the picture a little higher? imken-lek tEelleq t-teşwira l-fuq šwiya?

--His life hung by a thread. Eemru kan mEelleq b-šeEra.

to hang on - qbet, \$edd. I hung on as tight as I could. qbett

sehh-ma imken.

**Hang on to my coat for a minute, will you? b-le-fdel mennek kan ma-tehdi-li-š l-kebbut dyali wahed d-dqiqa.

to hang out - nšer, Eelleq. Did you hang the wash out? nšerti t-tesbin?

to hang up - Eelleq. Hang up your hat and coat. Eelleq šemrirek u-baltuk.

to hang one's head - hna yehni
rasu. Why are you hanging your head?
l-as ka-tehni rasek?

**Now I'm getting the hang of it.

Ead bdit nefhem š-kayen.

**Hang it all, I've mislaid my glasses again. xzit tani, Eawed telleft ndadri. —I don't give a hang any more. llehla iqleb! hanger - Eellaqa pl. -t. Put your

coat on a hanger. Emel baltuk
f-Eellaga.

hangover - tuwgida pl. -t.

to happen - wqeE, hdet, žra ižra.

When did that happen? fuq-aš wqeE

dak š-ši?

happily - fe-s-sa&ada. They are very happily married. rahom mžuwwžin f-kamil s-sa&ada.

happiness - saéada pl. -t. I wish you all the happiness in the world. ka-ntmenna-lek saéadat d-denya u-l-?axira.

happy - 1. sid pl. sid, said pl. suidada. That was his happiest day. hadak "ested nhar kan iendu.

2. meṣrur, ferhan. I don't feel at all happy about it. ma-ka-nešter-šb-rasi be-l-koll meṣrur b-had š-ši.

**Happy New Year. mebruk l-tam

ž-ždid. harhor - mersa pl. -t, mrasi. Casablanca has a good harbor.

d-dar l-bida Eendha merşa mezyana.
hard - 1. qaşeh. I can't sleep on a hard mattress. ma-neqder-š nntes Ela mtertba qaşha. 2. stib pI. ştab. Those were hard times. iyyam ştiba hadik kanet. 3. water. He's a hard man. ražel water hadak.
4. bezzaf. He worked hard all day. xdem bezzaf n-nhar kollu.

hard of hearing - (lli) wednu

tqila. As he grew older, he became hard of hearing. kif bda ikber wellat wednu tqila.

to he hard up (for) - xeşşu, lehhef Ela. He's always hard up for money. dima ka-ilehhef Eel le-flus.

to have a hard time - wžed sučuba. I had a hard time getting here. wžedt sučuba baš nusel lle-hna.

to try hard - Emel žehdu. He tried hard to do it right. Emel žehdu baš isuwwebha hiya hadik.

**He's a hard man to get along with. ražel teb£u mane£.

hard-boiled - mesluq. All we got was some hard-boiled eggs. ma-žawna ģir ši-bidat mesluqin.

hard-earned - msuwwer b-tamara. That was hard-earned money. duk le-flus kanu msuwwrin b-tamara.

hardly - 1. kif, yallah. We had hardly begun to speak when ... kif bdina ntkellmu u- ... 2. ġir ma. You can hardly expect me to believe that. ġir ma-ttkel-š Eliya ntiyyeq dak š-ši.

**I hardly think so. muhal, ma-ka-ndenn-§.

hardly ever - qlil f-aš. I hardly ever go out. qlil f-aš ka-nexrož.

harm - 1. šerr, munkar pl. -at, manakir.
You can never undo the harm you've done. Eemmrek la-slehti 8-serr lli Emelti. 2. bas. No harm done' \$i-bas ma-kayen. 3. Eeyb, Eib pl. Eyub. I meant no harm by it. ma-qsedt Eeyb biha.

to harm - qesseh.

harmful - mudirr. This drought is

harmful for the crops. had l-ibusa

mudirra le-s-saba.

harmonica - muziga pl. -t.

harness - Eedda pl. -t. I just bought a new harness for my horse. **Srit Eedda **Edida l-l-Eewd dyali.

to harness - serrež. Has he harnessed the horses? serrež l-xil?

harrow - hebbaša pl. -t.

harsh - I. şɛib pl. şɛab. Those are harsh terms. šurut şɛiba hadik.
2. hres pl. hureš. This soap contains no harsh ingredients. had ş-şabun ma-fih mawadd herša.

harvest - weqt le-had, had pl. hadat. We had a good harvest.

weqt le-hsad daz-lna mesyan.

to harvest - hsed. When do you harvest the wheat around here?
fuq-as ka-thesdu l-gemh hnaya?

haste - zerba pl. -t. hastily - be-z-zerba. hasty - mezrub. You shouldn't have made a hasty decision. ma-kan-š ka-ixeşsek taxod qarar mezrub.

to he hasty - zreb, tgelleg, ddzreb. There's no reason for us to be hasty. ma-kayen l-aš nzerbu. hat - šemrir pl. smarer.

to hatch (out) - 1. fegges. Three more chicks hatched today. tlata d-le-flales xrin feqqsu l-yum. 2. tfeqqes, sxer. Only seven of the eggs hatched out. gir seb&a de-l-bidat lli sexru.

hatchet - šagur pl. šwager, mgedda pl. -t.

hate - kerh, korh. His feeling of dislike gradually turned into hate. gellt mhebbtu šwiya be-šwiya wellat kerh.

to hate - kreh. I hate people who are selfish. ka-nekreh n-nas lli ka-ibģiw rashom.

**1 hated to tell her that. qolt-lha dak š-ši bezz menni.

hatred - kerh, korh.

haul - syada pl. -t, tesyida. The hunters had a good haul today. ş-şiyyada qebtu teşyida ha?ila l-yum.

to haul - 1. žerr. The horses were unable to haul the heavy load. l-xil ma-qeddet-š džerr le-hmel t-tqil. 2. $\not\equiv bed$, $xerre \not\equiv$. They hauled me out of bed at six o'clock. xerržuni men l-ferš fe-s-setta de-s-sbah.

to haul down - hebbet, nezzel. Have they hauled the flag down yet? hebbtu r-raya wella ma-zal? to have - kan ikun Eendu. I have two

tickets for the movies. Eendi žuž

d-le-btayeq le-s-sinima.

**(often Measure II of the verb, in the sense of having another person do something). --Wouldn't it be better to have the tooth out right now? ma-ši hsen tqelleE d-dersa fe-l-hin? -- I'll have to have my appendix out. ka-ixessni nsuwwel l-mesrana s-sayda. --I'm having my teeth fixed. ka-nsuwweb snani. -- I had my shoes soled.

terreft sebbati.
**I haven't had a thing to eat today. ma-klit walu had n-nhar. -Let's have the knife. žbed l-mus

lle-hnaya.

to have a hahy - wled. She's going to have a baby soon. jadya tuled grib.

to have one's way - Emel lli bga, Emel nadaru. She has had her way. Eemlet lli bjat.

to have to - xess, lazem Ela. You have to buy some new shoes. xessek tešri sebbat ždid.

**You don't have to do it. nta

ma-ši merģum te€melha.

I had hetter, you had hetter, etc. - hsen-li, hsen-lek, etc. You'd better do it right away. hsen-lek ddirha daba.

hawk - baz pl. bizan.

hay - gort. The hay isn't dry yet. l-gort ma-zal ma-ibes.

**Let's make hay while the sun shines. nderbu le-hdid ma-heddu sxun. -- It's time to hit the hay. hada wegt n-nEas.

hay fever - nezla pl. -t, nzalı. haystack - nader de-l-gort pl. nwader de-l-gort; getta de-l-gort pl. gtet de-l-gort.

haze - dbaba pl. -t coll. dbab.

he - huwa.

head - 1. ras pl. ryus. My head hurts. raşi ka-yuze∈ni. --Lettuce is half a dirham a head. l-xeşş ness derhem le-r-ras. --He sold five head of cattle. bas xemsa de-r-ryus men le-ksiba. --Begin at the head of the page. bda men ras ş-şefha. --We were sitting at the head of the table. konna galsin f-ras t-tebla. --Success has gone to his head. n-nažah sexxen-lu rașu. 2. mqeddem pl. mqeddmin, kbir pl. kbar. He's the head of the gang. huwa mqeddem ž-žma£a. 3. kbir pl. kbar. He's the head of the family. huwa kbir l-Eagila. 4. ra?is pl. ru?asa, mudir pl. -in. He's the head of the firm. huwa r-ra?is de-š-šarika. --Who is the new head of the school? škun l-mudir ž-ždid de-l-medrasa?

**My friend is head over heels in love. sahbi meEmi be-l-hobb. -That's over my head. dak š-ši bezzaf Eliya. -- The man is positively out of his head. r-ražel bla šekk mša-lu Eeglu. -- Everyone kept his head. koll-ši bga mhedden. --I can't keep everything in my head. ma-imken-li-š neEqel Ela koll-ši. -- I can't make head or tail of the story. had le-xrafa ma-žbert-lha raș men režlin. --I'm sure that if you put your heads together, you'll find a solution. and metyeqqen ila džme£tiw ši m£a ši tsibu ši-hell. -He just took it into his head that nobody likes him. gir huwa Emel f-balu hetta wahed ma-ka-ibgih. -Heads or tails? khel wella byed?

to head - 1. $tre^{\gamma \gamma}$ es, siyyer. He hopes to head his department some day. ka-itmenna $\check{s}i-nhar$ $itre^{\gamma \gamma}$ es $l-fer\in dyalu$. 2. $\check{z}a$ $i\check{z}i$ l-luwwel. My boy heads his class at school. weldi $ka-i\check{z}i$ l-luwel f-tabaqtu.—His name heads the list of candidates. smiytu $\check{z}at$ hiya l-luwla $f-la^{\gamma}ihat$ $le-mre\check{s}\check{s}hin$.

**You're heading in the wrong direction. rak maši xarež čel t-triq. --They're heading for Ujda. huma mašyen l-wežda.

headache - hriq r-ras.

heading - Eunwan pl. Eanawin.

headlight - duw de-l-qeddam pl. dwaw de-l-qeddam.

head wind - rih lli ka-iredd pl. ryah lli ka-tredd. We had a strong head wind all the way. kan ireddna rih mežhed fe-t-triq kollha.

to heal - bra ibra. The wound isn't healing properly. Z-Zerha raha ma-ka-tebra-š hiya hadik.

health - sehha pl. -t. How's his health? kif dayra sehhtu?

in poor health - mdeedee f-sehhtu. He's been in poor health today, had n-nhar qiyyal mdeedee f-sehhtu.

healthy - 1. la-bas Elih f-sehhtu.

She looks very healthy. ka-ddher la-bas Eliha f-sehhtha. 2. sihhi, mesyan le-s-sehha. This isn't a healthy climate. had l-žuw ma-ši sihhi.

heap - Eerma pl. -t, Eerram pl.
Erarem. That's a heap of money.
Eerma d-le-flus hadi.

to heap - Eerrem, kerker. The table was heaped with all kinds of food. t-tebla kanet meerrma b-le-mwakel kollha.

to hear - sme \(\). I didn't hear anything. ma-sme \(\) t walu.

**We haven't heard from him since he left. melli mša ma-wselna hetta xbar men Eendu.

hearing - gelsa pl. -t, glasi. The hearing was set for June sixth. l-gelsa kanet magerra nhar setta yunyu.

**His hearing is very poor. wednu ma-ka-tesme \(\xi\)-\(\xi\) mlih.

hard of hearing - (lli) wednu tqila. My aunt is hard of hearing. xalti wdenha tqila.

to lose one's hearing - tras. When did he lose his hearing? fuq-as tras?

heart - gelb pl. glub. He has a weak heart. Eendu l-gelb dEif.

hy heart - be-ž-žri u-l-ma.

learned the poem by heart. hfedt
l-qitea de-š-šier be-ž-žri u-l-ma.
**It breaks my heart to let him
go. maettee men gelhi rellitu imš;

go. maettee men qelbi xellitu imši.

--At heart he's really a good
fellow. fe-l-haqiqa ražel qelbu
mezyan. --She's in this work heart
and soul. Eamla qelbha u-žwarehha
f-had l-Eamal. --He's a man after
my own heart. dak s-siyyed Eendi
fuq qelbi. --I intend to get to
the heart of this matter. baği
nšuf dwaxel had l-qaqıya.

to lose heart - fšel, tterxa.

Don't lose heart. Eendak tefšel!

to take to heart - Emel f-qelbu.

He's taking it very much to heart.

Eamelha f-qelbu bezzaf.

heart attack - sekta gelbiya.

heat - sehd pl. shud, shudat; sxuniya pl. -t. I can't stand the heat. ma-ka-nehmel-s s-sehd.

to heat - sexxen. The room is well heated. 1-bit msexxen mesyan.

to heat (up) - 1. sexxen. I'll have to heat up some water first. ka-ixeşşni becda nsexxen swiya de-l-ma. 2. sxen isxon. It'll be five minutes before the iron heats up. xemsa de-d-dqayeq xeşş bas tesxon le-hdida.

heat-resistant - (lli) ka-işber l-l-Eafya. Is that glass heatresistant? dak z-zaž ka-işber l-l-Eafya?

heaven - ženna. The person that does good goes to heaven. ll: Emel l-x:r ka-imš: le-ž-ženna.

**For heaven's sake, stop that noise! le-wžeh rebbi hser had s-sda£.

heavy - 1. tq:l pl. tqal. Is that box too heavy for you? tqil Elik dak s-senduq? —I can't take heavy fppd. ma-ka-neqder-\$ Eel l-makla tqila. 2. kbir pl. kbar. He had to pay a heavy fine. tlezzem i eddi xtiya kbira.

heavy rain - mšati. We can't leave in that heavy rain. ma-ġadyen-š nemšiw f-had le-mšati.

hedge - zerb pl. zruba. The two gardens are divided by a hedge.

ž-žnanat b-žuž qasemhom z-zerb. heel - 1. gdem pl. gdam, gdami. I have a blister on my heel. Eendi wahed n-neft f-gedmi. 2. gedmiya pl. -t. These shoes need new heels. had s-sebbat xessu gedmiyat ždad.

height - 1. rtifae pl. -at. How do you determine the height of a triangle? kif ka-idžber rtifae

l-mutellat? 2. Elu. What is the ž-žbel d-le- Elu? 3. tul. He's almost two meters in height. fih Elayen žuž miter de-t-tul. 4. ras pl. ryus, gemma pl. -t. He was then at the height of his power. dak s-sa£a f-raş ş-şula dyalu. 5. muntaha, ?eqsa hedd. That's the height of stupidity. hada ?eqsa hedd fe-t-tetmisa heir - waret pl. warata. He's the sole heir. huwa wehdu waret. Hejira - hižra. helicopter - ferfara pl. -t. hell - žahennam, žahennama pl. -t; n-nar pl. n-niran. hello - 1. %alu, %ahlan. Hello, operator! You've cut me off! ?alu l-bușta, hșertiwni fe-l-hedra. 2. %ahlan. Hello! How are you? ?ahlan. še-xbarek? helmet - tasa pl. -t, tyes. help - musa&ada pl. -t, &win, idd llah. Do you need any help? tehtaž ši-musaEada? to help - 1 Eawen, Eewwen, saked, Eta yeEti idd llah. I helped him as well as I could. Eawentu Ela gedd žehdi. 2. gda igdi. Can I help you? kayen si ma neqdi-lek?

**Help' Eteq! or Eetqu! or le-Etiga l-llah' -- I can't help it. ma-b-iddi šay. --Sorry, that can't be helped. met?essef, dak š-ši ma-Eendu dwa. --Can I help you to something? imken-li nmekkel-lek ši-haža? -- I couldn't help but see it. ma-fadni ģir nšufu. to help oneself - tfeddel. Please help yourself (sir)! tfeddel a sidi! helper - musa&id pl. -in, mu&in pl. -in. He has two helpers. Eendu žuž de-l-musaEidin. helpless - Eagez, mEeggez. hem - tehžiž pl. -at coll. tehžíž, tehžaž. I'll have to let out the hem. ka-ixessni ntiyyeh t-tehšaž. **The house is hemmed in between two tall buildings. d-dar žat dayrın bıha žuž de-l-binayat kbar. hen - $d\check{z}a\check{z}a$ pl. -t. henna - henna pl. hnani. herh - Ešeb pl. Ešub, Eešba pl. -t, Ešub. In Europe herbs are still widely used as home remedies. f-9urubba ma-zalin ka-isellhu le-Ešub le-d-dwa. herd - qet€a pl. -t, qta€i; ksiba pl. -t, ksayeb. Who owns this herd?

de-mmen had le-ksiba?

here - 1. hna, hnaya. We can't stay here. ma-imken-lna-š nebgaw hna. 2. ha, hak. Here's the book. ha le-ktab. here and there - f-beed l-mahellat. Here and there you can still see horse cabs. f-be ξd l-mahellat ma-zal telqa krareş de-l-xil. hereafter - men daba l-fuq, men daba l-qeddam. Hereafter I'll be more careful. men daba l-fuq gad nehdi rași kter men had š-ši. hernia - fteq pl. ftuqa. herself - 1. rasha. She fell on the stairs and hurt herself. taket fe-d-druž w-gesshet rasha. b-iddha, b-iddiha, hiya lli. She did it herself. Eemletha b-iddha or hiya lli Eemletha. **She's not herself today. ma-ši hıya hadik l-yum. to hesitate - 1. tredded. He hesitated a moment before he answered. tredded ši-šwiya qbel-ma ižaweb. 2. tsa?el, xemmem. I'm still hesitating whether I should do it or not. ma-zal ka-ntsa?el waš ndirha wella la. hesitation - tareddud. He answered without hesitation. žaweb bla tareddud. hey - iwa. Hey, what's the big idea? iwa, še-mEent had š-ši? **Hey you! Come over here! ahya dak s-siyyed, aži lle-hna! hiccup - fuwaqa pl. -t. I have the hiccups again. Eawed qebtetni l-fuwaqa. hide - želd pl. žlud. These hides still have to be tanned. had ž-žlud ma-zal ka-ixeşşhom iddebğu. to hide - 1. xebbeE, xebba, heyyed. He hid the money in a drawer. rah xebbe E le-flus f-wahed le-mžerr. 2. derreg. The trees hide the view. š-šžer ka-iderrau l-mender. 3. txebbeE, txebba. Let's hide in the garage. yallah ntxebb€u fe−l-garaž. high - 1. talta (third gear); reb&a (fourth gear). Now shift into high. beddel le-t-talta daba. 2. Eali pl. Ealyin. This minaret is very high. had s-semEa Ealya bezzaf. 3. mezyan. I have a high opinion of him. Eendi nedra mezyana Elih. **That building is eight stories high. dak l-binaya fiha tmenya de-t-tebaat d-le-Elu. --He's in high spirits today. l-yum rašeq-lu mEa rasu. -- There I was, left high and dry. u-bqit gales meqtue r-ras. --We searched for it high and low.

qellebna Eliha s-sma u-l-?erd. highly - bezzaf. She seemed highly pleased. dehret našta bezzaf.

to speak highly of - mdeh, tna itni Ela. He spoke very highly of him. tna Elih bezzaf.

to think highly of - Emel f-mensla Ealya. They think very highly of him. Eamlineh f-mensla Ealya. high school - medrasa tanawiya pl.

madaris tanawiya.

high tide - mlu. Let's wait till high tide. xellina ntsennaw hetta l-le-mlu.

hike - msarya pl. -t. Let's go on a hike! yallah nEemlu ši-msarya.

to hike - mša imši, tsara, Emel msarya. We hiked five kilometers. Emelna xemsa kilumiter d-le-msarya.

hill - kodya pl. -t, kdi. What's on the other side of the hill? šnu fe-ž-žiha le-xra lli wra l-kodya?

himself - 1. raşu. He hurt himself badly. qeşşeh raşu bezzaf.

2. b-rasu, b-nefsu. You'll have to see the director himself. xessek tšuf l-mudir b-rasu. 3. huwa lli, b-iddu, b-iddih. Did he do it himself? waš huwa lli darha?

**He wasn't quite himself. kan ma-ši tamamen huwa hadak. --He's himself again. Ead ržeć Ela xaţru Eawed.

to hinder - Eerqel, mne£, tEerred.
hinge - bus pl. bwas. One of the
hinges of the trunk broke off. bus
dyal š-šanta therres.

hint = ⁹išara pl. -t. Can't you give me a hint? ma-teqder-ši te£ţini ši-⁹išara?

to hint - šar išir. He hinted that something was up. šar billa ši-haža kanet.

to hint at - bga ibgi iqsed. What are you hinting at? \$-ka-tebgi teqsed?

hip - werk pl. wrak.

hire - kra pl. -wat. These boats are for hire. had le-flayek l-le-kra.

to hire - 1. kra ikri. We hired the boat for the whole day. krina le-fluka n-nhar kollu. 2. xeddem, weddef. We have to hire more people. ka-ixeşşna nzidu nxeddmu n-nas.

hiss - tesfira pl. -t.

to hiss - 1. seffer. Every time he mentioned her name the audience hissed. gir huwa kan idker smiytha u-l-metferržin ka-iseffru. 2. seffer Ela. He was hissed everywhere. seffru Elih f-koll mudeE.

historian - mu?errix pl. -in.

historic - tarixi.

history - tarix pl. twarex. Have you studied European history? qrititarix ?urubba?

hit - 1. derba pl. -t. He made four hits. dreb reb£a de-d-derbat.

2. (lli) mehbub, mešhur. His song became a hit over night. Pogniytu deģya deģya wellat mešhura.

to hit - 1. dreb. I hit my knee against the door. drebt rkebti m£a l-bab. 2. dreb, qas iqis. The ball hit the wall. l-kura qaset l-hit.
3. ?etter £la, ?etter f-. The news hit me very hard. le-xbar ?etter £liya bezzaf.

to hit it off - ttafeq, ttawa. How do the two hit it off? kif ka-ittawaw duk ž-žuž?

to hit (up) on - tah itih Ela.

How did you hit on that? kif tehti
Ela dak š-ši?

hitch - 1. haža Eewža pl. hwayež Eiwež. I'm sure there's a hitch somewhere. ana metyeqqen billa ši-haža Eewža f-ši-mudeE.

2. teEqida pl. -t, tEaqed. Everything came off without a hitch. koll-ši xrež huwa hadak bla teEqida.

**That's where the hitch comes in! temma bqat.

to hitch - rbet. Hitch your horse to the post. rbet Eewdek mEa r-rkiza.

hives - lfafet.

to hoard - temm, žme£. They're hoarding sugar. ka-itemmu s-sokkar.
hoarse - mžebbeh. He's shouted himself hoarse. rže£ mžebbeh b-quwt le-ġwat.

hoe - Eetla pl. -t, Etali.

hohhy - hawaya pl. -t. His latest hobby is collecting stamps. l-hawaya dyalu ž-ždida hiya žmić t-tnaber. hog - helluf pl. hlalef.

to hold - 1. rfed. She held the baby in her arms. kanet rafda t-terbya f-iddha. -- The room holds twenty people. l-bit ka-irfed Eešrin de-n-nas. 2. §edd, gbet. That knot will hold. dak l-Eegda tegbet. --Hold your tongue gbet Isanek Eendek. --Hold this box for me a minute. qbet-li had s-sendug wahed š-šwiya. 3. Emel. The meetings are held once a week. le-žtima&at ka-iEemluha merra fe-ž-žemEa. 4. kan ikun Eendu. He holds a high : position. Eendu mertaba Ealya. 5. pbes. Hold him! pebsu. 6. žleb. That speaker knows how to hold his audience. dak le-xtib ka-veEref kif

ižleb n-nas lli ka-itsenntu-lu. 7. daz iduz, kan ikun. When were the last elections held? fuq-aš dazu l-intixabat t-talya? 8. kan ikun shih, thet. This rule doesn't hold in every case. had l-ga€ida ma-ši shiha f-koll muqif.

**Hold the wire. ma-teqteE-š. to hold back - heer, redd. I wanted to go, but he held me back. kont bģit nemši, sa£a ķķerni. to hold office - xda yaxod mensib. He held office for a long time.

modda u-huwa waxed dak l-mensib. to hold on - sber. Can you hold on for a minute? imken-lek tesber

wahed š-šwiva.

to hold on to -1. gbet f-. Hold on to me. qbet fiya. 2. bqa ibqa f-. Can you hold on to that job just a little longer? imken-lek tebqa f-had l-xedma waxxa gir ši-šwiya?

to hold out - sber, kaber, qbet. We would have held out for months, if we had had enough food. konna ma-zalin nkabru šher Ela šher u-kan kanet Eendma l-makla l-kafya.

to hold over - ?exxer. The movie was held over for another week. l-film, Pexxruh l-žem£a xra.

to hold true - kan ikun shih. That doesn't hold true in our case. be-n-nesba lilna had š-ši ma-ši shih. to hold under a lease - Emel Eogda. They held the land under a

ten-year lease. Eemlu l-l-gerd

Eoqda d-Eešr snin.

to hold up - 1. Eettel. You're holding me up. rak ka-tEettelni. 2. sber. Will these shoes hold up? waš had ş-şebbat işber? 3. qteE $t-trig \in la$. I was held up by two men last night. l-bareh fe-l-lil žuž de-r-ržal getEu Eliya t-trig.

to get hold of - hesse! Ela. Where can I get hold of him? fayn imken-li nheşşe! Elih?

to take hold of - qbet f-. Take hold of my arm. qbet fe-dra&i. **How is he holding up under the pain? kif-en huwa mEa le-hriq?

holdup - getEan t-trig pl. getEan t-torgan. He has nothing to do with the holdup. ma-kan-ši mšarek f-dak getEan t-trig.

hole - 1. teqba pl. -t, tqabi. He has a hole in his pants. Eendu tegba f-serwalu. 2. ter ϵ a pl. -t. The trip made a big hole in my pocketbook. ş-şefra xellat-li ter&a kbira fe-l-beztam. 3. hefra pl. -t, hfari. He dug a hole and hid his

money in it. hfer wahed l-hofra u-xebbe E le-flus dyalu fiha.

holiday - Eid pl. Eyad. Is today a holiday? waš l-yum Eid?

hollow - 1. xawi pl. xawyin. This wall seems to be hollow. had l-heyt ka-idher bin lli qelbu xawi.

2. gareq, daxel. Her cheeks are hollow. xdudha daxlin.

holy - mageddes.

home - 1. $\xi a^{\gamma}ila$ pl. -t. My home is ın Casablanca. Eagilti fe-d-dar l-bida. 2. le-d-dar. I have to go home. xeşşni nemši le-d-dar. 3. mahell. There's no place like home. hetta ši ma-kayen bhal l-wahed f-mahellu.

at home - 1. fe-d-dar. I was (at) home all day yesterday. l-bareh n-nhar kollu w-ana fe-d-dar. 2. f-mahellu. Make yourself at

home. hseb rasek f-mahellek. 3. fe-d-daxil. At home and abroad...

fe-d-daxil u-fe-l-xariž ... house and home - dar u-hbab. The war has driven many people out of house and home. l-herb xerržet Eadad de-n-nas Ela dyurhom u-hbab hom.

homeless - bla dar pl. bla dyur. Thousands were made homeless by the flood. l-hemla xellat l-9ulufat bla dyur.

homemade - mswwweb fe-d-dar. This is a homemade cake. had l-helwa msuwwba fe-d-dar.

to be homesick - twehhes bladu. homework - xedma de-l-medrasa. you done all your homework? sumwebti xdemtek de-l-medraşa kollha?

honest - 1. (lli) fih s-sedq. Do you think he's honest? ka-ddenn billa fih s-sedg? 2. (lli) fih l-gaman. He has an honest face. wežhu bayen fih l-9aman.

**An honest man is as good as his word. r-ražel ražel be-klemtu. honestly - 1. be-l-mufid. I was honestly surprised. ttebhedt be-l-mufid. 2. be-s-sedq. Tell me honestly... thellem mEaya be-s-seda or ažini le-s-sedq. 3. be-s-saraha. To tell you honestly, I don't like it. ngul-lek be-ş-şaraha, had š-ši ma-Eažebni-š.

honesty - sedq, saraha. There's no question about his honesty. ma-kayen šekk fe-s-sedq dyalu. --Honesty is the best policy. ma-kayen ma-hsen men s-sedq.

honey - ε sel.

honeymoon - Sehr l-Easal.

to honk the horn - zuwweg. Honk the
horn three times, and I'll come
down. zuwweg tlata de-l-merrat
u-nehbet.

honor - šaraf. We gave a banquet in his honor. Emelna l-walima Ela šarafu. --I give you my word of honor! ka-neEtik kalimat š-šaraf.

**He's a man of honor. ražel b-žudu u-Eerdu.

to honor - 1. Serref, kebber b-. I feel very much honored with your visit. Serreftiwni b-ziyartkom.

2. qbel. We can't honor this check. ma-imken-lna-š ngeblu had š-šik.

hood - gobb pl. gbab.

hoof - hafer pl. hwafer, ferquš pl. fraqeš. The horse got a nail in his hoof. l-fewd dxel-lu meşmar f-hafru.

to hoof (it) - mša imši čel l-korrači. We had to hoof it. ma-fadna ģir mšina čel l-korrači.

hook - Eellaga pl. -t, Elaleg. Hang your coat on the hook. Emel baltuk Eel l-Eellaga.

hook and eye - dker u-nta pl. dkura u-ntawat; terrašiya pl. -t. Shall I put on a zipper or hooks and eyes? ne&mel sensla wella d-dkura u-n-ntawat?

by hook or by crook - be-d-drase aw be-l-xater. He intends to get rich, by hook or by crook. garudu itxuwwež be-d-drase aw be-l-xater.

on one's own hook - Ela drasu. He did it on his own hook. žabha

to hook - 1. qbet, siyyed. How many fish did you hook? Shal de-l-hut siyyedti? 2. rbet. Help me hook this chain. rbet meaya had s-sensla.

**She finally hooked him. ma-mšat hetta kebblet-lu režlih. --I haven't hooked up the new radio yet. ma-zal ma-rekkebt-ši r-radyu ž-ždid.

hookah - rgila pl. rgayel.

Ela draEu.

hop - negza pl. -t. It's just a short hop by plane. negza wehda fe-t-tiyara.

to hop - 1. negqez. She hopped with joy. negqzet be-l-ferha.

2. dar idur. He was hopping around on one leg. kan ka-idur Ela ržel wehda.

hope - 1. rža, yas, iyas. Don't give up hope! ma-teqte∈-š l-yas.
2. °amal. I still have some hope of getting the job. ma-zal ∈endi šwiya de-l-°amal nšedd dak l-xedma.

to hope - 1. °emmel, trežža. She had hoped to see you. kanet ka-t°emmel tšufek. 2. tleb &el llah. We hope he can come tomorrow. ka-nţelbu &el llah iži ġedda.

let's hope - meṣṣab. Let's hope this weather keeps up. meṣṣab ibqa had l-žuw hakda.

to hope for - tleb rebbi f-.
Let's hope for the best. ntelbu rebbi fe-l-xir.

**I hope you didn't catch cold. <code>
Eendak tkun truwwehti? --Will you be back by tomorrow night? I hope so. ġedda fe-l-lil tkun ržečti? fi yadı llah.</code>
</code>

hopeful - m?emmel.

hopeless - (lli) ma-bqa fih ?amal, (lli) ma-bqa fih dwa. The situation is completely hopeless. l-hala ma-bqa fiha hetta ši-?amal.

hopscotch - tšiktšika (not used with
art).

horizon - ⁹ufuq pl. ⁹afaq.

horizontal - wefqi.

horn - 1. gern pl. grun. This bull's horns are very long. le-grun d-had t-tur twal bezzaf. 2. zuwaga pl. -t; klaksun pl. -at. The car's horn doesn't work. z-zuwaga d-had t-tumubil ma-xeddama-s.

to hlow the horn - zuwweg. Don't blow the horn so much. ma-dzuwweg-\$bezzaf.

hornet - zenbur pl. znaber; bu-rzizzi. horrible - (lli) ka-ireffeb. It was a horrible sight. mender kan ka-ireffeb.

horrors - fdayeh. The horrors of war are indescribable. le-fdayeh de-l-herb ma-ka-ittwesfu-š.

horse - Eewd pl. xil, xeyl.

**Now don't get on your high
horse! iwa la-tenfex-ši Elina!
--That's a horse of a different
color. iwa had š-ši haža xra daba.
--A team of wild horses couldn't
drag me there. waxxa džerrni
l-temma nta u-Eemmek şebbeh.

horse race(s) - mṣabqa de-l-xil pl. -t de-l-xil. Let's go to the (horse) races. yallah nemšiw l-le-mṣabqa de-l-xil.

horse-radish - fžel le-xla.

hose - 1. žecba de-s-sqi pl. žeeb s-sqi, kawatšu de-s-sqi. The hose is still in the garden. l-kawatšu de-s-sqi ma-zal fe-l-cersa. 2. teqšira pl. tqašer. We just got a new shipment of hose. Ead wesletna negla de-t-tqašer.

hospitable - krim, qelbu kbir.

hospital - mustešfa pl. -yat. When did you get home from the hospital? fuq-aš wṣelti men l-mustešfa le-d-dar?

hospitality - karam, žud. host - mul d-dar pl. mmalin d-dar. Have you been introduced to the host? qeddmuk l-mul d-dar?

hostess - mulat d-dar pl. mmalin d-dar. hot - 1. sxun. Do you have hot water? Eendek l-ma sxun? 2. harr. This pepper is very hot. had l-ibear harr bezzaf.

**I made it hot for him. zivyertha Elih. --He has a hot temper. raşu sxun. --We were hot on his trail. konna tafrineh.

hotel - util pl. -at. I'm looking for a cheap hotel. ka-ndur Ela Si-util rxis.

hour - sa£a pl. -t, swaye£. I'll be back in an hour. ġad nwelli men daba sa£a.

hour overtime - sa£a zayda pl. swaye£ zayda. I worked five hours overtime. xdemt xemsa de-s-swaye£ zayda.

after hours - men beed l-xedma. See me after hours. Sufni men beed l-xedma.

at all hours - $f^{-\gamma}ay$ weqt. I can be reached at all hours. $f^{-\gamma}ay$ weqt h-ana mužud.

for hours - saéa éla saéa, s-saéa u-xetha. She practices the piano for hours. ka-ttmerren éel le-byanu s-saéa u-xetha.

a quarter of an hour - rbet sata, rubut sata.

**What are your working hours?
šnu huwa weqtek de-l-xedma?

hour hand - muri kbir pl. mwara kbar.
house - 1. dar pl. dyar, dyur. I want
to rent a house. baği nekri ši-dar.
2. mežlis pl. mažalis. Both houses
are going to meet in a joint session. l-mažalis b-žuž gad idžemću
f-gelsa wehda.

to keep house - gabel d-dar. She keeps house for her uncle. ka-tgabel d-dar l-temmha.

**Where are they going to house the visitors? fayn gad i&emlu d-dyaf?

housemaid - $met \in ellma$ pl. -t, xeddama pl. -t.

housework - xedma de-d-dar. Many girls prefer office work to housework. bezzaf d-le-bnat ka-ifeddlu l-xedma de-l-9idara Eel l-xedma de-d-dar.

how - kif. How shall I do it? kif

gad ndirha? --How do you feel?
kif ka-thess b-rasek?

**How come you're still here? Sniya qadiytek ma-zal hnaya?

how many - Shal men (followed by sg.), Shal de- (followed by pl.). How many apples shall I take? Shal de-t-teffahat naxod?

how much - shal. How much did he pay? shal xelles?

however - be-l-heqq, walakin. I'd like to do it; however, I have no time. nebgi ndirha walakin ma-Eendi-* l-weqt.

howl - teEwiqa pl. -t coll. teEwaq.

I thought I heard the howl of a
wolf. žab-li ļļah smeEt teEwaq
d-dib.

to bowl - Eenweq. The dog has been howling all night. l-lil kollu we-l-kelb iEenweq.

to howl with laughter - tferge E be-d-dehk. The audience howled with laughter. l-metferržin ttferg Eu be-d-dehk.

to huddle - Eerrem, tEerrem, dzahem.

They were huddled in a corner. kanu mEerrmin f-qent.

to huddle together - tkemmeš ši f-ši. The sheep huddled close together. le-kbaš tkemmšu metqarbin ši f-ši.

to be in a huddle - tqaqa. Those two are always in a huddle. duk z-žuž dima ka-itqaraw.

hug - teeniqa pl. -t.
to give a hug - dreb teeniqa,

Eenneq. She gave me a big hug. derbet-li te iniq qedd-as.

to hug -.1. Eenneq. She hugged her mother tightly. Eennqet mmha bezzaf. 2. wqef qrib l-. Our boat hugged the coast line all day. n-nhar kollu u-l-baxira dyalna waqfa qriba l-terf le-bher. huge - Edim pl. Edam.

hum - dzeğnina pl. -t coll. dzeğnin. What's that peculiar hum? Sni hiya dak d-dzeğnina le-ğriba?

to hum - zegnen. What's that tune you're humming? šni hiya dak n-negma lli ka-dzegnen?

human - ⁹insan pl. nas. I'm only human. ma-⁹ana gir ⁹insan.

human being - ?insan, bnadem pl. nas. He treats us like human beings. ka-yehsebna bhal n-nas.

**It's only human to make mistakes. subhan men la-isha.

humble - 1. metwadee. In the beginning he acted very humble. fe-l-luwwel ban metwadee bezzaf. 2. deif

pl. deaf. The president grew up in very humble circumstances. r-ra?is kber f-wahed d-duruf dEifa. humidity - bruda, rtuba. to humiliate - heššem, tiyyeh b-. humor - gana pl. -t. Are you in a good humor? nta Ela gantek? **Keep your sense of humor. xellik fik l-best. -- He has no sense of humor. ma-ka-iqbel best. hunch - suEur. I have a hunch that something is wrong there. Eendi šuEur billa ši-haža ma-ši hiya hadik. hunchhack - hdibbi pl. -yin. hunched up - metwi, metni. Your back hurts because you're sitting hunched

metni.
hundred - mya pl. myawat, mi?in.
About a hundred people were present.
teqriben mya de-n-nas kanu hadrin.
hunger - žuć. I nearly died of hunger. mšit nmut be-ž-žuć.

up. dehrek ka-ihergek hit gales

hungry - bih ž-žuć, žićan. I'm hungry. ana biya ž-žuć.

to get hungry - žać izuć, žah ižih ž-žuć. A lot of times I get hungry right in the middle of the night. bezzaf de-l-merrat ma-ka-ižini ž-žuć gir f-ness l-lil.

to go hungry - bqa ibqa be-z-zuc. We didn't go hungry. ma-bqina-s be-z-zuc.

to hunt - siyyed. They're hunting rabbits. rahom ka-isiyydu le-qniya.

to go hunting — mša imši isiyyed. We're going hunting tomorrow. gad nemšiw nsiyydu gedda.

to hunt for - qelleb Ela. We were hunting for a new house. konna ka-nqellbu Ela dar Edida.

hunter - siyyad pl. -a.

hurry - 1. zerba pl. -t. There's no

hurry. ma-kayna zerba. 2. teqliqa pl. -t. What's the hurry? š-had t-teqliqa?

in a hurry - 1. mesrub. I'm in a big hurry. r-ana mesrub bessaf.

2. be-s-serba. He wrote the letter in a hurry and forgot to sign it. kteb le-bra be-s-serba u-nsa ma-weqqe\(\xi\)ha-\(\xi\).

to hurry zreb. You'll have to hurry to get a good seat. xessek dzreb bas teqbet blasa mezyana.

--Don't hurry! ma-dzreb-s! --Don't hurry me. ma-dzrebni-s.

**Hurry up! deġya deġya!

hurt - 1. hreq, wžeć, derr. My arm hurts (me). draći ka-yehreqni.
2. qesseh. Where are you hurt? fayn mqesseh? 3. derr. I didn't mean to hurt you. ma-kanet-š niyti nderrek. 4. qda iqdi éla, derr. This will hurt business. had š-ši gad iqdi éel t-tizara. 5. žreh I didn't want to hurt your feelings. ma-bgit-š nežreh-lek ćawatifek.

**Will it hurt if I'm late?

ma-kayen bas ila žit m£ettel?
husband - ražel pl. ržal. I'd like
you to meet my husband. smeh-li
ngeddem-lek ražli.

hush - skat. Hush! I can't hear a word. s-skat! ma-ka-nesme€-ši kelma.

to hush up - dfen. They quickly hushed up the scandal. degya defnu le-fdiha.

husky - 1. mžebbeh. His voice sounds husky. helqu tqul mžebbeh. 2. shiyyeh, qelda. He's such a husky fellow! walayenni shiyyeh m£a rasu!

hut - mumwala pl. -t, nwawel. hyena - $dbe \in pl$. $dbu \in a$.

I – ana. ice – telž.

to ice - fenned. Ice the cake as soon as it's cool. fenned l-helwa men heddha barda.

icebox - tellaža pl. -t. ice cream - basta.

icy - mtellež.

idea - fikra pl. -t, afkar. That's a good idea. hadi fikra mezyana.
--What gives you that idea? mnin žatek hadik l-fikra?

**That's the idea! hiya hadik!
--The idea! walayenni \(\mathcal{z} - \mathcal{z} \)ebha!
identification - teErif.
identification cond - were

identification card - werga de-t-teErif.

to identify - Eerref. The police identified him by his picture. l-bulis Eerrfuh be-s-sura dyalu.

idle - 1. ma-ši mešģul. These men have been idle for quite a while. hadi modda u-had r-ržal

ma-mešģulin-š. 2. xawi. That's just idle talk. dak š-ši ģit klam **Her fingers are never idle. The dima sba€ha ka-imelmlu. factory has lain idle for years. hadi snin u-l-meEmel haser l-xedma. if - 1. ila (for real conditions). If anyone asks for me, say l'll be right back. ila summel Eliya ši-wahed, qul-lu ana gad nerže daba. 2. kun (for contrary to fact conditions). If he had kept quiet, he would have gotten away. kun sket, kun flet. 3. was. See if there's any mail for me. Suf was kaven ši-barid lili. as if - bhal ila. He talks as if he had been there. huwa kaitkellem bhal ila kan temma. even if - waxxa. I'll go even if it rains. ana gad nemši waxxa ttih š-šta. ignorance - žehl. ignorant - žahel. ill - mrid pl. mrad. illness - merd. to imagine - I. tsuwwer. 1 can't imagine what you mean. ma-neqder-\$ ntşuwwer aš bģiti tqul. 2. xtareE, hlem. He's just imagining it. gir ka-ixtare∈ dak š-ši. 3. denn. imagine he'll come. ka-ndenn billa ġa−iži. imam - imam. ?imam pl. ?ayemma. to imitate - qelled. He can imitate my voice. huwa iqder iqelled suti. imitation - teglid. That's a poor imitation. hadak teglid d&if. immediately - fe-l-hin. immense - wase€, kbir. immoral - mxalef le-hya. impartial - (lli) ka-ye∈del be-l-heqq. impatient - qlil ş-şebr. impolite - qlıl l-9adab. import - težlib pl. -at. government encouraged the import of raw materials. l-hukuma seEdet težlib l-mawadd l-luwwla. to import - žleb. importance - ?ahemmiya. important - muhimm. impossible - (lli) ma-imken-š, muḥal. Why is it impossible? Elaš ma-ımken-š? to impress - 9 etter f-. impression - te?tir pl. -at. to improve - 1 hessen. I don't know how we can improve it. ma-neEref-& kif-a& imken-lna nhessnu had š-ši. 2. tterxef,

thessen. His condition has

school. Eli ka-itgeddem fe-l-medrasa. improvement - tehsin. **That's no improvement over what went before. had š-ši ma-hsen-š men dak š-ši lli fat. impudence - gellet le-hya, dsara. in - 1. f- (fi- before pronoun endings). There's no window in my room. ma-kayen šeržem f-biti. --He's in Casablanca now. huwa fe-d-dar l-bida daba. --I can finish it in a week. negder nkemmelha f-žem£a. --If I were in your place I would go. ila kont fe-blastek, ana nemši. --My family is in the country. Ea?ilti *f-le-Erubiya. --*We're three months behind in the rent. hna m⁹exxrin b-telt šhur f-le-kra. -- In my opinion... f-reyyi... -Are you in on it, too? was fiha hetta nta? --I'll see you in the morning. nšufek fe-s-sbah. 2. men daba. I'll be back in three days. ġad nerže€ men daba 3. b- (bi- before telt iyyam. pronoun endings). Say it in English. qulha be-n-negliza. --Write in ink. kteb b-le-mdad. **Come in! dxol! --He has it in for you. huwa halef fik. --He's in poor health. huwa sehhtu déifa. --I'm all in. ana mehluk. we're in for it! daba whelna! in behalf - Ela ?ažel, li ?azel. His friends intervened in his behalf. shabu twesstu Ela ?ažlu. in half - Ela žuž. Cut the cake in half. gsem l-helwa Ela žuž. incense - bxur pl. -at. incense burner - mbexra pl. -t, mbaxer. incident - ḥadita pl. -t; waqi€a pl. -t, wgayeE. incidentally - 1. bin u-bin. He just said it incidentally. huwa gir qalha bin u-bin. 2. fekkertini. Incidentally, I saw our friend Ali the other day. fekkertini and šeft sahebna Eli dak n-nhar. to include - kan ikun fih, žme£. dictionary doesn't include technical expressions. had l-qamus ma-fih-\$ l-Eibarat t-tegniya. **Include this is my bill. hadi fe-btagti. income - medxul. How much of an income does he have? Shal l-medxul lli ka-ižih?

improved. tterxef Elih l-hal.3. tqeddem. Ali is improving

Ali is improving in

to inconvenience - bessel $\mathcal{E}la$. don't want to inconvenience you. ana ma-bağı-š nbessel Elik. increase - zyada. to increase - 1. zad izid f-. You'll have to increase the price. xessek dzid fe-t-tamen. 2. qwa iqwi. The population increased greatly. s-sokkan qwaw bezzaf. indeed - 1. bla šekk. That's very good indeed! dak š-ši mezyan bezzaf bla šekk. 2. meElum. Yes, indeed' meElum! 3. Ead. He's very strong indeed. huwa qwi bezzaf Ead. independent – mustaqill. India - hend, blad l-hend. Indian - 1. hendi, hnud (reference to both America and India). 2. de-l-hend, hendi. Is that an Indian turban? waš hadik rezza de-l-hend? to indicate - biyyen. indifferent - bared. individual - 1. (n.) šexș. pl. šxas, šxusa. 2. (adj.) šexsi. indoors - l-daxel. You'd better stay indoors today. hsen-lek tebqa l-daxel l-yum. industry - sen&a pl. -t, snaye&. infantile paralysis - bu-kezzaz. has infantile paralysis. huwa fih bu-kezzaz. infantry – režliya. The wound is to infect - Eeffem. infected. l-žerha m£effna. inferior - suluki. infinite - bla hedd, (ll1) ma ithedd-š. to inflame - **My eye is inflammed. Eeyni tale Efiha d-demm. inflammation - tenfixa. to inform - Elem. I was not informed in time. ma-Eelmuni-š fe-l-weqt. information - xbar, meElumat (pl.). Where can I get some information about that? fayn imken-li nsib ši-xbar Ela dak š-ši? information desk - mekteb l-meElumat. infraction - mxalfa pl. -t. to inhahit - sken iskon f-. inhahitant - saken pl. sokkan. to inherit - wret. The initial initial - luwlani. salary is small. l-%ižara l-luwlaniya sgira. injection - tedxal pl. -at. to injure - žreh. ink - mdad. The inner door is inner - dexlani. locked. l-bab d-dexlani meqful. innocence - braya.

innocent - bari. **It was just an innocent remark. kanet gir mulahada bla Ear. innovation - bed€a pl. -t. to inquire - suwwel. Before we rented the house, we inquired about qbel-ma nekriw d-dar, suwwelna Eliha. insane - hmeq pl. humeq. insane asylum - merstan pl. -at. inscription - ketba pl. -t. insect - hašara pl. -t. inside - 1. dexlani. May I see the inside of the house? was imken-li nšuf d-dexlani de-d-dar? 2. l-daxel. He left it inside. xellaha l-daxel. 3. f-.five minutes the building was empty. f-xemsa de-d-dqayeq l-binaya xwat. to come, go inside - dxel. to have on inside out - lbes meglub. He has his coat on inside huwa labes kebbutu meqlub. to know inside out - 1. hfed. knows his business inside out. huwa hafed šoğlu. 2. Eref bhal l-ma. I know the book inside out. ana neEref le-ktab bhal l-ma. men l-fuq le-t-teht. I know that town inside out. and neEref had le-mdina men l-fuq le-t-teht. to turn inside out - qleb. body turned my sleeve inside out. ši-wahed gleb kommi **The police turned the place inside out, but they couldn't find anything. š-šerta gellbet l-mahell kollu u-ma-lgat walu. insignia - Ealama pl. -t. insonnia - smir, tyar n-nEas. inspector - muragib, mufettis. to install - rekkeb. instead of -1. f- εewd . He gave me lemons instead of oranges. Etani l-hamed f-Eewd l-limun. f- $\mathcal{E}ewd$ -ma. Why don't you do something instead of complaining all the time? Elaš ma-teEmel-š ši-haža f-Eewd-ma ttšekka dima? instruction - meEluma pl. -t. instrument - ^{9}ala pl. -t. insult - sebba pl. -t coll. sebb. to insult - Eayer, sebb. insurance - te⁹min. to insure - suger. intelligence - Eqel. intelligent - dki. to intend - qsed, nwa inwi. intense - šdid pl. šdad. intention - garad pl. grad, grayed. interest - (money earned) taluE.

to interest - Zleb. Can't you interest him in the matter? was ma-teqder-š dželbu l-had l-qadiya?

to be interested in - t šuwweq l-. I'm interested in sports. met šuunveq le-r-riyada.

**He's only interested in her money. huwa ma Eeynu gir f-le-flus dyalha.

interesting - mufid.

to interfere - 1. terred. He'll leave on Sunday if nothing interferes. ġa-imšī nhar l-hedd ila hetta haža ma-t∈errdet-lu. --You're interfering with my work. nta ka-ttEerred-li fe-xdemti. 2. dexxel rasu. Don't interfere in other people's affairs. ma-ddexxel-š rașek f-suq n-nas.

intermission - wegt r-raha. internal - daxılı.

international - duwali.

to interpret - teržem.

interpreter - teržman pl. -at.

into - 1. b-. Can you translate this into English? was teqder tteržem hadi be-n-negliza? 2. f-. Put my clothes into the box. dir le-hwayež dyali fe-s-senduq. He just went into the house. yallah dxel le-d-dar.

**We'll have to take that into account too. xeşşna nhesbu dak š-ši

hetta huwa.

intoxicated - sekran. to introduce - qeddem.

It's introduction - muqeddima pl. -t. mentioned in the introduction. š-šı medkur fe-l-muqeddıma.

invalid - batel. A will without a signature is invalid. wasiya bla xett l-yedd baţļa.

to invent - xtareE.

invention - xtira E pl. -at.

to investigate - bhet.

investigation - beht pl. bhut.

invitation - $\xi rada$ pl. -t.

to invite - Ered.

to involve - dexxel. He was involved in it too. hetta huwa kan mdexxel

**The trip involved a lot of expense. ţar ş-şafar ġali.

iodine - nar barda, yud.

Iran = l-iran.

Iraq - l- $\xi iraq$.

Iraqi - Erraqi pl. -yın. iris - beşlet d-dib (flower), khel de-l-Eeyn (eye).

iron - 1. hdid. You have to be made out of iron to stand all that. xessek tkun mesnuE men le-hdid baš tesber l-had š-ši kollu. --Strike while the iron is hot' dreb ma-hedd le-hdid sxun! 2. meşluh pl. mşaleh, blanša pl. -t (for pressing clothing).

to iron - hedded, dreb le-blanša l-. Did you iron my shirt? was heddedti gamıžti?

irritable - mqelleq.

to irritate - 1. qelleq. His remark ırritated me. l-mulaḥaḍa dyalu gellgetni. 2. hreg. This soap doesn't irritate the skin. had ş-şabun ma-ka-yehreq-š ž-želd.

Islam - ?islam. Islamic - ?islami.

island - žazira pl. -t (no assimilation of art.).

to isolate - Emel b-wahed-, Ezel. The sick children were isolated. d-drari le-mrad Eemluhom b-wahedhom.

issue – 1. Eadad, nešra pl. –t. I haven't read the last issue. ma-qrit-š n-nešra t-talya. 2. ģnan, muškila. I don't want to make an issue of it. ma-bgit-s nreddha gnan. You're trying to avoid the issue. nta thawel dženneb l-muškila.

Italian - 1. talyani. He's of Italian descent huwa aşlu talyani. talyaniya. He speaks Italian well. ka-itkellem t-talyaniya mezyan.

Italy - italya, blad t-talyan. to itch - kla yakol. My wound itches. ž-žerha ka-takolni. -- I itch all over. leḥmi kollu ka-yakolni.

**I'm itching to get started. mšuwweg baš nebda.

item - 1. sel ξa pl. -t. We don't have that item in our shop. ma-Eendna-* dık s-sel€a fe-l-hanut dyalna. 2. maqala pl. -t. Did you see the item in the paper? was griti l-maqala fe-l-žarida? 3. haža pl. -t, hwayež. How many items are

there on that bill? shal men haža kayna f-dik le-btaqa?

ivory - Eaž.

jack - krik pl. -at. I left the jack in the garage. xellit le-krik fe-l-garaž. to jack up - 1. hezz (b-le-krik). You'll have to jack up the car. xessek thezz t-tumubil (b-le-krik). 2. zad izid f-. They've jacked up the prices. zadu fe-t-tamanat. jackass - hmar pl. hmir. What a lackass! walavenni hmar hada! jacket - kebbut pl. kbabet. jagged - mšenger, mefrum. jail - hebs pl. hbas. to jail - sžen. jam - 1. mečžun. I prefer homemade jam. ana ka-nebģi hsen l-meEžun dyal d-dar. 2. wehla pl. whayel. I'm in an awful jam. ana f-wehla qbiha. January - yennayer. Japan - yaban. Japanese - yabani. jar - tenživa pl. -t, tnaži; gerča pl. -t, gra£i. to jar - zeezee. Don't jar the table when you sit down. ma-dzeEzeE-š l-mida melli tegles. jaundice - bu-seffir. jaw - henk pl. hnak, hnuk. jealous - meżyar. Are you jealous of him? waš nta meģyar mennu. jealousy - ģira. ierk - tehziza. The train stopped with a jerk. heer l-gitar b-tehziza. **What a jerk he is! walayenni Ela hmar huwa! to jerk - xtef. She jerked the book out of his hand. xetfet le-ktab men yeddu. **jest –** mlaģa, tfelya. to jest - tmelleg. Jew = ihudi pl. ihud. Jewish - ihudi. jiffy - dqiyqa. It'll only take me a jiffy. xessni gir dqiyqa. in a jiffy - 1. men daba šwiya. I'll be back in a jiffy. gad nži men daba swiya. 2. fisa£. He was ready in a jiffy. huwa kan fisa& wažed. **job - 1.** xedma pl. -t. I'm looking for a job. ana ka-nqelleb Ela

xedma. 2. šģol pl. šģal.

naulha-lu.

my job to tell him. ma-ši šogli baš

It isn't

to join - 1. dxel f-. When did he join the party? fug-as dxel fe-l-hizeb? --He wants to join our club. huwa bagi idxol fe-n-nadi dyalna. 2. xlet Ela. Would you like to join us? waš tebģi texlet Elina? 3. laga. How do you join these two parts? kif-aš tlagi had t-traf b-žuž? 4. tlaga. Where do these roads join? fayn ka-itlagaw had t-torgan? **Won't you join us at the table? waš bģiti tegles mEana? joint - 1. mefsel pl. mfasel. All my joints ache. ga& mfasli ka-iderruni. 2. mešruk. This is joint property. had l-melk mešruk. to come out of joint - ttfekk. My arm came out of joint. ttfekk-li draEi. joke - 1. mzah pl. -at. I've heard that joke before. smeEt b-had le-mzah men qbel. 2. mlaga. carried the joke too far. zedti f-le-mlaga bezzaf. --He can't take a joke. ma-ka-iqbel-š le-mlaga. 3. hila pl. -t. I played a joke on him. ana lEebt Elih hila. to joke - tmelleg. This time I'm not joking. had l-merra ana ma-ka-ntmelleģ-š. **You must be joking! wa-la-bedd ka-ddhek! **All joking aside! nxelliw le-mlaga fe-t-tisaE. jolly - ferhan; xfif r-ruh pl. xfaf r-ruh. **jolt** - hezza pl. -t. The car stopped with a jolt. s-siyara hesret b-hezza. Jordan - l-?orden. Jordan River - nehr l-9orden. Jordanian - Porduni adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel l-9orden. journalist - şahafi (pl.). -yin. journey - safar, sfer pl. sefrat. joy - ferha. joyful - bahež. judge - 1. qadi pl. qodya, qudat. When is the judge going to pass sentence on him? fuq-aš ġa-yeḥkem Elih l-gadi? 2. muhekkam. The judges awarded his picture the first prize. l-muhekkamin Etaweh l-ža°iza l-luwla Eel t-teswira dyalu. 3. hakem pl. hokkam.

judge says it's a net ball.

l-hakem qal bin l-kura qaşet š-šebka.

**It was an awful job to convince

her. tamara htažit baš ngennecha.

to judge – hkem Ela. Don't judge

to judge - hkem Ela. Don't judge him too harshly. ma-tehkem-š Elih b-le-qsuhiya.

judgment - reyy pl. ryay, ?ara. In
my judgment this is a bad predicament. f-reyy wehla qbiha hadi.

juice - ma. These oranges give very little juice. had l-limunat fihom gir šwiya de-l-ma.

juicy - mawi.

July - yulyu.

jump - tengiza pl. -t.

to get the jump on - sbeq. You don't want him to get the jump on you, do you? ma-bgitih-s isebqek wella la?

on the jump - meštun. She's constantly on the jump. hiya dima meštuna.

to jump - 1. neqqez. How high can you jump? Shal teqder tneqqez?

--We jumped from page seven to page twelve. neqqezna men l-werqa s-sab&a le-t-tan&a. 2. qfez. He jumped when he heard the noise. qfez melli sme& s-sda&.

**The train jumped the track.

l-mašina xeržet Eel t-triq.

June - yunyu.

junk - qëaqel (pl.). Get all this junk out of here for me. xerrež Eliya had le-qëaqel kollhom men hna. just - 1. f-mahellu. That's a just punishment. hadik Eaguba f-mahellha. 2. Ead. They've just arrived in Morocco. Ead žaw l-l-megrib. 3. fe-l-haqiqa. Just what do you mean? fe-l-haqiqa aš ka-te€ni? 4. øir. I'm just dead tired. ana gir mivvet b-le-Eva. --He's just a little boy. huwa gir weld sgir. 5. ma-mša ma-ža. He's just like his father. huwa bhalu bhal bbah ma-mša ma-ža. 6. tamamen. That's just what I wanted. hadi tamamen aš boit. 7. behra. You just made it. behra deztiha.

**That's just the way the world

is! d-denya hiya hadi.

justice - 1. Eedliya. His father is the Minister of Justice. bbah wzir l-Eedliya. 2. heqq. Don't expect justice from him. ma-ttsenna-s l-heqq mennu.

to do justice - Eta yeEti l-heqq. You're not doing him justice. nta ma-Eatih-* l-heqq.

**The picture doesn't do you

justice. t-teşwira ma-xerržettek-š mezyan.

to justify - heggeg. She tried to justify her actions. hawlet theggeg Eamalatha.

**I think you would be perfectly justified in doing that. ana ka-ndenn belli Eendek l-heqq tamamen baš teEmel dak š-ši.

K

keen - 1. fayeq, nadež, madi. He has a keen mind. Eeqlu fayeq. --This blade is rather keen. had l-mus madi bezzaf. 2. mšuuweq. I'm not so keen on that. ana ma-mšuwweq-š l-had š-š:.

to keep - 1. xella. May I keep this picture? was imken-li nxelli Eendi had t-teswira? --Do you want me to keep your dinner warm? was bgitini nxelli-lek Esatek sxuna? --I'm sorry to have kept you waiting. ana met?essef ila xellitek ttsenna.

2. qbet. Sebber. I won't keep you long. ma-gadi-s nqebtek-s bezsaf.

3. hda yehdi. Please keep this money for me. Eafak hdi-li had le-flus. 4. ktem. He kept the

secret. ktem s-serr. 5. qbet f-.
He kept his word. qbet fe-klemtu.
6. sber. This milk won't keep till
tomorrow. had le-hlib ma-isber-8
l-jedda. 7. \$edd. Does your watch
keep good time? was l-magana dyalek
ka-tsedd l-weqt mezyan? 8. beffed.
Keep your hands off that! beffed
yeddik men dak \$-\$i! 9. bqa ibqa.
Keep to the right! bqa fel l-imin.
--Can't you keep quiet? was
ma-teqder-s tebqa hani? --Keep
calm' bqa zagi! --Keep trying! bqa
thawel! --Keep out' bqa berra!

**Where have you been keeping yourself all this time? fayn konti xazen rasek had 8-8i kollu? --Keep off the grass children! be&&du men

r-rbie ad-drari! -- I told him no a thousand times and he keeps coming back. qolt-lu lla alef merra u-ma-zal ka-iži.

to keep books - žmeć hsabat.

to keep from - 1. mneć men. No
one can keep me from my sister's
house. hetta ši-wahed ma-iqder
imnečni men dar xti. 2. mneć baš.
Nobody can keep you from going

there. hetta ši-wahed ma-iqder imen£ek baš temši l-temma.

to keep bouse - qabel d-dar. keeps house for her uncle. hiya ka-tqabel dar Eemmha.

to keep in mind - Emel f-balu. Let's keep that in mind. daba nEemluha f-balna.

to keep one's temper - mlek nefsu.
to keep (on) talking - zad izid
fe-klamu. Just keep on talking
gir zid fe-klamak.

to keep out - hbes. The curtain keeps the light out. l-xamiya

ka-tehbes d-du.

to keep out of -1. tbeEEed men. It's his affair, you'd better keep out of it. had š-ši šoġlu, hsen-lek ttbeEEed mennu. 2. Keep him out of my way! beEEdu men triqi!

to keep something from - xzen \$i-haža & la. Are you keeping something from me? was nta xazen \$i-haža & liya?

Kenitra - le-quitra.

native of Kenitra - qnitri.
adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel le-qnitra.
kerosene - zit l-gaz.

kettle - mograž pl. mgarež.

**That's a pretty kettle of fish! walayenni xaluta hadi.

key = 1. sarut pl. swaret. (to a
lock). 2. herf pl. hruf (of a
typewriter).

**He was all keyed up. kan rafed

d-dehša.

kick - rekla pl. -t, redha pl -t.

The horse nearly gave me a kick.

kan l-Eewd gir šwiya u-yeEtini

rekla. --I felt like giving him
a good hard kick. kont bagi
neEtih redha mezyana.

**He gets a kick out of sports. ka-iršeq-lu Eel r-riyada.

to kick - rkel, rdeh.

to kick out - rma irmi berra.

kid - 1. ždi f. žedya pl. žedyan.

The goat has two kids. l-meEza
Eendha žuž de-ž-žedyan. 2. derri
pl. drari. The kids want to go to
a movie. d-drari bgaw imšiw
le-s-sinima.

kidney - kelwa pl. -t, klawi.

to kill - qtel.
kilogram - kilu pl. -wat.
kilometer - kilumiter pl. kilumitrat.
kind - l. škel pl. škal, nu£ pl.
nwa£. This building is the only one
of its kind. had le-bni ma-£endu-\$
xah f-had š-škel. --We have only
two kinds of coffee. £endna ģir
žuž d-le-nwa£ de-l-qehwa. 2. driyyef,
drif pl. draf. He's a very kind man.
ražel driyyef bezzaf hada!

**I didn't say anything of the kind. ana ma-qolt hetta kelma men

had š-ši.

kind of - Swiya. I felt kind of sorry for him. ana t⁹essft Swiya Elih.

all kinds of - Eel le-Skal. I have all kinds of cloth. Eend: t-tub Eel le-Skal.

**What kind of car do they have? *S-men nu£ s-siyara lli Eendham? --What kind of house do they have? *kif Eamla d-dar dyalhom?

kindness - ltafa.

king - malik pl. muluk. kingdom - memlaka pl. -t. kiss - busa pl. -t.

to kiss - bas ibus.

kitchen – keššina pl. –t, kuzina pl.

kitten – mšiša pl. –t, qtita pl. –t. to knead – $\xi \not\equiv n$.

knee - rokba pl. -t, rkabi. to kneel - rkeE.

knife - mus pl. mwas.

knight - faras pl. fras (chess piece).
knock - deqqa pl. -t coll. deqq. Did
you hear the knock on the door?
was sme\(\xi\)ti d-deqqa \(\xi\)el l-bab?

to knock - 1. deqq. Someone knocked at the door. \$i-wahed deqq \$\&ell l-bab_\tilde{}

to be knocked around - tmehhen. She's been knocked around a lot. tmehhnet bezzaf.

to knock down - tiyyeh. The car knocked me down. s-siyara tiyyhetni. to knock off - tiyyeh, tiyyer.

to knock out - tiyyeh kaw. He knocked him out in the tenth round. huwa tiyyhu kaw fe-d-dewr l-Easer.

to knock over - qleb. Who knocked the pail over? škun lli qleb s-stel?

(all) knocked out - mehluk. I was

all knocked out after about an hour

of work. kont mehluk men be $\mathcal{E}d$ $\S i-sa\mathcal{E}a$ de-l-xedma.

knot - 1. Eoqda pl. -t, Eqadi. Can you untie this knot? was tegder thell had l-Eoqda? 2. mil behri pl. myal behriya. The ship can make fifteen knots. l-babur ka-iqder yeEmel xemstas myal behriya fe-s-saEa. 3. meEsa pl. -t. The board is full of knots. l-luha Eamra be-l-meEsat.

to knot - Eqed, Eeqqed. Shall I knot the string? was neEqed l-qennba?

to **know** - Eref. Do you know Arabic? was ka-teEref l-Eerbiya? -- I don't know how he did it. ma-Ereft-s kif-as Emelha.

to know how to - Eref. I don't know how to drive a car. ma-ka-neEref-s nsug s-siyara

to let know - Elem. I'll let you know tomorrow. and nEelmek gedda. knowledge - meErifa pl. mEaref, Eilm. His knowledge of Arabic is weak. meEriftu fe-l-Eerbiya dEifa. Koran - qor?an.

koranic - qor?ani, men l-qor?an.

Ī

label - werga pl. wraq; btaqa pl. -t, btayeq. There's no label on this bottle. had l-geréa ma-Eliha-8 l-werga.

labor - 1. xedma. Labor alone will cost three hundred dollars. l-xedma b-wahedha ttih Elik b-telt myat dular. --All our labor has been in vain. l-xedma dyalna kollha ma-slahet hetta haža. 2. wlada. She was in labor nine hours. le-wlada talet testud de-s-swayet.

bard labor - l-?a $\dot{s}\dot{g}$ al \dot{s} - $\dot{s}aqqa$. He was sentenced to five years at hard labor. $hekmu \in lih$ b-xems snin de-l-?a $\dot{s}\dot{g}$ al \dot{s} - $\dot{s}aqqa$.

laborer - xeddam pl. -a.

labor movement - haraka de-l-Eommal.
labor union - niqaba pl. -t. He's a
member of our labor union. huwa
wahed men n-niqaba dyalna.

lace = šebka pl. -t, šbaki. I'd like
five meters of that lace. bgit
xemsa mitru d-had š-šebka.

shoe laces - xit s-sebbat.
to lace - Sedd. Wait till

to lace - šedd. Wait till I lace my shoes. tsennan: nšedd sebbat:. lack - qella. There's a lack of trained personnel. kayen qella

trained personnel. kayen qui de-l-xeddama le-mderrbin.

for lack of - men qella, b-qella. He couldn't afford it for lack of money. ma-qder-\$\infty\$ Eliha men qellt le-flus. --For lack of something better to do I went to the movies. b-qellt ha\infty a xra hsen ma ndir m\infty it le-s-sinima.

I lack, you lack, etc. - ixessni, ixessek, etc. I didn't lack anything there. ma-kanet ka-txessni hetta haža temma.

lad - weld pl. wlad.
ladder - sellum pl. slalem.
ladle - mogref pl. mgaref.
lady - l. mra cons. mrat pl. Eyalat.
Is that lady his mother? was had

Is that lady his mother? was had le-mra yemmah?

ladies room - $mida d-le-\xi yalat$. Where's the ladies room? fayn $l-mida d-le-\xi yalat$?

to lag hehind - t?exxer Ela. Stop lagging behind! baraka ma t?exxer Eel le-xrin.

lake - daya pl. -t; bhira pl. -t, bhayer.

lamb - xruf, xerf pl. xrufa, xerfan.

lame - 1. Erež pl. Eurež. He can't
run because he's lame. maimken-lu-š ižri Ela qibal huwa
Erež. 2. dEif pl. dEaf. That's
a lame excuse. hadi sebba dEifa.

lamp - lamba pl. -t.
lamp snade - mkebb pl. mkabb, mkubba
de-l-lamba; glaf pl. glafat

de-l-bula. I'll buy a new shade for this lamp. gad nešri mkebb

ždid l-had l-lamba.

land - ?erd (f.). We were glad to see land again. frehna mnin Eawed Sefna l-?erd. The land here is very fertile. l-?erd hna xesba bessaf.

to land - 1. nezzel (t-tiyara). He had to land his plane in a field. tlezzem inezzel t-tiyara dyalu f-wahed l-feddan. 2. nzel. The plane landed smoothly. t-tiyara nezlet be-hlawa.

**We nearly landed in jail. konna

Elayen gad ndexlu l-l-hebs.

landlady - mulat d-dar or mulat l-melk pl. mwalin d-dar or mwalin l-melk.
landlord - mul d-dar or mul l-melk pl.

111 mwalin d-dar or mwalin l-melk. language - luga pl. -t. lantern - fnar pl. -at. lap - 1. hžer pl. hžura. She held the baby in her lap. kanet hazza tterbiva Ela hžerha. 2. dura pl. -t. He was in the lead by five meters in the first lap. huwa kan sabeghom b-xemsa mitru fe-d-dura l-luwla. to lap up - sret. The kitten lapped up the milk. le-qtita sertet to lapse - daz weqt. If I don't pay this premium, my insurance policy will lapse. ila ma-xelleşt-\$ l-wažeb, daba iduz wegt le-msugra dvali. Larache - le-Erayeš. native of Larache - Eravši pl. Erayšiyin, hel le-Erayeš. large - kbir pl. kbar. at large - ma-meqbut-š. The thief is still at large. l-xuuwan ma-zal ma-meqbut-š. largely - le-ktir men. Our group is made up largely of volunteers. le-ktir men had n-nas de-ž-žma£a dyalna mettuwEin. large-scale - waseE. The city is considering a large-scale program. ixemmmu idiru f-le-mdine mešru£ d-le-bni wase€. lark - qube£ pl. qwabe£. last - 1. tali. This is the last car to leave. hadi t-tumubil t-talya lli gad temši. --He came last. huwa t-tali lli ža. 2. luwwel. (lli) fat. Last year I was in

Europe. ξ am luwwel kont f- 9 urubba. **That's the last straw! hadi l-musiba t-talya! last night - l-bareh fe-l-lil.

at last - fe-l-? axir. Here we are ha-hna fe-l-?axir! at last! next to the last - lli qbel t-tali. You'll find it on the next to the

last page. gad tşibha fe-l-werga

lli qbel l-werqa t-talya.

to last - 1. tal itul, dam idum. The war lasted six years. l-herb talet sett snin. 2. bga l-, ibga I don't think my money will last. ana ma-ka-ndenn-š le-flus dyali gad ibqaw-li kter men had š-ši. --This suit didn't last at all. l-keswa ma-bqat-li-š bezzaf. 3. qder imši. Do you think you can last more than a kilometer? ka-ddenn bin teqder temši kter men kilumitru? 4. bqa ibqa. I'm afraid he won't last much longer. ka-nxaf Elih ma-ibqa-š kter men had š-ši. latch - sagta pl. -t, žekrum pl.

zrarem. late - 1. Llah irehmu. Your late father was a friend of mine. llah irehmu kan sahbi. 2. mEettel. I'll be home late in the afternoon. gad nži m£ettel le-d-dar f-le-Ešiya. **lately - 1.** (f-) had l-iyam. I haven't been feeling so well lately. ana Eeyyan had l-iyam. 2. hadi modda qriba. Have you seen her lately. waš šeftiha hadi modda griba? later - men beEd. You'll see her later. gad tšufha men beEd. --One day later a letter came. žat le-bra nhar men beEd. latest - tali. What's the latest news? šnu huwa le-xbar t-tali? -That's the latest style. hadi hiya l-muda t-talya. lather - reģwa pl. -t, rģawī. to lather - Emel r-regwa. soap doesn't lather well ş-şabun ma-ka-yeEmel-š r-rejwa mezyan.

lattice - mamuni pl. -yat. laugh - dehka pl. -t, dhayk. What a dirty laugh! walayenni Ela dehka sefra!

to laugh - dhek. Everybody laughed at him. kollhom dehku Elih. laughter - dehk.

to launch - tleg. Another ship was launched on Monday. telqu babbur axor nhar t-tnin.

laundry - 1. mahell (pl. -at) s-sebbana. Where's the nearest laundry? huwa mahell s-sebbana llı qrib? 2. tesbin. My laundry just came back. Ead žabu-li t-tesbin.

law - 1. ganun pl. gwanen. Is this a new law? waš had l-qanun ždid? hugug (pl.). He's studying law. ka-igra l-hugug.

law school - medraset l-huquq pl. medrasat l-hugua.

martial law - hukuma herbiya. The city was placed under martial le-mdina daruha teht hukuma herbiya.

lawsuit - deEwa pl. -t, dEawi. lawyer - bugadu pl. -wat, -yat; muhami pl. -yin.

He's rather lax in his lax - merxi. work. huwa merxi fe-xdemtu ši-šwiya. **She's always been much too lax with her children. hiya mwellfa ma-ka-trebbi-* wladha bezzaf. laxative - sehla pl. -t.

to lay - 1. hett. Lay the book on the table. hett le-ktab Eel t-tabla. biyyed. Our hens are laying well. d-džaž dyalna ka-ibiyydu

bezzaf. 3. txater. I'll lay ten to one that he does it. ntxater mEak b-Eešra Ela wahed bin gad yeEmelha. **Don't lay the blame on me. ma-

tslegha-š fiya.

to lay aside - xebba fe-l-qent. He laid aside a pretty penny. xebba fe-l-qent bezzaf d-le-flus.

to lay claim to - tleb. A distant relative laid claim to the estate. wahed beid men l-Eagila tleb l-wert.

to lay down - 1. hett. Lay him down gently. hettu be-drafa. They were glad to lay 2. nezzel. down their arms. kanu ferhanin melli nezzlu s-snah dyalhom.

to lay for - txebbe & l-. They laid for him at the corner. txebb&u-lu f-gent z-zenga.

to lay it on thick - sker bla qyas. He certainly laid it on thick! Sker fih bla qyas. to lay off - dha idhi. We have

to lay off some people. lazem ndhiw ši-wehdin.

**Lay off me, will you!

to lay waste - hdem. The whole region was laid waste by the enemy. n-nahiya kollha hedmu Eliha le-Edu. layer - 1. qešra pl. -t. This cake has a thick layer of sugar on it. had l-helwa fiha qešra glida de-s-sokkar. 2. duza pl. -t. wall needs another layer of paint. had l-hit xessha duza xra de-s-sbasa. laziness - Egez.

lazy – Eegzan, meEgaz.

lead - 1. xfif, rsas. Is this made of lead? waš had š-ši msuwweb men le-xfif? 2. dur muhemm pl. durat Who's playing the lead? muhemma. škun Eendu d-dur l-muhemm?

to lead - 1. guwwed. The dog led the blind man across the street. l-kelb guuwed le-Ema baš iqteE t-triq. 2. tre ??es. The mayor led the parade. l-Eamel tre??es le-steErad.

**What do you think he was leading up to? š-ka-ddenn kan l-meqşud dyalu? -- That's just what I was leading up to. dak š-ši lli kont gad nqul.

to lead to - wessel l-, dda ddi l-. Where will all this lead to? fayn had š-ši gad iweşşelna? --That'll lead to nothing. had \$-\$i ma-iddi layn.

leader - ra?is pl. ru?asa. leaf - werga pl. -t, wrag. The leaf is still green. l-werga ma-zala

-- The leaves are beginning xedra. to turn. le-wraq bda lunhom kaitbeddel.

to turn over a new leaf - teewwet. He promised me to turn over a new leaf. rah wakedni baš itkewwet.

to leaf through - duwwer le-wraq. I'm only leafing through the book. ana gir ka-nduwwer le-wraq d-le-ktab.

to leak - 1. dxel fih l-ma. boat is leaking. le-fluka ka-idxol fiha l-ma. 2. sal isil. This pot leaks. had t-tenžra ka-tsil. --The faucet is leaking. l-bezbuz ka-isil.

to leak out - sal isil. All the water is leaking out. l-ma kollu

ka-isil.

**The story has leaked out.

le-xbar flet daba.

lean - 1. hzil. Do you want fat meat or lean? waš bģiti l-lhem smin wella hzil?

2. sayeb, gaşeh It was a lean year for farmers. kan Eam sayeb Eel l-fellaha.

to lean - 1. ttekka. There's nothing for me to lean on. ma-kayen hetta haža Elaš nttekka. 2. mal imil. He leans toward the Istiglal party. ka-imil Ela hizeb l-istiqlal. 3. tekka itekki. Don't lean your chair against the wall. ma-ttekki-\$ š-šilya dyalek €el l-hit.

**Don't lean out of the window.

ma-txerrež-š rașek men š-šeržem. leap - tengiza pl. -t. He cleared the ditch with one leap. neggez l-hefra b-tengiza wehda.

leapfrog - sebbsebbut (not used with article).

leap year - Eam kebsi.

to learn - 1. tEellem. He hasn't learned a thing. ma-t Eellem-s hetta haža. --He learns quickly. kaitEellem be-z-zerba. 2. Eref. He learned the truth too late. Eref l-haqıqa mEettel bezzaf.

to learn by heart - hfed be-ž-žri u-l-ma. She learned the poem by heart. hefdet l-qaşida be-ž-žri u-l-ma.

leash - sensla pl. -t, snasel. All dogs must be kept on the leash. le-blab lazem ibgaw kollhom merbutin be-::-sens la.

least - Pexxer. That's the least of my worries. hada huwa ?exxer hmumi. least of all - l-haža t-talya. Least of all I'd have expected it from you. hadi l-haža t-talya lli kont ka-ntsenna mennek.

**She deserves it least of all.

ka-testahlu qell men le-xrin.

at least - be-l-qella. These shoes cost at least fifty dirhams. had s-sebbat ka-iswa be-l-qella xemsin derhem. --At least you might have written to me. be-l-qella kan imken-lek tekteb-li.

the least - l-haža t-talya.
That's the least you could do for him. hadi l-haža t-talya lli imken-lek t&awnu fiha.

leather - želd pl. žlud.

leave = &otla pl. -t. He's taken a
 three months' leave. xda telt šhur
 de-l-&otla.

to leave - 1. mša imsi. I have to leave now. xessni nemši f-hali daba. --The train leaves at two

l-mašina gad temsi fe-ž-žuž thirty. u-ness. 2. safer. My father left vesterday for Europe. bba safer l-bareh l-qurubba. 3. smeh f-. I'm leaving my job. gadi nesmeh fe-xdemti. 4. xella. He left a letter for you. xella-lek bra. --Where did you leave your suitcase? fayn xelliti š-šanta dyalek? --He left the door open. xella l-bab mehlula. 5. xrež men. I saw him leave the house. šeftu ixrož men d-dar. --He left the country secretly. xrež men le-blad be-t-texbi€a. --Where does that leave me? šnu bga-li ma neEmel daba?

to he left - bqa. Are there any tickets left for tonight? was bqaw \$i-btaqat l-had l-lila? —My brother got all the money, and I was left out in the cold. xay xda le-flus kollhom w-ana bqit bla hetta haža.

to leave alone - 1. beffed men.
You'd better leave that alone! hsenlek tbeffed men dak š-ši. 2. xella
fla. Leave me alone! xellini flik!

to leave in the lurch - xella wahel. He left us in the lurch. xellana wahlin.

Lehanese - lebnani pl. -yin.

Lehanon - lobnan.

lecture - muhadara pl. -t. It was an interesting lecture. kanet muhadara mesyana.

to give a lecture - Emel muhadara. He's giving a lecture on international trade. ka-yeEmel muhadara Eel t-tizara bin d-dulat.

**He always give us a lecture when we come in late. fuq-emma zina meettlin ka-ieessina.

left - 1. iser. Take the other bag in

your left hand. qbet l-xenša le-xra b-yeddek l-ișer. 2. yeșri, ișri. Stand on the left side of the horse. wqef fe-z-ziha l-ișriya de-l-Eewd.

on the left - Eel l-iser. You sit on the right, I'll sit on the left. nta gles Eel l-imin w-ana gadi negles Eel l-iser. --I sat on the speaker's left. glest Eel l-iser d-le-xtib.

(to the) left - Eel S-Smal. Turn left at the next corner. dur Eel S-Smal fe-l-qent Z-Zay.

left-banded - yeşri, işri, Eeşri. leftist - yasari.

leg - ržel pl. režlin (pl. režlibefore possessive endings).

to be on one's last legs tfedda-lu, tsala-lu. They say he's on his last legs. qalu bin tsala-lu.

to pull someone's leg - tmelleg Ela. Stop pulling my leg. baraka u-ma-ttmelleg Eliva.

legal - Ela hasab §-§reE or l-huquq.
That's perfectly legal. had §-§i
fe-l-gaya Ela hasab §-§reE.

legal adviser - mustašar šerči. He's her legal adviser. huwa l-mustašar š-šerči dyalha.

leggings - tmag pl. -at.
legible - (lli) ka-itteqra, kaitferrez. His handwriting is hardly
legible. l-xett dyalu ma-kaitteqra-š mezyan.

lemon - hamda pl. -t coll. hamed. lemonade - munada.

to lend - sellef l-. Can you lend me fifty dirhams? inken-lek tsellef-li xemsin derhem?

to lend a hand - Eta yeEti yedd llah. Lend me a hand, will you? Etini yedd llah, Eafak.

length -tul.

at length - be-t-tefsil. He discussed the plan at length. bhet Eel le-blan be-t-tefsil.

full length - b-tula. He stretched full length on the bed. džebbed b-tultu kollha Eel le-fraš.

to lengthen - tuwwel.

čendha žaža mezyana.

lengthwise - men t-tul. Cut the material lengthwise. $qte \in t$ -tub men t-tul.

lenient - driyyef. You're too lenient with him. nta driyyef m≤ah bezzaf. lens - žaža pl. -t. Your camera has a good lens. s-swwwara dyalek

lentil - Eedsa pl. -t coll. Eeds.
less - qell. I have less money with

me than I thought. Eendi le-flus gell men dak š-ši lli dennit.

more or less - be-t-teqdir. He's more or less right. huwa be-t-teqdir Eendu l-heqq.

lesson - ders pl. durus.

to give lessons - qerra, Eta yeEti durus. She gives Arabic lessons. ka-tqerri l-Eerbiya. to let - xella. He wouldn't let me do it. ma-xellani-š neEmelha. --I won't let you go so soon. ma-bģit-š nxellik temši bekri daba.

let's - yallah. Let's go home. yallah nemšiw le-d-dar.

to let alone - rella b-wehdu.

Can't you let me alone for five minutes? ma-imken-lek-š txellini
b-wehdi ši-xemsa de-d-dqayeq?

to let down - 1. hebbet. Please let down the blinds. Eafak hebbet le-glaqat. 2. xab ixib dennu f-. His son let him down badly. xab dennu f-weldu bezzaf. 3. tkasetl. He's beginning to let down in his work. bda itkasel fe-xdemtu.

to let go - smeh f-, tleq men.

First I wanted to do it, but then I

let it go. l-merra l-luwla bğit
neEmelha walayennı smeht fiha.

to let go (of) - tleq men. Don't let go of the rope. ma-ttleq-\$ men le-hbel.

to let have - Eta yeEti. Please let me have the menu. Etini Eafak l-werga de-l-makla. --Can you let me have fifty dirhams? waš imken-lek teEtini xemsin derhem?

**I really let him have it!

berredtha fih!

to let in - xella idxol. Don't let anybody in. ma-txelli hetta wahed idxol.

to let in on - fdeh l-. Did you let him in on the secret, too? was fdehti-lu s-serr hetta huwa?

to let off - xella ihuf. Please let me off at the next stop. xellini nhuf f-le-mhetta ž-žayya.

**I'll let you off easy this time.
gadi nxeffef-lek le-Equba had n-nuba.

to let out - I. fteq. I told the tailor to let out the seams of the pants. qolt l-l-xeyyat ifteq-li s-serwal. 2. xella ihuf. Let the water out of the basin. xelli l-ma ihuf men s-sariž. 3. xella ixrož. Let the dog out of the box' xelli l-kelb ixrož men s-senduq.

to let stand - xella iduz. I can't let that objection stand.
ma-nxelli-* had le-m£erda dduz.

to let up - thedden. The storm has let up. thedden $r-r \in ad$.

letter - 1. bra pl. -wat. Are there
any letters for me? was kaynin sibrawat liya? 2. herf pl. hruf. The
word has five letters. l-kelma fiha
xemsa d-le-hruf.

letter carrier = ferraq le-brawat pl.
ferraqin le-brawat, ferraqa
d-le-brawat.

letter of introduction - bra

de-t-tedxal pl. brawat de-t-tedxal.

Ievel - I. mwati. Is the country
level or hilly? was l-?erd mwatya
wella mkodya? 2. m£awet. This
floor is not level. had l-?erd
ma-\$i m£awta.

**He always keeps a level head.
huwa dima mrezzen. --He did his
level best. dar l-mežhud dyalu.
--The water this year is at a very
low level. l-ma had l-Eam mehdur
bezzaf.

liable = mes?ul. You will be liable
for any damages. ġad tkun mes?ul
f-koll xṣara.

**You're liable to catch cold if you're not careful. imken-lek iderbek l-berd ila ma-hditi-š rașek. liar - keddab pl. -a.

liberty - horriya.

**You're at liberty to go at any time. Eendek l-heqq baš temši fuq-emma bģiti.

library - mektaba pl. -t.

Libya - libya. Libyan - libi pl. -yin.

license - tesrih pl. tsareh.

license plate - blaka de-t-tumubil pl. blayek de-t-tumubil.

to lick - 1. lhes. Just look at the cat licking her kitten. Suf l-qetta ka-telhes wliyyedha. 2. Eessa.
I'm going to lick you if you don't

stop. daba nčessik ila ma-saliti-š.

**All right, I'm licked. waxxa,
ana meģlub!

lid - gta pl. -wat.

lie - kedba pl. -t, kdub.

to lie - kdeb.

to lie - l. kan mehtut. The book is lying on the table. le-ktab mehtut Eel-t-tabla. 2. kan mmegget. He's lying on the bed. huwa mmegget Eel le-fraš. 3. ža (no present form). Most of the town lies on the right bank of the river. tterf le-kbir d-le-maina ža Eel ššett l-limin de-l-wad.

to lie down - 1. ttmedd. I want to lie down for a few minutes. bġit nttmedd ši-dqiqat. 2. kan merxi.

He's lying down on the job. huwa merxi fe-xdemtu. to lie idle - hser l-haraka. factory has been lying idle for a year. hadi Eam baš l-meEmel hser l-haraka. lieutenant - fesyan pl. -a. life - 1. hayat. I've lived all my life in Morocco. duwwezt hayati kullha fe-l-megrib. **He was the life of the party. huwa lli Emel ršag fe-l-hefla. -I can't for the life of me remember where I put it. wellah ma-Eqelt-\$ fayn Emeltha. -There he stood as big as life. ya Eažuba ha-huwa-da. life belt - Eewwama pl. -t. lifetime - hayat. A thing like that happens only once in a lifetime. haža bhal hadi ma-ka-tuqe€ gir nuba wehda fe-l-hayat. to lift - hezz. ligament - rbat pl. -at. light - 1. duw pl. dwaw (with art. le-dwaw). The light is too glaring. d-duw qwi bezzaf. 2. meftuh. She has a light complexion. lunha meftuh. -- She prefers light colors. ka-tebji l-lwan meftuhin. 3. xfif pl. xfaf. Why don't you take a light coat? Elaš ma taxod-š kebbut xfif? -- This weight is very light. had l-worn xfif bezzaf. **That throws quite a different light on the matter. had š-ši žab-lna muškila ždida or had š-ši ka-ibeddel l-muškila. --Do you have a light? waš Eendek baš nešEel? -- lt's staying light much longer n-nhar twil bezzaf had nowadays. l-i yam. to light - ščel. Wait till I light the fire. tsenna hetta neščel l- $\xi a f y a$. --Light a match. wqida. -- l want to light my pipe bģit nešEel s-sebsi beEda. first. -Is your cigarette still lit? was l-garru dyalek baqi mešEul? to light up - šeel be-l-ferha. The children's eyes lit up. l-Eeynin d-le-wlad še∈lu be-l-ferha. light bulb - bula pl. -t. lighthouse - dar d-duw pl. dyur d-duw lightning - breq. likable - drif pl. draf, ltif pl. ltaf.

like - bhal. You're just like my

weldu.

sister. nti Elayen bhal xti. --Like

father, like son. bhal l-bu bhal

**It looks like rain. tqul bin

š-šta gad ttih. -I don't feel like

dancing. ma-fiya ma nešteh. --I feel like seeing a movie. bģit nemši le-s-sinima. --They're as like as two peas in a pod. *beh-lu gayem u-navem. the like of it - bhalu. Did you ever see the like of it? was Eemmrek šefti bhalu? what ... like - kif, kif-aš, kif-as-en. What's the weather like today? kif huwa t-teqs l-yum? --What's he like? kif-as-en huwa? to like - 1. bga ibgi. I don't like cats. ma-ka-nebģi-š le-qtut. --He never liked to do it. Eemmru ma-bja yeEmelha. 2. Eežbu. He's never liked this car. ma-Eemmru ma-Eežbettu had t-tumubil. --I lik€ this kind of cake. ka-ye&žebni had š-škel de-l-helwa. --If you don't like it, you can leave! ila ma-Eežbek-š imken-lek temši! how do you like ... - kif žatek. How do you like this town? kif žatek had le-mdina? to like to dance (smoke, eat, etc.) - bga išteh (ikmi, yakol, etc.) Do you like to dance? waš ka-tebģi tešteh? I would like, you would like, etc. - ibgi (imperfect tense only). Would you like another cup of coffee? waš tebėi ši-kas axur de-l-qehwa? lily - susan (no pl.). limb - 1. traf (no sg.) I couldn't move my limbs. ma-mken-li-\$ nherrek trafi. 2. gsen pl. gsan. One of the limbs of this tree is broken. wahed le-gsen dyal had š-šežra mherres. lime - žir. The soil doesn't contain enough lime. ma-kafi-š ž-žir fe-l-9erd.limit - hedd pl. hudud, hdud. There's a limit to everything. koll-ši fih l-hedd. **l've reached the limit of my patience. ma-bqa-li sber. -- That's the limit! hadi hiya kter s-sber! speed limit - hedd s-sorEa. They've limto limit - hedded. ited our time. hedddu-lna l-wegt dyalna. limp - merxi. to limp - Erež. linden (tree) - zefzufa pl. -t, coll. zefzuf. line - 1. šerta pl. -t, šrati.

a line between these two points.

Šerret šerta bin had ž-žuž de-n-nugat.

2. Last week they inaugurated a new

airline between Rabat and New York. fe-l-°usbu∈ lli daz deššnu xett žuwwi ždid ma bin r-rbat u New York. -There are many telephone lines between Rabat and Casablanca. kaynin bezzaf d-le-xtut dyal t-tilifun bin r-rbat u-d-dar' l-bida. 3. herfa pl. -t, hrayef. What line is he in? šnu hiya hreftu? -- That's not in my line. hadi ma-ši hrefti. 4. tekmiša pl. -t, tkameš. There were deep lines in his face. Eendu tekmišat kbar f-wežhu. 5. seff pl. sfuf. There's a long line of cars ahead of us. kayen seff kbir de-t-tumubilat qeddamna. 6. hbel pl. hbal. The wash is still hanging on the line. s-sabun ma-zal mEelleq f-le-pbel. 7. ster pl. stura. I still have a few lines to write. bqaw-li ši-stura ma nekteb. **It's along the line of what we

**It's along the line of what we discussed. had š-ši ka-itwalem mea l-mudakara dyalna. --Drop me a line. sifet-li ši-klima or kteb-li klima.

to form a line - tseffef, qbet s-serbis. Form a line in front of the window. tsefffu qeddam š-šubbak. --Form a line double file. tsefffu žuž b-žuž.

to have a smooth line - Eref išer mezyan. Boy, does he have a smooth line! ka-yeEref išker mezyan

to stand in line - dar s-serbis, tseffef. I had to stand in line for cigarettes. xessni ndir s-serbis baš nešri l-garru.

to line - 1. betten. Please line this coat with nylon. betten-li Eafak had l-kebbut be-n-nilun.

2. tsettef f-. People lined the streets to watch the parade. n-nas tsettfu fe-t-triq bas isufu t-tesrat.

to line up - tseffef. Tell the boys to line up in front of the house. qul le-d-drari itsefffu qeddam d-dar.

linen - kettan.

lining - tebțin pl. tbațen. My coat needs a new lining. l-kebbuţ dyali xeşşu tebţin ĕdid.

link - xorsa pl. -t, xres, xras, xrasi. One link of the chain is broken. xorsa de-s-sensla mherrsa.

lion - $sbe \in pl$. $sbu \in a$. lip - šareb pl. šwareb.

liquid - 1. lli mawi. He's only allowed liquids. ma-imken-lu-š íšreb gir lli mawi. 2. mawi. Do you have liquid soap? was Eendek sabun mawi? liquor - xemr. The sale of liquor is

prohibited here. hna memnu£ bi£ l-xemr.

to lisp - lesles.

list - qayma pl. -t. His name is not
 on the list. smiytu ma-kayna-š
 fe-l-qayma.

to list - 1. dker. Are you going to list these names? was gad ddker had s-smiyat? 2. mal imil. The ship is listing badly. l-baxira ka-tmil bezzaf.

to listen - 1. tsennet. They listened intently. kanu ka-itsenntu b-balhom bezzaf. 2. smec. Listen!

Somebody's coming. smec! ši-wahed maži.

to listen for - tsenna u-smec. Listen for the sound of the bell. tsenna u-smec hess n-naqus.

to listen in - tsennet. Somebody must be listening in. \$i-waped tEayli ka-itsennet.

to listen to -1. sme£. I like to listen to good music. ka-nebģi nesme£ musiqa mesyana. 2. tṣenneṭ. They were sitting listening to the teacher. kanu galsin ka-itṣennṭu le-fqi. 3. ttesme£ l-. The child doesn't listen to me. d-derri ma-ka-ittesme£-li-š.

liter - litru (no pl.).

literal - kelma b-kelma. This is a literal translation. hadi teržama kelma b-kelma.

literally - 1. kelma b-kelma. Translate this literally. teršem had š-ši kelma b-kelma. 2. tamamen. She's literally penniless. ma-Eendha tamamen hetta gerš.

little - 1. şģir pl. şġar. She has a little girl. Eendha bent şġira. --That's of little value to me. had l-haža Eendha qima şġira liya. 2. ġir šwiya d-. I have little money. Eendi ġir šwiya d-le-flus.

little by little - Świya be-świya. Little by little he calmed down. thedden świya be-świya.

a little - šwiya (d-). I can speak a little French. ka-ntkellem šwiya de-l-franşawiya. --Do you have any money? Only a little! waš Eendek d-le-flus? ġir šwiya!

in a little while - men daba šwiya. I'll come back in a little while. gad neržeć men daba šwiya.

little finger - sbee sgir pl. sbufa sgar.

to live - 1. & a \(i \) i i is. He lives like a pig. ka-i \(i \) i bhal l-xenzir.

-Before the war I lived in France. qbel men l-girra & e \(\) t f-fransa.

2. sken. Does anyone live in this house? was si-wahed saken f-had d-dar? 3. stab hayatu. He always worked hard and never really lived. dima kan ka-ixdem bezzaf u-Eemmru ma-stab havatu.

**He didn't live up to my expecta-

tions. xab denni fih.

to live a life - duwews hayat. lived a happy life. duwwez hayat mezyana.

to live on - $\xi a \times i \xi i \times b$ -. The people on this island live on nothing but fish. s-sokkan dyal had l-žazira ma-ka-iEisu gir b-9ekl l-hut. couldn't live on so little. ma-mken-li-š n∈iš ģir b-had š-šî.

live - 1. heyy. There's a live snake in that box. kayen wahed l-henš heyy f-dak s-senduq. 2. fih l-kehraba. Careful, that's a live wire. hdi rasek had s-selk fih l-kehraba.

live coals - žemra pl. -t. There are still live coals in the stove. kavnin ma-zal ž-žemrat fe-l-kanun. lively - našet.

liver - kebda pl. -t.

livestock - ksiba.

Living is living - 1. $m \in i \, \text{sa} \, \text{pl.} \, -t$. le-m£iša awfully expensive here. galya bezzaf hna. --He'll have to earn his own living. gadi ixessu isuwwer mEištu b-wehdv. 2. heyy. Arabic is a living language. l-Eerbiya luga heyya.

**He's the living image of his father. huwa ka-itšebbeh le-bbah tamamen or huwa teswirt bbah

tamamen.

to make a living - rbeh hayatu. He makes a living by selling shoes. huwa ka-irbeh hayatu b-bi€ \$-\$babet. load - hmel pl. hmal. The load is too heavy for him. le-hmel tqil Elih bezzaf.

**That's a load off my mind.

raha.

loads of - bezzaf d-. He has loads of money. Eendu bezzaf d-le-flus.

to load - 1. Emel. Load the boxes on the truck. Emel s-snadeq fe-l-kamiyu. 2. Eemmer. He loaded the truck in half an hour. Eemmer l-kamiyu f-ness sa $\in a$. --Load the pistol for me. Eemmer-li l-ferdi. __Do you know how to load a camera? was ka-teEref tEemmer suwwara? 3. Eta yeEti. The boss loaded me with too much work. l-mEellem Etani bezzaf de-š-šģal ma neEmel. loaded down - mteggel. She was loaded down with packages. kanet mteggla be-l-bwaket.

loaf of bread - xobza pl. -t.

loan - teslaf pl. tsalef. I'd like to get a loan. bģit teslaf.

to loan - sellef. He loaned me an interesting book. sellef-li ktab mezyan.

to loathe - kreh.

lobby - setwan pl. stawen.

lobster - bu-maess (no pl.).

to locate - sab isib, žber. I couldn't locate him. ma-mken-li-š nsibu.

to be located - ža (no present form). Where is your new store located? fayn ža l-hanut ž-ždid dvalek?

locality - nahiya or nawahi (pl.). There's too much poor housing in this locality, kaynin bezzaf de-s-soknat qbah f-had n-nawahi. lock - qfel pl. qfula, qful, qfal. The lock needs oiling. le-afel

xessu z-zit.

to keep under lock and key - šedd. He keeps everything under lock and key. ka-išedd Ela koll-ši.

to lock - 1. šedd. Don't forget to lock the door when you leave. ma-tensa-š tšedd l-bab ila xrežti. -- I locked it in the drawer. **seddit Elih f-le-mžerr. 2. tlesseq. bumpers of the two cars locked together. l-hessarat de-t-tumubilat tlessqu b-žuž.

to lock up - l. sežžen. imprison). 2. šedd Ela. Lock up this pistol. šedd Ela had l-ferdi. locksmith - mul (pl. mwalin) s-swaret. locomotive - mašina pl. -t.

locust - žrada pl. -t, coll. žrad. log - 1. gayza pl. -t, gwayez. logs floated down the river. le-gwayez mšaw m£a l-wad. 2. xešba. He sat there like a (bump on a) log. gles bḥal l-xešba. --I slept like a

log. nEest bhal l-xesba. logical - mwafeq $l-le-\xi qel$.

lonely - 1. wehdani. The lighthouse keeper lives a lonely life. mul le-fnar Eaves hayat wehdaniya. 2. xali. This place is quite lonely in winter. had l-mahell xali bezzaf

fe-l-berd.lonesome - (lli) ka-ihess b-rasu b-wehdu. She's very lonesome here.

ka-thess b-rasha b-wahedha hna. to be lonesome for - twehhes. I'm very lonesome for you. twehheštek bezzaf.

long - 1. twil pl. twal. My, that's a long snake! wallahi hada henš

twil! 2. kbir pl. kbar. We had to make a long detour. tlezzemna ndiru dura kbira. 3. béid pl. béad. It's a long way to the top of the mountain. t-triq béida le-r-ras de-ž-žbel.

**So long! !lah ihennik! on

be-s-slama!

**The room is ten meters long. l-bit fih &ešra mitru de-t-tul.

all night long, all day long, etc. - l-lila kollha, n-nahar kollu, etc. The child cried all night long. bka d-derri l-lila kollha.

long after - meettel bessaf men beed. He got there long after we did. weel meettel bessaf men beedna.

a long time - 1. modda kbira. The trip took a long time. tal s-safar modda kbira. 2. bezzaf. He stayed in our house a long time. bqa \(\xi \) endna bezzaf.

(a) long (time) ago - hadi modda kbira baš, šhal hadi baš. That happened a long time ago. šhal hadi baš wqe£ had š-ši.

as long as - 1. šhal-ma. You can keep it as long as you wish. imken-lek txellih &endek šhal-ma bģiti. 2. ma-hedd. It doesn't bother me as long as you do your work. ma-fiha bas men heddek dert: l-xedma dyalek. 3. melli. As long as you're here, you might as well have dinner with us. melli nta hna xeşşek tt&ešša m&ana.

in the long run - mEa l-iyam. It'll be best in the long run. had š-ši gad ikun hsen mEa l-iyam.

to long for - twehhes. He's longing for his family. twehhes $l-\xi a^{\gamma}ila$ dyalu. -He's longing for home. twehhes daru.

to long to - bta Elih weqt-as. I'm longing to see my parents. bta Eliya weqt-as nsuf waldiya.

longer - kter men had š-ši. He wanted
to stay longer, but I was sleepy.
kan bġa ibqa kter men had š-ši
walayenni kan žani n-n£as.

no longer, not any longer ma-bqa-s. I can't stand him any
longer. ma-bqa-s imken-li nhemlu.
look - sifa pl. -t, syef. He has the
look of a thief. siftu sift
l-xuwwan.

take a look (at) - šaf išuf. Take a good look! šuf mezyan!

looks - sifa pl. -t, syef. To judge by his looks, he's a prize fighter. b-siftu daher Elih huwa mlakem. --I don't like his looks.

ma-ka-te€žebni-š siftu.

to look - 1. šaf išuf. Look, a falling star! šuf &-šihab! 2. daher Elih. You look sick. daher Elik mrid.

to look after - hda yehdi. Do you have someone to look after the child? was Eendek Si-wahed lli yehdi d-derri?

to look alike - tšabhu. We look a lot alike. ka-ntšabhu bezzaf.

to look at - šaf išuf. I enjoy looking at pictures. ka-iršeq-li nšuf t-tsawer.

to look down - hger. You mustn't look down on people just because they're poor. ma-xessek-s tehger n-nas Ela qibal huma msaken.

to look down one's nose at tqunes Ela. She looks down her nose
at everyone. ka-ttqunes Ela koll
wahed.

to look for - qelleb Ela. We're looking for rooms. ka-nqellbu Ela ši-byut. --He's always looking for trouble. ka-iqelleb dima Eel ş-şdaE.

to look into - bhet Ela. We'll have to look into the matter. xessna nebhet Eel l-qadiya.

to look alike - šbeh l-. She looks like a boy. ka-tešbeh l-l-weld.

**It looks like rain. tqul bin gad ttih š-šta.

to look out - 1. hda yehdi rasu. Look out! hdi rasek!

to look out on - 2. Eta yeEți Ela The big window looks out on the garden. Š-Šežra le-kbira ka-teEți Eel l-Eersa.

to look over - telle Eeynu mEa. Will you look over these papers? imken-lek ttelle Eeynek mEa had le-wraq?

to look up - 1. hess Eeynih. He didn't even look up when I called him ma-rda-š ihess Eeynih melli Eeyyett-lu. 2. htarem. She looks up to him. ka-tehtarmu. 3. sar isur. Look me up some time, won't you? ma-tensa-š dsurni ši-merra. 4. qelleb Ela. I have to look up something. xessni nqelleb Ela ši-haža. 5. ttesleh. Things are beginning to look up. l-hala bdat ttesleh.

lookout - Eessas pl. -a. A lookout was placed on every hill. hettu Eessas yehdi f-koll kodya.

loose = I. merxi. The button is loose.
s-sdafa merxiya. 2. ma-mrekkeb-\$
mezyan. The nail is loose.

l-meşmar ma-mrekkeb-š mezyan.

3. meţluq. Is the dog allowed to run around loose? waš l-kelb imken-lu itsara meţluq?

4. twil pl. twal. She has a loose tongue. isanha twil.

**You must have a screw loose'
nta mselse€ swiya! —They cut loose
the minute the teacher stepped out
of the room. gir le-fqi xrež men
l-bit u-huma ibdaw idiru l-haraž.

to loosen - 1. hell. Can you loosen this screw? was imken-lek thell had l-luleb? 2. rxa irxi swiya. I want to loosen my shoelaces. bġit nerxi swiya s-sebbat dyali.

lopsided - ma-mcewwet-s, mcewwež. The picture's hanging lopsided. teswira

ma-m£ewwta-š.

to lose - 1. tellef. I lost my pencil again. telleft qlami ∈awed tani.
2. tah itih l-. I'm losing my hair. ka-itih-li še∈ri. 3. mša imši l-. He lost his entire fortune during the war. mšat-lu malu kollu fe-l-herb.

**My watch loses three minutes a day. maganti mtettla be-tlata de-d-dqayeq koll nhar. --I lost sight of him after following him for two hours. bqit ka-ntebtu sattayn u-tlef tliya.

to lose one's strength - daeet ddie sehhtu. I've lost all my strength. daeet-li sehhti.

to lose one's temper - tyelleq, tar itir l-. He loses his temper easily. ka-itgelleg be-z-zerba.

to lose one's way - tlef. Don't lose your way! ma-ttlef-8!

to be lost - twedder. My shirt was lost in the laundry. tweddret gamižti Eend s-sebbana.

**My things were lost in the fire. ttherqu hwayži fe-l-Eafya. --Since his wife's death he's completely lost. melli matet mratu huwa mtellef.

loss - xṣara pl. -t, xṣayer.
lot - 1. qeṭ €a pl. qṭa Ɛi. How big is your lot? qedd-aš l-qeṭ Ɛa dyalek?
2. mektub. I don't envy his lot. ma-ka-neḥsed l-mektub dyalu.

**I'll send you the books in three separate lots. gad nsifet-lek le-ktuba be-tlata de-l-merrat mefrugin.

lots of - bezzaf d-. She has lots of money. Eendha bezzaf d-le-flus.

a lot - bezzaf. We like him a lot. ka-nhebbuh bezzaf. --She's a lot better than people think. hiya hsen bezzaf men dak š-ši lli kaixemmmu fiha n-nas.

s lot of - bessaf d-. I still have a lot of work. ma-sal Eendi bessaf de-l-xedma.

to draw lots - dreb l-Eud. Let's draw lots. yallah nderbu l-Eud.

loud - 1. mžehhed. She has a loud, unpleasant voice. Eendha helq mžehied u-qbih. 2. be-ž-žehd.

Don't talk so loud! ma-tkellem-š be-ž-žehd! 3. bayen. I don't like loud colors.

ma-ka-nebži-š l-?elwan lli baynin bezzaf.

loud-speaker - buq pl. bwaq.
louse - qemla pl. qmul coll. qmel.
love - hobb. Love is blind. l-hobb
Ema.

to fall in love (with) - ttegrem (f-). He's fallen in love with her. huwa ttegrem fiha.

in love (with) - megrum (f-).

to love - 1. hebb. He loves her very much. ka-ihebbha bezzaf.

2. ma-Eendu ma Eezz men. I love apples. ma-Eendi ma Eezz men t-teffah.

lovely - 1. gzal pl. gezlan. They have a lovely home. Eendhom dar gzala. 2. Ežib. It's a lovely evening. le-Ešiya Ežiba.

low - 1. qsir pl. qsar. Do you want shoes with high or low heels? was bgiti sebbat b-gdem qsir wella kbir?

2. hader. That plane is flying too low. had t-tiyara ka-ttir hadra bezsaf. 3. dlil pl. dlal. That was low of him. had s-si lli Emel dlil.

4. mehdur. She spoke in a low voice. tkellmet b-sut mehdur. —He always gets low marks. n-nuqat dyalu dima mehdurin. 5. dEif pl. dEaf. His pulse is low. nfidu dEif. 6. luwla. Put her in low (gear). Emelha fe-l-luwla.

**The sun is quite low. *S-*sems gerbet bezzaf. --He made a low bow. bendeq bezzaf.

to get low - qlal iqlal. Our funds are getting low. rasmalna ka-iqlal. Iower - tehtani. Put the boxes on the lower shelf. dir s-snadeq fuq l-merfe& t-tehtani.

to lower - 1. rma irmi. Lower the lifeboats. rmiw le-flayek de-l-igata. 2. hder. Lower the curtain. hder l-xamiya. 3. huwwef. Lower the bucket into the well. huwwef s-stel fe-l-bir.

**He lowered his voice when he saw her come in. tkellem be-šwiya melli

šafha daxla. loval - 1. sadiq. You couldn't have a more loyal friend. ma-imken-lek-\$ ikun Eendek saheb sadiq kter men had š-ši. 2. gelbu safi (m£a). He has

always been loyal to the government. huwa dima gelbu safi m€a l-hukuma.

loyalty - sedq.

My luck has changed. luck - 1. zher. z-zner dyali theddel. 2. seEd. Now you try your luck! tleb seEdek! 3. swirti. It's not merely a matter of luck. ma-ši ģir mes?ala de-swirti.

bad luck - gellet s-seEd. **You're in luck! Eendek swirti. --You're out of luck! ma-Eendek-\$

swirti. luckily - Ela swirti. Luckily she didn't see me. Ela swirti ma-šafni-š.

lucky - (lli) Eendu seEd. You're a lucky fellow. nta Eendek seEd. **It was a lucky coincidence. kanet sedfa nezyana. --You can consider yourself lucky. imken-lek tehmed llah.

lukewarm - 1. dafi. Take a lukewarm bath. gsel be-l-ma dafi. 2. ma-mhiyyež-ž. He's very lukewarm about that. huwa ma-mhiyyez-š Ela had l-haža.

lumher - Ewad (pl.), xšeb. How much lumber will be needed for the book baš nsawbu le-xzana d-le-ktub?

lump - 1. tub. What are you going to do with that lump of clay? as gad ddir b-had t-tub de-t-tin? 2. berguga pl. -t. He has a big lump on his forehead. Eendu berguga kbira fe-zbehtu. 3. galeb pl. awaleb. He took ten lumps of sugar. xda Eešra d-le-qwaleb de-s-sokkar.

lunatic - hmeq pl. humeq. lunch - ġda pl. -wat.

to lunch - tģedda.

lung - riya pl. -t.

**The little fellow yelled at the top of his lungs. d-derri tley helqu kollu.

luxury - tedxim. lve - lyan.

M

macaroon - griyba pl. -t. machine - 9ala pl. -t. The machine is working again. ha l-?ala xeddama Eewtani.

machine gun - reššaša pl. -t. machinery - ?alat (pl.).

mad - 1. hmeq pl. humeq. They took him to the asylum because he was mad. ddaweh l-l-merstan €la hegg-aš kan hmeq. 2. mgelleg, zeEfan, tayer-lu. I was mad when I didn't find him there. kan tayer-li melli ma-sebtu-š temma. 3. mxaşem. He's mad at his brother. huwa mxasem mEa xah. 4. meșEur. He was bitten by a mad dog. Eeddu kelb mesEur.

to be mad, to go mad - hmaq. My son is mad about ice cream. weldi ka-ihmaq Eel l-basta. -- The poor fellow went mad and they took him to the asylum. hmaq meskin u-ddaweh l-l-merstan.

madam - lalla. . Is somebody waiting on you, Madam? waš ši-wahed ka-iserbik a lalla?

madhouse - merstan pl. -at. madman - hmeq pl. humeq. magazine - mažella pl. -t. Where can

I buy that magazine? fayn imken-li nsib dak l-mažella?

magnificent - Eažib, moEtabar, mumtas. to magnify - kebber. This lens magnifies six times. had l-Eadasa

ka-tkebber setta de-l-merrat.

magnifying glass - mukebbara pl. -t. maid - $met \in ellma \ pl. -t$, $xeddama \ pl.$

-t. We let our maid go. dhina l-metEellma dyalna.

old maid - Eateq bayra pl. Eawateq bayrin.

mail - barid. The mail is delivered at four o'clock. ka-iferrqu l-barid fe-r-rebEa.

**Is there any mail for me? kayna ši-bra liva?

by mail - mea l-busta. We'll send you the package by mail. ġadi nsiftu-lek l-bakit mEa l-busta.

to mail - 1. sifet, safet isifet. Did you mail that package? was sifetti dak l-bakit? 2. rma irmi. Please mail the letter for me. rmi-li had le-bra !lah ixellik.

mailbox - senduq de-l-briyat pl. snadeq de-l-briyat.

mailman - ferraq le-brawat pl. ferraqin

le-brawat.

main - muhimm, kbir. This is the main problem. hadi hiya l-muškila l-muhimma.

in the main - ξ layer dima. discussion revolved in the main around those two questions. daret l-mudakara Elayen dima Ela dak ž-žuž de-l-masa?il.

**I agree with him in the main. ana mettafeq mEah Elayen f-koll-ši. main office - merkez pl. mrakez. to maintain - ?ekked. He maintains

that he was there. huwa ka-i?ekked

bin kan temma.

majority - 1. ?eġlabiya pl. -t. The majority was against it. l-?eòlabiva kanet dedd dak š-ši. 2. 9ektariya pl. -t. The majority of the students were sick. l-?ektariya de-t-talaba kanu mrad.

make - marka pl. -t. What make is your radio? šnu hiya l-marka de-r-radyu dyalek?

to make - 1. seggem, saweb. Did you make the chair yourself? was seqqemti 3-3elya b-yeddek? ---What shall I make for you, tea or coffee? šnu nseggem-lkom, atay wella l-gehwa? -I've just had a suit made for myself. Ead seggemt keswa l-rasi. 2. sneE, seggem. Does this factory make watches? was had l-meEmel kaiṣne∈ l-maganat? 3. dar idir. What are you going to do tomorrow? š-ģadi ddir ģedda? 4. semma. made him chairman. semmaweh ra?is. 5. Emel. I made a long speech. Emelt xotba kbira. -- He made a terrible mistake. Emel galat kbir. -You made a good choice. Emelti xtiyar mezyan. 6. režžeć. He has made himself very famous. huwa režžeć rasu mešhur bezzaf. 7. xda yaxod fe-l-wegt. Can we make the train? waš imken-lna naxdu l-gitar fe-l-wegt? 8. wsel l-. If we start out early, we can make Fez by evening. ila saferna bekri, imken-lna nweslu l-fas mEa l-lil. 9. qbet. How much do you make a week? * *hal ka-teqbet fe-ž-žem£a? 10. lezzem. Nobody made you do it. hetta wahed ma-lezzmek teEmelha. 11. dfeE. He made me spill the ink. huwa lli

dfe∈ni baš nehreq le-mdad. **Five times four makes twenty. xemsa (drebha) Ela rebEa hiya Ee\$rin.

to make a confession - gerr. He made a complete confession to them. gerr-lhom koll-ši.

to make a fool of oneself -

tbehdel. If you do that, you'll make a fool of vourself. Emeltiha, gadi ttbehdel.

to make a fuss - dar idir haraž. Don't make such a fuss! ma-Eendek Elaš ddir had l-haraž kollu.

to make a fuss over - gleb d-denya Ela. There's no reason for you to make a fuss over that. ma-Eendek Elaš teqleb d-denya Ela had š-ši.

to make a go of - nžeh f-. He'll never make a go of it. Eemmru maınžeh fiha.

to make believe - Emel messu. is only making believe that she doesn't know it. hiya gir ka-teEmel messha bin ma-ka-teErefha-\$.

to make good - nžeh fe-šgalu. They made good. nežhu fe-šģalhom.

to make good - grem. You have to make good the damages you've done. xessek teğrem le-xşayer lli Emelti.

to make off with - hreb b-. They've made off with our car. herbu-lna b-siyartna.

to make out - 1. gra igra. Can you make out the date on this postmark? waš imken-lek tegra t-tarix d-had t-tabe ?? 2. fhem. Can you make out what he means? was imken-lek tefhem as ka-veEni? 3. Eemmer. Have you made out the application blank? was Eemmerti l-werga de-t-talab? 4. wežžed. Please make out our bill. wežžedlna l-werga de-l-xlas Eafak. 5. xeržet-lu l-gadiya. How did you make out yesterday? kif-as xeržet-lek l-qadiya l-bareh?

to make peace - tsaleh. The two countries have made peace. tsalhu d-duwlat b-žuž.

to make sense - Eendu ši-meEna. Does this make sense to you? had š-ši ∈endu ši-me∈na lilek?

to make up - 1. qeyyed. Make up a list of all the things you need. geyyed f-werga lli xeşşek kollu. 2. saweb. Can you make up a bouquet of roses for me? imken-lek tsaweb-li ši-mešmum de-l-word? 3. dar idir. Make up a sentence with the word 'no'. dir ši-žumla be-l-€ibaṛa "lla". 4. $xtare \in$. Did he make up the story? was xtare \(\) dak le-xrafa? 5. seggem. Did he make up the speech himself? waš huwa lli seggem l-xotba? tṣaleḥ. They've made up again. tsalhu Eewtani. 7. Eekker. It takes her a year to make up. xessha Eam baš tekker. 8. gbet. I'll make up

tomorrow the hour I lost. gadi neqbet gedda s-sa&a lli diyye&t. --I'll have to make up for lost ixeşşni neqbet l-weqt lli time. divyeEt.

to make up one's mind - gerrer, fsel. I haven't yet made up my mind. ma-zal ma-gerrert.

make-up - 1. zwaq le-wžeh. She uses a lot of make-up. ka-tketter men z-zwaq d-le-wžeh. 2. tabi€a pl. -t. It's not in his make-up to lie. ma-ši men tabi€tu ikdeb.

makings - 1. $hi^{9}a$ pl. -t; škel pl. škal. This boy has the makings of a good actor. had l-weld fih l-hi?a d-\$i-mumettil mezyan. 2. qwam pl. -at; igama pl. -t, igayem. We have all the makings for a good stew. Eendma le-gwam kollu dyal wahed t-tažin moEtabar.

Malaga - malga.

male - dker. Is that bird male or female? waš hadak t-tir dker wella nta?

malicious - qbih pl. qbah. man - ražel pl. ržal.

to manage - 1. thellef b-. Who is managing your farm? Skun lli mkellef-lek b-le-Ezib? 2. tre??es Ela. He's been managing this bank for two years. hadi Eamayn u-huwa metre??es Ela had l-benk. 3. tuwweE. That teacher just couldn't manage the children. had le-fqi gaE ma-qder-\$ ituwweE le-wlad.

**Did you manage to get the tickets? was debberti f-le-wraq? -- How did you manage to find her? kif-aš derti hetta žbertiha? --How do you manage on this salary? kif-aš ka-te∈mel baš t∈iš b-had š-šehriya? --I manage on what God has given. ka-neqdi haža b-dak š-ši lli Eta llah.

manager - mudir pl. -in.

mankind - l-bašariya, l-žens l-bašari. manner - kifiya. I liked the manner in which he went about the job. Eežbetni l-kifiya baš tkellef be-l-Eamal.

manners - ?axlaq, ?adab. She has no manners. ma-Eendha ?axlaq or ma-fiha ?adab.

to manufacture - sneE, summeb.

manure - gbar.

many - bezzaf d-, ε adad d-. I have many reasons. Eendi bezzaf de-l-?asbab.

many a - šhal men. Many a man owes his success to his wife. Shal men ražel kan n-nažah dyalu Ela

yedd mratu. I've passed here many a time. dezt men hna shal men merra. a good many - Eadad kbir d-. He knows a good many people there. ka-veEref Eadad kbir de-n-nas temma.

how many - shal men (followed by sg.), shal d-. How many tickets do you want? Shal men btaga bgiti? or šhal d-le-bţayeq bġiti?

map = xarita pl. -t.

marhle - rxam.

March - mares.

march - mešya pl. -t.

**He stole a march on all of us. darha bina kollna.

to march - tmešša.

mare - Eewda pl. -t.

margin - 1. hašya pl. hwaši, ženb pl. žnab. Leave a wider margin on the Ieft side. xelli hašya wse€ men hadi Eel l-isar. 2. rbeh. pl. rbah. We're operating on a very small margin. ka-nxedmu b-wahed r-rbeh sgir bezzaf. 3. ferq. We won by a narrow margin. rbehna b-wahed l-ferg spir.

marjoram - merdedduš.

mark - 1. $\mathcal{E}alama pl. -t$, rešma pl. -t. Make a mark after the names of those present. dir ši-Ealama hda s-smiyat dyal n-nas lli hadrin. 2. negt pl. nuqut. He always got good marks in mathematics. kan dima ka-yaxod nugat mezyanim f-le-hsab.

**I don't feel quite up to the mark today. ma-ka-nhess-š b-rași huwa hadak l-yum.

to mark - 1. ršem. I've marked the important parts of the article. ršemt l-mahellat l-muhimmin de-l-maqala. 2. ršem, biyyen. road is well marked. t-triq mbiyyna mezyan. 3. sehheh, sleh. When are you going to mark the examinations? fuq-aš gad tsehheh le-mtihanat.

to mark down - 1. qeyyed, kteb, sežžel. I've marked down the things I want. rani qeyyedt le-hwayež llı baği. 2. hebbet t-taman d-. suits have been marked down from 150 dollars to 100 dollars. hebbtu t-taman d-le-ksawi men mya u-xemsin dular le-myat dular.

market - sug pl. swag.

Marrakesh - merrakeš.

native of Marrakesh - merrakši adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel merrakeš. marriage - žwaž pl. -at.

to marry - 1. džuwwež b-, xda yaxod. Is she going to marry him? was gad taxdu? 2. žuwwež. He married his daughter to a man from Casablanca.

žuwwež bentu l-ražel men d-dar l-bida.

married - mžumnež. They've been married for over a year. hadi kter men Eam u-huma mžuvožin.

to get married - džuwwež. žwež. Marseilles - mersilva.

marsh - merža pl. -t.

marvelous - Ežib. Eažib.

mass - 1. žemhur pl. žamahir; nas. He has all the masses behind him. l-xamahir kollha tah Eah. 2. Eerram pl. Erarem. He's collected a mass of information about that, rah žme E Eerram de-l-me Elumat Ela dak X_ X1

mat - hsira pl. -t, hsayer. match - 1. waida pl. -t coll. waid. Give me a box of matches please. Eafak Etini ši-sendug d-le-wqid. 2. leEva pl. -t. Who won the match? škun lli roen l-leEoa? 3. žwaž pl. -at. Her parents don't approve of the match. waldiha ma-mwafqin-š Ela žwažha.

to be a match for - gedd Ela. He's a match for anybody. huwa iaedd Ela men-ma kan. **I'm no match for him. m-ana-š

grinu.

to match - 1. wafeq, naseb. These colors don't match well. had l-lwan ma-mnasbin-š mezvan. 2. matel, dar idir bhal. I can match him any time. negder ndir bhalu wegt-emma kan. žber bhal. You'll never be able to match this color. ma-Eemmrek jad džber ši-lun bhal hada.

material - 1. madda pl. mawadd. We use only the best materials. ma-ka-nste€mlu ģir l-mawadd le-mxiyyra. 2. $me \in lumat (pl.).$ He's collecting material for a book. ka-ižme£ me£lumat l-wahed le-ktab. 3. tub pl. tyat. Is this material washable? was had t-tub ka-itsebben? 4. muhimm. There's no material difference between the two. ma-kayen-\$ ši-ferg muhimm binathom b-žuž.

matter - gadiya pl. -t; mes?ala pl. -t, masa?il. I'll look into the matter. daba nšuf l-qadiya šnu hiya. **It's not a matter of price. ma-bqat-š fe-t-taman. —Something's the matter with his heart. §i-haža Eendu f-gelbu. --That doesn't matter. ma-ka-ihemm-š. --This is no laughing matter. had š-ši ma-fih-š d-dehk. --What's the matter? \$-kayen? --What's the matter with you? yak la-bas? or **3-**Eendek? or ma-lek?

mattress - terš pl. fruša: mtellta pl. -t. mterrba pl. -t. mtareb.

May - mayu.

may - 1. imken-l. May I have this pencil? imken-li naxod had le-glam? 2. imken, robbama. I may go tomorrow night. robbama nemši jedda fe-l-lil

mayor - Eamel pl. Eommal. meadow - merea pl. mraei.

meal - makla pl. -t. mwakel.meals a day aren't enough for him. tlata de-l-maklat fe-n-nhar ma-kaiaedduh-š.

mean - hgir pl. -in; qbih pl. qbah. to mean - 1. Ena yeEni. What do you mean by that? *\subsection ka-te\in n i b-dak š-ši? 2. nwa inwi. I mean to go tomorrow. ana nawi nemši ģedda. -- I meant to tell you but I forgot. kont nawi ngul-lek be-l-hegg nsit. 3. gsed. I didn't mean any harm. ma-qsedt walu.

**I know he means well. ka-neEref nivtu mezvana. -- That doesn't mean much. dak š-ši ma-Eendu ?ahemmiya. --It means a lot to me to see him tonight. muhimm bezzaf baš nšufu l-vum fe-l-lil.

meaning - meEna pl. -t, mEani. measles - bu-hemrun.

to measure - Eber. I measured the height of the windows carefully. Ebert le-Elu dyal š-šražem b-tedgig. -Measure me two kilos of ground beef. Eber-li žuž kılu de-l-kefta de-l-begri.

**How much does he measure around the waist? Shal Eendu fe-d-dura de-l-kerš? --All necessary measures have been taken. · l-lazem kollu tteEmel.

measurement - ϵbar pl. -at. meat - lhem pl. lhum, lhumat.

meat grinder - tehhana de-l-kefta.

medal - wisam pl. -at.

to meddle - dexxel rasu f-. He likes to meddle in other people's business. ka-ibģi idexxel rasu f-sug n-nas.

medical - tibbi.

medicine - 1. dwa pl. -yat, ?edwiya. This medicine tastes bitter. d-dwa madagu merr. 2. tibb. daughter is studying medicine. benti ka-tegra t-tibb.

medium - metwesset. He's of medium height. tulu metwesset.

Mediterranean Sea - le-bher l-metwesset.

to meet - 1. tlaga. Did you meet him on the street? was tlaqitih

fe-z-zenga? --Let's meet in front of the school. iwa ntlagaw qbalt l-medrasa. 2. tEerref Ela, tEaref mEa. I've known his father for a long time but I've just met his mother hadi modda twila w-ana ka-neEref bbah be-l-hegg Ead tEareft mEa mmu. 3. tEerred l-. We'll meet them at the railroad station. gad ntEerrdu-lhom f-lagar. 4. $ttežme \in \mathcal{E}$. We used to meet once a week. konna ka-nttžemEu merra fe-ž-žemEa. **Pleased to meet you! metserref! or metšerrfin! --Will he meet the deadline? waš gad ikun wažed fe-l-weqt? meeting - 1. žtima£ pl. -at (art. le-). There were five hundred people at the meeting. kanu xems mya de-n-nas f-le- \check{z} tima ξ . 2. mlaqya pl. -t. I arranged for a meeting of the two. rani debbertlhom wahed le-mlaqya lilhom b-žuž. Meknes - meknas. native of Meknes - meknasi adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel meknas. Melilla - mlilya. native of Melilla - mlili adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel mlilya. melody - neġma pl. -t. to melt - 1. dab idub. The ice has all melted. t-telž kollu dab. 2. duwweb. The sun melted the ice. š-šemš duwwbet t-telž. memory - 1. dakira pl. -t, Egel pl. Equi. My memory is not what it used to be. Eegli ma-bqa-š kif kan. 2. tidkar pl. tadakir, dikra pl. -yat. I have pleasant memories of that country. Eendi dikrayat mezyana Ela dak le-blad. menace - tehdid, xatar pl. ?extar. to mend - requet. When are you going to ment my shirts? fuq-aš ģadi treqqeE-li le-qwamež dyali? to mention - dker. He didn't mention the price. ma-dker-š t-taman. merchandise - $sel \mathcal{E}a$ pl. -t, $slu \mathcal{E}$. merchant - biyya E-šerray pl. biyya Eašerraya, tažer pl. tožžar. mercury - zaweq. mercy - 1. rehma, šafaga. He has no mercy. ma-fih rehma. 2. smaha. They pleaded for mercy. telbu s-smaha. to merit - stahel, stahegg. mess - xebla pl. -t, qerbala pl. -t, tqerbila pl. -t. Did you see the mess the painters left? was sefti

l-xebla lli xellaw s-sebbaga?

**The house is in an awful mess.

d-dar ma-fiha ma-ittšaf. --You certainly got yourself into a nice mess! walayenni f-aš žriti l-rasek! to mess up - 1. wessex. Don't mess up the floor with your wet feet. ma-twessex-š lerd u-režlik fazgin. 2. xerbeq. Who messed up the papers on my desk? škun lli xerbeq-li le-kwaget lli fuq t-tabla dyali? metal - meEden pl. mEaden. **method** - kifiya pl. -t, tariga pl. -t, turuq. middle - 1. west. I'm leaving the middle of next week. gad nemši. f-west ž-žem£a ž-žayya. --He was standing in the middle of the road. kan waqef f-west t-triq. 2. westani, westi. Open the middle window. š-šeržem l-westani. 3. metwesset. He's a man of middle height. huwa ražel gamtu metwessta. 4. kerš pl. kruš. He's put on weight around the middle. kebret-lu l-kerš. **I'm in the middle of packing. r-ana xayed fe-žmiE hwayži. midnight - ness l-lil. might - quwwa pl. -t, žehd pl. žhud. They're working with all their might. rahom xeddamin b-quowthom kollha. mile - mil pl. myal. military - Eeskari. milk - hlib. to milk - hleb. milkman, milk vendor - lebban pl. mul le-hlib pl. mwalin le-hlib. **mill** - tahuna pl. -t, twahen. When are you going to take the grain to the mill? fuq-aš gadi teddi z-zreE le-t-tahuna? miller - tehhan pl. -a. million - melyun pl. mlayen. minaret - sem£a pl. -t, sme£, sma£i. mind - 1. Eqel, fikr pl. fkar. He has a keen mind. Eendu Egel madi. 2. bal. That idea came to my mind as I was on my way home. žatni had l-fikra l-l-bal melli kont gadi le-d-dar. --I have something else in mind. ši-haža xra f-bali. **He doesn't know his own mind. huwa b-rasu ma-ka-yeEref-š š-baģi. --Keep your mind on your work. dir rasek fe-xdemtek. -- My mind still isn't clear on what happened. š-ši lli wqeE ma-zal ma-bġa-š ittefhem-li. --What's on your mind? §-tehtek? --Are you out of your mind? was xrež-lek le-Eqel? to my mind - f-nadari. To my mind she's the right person for the job. f-nadari hiya lli teslah l-had l-xedma.

to change one's mind - theddel-lu n-nadar. I've changed my mind. theddel-li n-nadar.

to mind - 1. ddaha iddiha f..

Don't mind what he says. la-ddiha-\$
fe-klamu. 2. hda yehdi. Who's
going to mind the children? \$kun
lli gadi yehdi d-drari? 3. ttesme6
l-. This little girl doesn't mind
her manbaate any more. had le-bnita
ma-baate karitesme6 l-ommha.

4. Eendu manie. You don't mind if I leave now? yak ma-tendek manie nemši daba?

dxol

sug rasek.

mine - 1. meqtet pl. mqatet. He
works in a mine. ka-ixdem f-wahed
l-meqtet. 2. mina pl. -t. Their
ship ran into a mine. l-baxira
dyalhom xeržet f-wahed l-mina.

**Mind your own business.

mine - dyali. Your room is to the right, mine is to the left. l-bit dyalek Eel l-imin u-dyali Eel 8-8mal.

minister - wazir, uzir pl. wuzara.
Three ministers have resigned.
tlata de-l-wuzara qeddmu
stiqalthom.

miniority - ?agelliya pl. -t.

mint - nefnaf pl. nfanef, igama pl. igayem, We never drink tea without mint. femmerna ma-ka-nšerbu ?atay bla nefnaf.

minute - 1. dqiqa pl. dqayeq. I'll be back in five minutes. gad neržeć men daba xemsa de-d-dqayeq.

2. sgiwer, dqiweq, stiwet. It was so small you could hardly see it. kan sgiwer l-hedd ?ennu kan sčib baš ittšaf.

**I'll call you the minute I know.
gir nsug le-xbar ndreb-lek t-tilifun.

minute hand - muri kbir pl. mwara kbar. The minute hand of my watch came off. l-muri le-kbir d-maganti tgelle.

miracle - $mu \in \mathbb{Z}iza$ pl. -t, $\in \mathbb{Z}uba$ pl. -t, $\in \mathbb{Z}ayeb$.

mirror - mraya pl. -t.

miscarriage - sqit, seqtan.

mischief - tašitanet, štun. That boy is always up to some mischief. dak l-weld dima ka-idur Ela ši-štun ma yeEmel.

miser -bxil pl. bxal.

miserable - 1. mfelles. What
miserable weather! walayenni hal
mfelles hada! 2. mbu?es, meenfež.
I feel miserable today. ka-nhess
b-rasi meenfež had n-nhar.
misery - bu?s, šaga?. They lived in

utter misery. kanu Eeyšin $fe-l-bu^{\gamma}s$ t-tamm.

misfortune - musiba pl. -t, msayeb.

to mislay - tellef, wedder.

to mislead - xde \(\xi\), gellet. The description is misleading. had \(l-\wedge s f \) ka-ixde \(\xi\).

misprint - gelta d-le-mteb \in a pl. geltat d-le-mteb \in a.

to miss - 1. fellet. I missed the first train. fellett l-qitar l-luwwel or mša Eliya l-qitar l-luwwel. 2. twehhes. I'll miss you terribly. gad ntwehhsek bezzaf or gad txelli fiya t-tayla.

3. mennee. Don't miss this movie. Eendek tmennee had l-film.

*You haven't missed anything.

ma-fatek walu. --You've missed the
point. ma-fhemti-š. --Our house
is so easy to find you can't miss
it. d-dar dyalna warya bezzaf,
ma-imken-š texfa Elik. --The child
has been missing for three days.
hadi telt iyam u-l-weld gayeb.

--One suitcase is missing. šanta
wehda ka-txess.

mist - dbaba.

mistake - galat, gelta pl. -t, glati.

How could I make such a mistake?

kif imken hetta ne Emel gelta bhal

hadi? --I took it by mistake.

xditu galat.

**There is no mistaking his intentions. niytu ma-fiha ma-iglet l-wahed. —Please don't mistake me. llah ixellik ma-tefhemni-š &wež. —Sorry, I mistook you for someone else. smeh-li, šebbehtek l-ši-wahed axor.

to be mistaken, to make a mistake - glet. you're mistaken | gletti! or rak galet!

to mistreat - teedda Ela.

to misunderstand - fhem meewwež, fhem Ewež.

to mix - 1. xellet. I mixed yellow and red. xellett le-sfer u-le-lmer.

2. suwweb. Shall I mix some paste? nsuwweb ši-šwiya de-l-lesqa?

3. xalet, txalet m£a. We don't mix much with our neighbors. ma-ka-ntxaltu-š bezzaf m£a žiranna.

4. txellet. Oil and honey don't mix. z-zit u-le-Esel

ma-ka-itxelltu-š.

to mix in - dexxel rasu. Don't mix in, this is none of your business. la-ddexxel-s rasek, had s-si ma-si sugek.

to mix up - 1. tellef, duwwex, dehšer. Don't mix me up!

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·la-dduwwexni-š! 2. xellet.
                               Don't
  mix up the cards. la-txellet-$
  l-karta.
mixture - texlita pl. -t. coll.
  texlat, texlit.
to moan - nah inuh.
                    pl. namadiž.
model - 1. namudaž.
  He's working on the model of a
  bridge. huwa xeddam fe-n-namudaž
  d-wahed l-qentra. 2. nu \in pl. mwa \in,
  škel pl. škal. This is a 1940
  model.
         hada n-nuE d-Eam ?alf
  u-tesEa mya u-rebEin. 3. mital.
  She's a model wife. hiya tbarek
  llah mital z-zužat.
moderate - moEtadel, mwesset,
  m£ewwet.
modern - Eesri.
modest - metwadeE, bsit pl. bsat.
moist - mbellel, fazeg, mneddi.
moisture - nda, blal, fzag.
mold - 1. gmal. There's a layer of
  mold on the cheese. kayna qešra
  d-le-ġmal €la wžeh ž-žben.
  2. galeb pl. gwaleb. Pour the
  plaster into the mold. kebb l-gebs
  fe-l-galeb.
moldy - gamel, mtebbeb. This bread is
  moldy. had l-xobz mtebbeb.
moment - wqiyet. Could you spare a
  moment? Eendek $i-wqiyyet?
    **Just a moment! bellati šwiya!
  -At the moment, I can't give you
  any further information. f-had
  l-lehda ma-imken-li nzid neEtik
  hetta ši-me∈lumat xra.
  in a moment - men daba wahed d-dqiqa. I'll give you your change
  in a moment. daba nredd-lek s-serf
  dyalek men daba wahed d-dqiqa.
Monday - t-tnayn, nhar t-tnayn.
money - flus (pl.)
    to make money - rbeh le-flus.
monk - rhib pl. rohban.
monkey - gerd pl. grud, gruda.
month - sher pl. shur, shura.
monthly - šehri.
mood - gana pl. -t, xater pl. xwater.
  He's in a good mood this morning.
  huwa Ela gantu had s-sbah or huwa
  rašeg-lu had s-sbah --I'm not in
  the mood for that now. ma-Eendi
  gana l-dak š-ši daba.
moon - gemra pl. gmari.
more - 1. axor f. xra pl. xrin. I
  want two more bottles of vinegar.
  bģit žuž d-le-gra£i xrin de-l-xell.
  2. kter. They've sold more trucks
  than cars this year.
                        baEu
  l-kamiyuwat kter men s-siyarat had
  l-\epsilon am. —You should study more.
  xessek tegra kter men had š-ši.
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money. ka-itleb z-zyada f-le-flus. more and more - **This work is getting more and more difficult. had š-šogl gir ka-izid yewEar. --Everything is getting more and more expensive. koll-ši ģir ka-izid igla. not any more - **Don't do that any more' ma-tebqa-š te£mel dak š-ši! --I' don't care any more. ma-bqit-\$ mehtemm. the more...the more - ma-hedd... u-, koll-ma. The more I give him, the more he wants. ma-heddni ka-neEtih u-huwa ka-ibgi ši-axor. -The more I see him, the more I like him. koll-ma šeftu ka-nzid nebģih. morning - sbah pl. -at, sbuha. morning! sbah l-xir! in the morning - 1. fe-s-sbak. She's here only in the morning. ka-tkun hna ģir fe-s-sbah. 2. (gedda) fe-s-sbah. I'll see you in the morning. nšufek (ģedda) fe-s-sbah. mortar - 1. beğli. Mortar is made of lime and sand. l-begli msuwweb men ž-žir u-r-remla. 2. mehraz pl. mharez. Mortar and pestle. l-mehraz w-iddu. mortgage - rhen pl. rhuna, rehniya pl. -t. to mortgage - then, Emel fe-r-rhen, xella fe-r-rhen. mosaic - zelliž (coll). The mosaic in this mosque is ancient. z-zelliž f-had ž-žameE qdim. mosque - žame£ pl. žwame£. mosque courtyard - shen pl. shuna. mosquito - namusa pl. -t. coll. namus.. moss - xezz. most - 1. ?ekter-ma, žehd-ma, gedd-ma. That's the most I can pay. ?ekter-mo imken-li nxellsu. 2. l-žoll f-, l-9ektariya d-. Most people left early. l-žoll fe-n-nas mšaw f-halhom bekri. 3. What did you like most? šnu lli Eežbek kter? 4. bezzaf Ead. The talk was most interesting. l-xotba kanet mufida bezzaf Ead. **I can pay fifty dirhams at the ila kettert imken-li neEți most. xemsin derhem. -- At most it's worth ten dirhams. tamanha mait Eedda-š Eešra de-d-drahem. --For the most part I agree with him on ana mettafeq m⊱ah f-žoll dak š-ši. --We'd better make the most of our time. hsen-lna negtanmu ma

3. zyada. He's asking for more

imken l-wegt lli f-iddna.

most of - l-žoll f-, l-?ektariya d-. Most of those present were against it. l-žoll fe-n-nas lli kanu hadrin kanu deddha. --He's the one that did most of the work. huwa lli dar l-?ektariya de-l-xedma. --He's on the road most of the time. l-žoll fe-l-wegt ka-ikun qabet t-triq.

**Most of the day I'm at the office. ka-nkun fe-l-mekteb Elayen n-nhar kollu.

moth - tunya pl. -t.

mother - ?omm pl. -ahat, -awat; my mother nomi, form nom- before other possessive endings.

mother-in-law - 1. (wife's mother)
nsiba pl. -t. 2. (husband's

mother) hma pl. -wat.

motion - 1. haraka pl. -t. Did you watch her motions? dditi l-gaya l-l-harakat dyalha? 2. qtirah pl. -at, multamas pl. -at. I'd like to make a motion. bgit nqeddem wahed l-multamas.

**The train was still in motion. l-qitar kan ma-zal ka-itherrek.

motive - sabab pl. sbab.

motor - mutur pl. -at. motorcycle - derraža nariya pl. derražat nariya, mutur pl. -at.

to mount - 1. rkeb \(\xi la \). He mounted the horse and rode away. rkeb \(\xi e l \) \(l - \xi e w d u - z a d x e l f a \). They mounted the new doors day before yesterday. rekkbu \(l - b i b a n \) \(\xi - \xi d a d w e l - l - b a r e h \).

mountain - žbel pl. žbal coll. žbel. mountaineer - žebli pl. žbala, rifi

pl. ryafa.

to mourn - hzen. They all mourned their uncle's death. kollhom heznu Eel l-mut d-Eemmhom. --The entire country mourned over the king. le-blad kollha heznet Eel l-malik.

mourning - hozn, hzen.

mouse - far pl. firan. mouth - fomm pl. fmam.

Nove - 1. haraka pl. -t. Every move I make hurts. koll haraka Emeltha ka-dderrni. 2. nuba pl. -t. It's your move. nubtek hadi. 3. xelfa pl. -t. He can't make a move without asking his wife. ma-ka-iqder-syemel xelfa wehda bla-ma isawer mratu.

to make a move - therrek. Don't make a move or I'll kill you.
ma-therrek-8 wella rani ngetlek.

on the move $- & \ell la$ gdem. They're always on the move. huma dima ℓla

gdem.

to move - 1. herrek. She can't move her foot. ma-ka-teqder-\$ therrek rželha. 2. therrek. I can't move. ma-ka-neqder-\$ ntherrek. 3. qtareh. I move we adjourn the session. ka-neqtareh nweqqfu l-želsa. 4. rhel. We're moving on October first. žad nrehlu fe-l-luwwel fe-ktuber.

5. leeb. I just moved, it's your turn. Ead leebt, nubtek.

movie - film pl. ?eflam.

movies - sinima pl. -t. We rarely go to the movies. qlil f-aš ka-nemšiw le-s-sinima.

to mow - hešš.

■uch - bezzaf. I haven't much time.

ma-Eendi-\$ l-weqt bezzaf. --We like
her very much. ka-nebjiwha bezzaf

Ead. --I feel very much better today. l-yum ka-nhess b-rasi hsen
bezzaf Ead.

how much - be-\$hal. How much will it cost me? be-\$hal gad ttih Eliya?

**We don't care for it very much.

ma-ka-nebģiweh-š ķetta l-temma.

mucus - tenxima pl. -t, tnaxem.

•ud - gis pl. gyusat. All the roads were covered with mud after the rain. t-torqan kollhom kanu Eamrin be-l-gis men beEd-ma tahet š-šta.

**This water is muddy. had l-ma
mEemmer be-l-gis.

nuezzin - mwodden pl. mwoddnin.

mug - gorraf pl. graref.

Buggy - mzemmet. The weather's awfully muggy today. l-yum l-hal mzemmet bezzaf.

■ule - beġla pl. bġal, f. beġla pl. -t.

to multiply - 1. dreb. Multiply three by four! dreb tlata f-reb&a.
2. kter. Rabbits multiply very quickly. le-rneb ka-ikter b-sor&a kbira.

to mumble - bergem. I wish he wouldn't mumble that way. tmennitu ma-ikun-š ka-ibergem hakdak.

mumps - hlagem.

■unicipal - baladi, d-le-mdina. He works in the municipal power plant. ka-ixdem f-dar d-duw l-baladiya.

murder - qtila.

to murder - qtel.

murderer = qatel.
muscle = Eeṣba pl. -t, Eṣab, coll.
Eseb.

museum - methef pl. mtahef. mushroom - feggica pl. -t. coll. feggit, feggat.

music - 1. musica. Where is that

music coming from? mnayn žayya had

l-musica?

2. werqa de-l-musiqa, pl. wraq de-l-musiqa. l didn't bring the music with me. ma-Zebt-š le-wraq de-l-musiqa mEaya.

musical - musiqi. Do you play any musical instrument? waš ka-ddreb ši-?ala musiqiya?

musician - musiqi pl. -yin.

must - 1. xess plus object pronoun endings. I mustn't be late.

ma-xessni-š nkun meettel.

2. lazem. He must be sick. lazem ikun mṛiḍ.

mustache - šareb pl. šwareb, geafer pl. geafrat.

mustard - snab.

to mutilate - fṛem.

muttura pl. -t.

to mutter - bergem.

mutton - gelmi, genmi.

muzzle - kmama pl. -t, kmayem. You ought to put a muzzle on that dog.

dak l-kelb xeşşek ddir-lu kmama.

N

nag - kidar pl. kyader.

nail - 1. mesmar pl. msamer. Don't

hammer the nail in too far.

la-ddeqq-š l-mesmar bezzaf.

2. dfer pl. dfar. I just broke my

nail. yallah herrest defri.

**He always hits the nail on the

head. dima ka-ižibha fe-t-tmam.

head. dima ka-i&ibha fe-t-tmam.

to nail - semmer. Please nail
the picture to the wall. Eafak
semmer t-teswira fe-l-hit.
naked - Eeryan.

**On a clear day you can see the town from here with the naked eye. mnin ka-ikun n-nhar dawi ka-imken-lek tšuf le-mdina men hna gir be-l-feyn.

name - sem, sm-; smiya pl. -t. What is your father's name? sem bbak? --What's your name, please? smiytek men fedlek?

**What's your name? *S-semmak* !!ah?

first name - smiya šexsiya.

lust name - smiya de-l-£a?ila.

to name - 1. semma. He named his
son Ahmed. semma weldu hmed.

-They named the boy after his
father. semmaw l-weld £la bbah.

2. dker. Can you name all the
planets? waš imken-lek ddker
l-kawakib kollhom?

**Name your own price. £ti

**Name your own price. ξti t-taman dyalek.

napkin - mendil pl. mnadel.
narrow - diyyeq. This street is very narrow. had d-derb diyyeq bezzaf.
--His views on education are very narrow. n-nadariyat dyalu &el t-te&lim diyyqa bezzaf.

**He had a narrow excape. yallah

mneE b-rașu.

to become narrow - dyaq.

to make narrow - diyyeq.

nasty - 1. qbih. pl. qbah. Don't
be so nasty' ma-tkun-š qbih
bessaf! 2. qbih, mfelles. Do you
always have such nasty weather?
waš dima £endkom l-žuw mfelles
bhal hakda?

nation - 1. *umma pl. *umma. The whole nation mourned his death. l-*umma kollha hesnet Eel l-mut dyalu. 2. dula pl. duwal How many nations were there at the conference? Shal de-d-duwal kanu fe-l-mu*tamar?

national - 1. qevmi. He's no longer in the national assembly. ma-bqa-š fe-l-mežlis l-qevmi. 2. ∈amm.
When are the national elections going to be? fuq-aš ġa-tkun

l-intixabat l-Eamma? mationality - Zensiya pl. -t. matural - $tabi \in i$.

nature - 1. tabića, tbića. It's not his nature to lie. ma-ši men tbićtu ka-ikdeb. 2. nuć. I can't tell you anything about the nature of my job. ma-imken-li nqul-lek hetta haža éla nué l-xedma dyali.

navy - behriya.

near - 1. hda. They're standing near each other. rahom waqfin wahed hda wahed. 2. qrib. My house is near the bank. d-dar dyali qrib men l-benk.

near by - f-had ž-žwayeh. Is there a restaurant near by? waš kayen ši-meţEam f-had ž-žwayeh? nearly - Elayen. I'm nearly finished. Elayen nsali. neat - 1. mretteb. His desk is always neat. le-mketba dyalu dima mrettba.
2. ?aniq. She always looks neat. dima tšufha ?aniqa. 3. mseqqem. That was a neat trick you played on him. leEba mseqqma lEebti Elih.

necessary ~ 1. lazem. I'll stay if it's necessary. nebqa ila kan lazem.
2. lli ka-ixeşş, lazem. Can you raise the necessary funds? waš imken-lek džme£ le-qder lli ka-

ixess?

neck - 1. Eenq pl. Enuq, Enaq. He fell down the stairs and broke his neck. tah fe-d-druž u-therres-lu Eenqu.

--The bottle has a very narrow neck. Eenq l-qerfa diyyeq bezzaf. 2. tuq pl. twaq. My dress has an open neck. ksuwti tuqha meftuh.

**Why are you always sticking your neck out? Elas dima ka-džib

l-rasek le-bla?

necklace - xeyt pl. xyut, xnag pl. -at.

necktie - grabaţa pl. -t, žiyyafa pl. -t.

need - htiyaž. There's a great need for heavy clothes. kayen htiyaž kbir Eel le-hwayež t-tqal.

if need be - ila kan lazem. I'l go myself if need be. nemši ana b-nefsi ila kan lazem.

in need of - mehtaž l-. He's badly in need of a vacation. huwa mehtaž bezzaf l-ši-roxsa.

to need - htaž, Eendu l-paža b-.
We have all we need. lli mehtažin
bih kollu Eendna. --I need some
rest badly. ana mehtaž bezzaf
le-šwiya de-r-raha.

needle - ibra pl. ibari. I can't
thread the needle. ma-bga-š
idselleg-li xeyt f-l-ibra.

**I'm on pins and needles. and toul gales Eel š-šuk.

negative - 1. blaka pl. -t, blayek.

The negative is much clearer than the print. le-blaka žat wdeh men t-teswira. 2. selbi. The result of the test was negative. n-natiža dyal le-mtihan kanet selbiya.

**I expected a negative answer.
kont mentader refd or kont nawi

ž-žwab gad ikun la.

to neglect - gfel Ela, ferret f-.

He's been neglecting his work
lately. bda iferret fe-xdemtu had
l-iyamat.

negro - drawi pl. drawa, Eebd pl. Ebid, khel pl. kuhel. neighbor - žar pl. Žiran.

neighborhood - 1. žiran, malin

l-hewma. The whole neighborhood was there. ž-žiran kollhom kanu temma. 2. nahiya pl. -t, nawahi; žiha pl. žwayeh. Many artists live in our neighborhood. Eadad de-l-fennana saknin f-žihtna.

neither - la. Neither he nor I will be there. ma-gad-nkunu temma la-ana la-huwa.

nephew 1. (brother's son) weld l-xa.
2. (sister's son) weld l-xet.

nerve - Eerq pl. Eruq.

**That noise is getting on my
nerves. dak s-sdaE bda itleE-li
f-rasi. --Some nerve! Zebha!

nervous - mqelleq. nest - Eešš pl. Ešaš, Ešuš.

net - šebka pl. -t, šbaki, šbek. never - Eemmer ma-. I never work.

Eemmerni ma-ka-nexdem.

**Now or never! daba wella b-naqes!
--Never! abaden!

nevertheless - waxxa hakdak. Nevertheless I still can't believe it. waxxa hakdak ma-zal ma-imken-li-š ntiyyeq dak š-ši.

new - ždid pl. ždad.

news - xbar pl. -at. The news came entirely unexpectedly. le-xbar ga tamamen Ela gefla.

newspaper - žarida pl. -t, žara?id.

next - 1. mazi, say. We're coming next month. Žad nžiw š-šher ž-žay. --Next time do it right. l-merra ž-žayya dirha mṣeqqma. 2. tabe£. Who's next? škun lli tabe£?
3. men be£d. What shall I do next? aš xessni ne£mel men be£d?

next to - geddam, hda, b-ženb.

Sit down next to me. gles qeddami.

-They live next to the church.

ka~iseknu hda le-knisiya.

the next day - lla-jedda. The next day he got sick. lla-jedda tah mrid.

nice - 1. mlih pl. mlah, mezyan. She wears nice clothes. ka-telbes hwayež mezyanin. 2. ltiyyef, driyyef. He was very nice to us. kan driyyef meana bezzaf.

**Did you have a nice time? tsell:ti mEa rasek?

nickname – lagab pl. ?algab.

niece = 1. (brother's daughter) bent
l-xa. 2. (sister's daughter) bent
l-xet.

night - 1. lila pl. -t, lyali. I stayed there only one night. bqit temma gir lila wehda. 2. lil. The night was quiet. l-lil kan hade?.
nights - fe-l-lil. He works

nights. $ka-ixdem \ fe-l-lil.$ last night - 1. l-bareh fe-l-lil. We had unexpected company last night. l-bareh fe-l-lil žaw Eendna ši-dyaf Ela gefla. 2. l-bareh. Did you sleep well last night? nEesti mezyan l-bareh?

tomorrow night - gedda fe-l-lil. night watchman - biyyat pl. -a. nine - tesEud.

nineteen − tse£taš.

ninety - tes£in.

ninth - 1. (ordinal) $tase \varepsilon$. 2. (fraction) tusu£ pl. -at, tsa£.

no - la, lla. Do you always have to say no? was lazem dima tqul lla? **No smoking! memnuE t-tedxin!

nohody - hetta wahed, hetta hedd. Nobody may leave this room. hetta wahed ma-ixrož men had l-bit. -- Nobody saw him. ma-šafu hetta hedd. noise - $sda \in pl$. -at.

noisy - (lli) fih ş-şḍa€, (lli) fih l-haraž, mhurež. That's a noisy hadak l-mekteb fih s-sdaE. office. --What a noisy boy! Ela weld u-ma mhurež.

none - hetta wahed, u-tqul \(\si\)-wahed. None of my friends would help me. u-tqul ši-wahed men shabi bga *iEawenni*. --None of the women knew anything about it. hetta wehda men le-Eyalat ma-kanet Earfa ši-haža Ela dak š-ši.

**That's none of your business. dak š-šī ma-ši şuqek.

nonsense - txerdil, klam fareg, klam xazori.

noodles - fdaweš (pl.), šeEriya. noon - gda, dhur. The weather cleared up some around noon. l-žuw tșeffa šwiya fe-žwayeh le-įda.

nor - wala. This shop-keeper has neither goods nor money left. mul l-hanut ma-bga-lu la-sel€a wala flus.

normal - Eadi.

normally - $fe-l-\epsilon ada$.

north - šamal. Rabat is north of Casablanca. r-rbat žat f-šamal d-dar l-bida.

northern - šamalı. The northern part of the island was flooded. ž-žiha š-šamaliya de-l-žazira kan fayed \mathcal{E} liha l-ma.

nose - nif pl. nyaf, menxar pl. mnaxer.

nosebleed – tfenžira pl. –t. not - 1. ma, ma-...-š. I didn't see

him yesterday. ma-šeftu-š l-bareh. --He still hasn't done his work.

ma-zal ma-dar l-xedma dyalu. 2. ma-ši. This house isn't good. had d-dar ma-ši mezyana.

note - 1. teElig pl. taEalig, mulahada pl. -t. Look at the note at the bottom of the page. Suf l-mulahada lli l-teht fe-l-werga. 2. $\S hada$ pl. -t. He gave me a note for what he still owes me. Etani šhada b-dak š-ši lli ma-zal ka-nsalu.

to take note of - lahed, dda iddi l-bal l-. Haven't vou taken note of that? ma-lahedti-š dak š-ši? to note - redd l-bal l-, šaf išuf. Note the difference between the two. šuf l-ferg binathom b-žuž. notehook - konnaš pl. knaneš.

nothing - walu, hetta haža. There's nothing more for me to do here. ma-bga Eendi walu ma ndir hna.

nothing but - ma ... gir. They got nothing but bread and water. ma-wselhom gir l-xobz u-l-ma.

to notify - Elem, suwweg le-xbar l-. November - nuwambir, nuwanbir. now - daba. I have to leave now.

xeşşni nemši daba. -- Are you satisfied now? Ela xatrek daba? now and then - saka saka. I hear from him now and then. ka-yewselni

ši-xbar men Eendu saEa saEa.

by now - f-had s-sa&a hadi. He really ought to be here by now. f-had s-saEa hadi rah kan lazmu ikun hna.

from now on - men daba l-fuq. From now on, I'll be more careful. men daba l-fuq gad nebda nredd bali šwiya kter.

just now - Ead daba. I talked to him just now. Ead daba thellemt mEah.

up to now - hetta l-daba. hadn't noticed it until now. Eemmri ma-ddit-lha l-gaya hetta l-daba. nowadays - had l-iyamat.

nude - Eeryan.

nuisance - musiba pl. -t, msayeb. The flies are a real nuisance this summer. d-debban musiba had s-sif. numh - žamed. My fingers are numb with cold. şeb€ani žamdin be-l-berd. number - nemra pl. -t, nmari.

to number - nemmer.

nurse - 1. fermliya pl. -t. This nurse works in the hospital that's near our house. had l-fermliva ka-texdem fe-s-sbitar lli grib men darna. 2. murebbiya pl. -t. The children are in the park with the

nurse. d-drari rahom fe-l- ξe rsa m ξa l-murebbiya.

to nurse - 1. qabel. She nursed him back to health. qablettu hetta režet-lu sehhtu. 2. reddee. Does she nurse the baby herself? was hiya lli ka-treddee t-terbya?

nut - 1. guza pl. -t coll. guz; gergaea pl. -t coll. gergae. He's not allowed to eat nuts. qatein

Elih makelt l-guz. 2. wšek pl. wšak. This nut doesn't fit the bolt. had le-wšek ma-ža-š qedd l-luleb.

**He's nuts. xaşşu bulun.
to go nuts - xrez-lu le-Eqel.
If this keeps up, 1'll go nuts.
had š-ši ila zad tal, gad ixrož-li
le-Eqel.

Ñ

oak - šežra de-l-bellut pl. šežrat de-l-bellut, šžar de-l-bellut. oar - meqdaf pl. mqadef. oats - xortal. obedience - $ta \mathcal{E}a$, $tu \mathcal{E}$. obedient - $muti \in$, $tay \in \mathcal{E}$. to obey - tak itik, ttesmek l-. object - 1. haža pl. hwayež. He was struck on the head with a heavy object. derbuh f-rasu b-ši-haža tqıla. 2. qeşd pl. qşud. What's the object of that? snu huwa l-qesd dyal dak š-ši? 3. murad pl. -at. What do you suppose is his object in doing that? *S-ka-ddenn imken ikun muradu men dak 8-8i lli Emel?

to object to - Eared.

objection - musarada pl. -t; manis.

He raised no objection. ma-smel hetta musarada. --Do you have any objections? Sendek &i-manis?

obligation - wasib pl. -at.

observation - 1. teqliba pl. -t coll.

teglab. He was taken to the hospital for observation. ddaweh le-s-sbitar bas iduwwzuh fe-t-teglab. 2. mulahada pl. -t. What did you gather from his observations? Snu fhemti men

l-mulahadat dyalu?

to observe - 1. lahed. Did you observe how she reacted? was lahedti kif-aš Eemlet? 2. tebbeE. Everybody must observe these rules. koll-ši ka-ixessu itebbeE had l-qawanin. 3. raEa. What holidays do you observe? S-men Eyad ka-traEiw?

obstinate - (lli) rasu qaseh. She's very obstinate. rasha qaseh bezzaf.

occupation - 1. xedma pl. -t; sen ϵa pl. -t, sna ϵi , snaye ϵ . What's

your occupation? Snu hiya sneetek?
2. htilal pl. -at. Where were you during the occupation? fayn kontif-wegt le-htilal?

to occupy - 1. htell. Later on the Americans occupied the town. men beed l-mirikan htellu le-mdina.

2. sken f-. The house hasn't been occupied for years. snin hadi ma-sken hedd f-had d-dar. 3. dda iddi, xda yaxod. School occupies all of my time. l-medrasa ka-taxod-li weqti kollu. --Is this seat occupied? waš had l-korsi muxud?

to occur - wqeE, hdet. When did the accident occur? fuq-as weqEet l-hadita?

**The name occurs twice in this chapter. l- 9ism mežbud žuž de-l-merrat f-had l-fesl. —It just didn't occur to me. ma-tahet-li- 5 f-bali u-kan. —That would never have occurred to me. $\mathcal{E}emmer$ ha ma-kanet džini l-l-bal.

ocean - bher pl. bhur, muhit pl. -at.
o'clock - fe-l-magana. The train
leaves at seven (o'clock). l-qitar
ka-ixrož fe-s-seb&a (fe-l-magana).
October - ktuber.

oculist - tbib de-l-Eeynin.
odd - 1. f-ši-škel. He's an odd
person. huwa ražel f-ši-škel.
--His behavior struck me as being
odd. dak š-ši lli kan ka-ye£mel
žani f-ši-škel. 2. ferda pl. fradi.
Have you seen an odd glove anywhere?
waš šefti ši-ferda de-s-sebba£at
f-ši-maḥell? 3. ferdi. Pick an
odd number. xtar ši-nemra ferdiya.

odds and ends - hwiyžat, tfitfat.

1 still have some odds and ends to take care of. ma-zal Eendi
ši-hwiyžat xessni nkemmelhom.

of - I. d-, dyal. He's the manager of a big firm. huwa mudir d-wahed š-šarika kbira. --It still tastes of it. ma-zal fih t-tiba dyal dak š-ši. --The sleeves of my coat are wider. le-kmam d-kebbuti Eridin. --Who's the driver of that car? škun huwa s-suwwag dyal dak t-tumubil? 2. men. The watch is made of gold. l-magana msuwwba men d-dheb. -- She's afraid of him. ka-txaf mennu. -- Nothing came of it. ma-tel€et mennha hetta haža. -He's one of us, huwa wahed mennna. 3. f-. I often think of her. ka-nfekker fiha shal men merra. -- We lost half of our money. diyyeEna n-ness f-flusna. -He's very tall compared to the other children of his age. huma twil bezzaf be-n-nesba le-d-drari le-xrin f-sennu. --What does that remind you of? f-aš ka-ifekkrek dak š-ši? 4. b-. His father died of a heart attack. bbah mat b-sekta gelbiya. -- Can you take care of it? was imken-lek ttkellef biha? -- I've never heard of him. Eemmri ma-smeEt bih. --What is he accused of? b-as methum? 5. (Often translated by the construct state.) And now we're going to enter the gates of the city. u-daba gad ndexlu Ela biban le-mdina.

**What became of them? \$nu \$ra-lhom? --It's five of eight. hadi t-tmenya gir qsem. --It's a quarter of eight. hadi t-tmenya

llareb.

off - men. The ship anchored three kilometers off shore. l-baxira weafet si-tlata de-l-kilumitrat men š-šett. --He knocked the bottle off the table. tiyyeh l-qeréa men t-tabla. --The color came off these gloves. had s-sebbaéat mša mennhom lunhom.

**She works off and on. merra ha-hiya xeddama, merra ha-hiya galsa. —June is still three months off. yunyu ma-zal-lu telt šhur. —They're very well off. la-bas &lihom or huma mxuuw&in m&a rashom. —Our maid is off today. l-met&ellma mriyyha l-yum. —The power is off. tteqte&d-duw. —This item has been off the market for a year. had s-sel&a hadi &am ma-&awed dehret fe-s-suq. —I'm going to have a week off soon. gad n&ettel žem&a man daba šwiya.

--The post office isn't far off. l-busta ma-b&ida-& bezzaf.

to offend - žreh, tiyyru-lu. I hope I haven't offended you. ka-ntmenna ma-nkun-š tiyyertu-lek.

offer - Eerd pl. Eradi. He made me a good offer. qeddem-li Eerd mezyan.

to offer - qeddem l-, Ered Ela. He was offered an excellent position. Eerdu Elih mertaba mezyana.

office - 1. mektab pl. mkateb. You can see me in my office. imken-lek tšufni fe-l-mekteb dyali.

2. ?idara pl. -t; biru pl. -wat.

The offices close at five o'clock. l-?idarat ka-išeddu fe-l-xemsa.

**The whole office was invited.

kanu meErudin l-muweddafin kollhom.

officer - dabet pl. dobbat. He was
an officer during the war. kan
dabet f-weqt l-herb.

official - resmi. He paid me an official visit. sarni syara resmiya.

often - bezzaf. Do you see him often? was ka-tsufu bezzaf?
how often - shal men merra. How often do you go to the movies?
shal men merra ka-temsi le-s-sinima?

oil = sit pl. syut. to oil = siyyet.

ointment - dehna pl. -t.

O.K. - 1. waxxa. O.K., I'll come tomorrow. waxxa, daba nži ģedda.
2. muwafaqa pl. -t. I need his O.K. xeşşni l-muwafaqa dyalu.
3. f-?aman llah. Everything is O.K. now. koll-ši f-?aman llah daba.

**I'll go along if it's O.K. with you. nemši m£akom ila ža £la

xaterkom.

to O.K. - wafeq Ela. He has to O.K. it first. xessu iwafeq Eliha beEda.

okra - mluxiyya.

old - 1. qdim pl. qdam. Is this an old model? was hada skel qdim?
2. bali. I've given away all my clothes. hwayži l-balyin seddeqthom. 3. kbir pl. kbar. She is older than her brother. hiya kber men xaha.

**How old are you? *hal
f-Eemrek? or *hal Eendek men Eam?
--He's as old as the hills.
ka-yeEqel Ela *zedd n-nmel. --That
boy has an old head on his shoulder.
dak l-weld Eendu r-ras.

to get old - šref. He's begun to

get old. bda išref. old man - Eguz pl. Egayez. old woman - Eguza pl. Egayez. oleander - defla. to omit - heyyed, hdef, zuwwel. on - 1. ℓla , fug. Put this on the table. nezzel had š-ši fuq t-tabla. 2. ξ la. It's a book on animals, hada ktab Eel l-hayawanat. --This is on me. hadi Eliya. 3. b-. Do you sell on credit? ka-tbi & be-t-telq? 4. f-. He's on vacation now. $fe-l-\mathcal{E}otla\ daba$. --On what day? $fe-\check{s}-men\ nhar?$ --Who's on the team? škun fe-l-ferga? -- I live on Mohamed V Avenue. ka-neskon f-šari ε muhemmed l-xamis. there anything interesting on the radio? kayna ši-haža muhimma fe-l- $ida \xi a$? 5. ξla , f-. What are your ideas on this subject? šni hiya ?afkarek f-had l-muduE? 6. men. What do they live on? mn-aš $ka-i \in i \check{s}u$? 7. $me\check{s}\in ul$. Is the light on? waš d-duw meš Eul? **Are you open on Friday? waš ka-thell nhar ž-žemEa? -- I got this on good authority. had š-ši smeEtu men mesder shih. --The house is on fire. d-dar ša&la fiha $l-\mathcal{E}afya$. --The race is already on. le-msabga bdat be€da. --What's on for tonight? šnu huwa l-bernamež l-yum fe-l-lil? --When do you start on your trip? fuq-aš gad tsafer? on and on - bla hsur, bla wquf. That woman talks on and on. dak le-mra ka-tehder bla wquf. once - 1. merra (wehda), xetra (wehda). I've seen him only once. šeftu ģir merra wehda. —He feeds the dog once a day. ka-iwekkel l-kelb merra fe-n-nhar. 2. hadi šhal. This was once the business section. hadi šhal had l-mahell kan huwa l-heyy t-tižari. once hefore - men qbel, ši-merra men qbel. I've been here once before. kont žit lle-hna ši-merra men abel. once in a while - merra fe-xta. Once in a while I like to take a long trip. ka-yeEžebni merra fe-xta ne∈mel ši-sefra twila. once more - Eawed, merra xra. at once - 1. f-merra. Everything happened at once. koll-ši wqeE f-merra. 2. daba, fe-l-hin. Give it to me at once! Etih-li

fe-l-hin!

one - 1. wahed f. wehda pl. wehdin. One of us can buy the tickets. wahed fina imken-lu igetteE le-wraq. -I have only one question. ma-Eendi gir su?al wahed. 2. l-wahed, bradem. can never know. l-wahed Eemmru ma-iqder yeEref. 3. l-wehda. It's almost one (o'clock). Elayen l-wehda. **That's a tough one! hadak wahed men duk s-sEab. ---I prefer the expensive one. nfeddel l-gali fihom. --You're a fine one! walayenni f-ši-škel nta! one at a time - wahed b-wahed f. wehda b-wehda. one of these days - ši-nhar. I'll see him one of these days. daba nšufu ši-nhar. that one - hadak f. hadik pl. haduk. this one - hada f. hadi pl. hadu. onion - besla pl. -t coll. bsel. only - 1. b-wehdu. Am I the only woman here? waš ana b-wehdi lli mra hna? 2. be-l-hegg. I was going to buy it, only he wouldn't let me. kont gad nešrih be-l-heqq ma-xellani-š. 3. ģir. If you could only help me! kun gir mken-lek tEawenni! 4. gir, ma-Eada. This is only for you. had š-ši ģir lilek b-wehdek. --We have only two left. ma-bqaw-lna ma-Eada žuž. 5. gir yallah. I got here only a moment ago. yallah hadi ši-šwiya baš wselt. **He's our only child. huwa l-weld lli Eendna. --She's not only pretty but she's also intelligent. ma-Eendha-š ģir z-zīn, zayda Elīh hetta d-daka. open - 1. mehlul, meftuh. He must have come in through the open window. ma-ikun dxel illa men š-šeržem l-mehlul. 2. waqef, metruh. That's still an open had s-su?al ma-zal question. metruh. 3. mužud. Is the job still open? waš dik l-xedma ma-zala mužuda? 4. hall. They're open from nine to six. huma hallin men t-tesEud le-s-setta. 5. meftuq. The seam is open. l-hašya meftuqa. **We're open all day Sunday. ka-nhellu nhar l-hedd kollu. --Why don't you come out in the open and say it? Elaš ma-tqulha-š b-taytay?

--He's always open to reasonable

suggestions. huwa dima ka-ihell

wednih l-le-qtirahat l-meEqula.

to open - 1. hell, fteh. Open
the door please. hell l-bab Eafak.
2. bda ibda. When does the season
open? fuq-aš ġad tebda l-menzla?
3. tthell. The door opens easily
now. l-bab ka-tthell deġya deġya
daba.

to open onto - tell Ela, tellel Ela. Our bedroom opens onto the garden. bit n-nEas dyalna ka-itelle! Eel l-Eersa.

to open wide - terres. Open the windows wide! terres š-šražem! opening - 1. teqba pl. tqabi. The

opening isn't big enough. t-teqba
ma-kafya-š. 2. ftitah Were you at
the opening of the exhibition? was
konti f-le-ftitah de-l-meErid?
3. mudeE xawya pl. mwadeE xawyın.
We'll call you as soon as we have
an opening. gir tkun Eendna mudeE
xawya nEeyytu-lek.

to operate - 1. šeqq, Emel Eamaliya (žirahiya), fteh. The doctor says he'll have to operate. t-tbib qal-lek lazem yeEmel Eamaliya žirahiya. 2. xeddem, mešša. How do you operate this machine? kif-aš ka-txeddem had l-makina?

to operate on - fteh l-, šeqq l-, Emel Eamaliya (žirahiya) l-. The doctor says he'll have to operate on her. t-tbib qal-lek lazem ifteh-lha.

operation - 1. fetha pl. -t, Eamaliya pl. -t. That's her third operation. hadi l-fetha dyalha t-talta.

2. deqqa pl. -t. One machine does the whole process in a single operation. makina wehda ka-teEmel koll-ši f-deqqa wehda. 3. xedma. This line was only recently put into operation. had l-xett Ead qrib hadi baš daruh l-l-xedma.

opinion - 1. nadar, nadariya. In my opinion it was a waste of time. f-nadari dak š-ši kan tedyi€.
l-weqt u-xlas. --I'm of another opinion. ∈endi nadariya xra.
2. nasiha pl. -t, nasa²ih. We'll have to get the opinion of an expert. ġad txessna naxdu nasiht

ši-wahed meellem.

opponent - mdadd pl. -in, xsim pl.

xosman.

opportunity - 1. fursa pl. -t, furas.
When will you have an opportunity
to see him? fug-as gad tkun
Eendek \$i-fursa bas tsufu?
2. munasaba pl. -t. This is a big

opportunity for you. hadi
munasaba Eendek ha?ila.

opposite - 1. Eeks. That's just the
opposite of what I meant. dak š-ši
tamam Eeks ma bgit ngul. 2. axor f.
\$\hat{x}\$ra pl. \$\hat{x}\$rin. He came from the
opposite direction. \$\hat{z}\$a men \$\hat{z}-\hat{z}\$iha
le-\$\hat{x}\$ra. 3. qbalt. We live opposite
the library. ka-nseknu qbalt l-mekta:

opposition - mucarada pl. -t, muqawama pl. -t. He's joined the opposition. dxel fe-l-mucarada. --The proposal met with unexpected opposition. le-qtirah ber mucarada hetta wahed ma-kan nawi biha.

or - wla, wella, aw. He's coming today or tomorrow. ġa-iži l-yum wella ġedda.

**Hurry up or you'll be late.

*!leq rasek la-inši Elik l-hal.

*either ... or - ?imma ... ?imma,

?imma ... wella. I'll come either

today or tomorrow. daba nži ?imma

l-yum ?imma ġedda.

Oran - wehran. native of Oran - wihrani, wehrani adj. pl. -yen, n. pl. hel wehran.
orange - 1. limuna pl. -t coll. limun; letšina pl. -t coll. letšin. much are the oranges? be-shal l-letšin? 2. renži. She bought an orange dress. šrat keswa renži. orchard - Eersa pl. -t. Erasi. orchestra - 1. žewą pl. žwag. Our orchestra is giving twelve concerts this summer. l-žewą dyalna żad yeEmel tnašer hefla had s-sif. 2. sefli pl. sfali. Are there any seats left in the orchestra? ma-zalin ši-mwade Exampin fe-s-sefli? order - 1. ?amr pl. ?awamir. Is this a request or an order? was hada talab wella ?amr? -- I'm just following orders. ma-ana gir mtebbe $\in l^{-9}$ awamir. 2. talab pl. They gave me an order for -at. twelve dozen eggs. Eemlu-li talab Ela tnaš-el zina de-l-bid. 3. nidam. Order was quickly restored. deżya ržeć n-nidam. 4. tertib. Please put these papers back in their proper order. Eafak režžeč had le-wraq fe-t-tertib lli kanu fih. 5. gtar pl. gotran. Three orders of fish please. tlata de-l-gotran de-l-hut men fedlek. **Line up in order of height. trettbu Ela hsab tulkom. --I disposed of it in short order. fedditha f-remša de-l-Eeyn.

in order - 1. f-mahellu.

remark is quite in order.

l-mulahada dyalek žat f-mahellha.

mneddem. His papers are in order. le-wraq dyalu mneddmin.

in order to - bas. I've come from Fez in order to see you. žit

men fas baš nšufek.

to be out of order - 1. xser.
The fan is out of order. r-ruwaha
xasra. 2. fsed n-nidam. You're
out of order. rak fased n-nidam.

to put in order - neddem, Eewwet, retteb. I've put everything in order. rani neddemt koll-ši.

to order - 1. ?amer. Who ordered you to do this? *\$kun lli ?amrek teemel had \$-\$i? 2. tleb, &eyyet &la. Order the taxi for six o'clock. &eyyet &el t-taksi le-s-setta.

This is not what I ordered. had \$-\$i ma-\$i huwa lli tlebt.

to order around - thekkem f-, Eebba u-žab f-. Stop ordering me around. baraka u-ma nta tEebbi u-džib fiya.

ordinary - Eadi, meţluq. He's just an ordinary craftsman. huwa gir şnayEi Eadi.

out of the ordinary - xareq l-Eada. His competence is quite out of the ordinary. l-qabiliya dyalu xareq l-Eada bezzaf.

ore - meEden pl. mEaden, maEadin. to organize - nedden, Eewwet. The whole thing was poorly organized. §-§i kollu kan mneddem men 9aflas ma ikun.

**I'll have to get my work better organized. ka-ixeşşni nzid nneddem xdemti šwiya. --We'll call you up as soon as we get ourselves organized. gir nneddem ryuşna nderbu-lek t-tilifun.

original - 1. *esli. The original of this picture doesn't exist any more. t-teswira l-*esliya Ela-*s muxuda. hadi ma-bqat-*s mu*zuda. 2. luwwel. The original plan was altogether different. l-me*sru£ l-luwwel kan fe-*skel axor tamamen.

originally - fe-l-luwwel. orphan - itim pl. itama.

other - axor f. xra pl. xrin. How
do I get to the other side of the
river? kif-aš nduz le-ž-žiha le-xra
de-l-wad? --Do you have any other
books? waš Eendek ši-ktuba
xrin?

**I can't tell one from the other.

ma-ka-ne@ref-s hada men hadak.

--Do you see each other every day?

was ka-ttsawfu koll nhar? --They have to help each other. xesshom it awnu. --The meetings are held every other Sunday. le-stima at ka-ikunu hedd iyeh u-hedd la. --They have nothing to do with each other. ma-binathom walu. --I saw your friend the other day. seft sahbek dak n-nhar.

ought - xess. You ought to tell him. xessek tqulha-lu. --He ought to have written to us. kan xessu ikteb-lna. --You ought to be ashamed of yourself. xessek tehfer hefra u-tterma fiha.

ounce - ness wqiya.

out - 1. medfi, dafi. The lights are out. le-dwaw medfiyin. 2. xarez. They were out when we called them. kanu xaržin melli drebna-lhom t-tilifun.

**The raise is definitely out.
z-zyada ma-bqat ka-ittesmeć čliha
hess tamamen. --We send our laundry
out. ka-ndefću le-hwayež dyalna
itsebbnu čla berra. --The new edition isn't out yet. ma-zala
ma-xeržet t-tebća ž-ždida. --I've
added it twice and I'm still out
three dirhams. hadi t-tanya men
merra w-ana ka-nžmeć le-hsab
u-ma-zal xassani tlata de-d-drahem.
--She's only out for a good time.
ma-ćeyniha ģir f-le-mlahya.
--You're an out and out liar. nta
keddab ma-f-wežh-ek h-ya.

out of - men. He came out of the house. xrež men d-dar. --I did it out of pity. Emeltha men le-mhenna.

**We're out of this brand.

tqadat-lna had l-Eeyna. --It's too cold to sit out of doors. l-hal

bared bezzaf Eel le-glas Ela berra.

to outgrow - kber Ela. The children have outgrown their clothes.

d-drari kebru Ela hwayežhom.

outlet - mešreb pl. mšareb. The lake has two outlets. d-daya Eendha žuž d-le-mšareb.

**Children must have some outlet for their energies. d-drari la-bodda-lhom men ši-kifiya baš ižahdu.

outline - 1. xett pl. xtut. We could see the outlines of the mountains in spite of the mist. waxxa kanet d-dbaba konna ka-nšufu xtut ž-žbal.

2. mulexxas pl. -at. Have you made an outline of what you're going to say yet? ktebti bečda ši-mulexxas d-dak š-ši lli gad tqul wella ma-aal?

outrageous - dalem, met Eedd:
outside - 1. berra. It's cold outside. kayen l-berd berra. 2. xarež
Ela. He lives outside the city.
ka-iskon xarež Eel le-mdina.
3. xariz. The house looks very
pretty from the outside d-dar
ka-tban mezyana bezzaf men l-xariž.

**I wouldn't trust anyone here outside of you. ma-ne{mel t-tiqa hetta f-ši-wahed men girek hna.

oven - ferran pl. -at, fraren.
over - 1. fuq. Your jacket is hanging
over the chair. kebbutek meelleq
fuq š-šelya. --His office is located over mine. l-mekteb dyalu ža
fuq dyali. 2. Ela. Don't pull the
cover over your head. ma-džbed-š
le-gta Ela rasek.

**When is the show over? fuq-as gad ifeddi l-hefla. --Is it over three kilometers? was zayed Ela tlata de-l-kilumitrat? --The lecture was over my head. l-muhadara kanet Ealya Eliya bezzaf. --I've looked all over gellebt f-koll mudee or ma-xellit fayn ma-qellebt. --She blushed all over hmaret men rasha hetta l-režliha.

over and over again - merra Ela xetha. He asked the same question over and over again. nefs s-su?al Etah u-Eawdu merra Ela xetha.

to get over - nsa insa. He certainly got over his wife's death quickly. degya degya nsa mut mratu.

to go over - 1. mša imši. I'm going over to his house for an hour or so gad nemši ndumwez Eendu ši-sa£a fe-d-dar. 2. nžeh. Do you think my play will go over? waš ka-ddenn t-temtiliya dyali ga-tenžeh? 3. ražeć. Let's go over the details once more yallah Eawed nražeu t-tafaşil.

overcoat - baltu pl. -yat.

to overcome - tgelleb Ela. She had many difficulties to overcome. kanu Eendha Eadad de-ş-şuEubat ka-ıxeşsha

ttgelleb €lihom.

to overdo - ketter men. I'm allowed to play tennis as long as I don't overdo it. mesmuh-li neleeb t-tinis ila ma-kettert-* mennu bezzaf.

**He always overdoes it. dima ka-ibales.

overnight - f-lila, degya deģya. He got rich overnight ržeć tažer f-lila.

to stay overnight - bat ibat, duwwez l-lil. I intend to stay there overnight meewwel gad nduwwez l-lil temma.

oversight = nesya pl = -t, shu. That
must have been an oversight. hada
ma-huwa gir shu.

to oversleep - xmer be-n-n£as, ţal ıtul fe-n-n£as.

to owe - (the creditor is the subject and the debtor the object of the verb sal isal) How much do I owe you? *hal ka-tsalni? --You owe me five dirhams ka-nsalek xemsa de-d-drahem.

**She owes everything to him. dak &-&: ll: Eendha kollu b-fedlu huwa.

owl - muka pl. -t.

own - (additional personal pronoun for emphasis) Are these your own things? waš had le-hwayež dyalek nta?

**Can I have a room of my own?
was imken-li ikun Eendi bit liya
wehdi? —Then I'll do it on my own
hook. Ela had l-qibal gad ndebber
l-rasi.

on one's own - qadd b-rasu, qayem b-rasu. He's been on his own ever since he was sixteen. melli kanet cendu settaš-el cam u-huwa qayem b-rasu

to own - mlek, ksab. Who owns this property? Skun lli malek had l-gerd?

owner - mul pl. mwalin. ox - tur pl. tiran.

oyster - mehhara pl. -t coll. mehhar.

p

pace - mši. I can't keep pace with him ma-ka-negder-š ntgadd m£ah f-le-mši.

to set the pace - mešša. He sets the pace. huwa lli ka-imešši.

to pace up and down - $t le \in u-hbet$,

mša u-ža. He paced up and down the room. kan fe-l-bit taleć habet.

Pacific (Ocean) - l-muhit l-hadi.

pack - 1. hezma pl. -t, hzami. The donkeys were loaded down with heavy packs. Eemlu hezmat taila l-le-hmir

pack of cards - karta pl. -t, kwaret. Where is the new pack of cards? fayn l-karta ž-ždida?

to pack - 1. Zme£. Have you packed your trunk yet? Zme£ti šaneṭtek wella ma-zal? --My things are all packed. hwayži mežmu£in. 2. šedd. These dates were packed in Iraq. had t-tmer mešdud fe-l-£iraq.
3. regged. This fish is packed in oil. had l-hut mregged fe-z-zit.
4. dhes. The station was packed this morning. le-mheṭṭa kanet medhusa had s-sbah.

to pack in - ddahes. We were packed in like sardines. konna meddahsin bhal l-hut.

to pack into - Eerrem. They shouldn't pack us into the train this way. ma-Eendha meEna iEerrmuna fe-l-maSina hakda.

to pack up - žmeć qžaqlu. He packed up his things and left. žmeć qžaqlu u-mša.

package - 1. resma pl. -t, rsem, rsami. The mailman brought a package for you. l-ferraq sab-lek wahed r-resma. 2. xensa pl. -t, xnasi. Do you sell the coffee loose or in packages? ka-tbi&u l-qehwa mehlula aw f-le-xnasi?

page - sefha pl. -t. The book is two hundred pages long. le-ktab fih myatayn sefha.

pail - stel pl. stula. Get a pail of water! hezz stel de-l-ma.

pain - hriq, wžeξ. 1 feel a sharp pain in my back. biya hriq kbir f-dehri.

to take pains - teeddeb, tmerret.

She takes great pains with her work.

ka-teeddeb bezzaf fe-xdemtha.

painful - 1. (lli) ka-iqesseh. Was
the operation very painful? was
l-Eamaliya kanet ka-tqesseh?
2. (lli) ka-iqettee l-qelb,(lli)
ka-iqellem. It's painful to watch
him. s-sufa fih ka-tqettee l-qelb.

painfully = b-tamara, be-d-dree. Our
progress was painfully slow. konna
yallah ka-nkehzu b-tamara.

paint = sbaġa pl. -t, sbayeġ. The
paint is still wet. s-sbaġa ma-zala
xedra.

to paint - 1. sbeg. They painted their house white. sebgu darhom

bida. 2. rsem. She paints in oil. ka-tersem be-z-zit.

painter - 1. ressam pl. -a. He's a famous painter. ressam me\u00e4hur hadak.
2. \u00e3ebba\u00e3 \u00e3 \u00e3 \u00e3 \u00e3 \u00e3 \u00e4 \u00e4 \u00e4 \u00e3 \u00e4 \u00e4

painting - resm. That's a beautiful painting. resm mezyan hadak.

pair - zuža pl. -t, zwež. I bought
myself a pair of gloves. šrit
l-rasi zuža de-s-sebbećat.

pair of scissors - mqess, pl. mqusa.

palace - qser pl. qsura.
pale - 1. sfer. Did you notice his
pale complexion? Sefti lunu kif
sfer? 2. meftuh. It's a pale blue.

zreq meftuh.

to turn pale - sfar, ržeć sfer.

When he heard that, he turned pale.

mnayn smet dak š-ši ržet sfer. Palestine - filestin.

Palestinian - filestini.

palm - 1. nexla pl. -t coll. nxel.
These palms grow as high as thirty meters. had n-nxel ka-yusel hetta le-tlatin miter d-le-Elu. 2. keff l-idd pl. kfuf l-iddin. My palm is all calloused. keff iddi kollu hreš.

to palm off - zree. He palmed off his old books on me. zree-li duk le-ktuba l-balyen dyalu.

pan - meqla pl. mgali. Did you wash

the pots and pans too? gselti hetta t-tnažer u-le-mgali? pane - zaža pl. -t coll. zaž. panic - recba pl. -t.

to pant - lhet. He came panting up
the stairs. tlee fe-d-druž ka-ilhet.
pantry - bit l-ewla pl. byut l-ewla.
pants - serwal pl. srawel. I have to
have my pants pressed. ka-ixessni

neɛti serwali ithedded.

paper - 1. kaġiṭ pl. kwaġeṭ. Do you
have a sheet of paper? £endek
ši-werqa de-l-kaġiṭ? 2. werqa pl.
-t, wraq. Some important papers
are missing. ši-wraq muhimma kaixeṣṣu. 3. žarida pl. -t, žaṛa²id.
lhere is today's paper? fayn
l-žarida de-l-yum²

paperweight - qebbata pl. -t. parachute - mdell pl. mdula. parade - $sti \in rad$ pl. -at.

paradise - ženna pl. -t. paragraph - fegra pl. -t.

parallel = 1. xett metsawi pl. xtut
metsawyen. Draw a parallel to this

line. setter xett metsawı mea hada. 2. metsawi. The road runs parallel to the river. t-triq masya metsawya mea l-wad.

paralysis - btel, zhef.

to paralyze - 1. ressem, bettel, qeééed. She's been paralyzed ever since she's had that stroke. men lli neslet éliha dak l-madda u-hiya mrezzma. 2. hser, weqqef. Traffic was completely paralyzed. ttehser d-dwas u-r-ržué tamamen.

to be paralyzed - rsem, tqeEEed. I was paralyzed with fear. rsemt be-l-xewf.

parasol - mdell pl. mdula.

parcel - resma pl. rsem, rsami. You forgot your parcels. rak nsiti rsamik.

parcel post - resma baridiya, hesma baridiya. I'm sending it by parcel post. r-ana msifetha-lek f-hesma baridiya.

parcel-post window = mahell l-hezmat
 l-baridiya. Where is the parcelpost window? fayn mahell l-hezmat
 l-baridiya?

pardon - smaha pl. -t. He was refused a pardon. ma-ttgeblet-\$i smahtu.

**I beg your pardon. sme h-li a sidi.

to pardon - 1. smeh, Efa yeEfi. The president pardoned him at the last moment. r-ra? is Efah f-?axir saEa. 2. smeh. Pardon me! What time is it, please? smeh-li b-le-fdel menneh, šhal hadi fe-s-saEa?

to pare - qeššer. Shall I pare an apple for you? nqeššer-lek ši-teffaha?

parents = waldin, (waldi- before possessive pronoun endings).

Paris - bariz.

park - Eersa pl. -t, Erasi.

to park - hser, weggef. You can park your car here. imken-lek tweggef siyartek hnaya.

parlor - salun pl. -at.

parrot - babgiyu pl. babgiyat.

parsley - mEednus.

part - terf pl. traf. This little
 screw is a very important part of
 the machine. had l-lwileb terf
 muhimm bezzaf f-had l-makina.

parts - žwaych. I haven't traveled much in these parts.
ma-safert-ši bezzaf f-had ž-žwayeh.

for my part, for your part, etc.
men žihti, men žihtek, etc. I for my
part have no objection. men žihti
ana ma-fendi manif.

for the most part - ktir-ši.
in part - ši-šwiya. I agree with
you in part. ana mettafeq m£ak
ši-šwiya.

part of the country - žiha d-le-blad pl. žwayeh d-le-blad. What part of the country do you come from? mnayna žiha d-le-blad nta?

spare part - terf htiyati pl.
traf htiyatiya. Can you get spare
parts for your car? imken-lek
thessel Ela traf htiyatiya
siyartek?

to take part - šarek. Are you going to take part in the discussion? gadi tšarek fe-l-munagaša?

to take someone's part - xda yaxod rhebt ši-wahed. He always takes his brother's part. dima ka-yaxod rhebt xah.

to part - ttefreq. They parted as friends. ttferqu shab.

to part one's hair - qşem δεξτα, freq δεξτα. He parts his hair on the left side. ha-ifreq δεξτα ξεl l-işer.

to part with - tleq men. I wouldn't part with that book for any price. ma-ntleq-si men dak le-ktab b-?eyy taman.

partial - (lli) ka-ifreq, (lli) ka-yeEmel l-ferz, (lli) ka-yeEmel l-wežhiyat. He tries not to be partial. ka-iḥawel ma-yeEmel-šil-wežhiyat.

to be partial to - feddel. He's always been partial to his youngest daughter. dima kan ka-ifeddel bentu s-sgira.

partially - ši-šwiya. You're partially right. meak l-heqq ši-šwiya.

particle = hebba pl. -t, hbub. There
is not a particle of truth in that
story. hebba de-l-haqiqa ma-kayna-ši
f-dak le-hkaya.

particular - 1. tefsil pl. tafasıl.

For further particulars write to the publishers. ila bgiti tafasıl kter men had š-ši kteb le-shab le-mtebea.

2. xaşş, xuşuşi. Is he a particular friend of yours? waš hada şahbek xuşuşi? 3. be-l-xuşuş. This particular dress costs more. had l-lebsa be-l-xuşuş ka-teswa kter. 4. mbeekek. My husband is very particular about his food. ražli mbeekek bezzaf fe-l-makla.

in particular - be-l-xuşuş. I remember one man in particular. ka-necqel Ela wahed r-ražel be-l-xuşuş.

particularly - be-l-xusus, be-l-gaxess.

He's particularly interested in science. huwa ka-ihtemm be-l- $^{9}axess$ be-l- $\in ilm$.

partner - 1. šrik pl. šerkan. My
partner is coming back tomorrow.
šriki ražeć ģedda. 2. saheb pl.
shab. My partner and I have been
winning every game. ana u-sahbi
rbehna f-koll terh.

partridge - hežla pl. -t coll hžel.
party - 1. hrzeb pl. °ehzab. What
party do you belong to? fe-8-men
hizeb nta? 2. medda£i pl.
medda£yen. Neither of the two parties appeared at the session.
ma-dher fe-l-gelsa la-l-medda£i
l-luwel wala t-tani. 3. hefla pl.
-t, hfali. She likes to give
parties. ka-ye€žebha te€mel
l-heflat.

**I won't be a party to that. š-bini u-bin dak š-ši?

pass - 1. triyqa pl. -t. The pass is snowed under in winter. t-triyqa ka-tkun mgettya be-t-telë fe-l-berd.
2. tesrih pl. tsareh. You'll need a pass to get by the gate. ka-ixessek tesrih baš dduz fe-l-bab.

to pass - 1. qbel. The bill was passed unanimously. qeblu d-dahir be-l-?izma£.

2. nžeh f-. Did you pass your examination? waš nžehti fe-mtihanek?
3. daz iduz. The exam was hard, but almost all of us passed. le-mtihan kan séib, be-l-heqq Elayen koll-ši daz. 4. duwwez, mekkel. Will you please pass the bread? men fedlek mekkel-li l-xobz. 5. qal iqul la. It's your turn, I passed. nubtek, ana qolt la. 6. qtef f-. You passed the red light. rak qtefti fe-d-duw le-hmer. 7. daz iduz Ela. I pass this bank every day. koll nhar ka-nduz Ela had l-benk.

to pass around - duwwer. They passed the tea-pot around. duwwru l-berrad.

to pass away — mat : mut. Her mother passed away last week. $immaha matet \not z- \not z em \le a l-fayta$.

to pass by - daz iduz hda. He passed right by me without seeing me. daz hdaya u-ma-šafni-š.

to pass judgment on - hkem Ela.

Don't pass judgment too quickly on him. ma-tehkem-ši Elih degya.

to pass out - sxef. A lot of people passed out from the heat. bezzaf de-n-nas sexfu be-s-sehd.

to pass sentence - hkem, qerrer le-hkam. The court will pass sentence today. l-meh'rama \dot{g} ad tehkem l- γum .

to pass through -- 1. qtes men. You can't pass through here. ma-imken-lkom-s tqetsu men hna.
2. duwwez men. Pass the rope through here. duwwez t-twal men hna.

to pass up - menneé. You ought not to pass up an opportunity like that. ma-xessek-ši tmenneé fursa hakdak.

to be passed - daz iduz. The buckets were passed from man to man ş-ştula dazu men ražel l-ražel.

passable - dayez. This work is pass-

passante - dayez. Ints work is pa able. had l-xedma dayza.

passage - 1. medwez pl. mdawez, nbeh
pl. nbuha. He had to go through a
dark passage. la-bodda kan baš
iduz men wahed n-nbeh medlam.
2. qet£a pl. -t, qta£i. He read us
an interesting passage from his
book. qra £lina wahed l-qet£a
muhimma men ktabu. 3. \$efra pl. -t.
I've made the passage eight times.
£melt dak \$-\$efra tmenya de-l-merrat.

passenger - msafer pl. msafrin.
passer-hy - wahed dayez pl. dayzin.
A passer-by must have picked it up.
ši-wahed dayez rah rfedha.

passing - 1. mut. The whole nation mourned his passing. le-blad kollha heznet l-mutu. 2. (lli) ka-iduz, dayez. That's just a passing fancy with her. hada gir hal ka-iduz Eliha. 3. metwesset. I got passing grades in all my subjects. qbett nuqat metwessta fe-l-mawadd kollha.

in passing - ?iyyeh beEda. In passing I'd like to say that ... ?iyyeh beEda, bgit nqul-lek billa... passion - wlaEa pl. -t. He has a passion for music. Eendu wlaEa de-l-musiqa.

past - 1. madi, zman. That's a thing of the past. had š-ši dyal l-madi.
2. fayet, lli daz, lli fat. Where were you this past week? fayn konti ž-žem≤a l-fayta? 3. (lli) daz. The worst part of the trip is past.

?afles taraf de-s-sfer daz.

**It's five minutes past twelve.
hadi t-tnaš u-qṣem. --It's twenty
minutes past twelve. hadi t-tnaš
u-tulut. --I wouldn't put it past
him. ma-nkeddbu-š. --It's way
past bedtime. t\(\xi\)eddina weqt n-n\(\xi\)as
lhih.

in the past - men qbel, bekri.

That has often happened in the past.

dak š-ši kan saka saka ka-yuqek men

to walk past - daz ıduz hda, daz iduz geddam. He walked right past me without seeing me. daz qeddami u-ma-šafni-š.

paste - ġra pl. -t, leṣqa pl. -t. I'll have to buy some paper and paste. gad ixeşşni nešri l-kağit u-le-gra.

to paste - lesseq. Paste these labels on the jars. lessed had le-btayeg Eel l-Eelbat.

pastime - mlahya pl. -t, mlahı. pastry - helwa pl. -t, hlawi.

pasture - merta pl. mrati, mertet pl. mrateE. Are the cows still in the pasture? ma-zalin le-bger fe-l-merEa?

to pat - 1. tebbel. He patted him encouragingly on the shoulder. tebbel-lu Ela ketfu u-šežžEu. 2. melles Ela. She patted the dog. mellset Eel l-kelb.

patch = req£a pl. -t, rqa£i. I'll xeşşni have to put a new patch on. neEmel regEa xra. 2. želda pl. -t, žlud. He wore a patch over his eye for days. modda u-huwa Eamel želda Ela Eevnih.

to patch - requet. Mother patched my trousers. mi reqqEet-li serwali. **Have they patched up their quarrel yet? tşalhu wella ma-zalin? patent - roxsa pl. -t. I've applied for a patent on my invention. qeddemt talab l-roxsa l-le-ktišaf

dyali. path - triyqa pl. -t. A narrow path leads to the river. wahed t-triyqa dwiyqa ka-teddi l-l-wad.

patience - sber.

patient - 1. mrid pl. merda. How's the patient today? kif-en huwa le-mrid l-yum? -- There were two hundred patients in the hospital at that time. kanu myatayn de-l-merda fe-l-mustešfa f-dak l-wegt. 2. sebbar. He's very patient. huwa sebbar bezzaf. patriot - watani pl. -yin.

patrol - ξ essa pl. -t. We sent a patrol to reconnoiter. sifetna l-Eessa l-temma le-t-tehqiq.

to patrol - Eess, hda yehdi. A policeman patrols these streets all night long. kayen šorti ka-ičess Ela had z-znagi l-lıl kollu.

pattern - 1. škel pl. škal, škula; zuwaga pl. -t. This rug has a pretty pattern. had z-zerbiya fiha zuwaga

mezyana. 2. fṣaḷa pl. -t. Where did you get the pattern for your dress? mnayn xditi le-fşala de-ksuwtek?

pause - raha pl. -t, modda de-r-raha pl. moddat de-r-raha. After a short pause the speaker continued. men beEd wahed l-modda qsira de-r-raha, nad l-muhadir ikemmel.

to pave - geşşeş. Our street has been paved. gesssu zengetna.

to pave the way - fteh t-triq. If you have somebody to pave the way for you, it's easy enough to get ahead. ila žberti lli ifteh-lek t-triq, ishal Elik ttqeddem.

pavement - gess pl. gses. The pavement is very bumpy. l-gess mheffer bezzaf.

paw - kreć pl. kwareć, ržel pl. režlin. The dog has hurt his paw. l-kelb tqeşşeh f-kerEu.

pawn - bideq pl. byadeq. You've already lost four pawns. mšaw-lek beEda rebEa d-le-byadeq.

pay - xlas pl. -at, ižara pl. -t. How is the pay on your new job? kif-en huwa le-xlas fe-xdemtek ž-ždida?

to pay - 1. $dfe\xi$. How much did you pay for your car? shal dfeEti f-siyartek? 2. xelles. I would like to pay my bill. bgit nxelles hsabi. 3. qda iqdi, xerrež. That doesn't pay. dak š-ši ma-ka-iqdi

**You couldn't pay me to do that. waxxa tekrini ma-ndir-lek-ši dak š-ši.

to pay back - redd. I'll pay you back the ten dirhams on Monday. daba nredd-lek l-Eešra de-d-drahem nhar t-tnayn.

to pay for - 1. ?edda Ela. had to pay for it dearly. walayenni šnu ⁹eddina Eliha. 2. dfeE f-, šra išri. How much did you pay for your car? be-šhal šriti siyartek?

to pay for itself - xelles rasu. This machine will pay for itself in five months. had l-makina f-xems šhur txelleş raşha.

to pay off - kemmel b-le-xlas. He paid off all his debts. kemmel d-dyunat lli ∈lih kollha b-le-xļaş.

to pay up - kemmel b-le-xlas. In a month I'll have it all paid up. men daba šher nkun kemmeltha kollha b-le-xlas.

payment - 1. xlas pl. -at. We request prompt payment. ka-nţelbu le-xlaş ikun mčežžel. 2. itra pl. itari.

l still have three more payments to make on this car. ma-zal xessni nxelles tlata d-l-itari f-had s-siyara.

pea - želbana pl. -t coll. želban.
peace - 1. salam. Our goal is lasting peace. gaytna hiya s-salam d-dayem.
2. raha pl. -t. He doesn't give me any peace. ma-ka-ye€ţini hetta raha.

peaceful = mhedden. Everything is so
 peaceful around here. koll-ši
 mhedden hna.

peach - xuxa pl. -t coll. xux. peacock - tawes pl. twas.

peak - ras pl. ryus. We climbed to the peak of the mountain. tleEna hetta l-ras ž-žbel.

peanut - kawkawa pl. -t coll. kawkaw. pear - ngasa pl. -t coll. ngas. pearl - žuhra pl. -t coll žuher. peasant - fellah pl. -a.

pebble = heşwa pl. -t coll. hşa, hžira
pl. -t.

peculiar - ģrib pl. ģrab. He's a peculiar fellow. rašel ģrib hadak.

peel - qešra pl. -t, qšur. These oranges have a thick peel. had l-letšin qšertu ģļida.

to peel - 1. qeššer. I have to peel the potatoes. ka-ixessni nqeššer le-bţaţa. 2. tqeššer, ţar iţir My skin is peeling. žledti ka-ttqeššer.

to peel off - tar itir, tqelle. The whitewash is peeling off the ceiling. l-gebs ka-itqelle men s-sqef.

peep - 1. hess. I don't want to hear
another peep out of you. ma-nebgi-ši
nEawed nesmeE hessek. 2. tetlila
pl. -t. Take a peep into the room.
Emel ši-tetlila fe-l-bit.

to peep - tellel. He was peeping through the hole in the wall. kan itellel men t-taga lli fe-l-hit.

peeved - (lli) tar-lu, (lli) ttenger.

She was peeved about the remark you made. kanet ttnegret men l-mulahada lli Emelti.

pen - 1. riša pl. -t. This pen scratches. had r-riša ka-tšentef.
2. qfez pl. qfuza. We'll have to build a larger pen for the chickens. ġad ixeṣṣna nṣuwwbu qfez kber men hada le-d-džaž.

penalty - Euquba pl. -t. The penalty is ten years' imprisonment. l-Euquba Eešr snin de-l-hebs.

pencil - qlam(d-le-xfif) pl. qluma(d-le-xfif).

pending - meelleq. The matter is

still pending. l-qudiya ma-zala m£ellqa.

pennyroyal - fliyu.

pension = sila pl. -t; ?iEana pl. -t;
heqq t-taqaEud. He gets a pension
from the government. ka-iqbet sila
men Eend l-hukuma.

to pension - qeeed. They pensioned him last year. qeeeduh eam luwel.

people - 1. nas. Were there many people at the meeting? kanu bezzaf de-n-nas f-le-žtimać? 2. šećb pl. šućub. Can you name the most important peoples of Asia? teqder

tsemmi-li ?ahemm š-šućub d-?asya?

pep - quwa pl. -t; hamas. Where do

you get your pep? mnayn ka-džik

had l-quwa? --He's full of pep

today. kollu hamas l-yum.

to pep up - sexxen, hemmes. I need something to pep me up. xessni $\delta i-ha \delta a$ themmesni.

pepper - ibzar.

per = l-. How much are these eggs
per dozen? be-šhal had l-bid
le-g-gina?

per cent = f-le-mya. The cost of living has risen ten per cent. le-mEi&a zadet Ee&ra f-le-mya.

perfect - 1. kamel. Nothing is perfect. hetta haža ma-kamla.
2. Eažib, mumtaz. He speaks perfect French. ka-itkellem fransawiya Eažiba.

to perfect - hessen, siyyen. They haven't perfected the method yet.
ma-salin ma-hessnu t-tariga.

perfectly - 1. tanamen. He was perfectly satisfied. kan ferhan tanamen.
2. huwa hadak, hiya hadik. He did it perfectly the first time. Emelha hiya hadik nub l-luwla.

to perform - 1. qam iqum b-. Who performed the operation? Skun lli qam be-l-Eamaliya? 2. mettel, lEeb, qam iqum b-. The actors performed the most difficult roles.
l-mumettilin mettlu ?esEeb ?edwar kayna.

performance - temtil pl. tmatel. Did you enjoy the performance? Eežbek t-temtil?

perfume - Eter pl. Etur.

perbaps = imken. period = 1. modda pl. -t. He worked

here for a short period. xdem
hnaya wahed l-modda qsira.

2. fetra pl. -t. It's the most interesting period in American history. hadi Pahemm fetra f-tarix

⁹amirika. 3. nugta pl. -t, nugat;

She's always

koll-ši

perjury weqfa pl. -t. You forgot to put a to pet - feššeš. period here. nsiti ma-Emelti-š been petted by everyone. nuqta hnaya. kan dima mfeššešha. perjury - hent. pet name - kenya pl. -t; kniya pl. -t. to commit perjury - hennet rasu. Don't call me pet names. She committed perjury. henntet ma-tEeyyet-li hetta b-kenva. **petition** - $\mathcal{E}arida$ pl. -t. Why don't permission - roxsa pl. -t, tesrih pl. tsareh. Did you get his permission? šedditi r-roxsa men Eendu? permit - roxsa pl. -t; tesrih pl. tsareh. You need a permit to play tennis here. ka-ixeşşek roxşa baš tel Eab t-tinis hnaya. to permit - smeh. I can't permit that. ma-negder-ši nesmeh b-had š-ši. --No one is permitted to enter this building. hetta wahed ma-mesmuh-lu idxol l-had l-Eimara. perpendicular - Emudi, waqef. Persia - blad l-fors. Persian - farisi pl. -yin, fors. person - 1. siyed pl. sadat, ražel pl. ržal, ?insan pl. nas. What sort of person is he? kif Eamel dak s-siyed? 2. siyda pl. -t; ?anisa pl. -t. She's a nice person. siyda mezyana hadik. **Please deliver this to him in person. b-le-fdel mennek weşşel-lu had \subsection \setminus i l-iddih. \quad -The king was there in person. l-malik b-raşu kan temma. per person - le-r-ras. They paid three dirhams per person. xellşu tlata de-d-drahem le-r-ras. personal - šexsi. He would like to discuss a personal matter with you. bga itkellem m∈ak Ela ši-qadiya šexsiya. **He asks too many personal questions. $ka-idxol\ fe-d-dwaxel\ bezzaf.$ personality - šexsiya pl. -t. personnel - xeddama, muweddafin (pl.). We don't have enough personnel. ma-Eendna-š l-xeddama kafyen. to persuade - quet. He persuaded me to go. qneEni baš nemši.

pest - takun pl. twaken.

be-l-?as?ila dyalu.

l-mehraz w-iddu.

tions! ka-iteqqel Eliya

hiya le-Eziza Eend minha.

pestle - idd l-mehraz pl. iddin

le-mharez. Mortar and pestle.

ment. ma-mesmuh-lna-š ndexxlu

pet - 1. hayawan pl. -at. We're not

l-hayawanat le-skentna. 2. Eziz

allowed to keep pets in our apart-

pl. Ezaz. She's her mother's pet.

to pester - bessel Ela, teggel Ela.

He's pestering me with his ques-

you get up a petition? Elas ma-tsuwwbu-ši ši-Earida? to petition - geddem Earida. petitioned the mayor for a new school. qeddemna Earida l-l-baša Ela medrasa ždida. pharmacy - saydaliya pl. -t. cies in Morocco don't carry refreshments. s-saydaliyat fe-l-megrib ma-ka-ibi€u-š l-mešrubat. phone - tilifun pl. -at. to phone - Emel t-tilifun, Eeyyet fe-t-tilifun. Did anybody phone? Egypet Si-wahed fe-t-tilifun? phonograph - funu pl. -yat, makina de-ţ-ţbașeļ pl. -t de-ţ-ţbașeļ. photograph - teswira pl. -t, tsawer. The wall was just covered with photographs and paintings. kan mžellet be-t-tsawer u-l-lwah. to photograph - suwwer. Have you photographed the statue? summerti t-timtal? photographer - musuwir pl. -in. physical - žismi, badani. Avoid every physical exertion. lli fiha t-taEab l-žismi kollha beEEed mennha. physical exercise - haraka badaniya pl. -t badaniya. physician - tbib pl. tebba. physics - l-fiziya?. Nuclear physics has become very important since the l-fiziya? n-nawawiya režEet muhimma bezzaf men l-herb l-le-hna. piano - byanu pl. -yat. pick - fas pl. fisan. The men were carrying picks and shovels. r-ržal kanu rafdin l-fisan u-l-balat. **I have three apples, take your pick. Eendi tlata de-t-teffahat, xud lli Eežbettek fihom. to pick - 1. žna ižni. All the ripe grapes have been picked. l-Eineb lli tab kollu žnaweh. 2. xewwer. Don't pick your teeth! ma-txewwer-s fe-snanek! 3. xter. picked the one that pleased me. xtert lli Eežbetni. 4. treš. Someone has picked this lock. ši-wahed treš had l-ferxa. to pick to pieces - ma-xella ma qal f-. They picked him to pieces. ma-xellaw ma qalu fih. to pick on - žbed, žbed f-, negger Ela. He's been picking on

me all day. n-nhar kollu u-huwa ka-inegger Eliya.

to pick out - xter. He picked out a very nice gift for his wife. xter hdiya mesyana l-mertu.

to pick up - 1. rfed, leqqet.

Please pick up the paper from the floor. Eafak rfed had l-kagit men l-rerd. 2. hezz. They picked up three girls on the road. hezzu tlata d-le-bnat fe-t-triq.

3. hessel, leqqet. The police picked up several suspects. l-bulis hesslu Eadad de-l-methumin.

4. teellem degya. I picked up quite a bit of Italian on my trip. degya teellemt xir llah de-t-talyaniya fe-s-sefra dyali.

pickle - xyara mreqqda pl. xyarat
mreqqdat coll. xyar mreqqed.

**He's in a pretty pickle now. walayenni rah f-wahed l-hesla.

to pickle - reqqed, Emel le-mreqqed. Did you do any pickling this year? reqqedtiw had l-Eam? picnic - nzaha pl. -t, nzayeh. picture - l. teşwira pl. tşawer.

They have some beautiful pictures for sale. Eendhom Si-tsawer mesyanin l-l-biE. 2. sura pl. suwar, nedra pl. -t. I have to get a clear picture of it first. ka-ixessni beEda naxod nedra wadha Eliha. —He gave you a false picture of it. Etak nedra qbiha Eliha.

pictures - sinima. She's been in pictures since she was a child. melli kanet sgira u-hiya fe-s-sinima.

to take a picture of - summer.
to have one's picture taken tsummer. I haven't had my picture
taken in years. hadi sinin
ma-tsummert.

to picture - 1. summer, wsef.
This book pictures life a thousand years ago. had le-ktab ka-isummer l-hayat dyal hadi ?alef Eam.
2. txeyyel, tsummer. I can't quite picture you as a politician.
ma-neqder-ši tamamen ntxeyylek siyasi.

piece - 1. terf pl. traf. May I have
a piece of cake? imken-li naxod
ši-terf de-l-helwa? 2. qet&a pl.
-t. What is the name of the piece
the orchestra is playing? smiyt
had l-qet&a lli ka-idreb l-šewq?

**I gave him a good piece of my mind. ll: Eta | lah qoltu-lu.

to fall to pieces - tah itih be-t-traf. The book is falling to pieces. le-ktab ka-itih be-t-traf.

to go to pieces - tqettee traf.

She went completely to pieces when she heard the news. melli semeet le-xbar tqetteet traf tamamen.

to do piecework - xdem be-l-qet&a. pier - 1. mun pl. mwan. We were standing on the pier, waiting for the boat. konna waqfın fe-l-mun ka-ntsennaw l-baxira. 2. sarya pl. -t, swari. The bridge rests on four piers. l-gentra waqfa Ela rebEa de-s-swari. pig - helluf pl. hlalef. pigeon - hmama pl. -t coll. hmam. pile - l. rkisa pl. -t, rkayes; sarya pl. -t, swari. The bridge is built on piles. l-gentra mebniya Eel r-rhayez. 2. Eerma pl. -t, Eerram pl. Erarem. What am I going to do

d-le-flus hadi!

to pile - Eerrem. Pile these books on the desk until I come.
Eerrem le-ktub Eel le-mketba hetta

qetta pl. qtet; zebbala pl. -t.

with that pile of books? \$-gad

neEmel b-dak l-Eerma d-le-ktub?

That's a pile of money! zebbala

to pile up - terren. My debts are piling up. d-dyanut-ka-tterren Eliya.

pillar - sarya pl. -t, swari. A large
pillar blocked my view of the stage.
sarya kbira zat mderrqa-li l-mesrek.
pillow - mxedda pl. -t, mxadd; xeddiya
pl. -t, xdadi.

pillowcase - ġlaf l-xeddiya pl. ġlafat le-xdadi.

pilot - 1. tiyyar pl. -a; (lli) kaişug t-tiyyara. He's the pilot of
a mail plane. huwa ka-işug wahed
t-tiyyara de-l-barid. 2. rayes pl.
ruyas. That ship is waiting for
the pilot. had l-baxira ka-ttsenna
rayesha.

pimple - demmala pl. -t, dmamel.

pim - fenta pl. -t, fnati. She stuck

herself with a pin. tekket rasha

b-fenta. 2. šuka pl. -t, šwek.

She wore a silver pin. kanet

m Eellqa šuka de-n-noqra.

to pin - 1. lesseq. The two men were pinned under the overturned auto. r-ržal b-žuž kanu mlessqin teht s-siyara lli ttqelbet.

2. terreb. She pinned a flower on her dress. terrebet werda Ela ksuwtha. Let me pin (up) the hem first. xellini nterreb t-tehziz beEda.

**We couldn't pin him down to any-

thing definite. ma-qderna nxerržu mennu hetta haža bayna.

pinch = swiya, sbiyeE. Add a pinch
 of salt to the soup. zid si-sbiyeE
 d-le-mleh f-le-hrira.

in a pinch - f-sa&t l-ha&a, f-sa&t z-ziyar. You can always count on him in a pinch. imken-lek t&edd &lih f-sa&t z-ziyar.

to pinch 1. gres. Don't pinch!
ma-tegres-\$! 2. ziyyer. Where does
the shoe pinch? fayn mziyyer
s-sebbat? 3. sheq. 1 got my finger pinched in the door. sheqt
seb&i fe-l-bab.

pineapple = anana pl. -t. (not used
 with art.).

pinetree = snubra pl. -t coll.
 snuber. These pine trees are al most fifty years old. had s-snubrat
 Elayen fe-Emerhom xemsin Eam.
pink = werdi, fanidi.

pious - meddiyyen.

pipe - 1. žečba pl. -t, žćeb. The pipe has burst. ž-žećba tfergćet.
2. sebsi pl. sbasa. He smokes a

2. sebsi pl. sbasa. He smokes pipe. ka-ikmi s-sebsi.

to pipe - telle . We pipe our water from a spring. ka-ntell & u l-ma dyalna men wahed l-& eyn. pistol - ferdi pl. frada; kabus pl.

kwabes.

pit - 1. hefra pl. -t, hfari; huwta

pl. -t, hwet. Nobody was in the pit

when the explosion occurred. hetta

wahed ma-kan fe-l-hefra melli žat

t-tfergifa. 2. Edem pl. Edam,

Eduma. Don't swallow the pit.

ma-teble E-s le-Edem.

pitch - Eelk pl. Eluk; zeft, rzina.

Pitch is used for paving roads.

z-zeft ka-ixeddmuh fe-nžir t-tergan.

to pitch - 1. degg. Where shall we pitch the tent? fayn gad ndeggu l-xeyma? 2. siyyeb, lah iluh.

Pitch me the ball. luh-li l-kura.

to pitch in - Eta d-derk. We

to pitch in - Eta d-derk. We pitched right in. degya Etina d-derk.

pitch-dark - medlam bezzaf. It was pitch-dark when we came home. kan l-hal medlam bezzaf mnayn wşelna le-d-dar.

pitcher - gorraf pl. graref.
pitiable - (lli) ka-išeffi. He played
a pitiable role. l&eb wahed d-dur
ka-išeffi.

pitiful - (lli) ka-išeffi, (lli) ka-iqettee l-qelb. That was a pitiful sight. mender kan ka-iqettee l-qelb.

pity - mhenna. She took pity on him.

žatha le-mhenna Elih.

**It's a pity you can't come.
be-l-?asaf ma-imken-lek-š dži.

to pity - sfeq men hal. She doesn't want to be pitied.
ma-ka-tebgi hedd isfeq men halha.

I pity you, I pity him, etc. - ka-t&ezz & liya, ka-i&ezz & liya, etc. I pity them. ka-i&ezzu & liya.

place - mude { pl. mwade { }; mahell pl.
 -at. Please put it back in the same
 place. llah ixellik reddu f-nefs
 l-mahell.

in place of - f-Eewd, fe-Ewad.

May I have another book in place of this one? imken-li naxod ktab axor f-Eewd hada?

in the first place - ra beeda. In the first place we can't leave until tomorrow. ra beeda ma-nqedru nemšiw hetta l-gedda.

to be out of place - men gir mahell, xarež l-muwdu£. Your remark was out of place. l-mulahada dyalek xarža l-mudu£.

to put in one's place - werrah darhom. Somebody ought to put him in his place. xeşş lli gad iwerrih darhom.

to place - 1. nezzel, Emel. They placed that table in the bedroom. dak t-tebla nezzluha f-bit n-mEas.

2. Eqel Ela. I've met him before, but I can't place him. tEareft mEah men qbel, walakin ma-ka-neEqel-8 Elih.

3. weddef, *ber xedma l-.
We have placed all of our graduates. l-metxerržin dyalna kollhom *berna-lhom xedma.

plain - 1. meţluq. They're plain people. huma nas meţluqin.
2. meewweţ. We have a plain home. Eendna dar meewwţa. 3. meţluq mserreh. To put it in plain language... l-hasil b-hedra meţluqa mserrha... 4. daher. Ît's quite plain that he's only after money. daher daba ma-bih gir le-flus.

5. tamm. I told him the plain truth. qolt-lu l-haqiqa t-tamma.

**It's as plain as the nose on your face. had \$-\$i bayen Eayen or had \$-\$i bhalu bhal t-tur le-bleq.

plain - wetya pl. -t. Many people prefer the mountains to the plains. bezzaf de-n-nas ka-ifeddlu l-wetya &el le-hbal.

plan - 1. rsem pl. rsuma. The plans for the new house are ready. r-rsuma de-d-dar ž-ždida waždin. 2. bernamež pl. baramiž; mešruć -at. Have you made any plans yet for the future?

Emelti $i-me ru \in at l-l-me steq bal$ aw ma-zal?

to plan - 1. heyye?, neddem. Our trip was carefully planned. sfertna kanet mheyy?a be-l-qa&ida.

2. ?emmel, &ewwel. Where do you plan to spend the summer? fayn ka-t&ewwel dduwwez s-sif?

3. neddem. He doesn't know how to plan his time. ma-ka-ye&ref-šineddem weqtu.

**On the salary I get, I have to plan very carefully. xeşşni l-?užra lli ka-neqbed nqadedha be-l-qa£ida.

to plan on - Eeuwel Ela, Eedd Ela, hseb Ela. You'd better not plan on that. gir ma-tEeuwel-š Ela dak š-ši.

plane - 1. tiyyara pl. -t, tyayer.
What sort of a plane is it? kif
Eamla hadik t-tiyyara? 2. mustawa
pl. -yat, daraža pl. -t. The discussion was not on a very high
plane. l-mustawa de-l-mudakara
ma-kan-ši Eali bezzaf. 3. melsa pl.
-t, mlasi. I borrowed a plane from
the carpenter. selleft l-melsa men
Eend n-nežžar.

to plane - melles. These boards have to be planed. had l-xesbat ka-ixesshom itmellsu.

plant - 1. gers (coll.); nabat pl. -at.
 I water the plants every day.
 ka-nesqi l-gers koll nhar. 2. meEmel
 pl. mEamel. The manager showed me
 around the plant. l-mudir sarani
 l-meEmel.

to plant - gres. We planted flowers in our garden. gresna l-werd fe-žnanna.

plaster - gebs. The plaster on the
wall is all cracked. l-gebs
de-l-heyt kollu mešquq.

plaster cast - lbixa pl. -t, lbayex; melsem pl. mlasem. Her arm still has a cast on it. iddiha ma-sala fiha l-lbixa.

to plaster - gebbes. Have they finished plastering the walls yet? gebbsu le-hyut wella ma-zalin? plasterer - gebbas pl. -a.

plate - 1. gtar pl. getran, getra; tebsil pl. tbasel. There's a crack in the plate. le-gtar fih seqqa.
2. luha pl. -t, lweh. The illustration is on Plate Three. ra t-teswira fe-l-luha reqm tlata.
3. fomm rumi pl. fmam rumiyen. I didn't know she wore a plate. ma-kont-ši ka-ne€ref billa €endha fomm rumi.

platform - 1. nbeh (le-mhetta) pl.

nbuha (d-le-mhettat). Let's meet on the platform. ntlaqaw fe-n-nbeh (d-le-mhetta). 2. bernamež pl. baramiž. The two parties agreed on a common platform. l-?ehzab b-žuž ttafqu Ela bernamež wahed.

3. minessa pl. -t. The speakers

3. minessa pl. -t. The speakers were seated on the platform. l-muhadirın kanu galsın Eel l-minessa.

platter - gtar pl. getran, getra; tebşil pl. tbaşel.

play - 1. le\(\xi\)b. The children are completely absorbed in their play.

d-drari xaydin f-le\(\xi\)bnm. 2. riwaya

pl. -t. Are there any good plays in town? kaynin \(\xi\)i-riwayat mesyanin

f-le-mdina?

to play - 1. leeb. The children are playing in the garden. d-drari rahom ka-ileebu fe-l-eersa. 2. dreb. He plays the violin very well. ka-idreb kamanža mesyan bessaf.
3. leeb dur, gam b-dur. He played Homlet last picht.

Hamlet last night. qam b-dur Hamlet l-bareh.

to play a joke (or trick) - leeb

dur, tlaha. He played a joke on me.

leeb Eliya dur.

to play around - tmelleg. You've
been playing around long enough. iwa
tbarek llah u-ma nta ttmelleg.

to play fair with - teamel mesyan mea, spensef mea. He really didn't play fair with me. ma-teamel-š meaya mesyan.

played out - mehdud, meshut.

After a hard day's work he's all played out. men beed nhar mežhed de-l-xedma ka-iruh mehdud.

player - leffab pl. -a. One of the
 players got hurt during the game.
 wahed men l-leffaba ttqas fe-l-lefb.

plea = talab pl. -at. He ignored my
plea. ma-ddaha-š f-talabi.

plead - twessel. She pleaded with
him not to go. twesslet-lu baš
ma-imši-š.

to plead guilty - gerr b-denbu. Do you plead guilty? ka-tgerr b-denbek?

pleasant - 1. !tif pl. !taf. She's a pleasant lady. mra !tifa hadik.
2. !tif pl. !taf; ha?il. We spent a rather pleasant evening there. dummezna teqsira ha?ila temma.

please - Eafak, pl. Eafakom; men fedlek, pl. men fdelkom. Please shut the door. Eafak šedd l-bab.

to please - 1. Ežeb, ža iži. How does this please you? kif žak had š-ši? or waš Eežbek had š-ši?

2. rda irdi. He's hard to please. seib irdih l-wahed. 3. xella Ela xatru. You can't please everybody. ma-imken-lek-š txelli koll wahed Ela xatru. 4. bža ibži. Do as you please. dir kif tebži.

**He was pleased with that ban

**He was pleased with that. kan

ferhan b-dak š-ši.

pleasing - ltif pl. ltaf. She has a
very pleasing voice. Eendha sut
ltif.

pleat - tenya pl. -t. Do you want the
 dress with or without pleats?
 bgiti l-keswa be-t-tenyat aw blaš?

to pledge - 1. hellef. He pledged me to secrecy. rah hellefni baš nxebbeć s-serr. 2. waćed, qawel. I pledged fifty dirhams to the Red Crescent. waćedt l-hilal le-hmer b-xemsin derhem.

plenty - bezzaf. You have plenty of time. Eendek bezzaf de-l-weqt.

pliers - leqqat pl. lqaqet. I need a
hammer and (a pair of) pliers.
xessni mterqa u-leqqat.

plot - 1. terkib pl. -at. The story has an interesting plot. l-qişşa Eendha terkib muhimm. 2. mu?amara pl. -t. The plot was discovered in time. l-mu?amara heşlet fe-l-weqt. to plot - t?amer. They plotted

to plot - t^{γ} amer. They plotted against the government. t^{γ} amru dedd l-hukuma.

plow - mehrat pl. mharet. You need a heavier plow. xessek mehrat tqel men hada.

to plow - hret. I'll need all day to plow this field. xessni n-nhar kollu bas nehret had l-feddan.

to pluck - ntef. Have you plucked the chicken yet? nteft: d-džaža wella ma-zal?

plum - berquqa pl. -t coll. berquq.
plumber - qzadri pl. -ya; qwadsi pl.
-ya.

plural - žem£.

plus - u. Five plus seven is twelve. xemsa u-seb€a, ṭnaš.

pocket - žib pl. žyub. Put this in your pocket. Emel had š-ši f-žibek. to pocket - Emel f-žibu, ţebb.

His partner pocketed all the profits. şahbu tebb r-rbeh kollu. pocketbook - beztam pl. bzatem. pocketknife - msiyyes pl. msiyysat. poem - qsida pl. -t, qsayed. poet - ša£ir pl. šu£ara. poetry - ši£r. point - 1. ras pl. ryus. I broke the point of my knife. herrest ras l-mess dyali. 2. ?işaba pl. -t. Our team scored 23 points. l-ferga dyalna Emelt tlata u-Eešrin ?isaba. 3. noqta pl. -t, nuqat. We've gone over the contract point by point. ražeEna l-Eogda nogta b-nogta. 4. meEna pl. -t, mEani. You missed the point. feltet-lek l-meEna. 5. mudué pl. mawadié. Let's stick to the point. xellina fe-l-mudu&. 6. hedd pl. hdud. I can understand it up to a certain point. kaimken-li nefhem had š-ši l-waḥed l-hedd.

**1 don't get the point.

ma-fhemt-5.

point of view - 1. riy pl. ryay; fekra pl. -t, ?efkar; nadariya pl. -t. Our points of view differ. ?efkarna ka-textalef. 2. žiha pl. -t, žwayeh. From his point of view he's right. men žihtu huwa m£ah l-heqq.

to the point - fe-l-wežba, f-mahellu. His comments are always to the point. t-t \in aliq dyalu dima ka-iZiw fe-l-wežba.

to be on the point of - kan Elayen gad. We were on the point of leaving when company arrived. konna Elayen gad nxeržu mnin žawna d-dyaf.

to stretch a point - žebbed l-qala. In this case we can stretch a point. ila kan hakda ġad imken-lna nžebbdu l-qala.

to point - mša imši l-žiht. The arrow points north. l-Ealama mašya l-žiht š-šamal.

**Point out the place you told me about. werrini l-mude& lli qolti-li &liha. --Point to the man you mean. werrini r-ražel lli &la balek. --All signs point toward cold weather. l-&alamat kollha ka-tqul gad ikun l-hal bared.

pointed - 1. madi. Be careful with that pointed stick. redd balek men dak le-qtib l-madi. 2. qates.

She's always making pointed remarks. hiya dima ka-tesmel mulahadat qatsin.

poise - hemma pl. -t; nexwa pl. -t, nxawi; rsana pl. -t. She never

nxawi; rana pl. -t. She never loses her poise. Eemmer rantha

ma-ka-dzul mennha. poison - semm pl. smum; šliman. to poison - semmem, šelmen. dog has been poisoned. kelbna mat msemmem. poisonous - mesmum. poker - qtib pl qetban. The poker is behind the furnace. ra le-qtib mmur l-kanun. pole - 1. rkiza pl. -t, rkayez. the pole be long enough? was r-rkiza gad tekfi fe-t-tul? 2. qutb pl. qtab. How cold does it get at the poles? hedd-as ka-ibred l-hal f-le-qtab? Pole - buluni pl. -yin. police - bulis, šorta. **The streets are well policed. z-znaqi mraqbinhom l-bulis f-gaya. policeman - bulisi pl. bulis; šorti pl -yin. police station - mhetta (pl. -t) de-l-bulis, mhetta de-š-šorta. Where is the nearest police station? fayn hiya le-mhetta de-l-bulis lli griba? policy - siyasa. We can't support his policies. ma-imken-lna-š nde&Emu siyastu. Polish - buluni pl. -yin. polish - 1. tla. I need some brown polish for my new shoes. ka-ixessni tla gehwi l-sebbati Z-Zdid. 2. seqla pl. -t. I gave the knobs a good polish. Emelt l-l-qebtat wahed s-segla ha?ila. to polish - 1. mseh. I didn't have time to polish my shoes. ma-kan-\$ Eendi l-weat f-aš nemseh sebbati. 2. sqel, mseh. She hasn't polished the trays yet. ma-zala ma-seqlet ş-şwani. polite - m?eddeb, (lli) fih s-swab. He's not very polite. ma-fih swab bezzaf. political - siyasi. politician - siyasi pl. -yin. I'm not interested politics - siyasa. in politics. ma-ka-themmni-\$ s-siyasa. polls - mekteb l-intixabat pl. makatit l-intixabat. The polls close at 8 p.m. mekteb l-intixabat ka-išedd fe-t-tmenya. pond - gelta pl. -t, glati. pool - 1. (game) biyar. 2. (swimming pool) - sehriž pl. sharež. They have a big pool. Eendhom sehriž to pool - \S{rek} , \S{meE} . If we pool

our money we may have enough to buy

a car. ila šrekna flusna imken

iqedduna baš nešriw siyara. poor - 1. meskin pl. msaken; derwis pl. drawes. Many poor people live in this neighborhood. bezzaf de-n-nas msaken saknin f-had ž-žiha. 2. qbih pl. qbah. This is poor soil for wheat. had 1-9erd qbiha l-l-gemh. 3. d&if pl. d&af. He's very poor in arithmetic. huwa dEif bezzaf f-le-hsab. poppy - ben-neEman. poplar - sefsaf pl. sfasef. poplar - 1. mešhur. The orchestra played popular numbers. l-žewq leeb geteat mešhura. 2. šeebi. Popular prices. ?etman šeEbiya. to populate - sken, Eemmer be-s-sokkan. The industrial area is thickly populated. ž-žiha s-sina£iya kollha mEemmra be-s-sokkan. population - sokkan, Eadad s-sokkan. The population has almost doubled in the last twenty years. Eadad s-sokkan Elayen tna raşu f-had l-Eešrin Eam t-talya. pork - lhem l-helluf. pork chop - delea de-l-helluf. port - mersa pl. -t, mrasi. The ship lay at anchor in the port. l-baxira weafet fe-l-mersa. porter - hemmal pl. -a, zerzay pl. -a. Shall I call a porter? nEeyyet l-zerzay? portion - qyas pl. -at. Do they always serve such small portions? waš dima ka-yeEtiw qyasat sgar Portugal - blad l-bertquz. Portuguese - bertqizi pl. bertqiz. position - 1. ? imkan. I'm not in a position to pay right away. rah ma-ši fe-l-?imkan baš nxeļļes deģya. 2. muqif pl. mawaqif. This places me in a very difficult position. had š-ši hettni f-muqif hariž. 3. menzla pl. -t, mnazel; mertabapl. -t. A man in your position has to be careful of his conduct. razel f-menzla bhal dyalek ka-ixeşşu ikun hadi rasu. positive - 1. ?ižabi, b-iyyeh. pect a positive answer. ka-ntsenna žwab b-iyyeh. 2. mheqqeq, metyeqqen. I'm positive that he was there. ana mheqqeq billa kan temma. positively - be-l-mufid, be-s-sehh.. Do you know that positively? was ka-te€ref had š-ši be-ş-şehh? to possess - ksab. That's all I possess. hadak š-ši ma ka-neksab. **What possessed you to do that? aš wqe∈-lek hetta Emelti dak š-ši?

possession possession - kesb, melk. to take possession of - hewwez. The new owner hasn't taken possession of the house yet. mul \$-\$i ždid ma-zal ma-hewwez d-dar. possibility - ?imkaniya pl. -t; hell pl. hulul. I see no other possibility. ma-ka-nšuf hetta ši-hell axor. possible - mumkin. possibly - imken. He may possibly call you. gad imken i Eeyyet-lek. **He works as fast as he possibly can. ka-ixdem Ela gedd žehdu. post - 1. Emud pl. Emayed. We need new posts for our fence. xessna Emayed ždad le-syažna. 2. mahell pl. -at. A good soldier never deserts his post. l-žundi lli mezyan Eemmru ma-ka-ihreb Ela mahellu. to post - 1. Eeyyen. The officer will post some soldiers at the bridge. d-dabet rah gad i Eeyyen l-Eesker l-l-gentra. 2. Eelleg. The order has been posted since yesterday. men l-bareh u-l-9emrm£elleq. **He's pretty well posted. Ela bal flah ibarek. postage - wažeb. How much is the postage on a registered letter? šhal l-wažeb Ela briya mehfuda? post(al) card - teswira pl. -t, tsawer. Did you get my post card? weşlettek teşwira men Eendi? postal rate - hegg l-barid pl. hquq l-barid. poster - %iElan pl. -at. He draws very nice posters. ka-isuwweb ?iElanat mezyanin. postman - ferrag pl. -a. postmark - tabe & l-busta pl. twabe & l-busta. The postmark is illegible. tabe€ l-busta ma-bayen-\$. to postmark - tbeE. The letter was postmarked May fifteenth. had le-bra metbu€a nhar xmeşta**š** mayu. post office - busta pl. -t. post-office box - sendug l-barid pl. snadeq l-barid. to postpone - Pexxer. I can't postpone the appointment. ma-imken-li-š n^9 exxer l-mi \in ad. posture - weqfa pl. -t. She has poor posture. Eendha weqfa ma-mezyana-š. pot - 1. tenžra pl. -t, tnažer. There is a pot of soup on the stove. kayna tenžra d-le-hrira fug l-Eafya. 2. briq pl. brayeq. Our pot holds eight cups. brigna ka-irfed tmenya

de-l-kisan.

3. berrad pl. brared.

l-berrad d-atay men fedlek. potato - btata pl. -t, btayet coll. btata. potter - fexxar pl. -a. pottery - 1. (craft) tafexxaret. 2. (pots) fexxar. pound - rtel pl. rtula; ness kilu pl. nsas kilu. How much is a pound of tea? be-shal r-rtel d-atay? pound (sterling) - ibra pl. -t. How much is an English pound in Moroccan money? Shal ka-te€mel l-ibra negliziya b-le-flus mgarba? to pound - 1. $f_{re} \in \mathcal{E}$. We pounded on the door for five minutes before they heard us. bqina nferEu fe-l-bab xemsa de-d-dqayeq baš Ead semEuna. rdeh, tle€ u-hbet. His heart was pounding with excitement. qelbu kan ka-irdeh be-d-dehša. to pour - Eemmer, kebb. Please pour me some coffee. kebb-li ši-šwiya de-l-qehwa | lah ixellik. **It's pouring rain. š-šta ka-ttih be-l-garaq. -- The crowd was just then pouring out of the theater. n-nas kanu Ead bdaw izerru men s-sinima. —She poured her troubles out to me. fažat qelbha Eliya. poverty - fegr, tameskinet. He's living in great poverty. huwa Eayes f-wahed l-fegr kbir. poverty-stricken - mgetteE be-t-traf. powder - 1. gobra pl. -t. Take one powder with a glass of water! xud ši-gobra f-kas de-l-ma. 2. burbu. She's got too much powder on her face. Eamla bezzaf de-l-burbu fe-wžehha. (gun)-powder - barud. power - 1. istita£a pl. -t. That's beyond my power. dak š-ši xarez Eel l-istita€a dyali. 2. sulta pl. -t, sulat; hkam pl. -at. He weilds a lot of power. ka-itmette€ b-sulta kbira. 3. quwa pl. -t. machine is operated by electric power. l-makina ka-texdem be-l-quwa de-d-duw. powerful - qwi, mežhed. He has a powerful voice. Eendu sut mežhed. powerless - (lli) ma-Eendu žehd, (lli) ma-Eendu qadar. I'm sorry, I'm powerless in this matter. be-l-?asaf, ma-Eendi qadar f-had. l-gadiya. practical - Eamali. That isn't very practical. had š-ši ma-ši Eamali. practically - 1. b-kifiya Eamaliya. You have to look at things practically. xessek tender l-l-9umur

One pot of tea, please. wahed

b-kifiya Eamaliya. 2. Elayen, tegriben. I'm practically done. Elayen salit.

**We're practically there now. ma-bqa-lna šay u-nkunu temma. practice - 1. nfad. Dr. Azzouz has a wide practice. nfad kbir Eel d-duktur Eezzuz. 2. Eamal pl. Emal. It's easy in theory but not in practice. sahla be-l-fomm ma- $\tilde{s}i$ be-l- $\mathcal{E}amal$. 3. derba pl -i, težriba pl. -t, tažarib. I'm a little out of practice. r-ana šwiya ma-Eendi derba.

to make it a practice - Eewwed nefsu, Eewwed rasu. I've made it a practice to get to work on time. Eewwedt rași Eel le-wșu! l-l-xedma fe-l-weqt.

to practice - tmerren. He's practicing on the piano. rah ka-itmerren Eel le-byanu.

to practice law - mares l-hugug. How long do you have to study before you can practice law? Shal xessek tegra qbel ma-tebda tmares l-huquq?

to practice (medicine) - bašer. Where does he practice? fayn kaibašer?

praise - teEdima pl. -t coll. teEdim. Your praise of him went to his head. t-teEdima lli Emelti-lu nefxettu.

to praise - šker, mdeh. Everybody praises his work. koll-ši ka-išker xdemtu.

prank - mlaga pl. -t. That's a silly prank. mlaga mfellsa hadi.

to pray - sella.

prayer - sla pl. -wat. to preach - xteb.

preacher - xtib pl. xutaba.

precious - be-t-taman. Time is precious. l-weqt be-t-taman or l-weqt de-d-dheb.

precious stone - hežra horra pl. hežrat horrin coll. hžer horr. Emeralds are precious stones.

z-zemred hžer horr. to predict - tnebbe?.

preface - muqeddima pl. -t.

to prefer - feddel.

to prefer to - bġa ibġi ḥsen. Would you prefer to go to the movies? waš tebģi temši le-s-sinima hsen?

I don't preference - ferz, ferq. give preference to anyone.

ma-ka-neEmel ferq bin hada u-hada. **I have no preference. Eendi bhal bhal.

preparation - 1. lli ka-ixess. I've made all the preparations for the

hiyye?t lli ka-ixeşş kollu trip. le-s-sfer. 2. trig pl. torgan. Plans are in preparation. l-baramiž raha fe-t-triq.

to **prepare - 1.** gal iqul men qbel, Elem. You'd better prepare him for it. hsen tqulha-lu men qbel. 2. wežžed. Who's going to prepare the meal? škun lli gad iwežžed l-makla?

**Prepare for the worst. gir wežžed rasek or ģir Eewwel Ela xzit. to prescribe - kteb, ?amer. The doctor prescribed these pills for me. t-tbib kteb-li had l-hebbat. prescription - dwa pl. -yat. Where can I get this prescription filled? fayn imken-li nešri had d-dwa?

presence - hdur, mehder. The document has to be signed in your presence. l-watiqa ka-ixessha ttweqqeE be-hdurek.

presence of mind - šahed le-Eqel. I admire your presence of mind. ana ka-nttebhed f-had sahed le-Eqel lli Eendek.

present - 1. hdiya pl. -t. Did you give him a present for his birthday? Etitih Si-hdiya f-Eid l-milad dyalu? 2. hadir, sa£t daba, l-yum. in the present, not in the past. hna Eeyyšin l-yum, ma-l-bareh daz or hna wlad l-yum u-llah irehmu lli mat. 3. hader. All his friends were present. şḥabu kollhom kanu hadrin. 4. d-had s-sa&a. In my present position I can't do anything else. f-halti d-had s-sa&a maimken-li neEmel hetta haža %ra.

at present - f-had s-sa εa . He's too busy to see you at present. huwa mešģul bezzaf f-had s-saEa baš išufek.

for the present – f-had s-sa \in a. That will be enough for the present. dak š-ši ikfi f-had s-sa&a.

to present - 1. xleq. Each separate case presents new difficulties. koll qadiya qadiya ka-texleq mašakil ždida. 2. geddem, Eewwed. Why don't you present the facts as they really are? Elas ma-tEewwed-si l-waqi€ kif kayen fe-l-haqiqa. 3. qeddem, hda ihdi. They presented him a gold watch. hdaw-lu magana de-d-dheb.

to preside - tre??es. Mr. Lwali presided. s-si lwali tre??es.

president - 1. ra?is pl. ru?asa. Nagib was the first president of the Egyptian Republic. nažib kan ⁹ewwel ra⁹is l-žemhuriya l-meşriya. . 2. mudir pl. -in. He was president of of the Bank of Morocco. kan mudir l-benk l-megribi.

press - 1. sahafa. The press carried big stories about the attack. s-sahafa nešret magalat kbira Eel le-hžum. 2. sahafiyen (pl.). Will the press be admitted to the conference? gad ikunu s-sahafiyen meqbulin fe-l-muhadara? 3. mtebEa pl. -t. Can you operate a press? ka-teEref txeddem le-mtebEa?

to press - 1. hedded. Where can I get my suit pressed? fayn imken-li nhedded ksuwti? 2. ziyyer, zhem. His creditors are pressing him. shab d-din rahom mziyyrineh. 3. brek Ela. Press the button. brek Eel t-teffaya.

pressing - ?akid. I have a pressing
engagement. Eendi miEad ?akid.
pressure - deġţ. We work under con-

stant pressure. ka-nxedmu dima teht

d-degt.

to put pressure on - džet Ela. We'll have to put pressure on him. ka-ixeşşna ndeğtu Elih.

to presume - Etaqed. I presume he is at home. ka-neEtaqed rah f-darhom. to pretend - 1. Emel raşu. He pretended that he was a doctor. Emel raşu tbib. 2. Emel messu. He pretended not to know a thing about it. Emel messu ma-Eref walu Eliha.

pretty - 1. mziwen, ġzal pl. ġezlan.

She's a very pretty girl. bnita
mziwna hadik. 2. bezzaf. It tastes
pretty good. had š-ši madaqu ldid
bezzaf. 3. £žib. That's a pretty
mess! xebla £žiba!

**He's sitting pretty. mbermek-lek m&a rasu. —He eats pretty much everything. ka-yakol koll-ši &layen.

to prevail - nfef. Nothing prevailed. hetta haža ma-neffet.

to prevail (up)on - qnef. Can't we prevail on you to come along? ma-imken-lna-š ngenfuk baš temši mfana?

to prevent - 1. hser. I couldn't prevent it. ma-qdert-s nehser dak s-si. 2. hser, mnee, suwwel l-. Nobody is going to prevent you from doing it. hetta hedd ma-gad imensek bas tesmelha.

previous - 1. qdim pl. qdam. I met him on a previous visit. t&areft m&ah f-wahed z-zyara qdima.

2. tali. 1 met him on his previous

visit. tEareft mEah fe-z-zyara dyalu t-talya.

price - taman pl. -at, ?etmina. The
prices are very high here. t-tamanat
Ealya bezzaf hnaya.

to price - seqsa Eel t-taman. I priced this radio in several stores. seqsit Ela taman had r-radyu f-Eadad d-le-hwanet.

pride - nefs. Don't you have any pride? was ma-Eendek nefs?

to take pride in - ftaxer b-. He takes great pride in his work. ka-iftaxer bezzaf be-xdemtu.

to pride oneself - fšer. She prides herself on her cooking. ka-tefšer be-tyabha.

priest - rhib pl. rehban.

primarily = men qbel koll-ši. He's
 primarily interested in tennis.
 huwa mehtemm men qbel koll-ši
 be-t-tinis.

primary school - medrasa btida?iya pl. mdares btida?iya.

prime - moEtabar. That butcher sells
 only prime meat. dak l-gezzar ka ibiE gir l-lhem l-moEtabar.

prime minister - ra?is l-hukuma pl.
ru?asa? l-hukumat; ra?is l-wizara
pl. ru?asa? l-wizarat.

principal - 1. mudir pl. -in. The principal called the teachers into his office. l-mudir Eeyyet l-l-feqya l-l-mekteb dyalu. 2. ras l-mal pl. rus le-mwal. Have you paid anything on the principal? xellesti ši-haža Ela ras l-mal?

principle - mebde? pl. mabadi?. I make it a principle to save some money every month. xdit wahed l-mebde? baš nwoffer le-flus koll šher.

as a matter of principle mebda?iyan. I don't do such things
as a matter of principle.
mebda?iyan ma-ka-ne@mel-* bhal had
le-hwaye*.

print - 1. herf pl. hruf. The print in this book is too small. le-hruf f-had le-ktab sgar bezzaf.
2. metbu€a pl. -t. The museum has a fine collection of prints.

a fine collection of prints.

Eendhom wahed l-mežmuEa ha?ila
de-l-metbuEat fe-l-methef. 3. nesxa
pl. -t. How many prints shall I
make of each picture? šhal
de-n-nesxat nxerrež Ela koll
teswira?

**That book is out of print. dak le-ktab ma-bqa-š.

to print - 1. $tbe\mathcal{E}$. We still have to print the programs. ma-sal

xeşşna nţeb€u l-baramiž. 2. nšer. The letter was printed in yesterday's paper. nešru le-bra fe-l-žarida de-l-bareh. printed matter - metbuEat (pl.). What are the postage rates for printed matter? šhal ka-yužeb fe-l-busta Eel l-metbuEat? printer - $teb \in i$ pl. -yin. print shop - $m \neq b \in a$ pl. -t. prison - hebs pl. hbasat. prisoner - mesžun pl. msažen. A prisoner has just escaped. wahed l-mesžun Ead hreb. prisoner of war - mesžun l-herb pl. msažen l-herb. private - 1. Eeskri (metlug) pl. Esakriya (metluqin). He was a private in the First World War. kan Eeskri metluq fe-l-herb l-Ealamiya l-luwla. 2. xass. This is my private property. hada melki l-xaşş. **I'd like to talk to you in private. baği ntkellem mEak bini u-binek. privilege - heqq pl. hquq; mtiyas pl. -at. He was denied all privileges. zuwwlu-lu le-hquq kollha. prize - ža?iza pl. -t, žawa?iz. Who won first prize? škun lli rbeh l-ža°iza l-luwla? problem - 1. muškila pl. mašakil. all have our problems. kollna Eendna mašakilna. 2. muškil pl. mašakil. I couldn't solve the second problem. ma-qdert-š nxerrež l-muškil t-tani. **She's a problem child. hadik bent waEra. to proceed - zad izid. proceeds - medxul pl. -at. The proceeds will go to charity. l-medxul gad imši f-Eamal xiri. process - 1. xtibar pl. -at. process was worked out in our laboratory. dak le-xtibar tşuwweb Eendna fe-l-muxtabar. 2. tariga pl. -t. That will be a long drawn-out process. dak t-tariqa gad ikun ?merha twil. procession - stiffad pl. -at. to proclaim - Elen. The government proclaimed Nov. 18 a holiday. l-hukuma Eelnet be-nhar tmentaš muwanbir nhar Eoțla. proclamation - ?iElan pl. -at. to produce - 1. ntež, xerrež. many cars do they produce a month? šhal de-s-siyarat ka-ixerržu fe-š-šher? 2. geddem, žab, ížib. Can you produce any written proof?

prompt imken-lek taeddem ši-hežža mektuba? production - %intaž pl. -at. productive - muntiž. He's a verv productive writer. hadak katib muntiž bezzaf. profit - rbeh pl. rbah. I sold it at a profit. be€tu be-r-rbeh. **I don't expect to get any profit out of that. ma-Eendi ma itleE-li men dak š-ši. to profit - 1. stafed, dda iddi fayda. I didn't profit much by the lecture. ma-ddit-ši ši-fayda kbira men l-muhadara. 2. tEellem. You profit from your mistakes. sbaylu l-wahed ka-itEellem. profitable = (lli) ka-idexxel, (lli) fih r-rbeh, (lli) fih medxul. it a profitable business? had l-haraka fiha ši-medxul? profiteer - xezzan r-rxa pl. xezzanin r-rxa. program - bernamež pl. baramiž. progress - taqeddum. to progress - tqeddem. You've progressed a lot in the six weeks I've been away. tqeddemti llah ibarek f-had s-setta de-ž-žem£at lli ģebt fiha. progressive - tageddumi. He's a progressive teacher. hadak ⁹ustad taqeddumi. to prohibit - mneE. Have they prohibited smoking on the train again? Eawed menEu d-doxxan fe-l-masina? project - mešru£ pl. mšare£. We're working on a project together. ra-hna xeddamin f-wahed l-mešruE mežmu£in. to project - biyyen. We projected the film on the wall. biyyenna l-film Eel l-heyt. to **prolong – tuww**el, žebbed. prominent - 1. mešhur, barez. He's a prominent artist. huwa fennan mešhur. 2. xarež. He has a prominent chin. Eendu lehya xarža. promise - Eahed pl. Ehud. You didn't keep your promise. ma-wfiti-š b-Eahdek. to promise - wated, gawel. promised him a present. watednah b-ši-hdi ya. 2. \in taklemtu. Promise me that you won't do it again. Etini klemtek ma-tEewwed-s ddirha. to promote - 1. regga, redd. He was

promoted to captain. redduh gebtan.

their foreign trade. žul l-boldan

ka-išežžEu tižarthom l-xarižiya.

prompt - 1. srie pl. srae. I expect.

or reggaweh l-mertabt gebtan. 2. šežžeć. Most countries promote a prompt reply. ka-ntsenna žwab srić. 2. doğri. He's prompt in paying his debts. huwa doğri fe-xlaş d-din lli ka-ikun élih.

promptly - be-d-debt, tamam. We start
promptly at five. ka-nebdaw
fe-l-xemsa be-d-debt.

to pronounce - 1. nteq b-. Am I pronouncing the word correctly? was
ka-nnteq b-had l-kelma hiya hadik?
2. dehher. The judge will pronounce
sentence tomorrow. l-qadi gad
idehher le-hkam gedda.

pronounciation - notq. That's not the correct pronounciation. ma-ši huwa hadak n-notq.

proof - hužža pl. -t, hužaž. What
 proof do you have of that? š-men
 hužža Eendek Ela dak š-ši?

to furnish proof - dla idli b-hužža. Can you furnish any written proof? imken-lek tedli b-ši hužža mektuba?

proper - mnaseb. This isn't the
 proper time to ask questions. had
 l-weqt ma-\$i mnaseb l-l-?as?ila.

**That isn't the proper way to handle people. ma-ši hadi hiya t-tariqa baš ka-ittEemlu n-nas.
—In 1937 the Japanese invaded China proper. f-tseEtaš le-mya u-sebEa u-tlatin l-yabiniyen hežmu Eel ş-şin b-nefsha. —Everything at the proper time. koll haža b-wegtha.

properly - 1. be-l-qa&ida. I'll show you how to do it properly. ġad nwerrik kif te&melha be-l-qa&ida.

2. m&ewwet. Can't you behave properly? ma-teqder-* ttme**sa m&ewwet?

property - mulk pl. ?amlak. All the
furniture is my property. l-?atat
kollu mulki.

proportion - qyaş pl. -at, Ebar pl.
-at. The proportions in that building are all wrong. l-qyaşat f-dak
le-bni kollhom Eiwež.

in proportion to - Ela hasab, be-n-nasba l-, Ela qedd. Everybody is paid in proportion to what he does. koll wahed ka-itxelles Ela qedd ma ka-yeEmel.

out of proportion - ma-metqadd-š. His expenses are entirely out of proportion to his income. mesqufu ma-metqadd-š be-l-koll m&a medxulu. proposal - &eqd pl. &qud; qtiqah pl.

to make a proposal - Ered.

to propose - qtareh. I propose that
we go to the movies. ka-neqtareh
nemšiw le-s-sinima.

to propose to - Ered z-zwaž Ela. He proposed to her. Ered Eliha z-zwaž.

proposition - qtirah pl. -at. He made me an excellent proposition. Emel-li wahed le-qtirah ha?il.

**Is it a paying proposition? l-qadiya fiha ši-m£aš?

prospect = ?amal. What are his prospects of getting the job? temma ši-?amal baš išebber l-xedma? prospective = (lli) gad ikun. He is

my prospective son-in-law. hada lli gad ikun nsibi.

to protect - 1. hfed. I wear these glasses to protect my eyes. ka-ne&mel had n-ndader bas nehfed & eyniya. 2. hma yehmi, dwa idwi & la. He'll protect your interests. huwa daba yehmi-lek l-masalih dyalek.

protection - fekkan, fkak. There is
no protection against that.
ma-kayen fekkan men dak š-ši.

to protest - 1. htežž. It won't do you any good to protest. ma-Eendek ma teqdi ila htežžiti. 2. ?ekked. He protested his innocense throughout the trial. ?ekked bara?tu fe-l-muḥakama kollha.

proud - meftaxer. I am proud of you.
 ana meftaxer bik.

to prove - biyyen. I can prove I didn't do it. imken-li nbiyyen bin ma-dertha-š.

to prove to be - ban iban, şdeq. The rumor proved to be false. d-difaya şedqet xawya.

proverb - metla pl. -t.

to provide - qewwen. They provided us with supplies to last two weeks. qewwmuna b-le-Ewin de-EmeEtayn.

to provide for - 1. xdem Ela. He has to provide for the whole family. ka-ixessu ixdem Eel l-Ea?ila kollha.

2. nder l-. The law provides for such special cases. l-qanun ka-inder l-qadiyat xassa bhal hadi.

provided, providing - be-l-heqq b-šert, be-l-heqq ila. I'll go, provided you come with me. nemši be-l-heqq b-šert dži m£aya.

province - ?iqlim pl. ?aqalim.

Morocco is divided into several provinces. l-megrib megsum l-Eadad de-l-?aqalim.

provisions - Eewla, Ewil. Our provisions are running low. Eewletna bdat

teqlal.

to provoke - 1. nuwwed. His remark
provoked a roar of laughter.

l-mulahada dyalu nuwwdet muža

de-d-dehk. 2. qelleq. He's provoked about it. qellqu dak š-ši.

provoking - (lli) ka-iqelleq, (lli) ka-ižennen. His behavior is provoking. sirtu ka-tqelleq.

prune - berquqa yabsa pl. berquqat yabsat coll. berquq yabes. I don't care much for prunes. ma-ka-ye€žebni-š l-berquq l-yabes

hetta l-temma.

to prune - qezzeb. You need to prune your rosebushes. ka-ixessek

tqezzeb l-werdat dyalek.

public - 1. Eumum. Is this park open
to the public? had l-Eersa mehlula
l-l-Eumum? 2. Eumumi. Do you have
a public telephone here? was
Eendkom tilifun Eumumi hna?
3. žemhur pl. žamahir. Such books

will always find a public. ktub
bhal hadu la-bodda ikun-lhom žemhur.
4. Eamm. Public opinion is against
him. r-ra?y l-Eamm deddu.

in public - qbalt n-nas. That's no way to behave in public. had \$-\$i ma-ka-iddar-\$i qbalt n-nas. publicity - \$tihar pl. -at. That's

what I call clever publicity. iwa hada huwa le-štihar wella balak! to publish - nšer. He hopes to publish his new book very soon. ka-

r°emmel inšer ktabu ž-ždid grib. publisher - tebba€ pl. -a.

puff - žebda pl. -t coll. žbid. I got sick after only one puff. mredt gir men žebda wehda.

pull - 1. žebda pl. -t. One more pull, and we'll have it open. žebda xra u-hna hellinaha. 2. idd pl. -in; kelma pl. -t. You need a lot of pull to get a job here. xess thun Eendek idd shiha baš teqbet xedma hnaya.

to pull - 1. žbed. Don't pull so hard. ma-džbed-š bezzaf. 2. qelle£, zummel. This tooth must be pulled had s-senna xessha ttgelle€.

**Don't pull any funny stuff! iwa bla tehramiyat. —Don't try to pull the wool over my eyes! gir ma-termi-li-š le-čžaž čla čeyniya. —He pulled a fast one on me. darha biya. —I pulled a (big) boner. bečžeqtha. —Pull over to the side! ženneb l-l-herf.

to pull down - 1. hebbet. Shall I pull down the shades? nhebbet d-derraqat? 2. tiyyeh. They're going to pull down all the houses. gadyen itiyyhu d-dyur le-qdam kollhom.

to pull in - dxel, wsel. When did your train pull in? fuq-as weslet masinthom?

to pull oneself together - žmeć trafu.

to pull out - 1. qelle. The children pulled out all the weeds. d-drarı qelleu r-rbie l-xayeb kollu. 2. žbed. Pull out your notebooks and we'll begin. žebdu le-knaneš dyalkom u-nebdaw.

to pull through - settet. We were afraid she might not pull through. konna xewfanin Eliha ma-dsettet-š.

to pull up - 1. wqef, hser, hbes. The car pulled up in front of the house. s-siyara weqfet qeddam d-dar. 2. žerr. Pull up a chair. žerr ši-šelya.

pulse - nebd. The doctor just took
my pulse. t-tbib Ead gelleb-li
n-nebd.

pump - tromba pl. -t. We have a pump
in the backyard. Eendna tromba
fe-l-Eersa.

to pump - 1. telle E. Shall I pump some water? ntelle E ši-šwiya de-l-ma? 2. qdef. Don't let him pump you. la-txellih- Šiqedfek.

to pump up - neffex. Will you please pump up the front tires? Eafak neffex-liya le-bnuwat l-qeddamiyen.

pumpkin - qer&a hemra pl. qer&at hemrat coll. qre& hemra.

punch - 1. bunya pl. -t. The punch knocked him down. l-bunya tiyyhettu.
2. mleh, ledda. His speech lacked punch. klamu ma-kan fih mleh.
3. meesser. Would you like some punch? tesreb ši-swiya d-le-meesser?

to punch - tqeb, ršem. The conductor punched our tickets.
l-muraqib ršem-lna le-btayeq.

puncture - teqba pl. -t, tqabi. l
 there a puncture in the tire?
 le-bnu fih ši-teqba?

to puncture - tqeb, heffer.
to punish - Eaqeb. Violations will
be severely punished. koll mxalfa
ttEaqeb b-šedda.

punishment - 1. Euquba pl. -t. The punishment was too severe.
l-Euquba kanet mžehda bezzaf.
2. deqq. Our car has taken a lot

of punishment. siyartna klat bezzaf de-d-degg.

pupil - 1. mhedri pl. -ya; telmid pl. tlamed. She has twenty pupils in her class. Eendha Eešrin mhedri f-tabaqetha. 2. mummu pl. -yat. The pupil of the left eye is injured. mummu de-leeyn l-işriya mqesseh.

puppy - žru pl. žrawi f. žerwa f. pl.
-t, žra.

pure - 1. safi pl. safyen. Is this milk pure? had le-hlib safi?
2. horr. The necktie is pure silk. had le-krafata d-le-hrir l-horr.
purple - mniyel.

purpose - 1. gaya pl. -t. What's the
purpose of all these plans? šni
hiya l-gaya men had le-mšare&
kollha? 2. niya pl. -t. What purpose did he have in doing that?
š-kanet niytu b-dak š-ši lli dar?

on purpose - Eenwa, be-l-Eani.
Did you do that on purpose? waš
Emelti dak š-ši be-l-Eani?

purse - 1. šekkara pl. -t, škayer.
This purse is made of genuine
leather. had š-šekkara msuwwba men
ž-želd l-?asili. 2. medxul. The
purse was divided among the winners.
l-medxul ttegsem Ela lli rebhu.

(change) purse - bziţem pl. bziţmat. I have either mislaid or lost my change purse. bziţmi ?imma telleftu ?imma mša-li.

to pursue - 1. tbef. The police pursued the thief the whole night.

l-bulis tebeu s-sareq l-lil kollu.

tebbee, tal itul f-. I don't want to pursue the subject any further. ma-bagi-s ntul fe-l-mudue kter men had s-si.

push - defea pl. -t. He gave me such a push I nearly fell over. dfeeni wahed d-defea hetta kont gad nțih.

to push - 1. dfe\(\xi\). Push the table over by the window. dfe\(\xi\) t-tebla l-\(\xi\) th s-\(\xi\) er\(\xi\) en. 2. xella. He was pushed way back. wehli fayn xellaweh! 3. derr. The crowd pushed into the stadium. n-nas derru l-qelb l-mel\(\xi\) eb. 4. brek \(\xi\) la. Did you push the button? brekti \(\xi\) el t-teffaya? 5. rma irmi. He tried to push the blame on me. bga irmi l-lum \(\xi\) liya.

to push oif - qellee, mša imši, bda ibda t-triq. Right after we pushed off, the boat capsized. gir hna qelleena u-l-baxira ttqelbet. to put - 1. nezzel. Put the table over there, nezzel t-tebla hnak. 2. Emel. Put an ad in the paper.

Emel ?iElan fe-l-žarida. 3. weşşel.

I have to put the kids to bed.

xeşşni nweşşel d-drari ineEsu.

**I wouldn't put any faith in that story. ma-ntiyyeq-š dak š-ši lli kan f-dak le-xrafa. --Why don't you put it straight to him? Elas ma-tqulha-lu-š b-taytay? --You stay put until I get back. xellik fe-rhebtek hetta nwelli.

to put across - 1. fesser, biyyen. I don't know how to put it across to him that... ma-&reft-\si kif nfesser-lu billa... 2. faz ifuz b-Did you put the deal across? fezti b-dak l-qadiya?

to put an end (stop) to - Emel hedd l-, hser. I'll have to put an end to that nonsense. xessni neEmel hedd l-dak le-hmaq. --Can't you put a stop to that talk? ma-teqder-ši tehser dak l-hedra?

to put aside (or away) - xebbe£, heyyed. She's been putting aside a little money each month. koll sher ka-txebbe£ šwiya d-le-flus.

to put back - redd. Put the book back where you got it. redd le-ktal fayn xditih.

you want to put the box down here?
bgit: thett s-senduq hnaya?
2. kteb. Put down your name and
address. kteb smiytek u-Eenwanek.

to put in - 1. Eta yeEti. They put in a lot of time on that job. Etaw bezzaf de-l-weqt l-dak l-xedma. 2. rekkeb. Did they put in a new windowpane? waš rekkbu zaža de-š-šeržem ždida?

**Will you put in a word for me?
iwa gad tge&Eedni b-ši klima?

to put in order - Eenwet. He's been putting his affairs in order. rah ka-1 Eenwet Sgalatu.

to put off - 1. ?exxer. I can't put the matter off any longer. ma-imken-li-š n?exxer l-qaqiya kter men had š-ši. 2. txella Ela. I can't put off the appointment. ma-imken-li-š ntxella Eel l-miEad.

3. t?exxer Ela. Can't you put him off for a while? ma-teqder-šitt?exxer Elih ši-šwiya?

to put on - 1. Emel, tleq. Put on a clean tablecloth! tleq mendil nqi. 2. lbes, Emel. Put your coat on! lbes l-kebbut dyalek!
3. lesseq. Did you put stamps on all the letters? lesseqti t-tnaber Eel le-brawat kollhom? 4. SEel.

Put on the light, please. *\(\xi\)\(\xi\)\(\text{el}\)\(d-duw \in afak. \) 5. *\(xad izid. \) I've put on three kilos. *\(xid tlata\)\(de-l-kilu. \) 6. *\(xid senne \in \). Don't you think her accent is put on? *\(ma-ka-ddenn billa leh\)\(xie tha msenn \in a?\)

to put oneself out - teeddeb, teeb nefsu, teeb rasu. Don't put yourself out on my account. ma-tteeb-si nefsek Ela ?ežli.

to put out - 1. tfa itfi. Put out the light before you leave. tfi d-duw qbel ma-temši. 2. xerrež. Put him out if he makes too much noise. xerržu ila £mel s-sde£ bezzaf. 3. nšer. Who's putting out your book? škun gad inšer-lek ktabek?

**He felt quite put out about that. kan bayen Elih mxewter men dak š-ši.

to put over on - Leeb Ela, duwwezha b-. You can't put anything over on him. ma-imken-š dduwwezha bih.

to put through - neffed. He put his own plan through. neffed mešruću b-iddih.

to put to good use - xeddem l-l-meşlaha. We'll put the money to good use. ġad nxeddmu le-flus l-l-meşlaha.

to put to death - Edem. They put the murderer to death this morning. Eedmu qettal r-ruh had s-sbah.

to put to expense - telleb sayer.

This will put me to considerable expense. had š-ši ġad iţelleb-li şayer kbir.

to put up - 1. rekkeb. New telephone poles are being put up. rahom ka-irekkbu rkayez de-t-tılıfun zdad. 2. Ered. The farm will be put up for sale this week. had ž-žem£a gad iEerdu le-Ezib l-l-biE. 3. nezzel. Each of them put up a thousand dirhams. koll wahed mennhom nezzel ?alef derhem. 4. wežžed, telles. This building was put up in six months. telleu had l-binaya f-sett shur. 5. biyyet, gelles. Can you put us up for the night? imken-lek tgellesna had l-lila? They didn't put up a biyyen. fight. ma-biyynu mEarda.

to put up with - sber l-. I don't know why you put up with it.

ma-Ereft-Si l-as ka-tesber l-dak

s-si.

puzzle - 1. muškila pl. -t, mašakil; xentagira pl. -t; wehla pl. -t. Can you solve that puzzle? teeref txerrež dak l-xentagira? 2. hira pl. -t. That is a puzzle to me. hira hadik žatni.

to puzzle - heyyer. His letter had us puzzled. bratu heyyretni. to puzzle out - fhem, fesser. I can't puzzle it out. ma-Ereft-ši

pyramid - haram pl. ?ehram.

kif nfesserha.

N

qualification - qodra pl. -t. Do you think she has the necessary qualifications for the job? waš ban-lek bin Eendha l-qodra lli wažba l-had l-xedma?

qualified - 1. (lli) \(\xi \) endu wsaf. He is not qualified for this job.

ma-\(\xi \) endu-\(\xi \) le-wsaf l-had l-xedma.

2. \(be-\(\xi \) - \(\xi \) ert. He gave a qualified answer.

answer. žaweb be-š-šert.
quality - 1. nu£ pl. ?enwa£. Don't
you have any better quality? waš
Eendek ši-nu£ axor hsen? --Our
product is of high quality. nu£
s-sel£a dyalna mo£tabara.
2. hsiniya pl. -t. She has many
good qualities. £endha bezzaf
d-le-hsiniyat.

quantity - qedr, qder. It's not the

quantity but the quality that counts. $ma-\check{s}i$ $l-qed\tau$ lli l-muhemm walayenni $n-nu \in$.

in large quantities - b-Eadad kbir. Radios are now produced in large quantities. ka-isawbu daba r-radyuwat b-Eadad kbir.

in quantity - $b-\varepsilon$ adad kbir. We buy in quantity. ka-nešriw $b-\varepsilon$ adad kbir.

quarrel - mdabza pl. -t. Who started the quarrel? škun lli bda le-mdabza? to quarrel - dabez. One of these days we're going to quarrel. ši-nhar ĝadi ndabzu.

quarry - 1. meEden d-le-hžer pl.

mEaden d-le-hžer. Did this stone
come from the quarry? was had
l-hežra žat men l-meEden d-le-hžer?

2. sid. Mice become the quarry of various birds of prey. l-firan huma sid dyal Eadad d-le-bratel d-le-frisa.

quarter - rbee pl. rbuea. Each partner received a quarter of the profits. koll šarik xda rbee dyal r-rbih. --It's a quarter after ten already. hadi beeda eesra u-rbee.

the Émpty Quarter - r-robe l-xalı.

(a) quarter to three, etc. fe-t-tlata llareb, etc. The train
leaves at a quarter to three.
l-masına gad temsı fe-t-tlata
llareb.

quarterly - koll telt šhur. I pay
my insurance quarterly. ka-nxelles
s-sugra dyali koll telt šhur.

quarters - sokna. Did you find decent quarters? waš žberti sokna mezyana?

at close quarters - magerreb (bezzaf). They fought at close quarters. tharbu magerrbin bezzaf. queen - 1. (person) malika pl. -t.

2. (at chess) weir pl. weara, wasara.

queer - f-ši-škel. He's a queer person. huwa ražel f-ši-škel. to quench - berred. I simply can't quench my thirst. ma-imken-li-š nberred l-Eeţša dyali.

question - 1. as?ila pl. -t, su?al pl. asa?il. Have you any further questions? waš £endek ši-as?ila xra?

2. šekk pl. škuk. There is no question about it. had š-ši bla šekk.

3. qadiya pl. -t. It was a question of saving a human life. hadi kanet qadiya dyal £teq r-ruk.

**That's completely out of the question. ma-temken-\$. —The gentleman in question was not there. r-rašel &la men ka-ntkellmu ma-kan-\$ temma.

beyond question - ma-Elih hetta šekk. His honesty is beyond question. s-sfawa dyalu ma-Eliha hetta šekk.

to ask a question - s?el. They asked a lot of questions. se?lu bezzaf.

to question - 1. suwwel. The police questioned him all night long. l-bulis b qaw ka-isuwwlu l-lila

kollha. 2. šekk f-. I question his sincerity. ka-nšekk fe-s-sedq dyalu. quick - mezrub. That was a quick decision. hada kan teEwal mezrub.

**Be quick about it! serb: rașek!
quickly - be-z-zerba. Come quickly!
aži be-z-zerba.

quicksilver - zawaq.

quick-tempered - (lli) ka-itqelleq
be-z-zerba. She is very quicktempered. hrya ka-ttqelleq
be-z-zerba.

quiet - 1. sukut. I demand absolute quiet. ka-ntleb mennkom sukut tamm.
2. mhedden. I live in a quiet neighborhood. ka-n∈iš f-naḥıya mheddna.

**Quiet, please! sektu Eafakom!
to keep quiet - thedden. Why
didn't you keep quiet? Elas
ma-theddenti-s?

to quiet (down) - hedden. See if you can quiet her. suf was imken-lek theddenha.

to quiet down - 1. thedden. She quieted down after a while. theddnet men be&d \$i-\sinya. 2. bred. Let's wait till the excitement quiets down a bit. ntsennaw hetta l-haraka tebred \surya.

quince - sferžla pl. -t coll. sferžel.
to quit - 1. xrež men. He quit his
job yesterday. xrež men xdemtu
l-bareh. 2. wqef, hser. He quit
right in the middle. wqef
fe-l-wost. --Quit it! hser!

**It's time to quit (work). hada l-weqt baš nemšiw.

quite - 1. tamamen. Are you quite sure that you can't go? was nta mheqqeq tamamen bin ma-imken-lek-s temsi? 2. bezzaf. The house is quite far from here. d-dar beida bezzaf men hna.

**That's quite possible. imken.
quotation - ness pl. nsas, nsus,
nusus. His speech was full of
quotations. l-xetba dyalu kan
Eendha bezzaf de-n-nsas.

to quote - dker. That's quoted on page ten. hada medkur fe-s-sefha Eesra.

**Don't quote me' ma-t Eewwed-\$ klami. --What price did he quote you? \$-men taman tleb-lek?

R

Rabat - r-rbat. native of Rabat - rbati adj. pl. yen, n. pl. hel r-rbat. rabbit = qniya pl. -t.race - 1. musabaga pl. -t, msabga pl. -t. I'm going to the (horse) races. gad nemši l-l-musabaqa (de-l-xil). 2. žens pl. žnus. There is no such thing as a pure race. ž-žens s-safi ma-kayen-š. foot race - žri, sbig. to race - 1. žra ižri be-z-zerba. The car raced through the streets. t-tumubila zrat be-z-zerba fe-z-zenga. 2. sabeq. Let's race. yallah nsabqu. **Don't race the engine. ma-txeddem-š l-mutur be-z-zerba. rack - 1. merfe& pl. mrafe&. Put the books back on the rack. režže& le-ktub $l-l-merfe \in 2$. šebka pl. -t, Sbayek. Put your baggage up on the rack. hett hwayžek fe-š-šebka. 3. meqbet pl. maabet. I hung my coat on the rack. Eellegt kebbuti fe-l-megbet. to rack one's brains - herres raşu. Don't rack your brains over it. ma-therres-š rașek €lih. racket - sdaE. The children are making an awful racket. d-drari ka-i∈emlu şda∈ kbir. (tennis) racket - rakita pl. -t. Her racket is much too heavy for you. r-rakita dyalha tqila Elik bezzaf. radio - radyu pl. -wat. radio station - ida£a pl. -t. radish - fežla pl. -t coll. fžel.. raft - mEeddya pl. -t. rag - zif pl. zyuf, zyufa; šerwita pl. šrawet. Do you have a rag to dust the table? was Eendek ši-zif baš nemseh t-tebla? **They were dressed in rags. labsin hwayež mšerwtin. rage - $tez \in ifa$ pl. -t. His rage made him tremble. t-tezifa dyalu ģezzle t tu to fly into a rage - džennen, tgelleg. My father flew into a

rage when I told him. bba džennen

a bull. taelleg bhal t-tur.

r-re∈da talet l-lila kollha.

to rage - tgelleg. He raged like

**The storm raged all night long.

melli qoltha-lu.

rail - sekka pl. skek. railing - derbuz pl. drabez. Hold on to the railing. qbet d-derbuz.
railroad - Smandifir. I prefer to go by railroad. ka-nfeddel safar š-šmandifir. railroad station - lagar pl. -at, mahetta (pl. -t) de-š-šmandifir.rain - šta. to rain - tah itih š-šta. rained all morning. tahet š-šta ş-şbah kollu. rainbow - Erust s-sma pl. Erusat s-sma, qus n-nbi pl. qwas n-nbi. raise - zyada pl. -t. He got a raise. xda zyada. to raise - 1. debber Ela. I can't raise the money. ma-imken-li-s ndebber Eel le-flus. 2. hsed. They raise a lot of wheat here. ka-ihesdu bezzaf de-l-gemh hna. 3. hezz. Raise your hands! hezzu iddikom! 4. zad izid f-. They're going to raise the rent on October first. gad izidu f-le-kra f-?ewwel ktuber. 5. rebba. Most farmers here raise % ekter l-fellaha hna kasheep. irebbiw le-gnem. --She has raised nine children. rebbat tes Eud de-d-drari. to raise the roof - 1. džennen (bezzaf), tqelleq (bezzaf). My father raised the roof because I took the car. bba džennen bezzaf Ela gibal xdit t-tumubil. 2. freE d-dar be-s-sdat. The kids are raising the roof again. d-drari ka-iferEu d-dar be-ş-şdaE Eewtani. to raise a question - žbed su?al. Who raised the question? škun lli žbed s-su⁹al? rake - xebbaša pl. -t. We need a new rake for the garden. xeşşna xebbaša ždida l-l-Eersa. to rake - xebbeš, kerret. range - 1. ?enwa£, anwa£ (pl.). These shirts come in a large range of colors. had le-qwamež €endhom bezzaf de-l-?enwa \mathcal{E} de-l-lwan.

2. kanun pl. kwanen. We just bought

a new range. Ead šrina kanun ždid.
out of range - bEid men pl. bEad

tanks were out of range of our guns.

men, bEid Ela pl. bEad Ela.

dyalna.

t-tnuga kanu bEad men le-mdafeE

**Quiet! let's wait until he's out of range. skot, tsenna hetta itbe&&ed menna.

**Prices range from one to five dollars. t-tamanat bin dular hetta l-xemsa.

rank - rotba pl. -t, daraža pl. -t.
What's that officer's rank? \$nu
r-rotba dyal dak d-dabit?

**That's rank ingratitude! koll z-znan u-leen mula! --He's worked his way up from the ranks. dar tergiya Ela ktafu.

rapid - be-z-zerba. His heartbeat was very rapid. qelbu kan ka-idreb be-z-zerba.

rapidly - b-sorea. This man can run quite rapidly. had r-ražel imken-lu džri b-sorea.

rare - 1. qlil pl. qlal. That's a rare flower. had n-nu& de-n-numwara qlil. 2. ma-me\swi-\s\tilde{s} bezzaf, demmu sayel. I'd like my steak rare. b\tilde{g}it l-biftik dyali ma-me\s\wi-\s\tilde{s} bezzaf.

rarely - qlil. That rarely happens.

had š-ši ka-yuqe£ qlil.

rascal - hrami, mterreq.

rash - 1. hbub (pl.), xruž (pl.). He
has a rash on his face. xeržu-lu
hbub f-wežhu. 2. bla texmima. I
won't make any rash promises.
ma-ne€tik-š aman bla texmima.
rat - tobba pl. -t.

rate - taman pl. -at. What are the rates for single rooms? §nu huwa t-taman l-bit wahed? --What are the new rates for airmail? §nu huwa t-taman ĕ-ĕdid de-l-barid l-ĕewwi? --What's the rate of exchange today? §nu huwa taman \$-\$erf l-yum? --The rate of interest is four per cent. taman l-intiris huwa reb€a f-le-mya.

**At this rate we'll never get done. ila m*ina f-had l-hala Eemmerna ma-nfeddiw.

at any rate — Ela kolli hal. At any rate, I'd like to see you. Ela kolli hal bgit nšufek.

first-rate - nimiru wahed. This is a first-rate hotel. hada util nimiru wahed.

rather - 1. bezzaf. The play was rather long. t-temtil kan twil bezzaf. 2. hsen. I would rather wait. bgit ntsenna hsen.

rather ... than - wallah u-ma... wella. I'd rather die than
surrender. wallah u-ma-nmut wella
nsellem rasi.

to rattle - 1. gergeb. Do you have

to rattle the dishes that way?

ma-Eendek Elaš tqerqeb t-tbase!

hakda. 2. xerxer. Stop rattling
the doorknob! baraka ma-txerxer-š

l-luba!

to rattle on - hedrez. She can rattle on like that for hours. imken-lha thedrez hakda swaye£.

to get someone rattled - šuwweš.

Don't get me rattled. ma-tšuwwešni-š.

to rave - hetref. He was raving like
a madman. kan ka-ihetref bhal
le-hmeg.

to rave about - ttextef & eqlu f-. Everyone raves about his new book. koll wahed ttextef & eqlu fe-ktabu &-&did.

raw - 1. xder pl. xuder. The meat is almost raw. l-lhem Elayen xder.
2. mžellef. My throat is raw. helqi mžellef.

ray - \$\xi a pl. a\xi \xi iya. A ray of light came through the window. \$\xi a de-d-duw dxel men \xi - \xi er\xi em.

**There's still a ray of hope. kayen ma-zal šwiya de-r-raža.

razor - mess pl. msus, mus pl. mwas.

I have to strop my razor. xessni
nmeddi l-mess d-le-hsana dyali.

safety razor - makina d-le-hsana pl. mwaken d-le-hsana.

razor blade - mess pl. msus, mus pl. mwas. Please buy me a dozen razor blades. Sri-li baraka llahu fik zina d-le-msas d-le-hsana.

to reach - 1. wsel l-. Can you reach that shelf? was imken-lek tusel l-dak l-merfee? --We reached the city at daybreak. wselna l-le-mdina f-le-fžer. --Our garden reaches all the way to the river. l-ersa dyalna ka-tusel hetta l-l-wad. --The rumor even reached us. l-hess wsel hetta l-endna. 2. ntasel b-. There was no way of reaching him. ma-mken-lna-s nntaslu bih. 3. medd. Please reach me the salt. medd-li l-melha &afak.

to reach for - medd iddu (iddih) Ela. He reaches for everything he sees. lli šafha ka-imedd Eliha iddih.

**He reached into his pocket.
hša iddu f-mektubu.

to read - gra igra.

**The thermometer reads thirty-five degrees. l-mizan de-s-sxana fih xemsa u-tlatin derža.

--Was my name read? waš dekru smiyti? --This reads like a fairy tale. ka-itšebbeh le-xrafa.

to read aloud - gra igra be-l-Eali.

reading - qraya. He got a perfect score in reading. Etaweh Eesrin Ela Eesrin f-le-qraya.

ready - wažed. Dinner is ready.

l-makla wažda. --I'm ready for
anything. ana wažed l-koll-ši.

**I don't have much ready cash.
ma-Eendi gir šwiya d-le-flus Eel
t-tabla. --She's always ready with
an answer. Eendha dima ž-žwab
fe-lsanha.

ready-made - mužud. Do you buy your clothes ready-made? waš ka-tešri hwayžek mužudin?

real - 1. hqiq pl. hqaq. That's not his real name. hadi ma-ši smiytu le-hqiqa. --What is the real reason? šnu huwa s-sabab le-hqiq? --That's what I call a real friend. hada huwa ka-nsemmi saheb hqiq. 2. horr. Is this real silk? waš had le-hrir horr?

**It was a real pleasure to listen to him. kanet hlawa baš ntsenntuh.
--That never happens in real life.
had š-ši ma-ćemmru ka-yuqeć
fe-d-denya.

real estate - melk pl. mluk. reality - hqiqa pl. -t.

to realize - 1. kemmel. He never realized his ambition to become a doctor. Eemmru ma-kemmel t-tmee dyalu baš ikun tbib. 2. ban-lu. I didn't realize it was so late.

ma-ban-li-š bin mša l-hal. --He never realized the danger. Eemmru ma-ban-lu l-xater. 3. Eref rasu.

Does he realize he's sick? waš ka-veeref rasu bin mrid?

to realize a profit - rbeh. He realized quite a profit on that sale. rbeh bezzaf f-had l-bića.

really - heggen. I really wanted to stay at home. heggen kont bagi nebga fe-d-dar.

**Do you really mean it? was had \$-\$i b-\$ehh? --It really isn't very far! wallah ma-b&id!

rear - 1. lur. The rear of the house is being painted. ka-isebgu l-lur de-d-dar. --The emergency exit is in the rear. bab l-igata fe-l-lur. 2. wrani. The rear windows haven't been cleaned yet. §-§ražem

le-wraniyin ma-zal ma-ttsemhu.

to rearrange - neqqel. You ought to rearrange the furniture. u-kan neqqelti le-qsusa.

reason - 1. heqq or hquq. She has no reason for acting like that.

ma-Eendha l-heqq bas teEmel hakda.

or ma-Eendha Elas bas teEmel hakda.

2. sabab pl. sbayeb. Is that the reason you didn't go? was ma-msiti-s Ela yedd had s-sabab? --He was dismissed without any reason. dhaweh bla hetta sabab. 3. Eqel. If this keeps up, I'll lose my reason. ila had s-si tal, gad ixroz Eeqli.

**He gave me no reason for complaint. ma-xellani mnayn ntšekka mennu.

to reason (with) - tfahem (m£a). You can't reason with him. ma-imken-lek-š ttfahem m£ah.

reasonable - 1. Eaqel. She's a very reasonable person. hiya Eaqla bezzaf. 2. meEqul. That's a reasonable price. hada taman meEqul. --That's a reasonable fee. hadi uĕra meEqula.

to rebel - 1. nuwwed l-fetna. The prisoners rebelled at the poor living conditions. l-hebbasa nuwwdu l-fetna εel l-hala s-si⁹a. 2. truwweε. My stomach simply rebelled. kerši truwweε.

to recall - 1. režžeć. The ambassador has been recalled. režžću s-safir.
2. Eqel. Do you recall whether he was there? waš ka-teEqel bin kan

receipt - 1. wsul. Please acknowledge receipt of the books. Elem baraka llahu fik be-wsul le-ktuba.

2. medxul. The receipts are low today. ma-kayen-š medxul bezzaf l-yum.

3. tuşil pl. twaşel. Please give me a receipt. Etini Eafak tuşil.

to receipt - sellem Ela. Please receipt this bill. sellem Ela had l-werga d-le-xlas.

to receive - 1. wsel-lu, weslu. Did you receive my telegram? was weslek t-tiligram dyali?
2. steqbel. We were cordially

received. steqbluna b-kolli farah. receiver - semma Ea pl. -t. You left

the receiver off the hook.

ma-xelliti-s s-semma&a f-mahellha.

recent - ždid pl. ždad. Do you have any recent magazines? waš Eendek ši-mažellat ždad?

recently - Ead. I heard it only recently. Ead smeEt biha.

recess - raha pl. -t. We have a short recess at ten in the morning. Eendna raha qsira fe-l-Eešra de-s-sbah.

reckless - (lli) ma-ka-iredd-š balu. He's a reckless driver. huwa şumwag ma-ka-iredd-š balu.

Place the refuse in

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recognition - \xi tiraf.
to recognize - 1. Eqel, Eref. I
  recognized him by his voice.
 Ereftu men helqu. --You've grown so
 much I didn't recognize you.
  twalitz hetta ma-Egelt-$ Elik.
 2. Etaref b-. They have finally
  recognized his merits. ma-mšaw
  hetta Etarfu-lu b-megdurtu.
to recommend - wessa Ela. I
  recommended her highly to him.
 wessit Eliha bezzaf lilu.
recommendation - wsiva pl. -t. I did
  it on your recommendation. dertha
 Ela gibal Etitini wsiya Eliha.
to record - sežžel.
to recover - bra ibra. He recovered
  from his illness. bya men l-merd
 dvalu.
    **He recovered his balance
              t∈ewwet-lu l-mizan
  immediately
  degva or tge&Eed-lu l-mil degva.
  --He's on the road to recovery.
  huwa ka-iqeddem r-raha or huwa
  Elaven bra.
red - hmer pl. humer. I want to buy
  a red hat. bgit nešri šemrir hmer.
  -Red is not becoming on her.
  ma-ka-iwatiha-$ le-hmer.
Red Crescent - l-hilal le-hmer.
Red Cross - s-slib le-hmer.
to reduce - nges, tiyyeh. We've
  reduced the prices ten percent.
  ngesna Eešra f-le-mya men t-tamanat.
to refer - 1. sifet or safet isifet.
  I was referred to the manager.
  siftun: l-Eend l-mudir 2. tkellem.
  I'm referring to your mother not
  your sister. ka-ntkellem Ela
  yemmak ma-ši Ela xtek. 3. dker.
She referred to it in her book.
  dekretha fe-ktabha.
reflection - š£a. You can see your
  reflection in the water
  imken-lek tšuf š-š€a dyalek fe-l-ma.
reform - islah pl -at. He intro-
  duced many reforms. qeddem Eadad
  d-l-islahat.
    to reform - 1. sleh. He's
  always trying to reform the world.
  ka-ibģi dima isleh koll-ši.
  2. theddel, thessen. I'm sure
  he'll reform. and mheggeg bin gad
  itheddel.
refreshment - mešruba pl. -t.
  Refreshments were served during the
  intermission. Etahom l-mešrubat
  f-wegt l-ingita\epsilon.
refrigerator - tellaža pl. -t.
refugee - muhažir pl. muhažrin.
to refund - redd. I'll refund your
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money. gad nredd-lek flusek.

refusal - reddan.

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the container. Emel z-zbel
 fe-t-tarru.
    to refuse - 1. redd f-wezhu.
 doesn't refuse me anything.
 ma-redd-li f-wežhi hetta haža.
 2. ma-qbel-š. He refused my
  resignation. ma-qbel-š t-teslim
 dyali. 3. ma-bġa-ši. She refused
  to help me. ma-bġat-š t awenni.
    **What'll happen if I refuse to
  let you take it? š-ġad yuge€ ila
  ma-xellitek-š taxdu?
regard - nahiya. In that regard, I agree with you. f-had n-nahiya
  ana mettafeq mEak.
    to give regards to - sellem Ela.
  Give my regards to the folks at
  home. sellem-li Ela mwalin d-dar.
    to have regard for - tnebbeh l-.
  He has no regard at all for others.
  ma-ka-itnebbeh-š ga£ l-hetta wahed.
    with (in) regard to - amma.
  regard to that subject ...
  f-had l-muduE...
    to regard as - hseb, Etaber,
  Eedd. He is regarded as a
  specialist. ka-ihesbuh xtisasi.
regarding - amma. Regarding your
  new house... amma d-dar ž-ždida
  dyalkom ...
region - nahiya or nawahi.
register - konnaš t-tesžil pl. knaneš
  t-tesžil. Did you sign the
  register? was nezzelt xett iddik
  f-konnaš t-tesžil?
    (cash) register - sendug pl.
  snadeq. Did you take any money out
  of the register? was xditi si-flus
  men s-senduq?
    to register - 1. sežžel.
  registered him in this hotel
  vesterday, sežželnah l-bareh
  f-had l-util. 2. tsežžel.
  you registered with the police?
  waš tsežželti Eend l-bulis?
  3. tqeyyed. Where do you register here? fayn imken-lna ntqeyydu hna?
  4. suger. Where do you register
  letters? fayn imken-li nsuger
  le-brawat?
to regret - ndem. I've always
  regretted not having traveled much.
  dıma nadem Ela lli ma-safert-š
  bezzaf.
regrettable - lli ndem Eliha l-wahed.
regular - 1. Eadi. The regular price
  is five dollars. t-taman l-Eadi
  xemsa de-d-dular. 2. hadak. His
  pulse is regular. n-nebd dyalu
  huwa hadak 3. mneddem. He lives
  a very regular life. huwa Eayeš
```

refuse - zbel.

havat mneddma.

**This is our regular waiter.

hada huwa l-garşun lli mwellfin bih.
regularly - Eel l-qaEida. He pays
regularly. ka-ixelleş Eel l-qaEida.
to regulate - sawa.

regulation - qanun pl. qwanen. That's against regulations. had \$-\$i dedd l-qanun.

rehearsal - temrin pl. tmaren.

rein - lžam pl. -at.

to reject - ma-qbel-s. They rejected my application. ma-qeblu-s t-talab dyali.

related - men Ea?ila wehda. He and I are related. hna men Ea?ila wehda.

relation - Ealaga pl. -t. The relations between the two countries are strained. l-Ealagat bin l-boldan b-žuž metwettrin.

**I have a lot of relations there. Eendi bezzaf de-n-nas men Ea?ilti temma.

relationship - Ealaga pl. -t. What's the relationship between those two? šniya l-Ealaga lli kayna bin had ž-žuž?

to relax - 1. rxa irxi. Relax your muscles. rxi Easabek. 2. triyyeh. I can't relax until I finish. ma-imken-li-š ntriyyeh qbel-ma nsali.

release - metlaga pl. -t. Her release was delayed a couple of days. Eettlu-lha l-metlaga dyalha b-yumayn.

to release - 1. tleq. The police released him right away. \$-\$orta telqettu degya. 2. hell. He forgot to release the brake. nsa ma-hell-\$\vec{b}\$ l-hessar.

reliable - (lli) fih tiqa. That's a reliable firm. hadi šarika fiha tiqa.

**He's a very reliable person.
huwa ražel imken-lek ttwekkel Elih.
relief - raha. Did the medicine give
you any relief? waš had d-dwa
žab-lek raha?

**I bet it's a relief to have it off your mind. ban-li bin raha Elik baš tfekk rasek mennha. —No relief (from the heat) is in sight. hetta bruda ma-bayna.

to relieve - 1. xeffef. This will relieve your headache. had \$-\$i daba ixeffef-lek merd r-ras.

2. berra. Do you have anything that will relieve his pains? was Eendek \$i-haža lli tberri-lu le-wžee?

3. beddel. The guard is relieved at twelve o'clock. ka-ibeddlu l-Eessas fe-t-tnas.

to be relieved - rtah. I'm glad
I've been relieved of that worry.
ana ferhan lli rtahit men had l-hemm.
to relieve one another - tnawbu.

We relieve one another. ka-ntnawbu. religion - din pl. dyan.

religious - dini.

to rely - twekkel. You can't rely on him. ma-imken-lek-s ttwekkel Elih.

to remain - bqa ibqa. Only five remain. ma-bqaw gir xemsa. --There remains nothing else for us to do but to wait. ma-bqa-lna gir ntsennaw.

**That remains to be seen. daba nšufu or Elem llah.

remaining - (lli) bqa. What did you do with the remaining apples? šnu Emelti be-t-teffah lli bqa?

remark - tenbih pl. -at. That remark
wasn't called for. had t-tenbih
ma-ši fe-blastu.

remarkable - fih Ežuba. What's so remarkable about it? fayn Ežuba fiha?

remedy - dwa pl. ?edwiya, duyan.

That's a good remedy for colds.

hada dwa mesyan le-r-rwah. --There's

no remedy for that. had \$-\$i

ma-Eendu dwa.

to remedy - sleh. I don't know how that can be remedied.

ma-Ereft-* kif-a* gad nselhu had

*-*1.

to remember - 1. Eqel Ela. It was in May, as far as I remember. had š-ši wqeE f-mayu ila ma-zal Eaqel Eliha.
-1 simply can't remember his name. ma-imken-li-š u-kan neEqel Ela smiytu. 2. ma-nsa-š ma-insa-š. Remember to turn out the light. ma-tensa-š ddfi d-duw. 3. sellem. Remember me to your mother. sellem-li Ela yemmak.

to remind - fekker. He reminded me of my appointment. fekkerni fe-l-miEad lli Eendi. --Remind me about it later. fekkerni fiha men beEd.

remnant - 1. šyata. I found a few remnants of food. sebt ši-šyata de-l-makla. 2. ?atar pl. -at. Did you see the remnants of that old city? was šefti l-?atarat dyal dak le-blad le-qdima?

remote - mbeEEed. Our house is somewhat remote. darna mbeEEda šwiya.

**There's a remote possibility
that... bEid baš imken... --I
haven't the remotest idea what you
mean. bEid Eliya baš nefhem šnu

ka-taul.

to remove - 1. heyyed. Please remove your hat. heyyed \$-\$emrir dyalek & afak. --This will remove all the stains. had \$-\$i gad iheyyed t-teb&at kollhom. 2. qte&. This should remove all doubt. had \$-\$i gad iqte& \$-\$sekk. 3. neqqel. He was removed from office. neqqluh men xdemtu. 4. hewwel. Remove everything from the desk. hewwel koll-si men l-biru.

to renew - žedded.

rent - kra pl. -wat. How much rent do you pay for your apartment? šhal ka-txelles d-le-kra le-s-sokna dyalek?

to rent - kra ikri. I rented a room for three months. krit bit l-telt šhur. --I rented the house to him. krit-lu d-dar. --I rented the house from him. krit d-dar

repair - işlah pl. -at. The car needs only minor repairs. t-tumubila ma-xeşşha ğir ši-işlahat şğira.

beyond repair - ma-ka-itteşleh-š. The watch is beyond repair. had l-magana ma-ka-tteşleh-š.

to repair - \$leh. Can you repair these shoes? was imken-lek tesleh had s-sebbat?

to repeat - 1. Eawed. Repeat what I just said! Eawed had \$-\$i lli Ead golt. --Repeat these words after me. Eawed had le-klam men beEdi.

2. belleg. They repeat everything they hear. lli ka-isemEu ka-ibellgu le-xbar.

to repent - tab itub, ndem.

to replace - nab inub Ela, ža iži
f-bļaṣt-. We haven't been able to
get anyone to replace her.
ma-qdeṛna-š nṣibu ši-weḥda lli dži
fe-blastha.

**These glasses can't be replaced. had l-kisan ma-imken-lna-š nžebru xuthom.

reply - žwab pl. -at.

to reply (to) - žaweb.

report - tegrir pl. tgarer.

to make (give) a report - Emel teqrir. When will you make your report! fuq-aš ġad teEmel t-teqrir dyalek?

to report - qal iqul, Eamed. It is reported that... ka-iEamdu bin...

to report to - 1. qeddem rasi Eend. To whom do I report? Eend men xessni nqeddem rasi? 2. fdeh b. Somebody reported him to the police. Ši-mahed fdeh bih
le-š-šorta.

reporter - muxbir ž-žarida pl.
muxbirin ž-žara?id.

to represent - mettel. Who is representing the defendant? škun llika-imettel d-difa£?

**What does this symbol represent? šniya l-me£na d-had r-remæ?

representative - nayeb pl. nummab.
He is the European representative of a big concern. huma nayeb
f-vurubba dyal wahed d-dar
de-t-tižara kbira. --Who's the

He is the European representative of a big concern. huwa nayeb f-?urubba dyal wahed d-dar de-t-tižara kbira. --Who's the representative from your district? škun huwa nayeb l-hemma dyalek? reproach - m£atba pl. -t, luma.

That's not a reproach. hadi ma-ši meatba.

to reproach - Eateb, lam ilum.
republic - žemhuriya pl. -t (art. l-).
reputation - sum a pl. -t. He has a
good reputation. Eendu sum a
mezyana.

**He has a reputation for being a good worker. huwa mešhur bin kq-ixdem mesyan.

request - talab pl. -at. Your request was granted. qeblu t-talab dyalek.

--I am writing you at the request of a friend. ana ka-nekteb-lek b-talab mahed sadiqi.

to request - tleb. I must request that you leave this place. and lazem Eliya ntleb mennek texrož men had l-mahell.

to require - 1. htaž. That requires no proof. had š-ši ma-yehtaž-š šhud.

2. xess. How much time will that require? šhal ka-ixess de-l-weqt l-had š-ši? --How much money does that require? šhal d-le-flus ka-ixess l-had š-ši? --That will require some time. had š-ši ka-ixess l-weqt. --Do you require a deposit? ka-ixesskom Eerbun?

**A matter like this requires careful study. qadiya bhal hadi lazem Elina ndersuha be-t-tedgiq.

requirement - šert pl. šurut.

to resemble - šbeh l-. Do you think
that he resembles his mother? was

ka-ddenn lli ka-išbeh l-yemmah? to resemble each other - tšabhu. to resign - geddem istigala. He re-

signed as chairman. qeddem l-istiqala dyalu men r-riºaṣa.
--I've resigned from the club. qeddemt l-istiqala dyali men z-zem£iya.

resignation - istiqula pl. -t. We

demand his resignation. ka-ntelbu istigaltu.

to hand in one's resignation - qeddem l-istiqala dyalu. He handed in his resignation today. qeddem l-istiqala dyalu l-yum.

with resignation - be-t-teslim.

to resist - 1. Eared. I resisted his suggestions. Earedt le-qtirahat dyalu. 2. qawem. The Moroccans resisted the French occupation. le-mgarba qawmu l-ihtilal le-fransawi. —The Prime Minister resisted the opposition party in parliament. ra%is l-hukuma qawem hixeb l-muEarada fe-l-mežlis.

resistance - mgamma.

to resole - terref. I'm having my shoes resoled. ka-nterref sebbati.

respect - ihtiram or htiram. He has won the respect of everyone. rbeh le-htiram de-n-nas kollhom.

in every respect - men koll žiha. We were satisfied in every respect. €žebna l-ḥal men koll žiha.

in many respects - f-bezzaf de-n-nahiyat. In many respects 1 agree with you. mettafeq m&ak f-bezzaf de-n-nahiyat.

to respect - htarem. 1 respect your opinion. ka-nehtarem r-ra?y dyalek.

respected - mehturem. He is a respected businessman. huwa tažer mehtarem.

responsibility - mes?uliya pl. -t.
responsible - You are responsible for
it. nta mes?ul Eliha.

**lt's a very responsible job.
hadi xedma fiha mes?uliya bezzaf.
--He was held responsible for the
damage. rmaw Elih l-mes?uliya
de-l-xasar.

rest - 1. baqi. Eat some now and save the rest. kul šwiya daba, xelli l-baqi. --You raise the money and I'll do the rest. nta debber £el le-flus w-ana ndir l-baqi. 2. raha pl. -t. The doctor told him he needed a month of rest. t-tbib gal-lu xessu šher de-r-raha.

**I went to the mountains for a rest. mšit nertah fe-ž-žbal.

rest of - axor pl. xrin. Where are the rest of the boys? fayn huma le-wlad le-xrin?

at rest - waqef. Is the pointer at rest? was l-muri waqef?

to take a rest - rtah. Let's take a short rest. yallah nertahu šwiya. to rest - 1. rtah. Rest awhile. rtah šwiya. 2. retteh, riyyeh.
Rest your eyes. retteh Eeynik.
3. bqa ibqa. The whole responsibility rests on him. l-mes?uliya kollha bqat Eendu. 4. hett. Rest your foot on this chair. hett rezlek fuq had š-šilya. 5. tekka.
The ladder was resting against the wall. s-sellum kan mtekki Eel l-hit.
restaurant -metEem pl. mtaEem.
restless - mšuwweš, meftun, meštun.
to restore - redd, režžeE. The

to restore - redd, režžeć. The police intervened to restore order. *s-šorta ddexxlet baš tredd n-nidam. -They restored his money to him. režžću-lu le-flus dyalu.

to restrain - her. She couldn't restrain her curiousity.

ma-mken-lha-* tehser le-fdul dyalha.

rest room - mida pl. -t, myadi; mirhad pl. -at.

result - natiža pl. nata°iž. The results were excellent. n-nata°iž kanu mo€tabarin. --The result was that... natiža had-š-ši hiya...

retail - be-t-tefrad. He sells whole-sale and retail. ka-ibi be-z-zemla u-be-t-tefrad.

**This coat retails at about thirty dollars. be-t-tefrad had l-kebbut ka-iswa ši-tlatin dular.

retreat - ržu£ l-lur.

to retreat - ržeć l-lur.

return - 1. rbeh. How much of a return did you get on that sale? šhal žak de-r-rbeh f-dak l-bića?

2. ržuć. 1 found many things changed on my return. žbert bezzaf d-le-hwayež tbeddlu men bećd r-ržuć dvali.

returns - nata°iž d-le-ntixabat. Have the returns come in yet? waš ¿taw n-nata°iž d-le-ntixabat wella ma-zal?

to return - 1. režžeć. Don't forget to return the book. ma-tensa-š trežžeć le-ktab. 2. ržeć. When did you return? fuq-as ržečti?

revenge - tar. reverse side - žiha luraniya.

to review - ražeć. He should have reviewed his lessons. kan xesşu iražeć d-durus dyalu.

to revolt - nummed l-fetna. They had good reason to revolt. kan Eendhom - l-heqq bas inummedu l-fetna.

revolution - 1. tura pl. -t. There was almost a revolution. Elayen kanet gadi tuqeE t-tura. 2. dura pl. -t. How many revolutions does this motor make per minute? Shal

men dura had l-mutur ka-idir fe-d-dqiqa?

to revolve - dar idur. The earth revolves around the sun. $l^{-p}erd$ $ka-ddur \in el$ s-sems.

reward - mžazya pl. -t.

to reward - žaza. They rewarded him well for his work. žazameh mezyan Eel l-xedma dyalu. rhyme - qafiya pl. qwafi.

**His suggestion has neither rhyme nor reason. t-tenbih dyalu ma-Eendu la ras la režlin.

rib - delea pl. dlue.

rihhon - 1. sfifa pl. -t, sfayef.

She was wearing a blue ribbon in her hair. mdummra š erha sfifa zerga.

2. sinta pl. -t. I need a new ribbon for my typewriter. xessni sinta ždida l-le-mţebēa dyali.

rice - ruz. I'd like a half kilo of rice. bgit ness kilu de-r-ruz. rich - 1. gani. He comes from a very

rich family. huwa men Ea?ila ganya bezzaf. 2. xseb. It's a rice soil. had l-?erd xesba. 3. qwi. The food is too rich for me. had l-makla qwiya Eliya.

riddle - mhažya pl. -t.

to ride - 1. sag isug. Do you know how to ride a motorcycle? was ka-teeref tsug l-mutur? 2. msa imsi. This car rides smoothly. had s-siyara ka-temsi be-swiya. 3. rkeb. We rode in a beautiful car. rkebna f-wahed s-siyara mezyana.

to give a ride to - wessel, dda iddi. He gave me a ride to the airport. wesselni l-l-matar.

**Stop riding me! baraka ma
therres-li raşi. —He mounted his
horse and rode away. rkeb Ela
Eewdu u-zad xelfa.

to be, get rid of - ttfekk men, fekk
rasu men. I'm glad I got rid of
that problem. ana ferhan lli fekkit
rasi men had l-qadiya.

Riff - r-rif.

native of the Riff - rifi pl.

-yen, ryaf, hel r-rif.

rifle - mkohla pl. -t, mkahe!.

right - 1. heqq pl. huquq. I insist

on my rights. ka-nwekked Eel

on my rights. ka-nwekked & el l-huquq dyali. —I have as much a right to it as you do. hett-ana & endi heqqi fih bhalek. —You have no right to say that. ma-& endek hetta heqq bas tqul had & -si.

2. imni. 1've lost my right glove. telfet-li s-sebba&a l-imniya.

3. mrebbe E. A right angle has

ninety degrees. qent mrebbe fih tes in daraža. 4. mnaseb. He came just at the right time. ža tamamen fe-l-weqt le-mnaseb. 5. shih.

That's the right answer. hada huwa ž-žwab s-shih. 6. qased. I'm coming right home from the office. ana maši qased men d-dar l-l-mekteb.

7. tamamen. The house is right next to the church. d-dar hiya tamamen hda le-knisiya. 8. mezyan. We'll leave tomorrow if the weather is right. gad nemšiw gedda ila kan t-teqs mezyan.

**Are we going the right way? was hiya hadi t-triq f-as ra-hna gadyen? --We're going right after dinner. hna masyin gir nfeddiw b-le-&sa. --They fought right to the bitter end. qawmu hetta l-l-?axir. --I'll be right there. ana mazi daba. --You can't be in your right mind. \$i-haza &endek f-&eqlek! --It serves him right' xxi fih!

right away - 1. daba. Let's go right away or we'll be late. yallah nemšiw daba wella gad nuslu meettlin. 2. fe-l-hin. He left right away. mša fe-l-hin.

right now - f-had s-sa&a. I'm busy right now. ana mešģul f-had s-sa&a.

all right - 1. waxxa. All right, I'll do it if you want me to.
waxxa, daba ndirha ila bģitini
ndirha. 2. la-bas. Everything's all right now. koll-ši la-bas daba.
3. la-bas Elih. She'll be all right again in a little while. men daba
šwiya tkun la-bas Eliha.

**Everything will turn out all right. daba rebbi ixerrež koll-ši Ela xir.

on the right - $\mathcal{E}el$ l-imin. Look at the store on the right. $\mathfrak{s}uf$ l-hanut lli $\mathcal{E}el$ l-imin.

to be right - Eendu l-heqq. You're right in this matter. Eendek l-heqq f-had l-qadiya.

rightful - hqiqi pl. -yin. He is the rightful owner of the house. huwa mul d-dar le-hqiqi.

rim - 1. kwadru, qžer pl. qžura The rim of my glasses is broken. le-qžer de-ndadri mherres. 2. žanta pl. -t. The rim has come off the wheel. ž-žanta tqell&et men r-rwida.

ring - xatem pl. xwatem. She wears a ring on her right middle finger.

Eendha xatem fe-s-sbe€ l-westani d-veddha d-l-imin.

**Give me a ring tomorrow. Eeyyet-li fe-t-tilifun gedda.

to ring - 1. zenzen. The noise is still ringing in my ears. s-sda& ma-zal ka-izenzen f-wedni. 2. serser. The phone rang. t-tilifun serser. --The bell just rang. Ead serser n-naqus. -- Have you rung the bell? was serserti fe-n-nagus?

rinse - tešlila pl. -t.

to rinse - 1. medmed. Rinse out your mouth with a little salt and water. medmed fommek be-Swiya de-l-melha u-de-l-ma. 2. §ellel. I rinsed my wash twice. šellelt t-tesbin dyali žuž de-l-merrat. riot - fetna pl. -t. Two people were

killed in the riot. žuž de-n-nas matu f-l-idral.

**He's a riot. huwa dehhuki. rip - tešriga pl. -t. You have a rip in your shirt. Eendek tešriga f-gamižtek.

to rip - 1. $qette \epsilon$. I ripped the towel down the middle. getteEt l-futa men l-west. 2. fteq. I have to rip the seams. xessni nefteq le-xyata,

to rip open - felleh. I nearly ripped my hand open. Elayen felleht yeddi.

ripe - tayeb. This apple isn't ripe. had t-teffaha ma-tayba-s.

**She lived to a ripe old age.

matet šarfa bezzaf.

to rise - 1. sreq. The sun rises early in the summer. 8-8ems ka-tešreg bekri fe-s-sif. 2. tleE. The cake is rising. l-helwa ka-ttleE. -Prices are still rising. t-tamanat ka-izidu itel Eu. -- The river is rising fast. l-wadbe-z-zerba $ka-itle \in$. 4. nad inud. All rose from their seats. kollhom nadu men šilyathom.

risk - xatar.

to risk - xater b-. He risked his life to save her. xater b-Eemru baš ifekkha. --He's risked his entire fortune. xater b-malu kollu.

rival - mdadd pl. -in. river - wad pl. widan.

road - triq pl. torqun. Where does this road go to? fayn ka-tEebbi had t-trig?

**He's on the road to recovery. bda išebbeh le-r-raha.

roar - I. haraž. We can hear the roar of the waterfall from here. imken-lna nsemEu l-haraž dval š-šrašer men hna. 2. zhir. The voice we heard sounded like the roar of a lion. dak s-sut lli sme∈na kan ka-išbeh le-z-zhir de-s-sbe€.

to roar - 1. zher. The lion roared when he saw us. s-sbee zher melli šafna. 2. tfergeE. They roared with laughter. tfergeu be-d-dihk.

reast - meswi. The roast is tough today. l-mešwi gaseh l-yum. you like roast chicken? was ka-teběi d-džaž mešmi?

te reast - šwa išwi. You didn't roast the meat long enough. ma-switi-s l-lhem bezzaf.

They robbed and to rob - 1. xwen. pillaged. xewnu u-ritlu. 2. šeffer. They robbed me. *effruni.

-They'll rob you of your last cent. daba išeffruk hetta l-l-gerš t-tali.

robbery - xewna, sriqa. **That's highway robbery. tesfir hada!

rebin - bwigša pl. -t.

rock - 1. sexra pl. -t, sxura coll. The rock is hard to drill. sxer. wafer bas nteqbu had s-sxer.

2. hežra pl. -t coll. hzer. He was throwing rocks. kan ka-iluh le-hžer. to rock - 1. tthezz. The floor rocked under my feet. l-9 erd tthezzet teht režliya. 2. zefzef. The boat's rocking, l-babur ka-dzeEzeE. 3. hezz. The explosion rocked the whole house. t-tfergifa hezzet d-dar kollha. 4. duwweh. She rocked the cradle until the baby fell asleep. duwwhet l-kuna

hetta t-terbiya žatha n-n€as. red - qtib pl. qotban, qtayeb. parts are connected by an iron rod. t-traf mlagyin be-qtib d-le-hdid.

role - dur pl. dwar. roll - 1. qayma pl. -t. Am I on the roll this year? was ana medkur fe-l-qayma had l-Eam? 2. gersa pl. -t, gres. Shall I get bread or rolls? nžib l-xobz aw le-gres? 3. gennut pl. gnanet. They used five rolls of wire to install these telephones. xeddmu xemsa d-lequanet de-s-selk baš irekkbu had t-tilifunat. --Bring me a roll of film. žib-li wahed l-gennut de-t-teswir.

-He should have bought four rolls of paper but he only bought three.

Rome kan ka-ixessu išri reb€a d-le-qnanet de-l-kağit be-l-heqq sra hi tlata. to call the roll - Eeyyet 1-9asma9. Have they called the roll yet? was Eeyytu l-?asma? wella ma-zal? to roll - 1. kerkeb. Don't roll the barrel. ma-tkerkeb-s l-bermil. A rock rolled down from 2. tkerkeb. the mountain. wahed le-hžer tkerkbet men ž-žbel. 3. žra ižri. The ball rolled under the table. l-kura žrat teht t-tabla. 4. ftel. I roll my own cigarettes. ka-neftel l-garru dyali. 5. mal imil men žiha l-žiha. The ship was rolling heavily. l-babur kan ka-imil men žiha l-žiha bezzaf. to roll in money - Eam i Eum f-le-flus. He's rolling in money. ka-iEum f-le-flus. to roll up - lumma. We rolled up the rug. luwwina z-zerbiya. Rome - ruma. roof - sqef pl. squfa. flat roof - stah pl. -at, stuha, stihan, stuh. roof of the mouth - sqef l-fomm. room - 1. bit pl. byut. This is quite a large room. hada bit kbir bezzaf. 2. mudeE. Is there any room left for my baggage? was ma-zal ši-mudet fayn netmel hwayži? roomy - waseE. rooster - ferruž pl. frarež. root - žder pl. ždur. The roots of this tree are very deep. ž-ždura d-had š-šežra žargin bezzaf. -- His molar decayed all the way to the root. d-dersa xmažet-lu hetta le-ž-žder. to take root - Emel ž-ždur. How can you tell whether the rose bush has taken root? kif-aš imken-lek teEref bin l-werd Emel ž-ždur? **He stood there as if rooted to the spot. bga wagef temma bhal ila kan laseq fe-l-9 erd. rope - twal pl. -at, tula; hbel pl. hbul. He chewed the rope in two to get loose. qette& t-twal be-snanu baš ifekk rasu. **I'm at the end of my rope. ana qate El-iyyas men rasi. --He knows all the ropes. ka-yeEref l-xentagirat kollhom. --They roped the street off today. šeddu t-triq b-le-hbal l-yum. rose - 1. (flower). werda pl. -t coll. werd. 2. (color). werdi, fanidi.

rosebush - werd.

to rot - xmaž. The fruit is rotting

on the trees. l-gella ka-texmaž fe-š-šžer. rotten - 1. xamež. The peaches are rotton. l-xux xamež. 2. msumwes. The beam was rotten through and through. l-gayza kanet msummesa kollha. 3. qbih pl. qbah. They played a rotten trick on us. leEbu Elina wahed l-leEba abiha rough - 1. hreš pl. hureš. Why are your hands so rough? Elaš yeddik hures? -- This piece of wood is still rough, smooth it down a little more. had l-xešba ma-zala herša, zid mellesha šwiyyeš. 2. ģlid pl. glad. He has a rough voice, helqu glid. 3. water. She isn't used to such rough work. ma-mwellfa-\$ b-xedma wa&ra bhal hadi. --You've got to treat him rough. xessek tkun waEer mEah. 4. hažem. sea's pretty rough today. le-bher hažem bezzaf l-yum. 5. gaseh. He's a mighty rough man! razel qaseh bezzaf hada! round = 1. dura pl. -t. He finished him off in the first round, sala mEah fe-d-dura l-lummola. 2. mdummer. They have a round table in the dining room. Eendhom tabla mdumwra f-bit l-makla. **Is there enough coffee to go round? was kayen l-qehwa l-koll mahed? --He's just coming round the corner. ha-huwa ka-idur fe-l-qent. -- I live here all the vear round, and saken had 1-Eam kollu. -- In round numbers there were two hundred present. kanu tegriben myatayn wahed hadrin. --The book is making the rounds. le-ktab ka-imši men yedd l-yedd. to round out - kemmel. I need this to round out my collection. xeşşni had š-ši baš nkemmel l-mežmu€a dyali. round trip - mši u-mži. Give me a round trip ticket. Etini btaga mši u-mži: route - triq pl. torquan. Which route did you take? \s-men triq xditi? row - 1. sda E. My neighbors made a terrible row last night. z-žiran dyali Eemlu wahed s-sdaE kbir l-bareh fe-l-lil. 2. mdabza pl. -t. I had a row with him. wegeet-li mdabza mEah. 3. seff pl. sfuf. We sat in the first row. glesna fe-s-seff l-luwwel. in a row - mtabe E. We won three

times in a row. rbehna tlata de-l-merrat $mtab \in in$.

to row - qeddef. We rowed across the lake. qeddefna u-qteEna d-daya. rowboat - fluka pl. flayek.

royal - malaki.

to rub - 1. dber. My shoes rub at the heel. sebbati ka-idberni f-le-gdem. 2. duwwez Ela. Keep rubbing the tray until it shines. xellik ddwwez Eel s-siniya hetta ddwi. 3. frek, hekk. He kept rubbing his hands together until he got them warm ba ifrek yedd f-yedd hetta sexxenhom. 4. dlek. Rub his back with alcohol. dlek-lu dehru b-l-alkul

to rub against - thelles Ela. The cat rubbed against my leg. l-qetta žat tthelles Ela režli.

to rub out - mha imhi. You forgot to rub out the price. nsiti ma-mhiti-š t-taman.

rubber - kawetšu.

rude - xšin pl. xšan. Don't be so
rude! ma-tkun-š xšin!

rudeness - xšuna. We can't understand his rudeness. ma-imken-lna nfehmu le-xšuna dyalu.

rug - zerbiya pl. zrabi.

ruin - ?atar pl. -at. They discovered the ruins of an old church. sabu l-?atar dyal wahed le-knisiya qdima.

to ruin - hlek. The frost will ruin the crop. daba z-zlid ihlek le-hsada. --He's ruining his health. ka-ihlek sehhtu. --They were ruined by the war. hlekhom l-herb. 2. kerfes. The paint ruined his new suit completely. s-sbaga kerfset ksumtu z-zdida kollha.

rule - 1. hkuma. They were under Spanish rule for three centuries. kanu teht le-hkuma de-s-sbanya tlata d-le-qrun. 2. qanun pl. qwanen. That's against the rules. had š-ši dedd l-qanun.
--I'm sticking to the rules. ana ka-ntebbe€ l-qawanin.

as a rule - mwellef. As a rule I don't drink. mwellef ma-ka-nešreb-š.

to rule - hkem Ela. They wanted to rule the entire world. bgaw ihekmu Eel l-Ealem kollu. --He ruled over them for nineteen years. hkem Elihom tseEtašer Eam.

ruler - 1. hakem pl. hokkam. He was a benevolent ruler. kan hakem rhim. 2. mestara pl. -t. The ruler is too short. l-mestara qsira bezzaf.

rumor - hess. The rumor spread like wildfire. l-hess ša£ be-z-zerba.

**It's rumored that she was kicked out. ka-iqulu bin dhawha.
—It's been rumored for quite some time. hadi modda u-n-nas ka-itkellmu Ela had š-ši.

rumpus - haraž, sda£.

run - sefra pl. -t. The run takes five hours. s-sefra ka-ttul xemsa de-s-swaye.

**You've got a run in your stocking. fetqu-lek tqašrek. —He's above the average run. huwa fuq l-wasat.

in the long run - m&a l-weqt. In the long run you'll get tired of that. daba te&ya men had \$-\$i m&a l-weqt.

to run - 1. žra ižri. Don't run so fast. baraka ma džri bhal hakka. -I ran after him, but I couldn't catch up to him. žrit Elih walayenni ma-qdert ngebtu. 2. xdem. Why do you keep the motor running? Elas ka-txelli l-mutur xadem? 3. tleq. The color runs. had l-lun ka-itleg. 4. xeddem. Do you know how to run this machine? was ka-teEref txeddem had l-makina? 5. mešša imešši, hkem f-. He's been running this comhadi telt pany for three years. snin u-huwa ka-imešši had š-šarika. 6. duwwez. Run the rope through this ring. duwwez t-twal f-had l-xorsa. 7. ža iži. The road runs right by my house. z-zenga žat tamamen qbalt dari. wsel. My horse ran last. l-Eewd dyali wsel t-tali.

**He's running a high fever.
sexxantu tal&a bezzaf. --He's
running around with a bad crowd.
ka-ixellet nas qbah --Thev ran
him out of town. lezzmu &lih ixrož
men le-mdina.

to run across - tlaqa mea. Maybe I'll run across him someday. imken-li ntlaqa meah ši-nhar.

to run aground - herret. My boat ran aground. le-fluka dyali herrtet.

to run away - hreb. My dog ran away. hreb-li kelbi. --When he saw us, he ran away. melli šafna hreb.

to run down - 1. tkellem b-le-qbih. She's always running her friends down behind their backs. hiya dima

ka-ttkellem b-le-qbih fe-dher shabha. 2. geddem, dxel f-. He was run down by a truck. geddmu kamyu.

to run into - 1. dxel f-. The car ran into a tree. dexlet t-tumubil f-mahed š-šežra. 2. graq f-. He's running into debt. ka-igraq fe-d-din.

to run off - hreb. He ran off with the club's funds. hreb b-le-flus dyal n-nadi.

to run out - tsala. Our sugar has run out. tsala-lna s-sokkar.

to run over - 1. fad ifid. Watch out that the bathtub doesn't run over. ma-txelli-\(^8\) l-ma ifid men l-banyu. 2. ra\(^2\)ee. Run over your part before the rehearsal. ra\(^2\)ee d-dur dyalek qbel t-temrin.

3. geddem. He was run over by a truck. geddmu kamyu.

run down - 1. mxerreb. The house is

run down. d-dar mxerrba.

2. mehluk. He's very much run-down.
sehhtu mehluka. 3. Eeyyan. She
looks terribly run-down. daher
Eliha Eeyyana bezzaf.

rung - derža pl. -t, druž. The last rung of the ladder is broken. d-derža t-talya de-s-sellum mherrsa. runner - žerray pl. -a. lle's a famous runner. huwa žerray mešhur.

rupture - fteq. He has a rupture. Eendu fteq.

ruse - hila pl. -t.

rnsh - 1. zerba. What's the rush for? ∈ las had z-zerba? 2. dhas. Let's wait till the rush is over. xellina ntsennaw hetta isali d-dhas.

to rush - zerreb. Don't rush me, I'll do it. ma-dzerrebni-š, daba ne£mel-ha.

to rush oneself - zreb. Don't rush yourself. ma-dzreb-š.

**Rush him to the hospital. Eebbih değya l-l-mestešfa.

Russia - rusya. Russian - rusi.

rust - tsedya.

to rust - tsedda. The machine rusted. tseddat l-mašina.

rustle - xerxer. I thought I heard something rustling. ban-li bin sme&t ši-haža ka-txerxer.

rusty - 1. mseddi. He scratched his hand on a rusty nail. **Ereh iddu f-mahed l-mesmar mseddi. --The lock is all rusty. le-qfel mseddi kollu.

**My French is a little rusty.

le-fransawiya dyali d£afet.

ruthless - bla hanana.

rye - šqiliya.

sack - xenša pl. -t, xnaši. sacred - mqeddes. Nothing is sacred to him. hetta haža ma-Eendu

mqeddsa.
sacrifice - tedhiya pl. -t. They made
many sacrifices for their children.
qeddmu bezzaf de-t-tedhiyat
le-wladhom.

at a sacrifice - be-t-tyuh,
b-le-xtiya. I sold my car at a sacrifice. beet siyarti b-le-xtiya.
to sacrifice - dehha b-, sebbel.
She sacrificed her life for him.
dehhat be-Emerha Elih.
sad - (lli) tayer-lu. Why does he

look so sad? ma-lu ka-iban tayer-lu?
saddle - serž pl. sruža. Can you ride
without a saddle? tqedd terkeb bla
serž?

to saddle - serrež, rekkeb s-serž, Emel s-serž. Do you know how to saddle a horse? ka-teEref tserrež l-Eewd.

**He saddled me with all his troubles. nezzel Eliya hmumu kol' or teggeln: be-hmumu kollhom. saddle making, saddlery - taserražet. saddler - serraž pl. -a. safe - 1. xzana d-le-flus pl. xzayen d-le-flus. We keep our safe in the office. ka-nxellıw le-xzana d-le-flus fe-l-mekteb. 2. salem. You are safe now. nta salem daba. --This bridge is safe, we can cross it. had l-gentra salma, imken-lna nget \mathcal{E} uha. 3. (lli) fih l- 9 aman. This neighborhood isn't quite safe. had l-hewma ma-fiha- δ l- δ aman bezzaf. 4. mane£, salem. Their house was the only one that remained safe from the fire. darhom hiya llı bqat man£a men l-Eafya.

**He's back safe and sound. ršeć ma-Eendu hetta bas. --To be on the 169 safe side, let's ask him again. baš nebgaw mertahin yallah nsegsiweh. safely - b-xir, Ela xir. They arrived safely. rahom weşlu Ela xir. safety - salama. This is for your own safety. had š-ši Eel s-salama dvalek. safety pin - šuka pl. -t, šwek. safety razor - makina d-le-hsana pl. -t d-le-hsana, mwaken d-le-hsana. to sag - mal imil. The bookshelf sags in the middle. t-tebga d-le-ktub mayla fe-l-wost. sail - glat pl. glut, gluta. The wind tore the sail. r-rih getteE le-gleE. to sail - l. ttsara f-merkeb le-qla£. We go sailing every Sun-

day. koll hedd ka-nemšiw nttsaraw f-merkeb le-qla \mathcal{E} . 2. qelle \mathcal{E} . boat sails at five. l-baxıra gad tgelleE fe-l-xemsa.

**Do you know how to sail a boat? ka-teEref txeddem merkeb le-glaE? sailboat - merkeb le-qlaE pl. mrakeb le-glaE.

sailor - behri pl. -ya. salad - šļada pl. šļayed.

salad dressing - merga de-š-šlada. salary - ?užra pl. -t. How can you

manage on that salary? kif ka-t&is b-dak l-?užra?

sale - biE. The sale of alcohol to Moslems is prohibited. bi€ le-xmer l-le-mselmin memnu£.

for sale - $l-l-bi\epsilon$. Our neighbor's house is for sale. d-dar d-žarna raha l-l-biE.

salesclerk - bayeE pl. bayEin f. bayEa pl. -t. He's a salesclerk in a department store. huwa baye f-wahed dar s-selEa.

Sale - sla. native of Sale - slawi pl. -yen,

hel sla. salesman - bayee pl. bayein.

our salesmen will call on you tomorrow. wahed men l-bayEin dyalna gad iži ∈endkom gedda.

salt - mleh, melh.

to salt - melleh, Emel le-mleh. Did you salt the soup? mellehti le-hrira?

**He salted away a tidy sum. žmeE wahed d-dgiga d-le-flus. salt shaker - mellaha pl. -t.

salty - maleh.

same - 1. nefs. I can be back on the same day. imken-li neržeč f-nefs n-nhar. 2. wahed f. wehda. They live in the same house. ka-iseknu f-dar wehda. -- They arrived at the same time. we slu f-wegt wahed.

3. gedd gedd. We're the same age. hna qedd qedd fe-s-senn.

**He said exactly the same. š-ši lli gal hetta huwa.

all the same - 1. tamamen bhal That's all the same to me. Eendi tamamen bhal bhal.

2. beEdella. All the same, I want to see it. be Edella, ana bagi nšufu.

sample - mšetra pl. -t, mšater. you have a sample of the material with you? mEak le-mšetra dyal dak t-tub?

sand - remla pl. -t, rmali coll. rmel. Let's lie in the sand. aži ndžebbdu fug r-remla.

sandal - nEala pl. -t, nEayel. sandwich - sandwiš pl. -at.

**He was sandwiched in between two stout women. kan mbezzet bin zuž d-le-Evalat sman.

sanitary - şihhi. sardine - serdin.

satisfaction - 1. našat. I don't get any satisfaction out of that kind of work. ma-ka-nežber hetta ši-našat f-xedma bhal hadik. 2. xater. Was everything settled

to your satisfaction? iwa koll-ši tsuwweb Eel l-xater dyalek?

satisfactory - 1. (lli) ka-ineššet. His condition is satisfactory. haltu ka-tneššet. 2. (lli) f-jaya. This room is satisfactory. l-bit f-gaya.

to satisfy - 1. neššet, berred l-xater l-. That answer doesn't had ž-žwab satisfy me. ma-berred-li-\$ l-xater. 2. xella Ela xatru. You can't satisfy everybody. ma-imken-lek-š txelli koll-si Ela xatru. 3. ferhan. am not satisfied with my new job. ma-rani-š ferhan be-xdemti ž-ždida.

**We'll have to be satisfied with less. l-hasil nhemdu | lah Eel le-glil.

Saturday - sebt pl. sbuta. sauce - merga pl. -t, mruq. saucer - gtiyer pl. gtiyrat.

Saudi Arabia - l-žaziro s-sacudiya. savage - wehši.

to save - 1. sellek, nged, fekk. Who saved her life? škun sellek-lha Emerha? 2. xella, xebbeE. Could you save this for me until tomorrow? imken-lek txelli-li had š-ši hetta l-gedda? 3. thella f-. Why do you save these old newspapers? Elas ka-tthella f-had l-žara?id le-qdam?

4. xda yaxod, haz ihuz. Have you saved a seat for her? xditiw-lha \$i-mudee? 5. žmee, weffer. Did you save any money? žmeeti \$i-flus?

**You could have saved yourself the trouble. u-kan gir ma-šqiti-š.

savings - wfer. He has used up all his savings. fedda le-wfer lli kan Eendu kollu.

saw - menšar pl. mnašer. Could I borrow a saw? imken-li nsellef wahed l-menšar?

to saw - nšer. He's been sawing wood all morning. had s-sbah kollu u-huwa ka-inšer f-le-xšeb.

to say - 1. qal iqul. She left the room without saying a word. xeržet men l-bit bla ma-tqul hetta kelma.

--They say he speaks many languages. ka-iqulu billa ka-ihder bezzaf de-l-lugat. --He's said to be rich. ka-iqulu la-bas Elih. 2. lahed. I would like to say something in that connection. baği nlahed ši-haza f-had l-mudu£. 3. žbed, dker. The papers didn't say a thing about it. l-žara'id ma-žebdet hetta haža Ela dak š-ši. 4. xebber b-. The paper says rain. l-žarida xebbret be-š-šta.

**What does that sign say? šnu

mektub f-dak l-luha?

to say good-bye to - sellem Ela, weddeE. I said good-bye to him yesterday. sellemt Elih l-bareh.

saying - metla pl. -t, mtul. That's a very common saying. hadik metla meErufa bezzaf.

**That goes without saying. dak š-ši ma-yehtaž tefsir.

scaffold - srir pl. srayer. He fell from the scaffold. tah men fug s-srir.

scale - 1. misan pl. myasen, mwasen.

She practices scales all day. raha ka-ttmerren Eel le-myasen n-nhar kollu. 2. qyas pl. -at. The scale is one to one thousand. le-qyas wahed Ela ?alef. 3. qešra pl. qšur coll. qšer. This fish has big scales. had l-hut Eendu qšur kbar. scale(s) - misan pl. myasen. Put the meat on the scales. Emel l-lhem fe-l-misan.

to scale - 1. tšebbet, tleć. Ten of us scaled the cliff. ćešra bina lli tšebbetna fe-l-žorf. 2. qeššer. Has she scaled the fish yet? qeššret l-hut wella ma-zala? scandal - fdiha pl. -t, fdayeh.

scar - šerta pl. -t, šrati. He has a
scar on his right cheek. Eendu
šerta fe-l-henk l-imni.

scare - qlil pl. qlal. Food has become scarce. l-makla režeet qlila.

scarcely - gir šwiya. I scarcely knew him. ma-Ereftu gir šwiya. scare - xelEa pl. -t, xlaEi. You

scare - xeléa pl. -t, xlaéi. You gave me an awful scare. tiyyerti menni xeléa qedd-aš.

to scare - 1. xummef, xleE. The dog scared me badly. l-kelb xleEni bezzaf. 2. ttexleE. I scare easily. ana deġya ka-nttexleE.

**Where did he scare up the money? mnayn telle le-flus?

scared stiff - miyyet be-l-xel&a. We were scared stiff. konna miyytin be-l-xel&a.

scarf - šarašakel pl. šarašaklat; šal pl. šilan; rumiya pl. -at, rwama.

scarlet - Eekri.

scarlet fever - bu-šwika.

to scatter - 1. tferreq. The crowd scattered when the police arrived.

n-nas tferrqet gir žat š-šorta.

2. šettet. The books were scattered all over the floor. le-ktub kanu mšetttin Eel l-gerd kollha.

scenery - 1. zina pl. -t. Who designed the scenery? škun lli suwweb z-zina? 2. mender pl. manadir. We didn't have time to look at the scenery. ma-kan-š Eendna l-weqt baš ntfežžžu fe-l-manadir.

scent - šemman. Our dog has a keen scent. kelbna Eendu šemman qwi.

to scent - šemm, šemm riha. The dogs have scented the fox. le-klab šemmu riht t-teEleb.

schedule - bernamež pl. baramiž.
We'll have to work out a schedule
if we're going to finish on time.
xessna nsuwwbu wahed l-bernamež ila
konna gad nfeddiw fe-l-weqt.

**The train arrived on schedule.

l-mašina weslet fe-l-wegt.

scheme - mešruć pl. mašarić; bernamež pl. baramiž. Has he thought up a new scheme? waš fekker f-ši mešruć ždid?

to scheme - debber. They're always scheming. dima ka-idebbru. school - medrasa pl. mdares.

science - Eilm pl. Eulum. He is more interested in science than in literature. huwa mehtemm be-l-Eulum kter men l-9adab.

scientific - Eilmi.

scissors - mqess pl. mqusa. The
scissors are dull. had le-mqess
hafi.

to scold - gummet Ela. My mother scolded me. Mini gummtet Eliya.
to scorch - hreq. I nearly scorched my dress. Elayen hreqt ksumti.

**The sun is scorching hot. š-šems,

sxuna ka-tehreq.

score - 1. hsab, hsiyba. I have a score to settle with that fellow. Eendi ši-hsiyba gad nseffiha mEa dak xiyyna. 2. nahiya. You don't need to worry on that score. ma-Eendek mn-aš ttšuwweš men dak n-nahiya.

**What's the score? fayn wse! l-le&b? --The score is three to one. l-le&b waqef fe-tlata l-wahed.
--The score is tied. l-le&b metgadd. --The final score was five to nothing. n-natiža de-l-le&b kanet xemsa l-walu.

to score - dar idir, rbeh. They scored five points. rebhu xemsa de-n-ngat.

scoundrel - selgut pl. slaget.

scrap - 1. šyata pl. -t. Give the

scraps to the dogs. \(\xi\)traf. That'

only a scrap of paper. hadak gir

terf de-l-kagit. 3. gnan pl. -at.

They had an awful scrap last night.

kan binathom gnan kbir l-bareh

fe-l-lit.

scrap metal - hdid bali. He deals in scrap metal. ka-ibi = w-išri f-le-hdid l-bali.

to scrape - kerret. She scraped her hands on the rock. kerrtet iddiha mea l-hežra.

to scrape off - kerret. Scrape the paint off first. kerret s-sbaga be&da.

to scrape together - qaded. I couldn't scrape the money together. ma-qdert-* nqaded le-flus.

scratch - 1. xebša pl. -t coll. xbaš.

Where did you get that scratch on your cheek? mnayn žatek dak
l-xebša lli f-wežhek? 2. m²adya
pl. -t. We escaped without a scratch. mne na bla m²adya.

from scratch - men walu, men l-luwwel. After the fire he had to start from scratch. men beed l-eafya dterr ibda men l-luwwel.

to scratch - 1. xebbeš. Be careful not to scratch the furniture. Eendak txebbeš l-?atat. 2. šenger. This pen scratches. had r-riša ka-tšenger. to scratch out - (!reb Ela. Scratch out the last sentence. dreb Eel l-žumla t-talya.

scream - ģuta pl. -t coll. ģwat. I thought I heard a scream. žab-li llah sme&t ši-ģuta.

to scream - guwwet. The child screamed with fright. d-derri guwwet be-l-xewf.

screen - 1. derraqa pl. -t, drareq.
Undress behind the screen. zuwwel
hwayšek mur d-derraqa. 2. izar pl.
izur. He looks older on the screen.
ka-iban kber men dak š-ši f-l-izar.
3. šebka pl. -t, šbek. We need new
screens in the living room. xessna
šebkat ždad fe-l-bit le-kbir.

screw = luleb pl. lwaleb. These screws
need tightening. had l-lwaleb
xesshom itEezzaw.

to screw - ziyyer, Eezza. Don't forget to screw the cap on the bottle. Eendak tensa ma-dziyyer-š le-ġţa de-l-qerEa.

**If I can screw up enough courage, I'll ask for a raise. ila žbert l-qodra ġad ntleb z-zyada.

screw driver - bu-lwaleb pl. bu-lwalbat.
to scribble - xenfeš. It's terrible
the way he scribbles. walayenni
kif ka-ixenfeš.

**The wall is all scribbled up.

l-heyt kollu meemmer be-t-txenfis.

to scrub - hekk. She still has to
scrub the floor. ma-zal xessha
thekk l-gerd.

sculptor -, neqqaš pl. -a. scythe - mhešša pl. -t.

sea - bher pl. bhur, bhura. How far >>
are we from the sea? šhal binna
u-bin le-bher?

seal - 1. kelb le-bher pl. klab
le-bher. We watched them feed the
seals. **sefnahom ka-iwekklu klab
le-bher. 2. tabe£ pl. twabe£. The
papers bore the official seal.
le-wraq kan £lihom t-tabe£ r-resmi.

to seal - 1. šedd. Have you sealed the letter yet? šedditi le-bra wella ma-zal. 2. lekkek. You have to seal the jars while the fruit is still hot. ka-ixessek tlekkek le-Eleb ma-hedd l-fakya

seam - xyata pl. -t. Rip open this seam. fteq had le-xyata.

search - teqlab, teqliba. The police
made a thorough search. l-bulis
daru teqliba men r-ras le-r-režlin.

to search - qelleb. I've searched the whole house. qellebt d-dar kollha. --We searched for him everywhere. ma-xellina fayn

qellebna Elih.
season - 1. menzla pl. -t, mnazel;
fesl pl. fsul. Which season do you
like best? S-men menzla ka-tEežbek
ktir-ši? 2. weqt pl. wqat; fetra
pl. -t. The hotel had an excellent
season this year. l-?uţil daz Elih
wegt ha?il had l-Eam.

to season - Emel l-Eetriya. What did you season the meat with? S-men Eetriya Emelti fe-l-lhem? seat - 1. korsi pl. krasa; šelya pl. šli. This seat needs fixing. had l-korsi xessu itsuwweb. 2. mudee pl. mwadee. There's still a free seat. ma-zala mudee xawya.

3. meqEed pl. mqaEed. The pants are too tight in the seat. had s-serwal mziyyer bezzaf fe-l-meqEed.

to have (take) a seat - gles.

Please have a seat. tfeddel, gles.

to seat - 1. gelles. She seated
the children in the front row.
gellset d-drari fe-s-seff l-luwwel.

2. rfed. The theater seats five
hundred people. l-mesreh ka-irfed
xems-mya de-n-nas.

second - 1. taniya pl. -t. He ran a hundred meters in ten seconds. **zra myat miter f-&e*sra de-t-taniyat.

2. tani pl. tanyin. Will you please give me the second book from the left? men fedlek & tini le-ktab t-tani & el l-iser.

second-class = t-tanya. Give me one
second-class ticket to Rabat, please.
&tini btaqa fe-t-tanya le-r-rbat
llah ibarek fik.

second-hand - 1. ness lebsa. He bought the book second-hand. **sra le-ktab ness lebsa. 2. men Eend **xrin. I only know that story second-hand. dak le-hkaya ma-ka-nefrefha gir men Eend **xrin.

secret - 1. sirr pl. srar. Let me in on the secret. ?emmenni be-s-sirr.
--Can you keep a secret? ka-teEref tektem s-sirr? 2. sirri. He was elected by secret ballot. summutu-lu be-ntixab sirri. 3. mestur, mexfi. They have a secret plan. Eendhom bernamež mestur.

**She keeps no secrets from me.
ma-ka-txebbe£ šay £liya.

to keep secret - xebbe£. I don't know why they keep it secret.
ma-£reft-ši £laš ka-ixebb£uha.

secretary - 1. katib, kateb pl. kottab; f. katiba pl. -t. She's my secretary. hadik l-katiba dyali. 2. wazir pl. wuzara?. His father is the Secretary of the Interior. bbah wazir d-daxiliya.

fe-r-rhen.

secretly - sirriyan, f-xefya, men teht l-teht. They met secretly. rahom tlagaw men teht l-teht.

section - 1. feqra pl. -t. You'll find it in Chapter One, Section Three. gad tsibha fe-l-feqra t-talta de-l-feşl l-luwwel.

2. nahiya pl. -t, nawahi. I was brought up in this section. kbert f-had n-nahiya.

3. hewma pl. -t, hwem; nahiya pl. -t, nawahi. He lives in one of the nicest sections of the town. ka-iskon f-hewma men ehsen hwem d-le-mdina.

secure - 1. fe-l-?aman. Nobody feels secure these days. hetta wahed ma-ka-ihess b-rasu fe-l-?aman had l-iyam. 2. qabet. Is this bolt secure? waš had z-zekrum qabet?

to secure - dmen. His future is secured. must equal unedmun.

security - 1. ⁹aman. It gives us a sense of security. had š-ši ka-yudečna šwiyeš fe-l-⁹aman.
2. damana pl. -t. What security can you give me that he'll pay me? š-men damana imken-lek tečtini ⁹annahu gad-ixelleşni? 3. rhen pl. rhuna. I had to leave my watch as security. tlezzemt nxelli maganti

to see - 1. šaf išuf. We've just seen a good movie. Ead šefna wahed l-film mezyan. 2. šaf išuf, tqabel. I can't see him until tomorrow. ma-ģad imken-li ntqabel m£ah hetta l-ģedda. 3. šaf išuf, fhem, qše£. Anybody should be able to see that. men wala ifhem hadik. 4. šaf išuf, mša imši £end. Why don't you see a lawyer about this matter? £laš ma-temši-š £end ši-muhami £la had l-qadiya? 5. tsara f-. I would like to see the town. baģi ntsara f-le-mdina.

**Oh, I see! xyar! žitek. --See you again! iwa ntlagaw! or llah ihennik! -- Wait and see. daba tšuf. --He has seen better days. kan Eayeš fe-l-xir u-le-xmir. --I'd like to see more of you. baġi ntmetteE be-š-šufa fik kter men had š-ši. --We saw them off to the boat. mšina mčahom l-l-baxira. --He makes me see red. ka-iţéļļeE-li $z-z \in ef$. ---Anybody can see through that guy. men wala i&iq b-dak xiyna. seed - 1. zerri ϵa pl. -t. Did you buy any seeds? šriti ši-zerriča? 2. Edem pl. Edam, Eduma. Some types of oranges have no seeds. ši-xerž

de-l-letšin ma-fih Edam.

to seem - ban iban, dher. That seems
peculiar to me. ka-iban-li grib dak

8-8:

seesaw - mizan pl. myazen.

to seize - 1. xtef, gnem. If I don't seize this opportunity it may be too late. ila ma-xteft-ši had l-wešba gad imken idus l-weqt. 2. qbed, šedd. He seized the rope with both his hands. qbed t-twal b-zuž iddih.
3. slat Ela, nsel Ela. He was seized by fear. l-xewf nsel Elih.
4. bser, bbes. They seized his papers. hebsu-lu kwagtu.

seldom - qlil (f-as). I seldom agree with him. qlil f-aš ka-nttafeq

mEah.

to select - xter.

to sell - 1. ba£ ibi£. Did you sell your old car? be£ti siyartek le-qdima? --He sold us out to the enemy. ba£ bina l-le-£du.
2. ttba£. This suit usually sells for two hundred dirhams. had l-keswa ka-ttba£ £adiyen be-myatayn derhem.

**Sorry, we're all sold out. $be-l-^{9}asaf$, xerrežna koll-ši. semiannual – merrtayn $fe-l-\mathcal{E}am$. semolina – smid, smida.

to send - sifet, safet isifet. I
want to send him a telegram. bgit
nsifet-lu bergiya. --Have you sent
for the doctor? sifetti mur t-tbib?
--When did he send that package
off? fug-as safet dak r-resma?
**Send him in. qul-lu idxol.

to send one's regards - sellem Ela. He sends his regards to everybody. ka-isellem Ela koll-ši.

sensation - 1. šuEur pl. -at. It's a very pleasant sensation. šuEur hlu bessaf. 2. fetna pl. -t. His speech created a sensation. l-kalima dyalu Eemlet fetna.

sensational - Eažib, ha il, (lli) kaiften.

sense - Eqel, ras. I hope he has enough sense to take a taxi. messab gir ikun Eendu r-ras u-yaxod taksi.

--I must have been out of my senses. waqila kont xares Ela Eeqli.

2. meEna. There's no sense in doing that. dak š-ši ma-Eendu meEna ikun.

3. šuEur. It gives me a sense of security. had š-ši ka-ibEet fiya šuEur de-l-?aman.

**That's true, in a sense. dak \$-\$i \$hih men wahed n-nahiya. --That doesn't make sense. had \$-\$i ma-\$i meEqul. --That doesn't make any sense to me. $ma-zal\ dak$ $\S-\S i\ ma-b\dot{g}a-\S i\ ittefhem-li$.

to sense - hess. I sensed right away that something was wrong-degya hessit b-ši haža ma-ši hiya hadik.

senseless - 1. (lli) ma-fendu mećna. That's altogether senseless. had š-ši kollu ma-fendu mećna. 2. (lli) ma-fendu fendu mećna out in this rain is senseless. ma-fendu feqel lli ixrož f-had š-šta. sensible - mećqqel.

sentence - 1. žumla pl. -t, žumal. I didn't understand the last sentence. ma-fhemt-š l-žumla t-talya. 2. hkam pl. -at. The judge has already pronounced sentence. l-qadi sedder hkamu.

to sentence - hkem Ela. He was sentenced to five years. hekmu Elih b-xems snin.

sentimental - Eatifi, (lli) qelbu rhif.

sentry - Eessa pl. -t, Eses. The sentry didn't let me pass. l-Eessa ma-xellatni-š nduz.

separate - mefruq. Could we have
 separate rooms? imken-lna naxdu
 byut mefruqin?

under separate cover - b-webdu. I'm sending you my application under separate cover. r-ana maifet-lkom t-talab dyali b-webdu.

to separate - 1. freq. I could hardly separate those two.

ma-state£t-\$\(\xi\) hetta nefreqhom b-zu\(\xi\).

-My parents are separated. waldiya mefruqin. 2. qsem. Separate that group into five sections. qsem dak \(\xi\)-\(\xi\)ma&a & & la xemsa de-l-ferqat.

separately - b-wehdu. I want to talk to each one of the boys separately hebbit nehder mea koll wahed men le-wlad b-wehdu.

September - šutanbir, šutambir. series - selsila pl. -t. He's written a series of books about it. huwa kteb wahed s-selsila d-le-ktub Ela dak š-ši.

serious - 1. doğri. That man is very serious in his work. had \(\tau-\tau a \) doğri bezzaf fe-l-xedma dyalu.

2. xatir. His illness isn't very serious. l-merd dyalu ma-ši xatir bezzaf. 3. kbir pl. kbar. That's a serious mistake. ģelta kbira hadi. seriously - 1. bezzaf. She is ser-

iously ill. hiya mrida bezzaf.

2. be-n-niya. I'm seriously considering getting married.
ka-nxemmem be-n-niya fe-z-zwaž.

sermon - xotba pl. -t. Our preacher gave a good sermon on Friday.

le-xtib dyalna Emel wahed l-xotba mesyana nhar ž-žem£a.

servant - met & ellem pl. met & ellmin, xeddam pl. -a.

to serve - 1. Eta yeEti, duwwez, ferreq. Shall I serve the drinks now? nferreq l-mešrubat daba?

2. slah, qda iqdi. This will serve its purpose. had š-ši jad iqdi meslahtu. 3. duwwez. He's serving a four-year term in prison. rah ka-iduwwez modda d-rebEa snin fe-l-hebs. 4. nezzel. When do you serve supper? fuq-aš ka-tnezzlu le-Eša?

**That serves you right! xxi fik! or iwa baš ttEellem!
service - 1. mqabla, mgabla. The service is bad in this restaurant.
le-mqabla Eendhom qbiha f-had
l-metEem. 2. xedma pl. -t. The
maid is giving us good service.
l-metEellma ka-teEmel-lna xedma
mezyana.

**These buses have been in service for twenty years. had t-tubisat hadi Eešrin Eam u-huma xeddamin.

--How long have you been in the service? šhal hadi u-nta fe-l-žeyš?

--Can I be of service to you? tebģini neqdi-lek ši-haža?
service station - mhetta d-l-işanş pl. mhettat d-l-işanş. Let's stop at the next service station. nweqfu f-le-mhetta d-l-işanş l-mažya.
Sesame - zenžlan.

set - 1. serbis pl. srabes. We have a whole set of these ash trays. Eendna serbis kamel men had l-qetran de-d-defya. 2. mežmuća pl. -t. There's only one stamp missing in that set. ma-xaşş f-dak l-mežmuća gir tenber wahed. 3. ?ala pl. -t. He sold his old radio and bought a new set. bać r-radyu le-qdim dyalu u-šra ?ala ždida.

to set - 1. nezzel, Emel. Set it on the desk. nezzelha fuq t-tebla.

2. heqqeq. I set my watch by the station clock. heqqeqt maganti Eel l-magana d-le-mhetta. 3. Eeyyen. Why don't you set the time? Elas nta ma-tEeyyen-ši l-weqt?

4. qerreq, hedden. Is the hen setting? was d-džaža mqerrqa?

5. rekkeb. I'd like to have these stones set in gold. nebģi had l-hežrat mrekkbin Eel d-dheb.

6. bda ibda. He set to work immediately. deģya bda fe-l-xedma.

7. ġreb. The sun had already set. §-Šems kanet ġerbet be£da. 8. £ţa ye£ţi. You've set a good example. nta £ţiti mital mezyan.

**I set my watch five minutes ahead. zedt xemsa de-d-dqayeq f-maganti. —He set the price at fifty dirhams. xemsin derhem t-taman lli &mel. —Set the clock for seven. telle& l-magana fe-s-seb&a. —The meeting has been set for nine o'clock. le-&tima&daruh le-t-tes&ud. —He set the dogs on me. tleq &liya le-klab. —Can you set me straight on this? imken-lek tbiyyen-li had &-&i?

to set aside - xebbe£, xella. Set this one aside for me. xebbe£-li hadi.

to set down - nezzel. Set the box down gently. nezzel s-senduq be-s-swiya.

to set in - bda ibda, dxel idxol. The rainy season set in early this year. weqt \(\xi\)-\(\xi\)ta bda bekri had \(\lambda\)-\(\xi\)am.

to set off - terteq. They didn't have time to set off the charge.

ma-kan-š f-iddhom l-weqt baš itertqu
le-Emara

to set cut for - šedd t-triq l-.
They set out for home on Monday.
nhar t-tnayn šeddu t-triq l-darhom.

to set the table - wežžed t-tebla. Quick, set the table! deģya wežžed t-tebla.

to set up - rekkeb. The new machines have just been set up. Ead rekkbu l-?alat ž-ždad.

all set - wažed. Everything is all set. koll-ši wažed.

to be set on - Emel Ceynu f-. I'm set on that. Emelt Eeyni f-dak \$-\$i.

to settle - 1. seffa, fedda. He settled with his creditors. fedda méa malin t-telq. --We must settle our accounts today. xessna l-yum nseffiw hsabatna. 2. ressa, fedda. You must settle that between yourselves. xesskom tressiw dak š-ši beEdiyatkom. 3. sleh. Can you settle their argument? imken-lek tesleh ma binathom? 4. tressa. The wall has settled a little. l-hit tressa ši-šwiya. 5. qéed, rqed. Wait until the tea has settled. sber hetta iqéed ?atay.

to be settled - fra ifra. This question was settled some time ago. had l-qadiya frat šhal hadi.

**Now settle down to work! iwa

gles texdem Ela rașek daba. --On Sunday I like to settle myself in a chair and smoke my pipe. nhar l-hedd ka-iršeq-li nwerrek Ela ši-šelya u-nekmi s-sbisi dyali. to settle down - ressa rasu. Hasn't he settled down yet? ma-zal ma-ressa rasu? to settle for - ttawa b-. We settled for two hundred dirhams. ttawina be-myatayn derhem. settlement = ttifaqiya pl. -t. couldn't reach a settlement. ma-weşlu hetta l-ši ttifaqiya. seven - $seb \in a$. seventeen - sbeetaš. seventh - 1. (ordinal). sabe E pl. sab&in. 2. (fraction). subu& pl. -at.seventy - $seb \in in$. several - Eadad d-. We passed several beautiful houses. desna Ela Eadad de-d-dyar mezyanin. several times - ma-hiya xetra ma-hiya zuž. I've been there several times. kont temma ma-hiya xetra ma-hiya zuž. severe - 1. qaşeh. It was a very severe winter. l-berd kan qaşeh bezzaf. 2. kbir. The punishment was too severe. l-Euguba kanet kbira bezzaf Ead. 3. xtir. He has a severe case of pneumonia. merd s-sder lli fih xtir. Seville - šbilya. to sew - xeyyet. She sews her own dresses. ka-txeyyet ksawiha b-iddha. **Please sew these buttons on for llah ixellik rekkeb-li had ş-şdaf. sewer - qadus Eettara pl. qwades Eettara. sewing machine - makina d-le-xyata pl. -t d-le-xyata. sex - žins pl. žnas. In your application state age and sex. fe-l-werga de-t-talab dker s-senn u-l-žins dyalek. the fair sex - l-žins l-ltif. sexual - žinsi. shabby - mbehdel. His suit looks shabby. ksuwtu ka-tban mbehdla. **That was very shabby of him. hadik darha tayha. shade - 1. dell pl. dlul. Let's stay in the shade. xellina fe-d-dell. ġļaq pl. -at. Pull down the shades. hebbet le-ġļagat. shadow - 1. dell pl. dlul. The trees cast long shadows. š-šžer ka-ye£tiw

dell kbir. 2. xyal pl. -at.

afraid of his own shadow. men

He's

about it. dak š-ši ma-fih-ši rebba de-š-šekk. **They hired a detective to shadow kellfu bulisi sirri irmi Elih him. l-Eeyn. shady - 1. mdellel. That place is shady and we can play there. l-mahell mdellel w-imken-lna nle∈bu temma. 2. mdebdeb. That's a shady business. had l−bi€a u-š-šerya mdebdba. The shaft shaft - wted pl. wtad. broke off. le-wted therres. to shake - 1. hezz. She shook her 2. mxed. head. hezzet rașha. You must shake it before using. xeşşek tmexdu qbel-ma txeddmu. 3. zeEzeE. The earthquake shook everything within a radius of three kilometers. l-hezza l-%erdiya zeEzEet lli ttşab kollu Ela tlata kilumiter men hna. shaky - $mfe\xi fe\xi$. I'm still shaky. rani ma-zal mfeEfeE. shall - gad (plus the imperfect). We shall see who's right. gad nšufu škun mEah l-hegg. shallow - 1. ma-gareq-s. The lake is very shallow at this point. d-daya ma-garga-š bezzaf f-had l-mudeE. mbesset, mgerres. Put it in a shallow bowl. diru fe-gtar mbesset. ma-ši dogri. He's a very shallow person. huwa ma-ši ražel dogri. shame - 1. hya. Haven't you any shame? ma-fik hya? 2. hšuma pl. hšavem. It's a shame the way he treats us. hšuma kif ka-iEamelna. **Shame on you! !!ah iqellel hyak! or ļļah in∈el men lla-yehšem! --What a shame you can't come. be-l-?asaf ma-imken-lek-š dži. **shape - 1.** f sala p1. -t, f saye1. fez is all out of shape. t-terbuš ma-bga gabet hetta fşala. 2. hala pl. -t, hwal. I'm in bad shape. r-ana f-wahed l-hala mfellsa. 3. \dot{g} aya pl. -t. Is everything in shape? waš koll-ši f-gaya? to shape - fessel. His head is shaped like a watermelon. mfeşşel bhal ši-dellaha. to shape up - $t \in ewwet$. Things are gradually shaping up. l-9umur raha ka-tt∈ewwet šwiya be-šwiya. share - 1. hegg pl. haug. Everybody has to pay his share. koll wahed ixelles heqqu. 2. sehm pl. sham, shuma. How many shares did 2. sehm pl.

you buy? šhal men sehm šriti?

xyalu ka-ixaf. 3. hebba pl. -at.

There is not a shadow of doubt

to share - qsem. Let's share the cake. aži nqesmu l-helwa.

shareholder - shaymi pl. -yat, msahem pl. msahmin.

shark - maraxu pl. -yat.

sharp - 1. madi. Do you have a sharp knife? Eendek ši-mess madi?
2. qate£, (lli) ka-idbeh. She has a sharp tongue. Eendha Isan ka-idbeh. 3. tamam. We have to be there at five o'clock sharp. xessna nkunu temma fɛ-l-xemsa tamam.

sharpen - 1. me¢da. You have to sharpen this knife. xeşşek tmeddi had l-mus. 2. nžer. Sharpen this pencil for me, please. £afak nžer-li had le-glam.

shave - hsana d-le-wžeh, tekrita,
tehsina. I want a shave and a
haircut. bģit ši-tehsina d-le-wžeh
u-de-š-š-er. --The barber gave me
a good shave. l-hežžam dar-li wahed
t-tekrita ha°ila.

to shave - hessen le-wžeh. Who shaved you? škun hessen-lek wežhek? she - hiva.

to shed - 1. xwa ixwi. She shed bitter tears. xwat dmu£ d-demm.
2. rma irmi. That sheds some light on the matter. had š-ši ka-irmi šwiyeš de-d-duw £el l-qadiya.

3. zuwwel. As soon as I got into my room I shed all my clothes. gir wselt l-biti zuwwelt hwayži kollhom.

sheep - kebš pl. kbaš.

sheer - 1. tamm. That would be sheer madness. iwa hadak le-hmaq t-tamm.
2. rhif pl. rhaf. I'd like a sheer fabric. ana bagi ši-tub rhif.

sheet - 1. isar pl. isur. Shall I change the sheets, too? nbeddel hetta l-isur? 2. werqa pl. -t, wraq. Please give me a sheet of paper. Eafak Etini ši-werqa.

**Her face turned as white as a sheet. wžehha wella bhal l-hit.

shelf - tebqa pl. -t. The shelves are empty t-tebqat xawyen.

shell = 1. qešra pl. -t, qšur. These walnuts have a hard shell. had l-guz qšertu qasha. 2. kura pl. -t, kwer. A shell exploded near our house. wahed l-kura ttertqet hda darna.

to shell - qeššer. Do you want to shell the walnuts? tebgi tqeššer l-guz?

shelter - tedriqa pl. -t. Some bus
stops have no shelters. be \(\epsilon d \)
le-mhettat de-t-tubis ma-fihom
tedriqat.

to shelter - sekken. They sheltered and fed us. huma sekknuna

shepherd - sareh pl. sorrah.

to shield - 1. derreq, xebbe£, hfed.
You ought to shield your eyes against the sun. lazem dderreq £eynik men §-šems. 2. ster. He must be shielding somebody. ma-huwa ġir ka-ister §i-wahed.

shift - 1. refga pl. -t, rfagi. Our
workers work in three shifts.
l-xeddama dyalna & emlin tlata
de-r-refgat. 2. tegyir pl. -at.
This will mean a shift in my plans.
had š-ši me enah gad ikun tegyir
fe-l-baramiž dyali.

to shift - 1. beddel, qleb. You ought to shift into second. xessek theddel le-t-tanya. 2. giyyer, hewwel. We have to shift the meeting to Tuesday. la-bodda ngiyyru le-žtimać le-nhar t-tlata.
3. tteqleb. The wind has shifted. r-rih tteqleb.

to shift for oneself - debber Ela raşu. I always shift for myself. dima ka-ndebber Ela raşi. shin - qeşba de-r-ržel pl. qşeb

r-režlin.

shine - 1. lmi&. If you polish the tray, the shine will come back. had \$\sis\$-\siniya ila msehtiha ir\sec-lha l-lmi& dyalha. 2. mesha pl. -t coll. msih. A shoe shine costs half a dirham. l-mesha de-\$-\secbat ka-teswa ness derhem.

**We'll come, rain or shine.
gad nžiw waxxa ikun l-garaq.

to shine - 1. lme£, breq, dwa idwi. The sun isn't shinning today. \$-\$ems ma-ka-telme£-\$'l-yum. --Her eyes were shining with joy. £eyniha kanu ka-iberqu be-l-ferha. 2. ban iban, brez, bre£. He's good in all his subjects, but mathematics is where he shines. huwa mezyan fe-l-mawadd kollha be-l-heqq le-hsab fih ka-iban. 3. mseh. I have to shine my shoes. xesşni nemseh sebati.

to be shiny - dwa idwi. His pants are shiny. serwalu ka-idwi.

ship - babur pl. -at, baxira pl. -t.
When does the ship leave? fuq-aš
ġad temši l-baxira?

to slip - sifet, safet isifet. They car ship these goods by rail. imken-lhom isiftu had s-selea mea l-mašina.

shipment - sel&a pl. -t, slu&. We've just received a new shipment of

shoes. Ead weşletna selEa ždida de-ş-şbabet.

shipwreck - gergan l-babur.

shirt - qamežža pl. -t, qwamež. Are my shirts back from the laundry? qwamži žaw men Eend ş-şebban?

**Keep your shirt on, I'll be right there. xellik temma, daba w-ana žit.

to **shiver** - *gzel*, *qefqef*. The child was shivering with cold. *d-derri* kan ka-igzel be-l-berd.

shock - 1. derba pl. -t, deqqa pl.
-t. His death was a great shock to us all. l-mut dyalu žatna kollna derba kbira.
2. qetta pl. -t, qtet. They stacked up the wheat in shocks. Eerrmu l-gemh qtet qtet.

to shock - šlet. We were shocked by the news. šletna le-xbar.

shoe = 1. ferda de-s-sebbat pl. sebbat, sbabet. Where are my new shoes? fayn s-sebbat ž-ždid dyali? 2. sfiha pl. -t, sfayeh. The horse lost one shoe. l-Eewd mšat-lu sfiha.

**I wouldn't want to be in his shoes. lleh-la ye&mel-ni fe-rhebtu.
to shoe - rekkeb sfayeh l-. He's going to shoe his horse. ġad irekkeb \$-sfayeh l-l-&ewd dyalu.

shoehorn - tella&a pl. -t. shoelace - sir pl. syur.

shoemaker - xerraz pl. -a.

shoe polish - siraž. I need some brown polish for my new shoes. baġi siraž qehwi l-sebbaţi ž-ždid.

shoe repair man - terraf pl. -a. shoot - friye pl. friyeat. Our rosebush has two new shoots. l-werda dyalna Eemlet zuž d-le-friyeat xrin.

to shoot - 1. dreb, Edem. You'll be shot for that. iEedmuk Ela hadik. 2. summer. They're shooting in Studio Five. ka-isummru fe-s-stidyu l-xames.

**The car shot past us. s-siyara dazet hdana be-ž-žehd. --How the child has shot up in the last year! walayenni kif fad d-derri had l-&am lli daz.

to shoot dead - qtel mqertes.

They shot him dead. qetluh mqertes.

to shoot down - tiyyeh. Four of our airplanes have been shot down. tiyyhu-lna rebea de-t-tyayer.

shop - hanut (m. or f.) pl. hwanet.
There are many shops on this street.
kaynin bezzaf d-le-hwanet f-had
z-zenga.

to talk shop - hder Eel l-xedma. Stop talking shop! iwa xlas u-ma-tehder Eel l-xedma! to shop - tsuwweq.

**I want to shop around before I buy the present. bagi ndur hna u-hna, Ead nešri le-hdiya.

shore - terf le-bher pl. traf le-bher.
How far is it to the shore? šhal men hna l-terf le-bher.

short - 1. selk mehruq. There must be a short in the radio. hada ši-selk mehruq fe-r-radyu. 2. qşir pl. qşar. She wears her dresses too short. ka-telbes ksawiha qşar bezzaf.

**I am three dirhams short. baqı ka-ixeşşuni tlata de-d-drahem.
--Right now, I am short of money. f-had s-sa&a ana mexşuş men le-flus.
--It fell short of my expectations. dak š-ši xeyyeb-li d-denn.

in short - l-haşil. In short, I can't. l-haşil ma-imken-li-š.

to cut short - nqeş men. They had to cut their trip short. kanu melzumin baš ineqşu men ş-şfer dyalhom.

to run short - qlal. Our supplies were running short. le-qwam kan bda iqlal-lna.

short cut - triq mextufa pl. torqan mextufin. He knows a short cut to the beach. ka-ye∈ref wahed t-triq mextufa l-le-bher.

to shorten - nges men t-tul. Shorten the pants for me, please. llah ixellik nges-li men t-tul d-had s-serwal.

shortly - men daba šwiya. He'll be here shortly. ġad ikun hnaya men daba šwiya.

shorts - 1. serwal tehtani pl. srawel thata. He ordered six pairs of shorts. huwa tleb setta de-s-srawel t-thata.
2. serwal qsir pl. srawel qsar. The girls were all wearing shorts. le-bnat kollhom kanu labsin s-srawel qsar.

short wave - muža qṣira pl. mwaž qṣar.
You can get short wave on this radio too. imken-lek teqbet hetta l-muža le-qṣira f-had r-radyu.

shot - 1. qortas pl. qrates. Did you hear (the sound of) a shot? sme£ti ši-teklima de-l-qortas? 2. Emara pl. -t, Emayer. He fired three shots. xerrež tlata d-le-Emarat.

-Somebody took a shot at him. ši-wahed xla fih Emara. 3. niyyaš pl. -a. His brother is a good shot. xah niyyaš mezyan. 4. teswira pl. -t, tsawer. We got beautiful shots of the lake. t-tsawer de-d-daya xeržu-lna mezyanin. 5. šuka pl.

šwek; ibra pl. ibari. Have you gotten all your shots yet? kemmelti l-ibari kollhom wella ma-zal? **He thinks he's a big shot.

ka-ižib-lu rebbi huwa ši-haža. shotgun – zwiža pl. – t.

should - xess (plus the imperfect).

You should study harder. xessek tegra kter men had š-ši.

should have - kan xess (plus the imperfect). You shouldn't have believed it. ma-kan-š xessek ttiyyeq dak š-ši. --He should have written to them. kan xessu ikteb-lhom.

shoulder - ktef pl. ktaf. He has very broad shoulders. Eendu ktaf wasEin bezzaf.

**He doesn't even know how to shoulder a rifle. ma-ka-yeEref-\$ hetta iqbet le-mkohla f-ketfu. -- Why did you give him the cold shoulder? Elas nexxeltih. -- Why should I shoulder the blame for it? Elaš ana gad naxod l-luma Ela dak 5-5i?

straight from the shoulder be-s-saraha. -- I gave it to him straight from the shoulder. qoltha-lu be-s-saraha.

to shout - guwwet. You don't have to shout! ma-kayen Elaš tģuwwet.

to shout down - juwwet Ela. The speaker was shouted down by the crowd. n-nas żuwwtu Eel l-muhadir.

shouting - gwat pl. -at. Your shouting is getting on my nerves. had le-gwat dyalek ka-iqelleqni.

shove - $def \in a$ pl. -t. He gave me such a shove that I nearly fell over. dfeEni wahed d-defEa hetta Elayen gad ntih.

to shove - $dfe\xi$.

shovel - bala pl. -t. You'll need a pickax and a shovel. gad ixessek fas u-bala.

to shovel - hfer be-l-bala. had to shovel a path through the snow. ma-fadna gir nhefru triq be-l-bala fe-t-telž.

show - fraža pl. -t. Did you go to the horse show? mšiti l-le-fraža de-l-xil? --When does the first show start at this theater? fug-as ka-ibda le-fraža l-luwwla f-had

s-sinima?

to show - 1. werra. Could you show me the way? imken-lek twerrini t-triq? 2. ban iban. Only his head head showed above the water. gir rasu lli kan iban fug l-ma. 3. *l*€eb. What are they showing at the theater this evening? š-gad ile&bu fe-ssinima had l-lila? 4. biyyen, dehher. The investigation didn't show a thing. l-beht ma-dehher hetta haža. --He doesn't dare show himself again around here. ma-bqa-š igedd ibiyyen wežhu hnaya.

to show around - sara isari. She's showing her guest around town. ka-tsari d-difa lli Eendha f-le-mdina. to show off - fšer, hal ihil. He's just showing off. xeddam ka-

ifšer.

to show up - 1. ža iži, ban iban. Nobody showed up. ma-ža hedd. 2. twata. Yellow shows up well against a black background. le-sfer ka-itwata mezyan Eel le-khel.

shower - 1. nezla de-š-šta pl. -t · · de-š-šta. We were caught in a shower, gebietna n-nezla de-š-šta. 2. duš pl. dwaš. Does your bathroom have a shower? l-hemmam dyalek fih d-duš?

to take a shower - xda yaxod duš, ddummes. I just have to take a shower and get dressed. maši ģir naxod ši-duš u-nelbes hwayži. show-off - hayel pl. haylin, huyal.

He's a big show-off. hadak hayel bla qyas.

shrewd - madi pl. madyen. He's a shrewd businessman. huwa biyyaE šerray madi.

shrimp - gemruna pl. -t coll. gemrun. We're having shrimp for dinner. gad ntgeddaw be-l-gemrun.

**He's a little shrimp. r-ražel qsiwer u-mhetnek. to shrink - kref. Does this material

shrink? had t-tub ka-ikref? shrub - šžira pl. -t.

to shut - šedd. I shut the door

because of the cold. **seddit l-bab Ela gibal l-berd.

to shut down - gleq. Why was the factory shut down? Elaš ģelqu l-me€mel?

to shut off - heer, qteE. off the water. her l-ma.

to shut up - 1. šedd. They've shut up their shop for the winter. šedcu l-hanut dyalhom Ela wedd l-berd ža. 2. šedd Ela. Who shut the log up in the garage? škun šedd Eel l-kelb fe-l-garaž?

**Shut up! šedd fommek! shutter $= \frac{1}{2}laq$ pl. -t. Open the shutters, please. hell le-glagat Eafak.

shy - (lli) ka-yehšem, hešman.

to shy - žfel. The horse shied. l-Eewd žfel.

**He shies away from hard work.

ka-ihreb men l-xedma de-t-tamara.

sick - mrid adj. pl. mrad, n. pl.

morda.

to he taken sick - mred.

**I'm getting sick and tired of this. qelbi rah ka-itib men had š-ši.

sickle - menžel pl. mnažel.

sickness - merd pl. mrad.

side - 1. žiha pl. -t, žwayeh. On this side of the street there are only a few houses. had ž-žiha d-had z-zenga fiha d-dyar glal.

--It's difficult to take sides on this question. stib l-wahed iži men ši-žiha f-had l-qadiya. --You always take his side. dima ka-dži men žihtu. 2. ženb pl. žnab. I nearly split my sides laughing. mšit nefret žnabi be-d-dehk. --They walked along silently side by side. kanu mašyen sahtin ž-ženb le-ž-ženb.

**To be on the safe side, I asked him again. baš nkun mhenni Eawed seqsitu. --He does something else on the side. ka-yeEmel ši-haza xra men l-fuq.

sidewalk - meššaya pl. -t.

sieve - ģerbal pl. ģrabel. to sift - ģerbel. I still haven't sifted the flour. ma-sal ma-ģerbelt t-thin.

sigh - tenhida pl. -t, tnahed.

to sigh - tnehhed.

sight - 1. nder, bser. He nearly lost his sight in the accident. Elayen mša-lu n-nder f -dak l-hadita.
2. mender pl. mnader. The dead bodies were a terrible sight. mender l-muta kan ka-ixewwef.
3. rehba pl. rhabi. Have you seen the sights of the town? tsaritir-rhabi d-le-mdina?

**They had orders to shoot him on sight. kan Eendhom ?awamir gir

iqeš€uh iderbuh.

.at first sight - fe-r-remqa l-luwla. I recognized you at first sight. fe-r-remqa l-luwla Ereftek.

hy sight - b-le-wžeh. I know him only by sight. ka-nterfu gir b-le-wžeh.

to he in sight - bda ibda iban.
The end is not yet in sight. t-tali
ma-zal ma-bda iban.

to catch sight of - rmeq. As soon as he caught sight of you, he vanished. gir remqek gtes.

to lose sight of - tlef-lu. Don't lose sight of that man. Eendak itlef-lek dak r-ražel.

sign - 1. Ealama pl. -t, ?išara pl. -t. What does this sign mean? šnu mEent had l-Ealama? 2. imara pl. -t, imayer. Is that a good sign? imara mezyana hadik?

to give a sign - šiyyer. He gave us a sign to follow him. šiyyer-lna baš ntebčuh.

to sign - Eellem, weqqeE. He forgot to sign the letter. nsa ma-Eellem-š le-bra.

**Don't forget to sign in. Eendak tensa ma-teElem-š be-d-dxul! --I forgot to sign out last night. nsit ma-Elemt-š b-le-xruž l-bareh. --He signed over the business to his son. smeh fe-l-biE u-š-šra dyalu l-weldu.

signal - Ealama pl. -t, ?isara pl. -t. to signal - šar išir. He signaled me to come over. šar-li nži.

signalman - dmanži pl. -ya. The signalman stopped the train in time. d-dmanži hser l-mašina fe-l-wegt.

signature - tuwqiE pl. -at. The letter has no signature. le-bra ma-fina tuwqiE.

silence - skat, shat. There was a profound silence in the room. kan shat kbir fe-l-bit. --They listened in silence. tsenntu be-s-skat.

to silence - sekket, hedden. I couldn't silence him. ma-qdert-š

silent - 1. sekkuti. He's a silent partner. hadak saheb sekkuti.
2. lli bla klam. She used to play in silent pictures. kanet ka-teléeb fe-s-sinima lli bla klam.

to he silent - kunnen, sket. Why are you so silent? ma-lek mkunnen hakda?

**The newspapers were silent about the accident. l-žara $^{\circ}id$ derbuha b-tekwina \in el l- $^{\circ}afat$.

silk - hrir. You simply can't get silk stockings. rak ma-tsib-š t-tqašer d-le-hrir.

silly - msetti, mehbul.

xatem de-n-negra.

**He's not so silly as he looks.
rah niya u-hramiya.

silver. fedda. This is sterling silver. fedda safya hadi. 2. negra. She's wearing a silver ring. Eamla

similar - bhal. I know of a similar case. ka-neeref qadiya bhal hadi.

simple - 1. sahel. That's quite a
 simple matter. hadi mes ala sahla.
2. metluq. She wears very simple

clothes. hiya ka-telbes hwayež metlugin. 3. tamm. That's the simple truth. hadi l-haqiqa t-tamma.

simplicity - suhula pl. -t. For the sake of simplicity let's say that ... Ela wedd s-suhula gad ngulu...

simplification - teshil pl. -at.

to simplify - sehhel. sin - denb pl. dnub.

since - 1. men. He has not been here since Monday. men nhar t-tnayn ma-ža lle-hna. 2. melli. I haven't seen anybody since I got back. ma-šeft hedd melli ržeEt. 3. hit. Since I didn't have the money I couldn't go, hit ma-kanu Eendi flus ma-mken-li-š nemši.

ever since - men dak l-Eahed, men temma. I haven't talked to him ever since, men temma ma-Eawed tkellemt meah.

sincere - (lli) qelbu şafi. He's a sincere person. hadak ražel gelbu safi.

to be sincere about - tkellem b-niytu ∈la, kan b-niytu f-. think he's sincere about it. ka-ndenn ila ka-itkellem b-nivtu Ela had š-ši.

sincerely - 1. be-n-niya, be-l-mufid. You sincerely believe it? was be-n-niya ka-ddenn had š-ši? 2. l-gaya. I'm sincerely sorry that you can't come. and met essef l-gaya lli ma-imken-lek-š dži.

**I sincerely hope you'll be able to come. ka-ntleb Eel llah imken-lek

to sing - genna. I don't sing very well. ma-ka-ngenni-š mesyan bezzaf. singer - 1. mugenni pl. -yin f.

mugenniya pl. -t. He's a wellknown singer. huwa muģenni mešhur. --She's a singer, too. hetta hiya mugenniya.

single - 1. Eesri pl. Esara. Are you married or single? nta msuuwež wella Eezri? 2. wahed f. wehda. He didn't make a single mistake. ma-Emel-ši ģelta wehda. 3. wehdu f. whedha. I looked through every single drawer, but couldn't find it. qellebt koll mžer wehdu u-ma-sebtu-š.

to single out - Ezel, xerrež. Why did they single you out? Elas

Eezluk gir nta?

sink - 1. $\not\equiv fina$ pl. -t. The dishes are still in the sink. l-getran ma-zalin fe-ž-žfina. 2. gadus pl. qwades. Don't throw it into the sink. You'll stop it up.

la-termih-ši fe-l-qadus, daba txenqu. to sink - 1. graq. The ship sank in ten minutes. l-baxira graget f-qesmayn. 2. nehder. The house has sunk ten inches. d-dar nhedret ši-češra d-l-isabeč. 3. gerreq. They sank three enemy ships. gerrqu tlata de-l-baxirat d-le-Edu.

sip - zgifa pl. -t. I only had a sip of it. ma-xdit gir zgifa mennha. to sip - zgef.

sister - xet pl. xwatat. Do you have any sisters? Eendek ši-xwatat? --All my brothers and sisters are still alive. xuti u-xwatati kollhom baqyen Eeyyšin.

sister-in-law - 1. (wife's sister) xet le-mra pl. xwatat le-mra. She's my sister-in-law. hadik xet mrati. 2. (husband's sister) lusa pl. -t, lwayes. She's my sister-in-law. hadik lusti.

sit - gles. We sat in the front row. glesna fe-s-seff l-luwwel. --Please sit down. tfeddel, gles. --He walked in just as we sat down to eat. hna kif glesna naklu u-huwa dxel.

**You won't get anywhere sitting around the house. ma-gad tegdi walu b-le-glas fe-d-dar. -- I sat in on all conferences. hdert Eel l-mu?tamarat kollha.

to sit up - sher, bqa ibqa fayeq. We sat up all night waiting for him. sherna l-lil kollu u-hna ka-ntsennaweh. -- I sat up with him all night. bett fayeg mEah l-lil kollu.

situation - 1. mugif pl. managef. She saved the situation. negdet l-mugif. 2. wedEiya pl. -t, wdaE. He wasn't equal to the situation. l-wedtiya kanet bessaf Elih.

six - setta. **It's six of one and half a dozen of another. hemmus kamun. sixteen - settaš.

sixth - 1. (ordinal) sades.

2. (fraction) sudus pl. -at. sixty - settin.

size - 1. qyas pl. -at. What size do you wear? *s-men qyas ka-telbes?
2. kber. Everything is arranged according to size. koll-ši mEeuwet Ela hasab kebru. 3. taqedda pl. -t. They are about the same size. huma Elayen taqedda wehda.

**What size book will it be? qedd-aš gad ikun le-ktab? --How do you size up the situation. idher-lek fe-l-wedEiya?

skeleton - Edam (pl.).

skeptical - metša[?]em. Don't be so skeptical! la-tkun-ši metša[?]em l-had l-hedd.

to **skid** - zleq. The car started to skid. s-siyara bdat tezleq.

skill - tamEellmit, mdawa.

skilled - mEellem. He is a skilled cabinet-maker. hadak niyyar mEellem.

skillfully - be-l-qa&ida, b-le-qwa&ed.
You got yourself out of that
situation very skillfully. selliti
rasek men l-muqif gir b-le-qwa&ed.
to skim - l. zwwwel l-gelya men, seffa.

to skim - 1. zwwwel l-żelya men, seffa.
Did you skim the soup? seffiti
le-hrira? 2. zwwwel le-frara men
I skimmed the milk. zwwwelt le-frara
men le-hlib.

to skim through - daz iduz Ela, duwwez Ela. I just skimmed through the book. yallah duwwezt Eel le-ktab.

skin - 1. želd pl. žlud. She has a very sensitive skin. želdha mečlal.

2. želda pl. -t, žlud. How many skins will you need for the coat? šhal de-ž-želdat xessek l-l-baltu?

3. qešra pl. -t, qšur. These apples have a very thick skin. had t-teffah qšertu ģlida.

**He has a thick skin. qeššabtu was£a. --I made it by the skin of my teeth. be-d-dre£ baš menne£t rasi.

to skip - 1. neggest Ela. I skipped a few pages. neggest Ela ši-sefhat.
2. xella. Skip the hard words. xelli l-kelmat s-sEab.
3. hreb Ela, hreb men, xwa ixwi. They skipped town. rahom xwaw le-mdina.

to skip rope - negges or leeb be-t-twal. Can you skip rope? ka-teeref teleeb be-t-twal?

skirt - zentita pl. -t. Her skirt is too short. z-zentita dyalha qsira bezzaf Ead.

skull - žemžma pl. žmažem.

sky - sma pl. -wat. How does the sky
look today? kif dayra s-sma l-yum?

**The news came out of a clear sky. le-xbar ža u-nzel. --He praised her to the skies. ma-xella kif mežžed u-Eeddem fiha.

slack - 1. qlil, Eeyyan. Business is slack. l-biE u-š-šra Eeyyan.
2. merxuf. His work has become very slack. šġalu ržeE merxuf.
slacks - serwal pl. srawel.

to slap - dreb, seet. I'll slap your hand if you touch it. rani nderbek Ela iddek ila gesti fiha.

to slap one's face - treš, $\mathcal{E}ta$ ye $\mathcal{E}ti$ t-terš l-. She slapped his

face. teršettu.

slate - luha d-le-hžer pl. -t d-le-hžer, lweh d-le-hžer.

slaughter - dbiha pl. -t, dbayeh.
The slaughter was terrific. d-dbiha kanet ka-texles.

to slaughter - dbeh. We always slaughter a lamb for the Great Feast. dima ka-ndebhu kebš fe-l-Eid le-kbir. slave - Eebd pl. Ebid.

to slave - kdeh. I've slaved enough today. kfa ma kdeht l-yum. sleep - neesa pl. -t coll. neas. It was like awaking from a deep sleep. bhal lli faq men si-neesa twila.

to sleep - nees. Did you sleep well? neesti mezyan?

**I didn't sleep a wink.
ma-gemmedt-ši Eeyn wehda.

to sleep on something - xemmem f-š-i haža. Sleep on it before you decide. xemmem fiha Ela-ma tyerrer š-gad te∈mel.

sleeping car - fagu de-n-n£as pl. faguyat de-n-n£as.

sleepy - fih n-n&as. I'm still sleepy. ma-zal fiya n-n&as.

to make sleepy - žab ižib n-n£as l-. The heat is making me sleepy s-sehd ka-ižib-li n-n£as.

sleeve - kemm pl. kmam. The sleeves are too short. le-kmam qşar bezzaf Ead.

**He laughed up his sleeve.

ttefree qelbu be-d-dehk. --I don't
know what he's got up his sleeve.

ma-Ereftu Elaš metwi.

slender - rgiq pl. -in, rgaq.

slice - sir pl. syur. How many slices of bread shall I cut? šhal de-s-syur de-l-xobs ngette?

to slice - qettee. Do you want to slice the roast? tebgi tqettee le-mhemmer?

to slide - 1. zleq, zheq. Did you slide on this street? zleqti f-had t-triq? --She slid down the banister. zehqet mea d-derbuz.
2. duwwez, siyyee. Maybe you can slide it in sideways. waqila imken-lek dduwwezha be-z-zenbiya.

to let slide - xella ixmed. Let's let things slide awhile. nxelliw l-?umur texmed wahed \$-\$wiya.

slight - 1. qlil, qliwel, sgir.

There's a slight difference. kayen si-ferq qlil. 2. xfif pl. xfaf.

He has a slight cold. Eendu rwah xfif. 3. rqiq pl. -in, rqaq. She's very slight. hiya rqiqa bezzaf.

to slight - hmel, tšennek. She

felt slighted. hesset b-rasha

bhal lli hemluha.

slim - rqiq pl. -in, rqaq. She's gotten very slim. wellat rqiqa bezzaf.

**His chances are very slim.

ma-šeft-lu šay!

sling - meqla& pl. mqale&. He killed a bird with his sling. qtel wahed t-tir be-l-meqla& dyalu.

slingshot - žebbada pl. -t, žbabed.
slip - l. gelta pl. -t. Did I make
a slip? Emelt ši-gelta? 2. glaf
pl. -at. Our pillows need new
slips. le-xdadi dyalna xesshom
glafat ždad. 3. terf pl. traf.
She wrote it on a slip of paper.
ketbetha f-wahed t-terf de-l-kagit.

**It was just a slip of the tongue. gir feltet-li men lsani.
--He's given us the slip again.

tlef-lna Eewtani.

to slip - 1. zleq. I slipped on the ice. zleqt fe-t-telž.

2. flet. It slipped out of my hand. feltet-li men iddi. --I really didn't want to tell him, but it just slipped out. fe-l-haqıqa ma-kont-š baği nqulha-lu be-l-heqq feltet-li

**It slipped my mind completely.

**It slipped my mind completely.
ma-bgat-š Ela Eegli tamamen.

to slip away - sellu. Let's slip away: yallah nselluh.

to slip up - fellesha. I slipped up badly on the second question. fellestha be-l-mufid fe-s-su?al

to let slip - xella iduz. Don't let the chance slip. la-txelli-š l-forsa dduz.

slippers (pair of) - belga pl. blagi. I can't find my slippers.

ma-žbert-š blegti.

slit - fetha pl. -t. Make the slit a bit longer. Emel l-fetha šwiyeš kber men had š-ši.

to slit - fteh.

to slit someone's throat - šlet l-geršuta l-. The criminals slit his throat. l-qettala šeltu-lu geržuttu.

slope - hebta pl. -t. Is the slope
very steep? was l-hebta qasha
bezzaf?

to slope - zerdeb. The floor slopes. l-lerd mzerdba.

sloppy - 1. mrunnen. Don't be so sloppy ' la-tkun-ši mrunnen bezzaf.
2. mdebbez. They always do sloppy work. dima ka-i\(\xi\)emlu xedma mdebbza.

slot - teqba pl. -t, tqabi; hefra pl. -t, hfari. Insert four ryals in the slot. tleq γebξa de-r-ryal fe-t-teqba.

slow - 1. tqil pl. tqilin, tqal.

He's a slow worker. huwa xeddam
tqil. --She's slow in catching on.
dmagha tqil. 2. be-š-šwiya.

Drive slow. sug gir be-š-šwiya.
3. Eeyyan. The market was slow.
s-suq kan Eeyyan. 4. mhil pl. mhal.
Cook the soup over a slow fire.
tiyyeb le-hrira Ela Eafya tkun
mhila.

**Your watch is slow. magantek fiha t-tiqal. —He's a slow payer. ka-it€ettel b-le-xlas.

to slow down - 1. mehhel. Slow down when you come to an intersection. mehhel mnayn tagreb l-ši-mefreq t-torqan. 2. tiyyeh, nags. He's slowing down in his work. bda inges fe-xdemtu.

slowly - be-š-šwiya. Drive slowly. sug ģir be-š-šwiya.

sly - hrami, mterreq.

small - 1. sgir pl. sgar. The room is rather small. l-bit sģir ši-šwiya. -- I haven't anything smaller. ma-Eendi-ši ši-haža sģer men had š-ši. 2..qlil pl. qlilin, qlal. The difference is very small. l-ferq qlil bezzaf. 3. bsit pl. bsat. That's no small matter. ma-ši haža bsita hadi. 4. rdil pl. rdal. That was a small thing for him to do. qadiya rdila hadik Emel. small change - mferred, mferrda, I haven't any small change. serf. ma-Eendi mferrda.

smallpox - žedri. We have all been vaccinated against smallpox. kollna xerrežna ž-žedri.

smart - 1. mšiyyek. That's a smart dress. keswa mšiyyka hadik. 2. dki pl. ?edkiya. He looks like a smart boy. ka-iban Elih weld dki.

to smash - herres. The boys smashed the window. d-drari herrsu z-zaža de-š-šeržem. --I found the lamp on the floor smashed to bits. žbert z-zaža de-d-duw mherrsa štat fuq l-erd.

smell - riha pl. -t, rwayeh. Where
does that unpleasant smell come
from? mnayn mažya had r-riha
le-qbiha?

to smell - šemm. Do you smell gas? ka-tšemm riht l-gaz?

to smell a rat - šćer b-ši haža kayna. He must have smelled a rat. hada ma-huwa gir šćer b-ši-haža kayna.

**The roses smell beautifully.

l-werd rihtu ha?ila.

smile - dhika pl. -t, tebsima pl. -t.
She has a charming smile. Eendha
dhika driyfa.

to smile - thessem. She is always smiling. hiya da?imen ka-tthessem.

--She smiled at you. raha
thessmet-lek.

**She was all smiles. kanet tedhek men wedniha.

smoke - doxxan pl. dxaxen. Where's that smoke coming from? mnayn maži dak d-doxxan?

to smoke - 1. kma ikmi. Do you smoke? ka-tekmi? 2. tleq d-doxxan, tleq d-dxaxen. The stove is smoking again. n-nafex Eawed ka-itleq d-dxaxen.

**No smoking! memnue d-doxxan.

smooth - 1. mles, males. The ice is
very smooth today. t-telž males
bezzaf l-yum. 2. hade?, mhedden.
The sea was very smooth. le-nher
kan hade? bezzaf. 3. rteb. I can'
get a smooth shave with this blade.
ma-ka-ttlee-li-š le-hsana retba
b-had l-mess.

**He's a smooth talker. lehhab hadak.

to smooth down - retteb. Smooth down your hair. retteb šeerek.

to smooth out - Eerwet, žebbed, tleq. Smooth out the tablecloth. Eerwet mendil t-tebla.

smoothly - fi ?aman llah. Everything went smoothly. koll-ši tmešša fi ?aman llah.

to smother - xneq, žiyyef. The smoke nearly smothered him. d-doxxan Elayen xenqu.

snail - ġlala pl. -t coll. ġlal;
bebbuša pl. -t coll. bebbuš.
snake - henš pl. hnuša hnaš.

snap - 1. šeddada pl. -t. I have to sew snaps on my dress. xessni nrekkeb š-šeddadat fe-ksewti.
2. teswira pl. -t, tsawer. I'd like to take a snap of you. nebģi naxod-lek ši-teswira.
3. hamas. There's no snap to that song. ma-kayen hamas f-dak l-ģenya.

**That's a snap for me. dak š-ši bhal l-helwa Eendi. —The exam was a snap. le-mtihan kan sahel.

--Don't make snap judgments.
ma-tkun-š tehkem b-sor€a.

to snap - $tqette\epsilon$. That rope is sure to snap. had t-twal bla šekk

itqetteE.

**Snap out of it! sebhan !!ah!
or redd balek! --The lock snapped

shut. l-ferxa değya tšeddet.

to snap at - 1. nad inud l-,
ntleq &la. The dog snapped at me.
l-kelb nad-li. 2. ntleq &la, nhed
f-. I don't know why he snapped at
me that way. ma-&reft-ši &laš nhed
fiya hakdak.

to snap one's fingers - terteq sebEanu, kellem sebEanu. She snapped her fingers. tertqet sebEanha.

snapshot - teswira pl. -t, tsawer.
Where did you take these snapshots?
fayn xditi had t-tsawer?

to sneak - tteslet. He must have sneaked into the house. waqila tteslet l-qelb d-dar.

to sneak in - tteslet, ttehša ttezleg. He must have sneaked in while I wasn't looking. ma-huwa gir ttezleg mnayn ma-kont-š ka-nšuf.

to sneak out - tsell, flet. He sneaked out while I wasn't looking. ma-huwa gir tsell mnayn ma-kont-š ka-nšuf.

sneeze - $\epsilon e t s a pl. - t.$

to sneeze - Etes. He's been sneezing all morning. s-sbeh kollu u-huwa ka-yeEtes.

to snore - sxer.

snow - telž pl. tluž, tlužat. How deep is the snow? hedd-aš tale£ t-telž?

to snow - tah itih t-telž. It snowed all night. t-telž tah l-lil kollu.

snowed in - hasel fe-t-telž. They were snowed in for a whole week. kanu haslin fe-t-telž žemća kollha. We're snowed under with work. ra-hna garqin be-l-xedma.

snowdrop – ben n-neEman. snowflake – liqa de-t-telž pl. lyeq

de-t-telž.

so - 1. hakda. So they say. hakda
ka-iqulu. 2. kif. It's so hot
today. walayenni kif l-yum l-hal
sxun. 3. ?iden. So you think it's
a good idea. ?iden ka-ddenn fekra
mezyana. 4. hetta. I'm leaving
now, so is he. ana gadi daba,
hetta huma.

**I suppose so. ka-ndenn. —I told you so. qoltha-lek. —Is that so? hakda? or xlas? —So I see. hakdak qul-li. —So long. iwa be-s-slama. —So what? iwa u-š-kayen? or u-u-men be&d? —So much the better. iwa mesyan.

so as to - bas. I did some of the work so as to make things

easier for you. Emelt-lek $ilde{s}$ wiya men dak l-xedma ba $ilde{s}$ nsehhef Elik l- 9 umur.

so far - l-hedd s-sa£a, f-had s-sa£a. I haven't had any news so far. f-had s-sa£a ma-£endi xbar. --So far you've been pretty lucky. l-hedd s-sa£a rah hekmek z-zher.

so far as - Ela ma. So far as I know he is still in Egypt. Ela-ma ka-neEref ma-eal f-maser.

so much - bezzaf. Not so much pepper, please. la-te mel-li-š bezzaf d-l-ibzar llah ixellik.

so so - ka-nEeddi, ka-tEeddi, etc... How are you? So so. \$e-xbarek? ka-nEeddi.

so that - baš. I'm telling you so that you'll know. h-ana ka-ngul-lek baš tecref š-kayen.

ever so much - bezzaf Ead. Thanks ever so much. ka-nšekrek bezzaf Ead.

or so - ši...hakdak. I need ten dirhams or so. xeşşni ši-Eešra de-d-drahem hakdak.

to soak - fezzeg. We soak the laundry overnight. ka-nbiyytu t-tesbin mfezzeg.

soaked - fazeg, (lli) ka-iqter. We came home soaked. wselna le-d-dar ka-naetru.

to get soaked - fzeg. I got soaked to the skin. fzegt hetta l-l-daxel.

soap - şabuna pl. -t coll. şabun. I want a cake of soap. bgit şabuna. to soap - gsel be-ş-şabun. Dad

is soaping his face. boa rah kaijsel wežhu be-ş-sabun.

to sob - šheq. The child was sobbing violently. d-derri kan ka-išheq be-ž-žehd.

sober - 1. sahi. He is never quite sober. Eemmru ma-ka-ikun sahi.
2. mhedden. He's as sober as a judge. mhedden bhalu bhalu si-qadi.

to sober up - sha isha, sha isha. He sobered up quickly. degya sha.

so-called - (lli) ka-iqulu-lu, (lli) ka-isemmiweh.

soccer - kurat l-qadam, l-kura.
Soccer is a very popular sport in
Morocco. kurat l-qadam mešhura
bezzaf fe-l-megrib.

social - žtima£i.

socialism - le-štirakiya.

socialist - štiraki.

society - 1. mužtama£ pl. -at. He doesn't feel at ease in society.
ma-ka-ipess-ši b-rasu huwa hadak

fe-l-mužtama£. 2. žem£iya pl. -t.
He's a member of many learned
societies. huwa Eudw f-Eadad
de-l-žem£iyat mteqqfa. 3. mu°essasa
pl. -t. The society was founded
ten years ago. l-mu°essasa tel£et
hadi £ešr snin.

sock - teqšira qşira pl. tqašer qşar. I want three pairs of socks. bgit telt zwaž de-t-tqašer qşar.

to sock - Eta yeEti bunya.

**I'd give him a sock on the jaw.

r-ana nkehšu.

soda - 1. suda pl. -t. I put some
soda in my wash. r-ana Emelt
ši-šwiya de-s-suda fe-t-teşbin.
2. munada pl. -t. Bring me a bottle
of soda. žib-li wahed l-qer£a
de-l-munada.

baking soda - xmira pl. -t, xmayer. Use one teaspoon of baking soda. Emel meelqa sgira d-le-xmira. soft - 1. rteb. Is the ground soft? l-erd retba? --He's terribly soft with his employees. huwa rteb bla qyas mea l-xeddama dyalu. 2. mehni She sang in a soft voice. gennat b-wahed s-sut mehni. 3. qlil pl. qlal. A soft light would be better. si-duw qlil ikun hsen. 4. sahel pl. sahlin. He's got a soft job.

to get soft - 1. thell. The butter got too soft. s-smen thell bezzaf. 2. rtab. You're getting soft. rak bditi tertab. --The earth got soft after it rained. l-lerd rtabet men beed tahet \$-\$ta.

soft drink - mešrub pl. -at, muberrid pl. -at. Only soft drinks are served here. ma-kayen gir l-mešrubat hnaya.

to soften - retteb.

Eendu xedma sahla.

soil = ?erd pl. ?aradi. The soil here
is very fertile. l-?erd de-hnaya
xesba bezzaf.

to soil - wessex, tebbe . You soiled your suit. tebbe ! ti ksuwtek. -- Everything is soiled. koll-ši mwessex.

soldier - Eeskri pl. Eeskriya, Esaker, Esakriya coll. Eesker.

sole - 1. qa£ pl. qi£an. I have a blister on the sole of my foot. Eendi felha fe-l-qa£ d-režli.

2. mešta pl. mšati. The soles of the brown shoes are worn through. le-mšati de-ş-sebbat l-qehwi tqett£u.

3. wahid. He was the sole survivor. huwa l-wahid lli bqa £eyyeš.

**He came here for the sole pur-

pose of meeting you. ža lle-hna gir baš itEaref mEak.

to sole - rekkeb mšati ždad l-, terref. I want to have my shoes soled. xeşşni nrekkeb mšaţi ždad l-sebbati.

solid - 1. gaseh. The lake is frozen solid. d-daya gasha be-ž-žmudiya. 2. kamel. She talked to me for a solid hour. thellmet mEaya sa&a kamla. 3. qabet, shih pl. shah. This chair doesn't seem very solid had š-šelya ka-tban-li to me. ma-qabta-š bezzaf. 4. xaleş. statue is made of solid gold. t-temtal mşuwweb men d-dheb l-xales.

solution - hell pl. hlul. He wants to find a solution to the political problem. býa ižber hell l-l-muškila

s-sivasiva.

to solve - hell. I can't solve the problem. ma-qdert-š nhell l-muškila. some - 1. ši. There must be some way for us to find out. la-bodda kayna ši-wasila baš nEerfu š-kayen. --I've seen you some place before. sbeq-li šeftek f-ši-mude£. --You'll regret that some day. §i-nhar gad tendem. 2. šwiya, ši-šwiya. lent me some money. huwa sellefni šwiva d-le-flus. 3. be€d. Some people can't stand noise. be&d n-nas ma-ka-iḥemlu-š l-haraž. l-beEd men, l-beEd f-. Some of us are going by train and some by boat. fina lli mašyen fe-l-qitar u-fina lli mašyen fe-l-baxira. 5. ši ... hakdak. We stayed some two or three hours, baina ši-tlata de-s-sa£at hakdak.

**Boy, that's some jalopy! siyara hadi qolt-lek! -- I need some stockings. xeşsni tqašer twal. It's in some book or other on that shelf. raha fe-ktab men le-ktub lli Eel t-tebga.

somebody - i-wahed, i-hedd. Somebody asked for you. *i-wahed seqsa Elik.

somehow - 1. kif-emma kan l-hal. We'll do it somehow. kif-emma kan l-hal jad ndiruha. 2. ye $\in lem$ []ah kif-as. The letter got lost somehow. le-bra daEet yeElem !!ah kif-aš.

somehow or other - la-bodda. Somehow or other he always gets what he wants. dima l-haža lli bgaha la-bodda ka-ilqaha.

someone - ši-wahed, ši-hedd. there someone here who can play the lute? hna ši-wahed ka-yeEref idreb Eel 1-Eud? --You have to talk with someone else. xessek ttkellem mEa ši-wahed axor.

something - ši-haža. Is something the matter? ši-haža ma-ši hiya hadik? 2. šwiya, ši-haža. He knows something about medicine. ka-yeEref šwiya fe-t-tebb. 3. ši, š-ši. That's something to think about. hada ši ka-ixess l-wahed ixemmem fih.

something or other - ši-haža ma-Eref. Something or other reminded me of home. §i-haža ma-Ereft fekkretni f-darna.

sometime - 1. ši-wegt, ši-sa&a. She'll be here sometime today. raha gad tkun hna ši-wegt l-vum. 2. ši-wqiyyet, ši-swi&a. Come and

see me sometime. aži šufni ši-wqiyyet.

sometime or other - \$i-nubu. ši-merra. I'd like to read it sometime or other. nebgi negrah ši-nuba.

sometimes - beed l-merrat, beed l-xetrat. Sometimes it gets very hot here. be&d l-xetrat ka-isxon l-hal bezzaf hnaya.

somewhat - šwiya. I feel somewhat tired. ka-nhess b-rași šwiya Eeyyan.

somewhere - ši-mude£, ši-mahell. ši-rehba. I saw them somewhere but I don't remember where. §efthom f-ši-mudeE be-l-heqq ma-bqit-š Eagel fayn. --Let's meet somewhere else. ntlagaw f-ši-rehba xra.

son - weld pl. wlad. Does he have any sons? was Eendu ši-wlad?

song - ģonya pl. -t; ģonnaya pl. -t. for a song - Elayen batel. bought the chair for a song šrina š-šelya Elayen bațel. son-in-law - nsib pl. nsab.

soon - 1. degya. He soon went away. deģya mša f-halu. 2. bekri. too soon to tell what's the matter with him. l-hal bekri bezzaf daba baš ngulu š-Eendu.

as soon as -kif, gir. Let me know as soon as you get here. gir tușel lle-hna Elemni.

**I'd just as soon not go. ma-nemši-š. -The sooner you come, the better. koll-emma bekkerti hsen.

--He'd sooner die than give in. ifeddel imut wala itnazel. --He no sooner mentioned her name than she appeared. yallah kif žbed smiyytha u-hiya banet. -- Sooner or later we'll have to make up our minds.

daba aw sa£a xra la-bodda xeşşna ngerrru.

to soothe - retteb, hedden. This salve will soothe the pain. had d-dehna raha tretteb-lek le-hriq.

sore - 1. demmala pl. -t, dmamel.

The sore is pretty well healed up. d-demmala brat kamla. 2. mrid pl. mrad, maesseh. I have a sore toe. Eendi benna mrida. --Where's the sore spot? fayn r-rehba le-maessha? --He has a sore throathelqu mrid.

to get sore - t?ellem. You needn't get sore right away. ma-kayen l-aš tebda tt?ellem men daba.

to be sore at - tar-lu itir-lu m£a. Are you sore at me? waš tayer-lek m£aya?

sorrow - %alam, hzen. She can't get over her sorrow. ma-qeddet-š tensa %alamha.

sorry - 1. meskin, mbu?es. He's a sorry-looking specimen. ražel hadak mbu?es f-haltu. 2. m?essef, met?essef. I'm really sorry. haqıqatan rani met?essef. **I'm sorry for her. hiya

ka-teese Eliya. -I'm sorry to say that can't be done. be-l-?asaf gad nqul-lek bin dak š-ši ma-imken-šikun. -Sorry! Did I hurt you? smeh-li! qessehtek?

sort - xerž pl. xruž; škel pl. škula, škal; nu£ pl. nwa£. I can't get along with that sort of person. ma-ka-neqder-š nthamel m£a dak š-škel de-bnadem.

**He's a decent sort. hadak ražel mezyan. --She's not a bad sort. mra ma-qbiha-š hadik. --I sort of knew that it was going to happen. bhal ila Ereftha kanet gad tuqe£. --I feel badly out of sorts today. tamamen ma-ka-nhess-š b-rasi huwa hadak l-yum. --I said nothing of the sort. ma-qolt hetta haža men had š-ši. --What sort of person was he? kif kan dak s-siyyed?

--He promised me all sorts of things. ma-xella baš wa&edni.

to sort - frez. Have you sorted the stockings yet? freztiw t-tqašer t-twal wella ma-zal? soul - 1. nefs pl. nfus. There wasn't

a soul to be seen. nefs wehda
ma-kanet-š ttšaf. 2. ruh pl. rwah.
He's in it heart and soul. xeddam
fiha b-gelbu u-ruhu.

sound - 1. sut pl. swat. Light travels faster than sound. d-duw

ka-isreć kter men ş-şut. 2. şdat pl. -at. What was that sound? dyal aš dak ş-şdać lli kan?
3. zewya pl. -t. She didn't utter a sound. zewya wehda ma-xerržetha-š.
4. mećqul, mezyan. That's a sound bit of advice. naşıha mećqula hadik. 5. şhıh pl. şhah. The house is old but sound. d-dar qdima be-l-heqq şhiha. 6. qabet. That's a sound argument. hužža qabta hadik.

**He's sound asleep. xamed fe-n-n£as. --He has a sound constitution. la-bas £lih f-sehhtu. --He's back, safe and sound. rže£ ma-£endu hetta bas.

to sound - 1. dher, ban iban. That sounds very strange. had \$-\$i ka-iban ġrib. --The report sounds good. t-teqrir ka-idher mezyan.

2. Eber. The boatman sounded the depth of the river. le-flayki Eber l-ġorq de-l-wad.

soup - hrira pl. -t, hrayer; sorba pl. -t.

sour - hamed. The milk has turned sour. le-hlib ržeć hamed.

**Don't make such a sour face.

ma-txesser-s wežhek hakdak.

source - 1. žiha pl. -t, žwayeh;

meşder pl. msader. I have this news
from a good source. had le-xbar

**Sendi men meşder şhih. 2. °aşl pl. °şul. Have you found the source of the trouble? **Sberti l-°aşl de-l-haraš?

to have its source - nbef, nebbef. The Sebu River has its source near Taza. wad sbu kainebbef fe-žwayeh taza.

Sous - sus.

native of Sous - susi adj. pl.

-yen; n. pl. swasa, hel sus.

south = 1. žanub. I want to go south
for the winter. bgit nemši
l-l-žanub fe-l-berd. 2. qebli.
This is a south wind. had r-rih
gebli.

South America - ?amirika l-žanubiya. southern - žanubi. This plant is found only in southern regions. had n-neqla ma-kayna ģir fe-ž-žihat l-žanubiya.

souvenir - tedkar pl. tdaker; tefkira pl. tefkira pl. -t. I want to buy some souvenirs here. bģit nešri ši-tefkirat men hna.

sow - hellufa pl. -t.

to sow - zreE.

**As ye sow, so shall ye reap.

187 lli Emel ši isibu. space - 1. tisa£. The desk takes up too much space. le-mketba waxda bezzaf de-t-tisa ξ . 2. fda. must leave some space between the lines. xeşşek txelli šwiya d-le-fda ma bin ş-ştur. in the space of -f-moddet. did that work in the space of two weeks. dak l-xedma darha f-moddet žmeEtayn. **The posts are spaced a meter kayen bin r-rkiza u-r-rkiza apart. miter. spade - Eetla pl. -t, Etali. Grab a spade and start digging. xud Eetla u-bda tehfer. **Why don't you call a spade a spade? Elaš ma-ka-tEeyyeţ-š l-l-haža be-smiytha? Spain - sbanya.

Spaniard - sbanyuli adj. pl. yin, n. pl. sbanyul.

Spanish - sbanyuli.

spare - fareg. What do you do in your your spare time? š-ka-teEmel fe-l-weqt lli ka-ikun Eendek fareg?

spare part - terf sayed pl. traf zayda. Can you get spare parts for your radio? tegder thessel Ela traf zayda le-r-radyu dyalek?

spare room - mahell šayet. Is there any spare room in the car? šayet ši-mahell fe-s-sıyara?

spare (tire) - rwida zayda. We never travel without a spare tire. Eemmerna ma-ka-nşafru bla rwida zavda.

to spare - 1. henna. You can spare yourself the trouble. henni raşek men had tamara. 2. mneE, ma-Eta-š ma-yeEti-š. me the details. mneEni men t-tafasil. 3. xella. He spared no expense. ma-xella ma-dfeE.

**Can you spare a minute? Eendek $\Si-dqiqa\ de-l-magana?$ --He was the only one whose life was spared. huwa b-wehdu lli bqa Eeyyes. sorry, but I don't have a minute to spare. met?essef, walakin ma-Eendi-ši dagiga wehda. --Nobody was spared. ma-bga hedd.

sparingly - be-s-siyasa. Use it sparingly. steEmlu be-s-siyasa. spark - tšaša pl. -t coll. tšaš.

to sparkIe - dwa idwi, lmeE.

špark plug - buži pl. bwaža. I need a new spark plug for my car. xeşşni buži ždid l-siyarti.

sparrow - bertal pl. bratel. to speak - thellem, hder. He doesn't speak English very well. itkellem-š n-negliza mezyan bezzaf.

**May I speak to you? tesmeh-li ntkellem mEak?

to speak up - I. juwwet. up! We can't hear you. ġuwwet, ra-hna ma-ka-nsemEuk-š. idwi. Why didn't you speak up? Elaš ma-dwiti-š?

to speak up for - dareb Ela, dafeE Ela. Nobody spoke up for him. ma-dareb Elih hedd.

speaker - xtib pl. xutaba, muhadir pl. -in. He's an excellent speaker. hadak xtib Eažib.

speaking - hedra, klam. I prefer speaking to writing. ka-nfeddel l-hedra Eel le-ktaba.

**We're not on speaking terms. ma-ka-nthadru-š.

special - xass. I'm saving it for a special occasion. rani methelli fiha l-wahed l-munasaba xaşşa.

specialty - xtişaş. Children's diseases are his specialty. xtişaşu fe-l-?emrad de-d-drari.

spectator - metferrež pl. metferržin. speech - I. hedra, Isan. He lost his speech after the accident. mša-lu l-Isan men beEd l-hadita.

kalima pl. -t; xetba pl. -t,xutab. He gave a very good speech. lga wahed l-xetba mezyana.

**Weigh your speech! wzen klamek! or Eref rasek š-ka-tqul! speed - sorta pl. -t. The train was going at full speed. l-qitar kan maši b-sor£a kbira. --We are moving at good speed now. hna gadyen b-sorEa hiya hadik.

to put on speed - zreb. Let's put on a little speed. iwa nzerbu

**Can you speed things up a little? teqder tEežžel be-l-?umur ši-šwiya? speed limit - hedd s-sorEa. The speed limit here is thirty-five kilometers an hour. l-hedd de-s-sor€a hnaya huwa xemsa u-tlatin kilumiter. speIl - I. shur pl. -at. She's completely under his spell. waxedha tamamen be-shuru. 2. weqt pl. wqat; nezla pl. -t, nzali. Does she often get spells like that? ka-dduz Eliha wgat bhal had š-ši sa£a sa£a? 3. modda pl. -t. He worked for a short spell. huwa xdem wahed

cold spelI - nezla de-l-berd. hot spell - muža de-s-sehd. How long do you think this hot spell

l-modda qşira.

will last? shal ka-ddenn gad ttul had l-muža de-ş-şehd. to spell - kteb. How do you spell your name? kif ka-tekteb smiytek? to spend - 1. $dfe\mathcal{E}$. We spent a lot of money. dfeena bezzaf d-le-flus. duwwez. I'd like to spend my nebģi nduwwez vacation here. l-Eotla dyali hnaya. 3. diyyeE. I can't spend any more time on this. ma-negder-s ndiyyeE si-weqt axor f-had š-ši. sphere - 1. kura pl. -t, kwer, kwari. The shape of the earth is a sphere. fsalt l-erd bhal ši-kura. 2. da⁹ira pl. -t. Their sphere of influence is very large. d-da?ira de-t-te?tir dyalhom wasEa bezzaf. spice - Eetriya pl. -t. Do you use spices much in your cooking? ka-tEemlu bezzaf de-l-Eetriya fe-tyabkom? to spice - Emel 1-Eetriya. spider - rtila pl. -t, rtayel. to spill - hreq, deffeg, qleb. Who spilled the milk on the counter? . škun hreq le-hlib Eel l-başet? **There's no use crying over spilt milk. le-gnaza men beEd l-miyyet xşara. to spin - 1. luwwa. The thread is spun unevenly. l-xeyt mluwwi Ewež. 2. dar idur, dax idux. My head is spinning. rași ka-idux. to spin around - duwwer. She picked the child up and spun him around. hezzet le-wliyyed u-duwwrettu. spinach - beggula. spirit - 1. bal. I was with you in spirit. bali kan mEakom. 2. Eqel pl. Equl, Equla. The spirit is willing, but the flesh is weak. le-Eqel lli qwi, ma d-dat dEifa. evil spirit - ženn pl. žnun. Some people believe in evil spirits.

beEd n-nas ka-i?amnu be-ž-žnun.

ka-ntmenna tkun Ela xaţrek.

spiritual bond between them.

the lamb on the spit. šwina

spite - kerh. He did it just for

rabtahom ši-Ealaga ruhiya.

spit - 1. qtib pl. qetban.

l-xriyyef f-le-qtib. 2.

bezqa pl. -t coll. bzeq.

spite. Emelha gir kerh.

to spit - bzeq, dfel.

bhal lli tayer-lha. spiritual - ruhi, ruhani.

**I hope you're in good spirits.

seemed to be in low spirits. kanet

There's a

We roasted

dderrni? to splash - 1. tar itir ršayeš. water splashes in all directions. l-ma ka-ițir ršayeš f-koll žih. rešš, tiyyer ršayeš. The car splashed me. s-siyara reššetni. splendid - ha?il, Eažib. That was a splendid idea! fekra ha?ila kanet. splint - žbira pl. -t, žbayer. His arm had to be put in splints. yeEmel ž-žbira l-iddih. splinter - šengur pl. šnager. I've got a splinter under my nail. dxel-li ši-šengur teht d-dfer. split - tefriqa pl. -t. There was a split in the party. weqEet tefriqa fe-l-hizeb. to split - 1. šegg, felleh. lightning split the tree from top to bottom. le-breq šeqq š-šežra men l-fug hetta l-l-teht. 2. qsem, freq, tqasem. We split the profit three ways. tqasemna r-rbeh Ela tlatal. 3. tteqsem, ttefreq. The party has split into three groups. l-hizeb ttefreq Ela tlata de-l-fi?at. 4. tšegg, ttefteq. Your pants have split at theseam. serwalek ttefteq f-le-xyata. 5. fre ϵ . I nearly split my sides laughing. mšit nefre Enabi be-d-dehk. to spoil - 1. xesser. She's spoiled my whole fun. xessret-li n-našat dyali kollu. 2. fsed. The meat will spoil. l-lhem gad ifsed. 3. xmaž. The apples are beginning to spoil. t-teffahat bdaw ixmažu. 4. feššeš. You're spoiling her. nta ka-tfeššešha. spoke - qtib pl. qotban, qtayeb. I put two new spokes in the front wheel. rekkebt zuž de-l-getban ždad fe-r-rwida l-qeddamiya. sponge - žeffafa pl. -t, žfayef. spoon - mEelga pl. -t, mEaleg. sport(s) - riyada. Do you go in for sports? ka-tebģi r-riyada? **Be a sport. kun metluq m£a rașek or kun mesrar. spot - 1. $teb \in a$ pl. -t, $tbaye \in \mathcal{E}$. You have a spot on your tie. Eendek tebξa f-žiyyaftek. 2. rehba pl. -t, rhabi; mude& pl. mwade&; mahell pl. -at. I stood in the same spot for a solid hour. sa&a kollha w-ana

in spite of - regm, regma. went in spite of the rain. regma

to spite - qesseh, derr. Are

you doing that just to spite me?

waš ka-ddir dak š-ši ģir baš

š-šta mšit.

waqef f-nefs l-mahell. --You've touched a sore spot. rak qesti fel-mude∈ lli medrura or gesti ddemmala. 3. nahiya pl. -t. That's a sore spot with him. hadik n-nahiya f-aš huwa mqesseh.

**A cup of coffee would just hit the spot. gir kas de-l-qehwa huwa lli ka-ixess. --He stood there as if rooted to the spot. kan wagef temma tgul bhal š-šežra. -- I was right on the spot when it happened. ana kont temma mnayn wqeE dak š-ši. -- Now I'm on the spot. heelt daba. --You put me on the spot. hesseltini.

on the spot - fe-l-hin. They fired him on the spot. dhaweh fe-l-hin.

to spot - 1. frez. I spotted him in the crowd. frestu ma-bin n-nas. 2. telles. I could spot him anywhere. imken-li nțellEu fayn-emma kan.

to sprain - fekk. She sprained her ankle. ttfekket-lha l-ke€ba.

to spray - rešš. We have to spray the peach trees. xeşşna nreššu l-xuxat.

spread - 1. ntišar. They tried to check the spread of the disease. hawlu baš iraqbu ntišar l-merd. 2. mlaya pl. -t. They put new spreads on the beds. daru mlayat ždad Eel le-frašat.

to spread - 1. ntašer, sreh. The fire is spreading rapidly. l-Eafya degya serhet. 2. ferreq. The payments were spread over several years. ferrqu l-itari Ela modda men snin.

**Spread some honey on the bread for me. dhen-li l-xobz be-šwiya d-le-Esel.

to spread out - serreh, ferreš. Spread the map out. serreh l-xarita.

spring - 1. $rbi\xi$, we gt r- $rbi\xi$. arrived in spring. wselna f-weqt r-rbiε. 2. saqya pl. -t, swaqi; εeyn pl. εyun. There's a spring behind our house. kayna wahed s-sagya mur darna. 3. negša pl. -t, ngaši. The spring in my watch is broken. • n-neqša d-maganti therrset.

to spring - 1. qfez. She sprang from her seat. qefzet men rhebtha. 2. tleć, xrež, ža iži. All the rumors spring from one and the same source. l-?iša&at kollha ka-ttle& men ?sel wahed.

**He sprang the news on us at

dinner. rma-lna had le-xbar f-weqt le-ġda.

to sprinkle - 1. rešš. Have the streets been sprinkled yet? reššu z-znaqi wella ma-zal? 2. ģebber. Sprinkle the sugar on the cake. gebber s-sokkar €el l-helwa. sprinkler - mrešša pl. -t, mrašš.

spy - biyya Epl. -a, žasus pl. žawasis.

square - l. saha pl. -t. Our windows look out on a large square. s-sražem dyalna ka-išerfu Ela wahed s-saha kbira. 2. murebbaE pl. -at. That's not a square, that's a rectangle. hadak ma-ši murebbaE, hadak mustatil. 3. mrebbe E. I'd like a square box. bġit ši-senduq mṛebbe€. 4. doġri. He's a pretty square fellow. ražel dogri hadak bezzaf. 5. metgadd, kamel. I haven't eaten a square meal in days. modda ma-klit makla metgadda.

to square - seffa, sawa. will square our accounts. had š-ši gad işeffi hsabatna.

squash - qerta pl. -t coll. greE. to squash - 1. Eenfež. I squashed the cake. Eenfežt l-helwa. 2. beEEez, bEez, sheq. I squashed my finger in the door. sheqt şeb€i

mEa l-bab. to squeal - juwwet. The child squealed with joy. d-derri gummet

be-l-ferha.to squeeze - 1. Eezza. Don't squeeze my hand hard. ma-tEeggi-li-š Ela iddi bezzaf. 2. dhes. I can't squeeze another thing into the trunk. haža wehda ma-Eendi-š kif nzid ndhesha fe-3-3anta.

to squeeze (out) - Eeşşer. squeeze the oranges. ana daba nEesser l-letšin.

squirrel - senžab pl. snažeb. to stab - teez. Someone stabbed him

in the brawl. si-wahed teEzu fe-d-debza.

**He's just waiting for a chance to stab me in the back. ka-itsenna gir l-wežba ye£tini fe-d-dher.

stable - 1. rwa pl. rwi. Are the horses in the stable? waš l-xeyl fe-r-rwa? 2. mestgerr, gabet, metga£ed. They haven't had a stable government for years. hadi sinin ma-kesbu hukuma metgaEda.

stack - Eerma pl. -t, Erarem; getta pl. qtet. I looked through a whole stack of newspapers for the article. qellebt f-Eerma de-l-žara?id kamla

Eel 1-magal.

staff - 1. rkiza pl. rkayez; Emud pl. Emayed. The flag staff is broken. le-Emud de-r-raya therres.

2. muweddafin (pl.). He dismissed part of his staff. dha terf men l-muweddafin dyalu.

stage - hala pl. hwal; wedLiya pl. -t.
wdaE. That depends on the stage
it's in. Ela hasab l-hala f-aš-en
huwa dak š-ši.

to stage - suwweb, neddem. We staged a birthday party for him. neddemna-lu hefla l-Eid miladu.

to stagger - 1. txerwee, teerbet. I saw him stagger out of the saloon. Seftu xarež men l-qehwa ka-itxerwee. 2. dehšer. The blow staggered him. d-derba dehšrettu.

3. $dde \in de \in$. Prices are staggering. l-9atmina $ka-dde \in de \in$.

stain - tebea pl. -t, tbayee. I can't get this stain out of my dress. ma-bgat-ši dsul-li had t-tebea men ksuwti.

to stain - tebbe£, tla itli, wessex. You've stained your trousers. tebbe£ti serwalek. --The tablecloth is all stained. l-mendil kollu mtebbe£.

stairs - druž (pl.). Take the stairs to your right. xud d-druž lli Ela iminek.

stake - 1. wted pl. wtad. Did you drive the stakes into the ground? deggiti le-wtad f-l-erd? 2. xtar pl. -at. They doubled the stakes. tnaw le-xtar.

to stammer - gewgew.

stamp - 1. tenber pl. tnaber. Five one-dirham stamps, please. xemsa de-t-tnaber dyal derhem llah ixellik.
2. tabe£ pl. twabe£. Where is the 'Payment received' stamp? fayn t-tabe£ lli fih "m'eddi"?

to stamp - 1. tbec. I stamped all the documents. le-wraq kollhom tbecthom. 2. zdeh. She stamped her foot with anger. zedhet rželha be-z-zeef.

to stamp out - 1. tfa itfi
be-z-zaim. They stamped out the
fire. tfaw l-Eefya be-z-zaim.
2. hettem. They stamped out all
the opposition. hettmu l-muEarada
kollha.

stand - 1. tebla pl. -t, tbali. They have a stand in the market. Eamlin tebla fe-s-suq. 2. muqif pl. mwaqef. He's changed his stand on this matter several times. giyyer muqifu Eadad men merra f-had

l-qadiya.

to stand - 1. wqef. Don't let him stand outside. ma-txellih-š yuqef &la berra. 2. sber. I can't stand it any longer. ma-neqder-ši nesber kter men had š-ši. 3. hmel. I can't stand him. ma-ka-neqder-š nhemlu. 4. thamel mea. She can't stand the cold weather. hiya ma-ka-tthamel-š mea l-berd. 5. bqa ibqa. Tell him to stand right where he is. qul-lu ibqa tamam fe-l-mahell fayn huwa. 6. weqqef. Stand the ladder in this corner. weqqef s-sellum f-had r-rekna.

**What I said the other day still stands. dak š-ši lli qolt dak n-nhar ma-zal huwa hadak. --I want to know how I stand. nebģi ne£ref kif ana.

to stand aside - dženneb, wqef l-had ž-žih. Stand aside for a moment, please. b-le-fdel mennkom džennbu ši-šwiya.

to stand by - 1. wqef. He stood by, doing nothing. kan waqef bla ma-idir walu. 2. wqef m£a. You know that I'll stand by you in case of trouble. ka-tefrefni billa nuqef m£ak ila kanet ši-haža. 3. qbet. He is not standing by his decision. ma-ka-iqbet-š fe-klamu.

to stand for - 1. Peyyed. He stands for equality. huwa ka-iPeyyed l-musawat. 2. qbel, smeh b-. I won't stand for that! ma-nesmeh-šb-dak š-ši ikun.

to stand on - šedd f-, qbet f-. I stand on my rights. ana šadd fe-l-huquq dyali.

to stand out - 1. mtaz, brez. He stands out in mathematics. kaimtaz f-le-hsab. 2. ban iban. She stands out in a crowd. ka-tkun
bayna f-wost ž-žma£a.

to stand up - wqef, nad inud, qam iqum. Do you want me to stand up? tebgini nuqef?

to stand up for - dafe $\in \ell la$. If we don't stand up for him, nobody will. ila ma-dafe $\in \ell la$. hetta wahed ma-gadi idirha.

to stand up to - Eta yeEţi ž-žebha, twažeh mEa. Why don't you stand up to your boss once in a while? Elaš ma-teEţi-ši ž-žebha le-mEellmek saEa saEa?

standard - 1. mustawa pl. -yat. You can't judge him by ordinary standards. ma-imken-lek-š tehkem Elih Ela hsab l-mustawa l-Eadi. Their standard of living is lower than ours. l-mustawa de-l-maEiša dyalhom

qell men dyalna. 2. mebda pl. mabadi. Their standards are very high. l-mabadi dyalhom Ealya bezzaf. 3. Eadi. Is this a standard size? waš had le-qyas Eadi?

standing - retba pl. -t; menzla pl. -t, mnazel; sum a pl. -t. He has a high standing in his community. Eendu sum a mezyana fe-l-wasat dyalu.

**They are friends of long standing. huma shab men zman.

star - nežma pl. nžum.

**You can thank your lucky stars that it wasn't worse. hmed ||lah ||lima-sedget-lek-ši ši-haža kfes.

starch - nša. Mix some starch for the shirts. xellet šwiya de-n-nša l-le-qwamež.

to starch - nešša, dar idir n-nša. Did you starch the shirts? neššiti? le-qwamež?

to stare - 1. šaf išuf. He just stared into space. bqa gir ka-ıšuf fe-s-sma. 2. bellez. She just stood there and stared at me. bqat gir waqfa temma ka-tbellez fiya.

start - bdu, luwwel. I read the book from start to finish in one day. qrit le-ktab men bduh l-talih fe-nhar wahed.

**You gave me quite a start. walayenni kif xle\(\xi\)tini.

to start - 1. bda ibda. The game has just started. Ead kif bda l-leEb. --She started out at a good pace. bdat f-aman llah. 2. tleq, nummed. You can start the motor now. imken-lek ttleq l-mutur daba. --Who started this rumor? škun tleq had d-diEaya? 3. xeddem. Start up this machine. xeddem had l-?ala. 4. šEel. Let's start a fire. ažiw nšeElu ši-Eafya.

**I'll start the ball rolling.

ana ġad nEeyyet ya-fettah. --Starting today the bus will stop here.

men had n-nhar ġad ibda ihser

t-tubis hnaya.

to startle - xle. The noise startled me. xleeni ş-şda.

to be startled - ttexleE. I was startled by the shot. ttexleEt be-d-derba.

to starve - mat imut be-ž-žu£.

Thousands of people were starving.

l-?alaf de-n-nas kanu ka-imutu

be-ž-žu£.

to starve to death - mat imut be-z-zuE. They almost starved to death. Elayen kanu gad imutu be-z-zuE. starved - miyyet be-ž-žu£, sexfan be-ž-žu£. I'm completely starved. rani tamamen miyyet be-ž-žu£.

state - 1. wilaya pl. -t. What is the largest state in the U.S.A.? Sni hiya ?ekber wilaya f-?amirika?

2. hukuma pl. -t, dula pl. duwwal. The heads of the states will meet next week. ru?asa? d-duwwal ġad ištemeu ž-žemea ž-žayya. 3. hala pl. hwal. I'm in a very bad state. rani f-wahed l-hala qbiha bezzaf.

4. hukumi. It's a state institution. hadik mu?essasa hukumiya.

state of affairs - wedziya pl. -t, wda£. Anything is better than the present state of affairs. dak š-ši lli kan hsen men l-wed£iya d-had s-sa£a.

to state - 1. qal ıqul. You just stated that you were not there. Ead qolt: bin ma-kont:-š temma.

2. Eta yeEti, şerreh b-. I thought he stated the facts plainly. kan ishabni Eta l-haqa?iq mbiyyna.

static - šwaš pl. -at. There is so much static I can't get a single station. ma-qdert nšedd hetta nhetta be-ktert š-šwaš lli kayen.

station - 1. mhetta pl. -t. Get off at the next station. nzel f-le-mhetta l-mažya. 2. ?ida£a pl. -t. What station did you hear it on? fe-š-men ?ida£a sme£tiha?

to station - dar idir, weggef. The officer stationed a guard on the hill top. d-dabit dar Eessas f-ras l-kodya.

statue - timtal pl. tmatel.

stay - glas. Our stay in the mountains was very pleasant. glasna fe-z-zbel kan ha?il.

to stay - 1. bqa ibqa. How long will you stay? §hal gad tebqa? --Our children stay up until nine o'clock. d-drari dyalna ka-ibqaw fayqin hetta le-t-tesEud. --He must stay in bed. xessu ibqa fe-l-ferš. 2. gles, bqa ibqa. I stayed there three months. glest temma telt šhur. 3. nzel. Are you staying at the hotel? rak nazel fe-l-?util? --Are you staying with friends? rak nazel Eend ši-shabek?

steady - 1. shih, mziyyer. This needs a steady hand. had š-ši ka-ixessu šì-idd mziyyra.

2. qabet, m-ezzi. The ladder isn't steady. s-sellum ma-qabet-š.

3. mettabee. We kept up a good

steady pace. qbetna-lek sorfa

4. mwabed. He's making mettab∈a. steady progress. t-tageddum lli 5. ka-ye∈mel mwabed. mdawem.looking for steady work. ka-ndur Ela xedma mdawma.

steak - biftik.

to steal - sreq, šeffer. They stole all my money. serqu-li flusi kollhom.

to steal away - tsell, sell raşu. We stole away early because we had to go somewhere else. tsellina bekri Ela wedd konna gadyen l-mahell axor. steam - fwar pl. -at. Steam is coming up from the kettle. le-fwar tale& men l-bearež.

**Don't mind him, he's just letting off steam. ma-teddiha-š fih,

ra gir ž-žnun talčin fih.

to steam - 1. fuwwer. The kettle is steaming. l-beqrež ka-ifuwwer. 2. bexxer. Why don't you like to steam your vegetables? Elaš ma-ka-tebģi-š tbexxer xdertek? steamer - baxira pl. bawaxir. steel - hend. The bridge is built entirely of steel. l-qentra mebniya kollha men l-hend.

steep - 1. wagef. Be careful, the stairs are steep. redd balek, ra d-druž waqfin. 2. Eali. The price is too steep for me. t-taman Eali Eliva bezzaf.

to steep - $q \in d$, $tq \in ded$. the tea steep a little longer. xelli atay izid itqeEded šwiya. steeple - şem£a pl. -t, şme£, şma£i. The steeples of the church are visible from a long way off. ş-şma£ı d-le-knisiya ka-ittšafu men bEid.

steer - tur pl. tiran. How many steers did they take to the slaughter-house? šhal de-t-tiran ddaw l-l-gorna?

to steer -wežžeh, xeddem l-žiht, redd l-žiht. He steered the boat to shore on time. redd l-baxira l-žiht terf le-bher fe-l-wegt.

to steer clear of - be EE ed men. You'd better steer clear of that fellow! hsen-lek theEEed men dak xiyyi.

steering wheel - dman pl. -at.

stem - şag pl. şigan.

step - 1. derža pl. -t, druž. steps are carpeted. d-druž mferršin b-zerbiya. 2. xelfa pl. -t. He took one step forward. zad xelfa l-l-qeddam.

**We built up our business step

by step. bnina l-haraka dyalna šwiya be-šwiya. --He's always out of step with the times. huwa dima ma-metgadd-š m£a l-wegt.

to step - 1. wqef, $tle \in fuq$. haps if you step on a chair you might be able to reach the ceiling. waqila ila tleEti fuq ši-šelya rak tegder telheg s-sgef. 2. zdem. stepped into a puddle. zdemt f-gelta.

**Step lively! bter b-rasek! to step aside - zal izul men t-tria.

to step in -dxel. They just stepped in for a moment. yallah dexlu wahed š-šwiya.

to step into - 1. dxel l-. I saw him step into the store. šeftu daxel l-l-hanut. 2. ddaxel.President himself may step into this. r-ra? is b-rasu inken iddaxel f-had š-ši.

to step off - nzel, hbet. He just stepped off the train. Ead kif nzel men l-qitar.

to step up - $zad \ \imath zid \ f$ -, $\xi ella$. We'll have to step up the pace a bit. ka-ixeşşna nzidu fe-s-sor£a šwi yeš.

to step up to - zad izid l- ξ end. A strange man stepped up to me on the street and asked about you. wahed r-ražel berrani zad l-Eendi fe-z-zenga u-segsa Elik.

stepfather - ražel l-yemm. stepmother - mrat l-bu.

sterling - şafi, xaleş. That's sterling silver. hadik fedda xalşa. stern - dogri, gaseh.

stick - qtib pl. qotban. She hit me with a stick. derbetni be-qtib.

to stick - 1. tekk. Something is sticking me. ši-haža ka-ttekkni. 2. lseq. This stamp doesn't stick. had t-tenber ma-ka-ilseq-š. tEegsa, hsel. The door always sticks in damp weather. l-bab dima ka-ttEezza f-weqt š-šta. 4. rsa irsa, rsex. Nothing sticks in his mind. hetta haža ma-ka-tersex fe-dmaġu. 5. dha idhi, dexxel, Emel. Stick your hands in your pockets. dhi iddik fe-žyabek. --He sticks his nose into everything. ka-idexxel rasu f-koll-ši. --Don't stick your nose

 $ma-tkun-\check{s}$ ddexxel sugek $f-de-\hat{x}rin$. to stick it out - kaber, sber. Try and stick it out a little longer. hawel dzid tkaber šwiya.

into other people's business.

to stick out - xrež, ttenneš. Watch out! There's a nail sticking out there. & endak! ra wahed l-mesmar xarež temma.

to stick to - qbet. I still stick to my opinion. ana ma-zal qabet f-fkerti. --He never sticks to anything. Eemmru ma-ka-iqbet hetta f-haža.

to stick together - bqa ibqa mežmu£, ttahed. Let's stick together. xellina nebqaw mežmu£in.

to stick up - xrež, ttenneš. Watch out! There's a nail sticking up over there. Eendak! ra wahed l-mesmar mtenneš temma.

to get stuck - hsel. My car got stuck in the mud. siyarti heslet fe-l-gis. --Now I'm stuck. daba r-ana hasel.

sticky - 1. (lli) ka-ilseq. My
fingers are all sticky from honey.
seb&ani kollhom ka-ilesqu b-le-&sel.
2. mæmmet. It's awfully sticky
today. walayenni kif mæmmet l-hal
had n-nhar.

stiff - 1. waqef. He always wears stiff collars. dima ka-ilbes le-Enuq waqfin. 2. mteqqef. He has a stiff neck. Eenqu mteqqef. 3. qaşeh, waEer. 4. şEib pl. şEibin, şEab. Was it a stiff examination? kan mtihan şEib?

still - 1. mhedden, hade?, haden.
The children stayed still for a while. d-drari bqaw mheddnin ši-šwiya. 2. ma-zal, baqi. He still believes you. ma-zal ka-itiq bik. 3. waxxa hakdak, regma dak š-ši. Still, I think you did the right thing. waxxa hakdak ka-ndenn billa Emelti mziya.

to keep still - thedden, tressa.
stingy - mežhah, qemšiš, mqemšeš.
Have you ever seen such a stingy
millionaire? Eemmrek šefti
ši-mlayni qemšiš bhal hada?

stir - šwaš, ru€a. There was a stir in the crowd when he got up to speak. kan š-šwaš f-west n-nas mnayn wqef itkellem.

to stir - 1. herrek. If you had stirred up the soup it wouldn't have burned. u-kan herrekti le-hrira u-kan ma-ttherqet-s.

2. therrek. Look, he's stirring now. suf, haw ka-itherrek daba.

stirring - (lli) ka-ihiyyež. It was a stirring speech. kalima kanet ka-thiyyež.

stitch - 1. ģerza, ģorza pl. -t, ģraz.

Don't make such big stitches.

la-te&mel-\$i\$ l-gorzat kbar.

2. derba pl. -t. I haven't done a stitch of work today. ma-drebt-\$i\$ derba wehda fe-l-xedma had n-nhar.

to stitch - grez, xeyyet. Did you stitch the hem yet? grezti t-te£taf wella ma-zal?

to stitch on - rekkeb, xeyyet. Did you stitch on the pockets? rekkebti ž-žyab?

stock - I. xzin pl. xzayen. I'll look through my stock and see if I have it. daba ngelleb f-le-xzin dyali u-nšuf waš čendi. 2. sehm pl. sham. I advise you not to buy these stocks. ka-nneshek ma-tešri-š had le-sham.

in stock - f-le-xzin, mexzun. What do you have in stock? Snu Eendek f-le-xzin?

to be out of stock - tsala, tqada, tfedda. It's out of stock, but we have reordered it. tqada-lna be-l-heqq ra-hna Eawed tlebnah.

to take stock - Emel le-hsab, ražeć s-selća. Next week we're going to take stock. Ž-žemća.

to take (put) stock in - seddeq, tiyyeq, qbet. I don't put much stock in what he says.

ma-ka-neqbet-ši haža wehda men dak š-ši lli ka-iqul.

to stock'- xzen, žab, ižib. We

don't stock that brand.

ma-ka-nxeznu-š dak l-feyna.

to stock up on - dar idir Eewla, dar idir Ewil, Emel Eewla, Emel Ewil. Did you stock up on coal? derti le-Ewil de-l-faxer?

stockholder - shaymi pl. -ya, msahem pl. msahmin. I'm a stockholder in that company. ana msahem f-dak š-šarika.

stocking - teqšira twila pl. tqašer twal. I'd like three pairs of stockings. bģit ši-telt zwaž de-t-tqašer twal.

stomach - kerš pl. kruš. He has an upset stomach · keršu mruww€a.

**I'm sick to my stomach. qelbi
mṛuwwe£.

to stomach - hdem, qbel. I can't stomach that fellow dak xiyyi ma-ka-ibgi-š ittehdem-li.

stomach-ache - hriq l-kerš. I have a a stomach-ache. qabetni hriq l-kerš. stone - 1. hežra pl. -t, hžer. Who

stone - 1. hežra pl. -t, hžer. Who threw that stone? škun rma dak l-hežra? --That hall has a stone

floor. l-erd de-n-nbeh d-le-hžer. 2. šahed pl. šwahed. We had a beautiful stone put on his grave. Emel-na-lu wahed š-šahed mezyan Ela gburu. 3. Edem pl. Edam, Eduma. These plums have big stones. l-bergug Eedmu kbir.

**He killed two birds with one stone. Emelha hežža u-zyara. --He left no stone unturned. ma-xella ma-žerreb.

stool - korsi pl. krasa. Put the stool back into the room. redd l-korsi l-gelb l-bit.

stool pigeon - biyya£ pl. -a. Be careful, he's a stool pigeon. redd balek, ra hadak biyyaE.

stoop - teqwisa pl. -t, tqawes. The man with the stoop is the inspector. dak r-ražel lli be-t-tegwişa, huwa l-mufettiš.

to stoop - 1. hna yehni. She stooped to pick up the newspaper. hnat baš thezz l-žarida. 2. tivych b-rasu, hebbet b-rasu. I don't think she'd stoop to anything like that. ma-ka-ndenn-š ttiyyeh b-rașha l-ši-haža bhal hadi.

stop - 1. mhetta pl. -t. You have to get off at the next stop. xessek tenzel f-le-mhetta ž-žayya. 2. wegfa pl. -t coll. wquf. We

have a ten-minute stop in Rabat. Eendna qeşmayn d-le-wquf fe-r-rbat.

to bring to a stop - hbes, hser, weggef. Why did you bring the car to a stop? Elas weggefti s-siyara? to put a stop to - Emel hedd l-.

We must put a stop to this practice. la-bodda neemlu hedd l-had l-Eada.

to stop - 1. her, hoes. Shall I stop the car at the next crossing? waš nehser s-siyara f-mefreq t-torgan ž-žay? 2. mneE, hser. couldn't stop him from going there. ma-mken-li-š nmenEu men le-mši l-temma. 3. fedda men. Please stop that noise. | lah ixellik feddi men dak ş-şdaE. 4. bga ıbga, gles, nzel. We stopped at a farm for two days. glesna yumayn f-wahed le- ξzib . --We stopped in Fez for a while. nzelna f-fas ši-modda. 5. wqef. Where are we going to stop? fayn gadyen nweqfu? 6. teggef. I instructed the bank to stop the check. qolt le-mmalin l-benk itegafu š-šak. 7. sket, wqef. My watch has stopped. maganti sektet.

**He stops at nothing. ma-kaixaf hetta men haža or ka-izdem

f-koll-ši.

to stop over - daz iduz, hşer, nzel. Why don't you stop over at my place on the way? Elas ma-dduž-ši Eendi mnayn tkun šadd t-trig?

to stop short - 1. degya waef. The car ahead of me stopped short. s-siyara lli kanet qeddami değya weafet. 2. deżya qte€, delqem, qteE l-hedra f-. I stopped him short before he could say too much. deżya qteEtu qbel-ma izid fe-l-hedra.

to stop up - xneq. You're going to stop the drain. rak gad texneq l-gadus.

stopper - hessar pl. -a, hsaser. store - 1. hanut (m. or f.) pl. hwanet. I know a store where you can buy that. ka-neEref wahed l-hanut fayn imken-lek tešri dak š-ši. 2. xzin pl. xzayen. We have a store of food in the pantry. Eendna xzin de-l-muna f-bit l-Eewla.

in store - mxebbeE, ka-itsenna. Who knows what is in store for us? škun Earef aš mxebbeE-lna?

to store - xebbeE, xzen. Where shall I store the onions? fayn gad nexzen l-beşla?

to store up - žmeE. I stored up a lot of energy during my vacation. žmeEt bezzaf de-l-quuwa fe-l-Eoţla

storm - hemla pl. -t, hmali. There was a big storm yesterday. žat wahed l-hemla kbira l-bareh.

to storm - reffed. It is storming outside. d-denya ka-treEEed Ela berra.

stormy - mreffed. story - I. hkaya pl. -t; xrafa pl. -t xrayef; qessa pl. -t. I wish I could tell you the whole story. tmennit u-kan mken-li nEewwed-lek le-xrafa kollha. 2. tebga pl. -t, theq. The house has five stories. d-dar fiha xemsa de-t-tebgat.

stout - smin pl. sman. He's gotten very stout lately. ržeč smin bezzaf had l-ivvam.

stove - mežmar pl. mžamer, nafex pl. nwafex. Put the peas on the stove. Emel ž-želbana Eel l-mežmar.

straight - 1. meewwet. Draw a straight line. setter xett mEewwet. 2. dogri. He's always been straight with me. huwa kan dima dogri mEaya. 3. tamamen, be-d-dat. Our house is straight across from the

mosque. darna žat mqabla ž-žameć be-d-dat. 4. qased, dogri. Go straight to school. sir qased l-l-medrasa. 5. safi. He can't think straight, much less talk straight. tefkiru ma- \S{i} $saf{i}$, $\mathcal{E}assak$ klamu.

to go straight - tmešša m£ewwet, Eewwet rasu. He promised us to go straight. rah wa£edna baš itmešša m£ewwet.

to get straight - 1. fhem. I think you didn't get her straight. ka-ndenn ma-fhemtiha-š. 2. biyyen r-ras men r-režlin. Now let's get this straight once and for all. daba aži nbiyynu l-had š-ši rasu men režlih u-nthennaw. 3. Eref l-haqiqa. See if you can get that story straight. šuf kan teEref l-haqiqa d-dak l-qessa.

straight ahead - tul, gud. Just keep straight ahead. gir xellik gadi tul.

to work straight - xdem (xedma) mettabéa. I worked for fifteen hours straight yesterday. l-bareh xdemt xemstašer saéa mettabéa.

to straighten - Eeuwet, qaded.

Straighten this wire for me please.

Eeuwet-li had s-selk Eafak.

to straighten out, up - Eewwet, neddem. Did you tell them to straighten up their rooms? qolti-lhom ineddmu byuthom?

strain - 1. ta£ab, tamara, mašegga. It's a strain to read this small print. mašegga l-wahed igra had le-ktaba ş-şgira. 2. tešbad, žehd. I don't think the rope will stand the strain. ma-ka-ndenn-š ţ-twal ithemmel t-tešbad.

to strain - 1. seffa. Did you strain the coffee? seffiti l-qehwa?
2. teeb. I strained my eyes from reading. teebt Eeyniya b-le-qraya.
3. Eafer, teafer, tgaher. The dog was straining at the leash. l-kelb kan ka-iteafer mea rbatu.

**We must strain every effort to finish on time. xessna nEemlu žehdna kollu baš nsaliw fe-l-weqt.

to strain oneself - tEeddeb, tmerret, dreb tamara.

strained - mwetter. At the moment our relations are somewhat strained. f-had s-sa&a l-&alaqat dyalna &i-&wiya mwettrin.

strange - ģrib pl. ģribin, ģrab.
There is something strange about this house. Ši-haža ģriba kayna f-qadiyt had d-dar.

stranger - berrani pl. -yin. He always welcomes strangers to his house. dima ka-irehheb be-l-berrani l-daru.

strap - şemţa pl. -t, şmeţ. Put the strap around the suitcase. Emel ş-şemţa Eel š-šanţa.

straw - 1. tebna pl. -t coll. tben.

That's made of straw. dak š-ši
mṣuwweb men t-tben. 2. žecba pl.
-t, žeeb; žeiba pl. -t. May I have
a straw to drink my Coca-Cola with?
Eafak eţini ši-žeiba baš nešrob
kuka kula dyali.

**That's the last straw. daba Ead kmel lli bga.

strawberry - tuta l-erd pl. -t l-erd coll. tut l-erd.

stray - talef, metluf. He keeps
bringing stray kittens home. ġir
ka-ižib f-le-qţiţat t-talfin
le-d-dar.

stream - wad pl. widan, serraf pl. sraref. Where can we cross the stream? fayn imken-lna nget&u l-wad? --Did you see the stream of cars? §efti &la serraf de-s-siyarat?

to stream - huwwed, sal isil.

The sweat was just streaming on his forehead. le-Ereq kan gir huwwad Ela žbehtu.

street - senga pl. -t, snaqi; triq pl.
terqan, torqan. I met him on the
street where I used to live. tlaqitu
fe-z-zenga fayn kont ka-neskon.
--This is a dead-end street. had
z-senga ma-ka-txerrež-š.

strength - 1. qowwa pl. -t; žehd, qadar. I haven't the strength to do it. ma-fendi-š l-qowwa baš ndirha. 2. meqdura pl. -t. He doesn't know his own strength. huwa b-raşu ma-ka-yefref-š meqdurtu.

to **strengthen – quwwa, žehhed. strenuous – met**€ub. That's a strenuous

job. xedma met Euba hadik.

stretch - şemţa pl. -t, şmeţ; şmiţa
pl. -t; žebda pl. -t. We had to
run the last stretch. ş-şmiţa lli
bqat-lna drebnaha be-ž-žri.

at a stretch - težbida wehda, bla wquf. He works about ten hours at a stretch. ka-ixdem ši-ćešra de-s-swayeć bla wquf.

to stretch - 1. žebbed. The rope is stretched too tight. t-twal mžebbed bezzaf. 2. džebbed, wsa£. These gloves will stretch. had s-sebba£at ġad yewsa£u. --I just want to stretch a little bit. ġir bġit ndžebbed ši-šwiya. 3. dar idir

fe-l-qaleb, wesse. Can you stretch my shoes for me? imken-lek ddir-li had s-sebbat fe-l-qaleb?

to stretch out - sreh. The wheat fields stretch out for kilometers. l-?aradi de-l-gemh sarha kilumiter Ela kilumiter.

stretcher - n&aš pl. -at. They carried him out on a stretcher. ddaweh mehzuz &el n-n&aš.

strict - (lli) ma-ka-yeεref mæah.
His father is very striet. bbah
ma-ka-yeεref mæah be-l-koll.

strike - ?idrab pl. -at. How long did the strike last? šhal tal l-?idrab? --We're going on strike tomorrow. ģedda ģad ndiru l-?idrab.

to strike - 1. dreb, Emel l-?idrab. Why are the workers striking? Elaš l-xeddama Eamlin l-?idrab?

2. dreb. The clock has just struck

2. dreb. The clock has just struck ten. l-magana Ead derbet l-Eešra.
--Who struck you? škun derbek?

3. š\(\xi\)el. Strike a match. \(\xi\)el. \(\xi\)i-wqida. 4. qas iqis. The ship struck a rock. \(\lambda\)-baxira qaset wahed \(\xi\)-sexra. 5. \(tkellem\). Did the lightning strike anywhere? \(\xi\)-sahqa \(tkellmet\) \(f-\xi\)i-rehba?

**He must have struck oil, the way he's throwing money away.
ma-huwa gir tah f-ši-kenz Eel
l-kifiya lli ka-irmi biha le-flus.

to strike off - šetteb Ela, dreb Ela. Just strike his name off the list. gir šetteb Ela smiytu men l-la?iha.

to strike out - hdef, mha imhi. Did you strike the second paragraph out? mhiti l-feqra t-tanya?

to strike up - bda ibda. The two of them struck up a friendship very quickly. haduk z-zuž degya degya bdaw s-sehba binathom.

to strike a hlow - žmeć b-derba mća. He struck him a blow with his cane žmeć mćah b-derba be-čsatu.

**That was the first thing that struck my eye. hadik ?ewwel haža Elaš rmit Eeyni.

striking - 1. bares, (lli) ka-ixtef.

She likes to wear striking colors.
ka-i&&ebha telbes l-lwan lli kaixetfu. .2. &dim pl. &dam. There's
a striking resemblance between them.
mošbiha &dima kayna binathom.

string - 1. qennba pl. -t, qnaneb coll. qenneb. Tie your books with this string. Eqed ktubek b-had l-qennba. 2. wetra pl. -t; wtar pl. -at. I have to buy a new string for my violin. xessni nešri wetra ždida l-l-kamanža dyali. 3. xit. She's wearing a beautiful string of pearls. Eliha xit ž-žuher įzal.

**He's still attached to her apron strings. ma-zal laseq-lha

fe-žlayelha.

to string - 1. zelleg. Where can I have my beads strung? fayn imken-li nzelleg Eqiqi? 2. Eelleq. How are you going to string this wire? kif jad tEelleq had s-selk? string beans - lubya xodra.

strip - sir pl. syur. Cut the paper into strips. qette l-kagit syur syur.

stripe - šerta pl. -t, šrati. His tie has red and white stripes. živyaftu fiha š-šrati humer u-buyed.

stroke - 1. derba pl. -t. I haven't done a stroke of work on my book for three weeks. hadi tlata de-z-zemeat ma-emelt hetta derba f-le-ktab dyali. 2. noqta pl. nqati. Her father had another stroke yesterday. bbaha Eawed hebtet-lu n-noqta l-bareh. 4. deqqa pl. -t. At one stroke everything was changed. f-deqqa wehda koll-š tbeddel.

**It was a real stroke of luck to find that car. wellah men Eada hekma de-z-zher lli tşabet dak s-siyara.

at the stroke of - fe-d-deqqa d-, fe-d-derba d-, fe-t-teklima d-. She arrived at the stroke of four. weşlet fe-d-deqqa de-r-reb&a.

to stroke - melles. Our cat loves to be stroked. l-qetta dyalna ka-tebgi bezzaf lli imelles Eliha.

stroll - msarya (Eel r-ržel) pl. -t. First I'd like to take a stroll through town. baģi ndir waḥed le-msarya Ela režliya f-le-mdina hiya l-luwla.

to stroll - tmešša. Let's stroll through the old city. yallah ntmeššaw f-le-mdina.

strong - shih pl. shah.

struggle - mqatla pl. -t, mgarha pl. -t, $m \in afra$ pl. -t.

to struggle - Eafer, qatel, tEafer, tqatel. I've been struggling with this problem for some time. hadi modda w-ana ka-nEafer mEa had l-muškila.

stubborn - raşu qaşeh. He's terribly stubborn. walayenni raşu qaşeh. student - talib pl. talaba, tolba,

tollab. How many students are there at the medical school? **Shal de-t-talaba kaynin f-kulliyat t-tibb?

study - 1. dirasa pl. -t, durus. Has he finished his studies? fedda d-dirasa dyalu? 2. beht pl. buhut; dirasa pl. -t. He has published several studies in that field. nšer Eadad de-d-dirasat f-dak l-midan.

to study - 1. dres. We studied the map before we started. dresna l-xarita qbel-ma nebdaw. 2. teellem, dres, qra. He's studying Chinese. ka-iteellem s-siniya.

stuff - 1. madda. What are you going to make out of this stuff?
š-ġa-tṣuwweb men had l-madda?
2. ši. Throw that stuff away. rmi dak š-ši Elik xlas!

**Now we'll see what stuff he's made of. daba Ead gad nšufu hennt iddih.

to stuff - 1. Emmer. We had stuffed turkey for dinner. tigeddina b-bibi mEmmer. 2. Emel. Stuff cotton in your ears. Emel le-qten f-wednik.

to stuff oneself - dhes raşu, dekken raşu. Don't stuff yourself with food. ma-ddhes-š raşek be-l-makla.

to stuff up - xneq. My nose is stuffed up. menxari mexnuq. to stumble - Eter. I stumbled over a step. Etert f-wahed d-derža.

stupid - balid. He isn't that stupid.
ma-huwa-ši balid hetta l-temma.

sty - nežma pl. -at. I'm getting a sty on my left eye. nežma talća-li fe-l-ćeyn de-š-šmål.

style - 1. ?uslub pl. ?asalib. He
has a very poor style. Eendu ?uslub
qbih bezzaf. 2. şenEa pl. -t,
şnayeE. It's the latest style.
hadi ?axir şenEa or hadi ş-şenEa
ž-ždida.

to be in style - nadet-lu s-sula. Combs are in style again. le-mšati Eawed nadet-lhom s-sula.

subject - 1. mudu€ pl. mawadi€. I'm not familiar with that subject. ma-ka-ne€ref-šay f-dak l-mudu€.
2. muwatin pl. -in. He's a British subject. hadak muwatin britani.

**This schedule is subject to change. had l-bernamež imken yehdet fih ši-tegyir.

to submit - sellem, dfeE, qeddem.
I'll submit my report on Monday.
ġad nsellem t-teqrir dyali nhar
t-tnayn.

to submit to - Eta yeEti raşu l-. His mother had to submit to an operation. mmu ma-fadha gir teEti raşha l-l-Eamaliya.

to subscribe - štarek. I subscribed to both newspapers this time, štarekt fe-l-žaridat b-zuž had n-nuba.

substantial - muhimm. He lost a substantial sum of money. $m \leq a - lu$ qder muhimm d-le-flus.

substitute - lli ka-ixlef, lli ka-i&ewwed, lli ka-inub &la. If you can't come tomorrow, send a substitute. ila ma-mken-lek-š dži gedda sifet lli inub &lik. to substitute - &mel fe-&wad.

I'll substitute red for green. daba ne£mel le-hmer fe-£wad le-xder.

to substitute for - xlef, Eewwed, nab inub Ela. Can you substitute for me today? imken-lek tEewwedni l-yum?

to succeed - 1. xlef, ža iži men beEd. Who succeeded him in office? škun ža men beEdu l-l-mensib?
2. nžeh, tweffeq. I think he will succeed in his profession. ka-ndenn gad itweffeq fe-l-mihna dyalu.

**He succeeds in everything he undertakes. lli Emelha ka-tesser-lu.

success - nažah. Congratulations on your success! ka-nhennik be-n-nažah dyalek.

**The play wasn't much of a success. r-riwaya ma-kan-lha-ši ši-nažah kbir.

successful - nažeh, mweffeq. successor - xlifa pl. xlayef.

such - bhal (plus pronoun). I've never seen such a man. Eemmerni ma-šeft ražel bhal hada. --A car such as yours is very expensive. siyara bhal dyalek galya bezzaf.

**Why are you in such a hurry?
Elaš Elik had z-zerba? --It's
been such a long time that I can't
remember any more. modda twila
hadi dazet hetta ma-bqit Eaqel
Ela walu. --She would never say
such a thing. Eemmerha ma-tqul had
š-ši. --I heard some such thing.
ana sme£t ši-haža f-had š-škel.

sudden: **There's been a sudden change in the weather. degya l-žuw tteqleb. --All of a sudden I remembered that I had to mail a letter. ma-ftent b-rasi hetta tfekkert & endi bra gad nsifetha.

suddenly - degya, f-remša de-l-Eeyn.

l-yum.

sum - qder pl. qdar, qdura. I still

sue it up for you. xellini Suddenly everything disappeared. f-remša de-l- \mathcal{E} eyn koll-ši gab. nlexxesha-lek. **To sum up, he's no good at all. to sue - 1. déa idéi, theé fe-løavtu ma-€endu-ši l-aš islah. mehkama. We sued him for damages. summer - sif, weqt s-sif. d \mathcal{E} inah \mathcal{E} el t-te \mathcal{E} widat. 2. dafe \mathcal{E} \mathcal{E} la. taleb b-. They have always sued for sun - šems, šemš (f.), pl. šmus, šmuš. peace. dima kanu italbu b-l-aman. to sun oneself - tšemmes. to suffer - t\(\xi\)eddeb, tmehhen. He'll Sunday - l-hedd, nhar l-hedd. she suffer much? tEeddbet \$i? be back on Sunday. gad iržet nhar **They suffered heavy losses. l-hedd.nezlet Elihom xaşarat kbira. sundown - grub š-šems, le-grub, sufficient - kafi. mogreb. to suffocate - 1. žaf ižif. I nearly sunny - mšemmes. The front rooms are le-byut l-qeddamiyen suffocated. Elayen kont gad nžif. sunnv. 2. žiyyef. He nearly suffocated mšemmsin. sunrise - šrug š-šems. the baby. Elayen kan gad ižiyyef sunset - grub š-šems, le-grub, mogreb. t-terbya. superior - 1. Ela men. Is he your sugar - sokkar. superior? was huwa Ela mennek? to suggest - 1. qtareh. I suggest 2. raqi. This is of superior that we go to the movies. quality. had š-ši Eeyna raqya. ka-negtareh nemšiw le-s-sinima. superstition - aman b-le-xrayef; 2. Ena yeEni. Are you suggesting that I'm wrong? was rak ka-teEni tira pl. -t. bin ma-mEaya-* l-heqq? 3. fekker superstitious - (lli) ka-itiq f-. What does this suggest to you? b-le-xrayef. Don't be so superstif-aš ka-ifekkrek had š-ši? la-tkun-šī ka-ttig tious. b-le-xrayef hakdak. to commit suicide - qtel raşu. suit - 1. keswa pl. ksawi; lebsa pl. supervision - muragaba pl. -t. They -t, lbasi. He needs a new suit. are under constant supervision. xessu keswa ždida. 2. de ξ wa pl. -t. huma Elihom muragaba mdawma. supper - ξ ša pl. -wat. I've been dEawi. If we do not hear from you by Monday, we shall bring suit. ila invited for supper. and meErud men daba le-t-tnayn ma-Etitina xbar l−le-Eša. supplement - zyada pl. -t. ra-hna ngeyydu deEwa. to follow suit - Emel bhal, dar supply - xzin pl xzayen. We still If you take one I'll follow have a big supply of vegetables. bhal. suit. ila xdıtı wehda neEmel ma-zal Eendna xzin kbir de-l-xodra. bhalek. to supply - 1. rna irni. store supplies all the big to suit - 1. Emel xater. restaurants, hanuthom ka-terni hard to suit everybody. $s \in ib$ Eel l-mata€im le-kbira kollha. l-wahed ye∈mel xater koll-ši. 2. walem, naseb. It's suited to 2. Eta yeEti, ferreq Ela. always supplies us with cigarettes. the age of the children. dak š-ši dıma ka-iferreq Elina d-doxxan. ka-iwalem senn d-drari. 3. ža iži 3. quwwem b-. We have enough shoes mEa. Red doesn't suit you. le-hmer ma-ka-iži-š mEak. to supply the demand. igedduna ş-şbabet baš nguwwmu be-t-talab. **Suit yourself. Emel lli ža Ela xatrek. -- Is she suited for support - $teg \in ida$ pl. -t. You can this kind of work? was hiya dyal count on support from me. imken-lek had n-nu de-l-xedma? ttkel Ela tegEida men Eendi. suitable - mnaseb, mwalem. We can't **You must offer some evidence in find a suitable house. ma-sebna-ši support of your statement. xessek tedli b-ši hužža te?yid le-klamek. ši-dar mwalma. to support - 1. ?eyyed, deffem. sullen - mkedder. sultry - mezmut. It's awfully sultry He's being supported by all parties. l-gehzab kollha mgeyydah. today. walayenni l-hal kif mezmut

ixdem Ela waldih. owe him a small sum. ma-zal kaisal-ni wahed le-qder sgir. to support oneself - xdem Ela raşu. I've supported myself ever to sum up - lexxes. Let me sum

2. Eewwen, $xdem \in la$. He has to

support his parents. melzum baš

since I was fifteen. melli kanet Eendi xemstašel Eam w-ana ka-nexdem Ela rasi.

to suppose - 1. fred. Let's suppose you're right. nferdu m£ak l-heqq.
2. denn. I suppose so. ka-ndenn (ila hakdak).

**Suppose you wait till tomorrow.

še-dher-lek ttsenna hetta l-ģedda?

to be supposed to - 1. lazem Elih.

I'm supposed to go tonight, but I'm
too tired. lazem Eliya nemši l-yum
fe-l-lil, be-l-heqq Eeyyan bezzaf.

2. qalu Elih, ka-iqulu Elih. She
is supposed to be very intelligent.
ka-iqulu Eliha dkiya bezzaf.

sure - 1. myeqqen, metyeqqen. That's a sure thing. haža myeqqna hadi.

--Are you sure of that? waš nta myeqqen b-dak š-ši? 2. meElum.

Sure, I'll come. meElum nži.

3. be-l-mufid. I'd sure like to see him again. nebģi nEawed nšufu be-l-mufid.

**You thought it would rain, and sure enough it did. qolti inken ttih š-šta u-be-l-fiEl tahet.

for sure - 1. bla mzah. You must be there at five o'clock for sure. xessek tkun temma fe-l-xemsa bla mzah. 2. be-t-teshih. I know that for sure. ka-ne&ref dak š-ši be-t-teshih.

to make sure - 1. tyeqqen, theqqeq. I just wanted to be sure that she was there. gir bgit ntyeqqen bin kanet temma. 2. hawel išuf. Make sure that it doesn't happen again. hawel tšuf ma-t&awed-š tuqe& had l-qadiya.

surely - 1. meɛlum. Will you be there? -Surely. ġad tkun nta temma? -meɛlum. 2. ma ... ġir.
1 surely thought you would do it. ma-dennitek ġir teɛmelha.

surface - wžeh pl. wžuh. surgeon - žirahi pl. -yin.

surplus - zyada pl. -t. surprise - $mfa\check{z}^{2}a$ pl. -t, $fu\check{z}^{2}a$ pl.

-t. She gave us a big surprise.

Emelt-lna mfaž°a kbira.

by surprise - Ela begta, Ela gefla. The rain caught me by surprise. qebtetni š-šta Ela begta. --You took me completely by surprise. Eitini Ela gefla tamamen.

to surprise - 1. faže?. I wanted to surprise you. kont baġi nfaž?ek. 2. bhed. Nothing surprises me any more. hetta haža ma-bqat tebhedni.

to be surprised - ttebhed, bqa

ibga mebhud. I was very much surprised when I heard that he came. bgit mebhud bezzaf mnin smeetu ža.

to be surprised - tse&žeb, tseģreb. I am not surprised at anything you do. ma-ka-ntseģreb hetta f-haža &meltiha.

to surrender - steslem, sellem rasu, nezzel s-snah. The enemy surrendered immediately. le-Edu degya nezzel s-snah.

to surround - 1. dar b-. A high wall surrounds the old city. heyt kbir dayer b-le-mdina le-qdima.

2. tummeq. They were surrounded by soldiers. kanu mtummginhom l-Eesker.

to suspect - Eendu &-šekk f-, šekk f-.
Do you suspect him? ka-tšekk fih?
to suspend - 1. hser, teggef. The
bank has suspended all payments.
l-benk hser le-xlasat kollhom.

2. weggef. He was suspended for a week. weggfuh l-moddet žem£a.

suspense - tešniqa pl. -t. He was waiting in great suspense. kan itsenna b-wahed t-tešniqa kbira.

suspicion - šekk pl. škuk. What aroused your suspicion? šnu dexxel-lek had š-šekk?

suspicious - 1. lli fih š-šekk, lli ka-idexxel š-šekk. That looks suspicious to me. dak š-ši ka-idexxel-li š-šekk. 2. meškak. He immediately gets suspicious. deģya ka-irže£ meškak.

swallow - xettifa pl. -t. coll. xettif.
There were many swallows here last summer. kanu bezzaf de-l-xettifat hnaya fe-ş-şif d-Eam luwwel.

to swallow - 1. blee, stet. I can't swallow because I have a sore throat. ma-ka-neqder-s neblee ela wedd helgi mrid. 2. kemmed. She couldn't swallow the insult. ma-qeddet-s themmed l-xetya. 3. tag itiq b-. He swallows everything he hears. l-haža lli smeeha ka-itiq biha.

swamp - gelta pl. -t, glati. How far
does the swamp go? hedd-as masya
l-gelta?

to swamp - fad ifid. I was swamped with work last week. fadet \mathcal{E} liya l-xedma \check{z} - \check{z} em \mathcal{E} a l-fayta.

swarm - gežž pl. gžež. They followed him like a swarm of bees. mšaw tab Eineh bhal ši-gežž de-n-nhel.

to swarm - ġla iġli. The swamp swarms with mosquitoes. l-gelta ka-teġli be-n-namus. to swear - l. hlef, qsem be-llah. That soldier is always swearing.

dak l-Eeskri dima ka-isebb.

3. Shed. Can you swear to that?

imken-lek teshed b-dak s-si?

to swear in - hellef. Has the

witness been sworn in yet? hellfu

s-sahed wella ma-zal?

sweat - Ereq pl. Erugat. Wipe the

sweat from your forehead. mseh

She swears she's telling the truth.

ka-tehlef bin ka-tqul l-heqq. 2. sebb, qal iqul klam s-sebb.

le-Ereq men žbehtek.

to sweat - Ereq.

to sweep - 1. šetteb. Did you sweep
the bedroom? šettebti bit n-nEas?
2. džeržer. Her dress sweeps the

2. džeržer. Her dress sweeps the ground. ksuwtha ka-ddžeržer f-l-erd.
sweet - 1. hlu f. -wa pl. -win.
These apples are very sweet. had

These apples are very sweet. had t-teffahat hluwin bezzaf. 2. hlilu, ltiyef. She is a very sweet girl. hiya bnita hlilwa bezzaf. sweets - fanid (sg.), hlawi (pl.).

I don't care much for sweets.

ma-Eendi-say bezzaf mEa le-hlawi.

to swell - ttenfex. My ankle is all

swollen. kEebti kollha ttnefxet.

was raşu kbir? or was huwa menfux? swelling - nefx. Has the swelling gone down? ršeć n-nefx? swim - Eewma pl. -t. How about a swim now? še-dher-lek f-ši-Eewma

**Does he have a swelled head?

to take a swim - dreb ši-Eewma. He takes a swim every morning. ka-idreb Eewma koll sbah.

to swim - 1. Eam iEum. Do you know how to swim? ka-teEref tEum?

2. qteE be-l-Eewm. Are we going to swim the lake? was gad nqetEu d-daya be-l-Eewm?

swing - matiša pl. -t. We have a swing in our garden. Eendna

matiša fe-l-Eersa dyalna.
in full swing - fe-l-qemma. The
party was in full swing. l-hefla
kanet fe-l-qemma dyalha.

to swing - 1. taš itiš. You'll fall off if you swing so high. ila tešti hetta l-l-fuq rak ttih.

2. tivveš. She swings her arms when

2. tiyyeš. She swings her arms when she walks. ka-ttiyyeš iddiha mnin ka-tkun mašya.

to swing around - duwwer. Swing the car around. duwwer s-siyara. switch - teffaya pl. -t. The switch is next to the door. t-teffaya raha hda l-bab.

to switch - 1. duwwez, hewwel.

The train was switched to another track. l-qitar thewwel l-sekka xra.

2. beddel. Let's switch places. aži nbeddlu le-mwadec. 3. tbadel.

I don't know how we switched umbrellas. ma-Ereft-ši kif tbadelna

le-mdula.

to switch off - tfq itfi. Did you switch the light off? tfiti d-duw?

to switch on - 1. \$\xi ell\$. Switch on the light. \$\xi ell\$ d-duw.

2. duumer. Switch on the ignition. duumer l-mutur.

sword - sif pl. syuf, syufa.

symbol - remz pl. rmuz.
to sympathize - henn. I can sympathize with you. ka-imken-li nhenn mennek.

sympathy - mhenna pl. -t. He has no sympathy for her. ma-Eendu mhenna Eliha.

**You have my sincere sympathy. l-baraka f-rasek.

Syria - surya.

Syrian - suri adj. pl. -yin, n. pl. hel surya.

system = 1. tariqa pl. -t, turuq.

I have a better system. Eendi
tariqa hsen men hadik. 2. ma£ida
pl. -t. My system can't take that.
ma£idti ma-tthemmel-ši dak š-ši.

T

table - 1. tabla, tebla pl. twabel.

Put the table in the middle of the room. hett t-tabla f-west l-bit.

2. mida pl. -t, myadi. There isn't much food on the table. ma-kayen-s makla bessaf fuq l-mida. 3. luha pl. -t, lwah, lwahi. The figures are given in the table on page 20. imken-lek tsib r-ram fe-l-luha

f-sefha reqm Eešrin.
tablecloth - zif de-t-tabla pl. zyaf,
zyuf de-t-tabla.
tack - msimer pl. msimrat, mesmar
mgerres pl. msamer mgerrsin.
Tafilalet - tafilalet.
native of Tafilalet - filali adj.
pl. -yin, n. pl. filala.

tail - šuwwal pl. šwawel. My dog has

a short tail. l-kelb dyali Eendu šuwwal qsir.

**Can you make head or tail of what he's saying? was imken-lek tefhem had š-ši lli ka-iqul?
--Head(s) or tail(s)? sfer wella khel?

tail light - dum ļurani pl. dwaw luraniyin.

tailor - xeyyat. pl. -a.

take - medxul. The take at the game ran to fifty thousand dollars. tah l-medxul de-l-leEba b-xemsin ?alf dular.

to take - 1. xda yaxod. Who took my ties? škun lli xda-li grabatati? ---Why don't you take the plane? Elaš ma-taxod-š t-tiyara? -- Take these pills three times daily after meals. xud had l-hebbat tlata de-l-merrat fe-n-nhar men beEd l-makla. -What else do you want to take with you? šnu axor bģiti taxod meak? 2. qbet, qbed. She took her child by the hand. gebtet weldha f-yeddu. 3. Eebba, dda iddi. He wants to take me to dinner. i∈ebbini nt∈ešša. 4. qbel. Take my advice. qbel n-nasah dyali. 5. wessel, dda iddi. Who's taking her to the station? škun gadi iwesselha l-lagar? 6. xess. long will it take you? shal de-l-wegt ixessek? 7. Emel. necessary measures were taken. Eemlu l-ihtiyadat lli lazmin.

**That doesn't take much brains. had š-ši ma ka-iherres šay r-ras. --Let's take a quick dip. yallah ngetsu šwiya fe-l-ma. --All seats are taken. le-blasat kollhom mEemmrin. -I'll take the responsibility. and nkun l-mes?ul. --He took the town by storm. Emel d-dežža f-le-mdina. —I take it you don't like it. bayen Elik ma-bgitiha-s. -- Shall we take a chance? neemlu ela llah? -Let's take a chance on him. yallah nžerrbuh. --You'll have to take a firm hold of things. xessek teEmel muraqaba qwiya l-l-masa?il. -I take back what I said. ka-ntražeč fe-klami. --I'm taking it easy today. ma-gad nherres rasi bezzaf l-yum. -- Take it easy! šwiya Elik! --He takes too many liberties. huwa mserreh bezzaf. -- I don't know why she took offense. ma-Ereft Elaš tayer-lha. --Did the doctor take your

temperature this morning? was Eber-lek t-tbib s-sxana l-yum fe-s-sbah?

to take a nap - tmedd. We always take a nap after dinner. dima ka-ntmeddu men be£d le-ġda.

to take a short cut - qtee t-triq. You can take a short cut here. imken-lek teqtee t-triq men hna.

to take a walk - tsara. Would you like for us to take a little walk? was bgiti ntsaraw swiya?

to take after - Emel bhal. He takes after his father. ka-yeEmel bhal bhah.

to take back - režžeć. When are you going to take his car back to him? fuq-aš gad trežžeć-lu s-siyara dyalu?

to take care of - thella f-, redd l-bal Ela. We'll take care of everything. daba nthellaw f-koll haža.

--He takes good care of his things. ka-ithella fe-hwayžu bezzaf. --You should take better care of yourself. hsen-lek tthella f-rasek.

to take charge of - thellef b-. Who will take charge of my work? Shun gad ithellef be-l-xedma dyali?

to take down - 1. heyyed. Take the picture down from the wall. heyyed t-teswira men l-hit. 2. kteb. Take down my address! kteb l-Eonwan dyali. 3. sežžel. Who's taking down the minutes? škun lli ka-isežžel l-gelsa?

**I took him down a peg or two. teyyeht-lu be-l-qobba dyalu.

to take hold of - qbet. Take hold of the ropes! qbet t-twal.

to take in - 1. rbeh. He doesn't take in much more than a few dollars per day. ma-ka-irbeh-s kter men si-dularat fe-n-nhar. 2. nqes. Will you take this dress in at the waist for me? was bgiti tenqes-li had l-keswa f-le-hzam? 3. deyyef. I took in a child for the winter. deyyeft wahed d-derri f-weqt l-berd.

4. Eber Ela. Have you been taken in again? was Eebru Elik Eawtani?

to take off - 1. heyyed, summel.

-I'm taking off my coat. ka-nheyyed l-kebbut dyali.

2. qelle. When does the plane take off? fuq-aš ġadi tqelle. t-tiyara?

to take on - 1. xeddem. I hear the factory is taking on some new workers. sme£t bin l-me£mel ġadi ixeddem ši-xeddama ždad. 2. xda yaxod. In Rabat we'll take on two more cars. fe-r-rbat naxdu žuž de-l-faguwat xrin. 3. bda ibda. I took on a new job yesterday. bdit xedma ždida l-bareh.

to take out - heyyed, zuwwel. Did you take it out of the box? was zuwweltih men s-senduq?

to take part in - tšarek f-. I didn't take part in the discussion. ma-tšarekt-š fe-l-mudakara.

to take revenge - ntagem. She
took revenge on him. ntagmet mennu.
to take sick - tah itih mrid.
When did you take sick? fuq-aš
tehti mrid?

to take up with - txalet mea. I wouldn't take up with those people if I were you. ana fe-blastek ma-ntxalet-s mea had n-nas.

talk - 1. xetba pl. -t. His talk was much too long. l-xetba dyalu kanet twila bezzaf. 2. klam. Oh that's just talk! hada gir klam!

**I had a long talk with him. bqit ntkellem mEah bessaf. —Her marriage is the talk of the town. Eersha f-fomm n-nas d-le-mdina kollha. —I had a heart-to-heart talk with him. ddakert mEah menni lilu.

to talk - thellem, hder. Don't you think he talks too much? was ban-lek bin ka-yehder bessaf? --Now you're talking sense. daba ka-tthellem b-Eeglek.

tall - 1. twil pl. twal. She's tall and thin. hiya twila u-raiga.

2. Eali. Have you ever seen such a tall building? was Eemmrek Sefti si-bni Eali bhal hada?

**How tall are you? **Shal **Eendek fe-t-tul? --You don't expect me to believe that tall story, do you? was ittehsabek gadi ntiq b-had le-xrafa?

to tan - dbeg. What do you use in tanning hides? š-ka-teste∈mel baš ddbeg ž-žlud?

tangerine - mendarina pl. -t coll. mendarin.

Tangier - tanža.

native of Tangier - tanžawi adj. pl. -yin, n.pl. hel tanža.

tank - 1. sariž pl. swarež. Look at those big oil tanks. Šuf duk s-swarež de-z-zit le-kbar.

2. teng pl. tnuga. A column of

tanks led the attack. wahed seff t-tnuga guwwed l-hežma.

tanner - debbag pl. -a.

tannery - dar d-dbeg pl. dyur d-dbeg. tanning - tadebbaget.

tap - bezbuz pl. bzabez. I can't get the tap out of the barrel.

ma-qdert-s nzuwwel l-bezbuz men l-bermil.

to tap - 1. deqq be-šwiya. He tapped on the window. deqq fe-š-šeržem be-šwiya. 2. tebbel l-. She tapped me on the shoulder tebblet-li Ela ktafi. tape - sfifa pl. -t, sfayef. I'd like five meters of the white

like five meters of the white tape. bgit xemsa mitru d-dak s-sfifa l-bida.

tape recorder - sežžala pl. -t. tapeworm - sinta pl. -t.

tar - seft, qetran.

target - šara pl. -t.

tart - hamed. The apples have a tart taste. had t-teffah hamed.

taste - 1. madaq pl. -at. This meat has a peculiar taste. had l-lhem Eendu madaq f-ši-škel. 2. duq. She has good taste. Eendha duq mezyan. -Suit your own taste. tebbeE duqek. -She is always dressed in good taste. hiya dima labsa hwayež fihom d-duq.

**I just want a taste of it.
bgit nduqha u-kan. --That remark
was really in bad taste. dak
l-mulahada kanet basla.

to taste - day iduq. Taste this coffee. duy had l-qehwa.

**The soup tastes good. s-subb

to taste of - fih d-duq d-. It tastes of vinegar. fih d-duq de-l-xell.

tasteless - (lli) ma-fendu duq. The food is tasteless. l-makla ma-fendha duq.

tax - dariba pl. -t. Have you paid
your taxes yet? waš xellesti
d-dariba wella ma-zal?

to tax - Emel dariba Ela. Everybody was taxed two dollars. Eemlu Ela koll wahed dariba d-žuž dular.

tax collector - mul d-dariba pl. mwalin, d-dariba.

taxi - taksi pl. -yat. I took a taxi from the station. xdit taksi men l-lagar.

tem - atay (not used with art). to teach - 1. Eellem. Who taught you that? škun lli Eellmek had š-ši?
--I'll teach him! daba nEellmu!
--I'll teach him not to disturb me!
daba nEellmu iEawed ibessel Eliya!
2. qerra. He teaches in a boys'
school. ka-iqerri f-wahed
l-medrasa d-le-wlad.

teacher - fqi pl. feqya f. fqiha pl. -t; mu \(ellim.\) He always wanted to be a teacher. dima kan ka-itmenna ikun fqi.

teakettle - begraž pl. bgarež.

team - ferqa pl. -t. Our team has won every game this year. l-ferqa dyalna rebhet l-le&bat kollhom had l-&am.

teamwork - yedd ž-žma£a, xedma ž-žma£a. Teamwork did it. yedd ž-žma£a daretha.

teapot - berrad pl. brared.

tear - tešriga pl. -t, teqti€a pl. -t. Can you mend this tear? waš

imken-lek treques had t-tešriga?

to tear - 1. qelles. She tore the
letter out of his hand. qellest
le-bra men yeddu. 2. tšerreg.
Careful, the rope is tearing!
be-šwiya l-qennba ka-tšerreg!
3. qettes. You tore my coat with
that nail. qettesti-li l-kebbut
dyali b-dak l-mesmar.

to tear down - hdem. The house was torn down last year. hedmu d-dar l-Eam lli fat.

to tear off - 1. qettee. Tear me off a piece of paper. qettee-li wriga. 2. tah itih. One of my buttons tore off. tah-li wahed s-sdafa.

to tear up - Serreg. I hope you tore that letter up. ka-ntmenna bin Serregti le-bra.

tear - dem£a pl. dmu£. Tears won't help you. d-dmu£ ma-ġadi i€awnuk l-hetta ḥaža.

to tease - tmelleg m£a, qelleq
b-le-mzah, qelleq b-le-mlaga.
Everyone teases him. koll wahed
ka-itmelleg m£ah.

telegram - tiligram, pl. -at. telephone - tilifun pl. -at.

to telephone - dreb t-tilifun L.
Telephone me tomorrow at six.
dreb-li t-tilifun gedda fe-s-setta.
telescope - tiliskup pl. -at; mrayet

l-hend.
to tell - 1. qal iqul. Tell him
your name. qul-lu smiytek. —He
told me to give you this letter.
qal-li ne&tik had le-bra.
2. &emmed. I'll tell you the

whole story. daba r & ewwed-lek dak & - & illi wqe& kollu. 3. & ref.

I can't tell one from the other.

ma-ka-ne&ref hada men hada. — You
can never tell what's going to
happen. & emmrek ma-imken-lek
te&ref & - & gad yuqe&. — You can tell
by his voice that he has a cold.
b-helqu imken-lek te&ref bin
mruwweh.

**Has your little boy learned how to tell time yet? was weldek s-sgir bda yeeref isuf s-saea?

temper - tbef. He has an even temper. tebEu mezyan.

to lose one's temper - tar

itir-lu. He loses his temper
easily. ka-itir-lu be-z-zerba.

temperature - sxana. Did you take his temperature? waš Eberti-lu s-sxana?

temple - 1. meEbed pl. mEabed. Is
this a temple or a church? waš
hada meEbed wella knisiya?
2. meddağa pl. mdadeğ. He's
getting gray at the temples already.
šab fe-mdadğu beEda.

temporary - muweqqat. This is a temporary solution. hada fsal muweqqat.

to tempt - ġwa iġwi. That doesn't tempt me. had š-ši ma-ka-iġwini-š.

**I was tempted to tell him the truth. kont ṭayeb baš nqul-lu
l-heag.

ten - Eešra, Eešr.

to tend - 1. qabel, gabel. Who's going to tend to the furnace? **Skun gad igabel l-borma? 2. hda yehdi. Who's going to tend the children? **Skun lli gad yehdi d-drari?

**Tend to your own business.

ddiha f-suq rasek. --He tends to
be partial. ka-yeEmel l-ferz.

tender - fti. The meat is so tender you can cut it with a fork. men kter l-lhem fti imken-lek tgetEu be-l-for*sita.

tent - xima pl. xyem, xyam. tenth - 1. (ordinal) Easer.

2. (fraction) Eusur pl. -at.

term - 1. Sert pl. Surut, Srut,
Surutat. The terms are hard.
S-Surut waerin. 2. modda pl. -t.
His term will end in October.
l-modda dyalu gad ttsala fe-ktuber.
**We're on bad terms. hna mxasmin.
--We're on good terms. l-Ealagat

binatna mezyanin.

terrace - stah pl. -at, stuh, stuha, stihan. to terrify - qtel be-l-xel&a. He terrified me. qtelni be-l-xel&a. terror - $xel \in a$. We were speechless with terror. ma-qderna-š ntkellmu be-l-xel&a lli weg&et-lna. test - mtihan pl. -t, xtibar pl. -at. You have to take a test before they give you a driver's license. xessek dduwwez mtihan qbel-ma yeEtiwek tesrih de-s-sugan. -- Did you take all your tests? was duwwezti le-mtihanat kollhom? to test - 1. duwwez lxtibar, duwwez mtihan. I was tested in arithmetic today. duwwzu-li mtihan d-le-hsab l-yum. 2. žerreb. You better test the brakes. hsen-lek džerreb le-hsayer. to testify - šehhed. Have you anything further to testify? was Eendek si-haža žra Elaš tšehhed? to testify to - shed l-. Can you testify to that? was imken-lek tešhed l-had š-ši? Tetuan - tittawen, testawen, titwan. native of Tetuan - titwani adj. pl. titwaniyen; tettawni adj. pl. tettawniyen; n. pl. hel titwan. text - ness pl. nsas, nsus, nusus. than - men. He's older than his brother. huwa kber men xah. to thank - šker. I can't thank you enough. ma-kfawni-š klami baš nšekrek. --You have only yourself to thank for this mess. Sker rasek Ela had l-xaluta. **Thank God!, Thank goodness!, Thank heaven(s)! l-hemdu l-llah! -Thank you. baraka llahu fik. thankful - (lli) Etaref. We are very thankful to you. hna neEtarfu be-l-xir dyalek. thanks - škir. I don't expect any thanks from him. ma-ka-ntsenna-š škir mennu. **Many thanks - baraka llahu fik. that - 1. dak š-ši. What does that mean? šnu me∈na dak š-ši? 2. (near) had; (far) hadak or dak, f. hadik or dik, pl. haduk or duk. Look at that magnificent view. Suf had l-mender l-Eažib. --Would you like that little one? was tebģi hadak ş-şģir? 3. lli. Who's the man that just came in? škun τ-ταžel lli Ead dxel? -- Do you know the story (that) he told us? was

ka-tekref le-xrafa lli Eewwed-lna.

4. aš. Where's the ship that you

They told him that his brother had left. xebruh bin xah mša. **It's pretty good at that. moEtabar baraka. -We'll leave it at that. nhesruha hna. -I'm sorry that this happened. and met?essef Ela had š-ši lli wqe€. -I don't want that much milk. ma-bgit-s had le-hlib kollu. --He's not that tall. ma-Eendu-š had t-tula. --What will you get by that? aš gadi terbeh f-had š-ši? --How about that? šu ban-lek Ela dak š-ši? --That's life! hadi hiva d-denva! --Well. that's that! salina daba. that is - $ye \in ni$. I'll come tomorrow, that is, if it doesn't rain. ģadi nži ģedda, ye∈ni ila ma-tahet š-šta. that (one) hadak f. hadik pl. Take that one that's on the haduk. table. xud hadak lli fuq t-tabla. that way - hakka, hakda. You can't do it that way. ma-imken-lek-s teEmelha hakka. thaw - duban de-t-telž. This year the thaw set in rather early. had l-Eam d-duban de-t-telž wge€ bekri. to thaw - dab idub. The ice is thawing, ka-idub t-telž. **He was very reserved at first, but after a while he began to thaw. fe-l-luwwel kan meqbut u-men beEd wahed š-šwiva bda ntleg. the - 1- (le- before consonant clusters; assimilated before.d, d, n, r, s, s, t, t, z, z, \check{s} , l, and usually 2). Look at the bread. šuf le-hmar. -- The house is big, and the car is small. d-dar kbira u-s-siyara şģira. --The guests are all gone. d-dyaf xollhom mšaw. the...the - ma-hedd... u-. The more she studies, the worse she gets. ma-heddha ka-tegra u-hiya ttfelles. theater - mesreh pl. msareh. theft - sriga pl. -t. their - -hom, dyalhom. Do you know their address? was ka-teEref Eonwanhom? theirs - dyalhom. Our house isin't as big as theirs. darna ma-ši qedd dyalhom. them -1. -hom. We haven't seen them. ma-šefnahom-š. -Give them a car. Etihom tumubil. 2. -lhom.

were riding in? fayn l-baxira f-aš kontiw rakbin? 5. bin, billa.

brought them a book. žebt-lhom

themselves - 1. rashom. They killed themselves. getlu rashom.

2. b-yeddihom, b-rashom. They did it themselves. Eemluha b-veddihom. among themselves - binathom.

They discussed the matter among themselves. ddakru l-gadiya binathom.

by themselves - b-wahedhom. they really do all that work by themselves? was be-s-sehh daru l-xedma kollha b-wahedhom?

then - 1. men beEd. What did he do then? Snu Emel men beEd? -- Then what happened? Snu wgeE men beEd? 2. iden. Then everything is settled. iden koll-ši mressi.

then and there - f-dik s-sa $\mathcal{E}a$. Why didn't you take it then and there? Elaš ma-xditiha f-dik s-sa€a?

by then - f-had l-weqt, f-dak l-wegt. Call Tuesday. We'll know by then. Eeyyet fe-nhar t-tlat, daba nšufu f-had l-weqt.

(every) now and then - safa safa, merra merra. We go to the movies now and then. ka-nemšiw le-s-sinima saEa saEa.

there - 1. temma, temmak, hnak, temmaya. My father is there now. bbah temma daba. 2. l-temma, l-temmak, le-hnak, l-temmaya. went there yesterday. mšat l-temma l-bareh.

**There, that's enough for me. waxxa, had š-ši baraka Eliya. -- I'm afraid he's not quite all there, xeftu ikun hmeg šwiya. --There you are! I was looking all over for you. ha-nta! kont ka-ngelleb Elik. -- There you are! It's all done. safi. salit koll-ši. -There you are! Now you're sneezing! iwa šefti! ka-teEtes!

here and there - hna u-hna, f-ši-mahellat. You can still find a copy here and there. imken-lek tsib wahed n-nesxa hna u-hna.

there is, there are - kayen f. kayna pl. kaynin. There are a few good shops in town. kaynin šwiya d-le-hwanet mezyanin f-le-mdina.

therefore - iden. I therefore assume it is so, iden jadi nefred had š-ši ikun.

these - see 'this'.

they - huma. They're alive. huma Eaysin.

thick - 1. gaseh. The soup is too thick. s-subba gasha bezzaf. 2. glid pl. glad. This board isn't very thick. had l-luha ma-glida-š bezzaf.

**I'll go through thick and thin for him. ġadi ne€mel šnu-ma kan lilu. -He's too thick to understand that. huwa hmar bas ifhem had š-ši.

thief - xuwwan pl. -a, serraq pl. -a. thigh - fxed. pl. fxad.

thimble - helqa pl. -t, hlaqi.

thin - 1. rhif pl rhaf. The paper is too thin. l-kagit rhif bezzaf. 2. rqiq pl. rqaq. She got thin. režeet rgiga. 3. deif pl. deaf. Her face is very thin. wžehha $d \in if$.

**That's a pretty thin excuse.

hada Eder qbih.

to (get) thin -1. rhaf. His hair is thinning. rhaf-lu šeEru. 2. raag. She got thin. raaget.

to thin out - qlal. Let's wait until the crowd thins out. yallah ntsennaw hetta iqlal z-zham.

thing - 1. haža pl. hwayež. Have you packed all your things yet? was žmeEti hwayžek kollhom fe-l-bakit wella ma-zal? -- I don't know a single thing about it. ma-ka-neEref hetta haža mennu. --We've heard a lot of nice things about you. smeEna bezzaf d-le-hwayež mezyanin Elik. 2. ši. There is no such thing. had š-ši ma-kayen-š.

**It all adds up to the same thing. kif kif or bhal bhal. -How are things? *e-xbar koll-*i? -You poor little thing! meskin! --Well, of all things, what are you doing here? u-nta beEda qul-li aš ka-teEmel hna?

not a thing - hetta haža. haven't done a thing all week. ma-Emelna hetta haža ž-žemEa kollha. to think - 1. xemmem. He's never really learned how to think. ma-tEellem ixemmem. --Now he thinks differently. daba ka-ixemmem fe-škel axor. --What are you thinking about? f-as ka-txemmem? -Think twice before you do it. xemmem bezzaf qbel ma-ddirha. 2. ban-lu. Don't you think it's too warm? ma-ban-lek-š bin kayen s-sehd bezzaf? 3. nwa inwi rasu. She thinks she knows everything. nawya rasha ka-teEref koll-ši. 4. denn. We thought he was gone.

dennina bin mša. 5. Eqel. I can't think of his address right now.

f-had s-sa&a ma-&qelt-* &el l-&onwan dyalu.

**That's what you think! hada klamek! --I'll think about it. gadi nsuf. --Think nothing of it (no harm done)! ma-fiha bas! --You're welcome, think nothing of it! bla žmil!

to think up - xtare \(\). Who thought that up? \$kun lli xtare \(\) had \$\[\] had \$\[\] + \[\] i? third - 1. tulut pl. -at. A third of that will be enough. iqeddni tulut men had \$\[\] -\[\] \$\[\] \$\] talet. We couldn't stay for the third game. ma-mken-lna-\[\] nhedru fe-l-le\[\] ba t-talta. —Give me one third-class ticket to Casablanca. \(\) \(\) tini werqa \(\) de-t-tabaqa t-talta le-d-dar l-bida. thirst - \(\) \(\) te\[\] \$\[\] \$\] can't quench my

thirst. ma-imken-li-š nberred le-Ețeš dyali.

thirsty - Eetšan. I'm very thirsty.
ana Eetšan bezzaf.

thirteen - telţaš.

thirty - tlatin.

this - 1. had. Do you know this man?

was ka-teeref had r-rasel? --Why
did you buy this house? Elas sriti
had d-dar? 2. hada f. hadi pl.
hadu. This is my house. hadi dari.
3. had s-si. What's this? snu had
s-si?

this far - 1. had t-triq kollha.

Do you always have to walk this far?
was dima lazem Elik ttmessa had
t-triq kollha? 2. hetta le-hna.

Did he come this far? was ža hetta
le-hna?

this minute - daba daba. Come here this minute! ?aži daba daba! this morning - l-yum fe-ş-şbah. I met her on the street this morning. tlaqitha fe-z-zenqa l-yum fe-ş-şbah. thorn - šuka pl. -t coll. šuk. The tree is full of thorns. š-šežra £amra be-š-šuk.

thorough - hadeq. He's very thorough in everything he does. huwa hadeq bessaf fe-šnu ka-ye£mel.

thoroughly - men r-ras hetta le-r-režlin. It's been thoroughly tested. biyynuha-lhom men r-ras hetta le-r-režlin.

those - see 'that'.

though - 1. waxxa. Though he knew it he didn't tell me anything about it. waxxa kan Earefha ma-bġa-š iqulha-li.
2. walayenni. I'll do it! Not now, though. ġad ne£melha, walayenni ma-ši daba.

as though - bhal ila. He acted as though he were sick. Emel bhal ila

kan mrid.

**It looks as though it may rain.

tqul Eliha ġad ţţiḥ š-šta.

even though - waxxa. He went
there even though I warned him
against it. mša l-temma waxxa
weşşitu ma-imši.

thought - texmima pl. -t coll. texmim, texmam; tefkira pl. -t. The very thought of it makes me sick. t-texmima fiha ka-tmerredni.

**I'll have to give this matter some thought. xessni mxemmem šwiya f-had l-qadiya.

thousand - ?alef pl. ?alaf, ?uluf.
thread - 1. xit, xeyt pl. xyut. Do
you have a needle and thread? was
Eendek l-ibra u-l-xit? 2. hruf
(pl.). The thread on this screw is
worn out. le-hruf d-had-l-luleb sxaw.
**His life hung by a thread.
hayatu kanet qabta be-xwiyyet.

to thread - zelleg. I'll thread the needle for you. daba nzelleg l-xit lilek.

to threaten - hedded. He threatned to leave if he didn't get a raise. hedded b-le-mši ila ma-£taw-š z-zyada. --The entire city is threatened by the disease. le-mdina kollha mehduda be-l-merd.

**It's threatening to rain. tqul Eliha gadi ttih š-šta.

three - tlata, telt. I have three books. Eendi tlata d-le-ktub or Eendi telt ktub.

to thresh - dres. They're threshing the wheat now. ka-idersu z-zref daba.

thrifty - mhawel. She's a thrifty woman. hiya mra mhawla.

throat - 1. helq pl. hluq, hluqa. The doctor painted my throat.

t-tbib dhen-li helqi. —I have a sore throat. ka-iderrni helqi.
—He cleared his throat and continued. serreh helqu u-zad.

2. geržuta pl. gražet, geržuma pl. gražem. They cut his throat.

qet&u-lu l-geržuta.

**She wanted to say something, but the words stuck in her throat. bgat tqul ši-haža walayenni wehlu-lha le-klam.

throne - Eerš pl. Eruš, Eraš.
through - 1. Ela sabab. The work was
held up two weeks through his
negligence. weafet l-xedma žmeEtayn
Ela sabab t-taraxi dyalu. 2. bin.
The bullet passed through the wall.
l-qertasa dazet bin l-hit. --That
man can see through walls. dak

r-ražel imken-lu išuf bin le-hyut.
3. men. The ball came through the window. dexlet l-kura men š-šeržem.
**He fell through the floor.
l-erd xwat bih. --The deal fell

l-ģaba.

through and through - men r-ras hetta le-r-režlin. We were soaked through and through. konna fazgin men r-ras hetta le-r-režlin.

to be through - 1. sala isali, fedda ifeddi. I'll be through work at five o'clock. gadi nsali xdemti fe-l-xemsa. 2. fedda ifeddi. I am through with him. feddit m£ah.

**If you ever do that again, we're through. ila Eamtani derti had š-ši nfeddi meak. —He's been through a lot. dazu Elih le-mhayen bezzaf.

throughout - f...kollu. You can get these vegetables throughout the whole year. imken-lek tsib had l-xedra fe-l-Eam kollu. -This hotel is famous throughout the world. had l-util mešhur fe-d-denya kollha.

throw - remya pl. -t. That was some throw. hadi remya mezyana.

**His house is only a stone's throw from the station. daru qriba (bezzaf) men lagar.

to throw - 1. lah iluh, siyyeb. Let's see how far you can throw the ball. yallah nšufu hetta l-ayn gad tluh l-kura. 2. tiyyeh. The horse threw him. tiyyhu l-Eewd.

**Throw that light this way, please. duwwi had l-mude& &afak.

to throw away - lah iluh, siyyeb. Throw the papers away. luh le-kwajet.

to throw in - zad izid. The baker threw in a few extra rolls for us. zadna l-xebbaz ši-xbizat.

to throw on - lbes (degya). I'll just throw a coat on an we'll go. gadi nelbes (degya) l-kebbut u-nemšiw.

to throw out - 1. lah iluh, rma irmi. I threw the old shoes out. leht s-sebbat le-qdim. 2. dha idhi. She almost threw me out. Elayen dhatni.

**The case was thrown out of court for lack of evidence. l-mehkama refdet l-qadiya Ela medd ma-kanet hožža kafya.

to throw over - 1. lah iluh. Can you throw it over to me? was imken-lek tluhha-li? 2. fedda ifeddi mea. She threw him over for a sailor. feddat meah ela wedd wahed l-behri.

to throw up - gell, tqiyya. I throw up every time I ride on the train. fuq-emma ka-nerkeb feš-mandifir ka-ngell.

thumh - sbee kbir pl. sebean kbar.

**I'm all thumbs today. ma-qdert
neemel b-yeddi walu l-yum. --He's
too much under his wife's thumb.
žarrah mratu men menxaru.

thunder - read. Did you hear the thunder last night? was smeeti r-read l-bareh fe-l-lil?

**A thunder of applause greeted the speaker. rehbu l-muhadir b-muža de-l-keffan.

to thunder - reed, thellem r-read. I'ts beginning to thunder. bda ireed.

Thursday - le-xmis.

thyme - zeEter.

tick - grada pl. -t coll. grad. The woods are full of ticks and mosquitoes. l-gaba Eamra b-le-grad u-n-namus.

ticket - werqa pl. wraq; btaqa pl.
-t, btayeq. Can you get us three
tickets for the play? was
imken-lek tsib-lna tlata d-le-wraq
le-r-riwaya? I want a round-trip
ticket to Paris. bgit werqa
d-le-mši u-d-le-mži l-bariz.

to tickle - herr. He won't laugh even if you tickle him. maidhek-lek-s waxxa therru.

ticklish - 1. (lli) žah ižih l-herr.

Are you ticklish? waš ka-ižik
l-herr? 2. waćer, șćib pl. șćab.
That's a ticklish question. mes?ala
waćra hadi.

tide - mariya or mariya. The tide is coming in. mažya l-mariya.

high tide - mlu. low tide - hsir.

**Twenty dollars will tide me over until Monday. Eešrin dular ifekkuni hetta l-le-tnin.

tie - kravata, krabata pl. -t; žiyyafa pl. -t. He wears loud ties. kailbes kravatat lunhom ka-ixtef.

to tie - Eqed. I have to tie my shoes. xessni neEqed sebbati.

** My hands are tied. and yeddiya mteggfin.

to tie up - 1. ξqed . Please tie this package up for me. $\xi qed-li$

had l-bakit Eafak. 2. rbet. Did you tie up the boat? waš rbetti l-qennba d-le-fluka.

**I'm terribly tied down all day long. ana mešģul n-nhar kollu. --Are you tied up this evening? waš €endek ši-ḥaža ma te€mel had l-lila?

tiger - nmer pl. nmura.

tight - 1. mEezzi. This coat is too tight for me. had l-kebbut mEezzi Eliya bezzaf. 2. sekran. Boy, was I tight last night! iyyeh, kont sekran l-bareh fe-l-lil!. 3. msegrem. He's very tight with his money. huwa msegrem bezzaf Ela flusu. 4. mziyyer. I was in a tight spot. Ead kont f-wahed l-hala mzıyyra.

**Is the jar sealed tight? was l-gella m£ezzya mezyan? --Shut your eyes tight. gemmed Eeynik. --Hold me tight! Eezzini Elik!

to tighten - Eezza. Tighten the rope. Eezzi l-gennba.

tile - 1. zelliža pl. -t coll. zelliž. We don't have enough blue tiles to finish this pillar. ma-bqam-lnas-š z-zelližat z-zureg l-kafyen baš nkemmlu had s-sarya. 2. germuda pl. -t, gramed coll. germud. Many of the tiles on this roof are broken. bezzaf d-le-gramed mherrsin f-had ş-şteh.

tiler, tile worker - zellayži pl. -ya. tile work - tazellayžit. Tile work used to be a very popular craft. tazellayžit kanet herfa mešhura

bezzaf.

till - hetta. Wait till I come back. tsennani hetta neržeć. -- I won't be able to see you till next week. ma-imken-li-š nšufek hetta ž-žem£a ž-žayya.

to tilt - 1. miyyel. If you tilt the bottle, you can get it out. miyyelti l-qerfa imken-lek txerrežha. I can't tilt my head. ma-qdert-š nmiyyel rasi. —Don't tilt your chair so far back. ma-tmiyyel-š š-šilya dyalek bezzaf l-lur.

timber - xšeb.

time - 1. weqt pl. wqat. I don't have the time to go with you. ma-Eendi-š l-wegt baš nemši mEak. --Time will tell. had **š**-ši iban $m \in a$ l-wegt. --At the time I thought differently about it. f-dak-l-weat kont xemmemtha f-kifiya \hat{x} ra. --We got there at

the same time. wselna l-temma f-weat wahed. 2. merra pl. -t. nuba pl. -t. This is my first time here. hadi l-merra l-luwla baš žit le-hna. --How many times have you visited Morocco? šhal men merra zerti l-megrib? -- I've asked him time after time not to do it. golt-lu nuba mur nuba ma-yeEmel-ha-š. --At times I work fourteen hours at a stretch. ši-nubat ka-nexdem rbeEtašer saEa bla hsir.

**These are hard times. hadi iyam s&iba. --What time is it? šhal hadi fe-s-sa£a? —The time is up tomorrow. ġedda huwa l-?ažal. -- I see him at times. ka-nšufu sa&a sa&a. --Does your watch keep good time? waš l-magana dyalek dima mheqqqa? --- Can your little boy tell time yet? was weldek s-sgir bda yeEref išuf s-saEa? --What time do we eat? fuq-aš ġad naklu?

in no time – deģya deģya. finished in no time. sala had š-ši deģya deģya.

times - f-. Two times two equals four. žuž f-žuž hiya rebξa.

all the time - dima.

for a long time - šhal hadi. haven't seen him for a long time. šhal hadi ma-šeftu.

from time to time - sala sala. He comes to see us from time to time. ka-iži sa£a sa£a išufna. on time - 1. fe-l-weqt. Please be on time. aži fe-l-weqt Eafak. 2. be-t-telq. He bought the car on time. ** sra t-tumubil be-t-telg.

to have a good time - nšet. Did you have a good time? waš nšetti? --Have a good time! nšet m£a rasek!

timely - $fe-l-we\check{z}ba$, f-weqtu. That's a timely topic. had l-muduE fe-l-wežba.

timetable - bernamež pl. baramiž. 'According to the timetable we should be in Oujda at five o'clock. Ela hasab l-bernamež žadi nkunu f-wožda fe-l-xemsa.

timid - hešman.

tin - qezdir. The price of tin went up last week. t-taman de-l-qezdir tleE ž-žemEa lli fatet. tinsmith - qzadri pl. -ya.

tiny - sgiwer.

tip - 1. terf pl. traf. They landed on the northern tip of the island. weslu f-t-terf š-šamali de-l-žazira. 2. ras pl. ryus. My shoes are worn at the tips. sebbati melhus f-rasu.
3. xbar. Let me give you a tip. xellini neɛtik ši-xbar. 4. fabur pl. -at. How much of a tip shall I give the waiter? šhal de-l-fabur xessni neɛti l-l-garsun?

to tip - Eta yeEti l-fabur l-. Did you tip the waiter? was Etiti l-fabur l-l-garsun?

to tip off - Eta yeEti le-xbar. Who tipped you off? Skun lli Etak le-xbar?

to tip over - 1. tteqleb. The boat tipped over. le-fluka ttqelbet. 2. qleb. A wave tipped the boat over. wahed l-muža qelbet le-fluka.

tiptoe - ras le-bnan. The children came in on tiptoe. d-drari dexlu Ela ras bnanhom.

to tiptoe - tmešša Ela ras le-bnan. You don't need to tiptoe. ma-Eendek-š Elaš ttmešša Ela ras bnanek.

tire - bnu pl. -wat. Did you put air in the tires? was neffexti le-bnuwat?

to tire - Eya yeEya. I tire very easily in this heat. ka-neEya b-suhula f-had s-sehd.

tired - Eeyyan. He looks tired. daher Elih Eeyyan.

tired out - mehluk. I'm tired out from the trip. ana mehluk bezzaf men beéd had ş-şafar.

to he tired of - Eya yeEya ma. I'm tired of doing this over and over again. Eyit ma nEamed ndir had l-haža.

title - Eonwan pl. Enawen. Do you know the title of the book? waš ka-teEref l-Eonwan d-le-ktab?

to - 1. l-. (li- or lil- when used independently before pronoun endings.) Let's go to the movies. yallah nemšiw le-s-sinima. -- Explain that fesser-li dak š-ši! --What to me! did he do to you? snu Emel-lek? -- Send it to me. sifetha-li. sent me to you. sifetni lilkom. f-. Apply this ointment to your feet. dhen had l-bumada f-režlik. 3. hetta l-. They killed them to the last man. getluhom hetta le-r-ražel t-tali. --I'm in my office from nine to twelve. ana ka-nkun fe-l-mekteb dyali men t-tes Eud hetta le-t-tnas. 4. l- $\mathcal{E}end$. Why do you come to me? Go to him! Elaš žiti l-Eendi?

sir l-Eendu! 5. mEa. Did you talk to him? was tkellemti meah? -- To me he's always polite. huwa dima m?eddeb mEaya. h. ģir. It's three minutes to four. r-reb&a gir tlata de-d-dgayeq. 7. baš. I'm doing my best to help ka-neEmel žehdi baš nEawnek. you. 8. Ela. Take the first turn to your left. dur fe-z-zenga l-luwla Ela yeddek l-1ser.

**The dog tore the rug to pieces. l-kelb qettee e-e-biya traf traf.
-I must go to bed. xessni nemši nnes. -To our surprise he passed the exam. teežebna melli nžeh f-le-mtihan. -To date I haven't heard a thing. baqi ma-smeet hetta haža men dak š-ši.
-What do you say to this? šnu ban-lek f-had š-ši?

toad - žrana pl. -t coll. žran, grana pl. -t coll. gran.
toast - xobz mgermel. Who ate my
toast? škun lli kla l-xobz

le-mgermel dyali?

**Let's drink a toast to the man of the house. yallah nšerbu Ela mul d-dar.

to toast - 1. germel. Do you want me to toast the bread for you? was bigitini ngermel-lek l-xobz?

2. šreb Ela. Let's toast the boss! yallah nšerbu Eel le-mEellem!

tobacco - doxxan. today - l-yum.

today's - de-l-yum. I haven't read today's paper yet. ma-zal ma-qrit l-žarida de-l-yum.
toe - benna pl. bnan.

on one's toes - Ela balu. I have to be on my toes all the time. xessni nkun dima Ela bali.

together - (pronoun plus wiya plus pronoun ending). We work very well together. ana wiyahom ka-nxedmu mezyan.

to get together - džemmeć. Can we get together some evening? waš imken-lna ndžemmću ši-lila?

toilet - mida pl. -t, myadi; bit l-ma pl. byut l-ma.

toilet paper - kagit de-l-mida.

token - Ealama pl. -t. He gave it to
me as a token of his friendship.

Etah-li b-Ealamt s-sehba dyalna.

toll - head d-dwaz pl. haud d-dwaz.
You have to pay a toll on this
bridge. xessek txelles head d-dwaz
f-had l-gentra.

**The crash took a heavy toll of

life. matu fe-l-musiba €adad kbir de-n-nas. to toll - tenten. Church bells tolled. n-nwages d-le-knisiya tomato - sg. and coll. matiša pl. -t. tomb - gber pl. gbura, gbur. tomcat - gett pl. gtut. tomorrow - gedda. I won't see him till tomorrow morning. ma-ġad nšufu hetta l-gedda fe-s-sbah. tomorrow's - d-gedaa. It'll be in tomorrow's paper. gadi thun fe-l-žarida d-geada. the day after tomorrow - beEd pedda. It will be ready the day after tomorrow. gad ikun wažed beEd gedda. tongue - lsan pl. -at, lsun. **Hold your tongue! skot! tonight - l-yum fe-l-lil. What shall we do tonight? aš ģadi n∈emlu l-yum fe-l-lil? too - 1. Eetta. May I come too? imken-li nži hetta ?ana or hett-ana? 2. bezzaf. It's too hot. l-hal šxun bezzaf. too long - bezzaf. Don't stay away too long! ma-tgiyyeb-š bezzaf! **That play was none too good. dak t-temtiliya ma-kanet-š mezyana bezzaf. tool - 1. mwaten (pl.; a single item is generally referred to by its name). 2. %ala musxara pl. %alat musxara. The mayor is just a tool of his party. l-Eamil gir ?ala musxara de-l-hizeb dyalu. tooth - senna pl. -t, snan (front six upper and lower; also saw-tooth); dersa pl. -t, drus (bicuspids and molars). ** She has a sweeth tooth. ka-thebb le-hlawa. --We fought against it tooth and nail. harebnah be-ž-žmiE ma Eendna men gummea. toothache - hriq d-dersa, dersa (literally just tooth). toothbrush - šita (pl. -t, šyet)de-s-snan. tooth paste - dwa de-s-snan. top - 1. ras pl. ryus (of tree, mountain, etc.) You'll find it at the top of page 32. imken-lek džberha f-ras s-sefha tnayn u-tlatin. 2. trinbu pl. -yat (toy). 3. dher

pl. dhura (convertible car).

4. lexxrani pl. -yin, tali pl.

talyin. There's still one room

vacant on the top floor. ma-zal

«·-- -

5. fugani pl. -yin. It's in the top drawer, raha f-le-mžerr l-fugani. **I don't know why he blew his top. ma-Ereft-š Elaš. zEel. --He yelled at the top of his voice. guwwet Ela ma fih men žehd. -- That story tops everything! hadi hiya hkaya wella balak! from top to bottom - men r-ras hetta le-r-režlin. on top - l-fug. It's on top. rah l-fug. on top of - fuq, fuq men. on top of the refrigerator. fug t-tellaža. **He's sitting on top of the le-mwara Eendu fe-t-tnaš. to top it off - zad kemmel. To top if off he stole my wallet. u-b-aš zad kemmelha sreq-li beztami. to top off - kemmel. Let's top off the evening with a game of cards. aži nkemmlu l-lila b-wahed t-terh de-l-karta. topic - $mudu \in pl$. $mawadi \in$. topsy-turvy - mšegleb, or meglub ras Ela režlin. torch - meščel pl. mšačel (fire), fnar pl. -t (electric). torture - Eadab (mental, physical). to torture - Eeddeb. total - žamić (art. l-), bin $l-\check{z}ami\mathcal{E}$. My total earnings are two thousand dollars. l-medxuldyali bin l-žami & alfayn dular. **The evening was a total loss. l-lila kollha da∈et. to total up - $\check{z}me\xi$. Let's total up our expenses for the month. aži nžem Eu l-masarif d-had š-šher. touch - 1. qisa pl. -t. She wakes up at a single touch. b-qisa wehda ka-tfiq men $n-n\xi as$. 2. $n \dot{g} iza$ (of salt, spice, etc.). to get in touch with - ttasel b-. to touch - 1. gas igis f-. (physically). 2. ? etter f - (i.e., move emotions). **He's a little touched. falta-lu n-negša. tough - 1. mEezzef (as meat). 2. séib pl. -in, séab (difficult). tough luck - hedd qbih. tour - $\check{z} ila$ pl. -t, msarya pl. -t. tourist - sa?ih pl. suwwah. tourist guide (person) - gid pl. gyad. toward(s) - 1. mea. I'll be there towards evening. nkun temma mea le-Ešiya. --He was nice towards

bit xawi fe-t-tebga l-lexxraniya.

kan driyyef mEana. 2. l-žiha. The bull came running toward me. t-tur ža ka-isbeg l-žihti. towel - 1. futa pl. -t, fwet (hand, bath). 2. mendil pl. mnadel (dish). tower - borž pl. bruža. town - mdina pl. -t, mdun, mudun; blad pl. -at. town-crier - berrah pl. -a. toy - qešwaša pl. qšaweš. trace - ?atar pl. -at (clue, indication). track - 1. ?atar pl. -t, imara pl. -t, imayer (animal, truck, etc.). 2. sekka pl. skek (train). **Now you're on the right track. rak fe-t-triq daba. --I've lost track of him. ma-bqa yewselni hetta xbar Elih. tractor - traktur pl. -at. trade - 1. tabadul tižari (as between countries). 2. xedma pl. -t, xdami; herfa pl. -t, hrafi; sen&a pl. -t, sna£i (job, profession). 3. mbadla pl. -t (exchange). to trade - beddel. I traded my typewriter for a bicycle. beddelt l-makina d-le-ktaba dyali b-bešklit. tragedy - musiba pl. msayeb (unfortunate occurrence). trail - triq pl. torqun. to trail - the E (s.o.). train - mašina pl. -t, qitar pl. -at. He went by train, safer fe-l-mašina. to train - 1. derreb, Eellem. trained his dogs well. derreb 2. dderreb. le-klab dyalu mezyan. We trained a lot before the race. dderrebna bezzaf qbel le-mṣabqa. training - tedrib. traitor - xa? in pl. xawana. tramp - msiyyeh pl. msiyyhin. to trample - zdem Ela, štef Ela. to translate - teržem. transparent - (lli) ka-ibiyyen. transport - negl (of troops, goods, etc.). to transport - neggel. . . . trap - msida pl. msayed, fexx pl. fxax. trasb - zbel (includes garbage). to travel - safer, žal ižul. tray - siniya pl. -t, swani. treason - xiyana. treasure - kenz pl. knuza. treat - šehwa fe-d-denya (pleasure). to treat - 1. Eamel. He treats me like a child. ka-i Eamelni bhal ši-derri. 3. xelles €la. He's treating us to a movie. gad

ixelles Elina dexla le-s-sinima.

gabel (a patient). to treat lightly - traxa f-. You shouldn't treat this matter lightly. ma-xessek-š ttraxa f-had l-qadiya. treatment - 1. muEamala (manner with s.o.). 2. mgabla (of a patient). treaty - Eegd pl. Eugud, muEahada pl. -t.tree - šežra pl. -t coll. šžer. to tremble - ġzel. trial - muḥakama pl. -t, de Ewa pl. -t, dEawi (court). on trial - be-s-swar (in buying s. th.). to give a trial - žerreb (i.e., . try out). triangle - mutellat pl. -at. tribe - qbila pl. -t, qbayel (Indian, Arab, of Israel, etc.). trick - 1. hila pl. -t (ruse, deception). 2. bentaxa pl. -t (cards, magic.). mean, dirty trick - xesla pl. -t, xsayel. He played a dirty trick on me. Emel-li wahed l-xesla. to trick - \mathcal{E} melha b-. She tricked me into marrying her. Eemletha biya u-dzuwwežt biha. to trim - heddeq (hair, mustache). trip - sefra pl. -t, safar pl. 9esfar. **Have a nice trip! triq s-slama! to trip - 1. Eekkel l-. I tripped him and he fell. Eekkelt-lu u-tah. Eter. He tripped on the stairs and fell. Eter fe-d-druz u-tah. to trip up - glet (to err). triumph - nesr. troops - Eesker. trouble - muškila pl. mašakil. We've had some trouble in the office. kanet Eendna ši-muškila (or mašakil) fe-l-mekteb. **What's the trouble? aš-kayen? to be in trouble - Eendu muškila. to give trouble to - Eeddeb. to trouble - Eeddeb (e.g., a sore **What's troubling you? ma-lek? troubled - 1. qbih pl. qbah. We live in troubled times. ka-nEišu f-wahed l-wegt qbih. 2. mšuwweš. Her mother is very troubled now. mšuwwša bezzaf daba. trousers - serwal pl. srawel. trout - bu-ders. truck - kamiyu pl. -yat, kamyun pl. true - haqiqi pl. -yin (factual, genuine). **He's always true to his prin-

ciples. dima qabet fe-l-mabadi?

truly dvalu. truly - fe-l-haqiqa. trumpet - 1. nfir pl. nfayer (for Ramadan). 2. kornita pl. -t(bugle). trunk - 1. sag pl. sigan (of tree). 2. senduq pl. snadeq (for clothes). 3. kesda pl. -t, ksadi (body). 4. xertum pl. xratem (elephant). trunks - serwal (pl. srawel) $de-l-\varepsilon ewn.$ trust - tiga. I'm putting my trust in you. ka-neEmel fik t-tiqa. to trust - tag itig b-. truth - hegg, sehh. They tried to kill to try - 1. hawel. us. hawlu igetluna. 2. žerreb. Try them before you buy them. žerrebhom qbel-ma tešrihom. to try on - qeyyes (a suit). tub - žefna pl. -t, žfani (primarily for washing). tube - žaža pl. -t (radio, etc.). tuck - tenya pl. -t (as in a dress). to tuck in - hša yehši (as a shirt). Tuesday - nhar t-tlata, t-tlata. tug - rmuk pl. -at (boat). to tug - nter. to tumble - tšegleb. He tumbled down the stairs. tšegleb fe-d-druž. tumor - welsis pl. wlases. Tunis - tunes. Tunisia - tunes. Tunisian - tunsi adj. pl. -yen, n. pl. twansa, hel tunes. tunnel - ġar pl. ġiran. turban - rezza pl. -t, rzez. Turk - torki pl. -yin, ?atrak. Turkey - torkya. turkey - bibi (no art.) pl. -yat. Turkish - 1. torki pl. -yin. torkiya (language). turn - 1. dura pl. -t (around a corner, a pivot). 2. nuba pl. -t. It's my turn. hadi nubti. **One good turn deserves another. lli Emel ši-xir ka-ilgah. talking out of turn. ma-Eendek hegg bas ttkellem. at every turn - f-koll mude€, f-koll gent, fayn-emma mša. in turn - b-nuba (i.e., when your turn comes, etc.). to take turns - tnawbu (pl.). to turn - duwwer (make go round).

**She turned her back on me.

Etatni be-dherha. --He turned his

had l-merra wliyyed! -- I don't know

ankle. tfekket-lu režlu. --Now the tables are turned! ma-ši bnita,

nemši. -- My stomach turns when I think of that scene. ka-iqum qelbi mnin ka-nfekker f-dak l-mender. to turn around - 1. duwwer. the wheel around. dummer r-rwida. 2. dar idur. The propeller is turning around very slowly. l-ferfar ka-idur ģir be-š-šwiya. to turn back - ržeč. to turn down - 1. ma-qbel-s, rfed (reject). 2. xda yaxod (a road). nqeş men (radio, light). Turn the radio down. nges men r-radyu. to turn in - 1. režžeč (as s. th. lost). 2. geddem (application, resignation). 3. nees (go to bed). to turn into - wella, ržeć (to to turn off - 1. dfa idfi (radio, light). 2. šedd (water, gas). to turn on - 1. $\S \in el$ (light, radio). 2. xeddem (machine). 3. tleq, hell (water, gas). to turn out - 1. dfa idfi (light). 2. tlee, sdeq. The work turned out bad. l-xedma teleet qbiha. 3. hder. A lot of people turned out for the president's speech. bezzaf de-n-nas hedru Eel l-xotba de-r-ra?is. 4. xerrež (i.e., evict). 5. sne E, wežžed (manufacture). to turn over - 1. $dfe\xi$ (to hand over). 2. qleb. I turned the table over so 1 could fix the legs. qlebt t-tabla baš nsuwweb-lha l-ker Ean dyalha. 3. ttegleb. chair turned over when I sat down on it. š-šelya ttgelbet mnin glest Eliha. **Turn it over in your mind before you give him an answer. duwwer Isanek f-fommek seb&a de-l-merrat, Ead wažbu. to turn up - dher (appear). to turn upside down - qleb. turnip - lefta pl. -t coll. left. turtle - fekrun pl. fkaren. twelfth - taneš pl. tanšin. tweIve - tnaš. twenty - Eešrin. twice - žuž de-l-merrat, merrtayn. **I paid twice as much as you. xelleştha metniya Elik. twig - gsen pl. gsan. twins - twam (no sg.). twine - qennba pl. -t, quaneb coll. to twist - 1. dar idur (road). 2. luwwa iluwwi (s.o.'s arm, a

who to turn to. ma_Ereft le-mmen

rag, etc.). 3. fekk (ankle). two - žuž, zuž; tnin, tnayn (used in combinations, e.g. 22, 32, 42, etc.) **She actually didn't tell me but I can put two and two together. fe-l-haqiqa ma-qalet-li šay, ģir ana kemmelt men Eegli.

in, by twos - žuž b-žuž.

to cut in two - freq or qsem Ela žuž.

type - 1. $nu \in pl$. ? enwa \in , škel pl.

škal, \mathcal{E} eyna pl. -t (kind, sort). huruf (letters).

to type - $dreb \in el-l-9ala$. Do you know how to type? ka-teEref ddreb Eel 1-9ala?

typewriter - %ala katiba pl. %alat katiba, makina d-le-ktaba pl. makinat d-le-ktaba.

typhus - tifus.

tyranny - dolm, togyan.

tyrant - dalem pl. dollam.

П

ugly - xayeb, qbih pl. qbah. That's an ugly picture. hadi teswira xayba.

**They're spreading ugly rumors about him. ka-itkellmu mur dehru. Ujda – wežda.

native of Ujda - weždi pl. adj. weždiyen, n. pl. wžada, hel wežda. umbrella - mdeļļ pl. mduļa.

umpire - hakem pl. hokkam. The umpire got hit by the ball. l-hakem derbettu l-kura.

to be unable - ma-qder-s, ma-mken-lu-s. I'm sorry I'm unable to give you that information. met?essef ma-imken-li-š neEtik had le-xbar.

unbiased - (lli) ka-yehkem mEewwet. On this subject he's quite unbiased. ka-yehkem mEewwet f-had l-muduE.

uncertain - fih š-šekk, ma-mheggeq-š. His trip is still uncertain. ma-zal s-safar dyalu fih š-šekk. 2. Eendu š-šekk. I'm still uncer-

tain whether I'll go. ma-zal Eendi š-šekk waš nemši wella la.

in no uncertain terms - b-saraha. I told him in no uncertain terms what I thought of him. qolt-lu b-saraḥa aš ka-iswa Eendi.

uncle - 1. (paternal) Eemm pl. Emam. 2. (maternal) xal pl. xwal.

uncomfortable - gaseh. That's an uncomfortable chair. had š-šilya gasha.

unconscious - gayeb. He's still unconscious. huwa ma-zal gayeb.

**He was unconscious of the real danger, ma-kan-š ša£er be-l-xatar le-hqiqi.

unconsciously - bla-ma iščer. He did it unconsciously. Emelha bla ma-iš€er.

undecided - ma-mheggeg-š. I'm still

undecided. ana ma-zal ma-mheggeg-š. under - 1. men teht. Slip the letter under the door. duwwes le-bra men teht l-bab. 2. teht. The slippers are under the bed. l-belga teht n-namušiya. 3. Ela hsab. Under the new law, taxes will be higher. Ela hsab l-ganun ž-ždid, d-daribat gad itelEu.

**Is everything under control? waš koll haža mragba? -- I was under the impression that he wanted to go. kan ka-yeḥsab-li bin bġa imši.

underbrusb - hišer.

underneath - teht, teht men. I found the ball underneath the bed. žbert l-kura teht men n-namusiya.

to understand - fhem. He doesn't understand French. ma-ka-ifhem-š le-fransawiya. -- It's understood that you will stay with us. mefhum bin gad tebga mEana.

understanding - mfahma.

to undertake - Emel. I hope you're not planning to undertake that trip alone. ka-ntmenna bin ma-ka-tenwi-š te∈mel had s-safar b-wehdek.

underwear - hwayez tehtiyin (pl.). to undo - 1. hell, fekk. Help me undo this knot. Eawenni baš nhell had l-Eogda. 2. sleh. I'll need a week to undo his work. xessni žem∈a baš nesleh l-xedma dyalu.

undoubtedly - bla šekk.

to undress - zuwwel le-hwayež, heyyed le-hwayež. I'll undress the children. ana jad nzumvel le-hwayež de-d-drari, -- I want to undress before I go to sleep. bgit nzuwwel hwayži qbel-ma nn∈es.

unemployed - bettal pl. -a. unemployment - gellet l-xedma. ungrateful - nekkar l-xir pl. nekkarin
l-xir. He's an ungrateful person.
huwa nekkar l-xir.

unhappy - ma-ši ferhan.

unharmed - bla žerha. He escaped unharmed. menne£ bla žerha.

unimportant - ma-ši muhimm.

union - 1. ttihad pl. -at. Union gives strength. le-ttihad ka-ye£ti l-quwwa. 2. niqaba pl. -t. How many workers are there in this union? Shal de-l-xeddama kaynin f-had n-niqaba.

unique - frid pl. frad.

unit - 1. bab pl. bwab, fesl pl.
fusul. There are twenty units in
this book. had le-ktab fih Eešrin
bab. 2. ferqa pl. -t. They've
transferred him to another unit.
hemmluh l-ferqa xra.

united - mettahed.

United Arab Republic - l-žemhuriya l-Earabiya l-muttahida.

The United States - l-wilayat l-muttahida.

university - žamiča pl. -t.

unjust - 1. mxalef l-heqq. This stipulation is unjust. had s-sert mxalef l-heqq. 2. dalem. He is an unjust man! ražel dalem hada! unknown - mežhul, ma-ši me gruf.

unless - ila ma-. We're coming unless it rains. gadi nžiw ila ma-tahet š-šta.

unlike - ma-ši bhal.

unlikely - muhal. That's very unlikely. had &-&i muhal ikun.
to unload - xwa ixwi. They haven't unloaded the truck yet. bagi

ma-xwaw l-kamiyu.

to unlock - hell le-qfel d-. Unlock the door! hell le-qfel de-l-bab!

unlucky - 1. qbih pl. qbah. It was an unlucky coincidence. kanet wahed s-sedfa qbiha. 2. zogbi, ma-fendu zher. I don't know why I'm always unlucky. ma-freft-s gir flas and dima ma-fendi zher.

unnecessary = ma-\$i daruri. That's
 entirely unnecessary. had \$-\$i
 ma-\$i daruri be-l-koll.

to unpack - žbed, xerrež. I am just unpacking my things. ana ģir ka-nežbed hwayži.

unpleasant - qbih pl. qbah. I have
 some unpleasant news for you. ana
 Eendi \$i-xbar qbih lilek.

unreasonable - ma-ši meEqul.

to untie - hell. Can you untie this knot for me? waš imken-lek thell-li had l-Eoqda? --Wait till I untie

the package. tsenna hetta nhell l-bakit. —My shoe is untied. sebbati mehlul.

until - 1. hetta l-. Wait until tomorrow. tsenna hetta l-gedda.
2. hetta. Wait until I come.
tsennani hetta nži.

unusual – ma-ši men l- $\mathcal{E}ada$, $\dot{g}rib$ pl. -in.

unwise - qlil le-mbalya pl. qlal le-mbalya.

up = 1. l-fuq. Hands up! hezz
yeddik l-fuq! 2. fe-l-fuq. I'm
up here. ana fe-l-fuq hna.

**Is he up already? was huwa nad beEda? -Your time is up. l-9ažal dyalek tfedda. --Shut up! *sedd fommek! -- We all have our ups and downs. nhar lilek u-nhar Elik. --What's up? aš kayen. --He's up and around again. huwa bra u-bda ka-ixrož. --He was walking up and down the room. kan ka-imši w-iži fe-l-bit. -- The decision is up to you. le-fsal dyalek. --What's he up to this time? as gad yeemel had n-nuba? --Because of the windstorm trains were up to two hours late. Ela gibal r-rih qwi l-mašinat t∈ettlu hetta b-sactayn. -- She only comes up to my shoulder. ma-ka-tewsel-li gir l-ketfi. --Up to now he hasn't answered. hetta l-daba ma-zal

uphill - tales. This road goes uphill. had t-triq talsa.

ma-žaweb-š.

upkeep - masarif. The upkeep on my car is too expensive. l-masarif dyal t-tumubil dyali galyin bezzaf.

upper - fuqani. The fire started on one of the upper floors. l-Eafya bdat f-wehda men t-tabaqat l-fuqaniyin.

**Write the page number in the upper right-hand corner. kteb r-ream de-s-sefha l-fuq u-fe-l-qent l-limni.

upset - mqelleq. He was all upset.
kan mqelleq bezzaf.

**I have an upset stomach. Eendi le-wže£ f-kerši.

to upset - 1. qleb. Be careful or you'll upset the pitcher. redd balek wella rak gadi teqleb l-gerraf. --You're upsetting the boat! rak gadi teqleb le-fluka. --The rain upset our plans. š-šta qelbet-lna l-bernamež. 2. qelleq. Nothing upsets him. hetta haža ma-ka-tqellqu.

upside down - meqlub.
upstairs - 1. fuqani. --The upstairs
apartment 1s vacant. s-sokna
l-fuqaniya xawya. 2. fe-l-fuqi.
He's upstairs. huwa fe-l-fuqi.
urge - regba pl. -t. I felt the urge

urge - regba pl. -t. I felt the urge
to tell him what I thought of him.
hessit b-wahed r-regba bas nqul-lu
as ka-iswa Eendi.

to urge - rgeb irgob. She urged us to stay longer. regbetna baš ngeEdu kter.

urgent - mezrub. I have an urgent request. ana Eendi talab mezrub.

use - 1. fayda pl. -t. What's the use of arguing? šni hiya l-fayda dyal le-mžadla? 2. ġarad. I have no use for two. ma-fendi-š l-ġarad b-žuž.

**It's no use hurrying. ma-kayen Elaš z-zerba. --It's no use, we've got to do it. ma-kayen walu, xessna nemlu had š-ši.

to be of use - \$\langle ah. Will that be of any use to you? was had \(\simes - \si \) \(\delta a \) is \(\langle ah - \

to use -1. steEmel. I can't use these tickets. ma-imken-li-š nesteEmel had le-btayeq. 2. xeddem. Please show me how to use this machine. Eafak werrını kıf-aš nxeddem had $l-{}^{9}ala$.

used to - 1. kan (plus imperfect).

I used eat in a restaurant before

I got married. kont ka-nakol fe-l-met \(\xi \) malef. She's used to getting up at seven o'clock. hiya mwalfa tnud fe-s-seb\(\xi \) a.

to get used to - 1. wellef. I've got my children used to eating at five o'clock. welleft d-drari dyali yaklu fe-l-xemsa. 2. twellef. I can't get used to getting up at three in the morning. ma-imken-li-8 ntwellef nnud fe-t-tlata de-s-sbah.

--He never got used to that custom. Eemmru ma-twellef b-had l-Eada.

useful - mufid. I've found this book very useful. lqit had le-ktab mufid bezzaf.

useless - (lli) ma-ka-işlah. This map is useless to me. had l-xarita ma-ka-teşlah-li hetta haža.

ususal - \(\xi_a di\). The train arrived at the usual time. \(l-ma\)sina we slet \(fe-l-\)we qt \(l-\xi_a di\).

**We'll see each other at the usual place. ntšawfu fe-l-mahell l-meelum.

as usual - bhal l- ℓ ada. Everything went along as usual. koll-ši bqa mmešši bhal l- ℓ ada.

usually - men Eadtu. I usually go to see them twice a week. men Eadti ka-nemši nšufhom žuž de-l-merrat fe-ž-žem£a.

V

vacant - xawi. The house has been vacant for a week. hadi žem€a u-d-dar xawya.

to vacate - xwa ixwi. When are you going to vacate the house? fuq-as gadi texwi d-dar?

vacation - Ewašer, Eotla pl. -t. The children are looking forward to their vacation. d-drari ka-itsennaw le-Ewašer b-koll farah.

on vacation - mEuser. Ahmed is on vacation. hmed rah mEuser. vain - menfux. That is a very vain

man' ražel menfux bezzaf hada!

in vain - bla fayda. The doctor
tried in vain to save the hov's li

tried in vain to save the boy's life. t-tbib hawel bla fayda imenne l-weld men l-mut.

valuable - (lli) Eendu qima. That's a valuable ring. had l-xatem
'Eendha qima.

valuables - hwayež lli Eendhom l-qima. You'd better lock your valuables in the safe. hsen-lek tšedd Eel le-hwayež lli Eendhom l-qima fe-s-senduq.

value - qima. This book has no value.

had le-ktab ma-Eendu qima.

to value - 1. Etaber. I value his friendship highly. ka-neEtaber shebtu bezzaf. 2. qedder. What do you value your house at? be-shal qedderti darek?

to vanish - gber. My father vanished during the war. bba gber f-weqt l-herb.

vapor - fwar.

variety - škel pl. škal, nu£ pl.
nwa£. We have a wide variety of
shirts. Eendna bezzaf de-š-škal
de-l-qamizat. --How many varieties
of apples do you have in your orch

orchard? shal men nu de-t-teffah Eendek fe-l-Eersa? various - mnuoweE. I have various reasons. Eendi sbab mnuwwEin. **The table was decorated with various kinds of flowers. t-tabla kanet mziyyna b-bel&a de-l-9enwa& de-n-nuwwar. varnish - berniz. How long does it take the varnish to dry? šhal xessu l-berniz ibqa baš iybes? to varnish - bernez. We just varnished the floor. Ead bernezna to vary - 1. tgeyyer. The size varies in each case. le-qyas ka-itģeyyer. f-koll merra. 2. beddel. You can vary the colors if you wish. imken-lek theddel l-lwan ila bgiti. vase - gorraf pl. graref. veal - lhem d-le-Ežel. veal cutlet - šekla d-le-čžel pl. škali d-le-Ežel. vegetables - xodra (coll). veil - ltam pl. -at. vein - Eerg pl. Erug. velvet - mwobber. venereal disease - merd n-nuwwar. vengeance - tar. vent - tenfisa pl. tnafes. venture - mgamra pl. -t. It was a dangerous venture. kanet mgamra xtira. to venture - xater. I wouldn't venture to go out in this cold. ma-nxater-š nexrož f-had l-berd. --Nothing ventured, nothing gained. lli ma-ka-ixater walu, ma-irbeh walu. on the verge of - Elayen. She's on the verge of a breakdown. hiya Elayen ttxelxel. -I was on the verge of telling him. Elayen kont ġadi ngulha-lu. versus - dedd. vertical - Eamudi. very - 1. bezzaf. The bank is not very far from here l-benk ma-b∈ida-š bezzaf men hna. 2. tamamen. He's the very man you want. hada huwa tamamen r-ražel lli ka-ixessek. --She left the very next day. mšat tamamen n-nhar lli men beEd. very much - bezzaf, bezzaf Ead. I liked it very much. Ežebni bezzaf vest - žili pl. -yat, bed€iya pl. -t.

vicinity - nahiya pl. nawahi. There

are good restaurants in the vicinity

of the railroad station. kaynin mataEim mezyanin f-nahiyet l-lagar. vicious - wehši. The dog is vicious. l-kelb wehši. victim - 1. dhiya pl. -t. He was the third to fall victim to the killer. kan huwa t-talet lli mša dhiya de-l-qettal. 2. frisa pl. frayes. He was the victim of a swindle. kan frisa f-wahed tašeffaret. victor - rabeh pl. rabhin. victory - nser. view - mender pl. manadir. You have a nice view from here. Eendek mender mezyan men hna. vile - 1. qbih pl. qbah. Where's that vile smell coming from? mnayn žayya had r-riha le-qbiha? 2. xbit pl. xbat. He's a vile man. huwa ražel xbit. village - qerya pl. -t, duwwar pl. dwawer. vinegar - xell. to violate - xalef. That's not the first time he's violated the law. hadi ma-ši hiya l-merra l-luwwla lli xalef l-ganun. violation - mxalfa pl. -t. violent - mežhed. violin - kamanža pl. -t. violinist - kamanži pl. -ya. virtue - fadila pl. fada?il. Patience is a virtue. ş-şber fadila. vision - nder. His vision is getting poor. n-nder dyalu bda ka-id&af. visit - zyara pl. -t. to visit - zar izur. visitor - zayer pl. zwwwar. voice - helq pl. hluq. He has a beautiful voice. Eendu wahed l-helq mezyan. volume - žoz? pl. ?ažza?. Volume Fifteen of this magazine is missing. ka-ixess l-žoz? l-xemstaš dyal had l-mažella. volunteer - $mutatawi \in pl. -in.$ to vomit - gell, tqeyya. vote - 1. sewt pl. ?eswat. How many votes did he get? šhal de-l-?eşwat Elaš hessel? 2. teswit. He succeeded on the third vote. fe-t-teswit t-talet. to vote - suwwet. Who did you vote for? le-mmen summetti? -- I voted against the proposal. summett dedd had le-gtirah. to vouch for - dmen. I vouch for him. ana damnu. voyage - sfer, sefra pl. -t.

W

to wage - dar idir. They can't wage a long war. ma-iqedru-š idiru herb twila. wages - ?ožra pl. -t. Are you satisfied with your wages? was ferhan be-?žortek? wagon - kerruşa pl. t, krareş. Hitch the horses to the new wagon. l-xil l-l-kerruşa ž-ždida. waist - hzam pl. hzamat, kerš pl. kruš, kruša. I took the pants in at the waist. ngest men s-serwal f-le-hzam. wait - msayna pl. -t. We have an hour's wait before the train gets in. Eendna saEa d-le-msayna qbel-ma ıži l-qitar. to lie in wait - ttelles. Thev were lying in wait for us. kanu mtellsin-lna. to wait - 1. tsenna. We found him waiting at the station. žbernah ka-itsenna f-le-mhetta. --He kept me waiting an hour. xellanı ka-ntsenna saka. 2. şber. I can't wait any longer. ma-neqder-š nesber kter men dak š-ši. 3. bga ibga. That can wait tıll tomorrow. dak š-šı imken-lu ibqa hetta l-ģedda. **I can hardly wait to see him. ma-nertah gir ila šeftu. --Go to bed, don't wait up for me. gir sir tences, ma-tebqa-š fayeq ka-ttsennani. to wait for - tsenna. I'll wait for you until five o'clock. gadi ntsennak hetta l-xemsa. **I can hardly wait for the day. lehla yehremni gir ila šeft dak n-nhar.Will to wait on - serba iserbi. you please wait on me now? serbini Eafak daba. waiter - serbay pl. -a. waiting room - $qa \in a d-le-ntidar$. waitress - serbaya pl. -t, xeddama pl. -t.to wake - fiyyeq. Please wake me at seven o'clock. fiyyeqni fe-s-seb€a Eafak. to wake up - 1. faq ifiq, derbettu l-figa. I didn't wake up until

eight this morning. ma-derbetni

2. fiyyeq. The noise woke me up.

l-fiqa hetta le-t-tmenya had ş-şbah.

l-haraž fiyyeqni. walk - 1. msarya pl. -t. Did you have a nice walk? waš Eežbatek le-msarya? 2. mešya pl. -t. You can recognize him by his walk. imken-lek t∈eqlu men mšiytu. to take a walk - tsara. Let's take a walk. yallah nemšiw ntsaraw. to walk - 1. tmešša, mša imši Ela režlih. Shall we walk or take the bus? nemšiw Ela režlina wella nrekbu fe-t-tubis? 2. tmešša, tleq režlih. Can the little boy walk yet? was bda le-wlived itleq režlih? --Our maid walked out on l-metEellma dyalna herbet Elina. to walk down - nzel, hbet. were walking down the stairs. konna habtin mEa d-druž. to walk up - $t le \xi$. He can't walk up the stairs. ma-igder-s itleE fe-d-druž. wall - 1. heyt, hit pl. hyut, hitan. Hang the picture on this wall. Eelleg t-teswira f-had l-hit. --Only the walls are still standing. ma-bqaw waqfin gir le-hyut. pl. swar. The old city is surrounded by walls. le-mdina dayrin biha ş-şwar. **They've walled up that doorway. bnaw Eel l-bab. wallet - bestam pl. bsatem. I've lost my wallet. mša-li beztami. walnut - gerga£a pl. -t. coll. gerga£. walnut tree – šežra de−l-gerga∈ pl. -t de-l-gerga€ coll. šžer de-l-gerga£. want - $htiya \geq pl$. -at. My wants are very modest. le-htiyažat dyali griba bezzaf. **I'll take it for want of something better. gad naxdu hit ma-kayen ma hsen. to want - 1. bġa (imperfect ibġi is not usually translatable as 'to want'). I want to go swimming. bģit nemši n∈um. 2. tļeb, bģa ibģi. How much do you want for those three sheep? * * hal ka-ttleb f-had t-tlata . d-le-kbaš? **He is wanted by the police. š-šorta ka-tfetteš Elih. war - herb pl. hrub. wardrobe - mariyu pl. -wat. What are

your shoes doing in my wardrobe? &-ka-idir &ebbatek fe-l-mariyu dyali?

warehouse - hri pl. herya.

warm - dafi. It's very warm today.
l-hal dafi bezzaf l-yum.

to warm oneself - sxen isxon. Come in and warm yourself by the fire. dxol tesxon qeddam l-Eafya.

to warm up - sexxen. Please warm up the soup for me. sexxen-li le-hrira Eafak.

warmth - sxuniya pl. -t.

to warn - nebbeh. I was warned about him. nebbhuni Elih.

warning - tenbih pl. -at. Let that be a warning to you' ra hada tenbih lilek! or redd balek had l-merra! to warp - teemwež, tluwwa. This wood will warp. had l-Eud gad itEemwež. wash - tesbina pl. -t, coll. tesbin.

The wash isn't finished yet. t-tesbin bagi ma-kmel.

to wash - 1. sebben. I didn't have time to wash my socks.

ma-žbert-š l-weqt baš nsebben tqašri.

2. ģsel. She hasn't washed the floor yet. ma-zala ma-ģeslet l-erd.

--I'd like to wash (up) before supper. ma-da biya negsel qbel le-Eša.

3. tşebben. Does this material wash? waš had t-tub ka-itşebben?

**Last spring the flood washed away the dam. r-rbi£ lli fat l-hemla ddat s-sedd. —The sea washed a lot of dead fish up on the beach. le-bher lah bezzaf de-l-hut minuet.

washcloth - kis de-l-hemmam pl. kyusa de-l-hemmam.

waste - 1. tedya£. It's just a waste of time and energy. hada gir tedya£ l-weqt u-ž-žehd.

**Haste makes waste. l-far le-mgelleg men seEd l-gett.

to go to waste - da idit. A good cook doesn't let anything go to waste. t-tebbaxa l-mezyana ma-ka-txelli hetta šī idit.

to lay waste - heddem. The earthquake has laid waste the entire city. z-zelzal heddem le-blad kollha.

to waste - diyye. He wastes a lot of time talking. ka-idiyye bezzaf de-l-weqt fe-l-klam.

wastebasket - sellat l-muhmalat.

watch - magana pl. -t, mwagen. By my
watch it's five o'clock. hadi
l-xemsa f-maganti.

to watch - 1. miyyes f-. I've been watching him for some time. hadi modda w-ana ka-nmiyyes fih.

2. šaf išuf. Watch how I do it. šuf kif ka-ndirha.

3. hda yehdi, gabel. Who's going to watch the children? **Skun lli gadi yehdi d-drari? 4. hda yehdi, Eess Ela. That fellow needs close watching. dak xıyyna xeşş lli iEess Elih men grib.

**Watch your step | Eendak! or redd balek!

to watch out - redd balu. Watch out when you cross the street. redd balek mnin tegte & t-triq.

**Watch out for that fellow. hdi

rasek men dak xiyyna.

water - ma pl. myah. Please give me a glass of water. Etini kas de-l-ma Eafak.

to water - 1. sqa isqi. I water the flowers every day. koll nhar ka-nesqi n-nuwwar. 2. dme£. My eyes are watering. Eeyniya ka-idem£u. 3. šerreb. Have you watered the horses yet? waš šerrebti l-xil wella ma-zal?

**This cake makes my mouth water. had l-helwa ka-džerri-li l-ma f-fommi.

watermelon - dellaha pl. -t. coll. dellah.

waterproof - (lli) ma-ka-idexxel-\$ l-ma. Is this coat waterproof? had l-baltu ma-ka-idexxel-\$ l-ma?

wave - muša pl. -t, mwaž. The waves are very high today. l-mužat Ealyin bezzaf l-yum.

to wave - 1. ferfer, refref. The flags were waving in the breeze. r-rayat kanu ka-iferfru m£a r-rih.

2. šiyyer b-. Somebody was waving a handkerchief. ši-wahed kan ka-išiyyer b-derra.

3. šiyyer b-iddu. I waved to him. šiyyert-lu b-iddi.

wax - 1. šma£. Don't put this doll hear the fire; it's only made of wax. la-te£mel-ši had t-te\$wira hda l-£afya, raha gir de-š-šma£.
2. dehna pl. -t, tla. This furnitur

wax has a strange odor. had $t-t \nmid a$ fih $\delta i-riha f-\delta i-\delta kel$.

to wax - sqel, tla itli. The furniture gets waxed once a month. ka-nseqlu l-?atat merra fe-š-šher.

way - 1. triq pl. torqan. Is this the way to town? was hadi hiya t-triq l-le-mdina? --I don't want you to go out of your way for my sake. ma-nebgik-ši tewwež triqek ela weddi.

--Make way for the doctor. diru t-trig le-t-tbib. 2. hal pl. hwal. That's just his way. hadak huwa halu. 3. hala pl. -t. I'm afraid he's in a bad way. ka-nxaf ikun f-ši-hala qbiha. 4. žiha pl. -t, žwayeh. Are you going my way? waš gadi men žihti? 5. kifiya. Let's do this work in a different way. aži ndiru had l-xedma b-ši-kifiya \$ra.

**That's no way to treat people. ma-ši hakda ka-it€amlu n-nas. -- That's no way to behave. hadik ma-ši sira. -- Do you know your way around here? ka-teEref t-torgan d-had ž-žiha? — Everything is going along (in) the same old way. koll-ši rah bagi kif kan bekri. - Have it your own way. dir lli bgiti. --I paid my own way. xelleşt Ela raşi. -- That's the way he wants it. hakdak ka-ibgi. --What have you got in the way of radios? š-men škula de-r-radyuwat Eendek? --His house is just across the way. daru raha ģir fe-ž-žiha le-xra de-t-triq. -The school is a long way from our house. l-medrasa žat bEida Ela -Ramadan is still a long darna. way off. remdan bagi b€id. don't see any other way out. ma-ka-nšuf-ši ši-hell axor. --Which is the way out? fayn bab le-xruž? -You'll have to make your way through this crowd with your elbows. be-d-draf xessek tsellek rasek f-had z-zehma. --He has a way with children. ka-yeEref le-d-drari. -- They have a farm way out in the country. Eendhom wahed le-Ezib wahli fayn f-berra. --We went by way of Casablanca. dezna Eel d-dar l-bida. --He said it by way of a joke. qalha gir b-le-mzah. --This is in no way better than what you had before. had š-ši ma-fih ma hsen men lli kan Eendek. -In what way is that better? b-aš hadak ši-hsen? --You shouldn't do the work that way ma-ši hakda xeşşek te€mel had l-xedma. -- This place is somewhat out of the way. had l-mahell ža mxebbe & si-swiya. -- We went out of our way to make him feel at home. ma-xellina ma Emelna baš išEer b-rasu bhal lli f-mahellu. ---Make way! balak! (sg.), balaku! (pl.) we - hna, hnaya.

weak - 1. xfif pl. xfaf. Do you like coffee strong or weak? ka-tebģi l-qehwa qasha wella xfifa? 2. d£if pl. d£af. I feel a little weak. ka-nhess b-rasi d£if šwiya.

weakness - 1. \$\doldow{\ellipsi}\$. The doctor told her that her weakness was due to undernourishment. \$t-tbib qal-lha d-do\ellipsi dyalha sbabu qellt l-makla.

-You have to do something with your boy about his weakness in arithmetic xessek te\ellipsi dellipsi l-meldek \ellipsi dellipsi dyalu f-le-hsab. 2. \ellipsi b pl. \ellipsi yub. That's one of his weaknesses. hadak \ellipsi b men le-\ellipsi yub lli fih. wealthy - \ellipsi ani, mreffeh. He married

a wealthy widow. džumvež b-hežžala mreffha.
weapon - slah (coll.). All weapons

weapon - slak (coll.). All weapons have to be turned over to the police. s-slah kollu ka-ixessu itsellem le-š-šorta.

wear - ma ittelbes. There's still a
lot of wear left in these shoes.
had s-sebbat ma-sal fih ma ittelbes.

**The cuffs are showing signs of wear. le-kmam bdaw itbalaw.

to wear - 1. lbes. He never wears a fez. Eemmru ma-ka-ilbes t-terbus.
2. sber. This coat didn't wear well. had l-kebbut ma-sber-s bezzaf.

to wear down - 1. ttkel. These heels are all worn down. had l-gedmiyat tteklu bezzaf. 2. ġleb. We finally wore him down. ma-mšina hetta ġlebnah.

to wear out - 1. hlek, sala m£a. He wears out his shoes very fast. deġya deġya ka-ihlek şbabţu. --Just don't wear yourself out. ġir ma-tehlek-š raṣek. 2. ttkel, tbala. Our furniture is worn out. ?atatna tbala.

weary - Eeyyan. I get very weary at times. beEd l-merrat ka-nkun Eeyyan bezzaf.

weather - hal.

**I'm a little under the weather today. rani šwiya ma-ši huwa hadak l-yum.

to weave - nsež. The children wove this rug at school. had z-zerbiya nesžuha d-drari fe-l-medrasa.

weaver - derraz pl. -a. weaving - taderrazet.

wedding - Eers pl. Erasat.

Wednesday - 1-arbeE.

weed - rbiEa qbiha pl. rbiEat qbah coll. rbiE qbih. The whole garden is full of weeds. Z-Znan kollu Eamer be-r-rbiE le-qbih.

to weed - neqqa. I've got to weed the garden. xessni nneqqi ž-žnan. week - žem£a pl. -at, ?usbu£ pl. ?asabi£. I'll be back in three weeks. ġad nerže£ men daba tlata de-ž-žem£at.

a week from tomorrow - bhal ģedda. He'll come a week from tomorrow. ġad iži bhal ģedda.

weekend - ?axir ž-žem£a, ?exxer ž-žem£a. We decided to spend the weekend at the lake. m£ewwlin baš nduwwzu ?exxer ž-žem£a fe-d-daya.

weekly - 1. žarida ?usbu£iya. He publishes a weekly. ka-inšer žarida ?usbu£iya. 2. ?usbu£i. Is your weekly report ready? waš t-tegrir l-?usbu£i dyalek mwežšed? 3. merra fe-ž-žem£a. This magazine appears weekly. had l-mažella ka-texroš merra fe-ž-žem£a.

to weep - bka ibki.

to weigh - wsen. Please weigh this package for me. wsen-li had l-bakit Eafak. --He always weighs his words. dima ka-yuzen klamu.

**This piece of meat weighs two kilos. had t-terf de-l-lhem fih žuž kilu.

weight - 1. serf pl. sruf, srufa. The weights are under the scale. s-sruf rahom teht l-misan. 2. misan, tqol. The weight of the box is a hundred kilos. tqol s-senduq myat kilu.

**Don't attach too much weight to what he says. ma-teddiha-s bezzaf fe-klamu! —His opinion carries great weight. r-reyy dyalu Eendu te?tir kbir.

to lose weight - dEaf, tiyyes. When I was sick I lost a lot of weight. l-weqt lli kont mrid dEafit bezzaf.

welcome - mrehba (b.). Welcome, welcome, please come in. mrehba, mrehba, tfeddel zid. --Welcome to our house mrehba bik Eendna.

**You're welcome! (in response to thanks). bla žmil! --You're always welcome to use my car. imken-lek taxod siyarti weqt-emma bğiti b-koll farah. --You're always welcome here rak dima bhal lli f-mahellek hnaya. --That is the most welcome news I've heard in a long time. hada ?ehsen xbar sme&tu men hadi modda.

welcome - 1. rehheb b. They welcomed us very warmly. rehhbu bina b-qelbhom u-žwarehhom. 2. qbel b-farah. He would welcome the opportunity to go abroad. ġad iqbel l-mešya l-l-xariž b-farah.

well - 1. bir pl. byar. They're digging a well back of the house. rahom ka-ihefru bir mur d-dar.

2. bezzaf. Do you know him well? ka-teerfu bezzaf?

3. mezyan. He works well. ka-ixdem mezyan.

4. iwa. Well, just as you wish. iwa kif tebġi.

**He couldn't very well refuse to come. ma-qder-š tamamen irfed baš iži. —The new business is doing very well. l-haraka ž-ždida ka-ttmešša f-ġaya. —The patient is doing very well today. le-mrid bdat dzyan haltu l-yum. —I'm not feeling well. ma-ka-nhess-š b-rasi huwa hadak. —He is quite well off. huwa la-bas Elih tbarek llah. —He's well off there. ma-xessu hetta haža temma.

as well as - 1. u-kadalik. He knows German as well as several other languages. ka-yecref l-?almaniya u-kadalik & adad de-l-lugat &rin. 2. bhal. He talks Arabic as well as I do. ka-itkellem l-&erbiya bhali.

to get well - rtah. First I must get well again. ka-ixessni nertah huwa l-luwwel. —I hope you get well soon! ka-ntmenna-lek degya tertah.

well-to-do - la-bas ∈lih, xwaži pl. -yin, xwaža. His parents are wellto-do. waldih xwažiyin.

west - gerb.

western - ġerbi. They live in the western part of the state. ka-iseknu fe-ž-žiha l-ġerbiya de-l-wilaya.

wet - 1. fazeg. My socks are wet.
tqašri fazgin. 2. mrewwi. We had a
wet summer. daz Elina sif mrewwi.
3.tri, xder. The paint is still wet.
s-sbaġa ma-zala triya.

what - 1. aš, š-, šnu. What would you like to eat? aš tebģi takol?

—What's the color of the gloves? šnu huwa l-lun de-ş-şebba£at?

—What do you need this for? l-aš ġad teḥtaž had š-ši? —What are you doing here? š-ka-ddir hna?

2. š-men. What things are missing? š-men hwayež ka-ixesşu? —Do you know what train we're supposed to take? ka-te£ref fe-š-men qitar xesşna nrekbu? —What house are you living in? fe-š-men dar ka-teskon?

**That's just what I wanted to avoid. dak š-ši huwa lli bgit nehdi rasi mennu. —I don't know what's what any more. ma-bqit-š nefref rasi š-ka-nefmel. —What time is it? šhal hadi fe-s-safa? —What nonsense! Ela Eqel! —What beautiful flowers you have in your garden! walayenni werdat mezyanin fendek fe-l-fersa!

what about -u, w. What about me? w-ana? —What about the job you applied for? u-l-xedma lli tlebti? —What about your appointment? u-l-mi \in ad lli \in endek?

what ... for - Elas. What did you do that for? Elas Emelti dak s-si? what if - w-ila. What if your friends don't get here at all? w-ila shabek be-l-koll ma-žaw-s?

what is more - u-zaydun, u-fuq had š-ši. And what's more, he is very efficient. u-zaydun Eendu meqdura kbira.

what of it - u-men $be \not\in d$, $u-\check{s}-kayen$. He didn't get there in time, but what of it? $ma-wsel-\check{s}$ l-temma fe-l-weqt, u-men $be \not\in d$?

whatever - I. (dak š-ši) lli. Whatever he does is all right with me. lli Emel ana mwafeq Elih.

2. be-l-koll. I have no money whatever. ma-Eendi flus be-l-koll.

**Whatever made you do that?

\$-men Eqel gal-lek ddir dak \$-\$i?

wheat - gemh.
wheel - rwida pl. -t., rwayed. This
wheel needs to be tightened. had

**He wheeled around suddenly and fired. dar degya u-xerrež le-Emara.

when - 1. fuq-aš, weqt-aš. When can I see you again? fuq-aš imken-li nšufek? 2. mnayn, mnin, melli. When you finish your work you can go. mnayn tsali šģalek imken-lek temši. --I wasn't home when he called. ma-kont-š fe-d-dar melli čeyyet.

3. melli, ila. When he calls up, tell him I'm not home. ila Eeyyet qul-lu m-ana-š fe-d-dar. 4. u. You'd scarcely gone when he came. yallah kif mšiti u-huwa ža.

whenever - fuq-emma. Come to see us whenever you have time. aži šufna fuq-emma kan Eendek l-weqt.

**Whenever did you find time to write? gir fuq-aš žberti l-weqt baš tekteb.

where - 1. fayn, fin. Where are they living now? fayn ka-iseknu daba?
2. layn, fayn, fin. Where are you going? layn gadi nta?
3. (fe-l-mahell) fayn. We found him just where we told him to wait for us. Ebernah tamamen (fe-l-mahell) fayn qolna-lu itsennana.

**Is this the house where they live? was hadi d-dar lli saknin fiha?

where ... from - 1. mnayn, mnin.

Where did all this money come from? mnayn žaw had le-flus kollhom?

2. mnina blad. Where does your friend come from? mnina blad şabbek?

**Where I come from it often rains for weeks. fe-bladi ktir-ma ka-ttih

š-šta žem£a Ela žem£a.

wherever - I. fayn-emma, fin-emma.

Wherever you are, don't forget to write me. fayn-emma konti, ma-tensa-š tekteb-li. 2. layn-emma, l-?eyy mahell. Wherever you go in this part of the country you'll find good roads. layn-emma mšiti f-had ž-žiha d-le-blad ģadi tṣib torqan megyana.

whether - waš, kan. I'd like to know whether he's coming. nebġi necṛef waš ġad iži. --Let me see whether that rascal is still there. xellini nšuf waš dak xiyyna baqi temma.

which - 1. Smen. Which bag did you pick out? S-men Sekkara xterti?

--Which car did you put the food in? fe-S-men siyara derti l-makla?

2. lli. Please return the book (which) you borrowed. men fedlek redd le-ktab lli sellefti.

whichever - lli. Take whichever (one) you want. xud lli bgiti.

while - 1. Swiya, Sway. You'll have to wait a while. xessek ttsenna Swiya. 2. mnayn, mnin. He came while we were out. ža mnin konna berra.

3. ma-hedd. I want to arrive while it's still light. bgit nusel ma-hedd ma-zal d-duw. 4. u. Some people live in luxury, while others starve. \$i & eyye\$ fe-r-rafahiya u-\$rin ka-imutu be-\$-\$u\$.

**It isn't worthwhile. ma-temma fayda.

to while away - tellef. I'm whiling away the time playing cards. ka-ntellef l-weqt be-l-karta.

whip - msuta pl. -at, msawet to whip - sewwet, dreb b-le-msuta. He whipped the horse mercilessly. sewwet l-Eewd bla mhenna.

whisper - tweswis, tweswisa pl.

-t. His throat was so sore that he could only talk in a whisper. helqu mred-lu hetta ma-bqa iqder itkellem gir be-t-tweswis.

to whisper - weswes. She whispered it in my ear. weswestha-li f-wedni. whistle - 1. seffara pl. -t, sfafer. He signaled to us with his whistle. Elemna b-seffartu. 2. tesfira pl. -t. The signal was one long and

white one short whistle. l- $\mathcal{E}alama$ kanet fiha tesfira twila u-tesfira qsira. to whistle - seffer. Who's whistling? škun ka-işeffer? 'white - byed pl. buyed. She was wearing a white dress. kanet labsa keswa bida. white (of egg) - byed. -- I put in the whites of four eggs. Emelt le-byed d-reb€a de-l-bidat. whitewash - žir pl. žyur. The whitewash is peeling off the walls. ž-žir d-le-hyut bda itqeššer. to whitewash - žiyyer, biyyed. How long will it take you to whitewash the garage? *hal de-l-weqt xessek baš tbiyyed l-garaž? who - 1. škun. Who was the last one to use this book? škun t-talı lli steEmel had le-ktab? -- Who do you want? škun bģiti? 2. men, -mmen. Who are you looking for? Ela men ka-tfetteš? --Who did you give the book to? le-mmen Etiti le-ktab? 3. lli. Do you know the child who's playing out there? $ka-te \in ref$ dak d-derri lli ka-il Eeb temma? whoever - lli. Whoever wants this apple may have it. lli bġa had t-teffaha yaxodha. whole - kamel, koll-. He ate the whole cake by himself. kla l-helwa kamla b-wehdu. on the whole - $fe-l-\check{z}omla$. On the whole, I agree with you. fe-l-žomla ka-nttafeg mEak. wholesale - be-l-zomla. They sell only wholesale. ma-ka-ibi&u ģir be-l-žomla. wholly - tamamen. whooping cough - Eewwaqa. whose - 1. de-mmen, dyal men. Whose noun). Whose house do you live in? f-dar men ka-teskon? 3. lli ... (plus noun with possessive ending).

watch is this? de-mmen had l-magana? men (in construct with a preceding Mr Tazi's the one whose house I live in. s-si t-tazi huwa lli ka-nskon f-daru. why - Elaš. Why didn't he come

yesterday? Elaš ma-ža-š l-bareh? that's why - biha b-as, Ela dak š-ši, hadak Elaš. That's why I didn't call you. biha b-as ma-Eeyyett-lek-š.

wide - 1. wase ξ . This street is very wide. had z-zenga was Ea bezzaf. 2. kbir pl. kbar. They have a wide selection of shoes. Eendhom mežmuEa kbira de-ş-şbabet.

**Is this jellaba wide enough for

you? had ž-žellaba geddek fe-t-tisaE?

to open wide - terreE. Open the windows wide. terre& š-šražem. to widen - wesse E. They're going to widen our street. gad iwessEu z-zenqa dyalna.

widow - hežžala pl. -t.

widower - hežžal pl. -in, hžažel.

width - Eord, tisaE. The room is four meters in width. l-bit fih reb£a miter de-t-tisa£.

wife - mra (construct form mrat) pl. Eyal, Eyalat; zewža pl. -t. She's the wife of a famous actor. hadik mrat wahed l-mumettil mešhur. wild - wehši.

**My boy is wild about ice cream. weldi mešlum Eel l-basta.

wild animal - wehš pl. whus. There are no wild animals in this forest. ma-kaynın whuš f-had l-ģaba.

wilderness - xla.

will - 1. Eazima pl. -t, Eazayem. He has a strong will. Eendu Eazima qwiyya. 2. wsiya pl. -t. He died without leaving a will. mat bla-ma ıxelli wsiya.

to will - kteb, xella, hebbes Ela. He willed all his property to the city. hebbes melku kollu Eel le-mdina.

I will, you will, etc. - 1. gadi, gad, ga- (plus imperfect tense). I'll go tomorrow. ġad nemši ġedda. 2. (imperfect tense). I'll see you at three o'clock. nšufek fe-t-tlata.

**Will you please reserve a room for me? hbes-li ši-rehba llah ibarek fik. --He won't get anywhere. ma-gad iqdi-šay.

would - 1. (imperfect tense). He would never take the job. Eemmru ma-išedd l-xedma. 2. bģa (past negative only). She wouldn't take it. ma-bgat-š taxodha.

would have - 1. kan (plus the imperfect tense). He would never have gotten that job if it hadn't been for his father. Eemmru ma-kan išedd dak l-xedma kun ma-kan-š bbah. -- I would've gone to the movies with you but I didn't have any money. kont nemši mEak le-s-sinima be-l-hegg ma-kanu Eendi flus. (the imperfect tense). I did it, but if he hadn't hit me I wouldn't have done it. Emeltha, be-l-hegg kun ma-drebni-š ma-neEmelha.

I would like, you would like,

etc. – nebģi, tebģi, etc. would you like to drink? š-tebģi tešrob? --We haven't seen you at all as much as we would like. ma-šefnak kif nebģiw.

I would rather, you would rather, etc. - nfeddel, tfeddel, etc. We would rather live in the country. nfeddlu nseknu f-berra.

willing - qabel. He's willing to help us. · huwa qabel baš i&awenna. will power - Eazima.

to wilt - tterxa, dbal.

to win - rbeh. I'm going to win this game. ana jad nerbeh f-had l-leEba. **I've won him over to our side.

žerritu l-žihetna.

wind - rih pl. ryah. There was a violent wind last night. ši-rih mežhed l-bareh fe-l-lil.

**There's something in the wind.

ši-haža ka-truž. **I got wind of it yesterday. l-bareh wşelni xbar had š-ši. to wind - 1. tluwwa, Ewaž. The road winds through the mountains. mluwwya ma bin le-žbal. 2. duwwer. Wind it around my finger. duwwerha-li Ela şebEi. 3. telleE. I forgot to wind my watch. nsit

ma-țeļļeEt-š maganti. to wind up - 1. lunwa, gennet. Will you help me wind up this yarn? Eafak tEawenni nluwwi had l-xit? 2. sala, fedda, seffa. They gave him two weeks' time in which to wind up his affairs. Etaweh žmeEtavn

işeffi fiha gradu.

winded - meqduf. At the end of the game they were all winded. fe-t-tali de-l-le€b kanu kollhom meqdufin.

to get winded - tteqdef. I get winded easily. degya ka-ntteqdef. window - 1. šeržem pl. šražem. Please open the windows wide. Eafak terreE š-šražem. 2. šebbak pl. šbabek. Inquire at window number three. şeqşi fe-š-šebbak reqm tlata.

windowpane - zaža de-š-šeržem pl. zažat de-š-šražem coll. zaž de-š-šražem.

wine - šrab pl. -at.

wing - 1. ženh, žneh pl. žnuha, žwaneh. The pigeon broke its wing. le-hmama herrset žnehha. 2. žiha pl. -t. The office is in the left wing of l-mekteb ža fe-ž-žiha the building. l-işriya de-l-binaya.

**She took him under her wing.

xdatu fe-hdenha.

wink - gemza pl. -t coll. gmiz. understood me at a single wink. b-gemza wehda fehmetni.

**I didn't sleep a wink. ma-€melt-ši teģmida.

to wink at - gmez. Did she wink at you? waš ģemzettek?

winter - iyyam l-berd.

wipe - mseh, neššef. I'll wash the dishes if you wipe them. neģsel l-lwani ila ģad tneššefhom nta.

to wipe (off) - mseh, zuwwel. First let me wipe off the dust. xellini nzuwwel l-ġobra be∈da.

to wipe out - mha imhi. earthquake wiped out the whole town. s-selsal mha le-mdina kollha.

wire - 1. selk pl. sluka. The wire isn't strong. had s-selk ma-ši shih. 2. berqiya pl. -t, tiliğram pl. -at. Send him a wire. sifet-lu bergiya. -- I'll let you know by wire. gad nxebrek b-berqiya.

**Hold the wire, please! ma-teqte∈-š, men fe¢lek. --I had to pull a lot of wires to get it. šhal de-n-nwaker duwwert f-le-xwa baš wselt-lha!

to wire - Emel tiligram, Emel bergiya. He wired me to meet him at the station. Emel-li bergiya baš ntEerred-lu f-le-mhetta. wiring - sluka de-d-duw. The wiring in this house is dangerous. s-sluka

de-d-duw f-had d-dar fihom xatar. to do the wiring - rekkeb d-duw. Who is doing the wiring in your

house? škun ka-irekkeb-lkom d-duw fe-d-dar?

wisdom - Egel pl. Egul, Egula. wise - meEqul. You have made a very wise decision. xditi wahed l-qarar

**When are you going to get wise to yourself? fuq-aš gad tfiq men glebtek? --Don't you think we ought to put him wise? ma-kaidher-lek-š billa xessna nhellu-lu Eeynih?

wish - 1. ?umniya pl. -t, ?amani. I'll be able to satisfy my wishes easily. gad imken-li nheqqeq l-?umniyat dyali b-suhula. 2. tehni?a pl. -t, tahani. Best wishes for the New Year! t-tahani l-harra b-munasabat l-Eam ž-ždid!

to wish - 1. tmenna. We wished him luck on his trip. tmennina-lu sefra s&ida. -- I wish I could stay here longer. tmennit u-kan imken-li nebga hna ši-modda xra.

**I wouldn't wish it to my worst enemy, ma-tmennaha-š hetta le-Eduk. -Did you wish that on me? was

 $tmenniti-li\ dak\ \tilde{s}-\tilde{s}i?$ --I wish you many happy returns for your birthday. $ka-nhennik\ b-\mathcal{E}id\ miladek.$

to wish for - tmenna, bġa ibġi. What do you wish for most? š-ka-ttmenna ktir-ši?

wit - fyaqa pl. -t, hdaqa pl. -t, ftana pl. -t. What I like about him especially is his wit. ka-ye€žebni ktir-ši b-le-fyaqa dyalu.

**He's no great wit. ma-fih-ši
ši-fyaqa kbira. --I'm at my wit's
end. ma-bqit-š neEqel š-ka-neEmel.
wits - Eqel pl. Equl, Equla; dmaġ
pl. -at. She was out of her wits
with fright. flet-lha d-dmaġ
be-l-xewf.

witch - sehhara pl. -t. with - 1. maa. I'll have lunch with him today. jad ntjedda m£ah l-yum. --Do you want something to drink with your meal? bagi tešrob ši-haža m£a l-makla dyalek? 2. b- (bi- before pronoun endings). Did you write with this pen? ktebti b-had r-riša? -- The place was crawling with ants. dak r-rehba kanet ka-tegli be-n-nmel. With pleasure. b-koll farah. --She was green with envy. matet b-le-hsed. 3. $\epsilon \bar{l}a$. The responsibility rests with him. l-mes?uliya Elih. 4. Eend. He's staying with us: huwa nazel Eendna. 5. be Ed-emma. With all the work he's done he still isn't finished. $be \in d$ -emma dak l-xedma kollha lli dar, ma-zal ma-sala-š.

wither - ybes.
within - 1. men daba. I expect an
answer within three days. ka-ntsenna
z-zwab izini men daba telt iyyam.
2. daxel, f-qelb. Speeding is forbidden within the city limits.
memnusa s-sorsa daxel hudud le-mdina.

**The letters came within a few days of each other. le-brawat žaw b-ši-modda ma bin l-wehda u-l-wehda.
--We're within walking distance of the theater. ka-imken-lna nemšiw Ela režlina men Eendna le-s-sinima.
without - 1. bla. Can I get in without

a ticket? imken-li ndxol bla btaqa?
2. bla-ma. I took it without anyone seeing me. dditha bla-ma išufni hedd. witness - šahed pl. šhud.

to witness - 1. šaf išuf, tferrež

f. A huge crowd witnessed the game. bezzaf de-n-nas tferržu fe-l-le&b.

2. hder &la. Did you witness the accident? hderti &el l-?afat?

to give witness - šhed. She gave witness that she had seen him enter the house. šehdet billa šafettu

daxel le-d-dar.
witty = qeëžam pl. -a.
wolf = dib pl. dyab.
woman = mra pl. Eyal, Eyalat, nsa;
sinyda pl. -t

siyyda pl. -t.
old woman - Eguza pl. Egayez.

wonder - Eažab pl. Eažayeb, Ežeb pl. Ežayeb. --The medicine works wonders. d-dwa ka-idir le-Ežayeb. **No wonder it's cold, the window is open. iwa Eliha kayen l-berd, š-šeržem mehlul.

to wonder - I. tsegreb, tćežžeb. I shouldn't wonder if this were true. ma-ntsegreb-š ila kan had š-ši shih. 2. tsa?el. I wonder whether they're at home or not. ka-ntsa?el waš huma fe-d-dar wella la. 3. tsa?el, xemmem. I was just wondering what you were doing when you called me up. kont tamamen ka-nxemmem š-kontika-te£mel mnin £eyyetti-li.

**I wonder what he'll do now. men qal-li š-ġad yeEmel daba. —I wonder if she has written him. šuf waš ketbet-lu! —I wonder whether they're still here. yeElem llah waš ma-zalin hnaya.

wonderful - Eažib.

wood - Eud pl. Ewad, xšeb (coll.).
What kind of wood is this? š-men nuE de-l-Eud hada?

woods - ġaba pl. ġyeb. Is there a path through the woods? kayna ši-triq f-wost l-ġaba?

**He isn't out of the woods yet.

ma-zal ma-xrež men dak l-wehla.

wood carver - neqqaš pl. -a.

wood carver - neggas pl. -a wood carving - taneggašet.

wooden - d-le-xšeb. The pan has a wooden handle. l-meqla qbettha d-le-xšeb.

wool - \$uf pl. \$waf. The blanket is made of pure wool. l-bettaniya \$uf xal\$a.

woolen - de-s-suf. I bought a woolen sweater. **srit kebbut de-s-suf. woolens - hwaye** de-s-suf.

word - I. kelma pl. -t coll. klam. How do you spell that word? kif ka-tekteb had l-kelma? --We have to learn fifty new words for tomorrow. xessna nhefdu xemsin kelma xra l-gedda. 2. kelma, kelma de-š-šaraf. He gave us his word that he would finish the job. Etana klemtu de-š-šaraf billa gad ikemmel l-xedma.

to have a word - thellem. May I have a word with you? imken-linthellem mEak?

**You can take his word for it.

imken-lek ttiq bih. -- I don't mince my words. klami ma-fih zwaq. --Have you had any word from your son lately. weslek ši-xbar had l-iyyam men Eend weldek?

work - 1. xedma pl. -t, xdami. work isn't important. had l-xedma ma-ši muhimma. 2. tamara pl. -t. It took a lot of work to convince him that we were right. tamara htažina m£ah baš ngen£uh billa kan mEana l-hegg.

out of work - bla xedma, gales. He's been out of work since the factory closed. melli šedd l-meEmel u-huwa bla xedma.

to work - 1. xdem. I work from eight to five. ka-nexdem men t-tmenya l-l-xemsa. -- The mechanic is just working on your car now. l-mikaniki rah ka-ixdem f-siyartek daba. -- The motor isn't working. l-mutur ma-xeddam-š. 2. xeddem. He works his employees very hard. ka-ixeddem l-xeddama dyalu bezzaf.

**We're working on him to give us the day off. ra-hna ka-nhawdu fih baš ye£tina n-nhar de-r-raha. doctor worked over him for an hour. sa&a u-t-tbib xeddam fih.

to work loose - tterxef, sxa isxa. We almost had an accident when the steering wheel worked loose. Ela šwiya konna gad nEemlu hadita mnin bda d-dman itterxef.

to work out - 1. xrež, sdeq. How do you think this idea would work out? kif ka-ddenn gad teşdeq had l-fikra? 2. tmešša. How did things work out? kif tmeššat l-?umur?

**The plan is well worked out. l-mešruE mneddem f-gaya.

worker - xeddam pl. -a. Workers in this factory are well paid. kaixellsu l-xeddama d-had $l-me \in mel$ mezyan.

**She's a good worker. hiya ka-texdem mezyan.

working hours - sa&t l-xedma, weqt l-xedma. May I call you during working hours? imken-li nEeyyet-lek f-wegt l-xedma.

workman - xeddam pl. -a.

world - denya pl. -t, Ealam pl. Eawalim. He's traveled all over the world. huwa şafer fe-l-Ealam kollu.

**Where in the world have you been? qul-li gir fayn konti! -- I wouldn't hurt him for the world. ma-ngesshu-ši waxxa ikun lli kan. -- My father thinks the world of you. nta qedd-as Eend bba.

worm - duda pl. -t coll. dud.

worn - bali. This rug doesn't look worn at all. had z-zerbiya ma-bayen-š Eliha balva be-l-koll.

worry - hemm pl. hmum, Abila pl. -t, dbayel. Her son gives her a great deal of worry. Weldha ka-ixleg-lha bel Ea de-l-hemm.

to worry - 1. šuwweš. His silence worries me. skatu ka-išuwwešni. -- I'm worried because I haven't. heard from him in a week. mšuwweš hit hadi žem£a ma-žani Elih xbar. 2. rfed dbila. Don't worry! ma-terfed dbila! 3. xaf ixaf. You have nothing to worry about. ma-Eendek mn-aš txaf.

**The future doesn't worry him. l-musteqbal ma-ka-ihezz-lu wden.

worse - 1. kfes. He's feeling worse this morning. had s-sbah ka-ihess. b-rasu kfes. --Her condition is getting worse and worse. haltha ka-dzid kfes u-kfes. 2. kter. It's snowing worse than ever. Eemmer t-telž ma-tah kter men had š-ši.

from bad to worse - men kfes le-kfes, men kfes le-tles. His business is going from bad to worse. haraktu mašya men kfes le-tleş.

to be worse off - zad theffes impf. izid itkeffes. He's even worse off now. daba Ead zad tkeffes.

to worship - Ebed. Many people worshipped idols. Eadad de-n-nas kanu iEebdu l-?aşnam.

worst - 1. kfes. But wait, I haven't told you the worst. bellati Elik, ma-zal ma-qolt-lek-ši lli kfes men had š-ši kollu. 2. Pefles, Pekber, ?eqbeh. It's the worst accident I can remember. ⁹efles hadita ka-neEgel Eliha.

**Of the three he's worst off. huwa lli mayla-lu f-had t-tlata. --The worst is yet to come. ma-zal Ead tšuf ma kter men had š-ši. -If worst comes to worst, we can always sell our property. ila Eedmet l-hala gad imken-lna nbi∈u melkna. --You got the worst of the argument. dditi ma kfak men d-dbaz.

worth - qima pl. -t. He didn't appreciate her true worth. ma-qedder-š gimetha le-hqiqiya.

**That horse is worth three thousand dirhams. dak l- \mathcal{E} ewd tamanu telt alaf derhem. --Give me two dirhams worth of peanuts. Etini žuž drahem d-kakaw. --I think he's easily worth a million. ka-ndenn yeEmel melyun mxiyyer f-resmalu.

--Did you get your money's worth last night? yak ma-mšaw-lek-ši flusek xsara l-bareh? -- It's worth the trouble hetta ila šga l-wahed $be \in da$ be - l - fayda. -- Was it worth your while? fadek šī dak š-šī? -- Is the book worth reading? had le-ktab fih šī ma ittegra? -- That's really worth seeing dak š-ši kayen fih ma ittšaf. worthless - bla qima, bla fayda, batel. would - see 'will' wound - žerh, žerha pl -t. It will be a couple of months before the wound

in his leg is healed men daba ši-šehrayn Ead ibra-lu ž-žerh lli f-fexdu. to wound - žreh. He wounded him

in the shoulder with the sword žerhu f-ketfu be-s-sif. --Several men were wounded in the brawl llı džerhu f-le-mdabza.

to wrap (up) - kemmes. Shall I wrap it up for you? nkemmsu-lek? **He's all wrapped up in his work medhi fe-šgalu tamamen.

wreck - 1. ?afat pl -at, hadita pl -at Were any killed in the wreck? mat \$1-wahed fe-l-hadita? 2. rdem pl rduma. The bodies are still buried in the wreck l-žettat bagyen medfunin teht r-rdem.

**He's a complete wreck mehlukf-sehhtu.

to wreck - 1. Eenfež The car was completely wrecked s-siyara tEenfžet kollha. 2. heddem. The explosion wrecked the whole plant t-tfergića heddmet l-mecmel kamel.

wretched - 1. mdeglel. I still feel ma-zal ka-nhess b-rași wretched mdeqlel. 2. mfeEfeE. We had a wretched weekend ?exxer l-?usbuE daz-lna mfeEfeE.

wrinkle - tekmiša pl -t coll tekmaš. Her face is full of wrinkles wžehha kollu tekmaš.

to wrinkle - tkemmeš. This silk wrinkles easily had s-sabra degya ka-ttkemmeš.

wrist - meesem pl measem, gebta (de-l-yedd) pl qbatı.

wrist watch - magana de-l-vedd. to write - kteb. writing - 1. xett pl xtut. I can't

read his writing ma-ka-nferrez-š xettu. 2. ktaba pl -t, ktayeb. I don't get around to writing

ma-ka-nsalı-š le-ktaba.

** I'd like to have that in writing bgit dak š-ši mektub. wrong - 1. galat. He admitted that he was in the wrong $rah \ Etaref \ billa$ kan fe-l-galat 2. galet. I'll admit

that I was completely wrong about ka-neEtaref billa kont tamaman galet fih. 3. xaser. Something is wrong with the telephone \$1-haža xasra fe-t-tilifun.

**I'm afraid you're wrong ikun ma-meak hegg. -- Is anything wrong with you? Eendek ši-haža? -- I must have added the figures up wrong waqila r-ana galet f-žemE le-hsabat. -- Everything went wrong vesterday hetta haža ma-mšat meewwta l-bareh. --You're heading in the wrong direction rak maši xarež Eel t-triq.

to do wrong to - dlem. done no wrong to anyone ma-dlemthetta wahed.

to do (something) wrong - glet f-. You did your work wrong again Eawed gletti fe-l-xedma dyalek.

to wrong - dlem, tEedda Ela He thinks they have wronged him kaıdenn ıla tEeddaw Elih.

X

X ray - blaka (de-r-radyu) pl. -t. I asked the doctor if I could see the X-ray. suwwelt t-tbib was ımken-lı nšuf le-blaka.

to X-ray - duwwez fe-r-radyu. The dentist X-rayed my hand t-tbib duwwez yeddi fe-r-radyu.

yard - $tasi \in a$ pl. -t, saha pl. -t. The children are playing in the yard. d-drari ka-ile€bu fe-t-tasi €a.

I'll take six balls yarn - 1. xit.of that green yarn. Etini setta de-l-kobbat men dak l-xit le-xder. 2. hkaya pl. -t; xrafa pl. -t, xrayef. He's telling one of his yarns. ka-i Eewwed hkaya men l-hkayat dyalu.

to yawn - tfuwweh.

year - Eam pl. snin. He's thirty years old. f-Eemru tlatin Eam. -They live in the country all year round. ka-iseknu f-berra l-Eam -- I haven't seen him for kollu. vears. hadi modda men s-snin ma-šeftu.

yearly - 1. fe-l-Eam. How much is it yearly? be-shal fe-l-Eam? 2. Eam. My uncle pays us a yearly visit. xali ka-iži išufna koll Eam.

to yell - 1. Eeyyet. We heard someone yelling for help. smeEna ši-waḥed ka-i€eyyet l-igata l-llah. żuwwet. He yelled when the doctor stuck him with the needle. žuwwet mnin dreb-lu t-tbib l-ibra.

yellow - 1. sfer pl. sufer. wearing a yellow dress. labsa keswa sefra. 2. xuwwaf, xayef. He's yellow. huwa xuwwaf.

Yemen - l-yaman.

yes - iyeh, ih, n∈am. She answered yes. žawbet b-iyeh.

yesterday - l-bareh, yames. I saw him only yesterday. Ead seftu l-bareh.

the day before yesterday wel-l-bareh. He left the day before yesterday. mša f-halu wel-l-bareh.

yet - 1. wella ma-zal. Have you seen the movie yet? waš šefti l-film wella ma-zal? 2. baqi, ma-zal. He hasn't come yet. ma-ža. --I'll get him yet! baqi ngebtu! or ma-zal yehsel. 3. u-be-l-hegg, lakin. He didn't want to go, yet he had to. ma-bġa-š imši u-be-l-heqq tlezzem

to yield - 1. xella. His business doesn't yield much profit. $l-bi\epsilon$ u-š-šra dyalu ma-ka-ixelli-lu rbeh bezzaf. 2. Eta yeEti. This bomb yields a lot of heat. l-qenbula ka-te&ti l-harara bezzaf. -This land yields a lot of wheat. had l-gerd ka-tefti z-zref bezzaf. 3. steslem, Eta yeEti rasu. city yielded to the enemy. le-mdina steslmet l-le-Edu. **I'll yield on this point.

qabel had n-noqta.

yolk - fess pl. fsus, mehh pl. mhah. yoke - nira pl. -t.

you - m. sg. nta, f. sg. nti, ntiya, pl. ntuma.

**You never know what's going to happen. ma-ka-yefref l-wahed š-gad yewqeE.

young - sgir pl. sgar. She's still very young. ma-sala sgira. young lady - šabba pl. -t. young man - šabb pl. šobban. young people - nas sgar. The young people had a lot of fun.

n-nas ş-şğar tmelligu mEa raşhom. **I never worked very hard in my younger days. f-iyam soğri Eemmri ma-xdemt bezzaf. -- The night is still young. l-lil twil.

your - 1. -ek pl. -kom. Your hair is black. še&rek khel. --Children, your uncle is in the house. a d-drari, Eemmkom fe-d-dar. 2. dyalek pl. dyalkom, mtaEek pl. $mta \in kom$. Your tree is blooming, Ahmed. a hmed, š-šežra dyalek mnuwwra.

**You've got to watch your car in this town. f-had le-blad l-?insan ka-ixessu yehdi tumubiltu. yours - dyalek pl. dyalkom. Is this yours or ours? was hada dyalkom wella dyalna?

yourself - 1. rasek pl. raskom, nefsek pl. nfeskom. Did you hurt yourself? waš gessehti rasek? xelliha --Keep it for yourself. l-nefsek. 2. b-rasek pl. b-raskom, b-nefsek pl. be-nfeskom. You must do it yourself. b-rasek xessek teEmelha.

**You have to guard yourself against the cold here. hna l-?insan lazem yehdi rasu men l-berd.

youth - 1. sger, sgor. He worked hard in his youth. xdem bezzaf f-sogru. 2. weld pl. wlad. The youth struck the old man. l-weld dreb r-ražel le-kbir.

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zero - sfer pl. sfura. Add another zero. zid sfer axor.

zinc - zeng.

Zionist - sehyunı pl. -yın.

zipper - sensla pl. -t. zone - mentaga pl. -t. zoo - Eersa de-l-hayawan.